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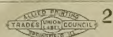
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- 1 Introduced by Mr. Helwig, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend Section 2 of an Act entitled, "An Act concerning the levy and extension of taxes," approved May 9, 1901, in force July 1, 1901, as amended by an Act approved March 29, 1905, in force July 1, 1905, as amended by an Act approved June 14, 1909, in force July 1, 1909, *as amended by an Act approved May 20, 1913, in force July 1, 1913.*

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly: That Section 2 of an Act entitled, "An*  
3 *Act concerning the levy and extension of taxes," approved May 9, 1901, in force*  
4 *July 1, 1901, as amended by an Act approved March 29, 1905, in force July 1,*  
5 *1905, as amended by an Act approved June 14, 1909, in force July 1, 1909, as*  
6 *amended by an Act approved May 20, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, be and the*  
7 *same is hereby amended to read as follows:*

Sec. 2. The county clerk in each county shall ascertain the rates per  
2 cent required to be extended upon the assessed valuation of the taxable prop-  
3 erty in the respective towns, townships, districts, incorporated cities and vil-  
4 lages in his county, as equalized by the State Board of Equalization for the



5 current year, to produce the several amounts certified for extension by taxing  
 6 authorities in said county (as the same shall have been reduced as hereinbefore  
 7 provided in all cases where the original amounts exceed the amount authorized  
 8 by law): *Provided, however,* that if the aggregate of all the taxes (exclusive  
 9 of State taxes, village taxes, levee taxes, *municipal tuberculosis sanitarium*  
 10 *taxes*, school building taxes, high school taxes, district school taxes and all other  
 11 school taxes in school districts having not more than 100,000 inhabitants, road  
 12 and bridge taxes, taxes levied for the payment of the principal of and the  
 13 interest on bonded indebtedness of cities, and exclusive of taxes levied pur-  
 14 suant to the mandate or judgment of any court of record on any bonded in-  
 15 debtedness), certified to be extended against any property in any part of any  
 16 taxing district or municipality, shall exceed three per cent of the assessed valu-  
 17 ation thereof upon which the taxes are required to be extended, the rate per  
 18 cent of the tax levy of such taxing district or municipality shall be reduced as  
 19 follows: The county clerk shall reduce the rate per cent of the tax levy of  
 20 such taxing district or municipality in the same proportion in which it would  
 21 be necessary to reduce the highest aggregate per cent of all the tax levies  
 22 (exclusive of State taxes, village taxes, levee taxes, *municipal tuberculosis*  
 23 *sanitarium taxes*, school building taxes, high school taxes, district school taxes  
 24 and all other school taxes in school districts having not more than 100,000 in-  
 25 habitants, road and bridge taxes, taxes levied for the payment of the prin-  
 26 cipal of and the interest on bonded indebtedness of cities, and exclusive of  
 27 taxes levied pursuant to the mandate or judgment of any court of record on  
 28 any bonded indebtedness), certified for extension upon any of the taxable prop-  
 29 erty in said taxing district or municipality, to bring the same down to three  
 30 per cent of the assessed value of said taxable property upon which said taxes  
 31 are required by law to be extended: *Provided, further,* that in reducing tax  
 32 levies hereunder the rate per cent of the tax levy for county purposes in  
 33 counties having a population of over 300,000, shall not be reduced below a  
 34 rate of forty cents on each one hundred dollars assessed value, and in counties  
 35 having a population of less than 300,000 the rate of the tax levy for county



36 purposes shall not be reduced below a rate of forty-five cents on each one hun-  
37 dred dollars assessed value, and the rate per cent of the tax levy for city or  
38 village purposes (exclusive of library, *tuberculosis sanitarium*, school and park  
39 purposes and exclusive of the taxes levied for the payment of the principal of  
40 and the interest on bonded indebtedness) in cities and villages having a popu-  
41 lation of over 150,000, shall not be reduced below a rate of one dollar and ten  
42 cents on each one hundred dollars assessed value, and the rate per cent of the  
42½ school tax for educational purposes shall not be reduced below a rate of one dollar  
43 and twenty cents on each one hundred dollars assessed value, and the rate per  
43½ cent of the tax levy for city or village purposes (exclusive of library, school and  
44 park purposes, and exclusive of the taxes levied for the payment of the principal of  
45 and the interest on bonded indebtedness) in cities and villages having a popu-  
46 lation of less than 150,000 shall not be reduced below a rate of one dollar and  
47 twenty cents on each one hundred dollars assessed value, and the rate per  
48 cent of the school tax levy for educational purposes shall not be reduced below  
49 a rate of one dollar and fifty cents on each one hundred dollars assessed value,  
50 but the other taxes which are subject to reduction under this section shall be  
51 subject only to such reduction respectively, as would be made therein under  
52 this section if this proviso were not insterted herein: *And, provided, further,*  
53 in reducing tax levies hereunder all school taxes levied in cities exceeding 150,-  
54 000 inhabitants, with the exception of the levy for school building purposes,  
55 shall be included in the taxes to be reduced.

56 The rate per cent of the tax levy of each county, city, village, town,  
57 township, park district, sanitary district, road district, and other public au-  
58 thorities (except the State), shall be ascertained and determined (and reduced  
59 when necessary as above provided), in the manner hereinbefore specified, and  
60 shall then be extended by the county clerk upon the assessed value of the prop-  
61 erty subject thereto (being one-third of the full value thereof) as equalized  
62 according to law. In reducing the rate per cent of any tax levy, as hereinbefore  
63 provided, the rates per cent of all tax levies certified to the county clerk for  
64 extension as originally ascertained and determined under section 1 of this Act,

65 shall be used in ascertaining the aggregate of all taxes certified to be extended  
66 without regard to any reductions made therein under this section: *Provided*,  
67 that no reduction of any tax levy made hereunder shall diminish any amount  
68 appropriated by corporate or taxing authorities for the payment of the principal  
69 or interest on bonded debt, or levied pursuant to the mandate or judgment of any  
70 court of record. And to that end every such taxing body shall certify to the  
71 county clerk with its tax levy, the amount thereof required for any such pur-  
72 poses.

73 In case of a reduction hereunder any taxing body whose levy is affected  
74 thereby and whose appropriations are required by law to be itemized, may,  
75 after the same have been ascertained, distribute the amount of such reduction  
76 among the items of its appropriations, with the exceptions aforesaid, as it may  
77 elect. If no such election be made within three months after the extension of  
78 such tax, all such items, except as above specified, shall be deemed to be re-  
79 duced *pro rata*.





1. Introduced by Mr. Holaday, March 11, 1915.
2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act governing the construction, alteration, repair and inspection of all plumbing and drainage in the State of Illinois, and providing for the appointment and duties of inspectors.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That all plumbing and drainage hereafter installed in any building in the State of Illinois shall comply with the following standards:

Sec. 2. SCHOOL HOUSES.] School houses where a water supply and sewerage system are available, shall be provided with a sanitary plumbing and drainage system as follows:

Sanitary school house drinking fountains with jet giving a continuous flow of water or controlled by a stop shall be installed. On each floor and basement of the building one slop sink and one drinking fountain shall be installed on the boys' side and the same on the girls' side for each three hundred and fifty (350) pupils or less, or in lieu of same, lavatories may be used, providing the waste plug or stopper has been removed.

One water closet for each fifteen (15) girls or less. One water closet for each twenty-five (25) boys or less. One urinal for each fifteen (15) boys or less. Toilet accommodations for boys and girls shall be placed in separate rooms with a traveling distance between the same of not less than twenty (20) feet.

Juvenile or short closets shall be used for primary and grammar schools. In buildings accommodating boys and girls it shall be presumed that the occupants will be equally divided between boys and girls.

Buildings more than three stories in height shall be provided with toilet rooms in each story and basement and in these shall be installed water closets and urinals in the above required ratios in proportion to the number of persons to be accommodated in the various stories.

Where city water supply and sewerage systems are not available sewage from such buildings shall be discharged into a sewage treatment and a disposal system as hereinafter provided.

Toilet rooms for males shall be clearly marked "Boys' Toilet" or "Men's Toilet" and for females "Girls' Toilet" or "Women's Toilet."

Sec. 3. THEATRES, ASSEMBLY HALLS AND CHURCHES.] Theatres, assembly halls, and churches seating or accommodating three hundred (300) or more persons where water supply and sewerage system are available, shall be provided with a sanitary system as follows:

In theatres and assembly halls separate water closets in connection with the stage shall be provided for males and females.

In theatres, assembly halls and churches, separate toilet rooms in connection with the auditorium shall be provided for males and females and in these shall be installed the following fixtures, viz: one water closet to each two hundred (200) females; one water closet to each three hundred (300) males, and one urinal to each three hundred (300) males. The above number of fixtures shall be based upon the maximum seating capacity and it shall be assumed that the audience will be equally divided between males and females.



14 Toilet rooms for males shall be clearly marked "Men's Toilet" and for  
15 females, "Women's Toilet."

16 Where city water supply and sewerage systems are not available sewage  
17 from such buildings shall be discharged into a sewage treatment and a disposal  
18 system as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 4. HOTELS, BOARDING AND LODGING HOUSES.] Hotels, boarding and lodg-  
2 ing houses, where a water supply and sewerage system are available, shall be  
3 provided with a sanitary system as follows:

4 On the first floor or basement there shall be a toilet room for men which  
5 shall contain one closet for every ten (10) sleeping rooms or fractional part  
6 thereof and one urinal for every fifteen (15) sleeping rooms or fractional part  
7 thereof. On one of the other floors a toilet room for women shall contain one  
8 closet for every ten (10) sleeping rooms or fractional part thereof.

9 Where city water supply and sewerage systems are not available, sewage  
10 from such buildings shall be discharged into a sewage treatment and a disposal  
11 system as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 5. DEPOTS.] Where a water supply and sewerage system are avail-  
2 able a sanitary system shall be installed in depots as follows:

3 Not less than one water closet for females and not less than one water closet  
4 and one urinal for males.

5 Where city water supply and sewerage systems are not available sewage  
6 from such buildings shall be discharged into a sewage treatment and a disposal  
7 system as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 6. HOUSE SEWER.] The drain containing the house sewer, beginning  
2 three (3) feet outside the building wall, shall consist of iron pipe or vitrified  
3 sewer pipe not less than the size of the slant or opening in the main sewer.

4 They shall not be laid closer than three feet to any exterior wall cellar,  
5 basement, well or cistern. Change in direction shall be made with long curves or  
6 one-eighth ( $\frac{1}{8}$ ) bends or "Y's."

Sec. 7. SEWAGE TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL WHERE NO PUBLIC SEWER IS ACCESS-  
 2 BLE.] Septic, reduction, settling tanks or basins, sterilization or filters or  
 3 other approved methods of sewage treatment and purification shall be used and  
 4 a written permit to that effect shall be secured from the local board of health  
 5 of the municipality in which the same is to be constructed, if in a municipality,  
 6 and if not from the Illinois State Board of Health. Such permit shall be issued  
 7 only when a public sewerage system is not available. All sewage shall be dis-  
 8 posed of in such a manner that the health of the public is not endangered and  
 9 no nuisance is created.

Sec. 8. HOUSE DRAINS.] All house drains shall be not less than four-inch  
 2 extra heavy cast iron pipe and to extend three feet outside of exterior wall.

Sec. 9. DRAINS CONNECTED WITH SEWERS—SIZES.] It shall be the duty of  
 2 every person or corporation connecting or causing to be connected any drain,  
 3 soil pipe or passage with any sewer from any building, structure or premises,  
 4 to cause such drain, soil pipe, passage or connection to be at all times adequate  
 5 for its purpose and of such size and dimensions as to convey and allow freely to  
 6 pass whatever may be proper to enter the same, but no drains shall be less than  
 7 four inches internal diameter.

Sec. 10. SEPARATE DRAINAGE FOR EVERY BUILDING—EXCEPTION.] Every build-  
 2 ing shall be separately and independently connected with a public or private  
 3 sewer when there is any such sewer in the street adjoining such building.

4 The entire plumbing and drainage system of every building shall be separate  
 5 and independent from that of any other building, except where there are two  
 6 buildings on one lot, one in the rear of the other. If there is no sewer in the  
 7 alley to which the rear building can connect, the sewer of the first building may  
 8 be extended to serve such rear building.

Sec. 11. SOIL PIPE—SIZE—INCREASE.] Every water closet located within  
 2 any building shall waste into a pipe not less than four inches in diameter. Such



3 pipe shall be increased below the roof line as hereinafter provided and shall be  
4 carried through and above the roof.

Sec. 12. DEFINITION OF TERMS.] In this Act the term "Main soil pipe"  
2 is applied to any pipe receiving the discharge of one or more water closets, with  
3 or without other fixtures and extending through the roof.

4 The term "branch soil pipe" is applied to any pipe receiving the discharge  
5 from one or more water closets and with or without other fixtures and leading  
6 towards and connecting with the main soil pipe, but not necessarily extending  
7 through the roof.

8 The term "waste pipe" is applied to any pipe receiving the discharge from  
9 any fixture or fixtures other than water closets.

10 The term "house drain" is applied to the pipe within any building which  
11 receives the total discharge from any fixture or sets of fixtures and may or may  
12 not include rain water, and which conducts or carries the same to the house  
13 sewer. The house sewer, when rain water is allowed to discharge into it, shall be  
14 not less than six inches internal diameter.

15 The term "house sewer" is applied to the vitrified sewer which shall be not  
16 less than six inches internal diameter and which begins three feet outside of the  
17 wall of a building and connects the house drain with the public sewer in the  
18 street or with an approved sewerage disposal system as hereinafter provided.

19 The term "main vent" is applied to the vertical lines of air pipe running  
20 through two or more floors to which the vent or revent pipes from the various  
21 floors are connected.

22 The term "wrought pipe" shall mean either wrought iron or wrought steel  
23 pipe of standard full weight, the variation of 5% either way from the weight  
24 specified will be allowed.

Sec. 13. WROUGHT PIPES—QUALITY—WEIGHTS.] All soil, waste and vent  
2 pipes except as hereinafter specified for lead branches and brass pipes shall be  
3 either extra heavy cast iron coated with tar or asphaltum—inside and outside,  
4 or standard galvanized wrought pipe: *Provided*, that wrought pipe coated with

tar or asphaltum may be used for soil and waste pipes. All pipes shall be sound and free from holes, cracks or defects of any kind.

The following weights per lineal foot will be accepted as complying with this Act as to weights of extra heavy cast iron pipe:

Diameter.

2 inches	5½ pounds per lineal foot
3 inches	9½ pounds per lineal foot
4 inches	13 pounds per lineal foot
5 inches	17 pounds per lineal foot
6 inches	20 pounds per lineal foot
7 inches	27 pounds per lineal foot
8 inches	33½ pounds per lineal foot
10 inches	45 pounds per lineal foot
12 inches	54 pounds per lineal foot

The following weights per lineal foot are required for standard wrought pipe, galvanized or tar-coated pipe:

Diameter.

¾ inches	.57 pounds per lineal foot
1½ inches	.85 pounds per lineal foot
¾ inches	1.13 pounds per lineal foot
1 inches	1.68 pounds per lineal foot
1¼ inches	2.28 pounds per lineal foot
1½ inches	2.73 pounds per lineal foot
2 inches	3.68 pounds per lineal foot
2½ inches	5.82 pounds per lineal foot
3 inches	7.62 pounds per lineal foot
3½ inches	9.20 pounds per lineal foot
4 inches	10.89 pounds per lineal foot
4½ inches	12.64 pounds per lineal foot
5 inches	14.81 pounds per lineal foot



35	6 inches .....	19.19 pounds per lineal foot
36	7 inches .....	23.74 pounds per lineal foot
37	8 inches .....	25.00 pounds per lineal foot
38	9 inches .....	34.19 pounds per lineal foot
39	10 inches .....	35.00 pounds per lineal foot
40	12 inches .....	45.00 pounds per lineal foot

Sec. 14. FITTINGS—QUALITY.] All fittings used for soil or waste pipe ex-

cept as hereinafter specified shall be either extra heavy tar or asphaltum coated fittings of heavy galvanized, cast or malleable iron, recessed and threaded drainage fittings. The burr formed by cutting the wrought iron pipe shall be carefully reamed out.

Sec. 15. CLEANOUTS—SIZE—WHERE REQUIRED — MANHOLES — LOCATION.]

Cleanouts shall be the same size as the pipe up to four (4) inches in diameter, and not less than four inches for larger pipe or traps.

Cleanouts shall be at least four (4) inches long with air-tight screw joints made of brass.

Cleanouts shall be provided as follows: at the foot of all vertical lines of soil pipe, and at the end of each horizontal line; distance between the cleanouts shall not exceed fifty (50) feet.

There shall be at least two (2) four (4) inch cleanouts provided in the house drain; one made with a full sizee “Y” branch just inside of the wall near the house drain and the house sewer connection, and the second near the end of the house drain or at the base of the soil or waste stacks. Intermediate cleanouts may be made with “Y.”

Any vertical soil, waste or vent pipe having an opening readily accessible from the roof and without change or direction in its entire length shall not be required to be provided with a cleanout other than at its base.

All underground traps and cleanouts inside of a building except where the cleanout traps are flush with the cellar floor shall be made accessible by manholes with proper metallic covers.

20 All traps and cleanouts shall be located so as to be easily accessible for  
21 cleaning.

Sec. 16. PIPE JOINTS TO BE FILLED.] All joints on cast iron soil, waste or  
2 drain pipes and rain water leaders shall be so filled with picked oakum and  
3 molten lead and hand calked as to make them air and water tight. The quantity  
4 of lead used shall be twelve ounces of fine soft lead for each inch in the diameter  
5 of the pipe.

Sec. 17. VERTICAL LINES OF PIPES—FLOOR RESTS.] Vertical lines of soil,  
2 waste or other pipes and rain water pipes when within buildings shall be pro-  
3 vided with floor rests at intervals of every second floor.

Sec. 18. PIPE SUPPORTS—PIPE HOOKS PROHIBITED.] The floor of every ver-  
2 tical soil, rain or waste pipe shall be adequately supported by brick, stone or  
3 concrete piers properly constructed by the use of cement mortar or cement con-  
4 crete or shall be otherwise equally well supported. Pipes under the basement  
5 floor or in the ground shall be properly laid, graded and supported. Pipes above  
6 the floor shall be either adequately supported or suspended.

7 The use of pipe hooks for supporting pipes is prohibited.

Sec. 19. PROHIBITED FITTINGS.] No double hub, straight crosses or straight  
2 tees shall be used on horizontal or vertical lines of soil or waste pipes. The use of  
3 bands, saddles and sleeves is prohibited.

Sec. 20. BUILDINGS SUBJECT TO VIBRATIONS — CALKED JOINTS PROHIBITED.]  
2 Pipes with calked joints shall not be installed in buildings subject to vibration  
3 from operating machinery or subject to other causes likely to loosen such calked  
4 joints.

Sec. 21. LEAD PIPE—WEIGHTS OF LEAD PIPE.] All pipe used for branch soil,  
2 waste, vent or flush shall be of best quality of drawn pipe of not less weight per  
3 lineal foot than shown in the following tables:

4 Lead branch soil, waste vent or flush pipes, including bends and traps:



5	Internal Diameter.	Weight Per Foot.
6	1 inch .....	2 lbs. 8 oz.
7	1¼ inch .....	3
8	1½ inch .....	4
9	2 inch .....	5
10	3 inch .....	6 8 oz.
11	4 inch .....	10

Sec. 22. LEAD PIPE CONNECTION—WIPED JOINTS.] All connections between  
2 lead and metal pipes shall be made by heavy brass solder nipples or heavy  
3 brass ferrules. All solder connections shall be regulation wiped joints.

Sec. 23. BRASS PIPE AND FITTINGS.] Brass pipe for soil, waste and vent pipes  
2 shall be thoroughly annealed, seamless, drawn or brazed tubing having weight  
3 and outside diameter of not less than the following:

4		Brown & Sharp	Weight
5	Nominal Diameter.	Gauge No.	Per Foot.
6	1¼ inches .....	12	5-64 inch 1.08 lbs.
7	1½ inches .....	12	5-64 inch 1.32 lbs.
8	2 inches .....	10	5-64 inch 1.79 lbs.
9	2½ inches .....	10	7-64 inch 2.82 lbs.
10	3 inches .....	10	7-64 inch 3.41 lbs.
11	4 inches .....	8	⅜ inch 5.74 lbs.
12	5 inches .....	8	⅜ inch 7.22 lbs.
13	6 inches .....	8	⅜ inch 8.71 lbs.

14 For flush and local vents No. 18 gauge may be used. Drawn tubing only  
15 shall be used for the larger sizes, two and one-half (2½) inches to six (6) inches  
16 and brazed tubing may be used for the smaller sizes one and one-quarter (1¼)  
17 to two (2) inches. Brass fittings shall be good quality cast brass having a  
18 thickness in their walls of not less than the tubular thickness given above for  
19 the corresponding brass pipe. The thickness of the tapped ends to be one and  
20 one-half (1½) times the thickness of the corresponding pipe.

Sec. 24. CHIMNEY VENTILATION OF SOIL OR WASTE PIPES PROHIBITED.] No brick  
 2 sheet metal, earthenware or chimney flue shall be used for a sewer ventilator  
 3 or to ventilate any trap, soil, waste or other sewer connected pipe or opening.

Sec. 25. WROUGHT PIPE—WHERE USED.] Every soil, revent, vent and waste  
 2 pipe shall be of wrought material, except as is specified herein for lead or brass  
 3 pipe.

Sec. 26. ROOF EXTENSIONS.] All soil and waste pipes receiving the dis-  
 2 charge of any fixtures shall be extended the full calibre at least one foot above  
 3 the roof.

4 In no case shall a vent pipe through the roof be less than four (4) inches  
 5 in diameter.

6 Change in diameter shall be made by long increaser at least one (1) foot  
 7 below the roof.

Sec. 27. TERMINALS.] The roof terminals of all vent pipes shall be at  
 2 least three (3) feet above any door, window, scuttle or air shaft when located at  
 3 distance less than twelve (12) feet from such terminal.

Sec. 28. TERMINALS ADJOINING HIGH BUILDING.] No soil, waste, or vent pipe  
 2 extension of any new or existing building shall be run or placed on the outside  
 3 of a wall, but shall be carried up in the inside to the roof.

4 In the event that a new building is built higher than an existing building,  
 5 the owner of the new building shall not locate windows within twelve (12) feet  
 6 of any existing vent stack on the lower building, unless the owner of such new  
 7 building shall defray the expenses of, or shall himself make such alteration to con-  
 8 form with section 26 of this Act.

9 It shall be the duty of the owner of the lower or existing building to make  
 10 such alteration therein upon the receipt in advance of money or security there-  
 11 for, sufficient for the purpose, from the owner of the new or higher building, or  
 12 to permit at the election of the owner of the new or higher building the mak-  
 13 ing of such alteration by the owner of said new or higher building.



Sec. 29. SOIL AND WASTE PIPES TO BE EXTENDED.] All branches of soil or waste pipes of twenty (20) feet or more in length shall be extended full size, and carried through and above the roof. Branches of waste pipes less than twenty (20) feet in length shall be either carried full size through and above the roof or returned full size to the main vent pipe.

Sec. 30. SIZE OF VENT PIPE STACKS.] The following table gives the size of vent pipes and the maximum number of fixtures that they shall serve:

Size of Pipe.	Number of	Number	Number of Water Closets.
	Traps, 1½ inch or less.	of Traps. 2 inches.	
1½ inch pipe.....	3	1	
2 inch pipe.....	12	6	3 or less
2½ inch pipe.....	24	12	6 or less
3 inch pipe.....	48	24	12 or less
3½ inch pipe.....	100	50	25 or less
2 inch pipe.....	160	80	40 or less

For five (5) inch trap and over the vent shall be one-half the diameter of the traps.

Vent pipes shall be increased in size every thirty (30) feet of their length.

Sec. 31. DRAINAGE AND VENT FITTINGS.] Where rows of fixtures are placed in line where galvanized wrought pipe is used for vents or revents galvanized iron, malleable or cast iron fittings or cast iron drainage fittings shall be used. All vent fittings shall be either galvanized, tarred or asphaltum coated.

Sec. 32. CONTINUOUS VENTS—VENTILATION OF TRAPS.] Trap revents shall be continuous where possible. Where the vent or revert pipes are continuous and traps are ventilated through the waste fittings, the center of the outlet of such fittings shall not be set below the water seal of the trap; and the trap shall not be more than three (3) feet from the waste fitting.

Sec. 33. SIZE OF SOIL AND WASTE PIPES.] A vertical waste pipe into which  
 2 a kitchen sink or sink discharges shall be two inches in diameter and at least  
 3 three inches in diameter if receiving the waste of five or more floors and shall  
 4 have not less than one and one-half inch branches.

Sec. 34. TRAP PROHIBITED—WHERE.] There shall be no traps at the foot of  
 2 soil or waste pipes nor shall there be any trap upon the house drain or house  
 3 sewer.

4 The section shall not prohibit the use of traps at the foot of rain water  
 5 leaders or upon drains or sewers used exclusively for conducting rain water to  
 6 a public sewer.

Sec. 35. TRAPS REVENTS—CONCEALED PARTITIONS.] Every water closet, urinal,  
 2 sink, basin, bath and every laundry tub or set of laundry tubs, or any other  
 3 plumbing fixtures shall be effectively and separately trapped and revented, ex-  
 4 cept as hereinafter provided for anti-siphon traps.

5 All traps shall be protected from siphonage by special vent or revent  
 6 pipes, except where anti-siphon traps are permitted. Such trap shall not de-  
 7 pend upon any concealed partition for its water seal.

Sec. 36. CONNECTED WASTES.] A connected waste pipe receiving the dis-  
 2 charge of not more than two basins, set in line may waste into a single trap,  
 3 which shall not be more than two feet from the waste outlet of one of the  
 4 fixtures.

Sec. 37. FLOOR WASHES—PROHIBITED TRAPS—BACK WATER VALVE.] Where floor  
 2 washes are connected it shall be by means of a deep seal trap. Bell traps and  
 3 cast iron S. and P. traps having covers over hand holes on the sewer side of  
 4 the trap, held in place by lugs or bolts are prohibited.

Sec. 38. BATH TUB DRUM TRAP—REVENT.] Each bath tub shall be provided  
 2 with a drum trap. Traps on bath tub shall be placed in such a manner that the



cleanouts will be in plain view and above the floor. The drum shall be revented through either a "TY" or "Y" or a drainage fitting.

Sec. 39. TRAPS—PLACING OF—WATER SEAL.] Traps shall be placed as near to the fixtures as possible, and in no case shall a trap be more than two feet from the waste outlet of its fixtures.

All traps shall have at least a one and one-half inch water seal and they shall be set true with respect to their water level.

Sec. 40. PROHIBITED USE FOR REVENTS, ETC.] No revent or vent shall be used as a waste or soil pipe except that the waste of a lavatory may be used to revent a drum trap; when so used it shall not be less than one and one-half inches in diameter.

Sec. 41. REVENTS FOR ADJOINING FIXTURES.] Where bath rooms are located on opposite sides of a wall directly opposite each other and on the same floor in any building and have a common soil or waste pipe in the same operating wall, the revents from fixtures in either or both of such bath rooms may connect into the same pipe.

Where two plumbing fixtures other than water closets, waste into a double "Y" or a double "TY" fitting, both traps shall be revented.

Sec. 42. SAFE WASTES.] All lead or other safes where necessary under fixtures shall be drained by a special pipe, the same to discharge into an open water supplied sink or over a deep seal trap and in no case shall the safe be connected with any waste soil or drain pipe or sewer.

Sec. 43. OVERFLOW PIPES—HOW CONNECTED.] Overflow pipes from fixtures shall be in such case connected on the inlet side of the trap.

Sec. 44. REFRIGERATOR WASTES—SODA FOUNTAIN AND BAR WASTES—SIZES—TRAPS.] The waste pipe from a refrigerator or ice box, shall not be directly connected with any soil, rain or waste pipe or with the drain or sewer discharge upon the ground. It shall discharge into an open water supplied sink or over a deep

5 sealed trap and shall be as short as possible and disconnected from the refrig-  
 6 erator or ice box, and where refrigerator or ice boxes are placed in buildings and  
 7 upon two or more floors, the waste and vent pipe thereof shall be continuous and  
 8 shall run through the roof and in no case shall it open within six feet of an open  
 9 soil or vent pipe.

10 The size of a waste pipe for refrigerators for two floors or less shall be at  
 11 least one and one-half inches and two inches for three floors and over and under  
 12 five floors and two and one-half inches for five floors and over. Each refriger-  
 13 ator or ice box shall be provided with a suitable trap with an accessible trap  
 14 screw or cleanout. Such trap shall be placed in the one and one-half inch waste  
 15 pipe and shall be near the refrigerator or ice box. Such traps need not be  
 16 separately vented.

17 All soda fountain and bar wastes shall be connected and provided with traps  
 18 as follows:

19 One four inch drum trap shall serve four trays.

20 One six inch drum trap shall serve six trays.

21 One eight inch drum trap shall serve eight trays.

22 Said trap shall be placed above floors as near as possible to all trays. Waste  
 23 pipe from tray trap to empty into open sink properly trapped and vented or  
 24 into deep seal P trap properly vented.

Sec. 45. HOUSE BOILERS—SEDIMENT PIPES.] The sediment pipe from house  
 2 boilers shall not be connected into the sewer side of any trap nor directly con-  
 3 nected into any soil or waste pipe or drain.

Sec. 46. WATER CLOSETS—FLUSH TANKS—FLUSH VALVES.] All closets and  
 2 urinals within any building shall be supplied from special tanks or approved  
 3 automatically flushing valves having flush pipes at least one and one-quarter  
 4 inches in diameter.



Sec. 47. WATER CLOSETS WITHIN BUILDINGS—FLUSHING DISCHARGE.] Water

2 closets and urinals within buildings shall not be supplied from any water supply  
3 pipes direct.

4 All water closets within buildings shall be fitted with either siphon dis-  
5 charge flush or pressure tanks or approved automatically flushing valves.

6 All individual water closets within buildings at each flush shall receive not  
7 less than four gallons of water into the closet bowl at each discharge which shall  
8 be discharged in such time and with such force as shall thoroughly clean the  
9 closet bowl at each flush.

Sec. 48. LONG HOPPER CLOSETS—REGULATIONS.] A water closet in a yard

2 may be flushed with a hopper cock or stop and waste cock buried to a depth of  
3 at least three feet below the ground. A long hopper closet of the last named  
4 construction shall be located at least eight feet distance from any dwelling.

Sec. 49. OUTSIDE WATER CLOSETS—WHERE PROHIBITED—REGULATIONS.] Water

2 closets when placed in the yard of the building heretofore erected shall be sep-  
3 arately trapped and placed not less than eight feet distant from any dwelling  
4 or other place of abode and so arranged as to be conveniently and adequately  
5 flushed and their water supply pipes and traps shall be protected from freez-  
6 ing. The compartments for such water closets shall be adequately lighted and  
7 ventilated.

Sec. 50. WATER CLOSETS UNDER SIDEWALKS, ETC.] Where water closets or

2 other plumbing fixtures are placed under a sidewalk, street or alley or other like  
3 place adjoining into the basement of any building, each and every fixture trap  
4 so placed shall be ventilated in the same manner as is provided for other  
5 plumbing fixtures in this chapter, and the water closet compartments shall be  
6 adequately lighted and ventilated.

Sec. 51. PLACES OF EMPLOYMENT—SEPARATE WATER CLOSETS FOR MEN AND

2 WOMEN.] In all places of employment where men and women are employed,  
3 separate and sufficient water closets shall be provided for males and females.

4 Water closets for men shall be plainly marked "Men's Toilet" and water closets for women shall be plainly marked "Women's Toilet." In all places of employment one water closet shall be provided for every twenty-five males or less number and one water closet shall be provided for every twenty females or less number.

9 Such water closet facilities shall be furnished upon at least every second floor. When there are employees in any basement, such basement shall be considered as one floor.

Sec. 52. RAIN WATER LEADERS—PROHIBITED USED—WHEN TO BE TRAPPED—CONSTRUCTION.] Rain water pipes or leaders shall not be used as soil waste or vent pipes; nor shall any soil, waste or vent pipe be used for a rain water pipe or leader. Where a rain water leader opens near a window, door or vent shaft or is so located as to render it likely to become a nuisance, if not trapped, it shall be properly trapped far enough below the surface to prevent its becoming a nuisance or freezing.

8 Inside rain water leaders shall be made of extra heavy cast iron or tar asphaltum coated wrought pipe or galvanized wrought pipe with roof connections made gas and water tight by means of heavy lead or copper tubing, wiped or soldered to a brass ferrule, calked or screwed into the pipe. Outside rain water leaders may be of sheet metal but they shall connected with the house drain by means of a five foot length of cast iron pipe extending vertically at least four feet above grade level.

Sec. 53. STEAM PIPES—CONDENSERS—VENTS.] No high pressure steam exhaust, blow-off, drip or return pipes from any steam trap shall connect with the sewer or with any house drain, soil or waste pipe or rain water pipe. The water or steam of condensation from such pipes before it shall enter any sewer or drain, shall be discharged into a suitable cast iron catch basin or condenser, from which a special vent pipe not less than two inches in diameter shall extend through the roof.



Sec. 54. TEMPERATURE OF WATER ENTERING SEWER.] No water of a higher  
2 temperature than one hundred and forty degrees Fahrenheit shall be permitted  
3 to enter any house sewer direct.

Sec. 55. AREA DRAINS TO BE TRAPPED—WHEN.] When the area drains are  
2 connected to the house sewer or drain, they shall be effectively trapped. Such  
3 traps shall be protected from frost.

Sec. 56. FLOOR WASHES IN BASEMENTS.] Floor washes in basements shall  
2 be provided with a deep seal trap, having a heavy strainer and a back water  
3 gate valve, or stop, accessible for cleaning.

Sec. 57. FLOOR DRAINS ABOVE BASEMENT REVENTED.] All floor drains above  
2 the basement floor shall be revented.

Sec. 58. WOOD SINKS AND TUBS PROHIBITED.] The installation and mainte-  
2 nance of stationary wooden sinks and stationary wooden laundry tubs is pro-  
3 hibited inside of any building used for human habitation. Such sinks and tubs  
4 shall be of non-absorbent material.

Sec. 59. NUMBER OF URINALS IN FACTORIES.] In all places of employment  
2 where water and sewerage are available, one urinal shall be provided for every  
3 twenty-five males or less number.

Sec. 60. URINALS—CONSTRUCTION—PROHIBITED USE.] The sides, back and  
2 base of every urinal stall placed within any building shall be of non-absorbent  
3 material. Urinal troughs and sectional urinals, unless provided with suitable  
4 automatic flush tanks and intermittent and automatic flushing valves are pro-  
5 hibited.

Sec. 61. AUTOMATIC FLUSHING OF URINALS—FREQUENCY.] Each and every  
2 urinal trough and urinal bowl shall be intermittently and automatically flushed  
3 with at least one gallon water flush for each urinal bowl or two foot length  
4 urinal trough.

Sec. 62. VENT PIPES RECONNECTED—EXCEPTION.] Vent pipes shall be reconnected to main soil and waste pipes or drain by a “Y” branch below the lowest fixture and in such manner as to prevent accumulation of rust. This shall not apply where there is a battery of fixtures on one floor only and no other fixtures on floors above or below.

Sec. 63. OPEN PLUMBING.] All plumbing fixtures shall be installed as open plumbing.

Sec. 64. PROHIBITED CLOSETS.] Pan, plunger, offset, dry closets, smead system closets, evaporating system of closets, latrine or hopper closets, shall not be installed in any building.

Sec. 65. PROHIBITED FIXTURES NOT REINSTALLED.] No fixtures shall be installed and no fixture shall be reconnected or reinstalled where it does not meet the requirements of this Act.

Sec. 66. EARTHENWARE TRAP CONNECTION—HOW MADE.] All earthenware and closet traps shall be connected to waste or soil pipes, inserting heavy brass floor or wall flanges; where lead, brass or iron bends are used they shall be soldered, screwed or calked to the same and bolted to the trap flange.

Sec. 67. SLIP JOINTS—GROUND JOINTS.] Slip joints shall not be permitted on the sewer side of any trap. Unions or wrought, soil, waste, and vent pipes shall be made by means of metallic brass seated ground unions, or flange unions with sheet lead gaskets, and made without other gaskets or packing.

Sec. 68. WATER CLOSETS AND URINAL COMPARTMENTS—VENTILATION.] Water closets and urinals shall not be installed in an unventilated room or compartment. In every case the room or compartment shall be open to the outer air or be ventilated by means of any air duct or shaft or be mechanically ventilated.



5 Local venting of water closets and urinals where a corridor is provided be-  
6 hind the rear partition having a ventilating pipe connected thereto, extended to  
7 outside atmosphere, will be permitted.

8 Where a urinal, bath or water closet compartment is mechanically ventil-  
9 ated, the air shall be changed at least four times per hour by exhausting the  
10 air from the compartment.

11 In the case of an extension or alteration of any existing plumbing system  
12 the same, if new stack are run, shall be tested when roughed in and when com-  
13 pleted as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 69. OLD WORK REMODELED.] In remodeling work the existing system  
2 of soil, waste and ventilating pipes shall be changed to make them reasonably  
3 conform to the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 70. LIGHT AND VENTILATION.] All urinal, bath or water closet compart-  
2 ment hereafter constructed in any building, shall be lighted and ventilated as  
3 provided for in this Act. Every water closet or urinal compartment or bath  
4 room in every now existing building, and every compartment in buildings under-  
5 ground, shall be separately ventilated by a window opening to the external air,  
6 or by proper and adequate ventilating pipes, shafts or ducts, running through the  
7 roof or to the external air, and providing for at least four changes of air for  
8 the entire compartment each hour. All such compartments shall be adequately  
9 lighted by either natural or artificial light.

Sec. 71. TOILET COMPARTMENT—SEPARATE.] The urinal, bath or water closet  
2 compartment shall be separate compartments and shall be entirely separated from  
3 any other room, workshop, office or hall, by a tight partition, extending from  
4 floor to ceiling, and every door of every such compartment shall be provided with  
5 a door check to keep such door closed.

6 No window or other opening shall be made to open from any such compart-  
7 ment for the purpose of ventilation into any adjoining room, office, workshop,  
8 factory, hallway or compartment of any kind.

Sec. 72. OFFICE OF STATE SUPERVISOR OF PLUMBING INSPECTION CREATED—SAL-

ARY—QUALIFICATIONS—DUTIES.] That there is hereby created the office of State  
 Supervisor of Plumbing Inspection, who shall be under the direction of the Illi-  
 nois State Board of Health and shall receive all orders from said board in the  
 prosecution of the duties of his office. He shall be appointed by the Governor  
 of the State of Illinois, within three months after the passage of this Act, and  
 every four years thereafter, to serve for a period of four years of time, unless  
 he shall be removed for cause, prior to the expiration of his appointment. He  
 shall receive an annual salary of four thousand (\$4,000.00) dollars per year and  
 actual traveling expenses incurred while serving under the provisions of this  
 Act. He must possess a certificate of competency, either as a master plumber  
 or a journeyman plumber. It shall be his duty to compel the enforcement of  
 the provisions of this Act, and all laws of the State and all ordinances, rules  
 and regulations of any city, town or village, relating to the licensing of plumb-  
 ers and supervision and inspection of plumbing throughout the entire State,  
 and cause prosecutions for any violations thereof. The board of examiners  
 and the local inspector in any city, town or village shall have the same duties  
 as last provided within the city, town or village for which they are appointed. It  
 shall be the duty of the said State Supervisor of Plumbing and Inspection un-  
 der the direction of the Illinois State Board of Health to inspect all plumbing in  
 any city, town or village or locality where there are no local inspectors of plumb-  
 ing, or he may deputize under the direction of the Illinois State Board of Health  
 any plumber having the qualification of a plumbing inspector as required by this  
 Act, or any qualified inspector of plumbing from any city, town or village, or  
 locality nearest to the point where application has been made for inspection, to  
 make such inspection.

Sec. 73. ILLINOIS STATE BOARD OF HEALTH TO MAKE RULES, ETC., AND APPOINT

INSPECTORS—ILLINOIS STATE BOARD OF HEALTH—LOCAL HEALTH AUTHORITIES — CITY  
 ATTORNEYS, STATE'S ATTORNEY, ETC., TO ENFORCE ACT.] The Illinois State Board of  
 Health shall have the authority to make such rules and regulations governing



5 plumbing and plumbing inspection, and such investigation as they may from time  
6 to time deem necessary for the preservation and improvement of the public  
7 health. It shall appoint, or authorize the State Supervisor of Plumbing Inspec-  
8 tion to appoint, and it shall fix and determine the compensation of such inspec-  
9 tors or deputy inspectors as the Legislature shall from time to time make appro-  
10 priations for, in order to carry out and enforce the provisions of this Act, and it  
11 shall be the duty of the Illinois State Board of Health, as well as the duty of all  
12 local boards of health, health authorities and officers, local boards of examiners  
13 of plumbers, city attorneys, State's attorneys and all other proper officers of the  
14 State or any county, city, town, village or township thereof, to enforce the pro-  
15 visions of this Act.

Sec. 74. TEST.] The entire plumbing system of any building when roughed  
2 in shall be tested by the plumber in the presence of the inspector whose duty it  
3 is, as herein provided, to inspect such plumbing and as directed by him under  
4 either water pressure or air pressure. The water pressure test for plumbing  
5 shall be applied by closing the end of the house drain and filling the pipes to  
6 the highest opening above the roof with water. The air pressure test for  
7 plumbing shall be supplied with the force pump and mercury colum equal to  
8 ten inches of mercury. The use of spring gauges is prohibited. Special pro-  
9 visions shall be made to include all joints and connections to the finish line or  
10 face of floors or side walls so that all vents or revents, including lead work, may  
11 be tested with the main stacks. All pipes shall remain uncovered in every part  
12 until they have successfully passed the test. All defective pipes and fittings of  
13 fixtures shall be removed and all defective work shall be made good so as to con-  
14 form to the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 75. INSPECTION FEES.] The local plumbing inspector of cities, towns  
2 or villages, which maintain such plumbing inspector under the direction and  
3 supervision of its boards of health or health authorities, shall inspect all  
4 plumbing within the limits of such cities, towns or villages. The fees for such  
5 inspection shall be such a sum and payable as said city, town or village may by

6 ordinance provide and be paid into their respective treasury.

7 The Illinois State Board of Health shall cause the State Supervisor of  
8 Plumbing Inspection, of such inspectors, or deputy inspectors, as are appointed  
9 by it, or under its authority, to inspect all plumbing which is not located within  
10 the limits of the city, town or village which maintains a plumbing inspector under  
11 the provisions of a board of health or health authorities. The fees for such  
12 inspection in such case shall be such a sum payable as said State Board of Health  
13 may provide. All fees received under this Act by the Illinois State Board of  
14 Health shall be deposited with the State Treasurer.

Sec. 76. PLUMBER TO GIVE NOTICE FOR INSPECTION.] When any plumbing  
2 within any city, town or village which maintains a plumbing inspector under  
3 the supervision of its board of health or health authorities, is ready for inspec-  
4 tion, the plumber in charge of the work shall immediately notify such local  
5 board of health or health authorities of such city, town or village in writing and  
6 said local inspector shall inspect such plumbing. When any plumbing not  
7 situated within a city, town or village which maintains a plumbing inspector  
8 under the supervision of its board of health or health authorities, is ready for  
9 inspection, the plumber in charge of the work shall immediately notify the Illi-  
10 nois State Board of Health in writing and a representative of such board of  
11 health shall inspect such plumbing. It shall be the duty of the Illinois State  
12 Board of Health to inspect said plumbing within forty-eight hours after receiv-  
13 ing notice that said work is ready for its inspection.

Sec. 77. CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION.] When the plumbing in a building is  
2 completed the master plumber or his representative shall secure for the owner  
3 of such building a certificate of inspection, signed in behalf of the board whose  
4 duty it is to inspect such plumbing, certifying that the plumbing work has been  
5 properly inspected and tested as required by the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 78. QUALIFICATIONS OF INSPECTORS—NOT TO ENGAGE IN PLUMBING BUSI-  
2 NESS.] Each plumbing inspector acting under the Illinois State Board of

3 Health or local boards of health as herein provided shall possess a certificate of  
4 competency either as a master plumber or journeyman plumber. No plumbing  
5 inspector, nor the State Supervisor of Plumbing Inspection, shall, during his  
6 term of office, be engaged in or interested in the business of plumbing for the  
7 sale of plumbing supplies nor shall he act as agent, directly or indirectly, for  
8 any person or persons so engaged.

Sec. 79. NO MASTER PLUMBER TO ALLOW USE OF NAME.] No master plumber  
2 shall allow the use of his name by any other person or persons, directly or in-  
3 directly, for the purpose of obtaining a permit or permits to do any plumbing or  
4 drainage work.

Sec. 80. CERTIFICATES MAY BE REVOKED.] The certificates of a master plumber  
2 may be suspended or revoked by the board of examiners which granted the  
3 same upon complaint by said Illinois State Board of Health when he shall refuse  
4 or neglect to make the necessary corrections to work required by the board of  
5 health, whose duty it is to inspect such plumbing, within a reasonable time after  
6 notification thereof, or when he shall permit the use of his name by any other  
7 person or persons for the purpose of obtaining a permit or permits to do  
8 plumbing and drainage work.

9 Certificate of master plumber shall be displayed in a conspicuous place in  
10 each plumbing shop throughout the State.

Sec. 81. CITIES, TOWNS AND VILLAGES MAY MAKE ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS.]  
2 Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prevent any city, town or village from  
3 making further and additional regulations not in conflict with the provisions of  
4 this Act, nor shall anything contained in this Act be construed to modify or re-  
5 peal any ordinance or regulation heretofore adopted by any city, town or village  
6 and now in force not in conflict with the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 82. PENALTY.] Any person or persons who violates, neglects or re-  
2 fuse to comply with or who resist or oppose the enforcement of any of the pro-



3 visions of this Act, where no other penalty is provided, shall be fined not less  
4 than five (\$5.00) dollars nor more than fifty (\$50.00) dollars for each offense  
5 and every such person or persons shall be deemed guilty of a separate offense  
6 for every day on which such violation; neglect or refusal shall continue.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Holaday, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on License and Mis-  
cellany.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the licensing of plumbers and to supervise and inspect plumbing," approved June 10, 1897, in force July 1, 1897, by amending sections one (1) and six (6) thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the licensing of plumbers and to supervise and inspect plumbing," approved June 10, 1897, in force July 1, 1897, be and the same is hereby amended by amending sections one and six thereof, so that the said sections one and six when amended shall read as follows:

7 Sec. 1. That any person now or hereafter engaging in or working at the busi-  
8 ness of plumbing in this State, either as a master plumber or employing  
9 plumber or as a journeyman plumber, shall first receive a certificate thereof,  
10 in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

11 Sec. 6. All persons who are required by this Act to take examinations and  
12 procure a certificate as required by this Act shall apply to the *Board of Ex-*

13 *aminers of Plumbers in the city where he resides or to the Board of Examiners*  
14 *of Plumbers nearest his place of residence: Provided, however, that all such per-*  
15 *sons who reside outside of a city having a Board of Examiners of Plumbers,*  
16 *shall apply to, and receive his renewal certificate from the State Board of*  
17 *Health, and he shall pay the annual renewal fee as provided for herein, to the*  
18 *State Board of Health. All fees received by the State Board of Health for such*  
19 *renewals shall be paid into the State Treasury. It shall be the duty of each Board*  
20 *of Examiners of Plumbers in such cities to furnish the State Board of Health*  
21 *with the name and address of each person to whom it has issued a certificate*  
22 *or a renewal certificate, within thirty days from the date it issues the same.*





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Hruby, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Charities and Cor-  
rections.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend sections 9, 10, 11 and 12 of an Act entitled, "An Act to es-  
tablish the Illinois State Reformatory and making an appropriation therefor,"  
approved June 18, 1891, in force July 1, 1891, and to add two new sections  
thereto to be known as sections 14a and 14b.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That sections 9, 10, 11 and 12 of an Act  
3 entitled "An Act to establish the Illinois State Reformatory and making an ap-  
4 propriation therefor," approved June 18, 1891, in force July 1, 1891, be amend-  
5 ed and that there be added thereto two new sections to be known as section 14a,  
6 and section 14b, which sections as amended and which new sections shall read as  
7 follows:

Sec. 9. The inmates of the reformatory shall be divided into two divi-  
2 sions or departments, the first to include males between the ages of sixteen  
3 and twenty-one, and the second to include males between the ages of sixteen  
4 one and twenty-six, who may be sentenced to said reformatory as hereinafter  
5 provided.

Sec. 10. In all criminal cases tried by jury, in which the jury shall find the defendant guilty, the jury shall also find, by their verdict, whether or not the defendant is between the ages of sixteen and twenty-six years, and if the jury shall find the defendant to be between the ages of sixteen and twenty-six years, they shall find as nearly as may be the age of the defendant. And in case the finding of the jury shall be that the defendant is between the ages of sixteen and twenty-six years, and the offense of which the defendant is found guilty is not a capital offense, the jury trying such cause shall not fix the punishment of the defendant.

Sec. 11. Whenever any male between the ages of sixteen and twenty-one is found guilty before any court of competent jurisdiction of any crime, which if committed by an adult would be punishable by imprisonment in the county jail or penitentiary, such juvenile offender shall be committed, by order of such court, to the reformatory: *Provided*, that when the crime is punishable by imprisonment in the county jail, the court may in its discretion commit such juvenile offender to the county jail for the term authorized by law for the punishment of the offense of which the offender is convicted.

Sec. 12. Any court in this State exercising criminal jurisdiction may sentence to the reformatory any male convict between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-six years, upon the conviction in such court of such male person of a crime punishable under existing laws in the penitentiary.

And the said board of managers shall receive and take into said reformatory all male prisoners of the class aforesaid, who may be legally sentenced on conviction as aforesaid; and all existing laws requiring the courts of this State to sentence to the penitentiary male prisoners convicted of any criminal offense between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-six years shall be applicable to the said reformatory, so far as to enable the courts to sentence the class of prisoners so last defined to said reformatory, and not to a penitentiary: *Provided*, if it shall be shown in said cause that the defendant has been previously sentenced to a penitentiary or reformatory in this or any other

14 state or country, such defendant may, in the discretion of the court, be sent-  
15 enced to the penitentiary: *And provided further*, that no person above the age  
16 of twenty-one years, who has been convicted and adjudged guilty of a capital  
17 offense shall be sentenced to the State Reformatory.

Sec. 14a. It shall be a part of every sentence to the reformatory that the  
2 person so sentenced to the reformatory shall be liable to be transferred to a  
3 penitentiary in the manner herein provided. If it shall appear to the board  
4 of managers of the reformatory that any prisoner confined therein was at the  
5 time of his conviction more than twenty-six years of age, or while in the re-  
6 formatory is incorrigible or persistently violates the rules of the institution that  
7 his presence in the institution is seriously detrimental to the best interests of  
8 the institution and the inmates thereof, such board of managers may, by an  
9 order entered on its records, direct the general superintendent to make ap-  
10 plication to some court of record in this State exercising criminal jurisdiction  
11 for an order to transfer such prisoner to a penitentiary. Such application  
12 shall be made by written petition, subscribed and sworn to by the general su-  
13 perintendent, or by some officer or employee of the reformatory cognizant of  
14 the facts, and shall set forth a copy of the order of the board of managers  
15 directing such application to be made and shall further state the causes for  
16 seeking such transfer and praying for an order transferring the prisoner there-  
17 in named to one of the penitentiaries of this State. The court shall there-  
18 upon set a date for a hearing of such petition. A copy of such petition, to-  
19 gether with notice of the time, and place of such hearing, shall be served upon  
20 the prisoner sought to be transferred at least ten days before the date of such  
21 hearing. The prisoner shall be personally present at such hearing and may be  
22 represented by counsel. Any court of record in this State exercising criminal  
23 jurisdiction shall have the power to hear such petition, and, after hearing, may,  
24 if it finds the petition to be sustained by the evidence, and that a cause for  
25 transfer exists, enter an order for the transfer of such prisoner to the peni-  
26 tentiary of this State designated in such order. The order of the court hearing  
27 such petition shall be final: *Provided*, that if such petition should be dismissed



28 a new application may be made for causes arising since the filing of any  
29 other application. A prisoner so transferred shall be held in the penitentiary  
30 under an indeterminate sentence commencing with his imprisonment in the  
31 reformatory and a maximum fixed by law for the crime of which the prisoner  
32 was convicted and sentenced, and may be released on parole or absolutely  
33 discharged as are other prisoners confined in the penitentiary under indeter-  
34 minate sentence. Such prisoner may be returned at any time to the reforma-  
35 tory upon the written requisition of the general superintendent of the reforma-  
36 tory.

Sec. 14b. It shall be a part of the sentence to the penitentiary of every  
2 male prisoner under twenty-six years of age convicted of any crime, except  
3 a capital offense, that he shall be subject to transfer to the reformatory in  
4 the manner herein provided. The general superintendent of the reforma-  
5 tory and the warden of the penitentiary in which any male prisoner is con-  
6 fined subject to transfer to the reformatory, may jointly make application by  
7 petition to any court of record of this State exercising criminal jurisdiction,  
8 for an order transferring from the penitentiary to the reformatory any prison-  
9 er subject to transfer. The court shall thereupon set a date for a hearing of  
10 each petition. A copy of such petition, together with notice of the time and  
11 place of such hearing shall be served upon the prisoner sought to be trans-  
12 ferred at least ten days before the date of such hearing. The prisoner shall be  
13 personally present at such hearing and may be represented by counsel. Any  
14 court of record in this State exercising criminal jurisdiction shall have the  
15 power to hear such petition, and, after hearing, may enter an order for the  
16 transfer of such prisoner to the reformatory. A prisoner so transferred shall  
17 be held in the reformatory during the term of his sentence to the penitentiary;  
18 and all laws applicable to prisoners in the penitentiary, so far as they relate to  
19 a diminution of their sentence for good conduct and the release and discharge  
20 therefrom on parole, shall be applicable to such prisoners when transferred  
21 under this Act.

- 1 Introduced by Mr. Igoe, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

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## A BILL

For an Act in relation to the files, records, and record entries of courts of records.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* as follows: REGULATION OF FILES, REC-  
3 ORDS, ETC.] All matters pertaining to the files, records and record entries of  
4 courts of record may be regulated by rules to be adopted by the respective  
5 courts.

Sec. 2. POWER OF COURTS TO ADOPT RULES.] Each court of record of this  
2 State shall have power to adopt all such rules in relation to the files, records  
3 and record entries of such court as may appear to such court to be needful to  
4 secure accuracy, the omission therefrom of all unnecessary verbiage, the con-  
5 venience of litigants and officers of courts, and economy, and for the in-  
6 troduction of the latest and most improved business methods in the administra-  
7 tion of justice in such court, and to add to, alter or amend such rules, from  
8 time to time, as may be found needful or expedient. The adoption of any  
9 such rule or rules by a court having but one judge shall be accomplished by  
10 an order entered of record by such court, and the adoption of such rule or

11 rules by a court having more than one judge shall be accomplished by an order  
 12 signed by a majority of the judges of said court and spread upon the records  
 13 thereof, and the adoption of any such rule or rules by the criminal court of  
 14 Cook county shall be accomplished by an order signed by a majority of the  
 15 judges of the circuit and superior courts of Cook county and spread upon the  
 16 records of said criminal court.

Sec. 3. WHAT RULES MAY REGULATE.] The rules above provided for may  
 2 regulate the following matters:

3 *First*—FORMS OF PAPERS, ORDERS, ETC.] The forms of the papers which may  
 4 be filed and of the orders, judgments and decrees which may be entered in  
 5 any action or proceeding.

6 *Second*—PRESERVING AND KEEPING PAPERS.] The method of preserving and  
 7 keeping the papers so filed.

8 *Third*—BOOKS TO BE KEPT AND ENTRIES.] The books of record to be kept  
 9 by said respective courts and the entries to be made therein and the forms  
 10 of such entries, including the abbreviations of words or phrases which may  
 11 be used in making the same.

12 *Fourth*—OTHER MATTERS.] All other matters in relation to the keeping and  
 13 preserving of their files, records and record entries which said respective  
 14 courts may deem necessary or expedient for the accomplishment of the purposes  
 15 specified in the preceding section.

Sec. 4. ABBREVIATIONS.] The said several courts may, by rule, authorize  
 2 the shortening of words and phrases by the use of abbreviations in pleadings  
 3 and other papers filed in judicial proceedings as well as in entries of such  
 4 proceedings upon the records thereof.

Sec. 5. RULES TO BE SUBMITTED TO SUPREME COURT—PUBLICATION—WHEN TO  
 2 TAKE EFFECT.] Before the adoption of any such rule or rules by any court  
 3 inferior to the Supreme Court, the judge or judges of the court proposing to  
 4 adopt the same shall submit a copy thereof to each of the judges of the Su-



5 preme Court, whose duty it shall be to examine and approve or disapprove the  
6 same, or to make amendments thereto and approve the same as amended, and,  
7 in case the same shall be approved, either with or without amendments, by a  
8 majority of the said judges, the same shall be adopted and entered upon the  
9 record of the court adopting the same and shall be published and shall take  
10 effect and become operative on such date or dates as the court adopting the  
11 same may prescribe, and thereupon shall supersede all then existing provisions  
12 of law in relation to the files, records and record entries of courts of record  
13 in conflict or inconsistent therewith.

Sec. 6 PREPARATION AND PUBLICATION OF FORMS.] Any court of record which  
2 may adopt rules in pursuance hereof may cause to be prepared and published  
3 as soon thereafter as may be practicable suitable forms of process and other  
4 papers which may be used by the clerk of the court, of papers which may be  
5 filed, and of orders, judgments and decrees which may be entered, in actions  
6 and proceedings in such court, such forms to be as brief and concise as cir-  
7 cumstances will permit and to omit all unnecessary or superfluous verbiage:  
8 *Provided, however,* that no such publication of forms shall be made until the  
9 same shall have been approved by a majority of the judges of the Supreme  
10 Court. When two or more courts in the same county have adopted rules in  
11 pursuance hereof such preparation and publication of forms and the prescrib-  
12 ing of the force and effect thereof may be done jointly by said courts. Any  
13 court of record, in lieu of preparing and publishing forms as aforesaid, may  
14 adopt any forms prepared and published by any other court of record.

Sec. 7. POWER OF JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT TO MAKE RULES OR FORMS ADOPTED  
2 OR PREPARED AND PUBLISHED BY ONE COURT APPLICABLE IN OTHER COURTS.] When-  
3 ever a majority of the judges of the Supreme Court shall have approved rules  
4 adopted or forms prepared and published by any court of record, said judges  
5 may, in their discretion, by an order entered of record in the Supreme Court,  
6 require the adoption of such rules or forms, or both, by such other courts of  
7 record as such judges may designate in such order, and, upon the entry of

8 such order such rules or forms, or both, shall within such time as may be  
 9 specified in such order, be applicable in the courts so designated to the same  
 10 extent as if the same had been adopted or prepared and published by said  
 11 courts in the first instance.

Sec. 8. JUDICIAL NOTICE OF RULES, ETC.] All courts of this State shall take  
 2 judicial notice of all rules adopted and of all forms prescribed in pursuance  
 3 of the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 9. EXPENSES.] All expenses incurred by any court of record in the  
 2 preparation and publication of the rules and forms provided for by this Act  
 3 shall, if the same be incurred by the Supreme Court or any appellate court,  
 4 be paid out of the State Treasury from the appropriation which may be made  
 5 therefor, or, if incurred by any circuit court, county court or probate court,  
 6 shall be paid out of the county treasury of the county in which such court is  
 7 held, or, if incurred by any city court or municipal court, shall be paid out of  
 8 the city treasury of the city in which such city court or municipal court is  
 9 held: *Provided, however,* that when a judicial circuit is composed of more  
 10 than one county and such rules and forms are adopted in each of the counties  
 11 of such circuit the expense of preparing and publishing the same shall be ap-  
 12 portioned among the several counties of the circuit in proportion to their re-  
 13 spective populations. The amount of such expenses and the person or persons  
 14 to whom payments on account thereof are to be made shall be fixed by a cer-  
 15 tificate of the judge, or a majority of the judges, of the court by which such  
 16 expenses have been incurred.

## SYNOPSIS

### OF

## A BILL FOR AN ACT IN RELATION TO THE FILES, RECORDS AND RECORD ENTRIES OF COURTS OF RECORD.

There is room for great and radical improvements in the method of keep-  
 ing the files and records of courts of record which constitute what may properly

be called the court's bookkeeping. The method now in vogue is antiquated, slovenly and unbusinesslike. It is productive of an unnecessary waste of time by judges, officers of court, lawyers, and litigants, and it costs the people of the State over \$200,000 a year more than would be the cost of a proper method. Any private corporation carrying on business and keeping its books of account in a manner equally at variance with good business methods would have great difficulty in making both ends meet, even if otherwise its business were very profitable. The keeping of the files and records of courts of record is purely a business matter and should be regulated as such. The expenses attendant thereon should be made as light as possible for the benefit of both the public and litigants. A few peculiarities of the present method may be specially noticed:

*First.* Under the present system the files in every action are folded separately, endorsed on the back with the title of the case and usually with a specification of the name of the paper and are placed in a loose bundle covered by a wrapper. To understand the condition of the record in any case these papers must be unfolded and placed in the order of their filing and thereupon the record books must be examined to ascertain what action has been taken by the court from time to time. Not infrequently an entire day of a lawyer's time is required for the purpose of ascertaining the condition of the record. This condition of things ought no longer to be tolerated. The flat filing system should be introduced and the papers in each action should be fastened together in one or more suitable packages in the order of their filing and placed in a suitable wrapper and on the top of the files there should be a memorandum, in an abbreviated form, giving a complete history of the case. By this means a judge, lawyer or litigant who wished to know the state of the record could ascertain at a glance what its condition was. No delays would be necessary during the progress of the trial for the investigation of the condition of the record. Furthermore it would be practicable, if the files were so kept, to use the original files for the purpose of an appeal or writ of error and thus obviate the delay and expense of securing a transcript.

*Second.* In the matter of making entries upon the record our present system is productive of unnecessary labor, unnecessary expense and unnecessary



annoyance. The sole legitimate purpose of the entries in a record book, so far as they are written out at large, is to preserve the final decision of the court in the action. In other words, it would be sufficient if the record as written up showed what the court decided, that is, what it awarded one party and what it adjudged against the other party. The various steps taken by the court in reaching this result are of no importance whatever excepting for the purpose of an appeal or writ of error, and when such appeal is taken or writ of error prosecuted the preliminary steps, so far as they may be necessary, may be preserved in a bill of exceptions, certificate of evidence or report of proceedings placed on file. Hence, as to all interlocutory matters it will be sufficient if there is entered in some book, in an abbreviated form, minutes indicating the steps in the proceedings with sufficient accuracy to enable any judge or lawyer to ascertain what they are. Under our present system every action of the court, every interlocutory order, such as a continuance, the impanelling of a jury, the instructing of the jury, the arguments of counsel, the appearance of the parties, are recorded at large. If an action be on trial for sixty days there will be sixty entries written out at large upon the record. All this is a waste of time and a waste of money.

*Third.* In actions in equity it is the practice, both in final decrees and in interlocutory orders based upon evidence heard, to recite the evidence or the facts found by the court upon which the order or decree is based. This is not so in actions at law. In an action at law upon a promissory note for \$100,000, tried either by jury or by the court without a jury, the record contains no recital of evidence at all. It never has anything more than a statement of what the verdict or finding of the court was as to the issues in the action and what judgment was rendered. But if an action in equity is brought to foreclose a mortgage securing this note for \$100,000, every order in the action with respect to which evidence has been taken, as well as the final decree, will recite at large the facts. This should not be so. If it is a safe practice in an action at law to record simply what the court decided without reciting the facts upon which the decision was rendered, it is likewise a safe practice in equity. All these long recitals should be omitted and a decree in equity, just as a judgment at law, should simply recite what the court

decided and nothing more, excepting, perhaps that it might contain an introduction showing the jurisdiction of the court over the subject matter of the action and the parties.

There are many other evils of the present system which might be noticed, but the above illustrations are sufficient for present purposes. That many evils exist all will admit. As to how these evils may best be remedied there will doubtless be differences of opinion. The remedy proposed by the present bill is the conferring upon the several courts power to regulate by rule all matters pertaining to their files, records and record entries.

#### SECTIONS 1 AND 2.

These sections confer upon all courts of record power to adopt all such rules in relation to their files, records and record entries as they may deem needful to secure accuracy, the omission therefrom of all unnecessary verbiage, the convenience of litigants and officers of courts and economy and for the introduction of the latest and most improved business methods in the administration of justice and they point out the method by which such rules are to be adopted.

#### SECTION 3.

The section defines the matters which may be regulated by such rules and they may be summed up as all matters in relation to files, records and record entries which may be deemed necessary or expedient to secure accuracy, the omission therefrom of all unnecessary verbiage, the convenience of litigants and officers of court, and economy, and for the introduction of the latest and most improved business methods in the administration of justice.

#### SECTION 4.

This section authorizes the use of abbreviations in pleadings and other papers. The abbreviations which may be used are, of course only such as may be permissible under the decision of the supreme court in *Stein v. Myers*, 253 Ill. 199.

## SECTION 5.

This section provides that before the adoption of any rule in relation to the files, records and record entries it shall be submitted to the judges of the supreme court and shall only take effect after they approve it. The purpose of this rule is to put it in the power of the supreme court to secure uniformity in the various courts throughout the State, so far as such uniformity may be deemed necessary or expedient, and at the same time to allow such differences between the methods prevailing in the different courts as circumstances may require. It may be that a system of keeping the files, records and record entries which would be suitable for Cook county might not be appropriate for the other counties of the State. If so, the judges of the supreme court can allow such differences between the rules of the different counties and circuits as may be deemed proper.

## SECTION 6.

This section permits the preparation and publication of a book or books of forms. The usefulness of such forms is apparent. They will save time, will secure uniformity and tend to accuracy in record keeping. The requirement that forms shall not be published until approved by the judges of the supreme court will secure those forms against criticism or attack.

## SECTION 7.

Upon examination of any set of rules adopted or forms prepared and published by any court of record, the judges of the supreme court may conclude that their introduction in all courts of record in the State would be a public benefit. In that event the supreme court should have the power to make them applicable throughout the State, both because of their usefulness and because of the uniformity which would result therefrom. This section gives them power to do this.

## SECTION 8.

This section provides that judicial notice shall be taken of all rules adopted under the Act and of all forms prescribed in pursuance thereof. At present our courts do not take judicial notice of any other than their own rules and al-

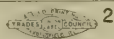


though a court of original jurisdiction takes judicial notice of its own rules the appellate courts and the supreme court will profess ignorance of those rules unless they find them set out in the record of each case. There is no sense in such a way of transacting business. The rules adopted under this Act will only become effective by the approval of the supreme court and it would be ridiculous under such circumstances to hold that the supreme court could not take judicial notice of the very rules it had approved.

#### SECTION 9.

This section provides for the expenses which may be found necessary for the preparation of rules and forms. The preparation and publication of rules and forms will necessarily involve more or less expense. To make no provision for such expense would render the Act practically useless. Hence it is proper that the courts be given power to incur the necessary expense and that such expense be paid out of the proper public treasuries. Any expense thus incurred will be more than compensated for by the saving which will result from the adoption of a proper system of file and record keeping.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Igoe, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

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## A BILL

For an Act to revise the law in relation to the Supreme Court and Appellate Courts.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly, as follows:* ELECTION DISTRICTS.] For the  
3 election of judges of the Supreme Court the State shall be divided into seven dis-  
4 tricts as follows:

5 *First District*—The counties of St. Clair, Clinton, Washington, Jefferson,  
6 Wayne, Edwards, Wabash, White, Hamilton, Franklin, Perry, Randolph, Mon-  
7 roe, Jackson, Williamson, Saline, Gallatin, Hardin, Pope, Union, Johnson, Alex-  
8 ander, Pulaski and Massac.

9 *Second District*—The counties of Madison, Pike, Scott, Bond, Marion, Clay,  
10 Richland, Lawrence, Crawford, Jasper, Effingham, Fayette, Montgomery, Ma-  
11 coupin, Shelby, Cumberland, Clark, Greene, Jersey, Calhoun and Christian.

12 *Third District*—The counties of Sangamon, Macon, Logan, DeWitt, Piatt,  
13 Douglas, Champaign, Vermilion, McLean, Livingston, Ford, Iroquois, Coles, Ed-  
14 gar, Moultrie and Tazewell. ,



15       *Fourth District*—The counties of Rock Island, Mercer, Warren, Henderson,  
 16   Fulton, McDonough, Hancock, Schuyler, Brown, Adams, Mason, Menard, Mor-  
 17   gan and Cass.

18       *Fifth District*—The counties of Knox, Henry, Stark, Peoria, Marshall, Put-  
 19   nam, Bureau, LaSalle, Grundy and Woodford.

20       *Sixth District*—The counties of Whiteside, Carroll, JoDaviess, Stephenson,  
 21   Winnebago, Boone, McHenry, Kane, Kendall, DeKalb, Lee and Ogle.

22       *Seventh District*—The counties of Lake, Cook, Will, Kankakee and DuPage.

      Sec. 2. APPELLATE COURT DISTRICTS—COURT IN EACH DISTRICT.] The State shall  
 2   be divided into four Appellate Court districts, the first to consist of the county  
 3   of Cook; the second to consist of the counties of Boone, Bureau, Carroll, DeKalb,  
 4   DuPage, Grundy, Henderson, Henry, Iroquois, JoDaviess, Kane, Kankakee, Ken-  
 5   dall, Knox, Lake, LaSalle, Lee, Livingston, Marshall, McHenry, Mercer, Ogle,  
 6   Peoria, Putnam, Rock Island, Stark, Stephenson, Warren, Whiteside, Will, Win-  
 7   nebago and Woodford; the third to consist of the counties of Adams, Brown,  
 8   Calhoun, Cass, Champaign, Christian, Clark, Coles, Cumberland, DeWitt, Doug-  
 9   las, Edgar, Ford, Fulton, Greene, Hancock, Jersey, Logan, Macon, Macoupin,  
 10   Mason, McDonough, McLean, Menard, Montgomery, Morgan, Moultrie, Piatt,  
 11   Pike, Sangamon, Schuyler, Scott, Shelby, Tazewell and Vermilion; and the  
 12   fourth district to consist of the counties of Alexander, Bond, Clay, Clinton,  
 13   Crawford, Edwards, Effingham, Fayette, Franklin, Gallatin, Hamilton, Hardin,  
 14   Jackson, Jasper, Jefferson, Johnson, Lawrence, Madison, Marion, Massac, Mon-  
 15   roe, Perry, Pope, Pulaski, Randolph, Richland, Saline, St. Clair, Union, Wa-  
 16   bash, Washington, Wayne, White and Williamson. There shall be organized  
 17   in each of said districts an Appellate Court to consist of three judges, or, when  
 18   such court is divided into branches as hereinafter provided, three judges for  
 19   each branch thereof. Said Appellate Courts shall be courts of record and each  
 20   court shall have a seal, which seal shall be that heretofore in use by the Appel-  
 21   late Courts of said respective districts.

Sec. 3. WHERE SESSIONS TO BE HELD.] The sessions of the Supreme Court

2 shall be held at Springfield: *Provided, however,* that, when the court deems it  
3 expedient, it may hold a session in any other city of the State. The sessions of  
4 the Appellate Court of the first district shall be held at Chicago, those of the  
5 second district at Ottawa, those of the third district at Springfield and those of  
6 the fourth district at Mount Vernon.

Sec. 4. ELECTION OF CLERKS.] There shall be elected on the first Tuesday

2 after the first Monday of November, A. D. 1920, and on the first Tuesday after  
3 the first Monday of November in each sixth year thereafter, a clerk of the Su-  
4 preme Court, and one clerk of the Appellate Court of each district, each of whom  
5 shall be commissioned by the Governor and whose term of office shall be six  
6 years. Until the election and qualification of the clerks to be elected on the  
7 first Tuesday after the first Monday of November, A. D. 1920, the clerk of the  
8 Supreme Court and the clerks of the Appellate Courts in office at the time of the  
9 taking effect of this Act shall continue to act as such clerks.

Sec. 5. DUTIES OF CLERK—BOND—OATH.] The clerk of each of said courts

2 shall perform the duties usually devolving upon a clerk of a court of record in  
3 this State and shall provide the books and stationery necessary for the trans-  
4 acting of the business of his office. Before entering upon the duties of his office  
5 he shall give a bond, with one or more sureties to be approved by one of the  
6 judges of the court of which he is clerk, which bond shall be in such penalty,  
7 not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), as may be fixed by the judge, payable  
8 to the People of the State of Illinois and conditioned for the faithful perform-  
9 ance of the duties of his office and for paying over all moneys that may come to  
10 his hands by virtue of his office to the parties entitled thereto and for deliver-  
11 ing up all moneys, papers, books, records and other things appertaining to his  
12 office whole, safe and undefaced when lawfully required so to do; which bond  
13 shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State. He shall also before enter-  
14 ing upon the duties of his office take, subscribe and file in the office of the Secre-  
15 tary of State the following oath or affirmation:

16 I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be), that I will support the  
 17 Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Illinois,  
 18 and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of the office of clerk of the Supreme  
 19 Court (or clerk of the Appellate Court of the (here insert number of district)  
 20 district, as the case may be), according to the best of my ability.

SEC. 6. SALARY OF CLERK.] The salary of the clerk of the Supreme Court  
 2 shall be seven thousand five hundred dollars (\$7,500) per annum, that of each  
 3 clerk of the Appellate Courts of the second, third and fourth districts shall be  
 4 five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per annum, and that of the clerk of the Appellate  
 5 Court of the first district shall be seven thousand five hundred dollars (\$7,500)  
 6 per annum, and each of said salaries shall be payable in quarterly installments  
 7 out of the State treasury.

SEC. 7. DEPUTY CLERKS—DUTIES—BOND—OATH OF OFFICE — SALARY.] Each  
 2 clerk may appoint such number of deputies as may be determined by a majority  
 3 of the judges of the court of which he is the clerk. The powers and duties of a  
 4 deputy clerk shall be those usually devolving upon a deputy clerk of a court of  
 5 record of this State and he shall give a bond, with one or more sureties to be  
 6 approved by one of the judges of the court, which bond shall be in such penalty,  
 7 not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), as may be fixed by such judge, pay-  
 8 able to the People of the State of Illinois and conditioned for the faithful per-  
 9 formance of the duties of his office and for paying over all moneys that may  
 10 come to his hands by virtue of his office to the parties entitled thereto, which  
 11 bond shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State. He shall also, before  
 12 entering upon the duties of his office, take, subscribe, and file in the office of the  
 13 Secretary of State the following oath or affirmation:

14 I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be), that I will support the  
 15 Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Illinois,  
 16 and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of the office of deputy clerk of the  
 17 Supreme Court (or Appellate Court of the (here insert number of district) dis-  
 18 trict, as the case may be), according to the best of my ability.



19       The salary of each deputy clerk shall be fixed by a majority of the judges  
20 of the court of which he is such deputy clerk, and shall be payable in quarterly  
21 installments out of the State treasury.

· Sec. 8. FEES OF CLERK TO BE PAID INTO STATE TREASURY.] The clerk of the  
2 Supreme Court and each clerk of the Appellate Court shall collect in ad-  
3 vance such fees for his services as may be prescribed by this Act, or other-  
4 wise prescribed by law, and the same, excepting as may be otherwise pro-  
5 vided by law, shall be paid by him into the State treasury at the end of each  
6 three months.

Sec. 9. MARSHAL OF THE SUPREME COURT — SHERIFF TO ATTEND APPELLATE  
2 court.] The Supreme Court shall select a marshal, whose duty it shall be to at-  
3 tend upon its sittings and to perform such other duties under the direction of the  
4 court as are usually performed by sheriffs of courts, and he shall hold his position  
5 during the pleasure of the court. He shall receive a salary of twelve hundred  
6 dollars (\$1,200) per annum, payable in monthly installments out of the State  
7 treasury upon the warrant of the Auditor of Public Accounts out of the appro-  
8 priation to be made therefor. The sheriff of the county in which an Appellate  
9 Court is held shall attend upon its sittings and perform such duties as the court  
10 may require; and he shall be entitled to the same fees for his services as are from  
11 time to time allowed by law for like services for attending upon the circuit  
12 court of his county.

Sec. 10. SUPREME COURT LIBRARIAN AND ASSISTANT.] The Supreme Court  
2 shall appoint a librarian and assistant librarian for the Supreme Court library,  
3 located at the seat of government, who shall hold their positions during the  
4 pleasure of the court and shall perform such duties with respect to such library  
5 as may be required of them by the court. The librarian shall receive a salary  
6 of twenty-four hundred dollars (\$2,400) per annum, and the assistant librarian  
7 shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars (\$1,200) per annum, which sal-  
8 aries shall be payable in monthly installments out of the State treasury upon the

9 warrant of the Auditor of Public Accounts out of the appropriation to be made  
10 therefor.

Sec. 11. SUPREME COURT STENOGRAPHER.] The Supreme Court may ap-  
2 point a stenographer to attend upon the sittings of the court and take down its  
3 proceedings and to perform such other work as may be required by the court.  
4 The salary of such court stenographer shall be twelve hundred dollars (\$1,200)  
5 per annum and shall be payable in monthly installments out of the State treas-  
6 ury upon the warrant of the Auditor of Public Accounts out of the appropriation  
7 to be made therefor.

Sec. 12. SECRETARIES FOR JUDGES.] Each judge of the Supreme Court may  
2 appoint a secretary, such appointment to be made in writing and filed in the  
3 office of the Auditor of Public Accounts. Each secretary so appointed shall re-  
4 ceive, as full compensation for his services, a salary of three thousand dollars  
5 (\$3,000) per annum, payable quarterly out of the State treasury on the warrant  
6 of said Auditor out of the appropriation to be made therefor.

Sec. 13. JUDGES OF APPELLATE COURTS—METHODS OF ASSIGNING.] The judges  
2 of said Appellate Courts shall consist of judges of the circuit courts to be se-  
3 lected and assigned to duty in said Appellate Courts by the Supreme Court.  
4 The term judges of the circuit court as used in this Act shall include judges of  
5 the Superior Court of Cook county. It shall be the duty of the Supreme Court  
6 to assign to duty in the Appellate Court of each district three judges of the cir-  
7 cuit courts, or, when such court is divided into branches as hereinafter pro-  
8 vided, three judges of the circuit courts for each branch thereof. On the first  
9 day of July, A. D. 1915, or as soon thereafter as may be practicable, the Su-  
10 preme Court shall designate and appoint such number of judges of the circuit  
11 courts as shall be necessary for the organization of the Appellate Court of each  
12 district. Such assignment shall be for a term of three years and at the ex-  
13 piration of every three years the successors of said judges shall be assigned for  
14 a like term of three years: *Provided, however,* that when an additional branch

of an Appellate Court is organized at a time intermediate between the times above fixed for the assignment of the judges and their successors the assignment of judges to hold such branch shall be for a term ending with the regular terms of the judges of the Appellate Courts then in office, and upon the expiration of said term the Supreme Court shall assign their successors for the term of three years: *And, provided, further,* that the Supreme Court may, at any time, discontinue any branch of an Appellate Court, when, in the opinion of the Supreme Court, the continuance of the same may not be necessary for the prompt and proper disposition of the business of such Appellate Court, and may fill any vacancy in any of the said Appellate Courts caused by the death or resignation of any judge thereof by assigning another judge of the circuit court to duty therein, and may likewise assign to duty in any Appellate Court a judge of the circuit court to act during the absence, illness or other disability of, and as a substitute for, any judge of such Appellate Court.

Sec. 14. DIVISION OF APPELLATE COURT INTO BRANCHES—POWERS OF BRANCH APPELLATE COURTS—DIVISION OF BUSINESS BETWEEN BRANCHES.] Whenever the business of the Appellate Court of any district is such that the same cannot, in the opinion of the Supreme Court, otherwise be disposed of properly and promptly, it shall be the duty of the Supreme Court to divide the same into such number of branches as may appear to the Supreme Court to be necessary to secure the prompt and proper disposition of the business of said Appellate court. Whenever any Appellate Court has been divided into branches the number of such branches may be increased or diminished at any time when, in the opinion of the Supreme Court such increase or diminution may be expedient. Each branch of an Appellate Court, organized as above provided, shall have all the powers of an Appellate Court with respect to the hearing and disposition of such causes and matters as may be assigned to it for such hearing and disposition. When an Appellate Court shall have been divided into branches as aforesaid the business thereof shall be divided between or among such branches in such manner as may be agreed upon between the judges of said branches, or, in



17 case of disagreement between said judges, in such manner as may be determined  
 18 by the Supreme Court.

Sec. 15. SECRETARIES FOR JUDGES.] Each judge assigned to duty in any  
 2 Appellate Court and who is actually performing such duty, may appoint a secre-  
 3 tary, such appointment to be made in writing and filed in the office of the Audi-  
 4 tor of Public Accounts. Each secretary so appointed shall receive, as full  
 5 compensation for his services, a salary of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) per  
 6 annum, payable quarterly out of the State treasury on the warrant of said Audi-  
 7 tor, out of the appropriation to be made therefor.

Sec. 16. PRESIDING JUSTICE.] Upon the organization of any Appellate  
 2 Court or branch thereof the judges of such court, or branch thereof, shall  
 3 choose one of their number who shall be presiding justice of such court, or  
 4 branch thereof, for such time as the judges of such court, or branch thereof,  
 5 may determine among themselves, and at the expiration of such time his suc-  
 6 cessor shall be chosen in like manner.

Sec. 17. QUORUM—INTERLOCUTORY ORDER.] Any four of the judges of the  
 2 Supreme Court shall constitute a quorum and the concurrence of four shall be  
 3 necessary to every decision of said court, and any two of the judges assigned to  
 4 any Appellate Court or branch thereof shall constitute a quorum and the concur-  
 5 rence of two shall be necessary to every decision of said court: *Provided, how-*  
 6 *ever,* that any judge shall have power to enter in any action or proceeding  
 7 pending or about to be brought in the court of which he is one of the judge  
 8 any interlocutory order which the court may, by its rules, authorize to be en-  
 9 tered by a single judge.

Sec. 18. COURTS TO BE ALWAYS OPEN—WHEN AND HOW JUDGMENT, ETC, VA-  
 2 CATED.] After the first day of August, 1916, there shall be no stated terms of  
 3 the Supreme Court or of the Appellate Courts, but said courts shall be always  
 4 open for the transaction of business: *Provided, however,* that the actual at-  
 5 tendance upon said respective courts of the judges thereof at the respective

6 places provided in pursuance of law for the holding of said courts shall, except-  
7 ing as may be otherwise prescribed by law, only be required during such ses-  
8 sions of their respective courts as may be necessary for the prompt and proper  
9 disposition of the business thereof, the times of such sessions, until otherwise  
10 provided by law, to be fixed for each court by the judges thereof respectively.  
11 Every order, judgment or decree of either of said courts final in its nature  
12 shall be subject to be vacated, set aside or modified by the court by which the  
13 same has been entered upon the motion of, or petition for a rehearing by,  
14 either party, provided such motion or petition be filed in the court in which  
15 such order, judgment or decree has been entered within thirty (30) days after  
16 the entry of such order, judgment or decree: *Provided, however,* that all  
17 errors in fact in the proceedings in which such order, judgment or decree has  
18 been entered which might have been corrected at common law by the writ of  
19 error *coram nobis* may be corrected by motion, or the order, judgment or de-  
20 cree may be set aside, in the manner heretofore provided by law for similar  
21 cases.

Sec. 19. JURISDICTION OF SUPREME COURT.] The Supreme Court shall have

2 original jurisdiction in cases relating to the revenue, in *mandamus* and *habeas*  
3 *corpus*, and appellate jurisdiction in all other cases, such jurisdiction to be ex-  
4 ercised in the manner prescribed, from time to time, by law, or by the rules of  
5 said court adopted in conformity with law.

Sec. 20. JURISDICTION OF APPELLATE COURTS.] The Appellate Courts shall

2 have jurisdiction of appeals from and writs of error to inferior courts, such  
3 jurisdiction to be exercised in such cases and in such manner as may be pre-  
4 scribed, from time to time, by law or by rules of court adopted in conformity  
5 with law.

Sec. 21. POWERS OF COURTS.] The Supreme Court and the Appellate

2 Courts shall have power to issue all such process and to enter all such orders,  
3 judgments and decrees as may be necessary or proper for the effective exercise  
4 of their respective jurisdictions.

Sec. 22. TERMS OF COURT.] Until the first day of July, 1914, terms of the  
 2 Supreme Court shall be held at the place provided therefor in the city of  
 3 Springfield on the first Tuesday in October, December, February, April and  
 4 June of each year and until said date the terms of the Appellate Courts shall  
 5 be held in the several districts as follows: In the First District at the city  
 6 of Chicago on the first Tuesdays in March and October in each year; in the  
 7 Second District at Ottawa, LaSalle county, on the first Tuesdays in April  
 8 and October in each year; in the Third District at Springfield on the first Tues-  
 9 days of April and October in each year and in the Fourth District at Mount  
 10 Vernon on the fourth Tuesdays in March and October in each year.

Sec. 23. FEES OF CLERK OF SUPREME COURT.] The fees of the clerk of the  
 2 Supreme Court shall be as follows:

3 *First*—ACTION WITHIN ORIGINAL JURISDICTION, APPEAL OR WRIT OF ERROR.]  
 4 For each action within the original jurisdiction of the court and for each appeal  
 5 from the writ of error to an inferior court, to be paid by the party commencing  
 6 the original action at the time of the commencement thereof, or by the party  
 7 appealing or applying for an appeal at the time of his first appearance, or by  
 8 the party suing out the writ of error at the time the same is sued out, which  
 9 fee shall be in full for all services to be rendered by said clerk for both par-  
 10 ties, including a certified copy of the opinion of the court to be furnished to  
 11 each party, or to each group of parties, entering a separate appearance, not  
 12 including services for which special provision as to fees is made by this Act,  
 13 the sum of twenty dollars (\$20): *Provided, however,* that the court may in any  
 14 action, whether within its original jurisdiction or within its appellate jurisdic-  
 15 tion, order that an advance payment of costs be waived in favor of any poor  
 16 person whose financial circumstances as made to appear to the court are such  
 17 that an advance payment of costs would be unduly burdensome or oppressive:  
 18 *And, provided, further,* that, whenever in any criminal action the judgment of  
 19 the inferior court is reversed, the clerk's fees paid by the party prosecuting the  
 20 writ of error shall be refunded to him by the clerk.



21       *Second*—CERTIFIED COPY.] For making and certifying, when directed by  
22 either party, a complete record in any action, or any portion of such record,  
23 for each one hundred (100) words ten (10) cents.

24       *Third*—TYPEWRITTEN COPY.] For making a typewritten copy uncertified of  
25 any paper, record, or portion thereof, in any action, whether pending or deter-  
26 mined, in said court, four (4) cents for each one hundred (100) words and two  
27 (2) cents for each one hundred (100) words of each carbon copy thereof.

Sec. 24. FEES OF CLERK OF APPELLATE COURT.] The fees of each clerk of an  
2 Appellate Court shall be as follows:

3       *First*—APPEAL OR WRIT OF ERROR.] For each appeal from or writ of error  
4 to an inferior court to be paid by the party appealing or applying for an ap-  
5 peal at the time of his first appearance, or by the party suing out the writ of  
6 error at the time the same is sued out, which fee shall be in full for all ser-  
7 vices to be rendered by said clerk for both parties, including a certified copy of  
8 the opinion of the Appellate Court to be furnished to each party, or to each  
9 group of parties, entering a separate appearance, not including services for  
10 which special provision as to fees is made by this section, the sum of twenty  
11 dollars (\$20): *Provided, however*, that the court may, in any action, order that  
12 an advance payment of costs be waived in favor of any poor person whose  
13 financial circumstances as made to appear to the court are such that an ad-  
14 vance payment of costs would be unduly burdensome or oppressive: *And, pro-*  
15 *vided, further*, that whenever, in any criminal action, the judgment of the in-  
16 ferior court is reversed, the clerk's fees paid by the party prosecuting the writ of  
17 error shall be refunded to him by the clerk.

18       *Second*—CERTIFIED COPY.] For making and certifying, when directed by  
19 either party, a complete record in any action or any portion of such record,  
20 excepting when the same is for the purpose of an appeal to or writ of error  
21 from the Supreme Court, for each one hundred (100) words, fifteen (15)  
22 cents.

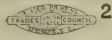
23       *Third*—AUTHENTICATED RECORD.] For certifying the authenticated record  
 24 of the inferior court and making up and certifying the orders, judgments  
 25 and decrees of the Appellate Court for the purpose of an appeal to or writ of  
 26 error from the Supreme Court in each case, five dollars (\$5).

27       *Fourth*—TYPE-WRITTEN COPY. For making a type-written copy, uncertified,  
 28 of any paper, record or portion thereof, in any action, whether pending or de-  
 29 termined, in said court, four (4) cents for each one hundred (100) words and  
 30 two (2) cents for each one hundred (100) words of each carbon copy thereof.

Sec. 25. ROOMS, ETC., FOR COURTS.] The court rooms heretofore used by the  
 2 Appellate Courts in the Second, Third and Fourth districts shall continue to  
 3 be used for holding the Appellate Courts of said districts and, excepting as  
 4 may otherwise be provided by law, the judges assigned to hold the Appellate  
 5 Court in the First district may rent suitable rooms in the city of Chicago for  
 6 the holding of said court and for the use of the officers thereof and may pro-  
 7 vide all necessary furniture therefor and for the safe keeping of the records  
 8 of said court, and the accounts therefor shall be certified by the judges of said  
 9 court, or any two or more of them, to the Auditor of Public Accounts and shall  
 10 be paid out of the appropriation that shall be made therefor.

Sec. 26. DISPOSITION OF PENDING ACTIONS IN APPELLATE COURTS.] The Ap-  
 2 pellate Courts provided for by this Act shall be deemed the successors of the  
 3 Appellate Courts and branch Appellate Courts of the First, Second, Third and  
 4 Fourth districts heretofore organized and all actions and proceedings pending  
 5 in said Appellate Courts at the time of the taking effect of this Act shall be con-  
 6 ducted and the records thereof shall be kept until the final determination there-  
 7 of, including appeals, writ of error and writs of certiorari to review the orders,  
 8 judgments and decrees therein, in all respects in accordance with the laws here-  
 9 tofore in force in relation to said courts.

Sec. 27. REPEAL.] All Acts and parts of Acts in conflict herewith are  
 2 hereby repealed.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Igoe, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

## A BILL

For an Act to provide for the setting apart, formation, administration and disbursement of a park police pension fund.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That whenever any persons have been  
3 or may be appointed or otherwise selected as commissioners or officers and  
4 constitute a board of park commissioners for any one or more towns, wheth-  
5 er said towns have heretofore existed or now exist under and in pursuance  
6 of any Act or Acts of the General Assembly of this State, for the purpose of  
7 locating, establishing, enclosing, improving or maintaining any public park,  
8 boulevard, driveway, highway or other public work or improvement, and such  
9 board of park commissioners shall have established a police force or depart-  
10 ment of police under the employ of such board of park commissioners, there  
11 shall be created, maintained and disbursed in the manner prescribed in this  
12 Act a pension fund for such policemen.

Sec. 2. A board, composed of five members, residents of such one or more  
2 towns, to be chosen as hereinafter provided, shall be and constitute a board of  
3 trustees to provide for the handling and disbursement of said fund or funds



4 and designate the beneficiaries thereof, as herein directed, and shall be known  
5 as the board of trustees of the Police Pension Fund of the Park Board of  
6 Commissioners of such one or more towns. Three shall be appointed by the  
7 president of the Board of Park Commissioners of such one or more towns.

8 Those members of said board of trustees who were heretofore appointed  
9 under and by virtue of an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the setting  
10 apart, formation, administration and disbursement of a park police pension  
11 fund," approved May 23, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, shall serve for the term  
12 for which they were respectively appointed or until such time as their suc-  
13 cessors are appointed and qualified; the successors of any of the foregoing  
14 trustees shall serve for a period of three years each or until such time as their  
15 successors are appointed and qualified. The said three members shall not hold,  
16 during their term of membership on such board, any appointive or elective  
17 political offices or positions. The remaining two members of said board shall  
18 be chosen, one from the active police force of such police department and one  
19 from the body of the pensioners under this Act who shall have been members  
20 of such police department.

21 The members to be chosen from the active police force shall be elected by  
22 ballot at an annual election, at which election all members of the active police  
23 force shall be entitled to vote. The members to be chosen from the body of  
24 pensioners under this Act shall be elected by ballot at an annual election, at  
25 which election all retired policemen who are pensioners under this Act or the  
26 Act aforesaid, and the widows of all deceased pensioners who are pensioners  
27 under this Act and the Act aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote. In the event  
28 there shall be no widow surviving, then the guardian of any children of such  
29 deceased pensioner, where such children are also pensioners, may cast the vote  
30 to which such widow would have been entitled had she survived.

31 Elections shall be held annually on the third Tuesday of July, under the  
32 rules and regulations prescribed by the board of trustees, at such place or  
33 places in such town or towns and under such regulations as shall be prescrib-  
34 ed by the three appointive members of said board: *Provided, however, that*

35 no person entitled to vote under the provisions of this section shall cast more  
36 than one vote at any such election.

37 The members to be elected from the active police force and from the body  
38 of pensioners shall serve for a period of one year or until their successors are  
39 elected and qualified.

40 In the event of the death, resignation or inability to act of any elected  
41 member of said board, the successor of such member shall be elected at a special  
42 election, which shall be called by said board and shall be conducted in the  
43 same manner as are annual elections hereunder. Suitable rooms for offices and  
44 meetings of such board shall be assigned and provided by the Board of Park  
45 Commissioners of such one or more towns.

Sec. 3. Whenever any person shall have been or shall hereafter be ap-  
2 pointed and sworn, either as a probationary or regular policeman, and shall  
3 have served for a period of twenty years or more as such policemen on the  
4 police force of such Board of Park Commissioners, and such policeman  
5 shall have reached the age of fifty (50) years, he may make application to  
6 said board for retirement and said board shall order and direct that such po-  
7 liceman, after his service on such police force shall have ceased, shall be paid  
8 a yearly pension of one-half of the salary attached to the rank which he may  
9 have held on said police force for one year immediately prior to such retire-  
10 ment: *Provided, however,* that the maximum of said pension shall not exceed  
11 the sum of nine hundred (\$900.00) dollars and the minimum be not less than  
12 six hundred (\$600.00) dollars per annum; and after the death of such police-  
13 man, his widow, in case the marriage of such policeman shall have taken place  
14 more than six months prior to the time a pension is granted hereunder, or  
15 natural child or children under sixteen (16) years of age of any such pen-  
16 sioner, shall thereafter be paid the fund herein provided for such husband or  
17 father: *And provided further,* that if such widow remarries the pension herein  
18 provided shall cease.

19 If such widow dies, or if no such widow survives such policeman, then  
 20 the natural child or children of such policeman under the age of sixteen  
 21 (16) years shall receive the same pension as theretofore received by such de-  
 22 ceased father, to be divided equally among them. Pensions paid to children  
 23 shall cease, as to any such child, upon his or her arriving at the age of six-  
 24 teen (16) years.

Sec. 4. Whenever any member of the police force of such Board of Com-  
 2 missioners shall at any time become physically disabled while in and in con-  
 3 sequence of the performance of police duty, said board, upon his written re-  
 4 quest, or without such request, upon the recommendation of the commanding  
 5 officer of police, may retire such policeman from active service, and order and  
 6 direct that he be paid from said fund a yearly pension not exceeding one-half  
 7 of the amount which he may have held in said police force at the time of  
 8 his retirement: *Provided, however,* that the maximum sum of said pension shall  
 9 not exceed nine hundred (\$900.00) dollars per annum and the minimum not less  
 10 than six hundred (\$600.00) dollars per annum: *Provided, however,* that when-  
 11 ever such disability shall cease, the pension shall cease, and such person shall  
 12 thereupon be reinstated in the force in the rank held by him at the time of  
 13 his retirement. On the death of any person so retired, his widow, provided  
 14 the marriage of such policeman shall have taken place prior to the date of  
 15 his becoming so disabled, or natural child or children under the age of sixteen  
 16 (16) years of such deceased pensioner, shall be paid the same pension herein  
 17 provided for such retired husband or father; but nothing herein contained  
 18 shall authorize or warrant payment of any such pension to any such widow  
 19 after she shall have remarried.

20 No policeman shall be retired as provided in this section, or receive any  
 21 benefit from said fund, unless there shall be filed with said board certificates  
 22 of his disability, which shall be subscribed and sworn to by said person and  
 23 by the commanding officer of police and by two practicing physicians of such  
 24 one or more towns, and such board may require other evidence of disability



25 before ordering such retirement and payment as aforesaid. Any policeman re-  
26 tired for disability under this Act may be summoned to submit himself for ex-  
27 amination by said board as to fitness for duty, and shall abide the decision and  
28 order of said board with reference thereto.

Sec. 5. Whenever any member of the police force of such Board of Park  
2 Commissioners shall lose his life while in the performance of police duty,  
3 or shall receive injuries from which he shall thereafter die, leaving a widow  
4 or a natural child or children under the age of sixteen years, then upon  
5 satisfactory proof being made to it, such board shall order and direct that  
6 the pensions described in section 3 hereof, to be paid to widow and children,  
7 shall be paid to such widow and such natural child or children, subject to  
8 the limitations of said section 3: *Provided*, that whenever any such policeman  
9 who has vountarily retired or has been retired under the provisions of this  
10 Act shall then marry, such wife or child or children of such marriage shall not  
11 be entitled to any pension from the fund provided for by this Act.

12 Whenever any policeman shall die after ten (10) years' service, and while  
13 still in the service of such park as a policeman, leaving a widow whom he  
14 married more than six months prior to his demise, or natural child or chil-  
15 dren under the age of sixteen (16) years, then upon satisfactory proof of such  
16 facts made to it, said board shall order and direct that a pension of one-half  
17 the salary attached to the rank which he may have held in said police force  
18 for one year immediately prior to his death, not exceeding the sum of nine  
19 hundred (\$900.00) dollars shall be paid to such widow, or, if there be no widow,  
20 then to such natural child or children until they shall be sixteen (16) years  
21 of age, such pension to cease upon the remarriage of such widow, as provided  
22 above.

23 Whenever any policeman shall after ten (10) years' service and while still  
24 in the service of such town as a policeman, be legally adjudged insane, and  
25 at such time shall have a wife or natural child or children under the age of  
26 sixteen (16) years, said board shall order and direct that a pension of one-half  
27 the salary, not exceeding the sum of nine hundred (\$900.00) dollars shall be

28 paid to such wife, or if there be no wife, then to such natural child or children,  
 29 until they shall be sixteen (16) years of age: *Provided, however,* that if at any  
 30 time it be declared, in manner provided by law, that such person is restored  
 31 to reason, then such pension shall cease, and such person shall, in the discre-  
 32 tion of such board, be reinstated in the department in the rank held by him at  
 33 the time he was legally adjudged to be insane: *And provided, further,* that such  
 34 pension shall cease if such person shall leave or be taken outside of the State  
 35 of Illionis.

Sec. 6. Should any policeman or his heirs receive any compensation or  
 2 allowance from any such Board of Park Commissioners under or in pursu-  
 3 ance of the laws of the United States, or of this State, now or hereafter in  
 4 force, the pensions herein provided for shall be reduced by the amounts so re-  
 5 ceived by such policeman or his heirs, if such compensation or allowance be  
 6 payable in installments if payable otherwise, no pension shall be granted to any  
 7 such policeman, his widow, child or children, until such time as they or any  
 8 of them would have received an equal amount of money under the terms of  
 9 this Act were such other compensation or allowance not awarded them or any  
 10 of them. Whenever any policeman who shall have received any benefit under  
 11 this Act, shall be convicted of felony or shall become an habitual drunkard or a  
 12 non-resident of the United States, or shall fail to submit himself for examina-  
 13 tion as to fitness for duty, as provided for in section 4 hereof, unless excused  
 14 in writing by the board, or shall disobey the requirements of such board in re-  
 15 spect to said examination, then said board shall order that such pension allow-  
 16 ance as may have been granted to such policeman shall cease and determine,  
 17 and such policeman shall receive no further pension allowance or benefit under  
 18 this Act.

Sec. 7. The board herein provided for shall hold quarterly meetings on  
 2 the second Tuesday of July, October, January and April of each year, and  
 3 special meetings upon the call of the president of said board. On the second  
 4 Tuesday of July of each year, it shall select one of its members who shall

5 act as the president of such board for the period of one year or until such time  
6 as his successor is elected and qualified. Said board shall, on the same day,  
7 also select another of its members who shall act as the treasurer and also sec-  
8 retary of said board for the period of one year or until such time as his suc-  
9 cessor is elected and qualified. Said board shall issue certificates signed by  
10 its president and secretary to the policeman entitled thereto of the amount of  
11 money ordered paid to such policemen from said fund by said board, which  
12 certificates shall state for what purpose said payment is made. Said board  
13 shall keep a record of the proceedings of all its meetings, which record shall  
14 be a public record. Said board shall submit quarterly to the Board of Park  
15 Commissioners of such one or more towns a list of persons entitled to payments  
16 from the fund herein provided, stating the amount of such payments, and for  
17 what granted, as ordered by the board, which list shall be signed and certified  
18 to by the treasurer and president of such board and attested by such treasur-  
19 er under oath: *Provided*, that no resolution shall be passed or order made for  
20 the payment of money unless by affirmative vote of a majority of the members of  
21 said board.

Sec. 8. Said pension fund shall consist of amounts of two per cent. per  
2 month retained or deducted from the salary of each member of such police  
3 department, and such other sums as are hereinafter referred to.

4 Said board shall employ one or more competent actuaries to be selected  
5 by the board, whose duty it shall be to determine the amount of money nec-  
6 essary to be provided annually for the purpose of:

- 7 (a) Paying pensions granted under the Act superseded by this Act:  
8 (b) Paying pensions to policemen, (their wives and children entitled  
9 thereto) members of the department of police prior to January 1st, 1916; and  
10 (c) Establishing and maintaining a reserve fund for the payment of pen-  
11 sions to policemen (their widows and children) becoming members of the po-  
12 lice department subsequent to January 1st, 1916.

13 Such actuaries shall report their findings to the board on or before the  
14 2nd day of July of each year. Said board shall certify to the Board of Park



Commissioners respectively on or before the 10th day of July annually, beginning July 1915:

First. The assets in their custody at such time;

Second. The estimated receipts during the next succeeding year (from July 1st to June 30th) from deductions from the salary of policemen as hereinabove provided and from all other sources;

Third. The estimated amount required during said period for:

(a) Paying pensions granted under the Act superseded by this Act;

(b) Paying pensions to police men, (their widows and children entitled thereto) members of the department of police prior to January 1st, 1916; and

(c) Establishing and maintaining a reserve fund for the payment of pensions to policemen, (their widows and children) becoming members of the police department subsequent to January 1st, 1916.

Each of said Board of Park Commissioners shall annually levy a tax (in addition to the taxes now authorized by law) upon all taxable property embraced in the district governed by them respectively at the rate on the dollar of all such taxable property which, when added to the deductions from the salary or wages of policemen and receipts available from all other sources, as hereinabove referred to, will amount to a sufficient sum to meet the annual requirements above referred to and designated as (a), (b) and (c). Said taxes shall be levied and collected with and in like manner as the general taxes of such parks, and the fund arising therefrom shall be known as the "Park Police Pension Fund," which fund shall be used solely for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act; said taxes shall not be included in the aggregate of all taxes to be reduced under the provisions of an Act entitled, "An Act concerning the levy and extending of taxes," approved May 9, 1901, in force July 1, 1901, and Acts amendatory thereto.

The county clerk of the county where such park districts are located, or such officer or officers as are authorized by law to spread or assess taxes for park purposes, or other purposes, shall on receiving certificates from such Boards of Park Commissioners that the amount mentioned in such certificates

46 is necessary for the purpose of paying the liabilities incurred by the operation  
47 of this Act, shall spread and assess such amount upon the taxable property em-  
48 braced in each such park district, the same as other park taxes are by law  
49 spread and assessed, and the same shall be collected and paid over in the same  
50 manner as other park taxes are now required by law to be collected and paid.

51 When such taxes are received by said Boards of Park Commissioners re-  
52 spectively, they shall forthwith be turned over to the treasurer of the said pen-  
53 sion board upon his sole receipt.

54 Any excess remaining at the end of the fiscal year in the possession of  
55 said board shall be credited to the fund for the ensuing year; any deficit  
56 shall be provided for during such ensuing year.

57 Should any such Board of Park Commissioners be without authority to  
58 levy taxes, then the corporate authorities of any such town (meaning the town  
59 supervisor, clerk or assessor thereof) shall perform the duties hereinabove  
60 devolved upon the Board of Park Commissioners.

Sec. 9. In addition to the other powers herein granted, the following fur-  
2 ther powers and authority are hereby conferred upon said board:

3 First. The said board shall have exclusive control and management of the  
4 fund mentioned herein, and of all moneys donated, paid or assessed for the re-  
5 lief or pensioning of disabled, superannuated and retired policemen, their  
6 widows and minor children; the same to be placed by the treasurer of such  
7 board to the credit of such fund subject to the order of such board;

8 Second. All rewards, moneys, gifts, fees or emoluments that may be paid  
9 or given for, or on account of extraordinary service for said police force or  
10 by any policeman, except when allowed to be retained by said policeman or  
11 given to endow a medal or other competitive reward, shall be paid into said  
12 pension fund. Said board may take by gift, grant, devise or bequest any moneys,  
13 real estate, personal property, right of property or other valuable thing;

14 Third. Said board shall have the power to draw such pension fund from  
15 the treasurer or other officials of such Board of Park Commissioners, and

may invest such fund, or any part thereof, in the name of the board of trustees of the police pension fund, in interest bearing bonds of the United States, of the State of Illinois, or of any county of this State, or of any township or any municipal corporation of the State of Illinois, and all such securities shall be deposited with the treasurer of said board and shall be subject to the order of said board; said treasurer of said board shall furnish a good and sufficient bond to said board in an amount to be fixed by said board, all costs, incidental to the same, to be paid out of said pension fund.

Fourth. To compel witnesses to attend and testify before it upon all matters connected with the operation of this Act, in the same manner as is or may be provided by law for the taking of testimony before masters in chancery, and its president, or any member of said board, may administer oaths to such witnesses;

Fifth. To appoint a clerk and define his duties;

Sixth. To provide for the payment from said funds of all its necessary expenses, including clerk hire, printing and witness fees: *Provided*, that no compensation or emolument shall be paid to any member of said board for any duty required or performed under this Act: *And, provided further*, that the interest on said fund or any portion thereof shall be credited thereto and no portion thereof shall be retained by the treasurer of said board;

Seventh. To make all necessary rules and regulations for its guidance, in conformity with the provisions of this Act;

Sec. 10. On the third Tuesday in May of each year, the treasurer and all other officials of such Board of Park Commissioners, who have had the custody or possession of any of such pension funds herein provided, shall make a sworn statement to the board of trustees of such police pension fund, and to the Board of Park Commissioners, of all moneys received and paid out by such official on account of said pension fund during the year, and of the amount of said funds then on hand and owing to said pension fund. All surplus then remaining on said official's hands shall be paid by him to the treasurer of said pension board: *And, provided further*, any such official shall at any and all



10 times upon demand by said pension board furnish to said board statements or  
11 information of any kind relative to said official's method of collection or hand-  
12 ling of said pension funds: *And, provided, further,* that all books and records  
13 of such official shall be produced at any time by said official for examination  
14 and inspection by said board of pension trustees, for the purposes herein pro-  
15 vided.

Sec. 11. All persons who, upon the taking effect of this Act, are receiving  
2 any benefits under an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the setting apart,  
3 formation, administration and disbursement of a park police pension fund," ap-  
4 proved May 23rd, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, shall receive no further payments  
5 or benefits under said Act, but shall in lieu thereof be entitled to the benefits  
6 provided for in this Act, the intention being that this Act shall supersede the  
7 aforesaid Act, but that neither pensions granted thereunder nor the amounts  
8 thereof shall in anywise be affected.

9 An Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the setting apart, formation, ad-  
10 ministration and disbursement of a park police pension fund," approved May  
11 23, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, is hereby expressly repealed.

12 All moneys, fines and penalties in the possession of any such board of  
13 trustees created by the provisions of the Act aforesaid, or to which any such  
14 board may be by law entitled, shall, upon the taking effect of this Act, become  
15 the property, for the uses and purposes herein set forth, of the board herein  
16 provided for.

17 Whereupon said board first above referred to shall be and hereby is dis-  
18 solved and abrogated: *Provided,* that all legal proceedings instituted by, or in  
19 the name of, or against said board shall be continued without abatement either  
20 in the name of said board or in the name by which they are instituted or con-  
21 ducted.

22 All pensions granted under this Act and every portion thereof shall be  
23 exempt from attachment or garnishment processes and shall not be seized,  
24 taken, subjected to, detained or levied upon by virtue of any execution or any

25 processes or proceedings whatsoever issued out of or by any court in this State  
26 for the payment and satisfaction, in whole or in part, of any debt, claim, damage,  
27 demand or judgment against any pensioner hereunder, and no pensioner shall  
28 have the right to transfer or assign his or her pension, or any part thereof,  
29 either by way of mortgage or otherwise.

30       This Act shall not be in force and effect until the Boards of Park Com-  
31 missioners of such one or more towns and the corporate authorities above  
32 referred to shall each have expressed their consent thereto by resolution or  
33 otherwise, and have recorded the evidence of such consent in the office of the  
34 recorder of deeds in the county in which such town or towns are located: *Pro-*  
35 *vided, however,* that thereafter this Act shall continue in force and effect until  
36 amended or repealed by the General Assembly.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Kane, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Temperance.

A BILL

For an Act to amend sections 12 and 13 of an Act entitled, “An Act to provide for the creation by popular vote of anti-saloon territory within which the sale of intoxicating liquor and the licensing of such sale shall be prohibited, and for the abolition by like means of territory so created,” approved May 16, 1907, in force July 1, 1907.

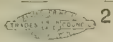
SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That sections 12 and 13 of the Act entitled, “An Act to provide for the creation by popular vote of anti-saloon territory, within which the sale of intoxicating liquor and the licensing of such sale shall be prohibited, and for the abolition by like means of territory so created,” approved May 16, 1907, in force July 1, 1907, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 12. Whoever shall, by himself or another, either as principal, clerk or servant, directly or indirectly, sell, *keep for sale*, barter or exchange, *or take an order or make an agreement for the sale or delivery* of any intoxicating liquor in any quantity whatever within the limits of any political subdivision or district



12 in this State, while the same is anti- saloon territory, shall, *for each offense*,  
13 be fined not less than twenty dollars (\$20) nor more than one hundred dollars  
14 (\$100) or imprisoned in the county jail for not less than ten (10) days nor more  
15 than thirty (30) days. If any person shall be convicted of violating any provis-  
16 ion of this section and shall subsequently violate any provision of this section  
17 he shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than one hundred dollars  
18 (\$100) nor more than two hundred dollars (\$200) and imprisoned in the county  
19 jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than ninety (90) days, and in  
20 like manner, if he shall subsequently violate any provision of this section, for  
21 such third and each subsequent violation he shall upon conviction thereof, be  
22 fined not less than *five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than one thousand dol-*  
23 *lars (\$1,000) and be imprisoned in the penitentiary not less than two (2) years*  
24 *nor more than five (5) years.*

25       Sec. 13. The giving *away or delivery* of any intoxicating liquor for the  
26 purpose of evading any provision of this Act, or other shift or device to evade  
27 any provision of this Act, shall be held to be an unlawful selling.



1 Introduced by Mr. Kane, March 11, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered and referred to Committee on Fish and Game.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act for the conservation of game, wild fowl, birds and fish in the State of Illinois, for the appointment of a commission and staff for the enforcement thereof and to repeal certain Acts relating thereto," approved June 23, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, by amending sections twenty-nine (29) and thirty-one (31) thereof.

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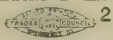
SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act for the conservation of game, wild fowl, birds and fish in the State of Illinois, for the appointment of a commission and staff for the enforcement thereof and to repeal certain Acts relating thereto," approved June 23, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, be and the same is hereby amended by amending sections twenty-nine (29) and thirty-one (31) thereof, so that the said sections when amended shall read as follows:

9       Sec. 29. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to hunt with gun  
10 or dog or allow their dogs to hunt within or upon the lands or premises of an-  
11 other or upon their waters flowing over or standing on said lands or premises

12 without first obtaining from the owner, agent or occupant of said lands or prem-  
13 ises, his, her or their permission so to do, *and it shall also be unlawful for any*  
14 *person or persons to hunt with gun or dog or allow their dogs to hunt within*  
15 *or upon the premises of another or upon the waters flowing over or standing on*  
16 *said lands or premises or on the highways, either with or without permission*  
17 *on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday.*

18       Sec. 31. Any person convicted of violating section twenty-nine (29) of this  
19 Act shall be fined in a sum of not less than five (5) dollars and not to exceed  
20 fifteen (15) dollars, *shall forfeit his hunting license* and shall stand committed  
21 to the county jail until such fine and costs are fully paid.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Kessinger, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, “An Act for the assessment of property and providing the means thereof, and to repeal a certain Act therein named,” approved February 25, 1898, in force July 1, 1898, by amending section nine (9) thereof, and by adding four new sections, to be known as sections 9a, 9b, 9c and 9d, thereto.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, “An Act for the assessment of property and providing the means thereof and to repeal a certain Act therein named,” approved February 25, 1898, in force July 1, 1898, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section nine (9) thereof so that said section nine (9) shall read, when amended, as herein inserted at length; and further amended by adding thereto four new sections to be known as section 9a, section 9b, section 9c, and section 9d, as inserted at length herein.

Sec. 9. All real property, subject to taxation under the general revenue laws of the State, including real estate becoming taxable for the first time, shall be listed in the name of the owner or *owners holding title thereto or in the pos-*

session thereof, by such owners or owner or persons required by law, or their agents, or the officers provided by law and assessed for the year One Thousand Eight Hundred Ninety-nine (1899) and every fourth year thereafter, with reference to the amount owned on the first day of April in the year in which the same is assessed, including all property purchased on that day, which assessment shall be known as the general assessment, and as modified or equalized or changed as provided by law shall be the assessment upon which taxes shall be levied and extended during the quadrennial period for which the same is made: *Provided*, that no assessment of real property shall be considered as illegal by reason of the same not being listed or assessed in the name of the owner or owners thereof.

Sec. 9a. *It shall be the duty of the owner or owners of real property, subject to taxation, when listing such property for taxation, to note the existence of any mortgage or mortgages on such property given to secure the payment of a fixed and certain sum of money, the amount remaining unpaid thereon, the name and address of the person or persons to whom the same is payable, and if payable or customarily paid to an agent or representative of the mortgagee or mortgagees, the name and address of such agent or representative. Except as provided in the three following sections, mortgagors of real estate shall, for the purpose of taxation, be deemed the owners until the mortgagee takes possession, after which the mortgagee shall be deemed the owner.*

Sec. 9b. *If any person has an interest in real estate, not exempt from taxation, as holder of a duly recorded mortgage given to secure the payment of a fixed and certain sum of money, the amount of his interest as mortgagee, shall be assessed as real estate in the place where the land lies; and the mortgagor shall be assessed only for the value of such real estate after deducting the assessed value of the interest therein of such mortgagee. If such estate be situated in two or more places, the amount of the mortgagee's interest to be assessed in each place shall be proportioned to the assessed value of the mortgaged real estate*

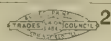
41 *in the respective places, deducting therefrom taxable amounts of prior mort-*  
42 *gages, if any, thereon.*

43       Sec. 9c. *If the holder of such mortgage fails to file in the assessor's office a*  
44 *statement under oath of all of his estate liable to taxation under the preced-*  
45 *ing section, including a statement of the full amount remaining unpaid upon such*  
46 *mortgage and of his interest therein, the amount stated in the mortgage shall be*  
47 *conclusive as to the extent of such interest; but his interest in such real estate*  
48 *shall not be assessed at a greater sum than the fair cash valuation of the land*  
49 *and the structures thereon or affixed thereto.*

50       Sec. 9d. *Mortgagors and mortgagees referred to in the preceding sections*  
51 *shall, for the purpose of taxation, be deemed joint owners until the mortgagee*  
52 *takes possession; and until such possession is taken by a first mortgagee, the*  
53 *assessor or collector of taxes, upon application, shall give to any such mort-*  
54 *gagee or mortgagor, a tax bill showing the whole tax on the mortgaged estate*  
55 *and the amount included in the valuation thereof as the interest of each mort-*  
56 *gagee and of the mortgagor respectively. If the first mortgagee is in possession,*  
57 *he shall be deemed sole owner and any other mortgagee in possession shall be*  
58 *deemed joint owner with prior mortgagees.*







1. Introduced by Mr. LePage, March 11, 1915.
2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriation.

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## A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation of the sum of three thousand, six hundred and eleven dollars and ten cents (\$3,611.10) to the widow of Alonzo K. Vickers, deceased, late justice of the supreme court of Illinois.

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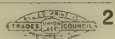
SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of three thousand, six hun-  
3 dred and eleven dollars and ten cents (\$3,611.10) be and the same is hereby  
4 appropriated to Leora E. Vickers, widow of Alonzo K. Vickers, deceased, late  
5 justice of the supreme court of the First Judicial District in the State of Illi-  
6 nois, said amount being the salary which the said Alonzo K. Vickers would  
7 have received had he lived during the remainder of his term of office.

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed  
2 to draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer for the sum herein appropriated  
3 in favor of the said Leora E. Vickers.







1. Introduced by Mr. Madsen, March 11, 1915.
2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act prohibiting employers from inducing persons to enter into contracts of employment, by false representations, false advertisements or false pretenses or without disclosing the existence of strikes, lock outs or labor troubles, and fixing criminal penalties and civil liabilities for the violation thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That any employer and any agent, or  
3 representative of such employer who shall induce or attempt to induce any per-  
4 son or persons to enter into any contract or agreement of employment by false  
5 pretenses, false representations or false advertisements, knowing the same to  
6 be false, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punished as in this Act pro-  
7 vided.

Sec. 2. Any employer and any and all agents and representatives of such  
2 employer, at whose place or places of business strikes, lockouts or other sim-  
3 ilar labor troubles exist who shall induce or attempt to induce any person or  
4 persons to work at such place or places of business, or to enter into any con-

5 tract or agreement to work at such place or places of business or to come to  
6 to such place or places of business to work thereat, during the existence of  
7 such strike, lockout or other labor trouble without having informed such person  
8 or persons of such strike, lockout or labor trouble, shall be deemed to have made  
9 false representations and shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction  
10 thereof shall be fined as herein provided.

Sec. 3. Every employer and every agent or representative of such em-  
2 ployer who shall violate any provisions of any section of this Act, shall, upon  
3 conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not to exceed two thousand dollars  
4 (\$2,000.00).

Sec. 4. For any violation of any of the provisions of any section of this  
2 Act a right of action shall accrue to any person sustaining loss or damage, either  
3 directly or indirectly thereby, for the recovery of all such loss or damage.



1 Introduced by Mr. Mason, March 11, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act relating to private detectives.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That any person who, for himself or as  
3 agent or officer of any firm, joint stock company or corporation, shall use or  
4 employ or aid or assist in employing any body of armed men to act as militia-  
5 men, policemen or peace officers for the protection of persons or property for  
6 the suppression of strikes, whether such armed men be employees of detective  
7 agencies, so-called, or otherwise, they not being authorized by the laws of this  
8 State to act in any such capacity, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one  
9 thousand dollars or by imprisonment in the State prison not less than one  
10 year or more than three years, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

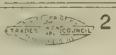
Sec. 2. It shall also be unlawful to institute or keep any private detective

2 office for the purpose of keeping or letting out any armed force for hire or re-  
3 ward. And it shall be unlawful for any person or persons, company, associa-  
4 tion or corporation, to keep or let any armed force for hire; but all armed forces  
5 shall be citizens of the United States of America and shall be subject to the po-



6 lice authorities created by law; and under the control of the State or municipal-  
7 ity. No person shall be appointed as a detective, spy or secret agent by any  
8 municipal authority who is not a citizen of the United States of America and  
9 has been a continuous resident of the State for one year next preceding such  
10 appointment. But nothing herein contained shall prevent the employment of  
11 any detective resident or non-resident, by any person or corporation, municipi-  
12 pal or otherwise, to obtain information as to the commission of any crime, and  
13 to report upon the same, but without any authority to make arrests or bear  
14 arms.

15 Any person or persons, company, association or corporation who violates  
16 the provisions of this section shall be punished by a fine of one thousand dol-  
17 lars (\$1,000.00) or by imprisonment in the State prison for three years.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. McGloon, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Public Utilities and Transportation.

A BILL

For an Act to promote the safety of travelers and employees upon railroads operating within the State of Illinois by providing the minimum number of men to be employed in the business of operating switch engines, engaged in the business of switching cars regulating their qualifications and providing a penalty for the violation of any of the provisions of this Act and providing for the enforcement thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That it shall be unlawful for any person or corporation engaged in operating standard gauge railroad switch engines in any yards or terminals in cities or towns within the State of Illinois to operate such engines in the business of switching cars or making up or breaking up trains with less than a full crew, consisting of not less than one (1) engineer, one (1) fireman, one (1) foreman, and two (2) helpers. The foreman and at least one (1) helper who shall have had at least one year actual experience in train or engine service.

Sec. 2. In case a vacancy occurs in any such crew, caused by one or more  
2 of the members of such crew becoming disabled or incapacitated while in the  
3 performance of their duties, then and in that case such vacancy shall be filled  
4 without unnecessary delay, but the remaining members of such crew, if fully  
5 competent to proceed with the work or business in hand, shall be permitted to  
6 run and operate such switch engine, and the cars connected therewith, for a per-  
7 iod of time not to exceed six (6) hours from the time such vacancy occurs.

Sec. 3. Nothing in this Act shall be construed which will prevent any  
2 common carrier by railroad, corporation or receiver for such company or cor-  
3 poration doing business in the State of Illinois from adding to or increasing its  
4 switching crews beyond the number set out in this Act.

Sec. 4. Nothing in this Act shall apply to wrecking trains in case of ac-  
2 cident or wreck, where a sufficient number of men to comply with this Act are  
3 unavailable for services on said wrecking train, or in emergencies in case of  
4 accident to engine or trainmen on trains between terminals.

Sec. 5. Any common carrier by railroad, corporation, receiver, or receiv-  
2 ers for such common carrier or corporation owning or operating any line or lines  
3 of railroad in the State of Illinois, or any officer, agent or servant of said com-  
4 mon carrier, or corporation, who shall run, cause to be run, or permit to be  
5 run a switch engine not in accordance with this Act, shall be deemed guilty  
6 of a misdemeanor; and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in any sum not  
7 to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500.00) and not less than one hundred dollars  
8 (\$100.00), or imprisonment in the county jail for a term of not less than three  
9 (3) months, nor more than six (6) months, or both such fine and imprisonment,  
10 at the discretion of the court, and the running or allowing to be run of each  
11 switching engine in the business of switching cars in violation of the provisions  
12 of this Act shall constitute a separate and distinct offense.

Sec. 6. It shall be the duty of the State Public Utilities Commission, upon  
2 complaint of any citizen of the State of Illinois, to enforce the provisions of  
3 this Act.

1. Introduced by Mr. McGloin, March 11, 1915.
2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Public Utilities and Transportation.

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## A BILL

For an Act, regulating the number of freight cars to be hauled in any one train over or upon the tracks of any railroad in the State of Illinois, and providing penalty for violation of same.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That it shall be unlawful for any railroad  
3 corporation, receiver of any railroad corporation or any person or persons op-  
4 erating a railroad in the State of Illinois or for any officer or agent of such cor-  
5 poration to run or operate or cause to operate or cause to permit to be run or  
6 operated within the State of Illinois, any freight train composed of more than  
7 fifty cars, exclusive of caboose and engine.

Sec. 2. That any railroad corporation, receiver of any railroad corporation  
2 or any person or persons operating a railroad in the State of Illinois, violating



any provision of this Act shall, upon conviction thereof be fined a sum of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each separate offense.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the State Public Utilities Commission upon complaint of any citizen of the State of Illinois to enforce the provisions of this Act.



1 Adopted June 9, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 239 by striking out in section 1, line 7, the word

2 “fifty” and insert in lieu thereof the words “seventy-five”.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Pace, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled “An Act to revise the law in relation to roads and bridges,” approved June 27, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, by amending sections 108, 115, and 122, thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act to amend an Act entitled “An Act to revise the law in relation to roads and bridges,” approved June 27, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section 108, section 115 and section 122 thereof, so that the said sections when amended shall read as inserted at length herein:

Sec. 108. PETITION FOR ROAD—NOTICE—ELECTION—VOTE—RATE PER CENT.] On the petition of twenty-five per cent of the land owners who are legal voters of any township to the town clerk thereof, in counties under township organization or road districts in counties not under township organization, to the district clerk, he shall, when giving notice of the time and place for holding the next annual town meeting or road district election, also give notice that a vote will be taken at said election or meeting for or against an annual tax not to

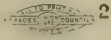


14 exceed one dollar on each one hundred dollars assessed valuation of all the  
 15 taxable property, including railroads in the township or road district, for the  
 16 purpose of constructing and maintaining gravel, rock, macadam or other hard  
 17 roads, *or for improving and maintaining dirt or earth roads to be graded,*  
 18 *drained, dragged or oil treated, applying either to roads to be constructed or re-*  
 19 *paired by the township or road district independently or to State aid roads.* Said  
 20 petition shall state the location and route of the proposed road or roads, and shall  
 21 also state the annual rate per cent not exceeding one dollar on each one hundred  
 22 dollars, and the number of years not exceeding five, for which said tax shall be  
 23 levied. If in any such petition a special election shall be requested for such pur-  
 24 poses it shall be called in the manner provided for calling special elections in  
 25 section 112 of this Act.

24 Sec. 115. SURVEYS, ESTIMATES, ETC.] Whenever it shall be voted to con-  
 25 struct, gravel, rock macadam or other hard roads *or to improve dirt or earth*  
 26 *roads and to oil treat the same or to oil treat roads* in any township or district  
 27 it shall be the duty of the county superintendent of highways of the county in  
 28 which said township so voting is located to at once survey (or cause to be  
 29 surveyed) the route of the road thus to be improved and to prepare suitable  
 30 maps, plans, specifications, and estimates of the cost of the proposed improve-  
 31 ment. The county superintendent of highways shall divide the same into con-  
 32 venient sections, each of which shall be numbered. The county superintendent  
 33 of highways, upon the completion of said maps, plans, specifications and esti-  
 34 mates, shall file one copy of the same with the town or district clerk of the  
 35 township wherein the proposed road is to be constructed and one copy with the  
 36 commissioners of highways of said township, *and in case of State aid road con-*  
 37 *struction or improvement the county superintendent of highways shall also file*  
 38 *copies of such maps, plans, specifications and estimates with the State High-*  
 39 *way Commissioners and the same shall be acted upon in the manner provided*  
 40 *in sections 12, 13 and 14 of Article IV of this Act.*

40       Sec. 122. CONSTRUCTION OF ROAD—MATERIAL.] The commissioners and the  
41 county superintendent of highways may, in their discretion, cause the road to  
42 be constructed wholly of earth, and by a thorough system of tile and other  
43 drainage, when gravel, stone and other suitable hard materials can not be ob-  
44 tained at a cost within the means in the hands of the commissioners *or oil treat*  
45 *earth roads.*





1 Adopted March 23, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

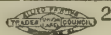
Amend House Bill No. 240 by striking out in line 18½ of the printed bill the  
2 words, "Independently or to State aid roads."

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 240 by striking out in line 38 and 39 of the printed  
2 bill the words, "and the same shall be acted upon in the manner provided in  
3 sections 12, 13 and 14 of article IV of this Act."







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Perkins, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation to Alice A. Ingham, executrix of the estate of George K. Ingham of DeWitt County, Illinois, to reimburse her for a sum of money paid in error through the county treasurer of DeWitt County to the State Treasurer of Illinois.

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WHEREAS, Alice A. Ingham of DeWitt County, Illinois, widow of George K. Ingham, deceased, in her capacity as executrix of the estate of her deceased husband, on the 11th day of November, 1914, paid to William M. Price, county treasurer of DeWitt County, the sum of \$657.90 as the inheritance tax on the estate of her husband, and

WHEREAS, Said inheritance tax was erroneously computed at the rate of two per cent instead of one per cent, and

WHEREAS, Said sum of \$657.90, less the county treasurer's commission, was by said county treasurer immediately turned over to the State of Illinois, less the fee of the county treasurer amounting to \$13.16, so that the total amount remitted to the State was \$644.74, that being \$322.37 paid to the State of Illinois in excess of the amount due for inheritance tax on said estate, and

13       WHEREAS, Said Alice A. Ingham filed her petition in the county court of  
14 DeWitt County, asking that this error be corrected and the county judge of  
15 said county, the Hon. Frederick C. Hill, entered an order finding that the estate  
16 should have been taxed at the rate of one per cent instead of two per cent, and  
17 that said judgment was entered within two years of the date of the filing of  
18 this order to-wit, on November 12, A. D. 1914; he further finds that there is now  
19 due and owing Alice A. Ingham, executrix, the amount of said error paid, the  
20 sum of \$328.94. The statement of the Hon. Andrew Russel, State Treasurer,  
21 hereto appended, shows that the records of the State Treasurer's office show that  
22 there was received from the county treasurer of DeWitt County, Illinois, the  
23 inheritance tax receipt of George K. Ingham's estate, dated November 11,  
24 1914, for the amount of \$657.90, and that on November 12, 1914, there was re-  
25 ceived from said County Treasurer the sum of \$644.74, and that the county  
26 treasurer's commission was \$13.16, making the total \$657.90;

27       WHEREAS, The original receipt of W. M. Price, county treasurer of DeWitt  
28 County, countersigned by William Ryan, Jr., Treasurer of the State of Illinois,  
29 and under the seal of the State Treasurer's office, is hereto appended, also the  
30 written statement of Hon. Andrew Russel, State Treasurer, under date of  
31 March 5, 1915, is hereto appended showing the payment of the funds herein set  
32 forth and also the order of the county judge of DeWitt County. Now, there-  
33 fore,

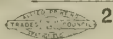
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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That for the purpose of reimbursing  
3 Alice A. Ingham, executrix of the estate of George K. Ingham, her deceased

4 husband, for the sum of \$322.37, paid in error by her through the erroneous  
5 computation of the tax rate at two per cent instead of one per cent, there is  
6 hereby appropriated to the said Alice A. Ingham, executrix, out of the funds  
7 in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$322.37. The Au-  
8 ditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant  
9 upon the State Treasurer for the sum hereby appropriated in favor of said  
10 Alice A. Ingham, executrix, and the State Treasurer is hereby authorized and  
11 directed to pay the same.







1. Introduced by Mr. Pierson, March 11, 1915.
2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to the commitment and detention of lunatics, and to provide for the appointment and removal of conservators, and to repeal certain Acts therein named," approved June 21, 1893, in force July 1, 1893.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That sections twenty-two (22) and twenty-five (25) of an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to the commitment and detention of lunatics and to provide for the appointment and removal of conservators, and to repeal certain Acts therein named," approved June 21, 1893, in force July 1, 1893, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:*

Sec. 22. *When any person who has been confined as insane shall in the judgment of the superintendent of the institution in which he is confined, be restored to his reason, or has recovered from the attack of insanity, such superintendent shall apply to the county court of the county in which said patient was adjudged insane, for his discharge.*

Sec. 25. *It shall be the duty of the court to which any such application, as*  
 2 *provided in the foregoing section, is made, to cause a jury to be summoned, to*  
 3 *try the question as to whether said patient has been restored to his reason, or*  
 4 *has recovered from the attack of insanity. And if such jury return in their*  
 5 *verdict that such person has been restored to his reason or has recovered from*  
 6 *the attack of insanity, then the court shall enter an order discharging said pa-*  
 7 *tient from further custody; in the event such patient has been restored to his*  
 8 *reason or has recovered from the attack of insanity, the court shall enter an*  
 9 *order restoring the patient in question to all of his rights as a citizen, and if a*  
 10 *conservator of his estate shall have been appointed, said conservator shall be*  
 11 *removed, and thereafter the said patient shall not be liable to be again com-*  
 12 *mitted to any hospital or asylum for the insane without a new inquest in his*  
 13 *case. Provided, that in any case where a patient has so far improved as to be*  
 14 *capable of taking care of himself, or because the friends of the patient request*  
 15 *his release from said institution, and in the judgment of the superintendent*  
 16 *no evil consequence is likely to follow such release, the superintendent may*  
 17 *apply to the said county court for the release upon parole of said patient; and*  
 18 *it shall be the duty of the court to which any such application is made, to cause*  
 19 *a jury to be summoned to try the question as to whether said patient is so far*  
 20 *improved as to be capable of caring for himself, or in cases where the friends*  
 21 *of said patient have requested his release as to whether any evil consequences*  
 22 *are likely to follow said release; and if such jury return in their verdict that*  
 23 *said patient has so far improved as to be capable of taking care of himself, or*  
 24 *that no evil consequences will result from his release on parole, then the court*  
 25 *shall enter an order paroling said patient for such length of time as the court may*  
 26 *determine, and upon the further condition that said patient, or the person to*  
 27 *whom he is paroled, shall during the time of his parole report to the clerk of*  
 28 *said court at such intervals as the court may determine giving a particular ac-*  
 29 *count of the condition of said patient. And provided further that the patients*  
 30 *so temporarily released upon parole shall at all times until receipt of their final*

31 discharge be considered in the legal custody of the superintendent of said in-  
32 stitution from which they were paroled, and subject at any time to be taken  
33 back within the encolsure of said institution whenever in the judgment of the  
34 court the patient's condition is such as to make his confinement necessary.

35 In all such cases the jury shall consist of not less than three nor more than  
36 six persons, and three of the jurors must be qualified physicians or alienists, and  
37 the proceedings shall conform in all respects as nearly as may be to the ordin-  
38 ary practice of the county court.

40 The court if not satisfied with the findings of the jury may set the same  
41 aside and dismiss the proceedings or order another trial.

42 Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to insane persons or  
43 persons supposed to be insane who are in custody on a criminal charge.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Rinehart, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

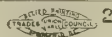
## A BILL

For an Act to amend section five of "An Act concerning circuit courts, and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties in the judicial circuits in the State of Illinois, exclusive of the county of Cook," approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, as amended by an Act of the General Assembly approved June 26, 1885, in force July 1, 1885, and as amended by an Act of the General Assembly, approved June 21, 1895, and in force July 1, 1895, and as amended by an Act of the General Assembly approved June 11, 1897, and in force July 1, 1897, and as amended by an Act of the General Assembly, approved April 7, 1905, and in force July 1, 1905, and as amended by an Act of the General Assembly, approved June 10, 1909, in force July 1, 1909.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section 5 of an Act entitled, "An  
3 Act concerning circuit courts and to fix the time for holding the same in the sev-  
4 eral counties in the judicial circuits of the State of Illinois, exclusive of the  
5 county of Cook," approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, as amended by  
6 an Act of the General Assembly, approved June 26, 1885, in force July 1, 1885,

7 and as amended by an Act of the General Assembly, approved June 21, 1895,  
 8 in force July 1, 1895, and as amended by an Act of the General Assembly, ap-  
 9 proved June 11, 1897, in force July 1, 1897, and as amended by an Act of the  
 10 General Assembly, approved April 7, 1905, in force July 1, 1905, and as amend-  
 11 ed by an Act of the General Assembly, approved June 10, 1909, and in force  
 12 July 1, 1909, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

13       Sec. 5. FOURTH DISTRICT.] In the county of Marion, on the second Monday  
 14 of January and the fourth Mondays of April and September: *Provided*, that no  
 15 grand jury shall be summoned for the January term of Marion county. In the  
 16 county of Clinton, on the second Mondays of May and November; in the county  
 17 of Clay, on the second Mondays of March and September; in the county of Fay-  
 18 ette, on the second Mondays of February and May, and the Fourth Monday of  
 19 August; in the County of Effingham, on the third Mondays of March and Octo-  
 20 ber; in the county of Jasper, on the second Mondays of April and October; in the  
 21 county of Montgomery, on the third Monday of January and the first Mondays of  
 22 April and November; in the county of Shelby, on the fourth Monday of March  
 23 and the first Monday of June and the second Monday of November; in the coun-  
 24 ty of Christian, on the second Monday of March and the fourth Mondays of  
 25 August and November: *Provided*, in the June term in Shelby county shall have  
 26 no juries summoned, unless the same is done on the written order of the judge,  
 27 made thirty days prior to the first day of the term: *Provided*, that all suits,  
 28 writs and processes of every kind and nature, either civil or criminal, hereto-  
 29 fore commenced or pending in the circuit court of Clinton County, or that may  
 30 be pending therein at the time this Act takes effect, shall be cognizable and  
 31 triable at the first term after this Act goes into force and effect.



1. Introduced by Mr. F. J. Ryan, (by request), March 11, 1915.
2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, “An Act to provide for the formation and disbursement of a public school employee’s pension fund in cities having a population exceeding one hundred thousand inhabitants,” approved May 15, 1903, in force July 1, 1903, to be amended to read as follows:

An Act to provide for the formation and disbursement of a public school employees’ pension fund in cities having a population exceeding one hundred thousand inhabitants.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the board of education in cities  
3 having a population exceeding one hundred thousand inhabitants shall have the  
4 power, and it shall be its duty, to create a public school employees’ pension  
5 fund which shall consist of amounts retained or paid in from the salaries or  
6 wages of employees, as hereinafter provided, which amounts shall be deducted  
7 in equal installments from such salaries or wages, at the regular time or times,  
8 of the payment thereof, a subvention by the board of education, and all moneys  
9 derived from any and all other sources whatever,



Sec. 2. The term "employee" under this Act shall include only supervising  
2 and operating engineers, janitors and employees who work in the office of said  
3 board of education, earning over \$49.00 per month.

Sec. 3. The city treasurer, subject to the control and direction of the  
2 board of trustees hereinafter mentioned, shall be the custodian of said pension  
3 fund and shall secure and safely keep the same as well as all funds in his pos-  
4 session heretofore contributed under the provisions of any law relating to the  
5 retiring or pensioning of public school employees, and shall keep books and  
6 accounts concerning said fund, in such manner as may be prescribed by the  
7 said board of trustees, which said books and accounts shall always be subject  
8 to the inspection of said board of trustees, or of any member thereof. The city  
9 treasurer shall, within ten days after his election or appointment execute a  
10 bond to the city good and sufficient sureties, in such penal sum as the said board  
11 of trustees shall direct, which said bond shall be approved by the said board of  
12 trustees, and shall be conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties  
13 of said office, and that he will safely keep and well and truly account for all  
14 moneys belonging to said pension fund, and all interest thereon, which may  
15 come into his hands as such treasurer, and that upon the expiration of his  
16 term of office, or upon his retirement therefrom for any cause, he will surren-  
17 der and deliver over to his successor all unexpended moneys, with such inter-  
18 est as he may have received thereon, and all property which may have come  
19 into his hands as treasurer of said pension fund. Such bonds shall be filed in  
20 the office of clerk of said city, and in case of a breach of the same, or the condi-  
21 tions thereof, suit may be brought on the same in the name of the city for the  
22 use of said board of trustees or of any person or persons injured by such breach.

Sec. 4. The board of education shall annually arrange for the election of a  
2 board of trustees of said pension fund, composed of six members, to be chosen  
3 as hereinafter provided, said board of trustees shall have power, and it shall  
4 be its duty, to administer said fund and to carry out the provisions of this

5 Act, and for the purpose of enabling such board of trustees to perform the  
6 duties imposed and exercise the powers granted by this Act, the board of  
7 trustees, shall be, and is hereby declared to be, a body politic and corporate.

Sec. 5. The said board of trustees shall consist of the president and secre-  
2 tary of the board of education and four employees contributing to said fund.  
3 The president and secretary of the board of education shall be *ex officio* mem-  
4 bers of said board of trustees, and the other members shall be elected by a ma-  
5 jority ballot by the employees contributing to said fund, at the time and for  
6 the terms respectively, as follows, to-wit: At the first election the contributors  
7 of said fund shall elect two of their number to serve for the term of one year,  
8 and two to serve for the term of two years, and annually thereafter said con-  
9 tributors shall elect two of their number to hold office for the term of two  
10 years. No ballots shall be numbered.

Sec. 6. Whenever any elective member of the board of trustees shall cease  
2 to be in the employ of said board of education, his or her membership in said  
3 board of trustees shall cease. Said board of trustees shall have power and  
4 it shall be its duty:

5 (a) To determine the amount which shall be deducted from the salaries  
6 or wages paid to employees for the benefit of said pension fund: *Provided*, the  
7 amount of such deduction shall not be less than twenty-four dollars nor more  
8 than forty-eight dollars per year for each employee: *And, provided, further*,  
9 that no deduction shall be made from the salary or wages of any employee  
10 who receives less than forty-nine dollars per month, nor shall any one who re-  
11 ceives a salary of less than forty-nine dollars per month participate in said fund.

12 (b) To make all payments from said pension fund, pursuant to the provis-  
13 ions of this Act.

14 (c) To administer and invest in their discretion any part of the said pen-  
15 sion fund remaining in the hands of said treasurer.

16 (d) To pay all necessary expenses in connection with the administration of  
17 said fund, and carrying out the provisions of this Act for which provision is  
18 not otherwise made.

19 (e) To determine the amount to be paid as benefits or annuities under  
20 this Act, and to increase or reduce the same in their discretion: *Provided*, that  
21 no benefit shall exceed \$720.00 per year.

22 (f) To take by gift, grant or bequest, or otherwise any money or property  
23 of any kind, and hold the same for the benefit of said fund.

24 (g) To purchase, hold, sell or assign and transfer any of the securities in  
25 which said fund or any part thereof, may be invested.

26 (h) To fill any vacancy or vacancies in said board of trustees until the  
27 next annual election as hereinafter provided.

28 (i) To make and establish all such rules for the transaction of their business  
29 and such other rules, regulations and by-laws as may be necessary for the  
30 proper administration of said fund committed to their charge, and the perform-  
31 ance of the duties imposed upon them.

32 (j) They shall keep full and complete record of their meetings and of the  
33 receipts and disbursements on account of such fund, and also complete lists of  
34 all contributors to said fund, and of all annuitants receiving benefits there-  
35 from, and such other records as in their judgment shall seem necessary, and  
36 shall make and publish annually a full and complete statement of their annual  
37 transactions.

38 (k) Said board shall hear and determine all applications for benefits under  
39 this Act, and shall have power to suspend any annuity whenever, in their  
40 judgment, the disability of such beneficiary has ceased or for other good cause.

41 (l) To compromise, settle or liquidate, any claims against said fund, by  
42 surrendering the contribution or contributions of any individual or individuals,  
43 and make the necessary rules, prescribing the terms under which such settle-  
44 ments may be made, providing there shall be no rule allowing restitution or  
45 deductions from salaries after the contributor shall have become eligible to an  
46 annuity under this Act.



Sec. 7. Any contributor to said fund who shall have attained the age of  
2 fifty-five years, and shall have been in the service of said board of education  
3 for a period of ten years, and shall have contributed to said fund for the same  
4 period, shall have the right to retire and become a beneficiary under this Act,  
5 and to receive such benefit or annuity from said fund as shall be determined  
6 by the rules of said board of trustees.

Sec. 8. Upon the death of any contributor who is not nor has been a bene-  
2 ficiary under this Act, the said board of trustees may pay an amount not ex-  
3 ceeding one year's benefit to the widow, if any, of such deceased contributor,  
4 and if there be no widow, said board of trustees may expend said amount for the  
5 benefit of the minor children, if any, of such deceased contributor.

Sec. 9. Any employee who has heretofore retired from service, pursuant to  
2 the provisions of an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the formation and  
3 disbursement of a public school employees' pension fund in cities having a  
4 population exceeding one hundred thousand inhabitants," approved May 15,  
5 1903, in force July 1, 1903, and has contributed to the fund created by said last  
6 mentioned Act, shall be entitled to such portion of the full annuity provided  
7 for under this Act as the board of trustees may determine: *Provided*, that  
8 nothing in this amended Act shall operate to make it obligatory on the part of  
9 the trustees to increase the pension of present pensioners.

Sec. 10. All sums heretofore contributed by employees under the provis-  
2 ions of an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the formation and disbursement  
3 of a public school employees' pension fund in cities having a population exceed-  
4 ing one hundred thousand inhabitants," approved May 15, 1903, in force July  
5 1, 1903, shall be set apart and held by said city treasurer as a part of the fund  
6 created by this Act, and subject to the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 11. Any person who has been an employee of said board of education  
2 for a period of twenty years or more, and is a contributor, or was a contributor



3 after the year 1914, to this fund, may retire from the service of said board  
4 of education and become an annuitant under this Act.

Sec. 12. Any person who has contributed to said fund for a period of ten  
2 years or more may either temporarily or permanently retire from the service  
3 of said board of education on account of serious disability, rendering him or  
4 her unable to properly discharge his or her duties, and may receive during  
5 such period of disability such an annuity as is allowed under the rules of said  
6 trustees.

Sec. 13. Any employee who has been contributing to said fund for less  
2 than ten years, and who shall be dismissed or resign from the service of said  
3 board of education, may, upon application made within three months after the  
4 date of such dismissal or resignation, receive one-half of the total amount paid  
5 into said fund by such person so dismissed.

Sec. 14. The president and the secretary of the board of education shall  
2 certify monthly to the treasurer all amounts deducted in accordance with the  
3 provisions of this Act from the salaries paid by the board of education, which  
4 accounts as well as all other sums contributed to said fund under the provisions  
5 of this Act, shall be set apart, and held by said treasurer for the purpose here-  
6 inbefore specified, subject to the order of said board of trustees, and shall be  
7 paid out upon warrants signed by the president and secretary of the said board  
8 of trustees.

Sec. 15. All annuities granted under the provisions of this Act shall be ex-  
2 empt from attachment and garnishment process, and no annuitant shall have  
3 the right to transfer or assign his or her annuity, either by way of mortgage or  
4 otherwise.

Sec. 16. All election or appointment of employees by said board of edu-  
2 cation shall be made pursuant to the provisions of an Act entitled, "An Act  
3 to regulate the Civil Service of cities, " approved and in force March 20, 1895,

4 such election or appointment to be permanent during efficiency and good beha-  
5 vior, and no employee who has contributed to said fund shall be removed or  
6 discharged, except for cause, upon written charges, which shall be investigated  
7 and determined by the board of education, whose action and decision in the mat-  
8 ter shall be final.

Sec. 17. Upon petition of the majority of the contributors of any depart-  
2 ment having over 200 persons employed therein, the trustees shall grant to  
3 said department employees the right to have a different rate of deductions and  
4 pensions: *Provided*, that such deductions and pensions come within the provi-  
5 sions and limitations of this Act: *And, further provided*, that the benefits paid  
6 out to pensioners of their departments shall not exceed the revenues of said de-  
7 partment. All moneys heretofore contributed by the members of these depart-  
8 ments under an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the  
9 formation and disbursement of a public school employees' pen-  
10 sion fund in cities having a population exceeding one hundred  
11 thousand inhabitants," approved May 15, 1903, in force July 1, 1903, together  
12 with their future contribution and their share of the subvention and interest  
13 moneys shall be kept separate from the general fund and shall be used exclu-  
14 sively for the benefit of the members of the said department.

Sec. 18. Any person contributing to this fund after the year 1914 may  
2 receive credit for their experience as an employee in other departments of  
3 the city of Chicago, not to exceed ten years, under such rules and conditions  
4 as the trustees may prescribe. The board of trustees shall arrange with the  
5 trustees of the Chicago Municipal Pension Board for the transfer of contribu-  
6 tors together with their contributions from either fund to the fund governing  
7 the department in which he or she is employed, upon the petition of the con-  
8 tributor.

Sec. 19. All laws and parts of laws which are inconsistent with this Act,  
2 or any provisions thereof, are hereby repealed.





1 Adopted April 21, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 244, by striking out the word “six in line 2 of sec-  
2 tion 4 of the printed bill, and inserting in lieu thereof the word “ten.”

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 244, by striking out in line 2 of section 5 the word  
2 “four” and inserting in lieu thereof the word “eight.”

AMENDMENT NO. 3.

Amend House Bill No. 244 by striking out in line 7 of section 5 the word  
2 “two” and inserting in lieu thereof the word “four.”

AMENDMENT. NO. 4.

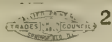
Amend House Bill No. 244 by striking out in line 9 of section 5 the word  
2 “two” and inserting in lieu thereof the word “four.”

AMENDMENT NO. 5.

Amend House Bill No. 244 in section 17, by adding to said section the follow-  
2 ing: “All pensioners from the ranks of the engineers or janitors on the  
3 pensioners pay roll January 1, 1915, shall be considered pensioners of their de-  
4 partment, whenever this section goes into effect.







2

- 1 Introduced by Mr. Seanlan, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

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## A BILL

For an Act in relation to the nomination by political parties of candidates for public offices.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the nomination of candidates for all  
3 elective State, congressional, senatorial, county and judicial offices, by all poli-  
4 tical parties, as defined by section 2 of this Act, shall be made in the manner  
5 provided in this Act and not otherwise.

Section 2. Any convention of delegates, elected or chosen as provided in  
2 this Act, representing a political party which, at the general State and county  
3 election then next preceding, polled at least two per cent of the entire vote cast  
4 in the State, or in the district, circuit or division for which the nomination is  
5 made, may, for the State, or for the district, circuit or division for which the  
6 convention is held, make one nomination for each office to be filled at the elec-  
7 tion then next ensuing.

Sec. 3. The following words and phrases in this Act shall, unless the same  
2 be inconsistent with the context, be construed as follows:

3 1. The word "precinct" a voting district heretofore or hereafter estab-  
 4 lished by law within which all qualified electors vote at one polling place.

5 2. The words "State office" or "State officer," an office to be filled, or  
 6 an officer to be voted for, by qualified electors of the entire State.

7 3. The words "congressional office" or "congressional officer," repre-  
 8 sentatives in Congress (other than congressman at large) and members of the  
 9 State Board of Equalization.

10 4. The words "judicial office" or "judicial officer," judges of the Supreme  
 11 and Circuit Courts and judges of the Superior Court of Cook County.

12 5. The words "county office" or "county officer," an office to be filled  
 13 or an officer to be voted for by the qualified electors of an entire county, includ-  
 14 ing also members of the board of assessors and county commissioners of Cook  
 15 County.

16 6. The word "primary," the primary election provided for in this Act.

17 7. The word "election," a general election, as distinguished from a spe-  
 18 cial election or a primary election.

Sec. 4. A primary for the election of delegates to county conventions  
 2 of the respective political parties shall be held on the second Tuesday in April  
 3 in every year in which State, congressional, senatorial, county or judicial offi-  
 4 cers are to be voted for.

Sec. 5. All candidates for elective State, congressional, senatorial, coun-  
 2 ty or judicial offices, when nominated by political parties as defined in this  
 3 Act, shall be nominated by conventions of delegates chosen as provided for  
 4 herein, and not otherwise. The State, congressional, senatorial, county and  
 5 judicial conventions of each political party shall nominate candidates of such  
 6 party, respectively, for State, congressional, senatorial, county and judicial  
 7 offices.

Sec. 6. All State, congressional, senatorial and judicial conventions shall  
 2 be held not later than three weeks after the date of the primary. All county  
 3 conventions shall be held not later than ten days after the date of the primary.

Sec. 7. The following committees, to be selected and chosen as hereinafter provided, shall constitute the central or managing committee of each political party—a State central committee, a congressional committee, a senatorial committee, a judicial district committee for each Supreme court judicial district, a judicial circuit committee for each judicial circuit, and a county central committee for each county.

Sec. 8. The State central committee of each political party shall be chosen biennially at the State convention of such political party, in such manner as the State convention shall determine.

The congressional and senatorial committees of each political party shall be chosen biennially at the congressional and senatorial conventions, respectively, of such political party: *Provided* that in case a congressional or senatorial district is co-extensive with a county the county central committee of such party shall be *ex officio* the congressional or senatorial committee, as the case may be.

The chairman and secretary of the county central committees of each political party, respectively, of the counties composing a supreme judicial district, shall be *ex officio* the supreme judicial district committee of such political party. In case any county shall constitute one judicial circuit, and in case of the Superior Court of Cook County, the county central committee of each political party, respectively, of the county shall be *ex officio* the judicial circuit committee. In case a judicial circuit is composed of more than one county then the chairman and secretary of the county central committees of each political party, respectively, of the counties composing the judicial circuit shall be *ex officio* the judicial circuit committee.

The county central committee of each political party shall be chosen biennially at the county convention of such political party in such manner as the county convention shall determine.

Vacancies on the State central committee, the congressional committee, the senatorial committee and the county central committee of each political party caused by death, resignation, removal from the territorial area for which



25 chosen, renunciation of the political principles of the party for which chosen,  
 26 or otherwise, shall be filled in such manner as the convention selecting such com-  
 27 mittee shall, by resolution duly adopted, determine. The facts constituting the  
 28 vacancy shall be found by the committee in which the vacancy occurs, and the  
 29 finding of the committee in this regard shall be final and conclusive.

30 Within ten days after the adjournment of the State, congressional, senator-  
 31 ial and county conventions of each political party, respectively, the chairman  
 32 and secretary of each such convention, respectively, shall file in the proper  
 33 office a certificate, giving the names and postoffice addresses with the street and  
 34 number, if any, of the persons chosen members of the central committees by  
 35 the convention of which they were chairman and secretary, respectively. Such  
 36 certificate shall further set forth a true, perfect and correct copy of the reso-  
 37 lution, if any, adopted by the convention of which they were chairman and sec-  
 38 retary, respectively, providing for the filling of vacancies. Such certificates  
 39 before being filed shall be verified by the oath of the chairman and of the sec-  
 40 retary that the facts therein stated are true and that they were, respectively,  
 41 chairman and secretary of the convention. Such certificates shall be filed as fol-  
 42 lows:

43 That executed by the chairman and secretary of the State, congressional  
 44 and senatorial conventions in the office of the Secretary of State: *Provided*, that  
 45 where a congressional or senatorial district is wholly within one county, or is  
 46 co-extensive with one county, then such certificate shall be filed in the office  
 47 of the county clerk of the county in which such congressional or senatorial dis-  
 48 trict is located; that executed by the chairman and secretary of the county con-  
 49 vention in the office of the county clerk.

50 In case of a vacancy on any committee shall be filled, a certificate to that  
 51 effect, subscribed and sworn to by the chairman and secretary of the committee  
 52 in which vacancy occurred, shall be filed in the office in which the certificate of  
 53 of the appointment of such committee is filed.

54 Until committees are chosen in the manner provided by this Act the com-  
 55 mittees of the respective political parties selected and chosen under the laws in  
 56 force at the time of their selection shall Act as like committees under this Act.

Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent a political party from electing or appointing in accordance with its practice other committees.

Sec. 9. The State convention of each political party shall consist of delegates chosen and selected by the respective county conventions of such political party in such manner as the State central committee of such party, in its official call for the State convention of such political party, shall prescribe: *Provided*, that if the State central committee shall, in its official call, so prescribe, delegates to the State conventions may be chosen by wards, precincts, commissioners districts, or combinations of wards, precincts or commissioners districts.

The congressional and senatorial conventions of each political party shall be composed of delegates chosen and selected by the county conventions of such parties in such number and manner as the congressional or senatorial committee of such political party, in its official call for the congressional or senatorial convention of such party shall prescribe: *Provided*, that in case a county has within its limits more than one congressional or senatorial district then the delegates to such congressional or senatorial convention shall be chosen by delegates to the county convention residing within such congressional or senatorial district.

The judicial district convention and the judicial circuit convention, respectively, of each political party, shall be composed of delegates chosen by the county conventions of each political party of each county composing the judicial district or the judicial circuit, as the case may be: *Provided*, that in case any county shall constitute one judicial district or circuit, and in case of the Superior Court of Cook County, the county convention shall constitute the judicial district or judicial circuit convention.

The county convention of each political party shall be composed of delegates elected from the various precincts of the county in such number as may be determined by the county central committee of such party for each county in its official call for such convention.

Sec. 10. At least thirty days before the day fixed by law for the holding  
 2 of a primary for the election of delegates to a county convention, official calls  
 3 shall be made and filed by the respective committees of the respective political  
 4 parties for the conventions then next ensuing: *Provided*, that the call for the  
 5 county convention shall be filed twenty days before the date of the primary.  
 6 The number of delegates to any convention shall be proportioned equally to  
 7 the number of voters of such party as shown by the last preceding general elec-  
 8 tion.

9 The State central committee of each political party shall file its official call  
 10 for a convention in the office of the Secretary of State. Such call, among other  
 11 things, shall set forth:

12 First. The name of such political party and the name and address of  
 13 the chairman and secretary of State central committee and the address of the  
 14 headquarters of such committee.

15 Second. The day on which the State convention shall be held.

16 Third. The place (designating the building or hall) in which the State  
 17 convention shall be held.

18 Fourth. The total number of delegates which shall compose the State con-  
 19 vention.

20 Fifth. The ratio of representation of each governmental or geographical  
 21 subdivision in the State convention.

22 Sixth. The number of delegates to which each county, ward, precinct,  
 23 commissioners district, or combinations of wards precincts, or commissioners  
 24 districts, is entitled.

25 Seventh. The manner of the selection of delegates to the State convention,  
 26 whether all the delegates thereto shall be selected by the county convention  
 27 of any county or by the delegates to the county convention from wards, pre-  
 27½ cincts, or commissioners districts, or combination of wards or pre-  
 28 cincts or commissioners districts of such county or counties.

29 The congressional committee and the senatorial committee of each politi-  
 30 cal party shall file the calls for the respective conventions in the office of the



31 Secretary of State, excepting in case a congressional or senatorial district is  
32 wholly within the limits of one county then such call shall be filed in the office  
33 of the county clerk of the county in which such congressional or senatorial dis-  
34 trict is located. Such call, among other things, shall set forth:

35 First. The name of such political party and the name and address of the  
36 chairman and secretary of the congressional or senatorial committee,  
37 as the case may be, and the address of the headquarters of such  
38 committee.

39 Second. The day on which the congressional or senatorial convention shall  
40 be held.

41 Third. The place (designating the building or hall) in which the congres-  
42 sional or senatorial convention shall be held.

43 Fourth. The total number of delegates which shall compose the congression-  
44 al or senatorial convention.

45 Fifth. The ratio of representation in the congressional or senatorial con-  
46 vention.

47 Sixth. The number of delegates to which each county is entitled in the  
48 congressional or senatorial convention: *Provided*, that in case a county  
49 has within its limits a congressional or senatorial district, such call  
50 shall state the number of delegates to be chosen by the delegates  
51 to the county convention residing in each congressional or senatorial  
52 district in such county.

53 The judicial district and the judicial circuit committees of each political  
54 party shall file the calls for the respective conventions in the office of the Secre-  
55 tary of State. Such calls, among other things, shall set forth:

56 First. The name of such political party and the name and address of the  
57 chairman and secretary of the judicial district or the judicial circuit committee,  
58 and the address of the headquarters of such committee.

59 Second. The day on which the judicial district or the judicial circuit con-  
60 vention, as the case may be, shall be held.

61 Third. The place (designating the building or hall) in which the judicial  
62 district or the judicial circuit convention, as the case may be, shall be held.



63 Fourth. The total number of delegates which shall compose the judicial  
64 district or the judicial circuit convention, as the case may be.

65 Fifth. The ratio of representation in the judicial district or the judicial  
66 circuit convention, as the case may be.

67 Sixth. The number of delegates to which each county is entitled.

68 The county central committee of each political party shall file its official call  
69 for a county convention in the office of the county clerk, and in the office of the  
70 board of election commissioners in each city, village and incorporated town hav-  
71 ing a board of election commissioners in the county. Such call shall, among  
72 other things, set forth:

73 First. The name of such political party and the name and address of  
74 the chairman and secretary of the county central committee, and the address of  
75 the headquarters of such committee.

76 Second. The day on which the county convention shall be held.

77 Third. The place (designating the building or hall) in which the county  
78 convention shall be held.

79 Fourth. The total number of delegates which shall compose the county  
80 convention.

81 Fifth. The ratio of representation in the county convention.

82 Sixth. The number of delegates from each precinct in the county: *Pro-*  
83 *vided*, that each precinct shall be entitled to at least one delegate in the county  
84 convention.

85 In default of the filing of an official call by the county central committee  
86 of any party for the holding of a county convention of such party, such party  
87 shall not be entitled to hold a county convention in such county, and shall in such  
88 county be precluded from participating in the primary election.

89 The official call for the respective conventions of the respective political  
90 parties shall be signed by the chairman and attested by the secretary of the  
91 proper central or managing committee of such political party or organiza-  
92 tion, verified by oath that the facts therein stated are true and that they are  
93 respectively the chairman and secretary of such committee.

Sec. 11. The primaries herein provided for shall be held at the regular

2 polling places now established or which may hereafter be established for the  
3 purpose of a general election. The polls shall be open from six o'clock A. M.  
4 to five o'clock P. M.

Sec. 12. At least ten days before each primary it shall be the duty of the

2 county clerk, or of the board of election commissioners, as the case may be, to  
3 give notice of such primary election. Such notice shall contain the names of  
4 the political parties entitled to participate therein, the addresses of the respect-  
5 ive headquarters of the central or managing committees of such political parties,  
6 the name, place and time of each county convention according to the official calls  
7 filed in the office of the county clerk, or in the office of the board of election com-  
8 missioners, as the case may be, the time and place of holding the primary, the  
9 hours during which the polls will be open, the number of delegates of each po-  
10 litical party to be elected to the county convention, and the color of the ballots  
11 to be used by each political party. Such notices shall be posted at least fifteen  
12 (15) days prior to the primary by the same authorities and in the same manner  
13 as notices of election under the general election laws of this State.

Sec. 13. The judges of general elections for State and county officers are

2 hereby constituted respectively the judges of primary elections in their respect-  
3 ive precincts under the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 14. It is hereby made the duty of the respective judges of general

2 elections to act as judges of primary elections in their respective precincts until  
3 their successors as judges of general elections are duly appointed and qualified.

Sec. 15. If, at the time for opening of a primary, one of the primary

2 judges be absent, or refuse to act, the judges present shall appoint some qualified  
3 primary elector of the precinct to act in his place. If two of the primary judges  
4 be absent or refuse to act, the judges present shall fill the vacancies in the same  
5 manner, as above provided. If all three of the primary judges be absent, or  
6 refuse to act, the primary electors present, who reside in the precinct, shall elect  
7 three of their number to act as primary judges.

Sec. 16. The primary judges in each precinct, except in cities having a  
 2 board of election commissioners, shall select three qualified primary electors of  
 3 such precinct, to act as primary clerks, who shall continue to serve during the  
 4 pleasure of such primary judges; but no more than two persons of the same  
 5 political party shall be chosen primary clerks in the same precinct.

6 In cities having a board of election commissioners, the regularly appointed  
 7 clerks of election shall act as clerks of the primary in their respective precincts.

Sec. 17. Previous to any vote being taken, the primary judges and clerks  
 2 shall severally subscribe and take an oath or affirmation in the following form, to-  
 3 wit:

4 “I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I will support the  
 5 Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Illinois,  
 6 and will faithfully and honestly discharge the duties of primary judge (or  
 7 clerk, as the case may be) according to the best of my ability, and that I have  
 8 resided in this State for one year, in this county for ninety days, and in this  
 9 precinct thirty days next preceding this primary, and am entitled to vote at this  
 10 primary.”

11 All persons subscribing the oath as aforesaid, and all persons actually serv-  
 12 ing as primary judges and clerks, whether sworn or not, shall be deemed to be  
 13 and are hereby declared to be officers of the county court of their respective  
 14 counties; and such persons shall be liable to punishment by said court in a pro-  
 15 ceeding for contempt for any misbehavior as such primary judges or clerks,  
 16 to be tried in open court, on oral testimony, in a summary manner, without  
 17 written pleadings, but such trial, or punishment for contempt of court shall not  
 18 be any bar to any criminal proceedings against such primary judges or clerks  
 19 for any violation of this Act.

Sec. 18. In case there shall be no justice of the peace or notary public  
 2 present at the opening of a primary, or in case such justice of the peace or notary  
 3 public shall be appointed one of the primary judges or clerks, it shall be lawful  
 4 for the primary judges to administer the oath or affirmation to each other, and  
 5 to the primary clerks.



Sec. 19. The primary judges and clerks, except as otherwise provided in  
2 this Act, shall perform the same duties, have the same powers, and be subject to  
3 the same penalties as judges and clerks of general elections, under the general  
4 election laws of this State.

Sec. 20. The judges of the primary shall permit each different ticket of dele-  
2 gates to be represented by a challenger, chosen by a majority of those named  
3 for delegates on any particular ticket. Such challengers shall be protected in  
4 the discharge of their duty by the judges of primary and the police. Such  
5 challengers shall be permitted to remain within the polling place in such a po-  
6 sition as will enable them to see each person as he offers his vote, and to re-  
7 main within the polling place throughout the canvass of the vote and until the  
8 returns are signed. The challengers shall be permitted to remain so near that  
9 they can see that the judges and clerks are faithfully performing their duties.

Sec. 22. The judges of primary shall admit one or more policemen to  
2 be present in the polling place at the time of such canvass. None but the  
3 officers of such primary election, challengers and peace officers shall occupy  
4 such polling place, except for the purpose of voting.

Sec. 23. All officers upon whom is imposed by law the duty of designat-  
3 ing and providing polling places for general elections shall provide polling  
3 places for the primary elections, and such polling places shall be established,  
4 furnished, warmed, lighted and maintained by such authorities.

Sec. 24. Primary ballot boxes shall be furnished by the same authorities  
2 and in the same manner, and shall be of the same style and description as bal-  
3 lot boxes furnished for the general election under the general election laws of  
4 this State.

Sec. 25 All necessary primary poll books, registry books, return sheets,  
2 tally sheets, blanks, return blanks, stationery and other necessary supplies  
3 shall be furnished by the same authorities upon whom is imposed by law the  
4 duty of furnishing such supplies at general elections.



Sec. 26. The expense of conducting such primary, including the per diem of judges and clerks, furnishing, warming, lighting and maintaining the poll in places, and all other expenses necessarily incurred in the preparation for or conducting of such primary shall be paid in the same manner, and by the same authorities or officers respectively as in the case of general elections.

Sec. 27. The primary poll books shall substantially be in the following form:

PRIMARY POLL BOOKS.

Of a primary held in the.....precinct of the City of....., County of....., on the.....day of....., A. D.....

Name of Voter.	Residence, Street and Number.	Party Affiliation.			
		Republican	Democratic	Progressive	Socialist
1. John Jones.....		X			
2. Richard Smith.....			X		
3. John Doe.....				X	
4. Richard Roe.....					X

This is to certify that the above and foregoing is a correct list of primary voters at a primary held on the.....day of....., A. D. ...., in the.....precinct, in the City of..... in.....County, and State of Illinois. That at said primary the undersigned judges and clerks served as required by law and are entitled to pay therefor.

Dated....., 19.....

.....  
.....  
.....

Clerks of Primary. Judges of Primary.

13 Such primary poll books shall otherwise be in form and shall contain the  
14 same certificates as nearly as may be as the poll books used in the regular elec-  
15 tion and shall be signed and attested in the same manner, as nearly as may  
16 be, as the poll books used for the purposes of regular elections.

Sec. 28. At such primary the manner of voting shall be by ballot. The  
2 ballots shall be of uniform size and six inches in length and six inches in width.  
3 The ballots shall be printed or written or partly printed or partly written.  
4 Each political party shall have a ballot of distinctive color. The ballots of the  
5 political party polling, at the election for Governor then next preceding, the  
6 highest number of votes for Governor shall be on plain white paper; the bal-  
7 lots of the political party polling, at such election, the next highest number of  
8 votes for Governor shall be on blue tinted paper; the ballots of the political  
9 party polling, at such election, the third highest number of votes for Governor  
10 shall be on purple tinted paper; those of the political party polling, at such  
11 election, the fourth highest number of votes for Governor, on pink tinted paper;  
12 and those of the other political parties, if any, shall, in the order of the votes  
13 polled at such election for Governor, be on yellow, green, royal purple, vermil-  
14 lion and gray respectively. Any person or persons may, at private expense,  
15 furnish such ballots, and no primary election ballots shall be furnished at public  
16 expense. The names of each delegate, and alternate delegate, for whom the  
17 voter desires to vote shall appear on one ballot, on one and the same side there-  
18 of in plain letters, together with the name of the county convention to which  
19 such delegates are to be elected.

20 Immediately preceding the list of delegates to the county convention may  
21 appear the name of the candidate or candidates for State, congressional, sena-  
22 torial, county or judicial offices for whom such delegates, or alternate delegates,  
23 stand, or the word "unpledged" may appear, and at the top of the ballot may  
24 appear the simple party name, the precinct and the location of the polling place.  
25 Unless ballots substantially comply with this Act in size and color, the same shall

26 be void for all purposes and shall not be received, deposited or counted by any  
 27 person or judge at any such primary. The judges shall receive from any per-  
 28 son and permit to be freely and equally exposed, in separate and orderly piles,  
 29 within the polling place, near the ballot box and within reach of voters, a suf-  
 30 ficient supply of each of the various primary tickets or ballots. Whenever the  
 31 supply of any of the various tickets shall become insufficient, the judges shall im-  
 32 mediately mention the fact of such insufficiency to one or more of the candidates,  
 33 challengers or persons interested in such ticket. Any judge or clerk, or any  
 34 other person who shall in any manner conceal or remove or destroy any such  
 35 supply of tickets, or who shall hinder or prevent or interfere with the free and  
 36 equal reception, exposure, distribution, use or supply of such various primary  
 37 tickets or ballots, or who shall do any electioneering within 100 feet of the poll-  
 38 ing place, shall, upon conviction thereof, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 29. Upon the opening of the polls one of the primary judges shall  
 2 make proclamation of the same. And at least thirty (30) minutes before the  
 3 closing of the polls proclamation shall be made in like manner that the polls  
 4 will be closed in half an hour.

Sec. 30. Before voting begins, the ballot box shall be emptied, and it shall  
 2 be opened and shown to those present to be empty, after which it shall be locked  
 3 and the key delivered to one of the primary judges, and such ballot box shall  
 4 not be removed from public view from the time it is shown to be empty until  
 5 after the close of the polls.

Sec. 31. Any person entitled to vote at such primary shall, on the day of  
 2 such primary, be entitled to absent himself from any service or employment in  
 3 which he is then engaged or employed, for a period of two hours between the  
 4 time of opening and closing the polls, and such primary elector shall not, be-  
 5 cause of so absenting himself, be liable to any penalty nor shall any deduction  
 6 be made on account of such absence from his usual salary or wages: *Provided,*  
 7 *however,* that applications for such leave of absence shall be made prior to the

8 day of primary. The employer may specify the hours during which such  
9 employee may absent himself.

Sec. 32. Every person having resided in this State one year, in the county  
2 90 days and in the precinct thirty days next preceding any primary therein,  
3 who was an elector in this State on the first day of April in the year of our Lord  
4 1848, or obtained a certificate of naturalization before any court of record in  
5 this State prior to the first day of January in the year of our Lord 1870, or who  
6 shall be a male citizen of the United States, above the age of 21 years, shall be  
7 entitled to vote at such primary.

8 The following regulations shall be applicable to primaries:

9 No person shall be entitled to vote at a primary;

10 (a) Unless he declares his party affiliation as required by this Act;

11 (b) Who shall have signed the nominating papers of an independent candi-  
12 date for any office for which office candidates will be nominated by the State,  
13 congressional, senatorial, county or judicial conventions next ensuing;

14 (c) If he shall have voted at a primary, held under this Act, of another  
15 political party, within a period of two years next preceding such primary.

16 In cities, villages, or incorporated towns having a board of election com-  
17 missioners the following additional regulations shall be applicable:

18 In such cities only voters, registered as herein provided, shall be entitled to  
19 vote at such primary. The registration books prepared and used at the election  
20 then next preceding shall be used for the primary, and any person therein reg-  
21 istered shall be entitled to vote at the primary unless he shall have removed  
22 from the election precinct or become otherwise disqualified. Any person  
23 whose name does not appear on the registry books who is, or shall, at or before  
24 the primary, become a primary elector of the precinct in which he desires to  
25 vote, shall be entitled to vote at such primary by filing, or causing to be filed,  
26 with the board of election commissioners, twenty days prior to a primary, an  
27 affidavit, or affirmation, specifying the facts, showing that on the date of such  
28 primary he will be a legally qualified primary elector in the precinct in which  
29 he desires to vote.



30       Such affidavit, or affirmation, for registration, shall state the name of the  
31 applicant, the place and date of his nativity, the term of his residence at his  
32 then present address, in the precinct, county, State and United States, the fact  
33 of his naturalization, if the applicant is a naturalized citizen, specifying the  
34 court, if known, or, if not known, the city in which the court was held where  
35 such citizen was naturalized, and the residence when last registered, if the  
36 applicant was previously registered. It shall be the duty of the board of elec-  
37 tion commissioners to prepare proper forms of such affidavit, or affirmation.

38       Upon the filing of such affidavit, or affirmation, the board of election com-  
39 missioners shall place the name of such primary elector in the original regis-  
40 tration books for the proper precinct, specifying the precinct from which he  
41 is transferred, if previously registered in another precinct, and shall also make  
42 a minute opposite his name in the original registration book of the precinct  
43 from which he was removed, showing the precinct to which his name is trans-  
44 ferred, or, as the case may be, shall add the name of such primary elector in  
45 the original registration books for the proper precinct and the reason of the  
46 registration thereof.

47       At least five days prior to the date of the primary, the board of election  
48 commissioners shall cause to be posted at each polling place in each precinct,  
49 in a book substantially in the form now used for "verification lists" under the  
50 general election laws of this State, the name and address of each primary elector,  
51 who has been registered for the primary by having filed an affidavit, or affirm-  
52 ation, as above set forth.

53       Any primary elector of a precinct may on the eleventh and twelfth days  
54 immediately preceding the primary, file with the board of election commissioners  
55 an application, signed and sworn to by him, requesting that the name of a per-  
56 son, registered on the registration books of such precinct by affidavit, as herein  
57 provided, shall be erased therefrom, for the reason that such person so regis-  
58 tered by affidavit is not, or will not, on or before the day of the primary, be a  
59 legal primary elector of the precinct. A docket of such applications shall be  
60 made by wards and precincts.

61 Notice of such application, with a demand to appear and show cause why  
 62 such name should not be erased, shall thereupon be given to such person by  
 63 the board of election commissioners. Such notice shall be served upon such  
 64 person personally, or left at the place of residence stated in the affidavit for  
 65 registration, and a copy thereof shall be sent by mail, postage prepaid, at  
 66 least two days before the day fixed to show cause, addressed to the person  
 67 whose right to vote is challenged, at the residence address given in his registra-  
 71 tion affidavit. In case personal service cannot be had, the return of the board  
 72 of election commissioners shall so state, and the reason therefor.

73 On Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday next preceding the primary, the  
 74 board of election commissioners shall sit to hear such applications by wards  
 75 and precincts in their numerical order. At the request of either party, sub-  
 76 poenas shall be issued, and witnesses may be sworn and heard upon such hear-  
 77 ing. Each person appearing in response to an application to erase a name  
 78 shall subscribe and swear to an answer, in the presence of a member of the  
 79 board of election commissioners, substantially in the following form:

80 "I, ..... do solmenly swear that I am a citizen of  
 81 the United States, that I have resided in the State of Illinois since the.....  
 82 day of....., A. D. 19..., and in the county of....., said State, since the  
 82½ .....day of..... A.D. 19..., and in the.....precinct of the.....  
 83 ward, in the city of....., said county and State, since the.....day  
 84 of ..... A. D. 19...; and that I am ..... years of age; and that I  
 85 am the identical person registered in said precinct for the primary by affidavit  
 86 under the name I subscribe hereto."

87 Such answer shall be filed with the board of election commissioners.

88 The decision on each application shall be announced at once after hear-  
 89 ing, and where such application is allowed, such name shall be erased forth-  
 90 with.

91 The county court of the county in which such city is situated shall, on  
 92 Friday and Saturday of the week prior to the week in which such primary is  
 93 to be held, specially sit to hear such applications as may be made to it by  
 94 persons whose names have been stricken from the registry list as above pro-

95 vided. Such application shall be sworn to and shall state that the board of  
 96 election commissioners has stricken such name from the registry list. Such  
 97 application shall be heard summarily and evidence may be introduced for or  
 98 against such application. Each case shall be decided at once on hearing, and the  
 99 clerk of the court shall make a minute of the disposition of each application.  
 100 A copy of such minute shall at once be given to such board of election commis-  
 101 sioners, and, when such minute indicates that the name of the applicant shall  
 102 be restored to the register, the board of election commissioners shall forthwith  
 103 cause such name to be placed upon the appropriate register, and indicate that  
 104 it was entered by order of court.

105 In case the county court shall refuse such application, an order shall be  
 106 entered accordingly on the Monday following the session of the court held for  
 107 the purpose aforesaid, and any person desiring to appeal from such order may  
 108 appeal to the supreme court of the State, if application be made therefor within  
 109 five days after the entry of such order, and such appeal shall be allowed on the  
 110 giving of an appeal bond in the penalty of \$250, conditioned to pay the expenses  
 111 of such appeal. The time for filing such appeal bond and certificate of evidence  
 112 shall be fixed by the court and upon presentation to the court of a certificate con-  
 113 taining the evidence heard at such hearing, within the time fixed by the court, the  
 114 court shall sign the same, and thereupon the same shall become part of the rec-  
 114½ord in the cause.

115 The original registration books, together with the registration by affidavit,  
 116 or affirmation, as herein provided, shall constitute the primary registration.

117 It is the intent and meaning of this section that all primary electors in any  
 118 and all precincts, not already registered in which they are or will be legally  
 119 qualified to vote on the day of the primary, may be given an opportunity to  
 120 have their names placed upon the registry books of the precinct in which they  
 121 are, or will be, qualified to vote on the day of the primary, and this section  
 122 shall be liberally construed to effectuate such intent.

Sec. 33. Delegates to the county convention shall be members of and af-  
 2 filiated with the political party for which they are elected, and shall be legally



3 qualified voters residing in the precinct for which they are elected. Delegates to  
4 State, congressional, senatorial and judicial conventions shall be members of and  
5 affiliated with the political party for which they are chosen, and shall be qualified  
6 voters of the county for which they are chosen. One alternate delegate, and no  
7 more, shall be elected or chosen to each convention. No person shall act as del-  
8 egate to any convention except when elected or chosen a delegate, or alternate  
9 delegate, in accordance with the provisions of this Act, except that if no dele-  
10 gate, or alternate delegate, from a given precinct or subdivision is present, the  
11 vacant delegation may, in the case of the county convention, be filled by the  
12 delegates present from the ward or township, and, in the case of State, congres-  
13 sional, senatorial or judicial convention, by the convention itself. In the absence  
14 of a delegate or delegates, the delegates present from the district or subdivision  
15 shall select from the alternate delegates present the one who shall represent  
16 the absent delegates. Judges and clerks acting as such at any primary shall be  
17 ineligible as delegates, or alternate delegates, to the county convention.

Sec. 34. Any person desiring to vote at a primary shall state his name,  
2 residence and party affiliation to the primary judges, one of whom shall there-  
3 upon announce the same in a distinct tone of voice, sufficiently loud to be heard  
4 by all persons in the polling place. If the person desiring to vote is not chal-  
5 lenged, one of the judges shall receive the ballot from the primary elector. If  
6 the person desiring to vote is challenged, he shall not be allowed to vote until he  
7 shall have established his right to vote as hereinafter provided. Such ballot  
8 shall be folded by the primary elector in such a manner that the contents there-  
9 of cannot be seen without unfolding such ballot. After receiving the ballot, the  
10 primary judge shall again announce, in a loud and distinct tone of voice, the  
11 name, residence and party affiliation of the primary elector and such primary  
12 judge shall make with pencil or ink the initials of his own name on the back of  
13 such ballot as it is folded. After holding up and exhibiting the ballot to be so  
14 marked, the primary judge, in the presence of the primary elector, other judges  
15 and clerks, challengers and primary electors present, shall deposit such ballot in



the ballot box. The primary clerks shall thereupon enter in the primary poll books the name of the primary elector, his residence and his party affiliation. No person who refuses to state his party affiliation shall be allowed to vote at a primary.

Sec. 35. Whenever a person offering to vote at a primary is challenged, the person so challenged shall make and subscribe, before a primary judge, an affidavit in the following form, which shall be presented to and retained by the primary judges and clerks and returned by them with the primary poll books.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, }  
COUNTY OF..... } ss.

I,....., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a citizen of the United States, of the age of twenty-one years or over, and am entitled to vote under and by virtue of the Constitution and laws of the State of Illinois, and am a legally qualified primary elector of this precinct; that I now reside at..... (insert street and number, if any,) in this precinct, and am a member of and affiliated with the..... party; that I have not voted at a primary of another political party, held under the provisions of the Act of 1915, within a period of two years prior to this date; and that I have not signed the nominating papers of an independent candidate for any office for which office candidates will be nominated by the State, congressional, senatorial, county or judicial conventions next ensuing.

.....

Subscribed and sworn to before me this.....day of....., A. D.....

.....

Primary Judge.

In addition to such affidavit, the person so challenged shall procure the affidavit of one householder of the precinct, who shall be a qualified voter at such primary, and who shall be personally known or proved to the judges to be a householder in the precinct, which affidavit shall be in the following form:

27 STATE OF ILLINOIS }  
 28 COUNTY OF..... }<sup>ss</sup>

29 I, ....., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a  
 30 householder of this precinct and entitled to vote at this primary; that I am ac-  
 31 quainted with ..... (name of party challenged) whose  
 32 right to vote at this primary has been challenged; that I know him to be an  
 33 actual bona fide resident of this precinct, and that he has resided herein thirty  
 34 days, and I verily believe he has resided in this county ninety days and in this  
 35 State one year preceding this primary; that I verily believe he is a member  
 36 of and affiliated with the.....party.

37 .....  
 38 Subscribed and sworn to before me this.....day of.....,  
 39 A. D. 19.....  
 40 .....

41 Judge of Primary.  
 42 Whereupon, the ballot of such primary elector shall be received as other  
 43 ballots.

Sec. 36. After the opening of the ballots at a primary, no adjournment  
 2 shall be had nor recess taken until the canvass of all the votes is completed  
 3 and the returns carefully enveloped and sealed.

Sec. 37. The votes shall be canvassed in the room or place where the pri-  
 2 mary is held and the primary judges shall not allow the ballot box or any of the  
 3 ballots, or the primary poll book, or any of the tally sheets to be removed or car-  
 4 ried away from such room or polling place until the canvass of the votes is  
 5 completed and the returns enveloped and sealed.

Sec. 38. Immediately on closing the polls the primary judges shall pro-  
 2 ceed to canvass the votes in the manner following:

- 3 (1) They shall separate the ballots of the different political parties.
- 4 (2) If two or more ballots are folded together and within each other, and

5 the inner ballot is without the initials of a primary judge, both ballots shall  
6 be rejected, shall be marked "stuffed," and shall not be counted.

7 (3) They shall count the ballots of each political party.

8 (4) They shall then proceed to ascertain the number of names entered on  
9 the primary poll books under each party appellation.

10 (5) If the remaining primary ballots of any political party exceed in num-  
11 ber the names of voters of such political party entered on the poll books, the  
12 primary ballots of such political party shall be folded and replaced in the ballot  
13 box, the box closed, well shaken and again opened and one of the primary judges,  
14 who shall be blindfolded, shall draw out and destroy so many of the primary bal-  
15 lots of such political party as shall be equal to such excess.

16 (6) The primary judges shall then proceed to count the primary ballots  
17 of each political party separately. They shall reject all ballots on which the  
18 initials of a primary judge do not appear. If the primary elector has marked  
19 more names upon the ballots than he is entitled to vote for, or if, for any reason,  
20 it is impossible to determine the primary elector's choice, his primary ballot  
21 shall not be counted.

22 (7) The judges shall open all the ballots and place in separate piles those  
23 which contain the same names throughout. Each judge shall carefully exam-  
24 ine each pile and ascertain that the ballots are identical in names. When the  
25 judges agree upon the identity of names in such pile and the number of ballots  
26 in the pile, they shall give the names and the number of votes to the primary  
27 clerks who shall carefully and correctly mark upon the tally sheets the names  
28 and number of votes.

29 (8) The judges shall then canvass the remaining ballots, and cause the  
30 names and the number of votes received by each to be carefully and correctly  
31 marked by the primary clerks, upon the tally sheets.

32 (9) All ballots not in accordance with the provisions of this Act, but  
33 which by any mistake may have been deposited in the ballot box shall be void,  
34 and shall be marked "defective" on the back thereof. No ballot shall be  
35 marked defective because the primary elector has named upon it a less num-

ber of delegates, or alternate delegates, than he is entitled to vote for. If the primary elector has marked more names upon the ballot than he is entitled to vote for, or, if for any reason it is impossible to determine the primary elector's choice, his primary ballot shall not be counted. Ballots to which objection has been made by either of the judges or challengers shall be marked "objected to" on the back thereof, and a memorandum signed by the judges stating how it was counted shall be written on the back of each ballot so marked.

(10) Ballots marked "stuffed" shall be enclosed in a separate envelope marked "stuffed ballots of.....political party", the envelope securely sealed and preserved and returned, together with the other ballots.

(11) Ballots not counted, except "stuffed ballots", shall be marked "defective" on the back thereof. Ballots marked "defective" or "objected to", shall be enclosed in an envelope securely sealed and so marked and endorsed as clearly to disclose its contents.

Sec. 39. As soon as the ballots of a political party shall have been canvassed, as provided in the last above section, the primary clerks shall foot up the tally sheets so as to show the total number of votes cast for each candidate of such political party for delegate and alternate delegate, to the county convention, and one of them shall announce in a loud voice to the judges the number of votes received by each person. The person receiving the highest number of votes at a primary as a candidate of any political party for delegate, or alternate delegate, to the county convention of such political party shall be declared elected as a delegate, or alternate delegate, to such county convention: *Provided*, that if two or more persons are to be elected delegates, or alternate delegates, to such county convention, the requisite number of persons receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected as delegates, or alternate delegates, to such county convention. When two or more persons receive an equal and the highest number of votes of any political party for delegate, or alternate delegate, to the county convention of such political party, the primary judges shall determine, by lot, which of them is to be declared elected.



Sec. 40. Upon completion of such canvass, the judges of election shall de-  
2 clare the result thereof, and such declaration shall be *prima facie* evidence of  
3 the result. Thereupon, the primary judges shall make three statements for each  
4 political party of all the votes cast by such political party at such primary.  
5 Such statement shall be substantially in the following form:

6 ..... POLITICAL PARTY.

7 STATE OF ILLINOIS, }  
8 COUNTY OF..... } ss.

9 At a primary election held on the.....day of.....,  
10 A. D. ...., in the.....precinct, in the city of.....,  
11 county of....., and State of Illinois, the following named per-  
12 sons received the number of votes annexed to their respective names as can-  
13 didates of such political party for delegates, and alternate delegates, of such  
14 political party to the county convention of such political party next ensuing,  
15 to-wit:

16	received.....votes for delegate.
17	received.....votes for delegate.
18	received.....votes for delegate.
19	received.....votes for delegate.
20	received.....votes for delegate.
21	received.....votes for delegate.
22	received.....votes for delegate.
23	received.....votes for delegate.
24	received.....votes for alternate delegate.
25	received.....votes for alternate delegate.
26	received.....votes for alternate delegate.
27	received.....votes for alternate delegate.
28	received.....votes for alternate delegate.
29	received.....votes for alternate delegate.
30	received.....votes for alternate delegate.
31	received.....votes for alternate delegate.

32 ..... received.....votes for alternate delegate.  
33 ..... received.....votes for alternate delegate.

34 We further certify that the following named persons were declared elected  
35 delegates, and alternate delegates, of such political party to the county conven-  
36 tion of such political party to the county convention of such political party next  
37 ensuing, to-wit:

38 .....was declared elected delegate.  
39 .....was declared elected delegate.  
40 .....was declared elected alternate delegate.  
41 .....was declared elected alternate delegate.

42 This is to certify that the foregoing statement, showing the total number  
43 of votes cast for each of the above named persons for delegate, and alternate  
44 delegate, to the county convention of the.....political party, and  
45 showing the persons elected delegates, and alternate delegates, to such county  
46 convention, is true and correct in every respect.

47 Given under our hands this.....day of.....A. D.....  
48 .....  
49 .....  
50 .....

51 Primary Judges.

52 Attest:

53 .....  
54 .....  
55 .....

56 Primary Clerks.

57 If any primary judge or clerk shall decline to sign such statement, he shall  
58 state his reason therefor in writing, and such written memorandum shall be at-  
59 tached to and enclosed with such statement.

60 One of such statements shall be attached to the poll books; another shall be  
61 enclosed in an envelope separately for each political party properly endorsed  
62 and marked by such judges, and the same shall, by one of such judges, be carried

63 to the respective headquarters of the county central committee of such politi-  
 64 cal parties, and the receipt of the chairman or secretary of such county central  
 65 committee shall be taken therefor; another shall be enclosed in an envelope,  
 66 separately for each political party, which shall then be securely sealed, endorsed  
 67 by each of the judges by writing his name across each and every fold at which  
 68 the envelope, if unfastened, could be opened, addressed to the county clerk,  
 69 or to the board of election commissioners, as the case may be, which envelope  
 70 shall be endorsed on the outside thereof substantially as follows:

71 "Statement of votes cast for the..... political party for dele-  
 72 gates, and alternate delegates, in the ..... precinct of the city  
 73 of ....., county of....., and State of Illinois, at a primary  
 74 election held on the.....day of..... A. D. ...."

75 The envelope last aforesaid shall be carried to the office of the county  
 76 clerk, or of the board of election commissioners, as the case may be, by one of  
 77 the judges, and a receipt shall be taken for the same.

Sec. 41. After the votes of a political party have been counted and set  
 2 down, and the tally sheets footed and the statements of the results executed,  
 3 as above provided, all the primary ballots of such political party, except those  
 4 marked 'stuffed', "defective" and "objected to" shall be strung upon strong  
 5 thread or twine, separately for each political party, the ends of the thread or  
 6 twine united in a firm knot, the knot sealed in such manner that it cannot be  
 7 untied without breaking the seal, and enclosed in a canvass covering securely  
 8 tied and sealed with official wax impressions so that it cannot be opened with-  
 9 out breaking the seals. The canvass covering, together with the package con-  
 10 taining the envelopes marked "stuffed ballots of the..... political  
 11 party", "defective ballots and ballots objected to" and 'statement of votes'  
 12 shall be put into the hands of one of the primary judges, who shall, within 48  
 13 hours thereafter, deliver the same to the county clerk, or to the board of elec-  
 14 tion commissioners, as the case may be. Such ballots shall be preserved for at  
 15 least three months, when they shall be destroyed, by burning, in the presence

16 of two reputable electors of the county, without having been previously  
17 opened.

Sec. 42. As soon as the returns are delivered to the county clerk, or to  
2 the board of election commissioners, as the case may be, it shall be the duty  
3 of the county clerk, or of the board of election commissioners, as the case may  
4 be:

5 1. To issue a certificate of election to each person certified by the pri-  
6 mary judges to have been elected delegate, or alternate delegate, to the county  
7 convention of each political party.

8 2. To deliver such certificate of election to the person entitled thereto  
9 if demand is made therefor by such person at any time during office hours pre-  
10 ceding the day of the county convention

11 3. To deliver such certificates of election as are not demanded at the office  
12 of such county clerk, or board of election commissioners, as the case may be,  
13 **prior to the day of the county convention**, to the headquarters of the county  
14 central committee of such political party, by nine o'clock of the morning of the  
15 day of the county convention of such political party, taking therefor the re-  
16 ceipt of the chairman or secretary of such county central committee.

17 4. To prepare, from the certificates of election as certified by the primary  
18 judges, a roll of the county convention of each political party, showing in such  
19 roll the names of the delegates, and alternate delegates, by precincts, wards,  
20 townships and commissioners' districts, and to certify, with the seal of the coun-  
21 ty, or of the board of election commissioners, as the case may be, attached  
22 thereto, that such roll is true and correct as the same appears from the certifi-  
23 cate of the primary judges on file in his, or its, office.

24 5. To deliver such certified roll of the county convention to the chairman  
25 or secretary of the county central committee at least 48 hours before the conven-  
26 ing of such county convention.

Sec. 43. The certificate of election so issued by the county clerk, or by  
2 the board of election commissioners, as the case may be, shall be conclusive



3 evidence of the election of the person therein named as delegate, or alternate  
4 delegate, to the county convention of his political party.

Sec. 44. The county convention shall convene at the time and place named  
2 in the official call therefor. It shall be composed of delegates, or alternate dele-  
3 gates, elected as aforesaid and holding credentials issued by the county clerk,  
4 or by the board of election commissioners, as the case may be, and whose  
5 names are on the certified roll as delivered to the secretary of the county cen-  
6 tral committee. The chairman of the county central committee shall be the  
7 temporary chairman, and the secretary of the county central committee shall be  
8 the temporary secretary of the county convention. The temporary organization  
8½ shall select a permanent chairman and a permanent secretary. The county  
9 convention of each political party shall have power:

- 9½ 1. To select delegates and alternate delegates, to the State, congressional,  
10 senatorial, and judicial conventions then next ensuing.
- 11 2. To select and appoint a county central committee.
- 12 3. To adopt a party platform.
- 13 4. To nominate candidates for judges of the circuit court where any county  
14 constitutes a judicial circuit, and candidates for judges of the superior court of  
15 Cook county.
- 16 5. To nominate candidates for county offices.
- 17 6. To direct the manner in which any vacancy on the ballot shall be  
18 filled.
- 19 7. To transact such other business as may lawfully come before it.

20 If, in its official call for the State convention, the State central committee  
21 of such political party shall prescribe that delegates from any county shall be  
22 selected from wards, precincts or commissioners' districts, or combinations of  
23 wards, precincts, or commissioners' districts, then only delegates to the county  
24 convention from such wards, precincts, commissioners' districts, or combina-  
25 tions of wards, precincts or commissioners' districts shall participate in the  
26 selection of delegates, and alternate delegates, therefrom to the State conven-  
27 tion. In case a county has within its limits a congressional or senatorial dis-

28 trict, then only delegates to the county convention from such congressional  
29 or senatorial districts shall participate in the selection of delegates and alter-  
30 nate delegates therefrom to such congressional and senatorial conventions.

Sec. 45. It shall be the duty of the permanent chairman and the permanent  
2 secretary of each convention to make, execute and deliver proper creden-  
3 tials to each person chosen by the county convention as delegate, or alternate  
4 delegate, to the State, congressional, senatorial or judicial conventions of such  
5 political party. Such credentials shall be subscribed and sworn to by the per-  
6 manent chairman and permanent secretary of the county convention.

Sec. 46. The State convention shall convene at the time and place named  
2 in the official call therefor. The chairman of the State Central Committee  
3 shall be the temporary chairman, and the secretary of the State Central Com-  
4 mittee shall be the temporary secretary, of, the State convention. No one  
5 except those having credentials subscribed and sworn to by the permanent chair-  
6 man and permanent secretary of the several county conventions shall participate  
7 in the election of permanent officers of the State convention. The temporary  
8 organization shall select a permanent chairman and a permanent secretary.  
9 The State convention of each political party shall have power:

- 10 1. To nominate candidates for all State offices.
- 11 2. To direct the manner in which any vacancy on the ticket shall be filled.
- 12 3. To select delegates, and alternate delegates, to national nominating  
13 conventions.
- 14 4. To nominate candidates for electors of President and Vice President  
15 of the United States.
- 16 5. To select and appoint a State central committee.
- 17 6. To adopt a party platform.
- 18 7. To transact such other business as may lawfully come before it.

Sec. 47. The congressional and senatorial conventions of each political  
2 party shall convene at the time and place named in the respective official calls

3 therefor. The chairman of the respective committees shall be the temporary  
 4 chairman and the secretary of the respective committees shall be the secretary  
 5 of the respective conventions. No one except those having credentials sub-  
 6 scribed and sworn to by the permanent chairman and the permanent secretary  
 7 of the several county conventions shall participate in the proceedings of either  
 8 convention. The temporary organization of each convention shall select a  
 9 permanent chairman and a permanent secretary.

10 The congressional convention of each political party shall have power:

11 1. To nominate candidates for representatives in Congress (except Con-  
 12 gressmen at Large) and members of the board of equalization.

13 2. To direct the manner in which any vacancy on the ticket shall be  
 14 filled.

15 3. To select, in accordance with the practice of the party, delegates, and  
 16 alternate delegates, to National nominating conventions.

17 4. To select and appoint a congressional committee.

18 5. To adopt a party platform.

19 6. To transact such other business as may lawfully come before it.

20 The senatorial convention of each political party shall have power:

21 1. To nominate candidates for representatives in the General Assembly  
 22 and for State Senator.

23 2. To direct the manner in which any vacancy on the ticket shall be filled.

24 3. To select and appoint senatorial committee.

25 4. To adopt a party platform.

26 5. To transact such other business as may lawfully come before it.

Sec. 48. The judicial conventions of each political party shall convene at  
 2 the time and place named in the official calls therefor. The chairman of the  
 3 judicial district, or judicial circuit, committee, as the case may be, shall be  
 4 temporary chairman, and the secretary of the judicial district or judicial circuit,  
 5 committee, as the case may be, shall be the temporary secretary of the judicial  
 6 district or judicial circuit convention. No one except those having credentials

7 subscribed and sworn to by the permanent chairman and permanent secretary  
8 of the several county conventions shall participate in the election of permanent  
9 officers of the judicial district, or judicial circuit conventions. The temporary  
10 organization shall select a permanent chairman and a permanent secretary.

11 The judicial district, or judicial circuit, conventions of each political party  
12 shall have power:

- 13 1. To nominate candidates for judges of the supreme or circuit courts, as  
14 the case may be.
- 15 2. To direct the manner in which any vacancy on the ticket shall be filled.
- 16 3. To adopt a party platform.
- 17 4. To transact such other business as may lawfully come before it.

Sec. 49. Whenever a special election shall be necessary, the provisions of  
2 this Act shall be applicable to the nomination of candidates to be voted for at  
3 such special election. The officer or authority whose duty it is, under the  
4 general election laws of this State to call any election shall fix a date for a  
5 primary to select delegates to conventions, which date shall be at least twenty-  
6 five days subsequent to the date of the call. At least fifteen days notice shall  
7 be given of such primary. The official calls for conventions of the respective  
8 political parties shall be filed at least eighteen days prior to the date of the  
9 primary.

Sec. 50. It shall be the duty of the permanent chairman and the perma-  
2 nent secretary of each convention at which candidates are nominated for  
3 public offices to cause a certificate of nomination to be duly filed in the proper  
4 office. Each certificate of nomination shall specify:

- 5 1. The name of the candidate or candidates nominated.
- 6 2. The place of residence, with the street and number thereof, if any, of  
7 each candidate nominated.
- 8 3. The office to which he is nominated.
- 9 4. The party or political principle which he represents, expressed in not  
10 more than five words.



11        5. In the case of electors of President and Vice President of the United  
 12 States, the names of the candidates for President and Vice President may be  
 13 added to the party or political appellation.

14        Each such certificate of nomination of candidates for State, congressional,  
 15 senatorial and judicial offices, shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State  
 16 at least thirty days previous to the day of election for which the candidates are  
 17 nominated. The certificate of nomination of candidates for county offices shall  
 18 be filed in the office of the county clerk at least thirty days before the day of  
 19 the election. Each such certificate shall be sworn to by the permanent chairman  
 20 and the permanent secretary of the convention at which the nomination was  
 21 made to be true to the best of their knowledge and belief, and a certificate of  
 22 the oath shall be annexed to the certificate of nomination.

      Sec. 51. Any person who has been nominated under the provisions of this  
 2 Act may cause his name to be withdrawn from any such nomination by his  
 3 request in writing signed by him and duly acknowledged before any officer  
 4 duly authorized to take acknowledgments of deeds and filed with the Secretary  
 5 of State not less than twenty-five days, or in case the nomination is for a coun-  
 6 ty office, with the county clerk not less than twenty days, previous to the day  
 7 of election, and no name so withdrawn shall be printed upon the ballots under  
 8 the party appellation or title from which the candidate has withdrawn his name.

      Sec. 52. All certificates of nomination made and filed under the provis-  
 2 ions of this Act shall be open at all reasonable hours to public inspection.

      Sec. 53. In case any candidate who has been nominated under the provis-  
 2 ions of this Act die before election day, or decline the nomination, or should  
 3 any certificate of nomination be held inoperative or insufficient by the board  
 4 created by section 54 of this Act, then the vacancy or vacancies thus occasioned  
 5 may be filled in such manner as the convention making the original nomination  
 6 previously provided, or in case of no such previous provision, then by the cen-  
 7 tral committee chosen by such convention. The certificates of nomination made

8 to supply such vacancy shall state, in addition to the other facts required by  
9 section 50 of this Act, the name of the original nominee, the date of his death  
10 or declination of nomination or the fact that the former certificate of nomination  
11 has been held insufficient or inoperative, and it shall be signed and sworn to  
12 by the chairman and secretary of the body making the nomination to fill such  
13 vacancy.

Sec. 54. The certificate of nomination having been filed in the office of the  
2 Secretary of State, or in the office of the county clerk, as the case may be, shall  
3 be deemed to be valid unless objection thereto is duly made in writing and  
4 filed in the office of the Secretary of State, or in the office of the county clerk, as  
5 the case may be, at least twenty-five days prior to the date of election.

6 In case objections are filed to certificates of nomination on file in the office  
7 of the Secretary of State, such objections shall be heard by the chief justice of  
8 the Supreme Court, the Attorney General and the Secretary of State, acting as  
9 a board. In case objections are filed to certificates of nomination filed in the  
10 office of the county clerk, such objections shall be heard by the county judge,  
11 the State's Attorney and county clerk, acting as a board. In any case in  
12 which objections are filed it shall be the duty of the officer with whom such ob-  
13 jections are filed to fix a day, which shall be at least eighteen days prior to the  
14 date of election, upon which such objections will be heard, and to give notice  
15 in writing forthwith to the candidate or candidates affected thereby, addressed  
16 to his or their place or places of residence as given in the certificate of nom-  
17 ination and stating the time and place when and where such objections will be  
18 considered. The decision of a majority of the board shall be final. If the board  
19 shall find that the certificate of nomination is insufficient or inoperative, then  
20 the vacancy thus occasioned shall be filled as provided by section 53 of this Act.

Sec. 55. Any person who shall wilfully or corruptly and falsely swear or  
2 affirm in taking any oath or affirmation prescribed by or upon examination pro-  
3 vided for in this Act and every person who shall wilfully and corruptly insti-  
4 gate, advise, induce or procure any person to swear or affirm falsely, as afore-

5 said, or attempt or offer so to do, shall be guilty of perjury, or subordination  
6 of perjury, as the case may be, and shall, upon conviction thereof, suffer the  
7 pains and penalties of lawful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 56. If any primary judge or clerk shall neglect or refuse to canvass  
2 the votes at the time and in the manner provided for in this Act, or refuse to  
3 make the returns required in this Act, he shall, upon conviction thereof, be ad-  
4 judged guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 57. Every primary judge, clerk or other officer or person authorized  
2 to take part in or perform any duty in relation to any canvass or official state-  
3 ment of the votes cast at such primary, in any precinct, who shall wilfully  
4 make any false canvass of such votes or who shall make, enter, write, sign, pub-  
5 lish or deliver any false return of such primary, or any false statement of the  
6 result of such primary, or any material writing incidental to such primary,  
7 knowing the same to be false, shall, on conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty  
8 of a felony under this Act.

Sec. 58. If any county clerk or member of the board of election commis-  
2 sioners, as the case may be, shall wilfully, fraudulently and without lawful ex-  
3 cuse, refuse to make out, sign and deliver to the person entitled thereto, upon  
4 demand therefor, within the time specified in this Act, any certificate of elec-  
5 tion, as delegate or alternate delegate, or shall wilfully and fraudulently make  
6 out, sign, issue and deliver such certificate of election as delegate or alternate  
7 delegate to any person not entitled thereto, or shall issue such certificate of elec-  
8 tion as delegate or alternate delegate to any person at any time in advance of  
9 the delivery of the returns of the election to the county clerk, or to the board of  
10 election commissioners, as the case may be, or shall commit any other wilful or  
11 fraudulent act with reference to such certificate of election, as delegate or alter-  
12 nate delegate, shall, upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a felony.

Sec. 59. If any primary judge shall, without urgent necessity, absent him-  
2 self from the polling place during the primary, whereby less than the majority



3 of all the primary judges shall be present during the holding of such primary  
4 or the canvass of the ballots, or if at any primary, any primary judge or clerk  
5 shall, knowingly and wilfully, receive any vote or proceed with the canvass of  
6 the ballots, or shall consent thereto, unless a majority of the primary judges are  
7 present and concur, such primary judge or such clerk shall be guilty of a mis-  
8 demeanor.

Sec. 60. Any primary judge who shall wilfully exclude any vote duly  
2 tendered and not challenged, knowing that the person offering the same is law-  
3 fully entitled to vote at such primary, or who shall wilfully receive a vote from  
4 any person who has been duly challenged in relation to his right to vote at  
5 such primary, without exacting from such person, such oath as may be required  
6 by this Act, shall, upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 61. If any primary judge shall knowingly and wilfully cause or per-  
2 mit any ballot or ballots or semblance thereof, to be in the ballot box at the  
3 opening of the polls and before voting begins, or shall knowingly, wilfully  
4 and fraudulently put or permit to be put, any ballot or other paper or semb-  
5 lance thereof into any such box, at any such primary, or if any person, other  
6 than the primary judge, shall, at any such primary, wilfully and fraudulently  
7 put or cause to be put any ballot or ballots or other paper having the semblance  
8 thereof, into any box used at such primary for the reception of votes, or if any  
9 person shall at such primary fraudulently change or alter the ballot of any  
10 primary elector or substitute one ballot for another, or if any such primary  
11 judge or other officer or person shall fraudulently, during the canvass of the  
12 ballots, in any manner change, substitute or alter any ballot taken from the  
13 ballot box, then being canvassed, or from any ballot box which has not been  
14 canvassed, every such primary judge or person shall upon conviction, be ad-  
15 judged guilty of a felony.

Sec. 62. If any primary judge, clerk or other officer of a primary, of whom  
2 any duty is required in this Act, or by the general laws of this State for the



3 omission of which duty no punishment is provided, shall be guilty of any wil-  
4 ful neglect of such duty, or any fraudulent or corrupt conduct or practice in the  
5 execution of the same shall, upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a  
6 misdemeanor.

Sec. 63. Any person or any primary judge or primary clerk or other  
2 officer who is guilty of stealing, wilfully and wrongfully breaking, destroying,  
3 mutilating, defacing, falsifying or unlawfully removing or secreting or detain-  
4 ing the whole or any part of any ballot box or receptacle for ballots, or any  
5 record, registry of voters, or copy thereof, oath, return, or statement of votes,  
6 certificate, poll list or of any paper or document provided for in this Act; or  
7 who shall fraudulently make any entry, erasure or alteration therein, except as  
8 allowed and directed by the provisions of this Act, or who permits any other  
9 person so to do, shall, upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a felony.

10 Every person who advises, procures or abets the commission of any of the  
11 Acts mentioned in this Section, shall, upon conviction thereof, be adjudged  
12 guilty of a felony.

Sec. 64. If any person, knowingly or wilfully, shall obstruct, hinder or  
2 assault, or by bribery, solicitation or otherwise, interfere with any primary  
3 judge, primary clerk or challenger, in the performance of any duty, required  
4 of him, or which he may be by law authorized or permitted to perform, or, if  
5 any person by any of the means before mentioned or otherwise, unlawfully  
6 shall, on the day of the primary, hinder or prevent any primary judge, primary  
7 clerk or challenger, in his free attendance and presence at the place of the pri-  
8 mary, in the precinct in and for which he is appointed or designated to serve;  
9 or in his full and free access and egress to and from any such primary election  
10 place; or shall molest, interfere with, remove or eject from any such place of  
11 holding a primary, any such primary judge, primary clerk or challenger, except  
12 as otherwise provided in this Act, or shall unlawfully threaten or attempt or offer  
13 so to do, every such person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor under this Act.

Sec. 65. If any person shall wilfully disobey any lawful command of any  
2 primary judge given in the execution of his duty as such at any such primary  
3 he shall, upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 66. If, on any primary day, or during the canvass of the votes cast  
2 thereat, any person shall cause any breach of the peace, or be guilty of any dis-  
3 orderly violence or threats of violence whereby any such primary or canvass  
4 shall be impeded or hindered or whereby lawful proceedings of any primary  
5 judge or primary clerk, or other officer of such primary or challenger are in-  
6 terfered with, or causes intoxicating liquors to be brought or sent to the polling  
7 place, every such person shall, upon conviction thereof, be guilty of a misde-  
8 meanor.

Sec. 67. Any person who votes with a certain party, at such primary, when  
2 he knows he is not qualified so to vote, under the provisions of this Act, shall,  
3 upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 68. If any person knowing that he is not qualified to vote at such pri-  
2 mary, takes a place in any line of voters waiting to vote at any primary, or if  
3 any person, after having voted at such primary, takes any such waiting line, or  
4 if any person repeatedly takes a place in such waiting line, without voting  
5 when the opportunity comes, and who systematically gives up his place in such  
6 waiting line, shall, upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a misde-  
7 meanor.

Sec. 69. If at any such primary, any person shall falsely personate any  
2 primary elector, legally qualified to vote at such primary, and vote or attempt  
3 or offer to vote in or upon the name of such primary elector or other person,  
4 living or dead, or shall knowingly, wilfully or fraudulently vote or attempt to  
5 offer to vote more than once, or vote in more than one precinct, or shall by force,  
6 threat, menace, intimidation, bribery or reward or offer or promise thereof, or  
7 otherwise unlawfully, either directly or indirectly, influence or attempt to in-

fluence any elector in giving his vote or shall unlawfully prevent or hinder or  
unlawfully attempt to prevent or hinder any qualified primary elector from  
freely exercising the right to vote; or shall by any such unlawful means com-  
pel or induce or attempt to compel or induce any primary judge or other officer  
to receive the vote of any person not legally qualified or entitled to vote at  
such primary, or by any such means, or other unlawful means, wilfully,  
knowingly or fraudulently counsel, advise, induce or attempt to induce any pri-  
mary judge or other officer, whose duty it is to ascertain, proclaim, announce  
or declare the result of any such primary to give or make any false certificate,  
document, report, return or other false evidence in relation thereto, or to refuse  
to comply with his duty, as specifically provided for in this Act, or to refuse  
to receive the vote of any person entitled to vote therein, or shall aid, counsel,  
advise, procure or assist any legally qualified primary elector, person, pri-  
mary judge, primary clerk or other officer to do any act by law forbidden, or in  
this Act constituted an offense; every such person shall upon conviction thereof  
be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 70. If any person shall at any such primary fraudulently furnish any  
primary elector with a ballot containing more than the proper number of  
names; or shall intentionally practice any fraud upon any primary elector to  
induce him to deposit a ballot as his vote and to have the same thrown out  
and not counted; or to have the same counted for a person or candidate other  
than the person or candidate for whom such primary elector intended to vote  
or otherwise defraud him of his vote or if any person shall order or cause to  
be printed a bogus or partly bogus primary ballot, every such person upon con-  
viction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 71. Any person who shall make, seek or obtain for himself or another  
a false certificate of election or appointment as delegate or alternate delegate to  
any convention, knowing that he, or such other person is not entitled thereto  
and any person who shall use or attempt to use such certificate of election or  
appointment knowing the same to be false or fraudulent or to have been issued



6 to another person; and any person who shall fraudulently, knowingly and with-  
7 out right act as a delegate or alternate delegate to any convention shall upon  
8 conviction thereof be adjudged guilty of a felony.

Sec. 72. If any person shall commit any act prohibited herein or refrain  
2 from doing any act or duty required to be done herein, and if any person shall  
3 in any manner be guilty of violation of this Act, whether the same is denom-  
4 inated an offense or not and for which no punishment is herein specifically pro-  
5 vided, such person shall, upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a mis-  
6 demeanor.

Sec. 73. Any person adjudged guilty of an offense denominated a mis-  
2 demeanor under this Act shall be fined not less than \$25.00 nor more than  
3 \$1,000, or shall be imprisoned in the county jail not less than one month nor  
4 more than one year, or any such person may be punished by both such fine  
5 and imprisonment.

6 Any person adjudged guilty of an offense denominated a felony in this Act  
7 shall be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary for not less than one  
8 year nor more than five years.

Sec. 74. In all prosecutions under this Act, it shall be the duty of the county  
2 clerk or of the board of election commissioners to produce, open, exhibit and  
3 offer in evidence, any notice, ballot, book, registry book, bundle of ballots, re-  
4 turns, statements or other documents or papers relating to the particular  
5 prosecution for the purpose of enabling a full investigation.

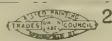
Sec. 75. Irregularities or defects in the mode of calling, noticing, conven-  
2 ing, holding or conducting any primary election shall constitute no defense to  
3 a prosecution for a violation of this Act. When an offense shall be committed in  
4 relation to any primary election an indictment for such offense shall be sufficient  
5 if it allege that such primary was authorized by law without stating the calling  
6 or notice of election aforesaid, the names of the primary judges or primary



7 clerks holding such primary, or the names of the persons voted for at such pri-  
8 mary.

Sec. 76. So much of an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the holding  
2 of primary elections by political parties," approved March 9, 1910, in force July  
3 1, 1910, as provides for the nomination of candidates for State, congressional,  
4 county and judicial offices and for the election of precinct and State central  
5 committeemen and prescribing their powers and duties, and such other parts  
6 and portions of said Act as is in conflict with this Act, is hereby repealed.

7 An Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the holding of primary elections  
8 by political parties for the nomination of members of the General Assembly and  
9 the election of senatorial committeemen" is hereby repealed.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Scanlan, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend sections forty-two (42) and fifty-six (56) of an Act entitled, "An Act concerning local improvements," approved June 14, 1897, in force July 1, 1897, as amended by subsequent Acts.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That sections forty-two (42) and fifty-  
3 six (56) of an Act entitled, "An Act concerning local improvements," ap-  
4 proved June 14, 1897, in force July 1, 1897, as amended by subsequent Acts, be  
5 amended so as to read as follows, respectively:

6     Sec. 42. It shall be lawful to provide by the ordinance for any local im-  
7 provement, any portion of the cost of which is to be defrayed by special assess-  
8 ment or special taxation, or by ordinance passed at any time before the con-  
9 firmation of the assessment roll, that the aggregate amount assessed, and each  
10 individual assessment, and also the assessment against the municipality on ac-  
11 count of property owned by the municipality and for public benefits, be divided  
12 into installments, not more than ten (10) in number: *Provided, however,* that  
13 any such special assessment or special tax levy for building sewers, subways,

14 or viaducts may in like manner be divided into not exceeding twenty (20) in-  
 15 stallments. In all cases such division shall be made so that all installments shall  
 16 be equal in amount, except that all fractional amounts shall be added to the  
 17 first installment, so as to leave the remaining installments of the aggregate  
 18 equal in amount and each a multiple of one hundred dollars (\$100). The first  
 19 installment shall be due and payable on the second day of January next after  
 20 the date of the first voucher issued on account of work done, and the second in-  
 21 stallment one (1) year thereafter, and so on annually until all installments are  
 22 paid; and it is hereby made the duty of the board of local improvements to file  
 23 in the office of the clerk of the court in which such assessment was confirmed, a  
 24 certificate signed by its secretary, of the date of said first voucher and of the  
 25 amount thereof, within thirty (30) days after the issuance thereof. All in-  
 26 stallments shall bear interest as hereinafter provided until paid, at the rate of  
 27 five (5) per centum per annum. Interest on assessments shall begin to run  
 28 from the date of the first voucher issued on account of work done as aforesaid.  
 29 The interest on each installment shall be payable as follows: On the second day  
 30 of January next succeeding the date of the first voucher aforesaid so certified as  
 31 aforesaid, the interest accrued up to that time on all unpaid installments shall  
 32 be due and payable and be collected with the installment, and thereafter the in-  
 33 terest on all unpaid installments, then payable, shall be payable annually, and  
 34 be due and payable at the same time as the installments maturing in such year  
 35 and be collected therewith. In all cases it shall be the duty of the municipal  
 36 collectors, as the case may be, whenever payment is made of any installment,  
 37 to collect interest thereon up to the date of such payment, whether such pay-  
 38 ment be made at or after maturity. *Any person may pay the whole assessment*  
 39 *against any lot, piece or parcel of land, or any installment thereof, with inter-*  
 40 *est, up to the date of payment, at any time before the bonds hereinafter men-*  
 41 *tioned are issued, but after said bonds are issued, payment shall not be re-*  
 42 *ceived of any installment before its maturity unless interest thereon up to the*  
 43 *second day of the succeeding January is also paid at the same time.* Whenever  
 44 any city, town or village has heretofore levied for any public improvement a

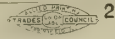
special tax or a special assessment, payable in not to exceed ten (10) installments, of which all except the first draw interest at any rate specified in the ordinance under the authority of which such improvement is made, not exceeding five (5) per cent per annum, and judgment has been duly entered in such proceeding, confirming such tax or assessment, payable as aforesaid, the judgment in such proceedings shall not be invalid because said assessment is so divided or because the rate of interest therein is fixed at five or at four per cent, as the case may be, but all such judgments, unless void for other reasons, shall be valid and enforceable. And when improvement bonds shall have been issued for the purpose of anticipating the collection of the deferred installments of any such special tax or assessment, such bonds shall not, if otherwise valid, be void either because of the number of series into which they are divided or the rate of interest they bear, but if such bonds are in other respects in compliance with the statutes of the State of Illinois in such case made and provided, they shall be valid and enforceable to the extent that the tax assessment against which they are levied is enforceable, or any re-levy thereof. The provisions of this section as to the division of installments and rate of interest shall apply to all cases pending in court and unconfirmed on July 1, 1903.

Sec. 56. The judgment of the court shall be final as to all the issues involved, and the proceedings in said cause shall be subject to review by appeal or writ of error as hereinafter provided, and not otherwise: *Provided, however*, that by mutual consent the same may be vacated or modified at a subsequent term, except as hereinafter provided.

Such judgment shall have the effect of several judgments as to each tract or parcel of land assessed, and no appeal from any such judgment or writ of error shall invalidate or delay the judgment except as to the property concerning which the appeal or writ of error is taken. Such judgment shall be a lien upon the property assessed from the date thereof, to the same extent and of equal force and validity as a lien for the general taxes, for a period of five years, if such assessment is payable in a single sum; if payable by installments,



75 then until five years after the last installment comes due. Nothing in this sec-  
 76 tion contained shall interfere with the right of the petitioner to dismiss its pro-  
 77 ceedings and for that purpose to vacate such judgment at its election at any  
 78 time before commencing the actual collection of such assessment, *and the court*  
 79 *in which the judgment is rendered shall enter an order vacating or annulling said*  
 80 *judgment of confirmation on motion of petitioner entered at any time after the*  
 81 *expiration of the term at which judgment of confirmation was entered upon a*  
 82 *showing by petitioner that no contract was let or entered into for the making*  
 83 *of said improvement within the time fixed by law, for the letting of the con-*  
 84 *tract or that the making of such improvement under the original proceeding was*  
 85 *never commenced, or that the making of said improvement under the prior pro-*  
 86 *ceedings was abandoned by petitioner*, and no judgment entered in such proceed-  
 87 ing so dismissed and vacated shall be a bar to another like or different im-  
 88 provement: *Provided*, that after the contract for the work shall have been en-  
 89 tered into, or the bonds mentioned in this Act issued, no judgment shall be va-  
 90 cated or modified or any petition dismissed at a term subsequent to that at  
 91 which the judgment was rendered, nor the collection of the assessment be in any  
 92 way stayed or delayed by the council or board of trustees, or board of local im-  
 93 provements, or any officer of the municipality, without the consent of the con-  
 94 tractor and bondholder.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Schuberth (by request), March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act for an emergency appropriation to meet a deficit in the appropriation  
for the office expenses of the State Factory Inspector.

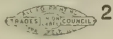
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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of two thousand five hun-  
3 dred (\$2,500) dollars, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, be and is here-  
4 by appropriated to meet a deficit in the expenses of the office of the State Fac-  
5 tory Inspector.

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed,  
2 upon presentation of proper vouchers certified by the Chief Factory Inspector  
3 and approved by the Governor, to draw his warrants upon the State Treasurer  
4 for the sum herein appropriated, and the State Treasurer is authorized and di-  
5 rected to pay the same out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appro-  
6 priated.

Sec. 3. Whereas, the moneys above appropriated are immediately required  
2 therefore an emergency exists and this Act shall be in force from and after its  
3 passage and approval.





1 Adopted March 23, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

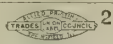
Amend House Bill No. 247 as printed in the House, by striking out all of section 1, and inserting in lieu thereof the following :

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That the following sums be and are hereby appropriated for the purpose of meeting a deficit in the office and other expenses of the State Factory Inspector ending June 30, 1915:

Illinois State Reformatory at Pontiac, for printing .....	\$ 553.00
Editor at \$1,800 per annum for March, April, May and June, 1915....	600.00
Miscellaneous office expenses at \$200 per month for March, April, May	
and June, 1915 .....	800.00
Moving office of Chief Inspector, necessary alterations and repairs....	500.00
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Total, two thousand four hundred fifty-three dollars .....	\$2,453.00







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Schuberth (by request), March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**A BILL**

For an Act for an appropriation for the relief of the family of William Voris,  
deceased.

WHEREAS, William Voris, while on duty as an employee in the State Yards  
of the Illinois and Michigan Canal, at Lockport, Will County, on May 23, 1914,  
in operating a circular saw, received serious injuries as a result of which he  
died in the city of Joliet May 31, 1914, said injuries being the result of the  
dangerous and unsafe condition of the implements that he was compelled to use  
in the performance of his duty in and about said Illinois and Michigan Canal  
in the line of his work as an employee of the State of Illinois; therefore,

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
*represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of ten thousand (\$10,000)  
dollars is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the State Treasury not

4 otherwise appropriated for the purpose of paying the death loss on account of  
5 the death of William Voris, killed by an unsafe circular saw under the control  
6 of the State of Illinois and while in the employment of the State through the  
7 trustees of the Illinois and Michigan Canal, and the Auditor of Public Accounts  
8 is hereby directed to draw his warrant on the State Treasurer in favor of the  
9 personal representative of the estate of William Voris, deceased, for the sum  
10 of ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars on the first day of July, A. D. 1915. The  
11 said sum to be paid out of any moneys in the State Treasury not otherwise  
12 appropriated.



1 Adopted May 31, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 248, as printed in the House, section 1, line 2, by  
2 striking out the words and figures “ten thousand (\$10,000)” and inserting in  
3 lieu thereof the words and figures “three thousand five hundred (\$3,500)”.

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 248, as printed in the House, section 1, line 10, by  
2 striking out the words and figures “ten thousand (\$10,000)” and inserting in  
3 lieu thereof the words and figures “three thousand five hundred (\$3,500)”.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Tice, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

A BILL

For an Act entitled an Act to amend section 32 of an Act entitled, “An Act to re-  
vise the law in relation to roads and bridges,” approved June 27, 1913, in force  
July 1, 1913.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
*represented in the General Assembly:* That section 32 of an Act entitled, “An  
Act to revise the law in relation to roads and bridges,” be amended to read as  
follows:

Sec. 32. REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE OF STATE AID ROADS.] Whenever any State  
aid road shall be constructed or improved in any county under the provisions  
of this Act, the State Highway Commission, either directly or through the State  
Highway Engineer, the Assistant State Highway Engineer or the county super-  
intendent of highways, shall thereafter keep all such roads in proper repair,  
and the total cost of such maintenance shall be paid out of the State road and  
bridge funds upon the warrant of the Auditor, whenever such payment shall be  
ordered by the State Highway Commission: *Provided, that when a gravel or*  
*macadam road is constructed the county shall pay one-half the cost of such*

14 maintenance; and *Provided, further, that when an earth road is constructed the*  
15 *county shall pay the entire cost of maintenance.* For the purpose of keeping  
16 such roads in proper repair the State Highway Commission shall have author-  
17 ity to purchase all necessary tools, machinery, supplies and materials, and may  
18 employ, or authorize the State Highway Engineer to employ, all labor necessary  
19 therefor.

20 (A) *For the purpose of improving, repairing and maintaining the pro-*  
21 *posed system of State aid roads in the respective counties under the provis-*  
22 *ions of this Act, and for the purpose of assisting the townships and road dis-*  
23 *tricts in improving, repairing and maintaining township and district roads, the*  
24 *boards of supervisors and county commissioners in the respective counties are*  
25 *hereby authorized to purchase machinery and appropriate the necessary funds*  
26 *for carrying on such work and such boards of supervisors and county commis-*  
27 *sioners are further authorized to lease said machinery to the townships or road*  
28 *districts within the respective counties for the work of improving, repairing,*  
29 *and maintaining the roads in their respective townships and road districts.*



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Turner, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by subsequent Acts, by adding a new section to be known as section fifty-seven *a* (57a) of division one (1) thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by subsequent Acts, be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to be known as section fifty-seven a (57a) of division one (1) thereof said section, when added, shall read as follows:*

8       Sec. 57a. *It shall be unlawful for any sheriff, coroner, constable, marshal,*  
9 *policeman or other officer of any incorporated city, town or village, having*  
10 *the power of a sheriff or constable to arrest the inmates of any hotel or board-*  
11 *ing house on the charge of keeping, maintaining, or patronizing a house of ill-*  
12 *fame, or to enter any hotel or boarding house for the purpose of so arresting the*



13 inmates thereof, except in cases where a warrant, based upon indictment or  
14 upon complaint in writing verified by affidavit, shall have been issued for the  
15 search of such hotel or boarding house and the arrest of the inmates thereof.  
16 Whoever shall be guilty of a violation of this Act shall be fined not less than  
17 \$50.00 nor more than \$500.00.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Turner, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

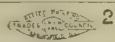
For an Act to amend section 1 of an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to divorce," approved March 10, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section one of an Act entitled, "An  
3 Act to revise the law in relation to divorce," approved March 10, 1874, in force  
4 July 1, 1874, be and the same is amended to read as follows:

5       Sec. 1. That in every case in which a marriage has been, or hereafter may  
6 be contracted and solemnized between any two persons, and it shall be adjudged  
7 in the manner hereinafter provided, that either party at the time of such mar-  
8 riage was, and continues to be, naturally impotent; or that he or she had a wife  
9 or husband living at the time of such marriage; or that either party has com-  
10 mitted adultery subsequent to the marriage; or has wilfully deserted or absent-  
11 ed himself or herself, from the husband or wife, without any reasonable cause,  
12 for the space of one year, or has been guilty of habitual drunkenness for the  
13 space of one year, or has attempted the life of the other by poison or other means  
14 showing malice, or has been guilty of extreme and repeated cruelty, or has been  
15 convicted of felony, it shall be lawful for the injured party to obtain a divorce  
16 and dissolution of such marriage contract.





- 1. Introduced by Mr. Tuttle, March 11, 1915.
- 2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Fish and Game.

A BILL

For an Act to amend section twenty-nine (29) of an Act entitled, “An Act for the conservation of game, wild fowl, birds and fish in the State of Illinois, for the appointment of a commission and staff for the enforcement thereof and to repeal certain Acts relating thereto,” approved June 23, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, by amending section twenty-nine (29) thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That section twenty-nine (29) of an Act entitled, “An Act for conservation of game, wild fowl, birds and fish in the State of Illinois, for the appointment of a commission and staff for the enforcement thereof, and to repeal certain Acts relating thereto,” be amended to read as follows:

Sec. 29. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to hunt, with gun or dog, or allow their dogs to hunt within or upon the lands or premises of another, or upon the waters flowing over or standing on said lands or premises, without first obtaining from the owner, agent, or occupant of said lands or premises, his, her or their *written* permission so to do.







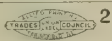
- 1 Introduced by Mr. G. H. Wilson, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an Act to prevent any person committing felonious homicide to profit by his crime, or to take or acquire from the person so killed any property or estate upon his death, and to regulate the descent or devolution of the estate of such decedent.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
*represented in the General Assembly:* That no person who feloniously and wil-  
fully takes, or causes or procures another so to take, the life of another, shall  
inherit from such decedent, or take or acquire by reason of such death any  
interest in the estate of said decedent as surviving spouse, or otherwise, or take  
by devise or legacy, or otherwise, upon his death from him any portion of his  
estate; and that all the estate, real or personal, of the person so killed shall,  
upon his death, pass to the person or persons who would have been entitled to  
take the same had the person so committing such homicide, or so causing the  
same to be committed, died before the death of the person so killed.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. G. H. Wilson, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Banks, Banking  
and Building and Loan Associations.

A BILL

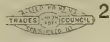
For an Act to amend section 2 of an Act entitled, “An Act to enable associations of  
persons to become a body corporate to raise funds to be loaned only among the  
members of such association,” in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
*represented in the General Assembly: That section 2 of an Act entitled, “An*  
*Act to enable associations of persons to become a body corporate to raise*  
*funds to be loaned only among the members of such association,” be and the*  
*same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:*

Sec. 2. *That whenever two hundred shares or more of the capital stock*  
*shall be subscribed in cities, towns or villages of fewer than five thousand in-*  
*habitants; five hundred shares or more in cities, towns or villages of five thou-*  
*sand and fewer than ten thousand inhabitants; one thousand shares or more in*  
*cities, towns or villages of ten thousand and fewer than one hundred thousand*  
*inhabitants, and two thousand shares or more in cities, towns or villages of*  
*one hundred thousand inhabitants or more, the commissioners shall convene a*



13 meeting of the subscribers for the purpose of electing at least seven subscribers  
14 as directors, adopting by-laws and the transaction of such other business as  
15 shall come before them. Notice thereof shall be given by depositing in the  
16 postoffice, properly addressed to each subscriber, at least ten days before the  
17 time fixed, a written or printed notice, stating the object, time and place of  
18 such meeting. Directors of such corporations organized under this Act shall  
19 be elected, classified and hold their office for such period of time as is provided  
20 by general law governing the election and classification of directors, trustees  
21 or managers of corporations.



- 1 Introduced by G. H. Wilson, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Temperance.

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## A BILL

For an Act to provide for the creation by popular vote of anti-saloon residence district within which the sale of intoxicating liquor and the licensing of such sale shall be prohibited and for the abolition by like means of such district so created.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the words and phrases mentioned  
3 in this section, as used in this Act and in proceedings pursuant hereto, shall,  
4 unless the same be inconsistent with the context, be construed as follows:

5 “Anti-saloon residence district” shall mean all the territory within the  
6 boundaries of any district in which, through the action of the legal voters there-  
7 in, as provided by this Act, the sale of intoxicating liquor, except as herein pro-  
8 vided, is prohibited.

9 “Block” shall mean the area of land enclosed wholly by streets.

10 “Clerk” shall mean the city, village or town clerk, as the case may be, and  
11 it shall mean the board of election commissioners of any municipality in this  
12 State in which there now is or may hereafter be a board of election commis-  
13 sioners.

14       “Election” shall mean an election at a time fixed by law for choosing city,  
15 village or town officers, as the case may be; in no case shall it mean a special  
16 election to fill a vacancy.

17       “Foot frontage” shall mean the distance in feet along the line of any and all  
18 streets upon which the premises abut or adjoin.

19       “Intoxicating liquor” shall include all distilled, spirituous, vinous, fer-  
20 mented and malt liquors.

21       “Legal voter” shall mean a person having resided in this State one (1)  
22 year, in the county ninety (90) days and in the election precinct thirty (30)  
23 days, who is a male or female citizen of the United States, above the age of  
24 twenty-one (21) years and who has not been convicted of any crime, the punish-  
25 ment of which was confinement in the penitentiary, or of selling or offering to  
26 sell his or her vote. In any municipality in which there is a board of election  
27 commissioners “legal voter” shall mean a duly registered male or female legal  
28 voter.

29       “Municipality” shall mean an incorporated city, village or town.

30       “Premises” shall mean the area of land under distinct ownership.

31       “Registered voter” shall mean a male or female legal voter of the district  
32 or anti-saloon residence district whose name appears on the poll list of the last  
33 preceding election or on the current register of electors.

34       “Saloon” shall mean a place for which a dramshop or wholesale license has  
35 been issued according to law for the sale of intoxicating liquor.

36       “Town” shall mean an incorporated town.

37       “Vacant premises” shall mean premises which are not occupied by a per-  
38 manent building.

39       All the territory within any municipality in this State, for the purposes of  
40 this Act, shall be classified as follows:

41       (1) Premises, the building or buildings of which have more than one-fourth  
42 of the floor space thereof occupied for or devoted to mercantile, manufacturing,  
43 commercial, transportation, hotel, professional, public amusement or other busi-  
44 ness purposes, shall be counted business territory.

(2) Premises, the building or buildings of which have more than three-fourths of the floor space thereof occupied for or devoted to dwelling, lodging house, educational, library, religious, church, hospital or charitable purposes, and all parks and cemeteries, shall be counted residence territory.

(3) Vacant premises and all the space in any building or premises occupied for or devoted to baseball or governmental purposes and all railroad rights of way shall not be counted as either business or residence territory.

(4) If more than one-half of the occupied premises of an entire block, counting foot frontage, be residence territory, such block shall be counted residence territory.

(5) Every block which does not contain a greater area than twenty-five thousand square feet and is wholly surrounded by residence territory shall be counted residence territory.

(6) When an alley, corporate boundary, railroad right of way, water course, or any other than a street line forms the boundary of the residence territory or district, and more than one-half of the occupied premises abutting or adjoining such boundary line between consecutive streets, or between such boundary line and the next street, as the case may be, counting foot frontage, be residence territory, then all of such territory shall be counted residence territory.

Sec. 2. Any contiguous residence territory, situated within a municipality and containing not fewer than two hundred registered voters nor more than ten thousand registered voters, and bounded by street, alley, corporate boundary, railroad right of way, water course, or other well defined lines or boundaries, may become an anti-saloon residence district in the manner provided in this Act: *Provided*, such residence territory shall not contain territory which abuts upon a street for a continuous distance of five hundred feet or over (excluding streets and alleys) when two-thirds of the total foot frontage thereof, and two-thirds of the total foot frontage of the territory abutting on the opposite side of such street and immediately opposite to such territory, is business territory.



Sec. 3. Upon the filing in the office of the clerk, at least twenty-nine (29)  
 2 days before an election, of a petition, as in this Act provided, directed to such  
 3 clerk and containing the signatures of registered voters in number not less than  
 4 one-fourth of the registered voters residing within such residence territory, to  
 5 submit to the voters thereof the proposition, "Shall this territory become 'The  
 6 ..... (name) Anti-Saloon Residence District of ..... (name  
 7 of municipality)'" said proposition shall be submitted at such election, as in this  
 8 Act provided, to the legal voters of such territory, and if a majority of the legal  
 9 voters voting upon said proposition shall vote "Yes" such territory shall be-  
 10 come an anti-saloon residence district, having such boundaries and name as are  
 11 designated in such petition.

Sec. 4. A petition for the creation of an anti-saloon residence district shall  
 2 be substantially in the following form:

3 To the ..... (city, village or town, as the case may be), clerk  
 4 of the ..... (city, village or town) of ..... (name of munici-  
 5 pality) in the State of Illinois:

6 The undersigned, residents and registered voters of a certain residence ter-  
 7 ritory situated in said ..... (city, village or town) and bounded as follows:  
 8 Beginning at ..... (here describe the boundary lines by street, alley, cor-  
 9 porate boundary, railroad right of way, water course or other well defined lines  
 10 or boundaries, as the case may require), to the place of beginning, respectfully  
 11 petition, that you cause to be submitted to the legal voters thereof at the next  
 12 election, in the manner provided by law, the proposition, "Shall this territory  
 13 become 'The ..... (name) Anti-Saloon Residence District of .....  
 14 (name of municipality)'"

Signature	House Number	Street	Date of Signing

Such petition shall consist of sheets of uniform size, having such form printed or written at the top thereof, and the heading of each sheet shall be the same, and shall be signed by the registered voters in their own proper persons only, and opposite the signature of each registered voter shall be written his residence address, stating the name of the street on which he resides, his house number, if the same shall have been numbered, if not, then otherwise distinctly designating his place of residence, and the date of signing the same: *Provided*, that when a signer resides in a building having more than one house and lot number it shall be sufficient to state the number of the entrance thereof. No signature shall be valid or be counted in considering such petition unless these requirements are complied with and unless the date of signing is less than sixty days preceding the date of filing the petition. At the bottom of each sheet of such petition shall be added a statement signed by a resident of a municipality in which the signers thereof reside with his or her residence address as aforesaid, stating that the signatures on that sheet of said petition are genuine, and that to the best of his or her knowledge and belief the persons so signing were at the time of signing said petition registered voters of the territory described in the heading of that sheet of said petition; that their respective residences are correctly stated therein and that each signer signed the same on the date set opposite his or her name. Such statement shall be sworn to before some officer residing in the municipality where such registered voters reside authorized to administer oaths therein. No sheet shall be valid unless these requirements are complied with. Such sheets, before filing, shall be consecutively numbered and together with a map or drawing showing the boundaries of such district, be fastened together at the top in one document and filed as a whole. And upon such petition shall be written the name of the chairman of the committee managing the interests of those filing such petition, with his residence address as aforesaid. No signature shall be revoked except by a revocation filed with the clerk with whom the petition is required to be filed and before the filing of such petition. Upon the request of the chairman of the committee managing the

45 interests of those circulating such petition the clerk shall immediately and from  
 46 time to time notify him in writing of all revocations of signatures that have  
 47 been filed with him. After the petition is filed no signature shall be with-  
 48 drawn or added, nor shall the petition be withdrawn or in any manner altered.  
 49 Such petition so verified or a copy thereof duly certified, as hereinafter pro-  
 50 vided, shall be *prima facie* evidence that the signatures, statement of residences  
 51 and dates upon such petition are genuine and true and that the persons so  
 52 signing were at the time of signing registered voters of the district named and  
 53 that the district described in such petition is residence territory. Such petition  
 54 and all revocations when filed shall be public documents and shall be subject to  
 55 the inspection of the public and shall not be removed from the clerk's office except  
 56 as hereinafter provided. Upon the request of any resident of the district and  
 57 the payment or tender to the clerk of one dollar for each one hundred names,  
 58 or fraction thereof, signed thereto, the clerk shall immediately furnish to such  
 59 person a certified true copy of such petition stating thereon the day and hour  
 60 when such original petition was filed in his office. Whoever in making the sworn  
 61 statement above prescribed shall knowingly, wilfully, and corruptly swear  
 62 falsely shall be deemed guilty of perjury and on conviction thereof shall be  
 63 punished accordingly. Whoever forges the signature of any person upon any  
 64 petition, revocation or statement provided for in this Act shall be deemed guilty  
 65 of forgery and on conviction thereof shall be punished accordingly.

Sec. 5. The clerk with whom any such petition shall be filed shall forth-  
 2 with cause a notice substantially in the following form to be posted at the door  
 3 of his office and in at least five of the most public places within the residence  
 4 territory designated in such petition:

NOTICE OF THE FILING OF AN ANTI-SALOON RESIDENCE DISTRICT PETITION.

5 Notice is hereby given that a petition was, on the.....day of .....  
 6 19..., filed in my office, to create the following residence territory, to-wit:  
 7 Beginning at..... (here copy the description of the boundaries of



8 such district as set forth in the petition) to the place of beginning, an Anti-  
 9 Saloon Residence District, to be styled: "The ..... (name design-  
 10 nated in the petition) Anti-Saloon Residence District of ..... (name  
 11 of municipality)."

.....

(City, Village or Town) Clerk.

12 Such petition so filed and being in apparent conformity with the provisions  
 13 of this Act, shall be deemed to be valid and sufficient unless five (5) registered  
 14 voters of such district shall file verified objections thereto with the clerk within  
 15 seven (7) days after the filing thereof, distinctly setting forth wherein such  
 16 petition is invalid or such district is not residence territory together with a true  
 17 copy of such objections and a bond signed by two good and sufficient sureties,  
 18 residents and freeholders of such district, to be approved by the clerk, in the  
 19 penal sum of \$500, conditioned that they will pay all costs which may accrue on  
 20 account of such objections. If such objections and bond are so filed, then at the  
 21 expiration of said seven (7) days the clerk shall file such petition and all  
 22 papers pertaining thereto in the office of the clerk of the county court of the  
 23 county having the greatest area of such district within its boundaries, and the  
 24 clerk of such court shall immediately present the same to the judge of such  
 25 court, who shall forthwith set a time for the hearing of such objections, which  
 26 shall not be less than thirteen (13) days, nor more than fifteen (15) days after  
 27 such petition shall have been filed with the clerk to whom it is addressed.  
 28 Thereupon a summons shall forthwith issue from such court addressed to the  
 29 chairman of the committee managing the interests of those who filed such petition  
 30 notifying him of the filing of such objections and directing him to appear in  
 31 behalf of such petition at the time set for such hearing. At the time such  
 32 summons is served the sheriff shall deliver the copy of such objections to such  
 33 chairman. The county court of such county shall have jurisdiction to hear and  
 34 determine, in a summary manner, the validity of such petition and shall be  
 35 always open for the transaction of such business: *Provided*, that if the voters



36 filing such objections or the committee managing the interests of those filing  
 37 such petition shall fear that they will not receive a fair and impartial trial  
 38 because of the prejudice of the judge of such court, for or against such petition,  
 39 and shall file a verified statement of such fact three days before the time set  
 40 for the hearing, the judge shall call in some other judge to whom neither party  
 41 has any valid objection, who shall hear said cause. Within seven (7) days after  
 42 the date set for such hearing, and at least seven (7) days before the election,  
 43 judgment shall be entered of record, which shall decree such petition to be valid  
 44 or invalid according to the right and justice in the premises, and such judg-  
 45 ment shall become immediately effective. If the court shall find such petition  
 46 to be valid, then the clerk of such court shall forthwith prepare a true certified  
 47 copy of such judgment and attach the same to such petition and deliver such  
 48 petition and judgment to the sheriff, who shall file the same in the office of the  
 49 clerk to whom such petition is addressed within one day after receiving the same.  
 50 Appeals may be taken to the supreme court in the manner and upon the condi-  
 51 tions provided by law for taking appeals in cases in chancery from the circuit  
 52 courts: *Provided*, that in case of an appeal the judgment of the county court  
 53 shall be and remain in full force and effect until reversed by the supreme court.

Sec. 6. If no objections to such petition are filed with the clerk within  
 2 seven (7) days after the filing of the same, or if objections are filed and the  
 3 court shall decree such petition valid, the clerk shall, at least five (5) days  
 4 before the election cause a notice in substantially the following form to be  
 5 posted at the door of his office and in at least five (5) of the most public places  
 6 within such district in the manner provided by law for giving notices of an  
 7 election:

NOTICE OF AN ANTI-SALOON RESIDENCE DISTRICT ELECTION.

8 Notice is hereby given that the proposition, "Shall this territory become 'The  
 9 ..... (name designated in such petition) Anti-Saloon Residence  
 10 District of ..... (name of municipality),?" will be submitted to the

11 voters of the following territory, to-wit: beginning at .....(here copy  
12 the description of the boundaries of the district as set forth in such petition)  
13 to the place of beginning, in the.....(city, village or town) of .....  
14 (name of municipality) and the State of Illinois, at an election to be held on  
15 the ..... day of April, 19....

.....

(City, Village or Town) Clerk.

16 *Provided*, that the failure of such clerk to cause such notice to be given  
17 of the filing of such petition or of the submission of such proposition as above  
18 provided, shall not affect the validity or binding force of the vote upon said  
19 proposition where the result is not affected thereby. Such clerk shall cause said  
20 proposition to be plainly printed upon a separate ballot and submitted to the  
21 legal voters residing within such district and within such district only in the  
22 manner provided by law, as follows:

“Shall this territory become ‘The..... (name designated in such petition) Anti-Saloon Residence district  of .....(name of municipality)’?”	Yes	
	No	

23 Such clerk shall prepare a separate tally sheet and a separate blank state-  
24 ment for returns of votes cast upon said proposition and shall deliver two  
25 copies of each to the judges of election at each polling place where said propo-  
26 sition is to be submitted, together with the envelopes hereinafter mentioned.  
27 Upon each tally sheet shall be plainly written or printed an appropriate cap-  
28 tion and the proposition: “Shall this territory become ‘The . .....(name  
29 designated on the ballot) Anti-Saloon Residence district of.....(name  
30 of municipality)’?”—“Yes,” and opposite shall be amply lined space within  
31 which to tally at least 450 votes and to set forth in figures and in words at full  
32 length the total number of votes “Yes” cast upon said proposition; and in  
33 another separate and distinct space the said proposition (at full length) “No,”

34 with like lined tallying and totaling space; and also in like manner said propo-  
 35 sition followed by the words "Defective" and "Objected to," and space in which  
 36 to tally and total all such ballots. At the foot of such tally sheet shall be added  
 37 a certificate stating that such tallies and totals are correct in all respects and  
 38 with space for the signatures of the judges and clerks of election. Such blank  
 39 statement for returns may be substantially in the following form:

THE ..... (name) ANTI-SALOON RESIDENCE DISTRICT ELECTION RETURNS.

40 At an election held in the..... precinct of the ..... ward of (city,  
 41 village or town) in the State of Illinois, on Tuesday, the ..... day of  
 42 April, A. D. 19..., there was cast ..... (set forth in figures  
 43 and in words at full length) votes "Yes" and ..... (set forth in  
 44 figures and in words at full length) votes "No" upon proposition—"Shall this  
 45 teritory become 'The..... name designated on the ballot) Anti-Saloon  
 46 Residence district of ..... (name of municipality)'?"

47 We, the undersigned, do jointly and severally certify that the foregoing  
 48 statement of returns is true and correct in all respects.

.....  
 .....  
 .....

Judges of Election.

Attested:

.....  
 .....  
 .....

Clerks of Election.

49 At each polling place where said proposition is submitted to the voters it  
 50 shall be the duty of the judges of election to admit to the room at such polling  
 51 place four legal voters of such district to act as special challengers of voters, two  
 52 of whom shall be selected by the committee managing the interests of those in  
 53 favor of said proposition, and two selected by the committee managing the in-  
 54 terests of those opposed to said proposition. An authority signed by the chair-



man of the respective committees shall be sufficient evidence of the right of the respective challengers to be present; and such challengers shall have the right and privilege of remaining and watching the canvass of the ballots cast upon said proposition until the returns are duly signed and sealed, and they shall be entitled to a position where they can plainly see and read each ballot, and it shall be the duty of the judges and other officers of the law to protect them in such position, and see that they are not excluded, provided such challengers shall be of good character and sober and shall not touch the ballots or in anywise interfere with such canvass. Before any voter at any such polling place is given a ballot he shall give his name and residence address stating the street and house number if there be such, if not then otherwise distinctly designating his place of residence, and whether or not he resides within such district. If he does and a majority of the judges are satisfied he is entitled to vote upon said proposition he shall be given such ballot. If the right of any person to vote upon said proposition be challenged or if a majority of the judges are not satisfied he is entitled to vote upon said proposition, he shall not receive such ballot until he shall make and subscribe an affidavit in which he shall state his residence address (stating the street and house number if there be such, if not, then otherwise distinctly designating his place of residence) that his said residence is within such district; how long he has resided at such address; how long in the precinct, county and state; that he is a citizen of the United States and is a duly qualified voter of such district and entitled to vote upon said proposition and in addition to his said affidavit, such person shall produce and deliver to the judges an affidavit of a registered legal voter, who is a householder in such district stating his own residence address; that he personally knows such person; and that such person does reside at the place stated in his affidavit and has resided there and in such precinct, county and State for the length of time stated by such person. Said affidavits shall be subscribed and sworn to before one of said judges and not otherwise. The canvass of the vote upon said proposition shall be made in the following manner: Before the name of any candidate on any ballot shall be canvassed one of the judges, the other two



86 observing, shall separate all such ballots cast in such precinct into three piles  
 87 or files, putting together in the first pile the ballots having a cross, thus X, in  
 88 the square opposite the word "Yes," and putting together in the second pile all  
 89 the ballots having a cross, thus X; in the square opposite the word "No," and  
 90 putting together in the third pile all "defective," and all other ballots of  
 91 every description. Each of the judges shall then examine the separate piles and  
 92 place in the proper pile any ballot found in the wrong pile. One of the judges  
 93 shall then examine and count the first pile of ballots in batches of ten, and  
 94 when one batch is counted shall pass the same to the next judge, who shall ex-  
 95 amine and count the same and pass it to the third judge, who shall also examine  
 96 and count them, and when the three shall have finished the count of the ten bal-  
 97 lots the last judge shall announce in a loud voice, "Ten votes 'Yes' upon the pro-  
 98 position, 'Shall this territory become "The.....(name designated on  
 99 the ballot) Anti-Saloon Residence District of .....(name of  
 100 municipality)'" Then the tally clerks shall tally ten votes "Yes" accordingly  
 101 on each tally sheet and announce the tally. Thereupon, such batch of ten ballots  
 102 shall be strung upon a single piece of flexible wire in the manner provided by  
 103 law, and so the whole pile shall be examined, counted, tallied and strung.  
 104 Before counting the second pile the tally clerks shall compare their tallies and  
 105 when they agree announce the result or number of votes entered and credited  
 106 "Yes," and then the second pile shall be examined, counted, tallied and strung  
 107 in the same manner and the number of votes "No" upon said proposition an-  
 108 nounced. Likewise the third pile shall be examined, counted, tallied and an-  
 109 nounced, but such ballots shall be marked and strung upon a separate wire in  
 110 the manner provided by law. Thereupon, it shall be the duty of each of said  
 111 judges in turn to announce in a loud voice the result of the election in that  
 112 precinct upon said proposition. Immediately after making such proclamation  
 113 the judges shall enclose all such ballots so strung and sealed in a separate and  
 114 secure canvass covering and securely tie and seal such canvass covering in  
 115 the manner provided by law and so mark and endorse the same as to clearly  
 116 disclose its contents. If no tally sheets for said proposition shall be furnished,

election clerks shall use any piece of paper and write out the form given above and tally the vote thereon, as aforesaid; and in case no such blank statements for returns be furnished, then it shall be the duty of said judges and clerks to write out a return in duplicate in accordance with the form given above. After announcing the result as aforesaid, such judges shall make, fill up, and sign duplicate returns of the vote cast upon said proposition, each of which shall be attested by the election clerks, and shall be enclosed and sealed in separate envelopes, and such envelopes endorsed in the manner provided by law. One of such envelopes shall be addressed to the clerk, and one to the comptroller of such municipality or to the officer of such municipality whose duties correspond with those of comptroller. On the outside of each envelope shall be endorsed, "..... (name) Anti-Saloon Residence District election from ..... precinct of .....". In like manner the tally sheets shall be signed by said judges and clerks and shall be enclosed and sealed in separate envelopes and such envelopes sealed and endorsed in the manner provided by law, one of which shall be addressed to the clerk, and one to the comptroller of such municipality or to the officer of such municipality whose duties correspond with those of comptroller. On the outside of each of such envelopes shall be endorsed "..... (name) Anti-Saloon Residence District election tally sheets from ..... precinct of .....". Thereupon, the judge who takes charge of the poll books shall take charge of the envelope containing all the ballots cast upon said proposition and return the same to the clerk in the manner provided by law, and the two judges who do not take charge of the poll books shall each take one of said envelopes containing said returns, and each of said election clerks shall take one of said envelopes containing said tally sheets and shall deliver the same to the officer to whom addressed before twelve o'clock noon of the day next after such election, and when delivered he shall receive a receipt therefor from the officer to whom delivered and it shall be the duty of such officer to give such receipt and to safely keep such envelopes unopened until called for by the canvassing board hereinafter provided. The clerk shall carefully preserve such ballots for six (6) months in the manner provided by law, and if any contest be pending at the expira-

tion of said time the said ballots shall not be destroyed until such contest is fully determined. It shall be the legal duty of the judges and clerks of election to make a true count and correct return of all votes cast upon said proposition, and any wilfull failure or neglect of any judge or clerk to do so shall constitute a felony, and, on conviction, such judge or clerk shall be sent to the penitentiary for not less than three years nor more than five years.

Sec. 7. Within six days after such election the clerk shall call to his assistance the chairman of the committee managing the interests of those in favor of said proposition if there be such who will serve, if not such clerk shall call an elector who voted in favor of said proposition, and the chairman of the committee managing the interests of those opposed to said proposition, if there be such who will serve, if not such clerk shall call an elector who voted against said proposition, who shall constitute the canvassing board, to canvass the returns of the vote cast upon said proposition within such district. Such canvass shall be conducted in public in the office of the clerk. The clerk shall be the presiding officer of such canvassing board and a majority of such canvassing board shall have the right to declare the result. It shall be the duty of such board of canvassers to open and canvass all returns left respectively with the clerk and the comptroller, and make abstracts or statements of all votes "Yes" cast upon said proposition on one sheet and all votes "No" cast upon said proposition on another sheet and add up and declare the result of such election. If upon opening the various returns so made by the board of canvassers as aforesaid, there shall be anything to indicate that a change has been made in such returns since signing the same by the judges or clerks, or of any fraud in any respect touching such returns, it shall then be the duty of said canvassing board to have all tallies opened and examined. If there shall be any doubt as to the genuineness of such returns for any precinct, and as to the actual vote as originally returned, and the truth respecting the same remains uncertain, it shall be the duty of such canvassers to examine any person or persons who were present at the time of the proclamation so made by the judges of election in such



precinct, about which any doubt arises, and the board shall be permitted to place such parties or witnesses on oath, and examine them touching the same, and it shall be their duty to call such parties who were present at the time of such proclamation to come before them, and a subpoena may be issued by the county court, under the direction of said board, compelling any such witnesses to come before said board and give their evidence touching the matter in controversy; and thereupon it shall be the duty of said board to declare the result of the vote in any such precinct, in regard to which any question arises, as it was proclaimed by the judges of election after the canvass by them in such precinct, which result when so declared, shall be binding and conclusive. The result when so declared shall be recorded by the clerk in a well bound book to be kept in his office by himself and his successors, together with the heading or preamble of such petition and the map or drawing filed therewith. And the boundaries of such district and the result of the vote therein may be proved in all courts and in all proceedings by such record or by the official certificate thereof of the clerk; and in cases where such record or certificate shows that a majority of the voters voting upon said proposition voted "Yes" the same shall be *prima facie* evidence that the district to which such vote was applicable has become an Anti-Saloon Residence District.

Sec. 8. It shall not be lawful to sell intoxicating liquor in any quantity whatever, nor to grant or issue, or cause to be granted or issued, any license to sell intoxicating liquor in any quantity whatever within the boundaries of any Anti-Saloon Residence District in this State, and if such license be granted or issued in violation hereof, the same shall be void and shall be revoked by the public officer, board or other authority by which the same was granted. And all ordinances providing for the restriction, regulation or prohibition of the sale of intoxicating liquor or for the issuing of dramshop or wholesale licenses within any portion or the whole of such district so far as inconsistent with its status as an Anti-Saloon Residence District shall be suspended: *Provided,*



11 that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to prevent the enforce-  
12 ment of ordinances consistent with this status.

Sec. 9. Whoever shall, by himself or another, either as principal, clerk or  
2 servant, within the boundaries of any Anti-Saloon Residence District in this  
3 State, directly or indirectly, sell, keep for sale, barter or exchange, or take an  
4 order, or make an agreement, for the sale or delivery of any intoxicating liquor  
5 in any quantity whatever, shall, for each offense, be fined not less than twenty  
6 dollars (\$20) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100) and imprisoned in the  
7 county jail for not less than ten (10) days, nor more than thirty (30) days.  
8 If any person shall be convicted of violating any provision of this section and  
9 shall subsequently violate any provision of this section, he shall, for each of-  
10 fense, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor  
11 more than two hundred dollars (\$200) and imprisoned in the county jail for  
12 not less than twenty (20) days nor more than fifty (50) days. And in like man-  
13 ner, if he shall subsequently violate any provision of this section, for such third  
14 and each subsequent violation, he shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not  
15 less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than two hundred dollars (\$200)  
16 and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor more  
17 than ninety (90) days: *Provided*, the giving away or delivery of any intoxi-  
18 eating liquor for the purpose of evading any provision of this Act, or other shift  
19 or device to evade any provision of this Act, shall be held to be an unlawful  
20 selling.

Sec. 10. All places where intoxicating liquor is dealt in in violation of any  
2 provision of this Act shall be taken and held and are declared to be common  
3 nuisances and may be abated as such, and whoever shall keep any such place,  
4 by himself or his agent or servant, shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not  
5 less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100) and  
6 confined in the county jail not less than thirty (30) days nor more than ninety  
7 (90) days, and it shall be a part of the judgment upon conviction of the keeper  
8 that the place so kept shall be shut up and abated by the sheriff until the keeper

9 shall give bond, with sufficient surety to be approved by the court, in the penal  
10 sum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), payable to the People of the State of Illi-  
11 nois, conditioned that he will not violate any provision of this Act, and in case  
12 of a violation of the condition of such bond, suit may be brought and recovery  
13 had thereon for the amount of such bond for the use of the county within which  
14 such place shall have been kept.

Sec. 11. All the territory within the boundaries of any district which has  
2 become an Anti-Saloon Residence District shall continue to be an Anti-Saloon  
3 Residence District throughout its entire extent until the legal voters of the  
4 entire identical territory, and such voters only, shall have voted, according to  
5 the provisions of this Act to discontinue such Anti-Saloon Residence District  
6 and the following section shall be construed in harmony herewith.

Sec. 12. Upon the filing in the office of the clerk at least twenty-nine (29)  
2 days before an election, of a petition directed to such clerk, containing the signa-  
3 tures of registered voters in number not less than one-fourth of the registered  
4 voters of any Anti-Saloon Residence District to submit to the voters thereof the  
5 proposition, "Shall this district continue to be 'The.....(name) Anti-  
6 Saloon Residence District of.....(name of municipality)'" (provided  
7 such petition corresponds in all other respects with the petition in this Act  
8 before described). Such proposition shall be submitted at such election to the  
9 legal voters of such Anti-Saloon Residence District, and the provisions of Sec-  
10 tions one (1), four (4), five (5), six (6), and seven (7) of this Act shall apply  
11 in all respects, so far as applicable to the petition therefor, to the notice of  
12 the filing thereof, to the objections thereto, to the hearing thereon, to the notice  
13 of the submission of such proposition, to the submission of such proposition  
14 to such voters, to the recording of the vote thereon, and to the proof and evi-  
15 dence of the petition and vote. If a majority of the legal voters voting upon  
16 said proposition shall vote "No" such district shall cease to be an Anti-Saloon  
17 Residence District, and all ordinances providing for the restriction, regulation

18 or prohibition of the sale of intoxicating liquor or for the issuing of dramshop  
 19 licenses, the operation of which were in anywise suspended within such district  
 20 by virtue of the vote therein to become an Anti-Saloon Residence District, and  
 21 with all additions and amendments which in the meantime may have been made  
 22 thereto, shall if not in the meantime repealed, become and be in force within  
 23 said district to the same extent, only, however, as the same would then be in  
 24 force had such district never become an Anti-Saloon Residence District.

Sec. 13. A vote under the provisions of this Act in and for any residence  
 2 territory upon the proposition, "Shall this territory become 'The.....Anti-  
 3 Saloon Residence District of.....'?" or in and for any Anti-Saloon  
 4 Residence District upon the proposition, "Shall this district continue to be 'The  
 5 .....Anti-Saloon Residence District of.....'?" shall become opera-  
 6 tive on the thirtieth day after the day of election at which such vote is cast, and  
 7 such vote shall be a bar to the submission to the voters thereof of either of such  
 8 propositions, as applied to that identical territory or district only, until after  
 9 the lapse of three years and six months: *Provided*, nothing in this Act contained  
 10 shall be construed to prevent the creation of an Anti-Saloon Residence District  
 11 which includes within its boundaries a portion or portions of any other Anti-  
 12 Saloon Residence District.

Sec. 14. Any clerk, sheriff, judge of election, clerk of election, police officer,  
 2 public officer, member of a board or other officer of the law, who shall refuse, ne-  
 3 glect or fail to discharge any duty imposed by this Act, or whoever, not being  
 4 qualified so to do, shall sign a petition, or vote, or attempt to vote upon either of  
 5 the propositions provided for in this Act, or whoever shall file with the clerk any  
 6 such petition or any sheet or other part thereof knowing that it contains the sig-  
 7 natures of any persons not qualified to sign the same; or whoever shall request,  
 8 demand, receive, promise, offer or give, any reward for signing, or for refrain-  
 9 ing from signing, or for revoking any signature upon any such petition, or for  
 10 voting for or against either of the propositions mentioned in this Act; or who-



11 ever shall by treating or giving intoxicating liquor, or by publishing, posting or  
12 circulating the name of any signer of any such petition, or by threats to injure  
13 another in person or property, or by betting or any other device, either di-  
14 rectly or indirectly influence or attempt to influence any one to sign or refrain  
15 from signing, or to revoke any signature upon any such petition, or to vote for  
16 or against either of the propositions mentioned in this Act, shall, upon convic-  
17 tion thereof, be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than  
18 five hundred dollars (\$500), and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than  
19 thirty (30) days nor more than ninety (90) days. If any person shall be con-  
20 victed of violating any provision of this section and shall subsequently violate  
21 any provision of this section, for such second and each subsequent violation he  
22 shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than five hundred dollars (\$500)  
23 nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and imprisoned in the penitentiary  
24 for not less than one year nor more than five years.

Sec. 15. All offenses defined or mentioned in this Act may be prosecuted in  
2 any court of record having criminal jurisdiction, or the fines prescribed in this  
3 Act may be sued for and recovered before any justice of the peace of the proper  
4 county, in the name of the People of the State of Illinois; and in case of convic-  
5 tion the court or justice of the peace shall commit the offender to the county jail  
6 until the judgment and costs are fully paid.

Sec. 16. In all prosecutions under this Act, by indictment or otherwise, it  
2 shall not be necessary to state the kind of liquor sold; nor to describe the place  
3 where sold; nor to state the name of any person to whom liquor is sold; nor to  
4 set forth the facts showing that the required number of registered voters peti-  
5 tioned for the submission to the voters of said proposition, nor that a majority  
6 of the legal voters voting upon said proposition voted "Yes," nor to set out the  
7 boundary lines of the Anti-Saloon Residence District, but it shall be sufficient  
8 to state in that regard that the act complained of took place in a designated  
9 Anti-Saloon Residence District; and if any person shall be convicted of violating  
10 any section of this Act and shall subsequently violate such section, it shall not



11 be necessary to set out such former conviction at length, but it shall be sufficient  
12 in that regard to state the time when and the name of the court where such  
13 former conviction was had. No person shall be excused from testifying touch-  
14 ing any offense committed by another against any of the provisions of this Act  
15 by reason of his testimony tending to criminate himself, but the testimony  
16 given by such person shall in no case be used against him; nor shall it be  
17 necessary to show the knowledge of the principal to convict for the acts of an  
18 agent or servant. The issuance of an internal revenue special tax stamp or  
19 receipt of the United States to any person as a wholesale or retail dealer in  
20 liquors or in malt liquors at any place within an Anti-Saloon Residence District  
21 shall be *prima facie* evidence of the sale of intoxicating liquor by such person  
22 at such place or at any place of business of such person within any Anti-Saloon  
23 Residence District where such stamp or receipt is posted, and at the time  
24 charged in any suit or prosecution under this Act: *Provided*, such time is with-  
25 in the life of such stamp or receipt. A certified copy of the internal revenue  
26 record of the issuance of such stamp or receipt under the hand and official seal of  
27 the collector of internal revenue, or his deputy, shall be competent evidence to  
28 prove such issuance. All courts in this State shall take judicial notice of the ex-  
29 istence of all Anti-Saloon Residence Districts created under the provisions of this  
30 Act and of the abolition of such districts.

Sec. 17. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to forbid or prevent the  
2 sale within an Anti-Saloon Residence District by druggists to whom permits  
3 therefor have been duly granted in the manner provided by law, of liquor for  
4 medicinal, mechanical, sacramental or chemical purposes only, not to be drunk  
5 upon the premises under any circumstances, so long as such druggists in good  
6 faith shall keep a true and exact record in a book, which he shall provide for the  
7 purpose, in which shall be entered at the time of every sale of intoxicating  
8 liquor made by him or in or about his place of business to all persons whom-  
9 soever, the date of such sale, the name and signature of the purchaser, and his  
10 residence (stating the street and the house number if there be such, if not then

11 otherwise distinctly designating his place of residence), the quantity and kind  
12 of such liquor and the purpose for which the same is sold, and so long as such  
13 druggist shall keep such book open to the full and free inspection of the public  
14 during business hours. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to forbid or pre-  
15 vent the sale of intoxicating liquor for the period of thirty days next after the  
16 vote shall have been taken in a district whereby it was created an Anti-Saloon  
17 Residence District, according to the terms of a dramshop or other municipal  
18 license theretofore regularly issued in good faith according to law. Any por-  
19 tion of a dramshop or other municipal license fee which shall have been paid  
20 and which shall represent the unexpired period for which said dramshop or  
21 other municipal license was issued after the district in which such dramshop is  
22 located shall have become an Anti-Saloon Residence District, may be refunded  
23 by the municipality receiving the same. Nothing in this Act shall be construed  
24 to forbid or prevent the sale at wholesale by a manufacturer who manufactures  
25 from the raw materials of the product of his own manufactory located within  
26 an Anti-Saloon Residence District for delivery outside the boundaries of any  
27 Anti-Saloon Residence District. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to for-  
28 bid or prevent the delivery within an Anti-Saloon Residence District of intoxi-  
29 cating liquor sold outside of such district, in quantities of one gallon or more  
30 to any resident of such district for his own personal use or the use of his  
31 family.

Sec. 18. Any five legal voters of any residence territory or any Anti-  
2 Saloon Residence District within which an election shall have been held, as pro-  
3 vided for in this Act, may, within fifteen days after the canvass of the returns of  
4 such election and upon filing a bond for costs, contest such election by filing a  
5 verified petition in the county court of the proper county distinctly setting forth  
6 the grounds for the contest. The clerk of the municipality within which such  
7 district is situated shall be made defendant. The county court of the county  
8 having the greatest area of such territory or district within its boundaries shall  
9 have jurisdiction to hear and determine the merits of such case and shall al-

ways be open for the transaction of such business and its judgment shall have the same effect as to the result of such election as if it had been so declared by the canvassers. The procedure in such cases shall be the same as that provided by law for the contesting of an election upon a subject which shall have been submitted to a vote of the people so far as applicable, and such cases shall have preference in the order of hearing to all other cases. Upon the filing of such petition a summons shall forthwith issue from such court addressed to such clerk notifying him of the filing of such petition and directing him to appear in defense of the validity of such election at the time named in the summons, which time shall not be less than five days nor more than ten days after the filing of such petition: *Provided*, any legal voter of such territory or district may appear in person or by attorney in any such contested election case in defense of such election. If either party to such contest, or such voter so appearing shall fear that they or he will not receive a fair and impartial trial because of the prejudice of the judge of such court for or against the validity of such election, and shall file a verified statement of such fact three days before the time set for the hearing, the judge shall call in some other judge to whom neither party or such voter has any valid objection who shall hear said cause. Appeals may be taken to the Supreme Court in the manner and upon the conditions provided by law for taking appeals in cases in chancery from the circuit courts: *Provided*, that in case of an appeal the judgment of the county court shall be and remain in full force and effect until reversed by the Supreme Court.









- 1. Introduced by Mr. Smejkal, March 11, 1915.
- 2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation to meet a deficiency in appropriations for the office of Secretary of State and to provide the necessary funds to carry on the business of the State until the first of July, 1915.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
*represented in the General Assembly:* That for the purpose of meeting the de-  
ficiency in the appropriation and to provide the necessary funds to carry on the  
business of the State until July 1, 1915, there be and is hereby appropriated  
to the Secretary of State the sum of twelve thousand, eight hundred and  
twenty-three dollars and twelve cents (\$12,823.12), to-wit:  
For postage, expressage, telegraphing, telephoning, telephone tolls, and  
other incidental expenses of the office of the Secretary of State...\$2,000.00  
For extra clerk hire in the Automobile department, the sum of..... 3,500.00  
For the payment of all other incidental expenses, accrued and to be  
accrued by the Secretary of State, in the care and custody of the  
State house and grounds, and other State property, and any im-  
provements of same, and for the performance of such other duties  
as may be imposed upon him by law, the sum of..... 2,500.00

15 For the payment of volumes of the appellate court reports purchased  
 16 from Callaghan & Company, under the provisions of an Act passed  
 17 by the Forty-eighth General Assembly, and for which no appro-  
 18 priation has been made, including volumes to be purchased July  
 19 1, 1915, the sum of..... 3,800.00  
 20 For the payment of the balance due the Central Union Telephone Com-  
 21 pany for telephones and toll services for the Speaker of the House,  
 22 Secretary of the Senate, Clerk of the House, President *Pro Tem*  
 23 of the Senate, Law Secretary, and members of the Forty-eighth  
 24 General Assembly, the sum of.....\$1,023.12

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed  
 2 to draw his warrants upon the State Treasurer for the moneys herein ap-  
 3 propriated upon presentation of vouchers certified to by the Secretary of  
 4 State, out of moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 3. Whereas, the appropriation above recited is necessary to meet a  
 2 deficiency, and to provide sufficient funds to carry on the business of the State  
 3 until July 1, 1915; therefore, an emergency exists, and this Act shall be in  
 4 force and take effect from and after its passage.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Scanlan, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

A BILL

For an Act to amend section 17 of an Act entitled, “An Act to diminish the number of the judicial divisions of the Supreme Court, to change the time and place of holding said court, and to regulate the practice in said court,” approved April 2, 1897, in force July 1, 1897, and as subsequently amended.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That section 17 of an Act entitled, “An Act to diminish the number of the judicial divisions of the Supreme Court, to change the time and place of holding said court, and to regulate the practice in said court,” approved April 2, 1897, in force July 1, 1897, and as subsequently amended, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 17. The judges of the Supreme Court shall appoint a librarian for the Supreme Court Library, located at the State Capital, and prescribe his duties and fix his compensation, not exceeding *thirty-six hundred dollars* per year, to be paid as other expenses of the Supreme Court are paid. Such librarian, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall give bond payable to the People of the State of Illinois in the penal sum of one thousand dollars, with security to be approved by two judges of said court, conditioned for the due preservation of the books belonging to the library, in his charge, and for the faithful performance of his duties as such librarian.







1 Adopted April 27, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 257, in line 12 of section 17 of printed bill, by strik-

2 ing out the word "one" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "five".

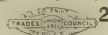
AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 257, in line 9, section 17, of printed bill, by striking

2 out the words "thirty-six hundred" and inserting in lieu thereof the words

3 "three thousand".





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Lipshulch, March 11, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "Corporations," approved April 18, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872, by adding two (2) sections thereto.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act concerning corporations," approved April 18, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended by adding two (2) new sections thereto to be known as sections 5a and 5b, as inserted at length herein.

Sec. 5a. It shall be unlawful for a corporation to practice law or appear as an attorney at law for any person in any court in this State or before any judicial body, or to make it a business to practice as an attorney at law for any person in any of said courts or to hold itself out to the public as being entitled to practice law or to render or furnish legal services or advice or to furnish attorneys or counsel or to render legal services of any kind in actions or proceedings of any nature or in any other way or manner to assume to be entitled to practice law, or to assume, use and advertise the title of lawyer or attorney, attorney at law, or equivalent terms in any language in such manner as to convey the impression that it is entitled to practice law, or to furnish legal advice, furnish attorneys or counsel, or to advertise that either alone or together with, or by or through, any person, whether a duly and regularly admitted attor-



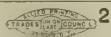
18 ney at law or not, it has, owns, conducts or maintains a law office or an office for  
19 the practice of law or for furnishing legal advice, services or counsel.

20 It shall be unlawful for any corporation to solicit by itself or by or through  
21 its officer, agent or employee any claim or demand for the purpose of bringing  
22 an action at law thereon, or for furnishing legal advice, services or counsel,  
23 to a person sued or about to be sued in any action or proceeding, or against  
24 whom an action or proceeding has been or is about to be brought or who may  
25 be affected by any action or proceeding which has been or may be instituted  
26 in any court or before any judicial body or for the purpose of so representing  
27 any person as attorney or counsel in securing or attempting to secure any civil  
28 remedy.

29 Sec. 5b. Any corporation violating the provisions of section 5a shall be  
30 liable to a fine of not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), and every officer,  
31 trustee, director, agent or employee of such corporation who directly or indi-  
32 rectly engages in any of the acts herein prohibited or assists such corporation  
33 to do any such prohibited act or acts is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon con-  
34 viction shall pay a fine of not less than two hundred dollars (\$200) or more  
35 than five hundred dollars (\$500).

36 The fact that any such officer, trustee, director, agent or employee shall be  
37 a duly and regularly admitted attorney at law shall not be held to permit or  
38 allow any such corporation to do the acts prohibited herein, nor shall such  
39 fact constitute a defense upon the trial of any of the persons mentioned herein  
40 for a violation of the provisions of section 5a.

41 Nothing contained in this or the preceding section shall prohibit a corpor-  
42 ation from employing an attorney or attorneys in and about its own immediate  
43 affairs or in any litigation to which it is or may be a party, nor shall it apply to  
44 associations organized for benevolent or charitable purposes or for assisting  
45 persons without means in the pursuit of any civil remedy or the presentation  
46 of a defense in courts of law.



1. Introduced by Mr. Burns, March 12, 1915.
2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

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## A BILL

For an Act to enable park commisioners to issue bonds for the completion, improvement and maintenance of public parks, boulevards and pleasureways, under their control, and to provide for the payment thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That every board of public park com-  
3 missioners in this State, appointed or otherwise selected as such commisioners  
4 under and in pursuance of any Act or Acts of the General Assembly of this  
5 State, which has or have been or may be submitted to the legal voters of the  
6 municipality in which such board of park commissioners shall exist, and by them  
7 adopted, establishing, enclosing, improv~~ing~~, and maintaining any public park,  
8 boulevard, driveway, pleasureway, high~~way~~ or other public work or improve-  
9 ment, which has or have selected, ~~or~~ which may hereafter select any land  
10 or lands as sites for parks or pleasure grounds, pursuant to the provisions of  
11 any Act or Acts of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois and which  
12 said parks or pleasure grounds, or any of them, said board of park commis-  
13 sioners is or shall be unable to complete, or improve, or maintain out of its

14 general revenues or funds, shall be and is hereby authorized and empowered in  
 15 its discretion, as such corporate authorities, to issue and sell in addition to the  
 16 bonds now authorized by law to be issued and sold by such park commissioners  
 17 interest bearing bonds to an amount not exceeding in the aggregate the prin-  
 18 cipal sum of one million (\$1,000,000) dollars for the purpose of completing or  
 19 improving or maintaining said parks or pleasureways: *Provided, however,* no  
 20 such bonds shall be issued under this Act contrary to section 12 of article IX,  
 21 of the constitution of the State of Illinois: *And, provided, further,* that the  
 22 proposition to issue such bonds shall be submitted to a vote of the legal voters  
 23 of such park district at any general or special election and receive a majority of  
 24 the votes cast upon such proposition.

Sec. 2. Authority is hereby expressly granted to said boards of public  
 2 park commissioners, as such corporate authorities issuing bonds, for the said  
 3 purposes set out in this Act, to levy and collect a direct annual tax upon the  
 4 property within its jurisdiction, in addition to the taxes now authorized by law  
 5 to be levied and collected by such corporate authorities, in sufficient amount to  
 6 pay the interest on said bonds which are issued, as herein authorized, as it falls  
 7 due; and also to pay and discharge the principal of such bonds, which may be  
 8 issued from time to time, within twenty years from the date of issuing said  
 9 bonds; and the county clerk of the county in which any said park district is  
 10 located, or such other officer or officers as are by law authorized to spread taxes  
 11 for park purposes, and other purposes, upon receiving a certificate from any  
 12 such boards of public park commissioners that the amount mentioned in such  
 13 certificate is necessary for the purpose herein authorized, shall spread and as-  
 14 sess, the same upon the taxable property embraced in said park district the  
 15 same as other park taxes are by law spread and assessed, and the same shall be  
 16 collected and paid over the same as other park taxes are now required by law  
 17 to be collected and paid.

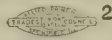
Sec. 3. Said bonds may be issued in such form as such board of park  
 2 commissioners may determine and in the name of such board of park commis-

3 sioners and shall be signed by the president, attested by the secretary under the  
4 corporate seal and countersigned by the treasurer of such board of park com-  
5 missioners. And they may be of the denomination of twenty-five (\$25) dol-  
6 lars and any multiple thereof and shall bear interest at a rate not exceeding  
7 five (5) per centum per annum, payable semi-annually and evidenced by interest  
8 coupons attached thereto. The principal of said bonds shall be payable at such  
9 place and at such time not exceeding twenty (20) years from the date of the  
10 issue of such bonds as such board of park commissioners may determine. Bonds  
11 issued under this Act may be sold by such board of park commissioners in such  
12 manner and at such prices as it shall deem expedient and advisable, but not  
13 however for less than the par value thereof and the accrued interest thereon at  
14 the date of sale, and the proceeds arising from the sale of said bonds shall be  
15 used by such board of park commissioners exclusively for the uses and pur-  
16 poses therein set forth.

Sec. 4. Whereas, in some of the park districts in this State, many of  
2 the parks and pleasure grounds lie unimproved because of lack of funds, there-  
3 fore an emergency is declared to exist, and this Act shall be in force from and  
4 after its passage.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Burns, March 12, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Public Utilities and Transportation.

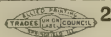
A BILL

For an Act to provide for the dispensing of individual drinking cups by persons, firms and corporations prohibited from maintaining public drinking cups.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That hereafter it shall be the duty of every person, firm or corporation within the State, maintaining any public drinking fountain, water cooler or tank, or any other device dispensing water for drinking purposes, other than a sanitary or similar fountain so constructed as to furnish water direct to the person partaking thereof without the use of a cup or glass, when said person, firm or corporation is prohibited by law, or order of the State Board of Health from keeping for use any public drinking cup, to maintain in close proximity to such drinking fountain or tank, a coin vending machine or other devise for supplying to each person so desiring by sale or free distribution an individual drinking cup or glass of paraffin, paper or other substance, which glass or cup may be destroyed by the person so using and after such use: *Provided*, that in case of a coin vending machine being used

14 for dispensing such individual cup or glass, the coin required to operate such  
15 machine shall not be of a larger denomination than one cent.

Sec. 2. Any person, firm or corporation violating the provisions of this  
2 Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof  
3 shall be fined not to exceed the sum of one hundred dollars for each offense.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Cooper, March 12, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Civil Service.

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## A BILL

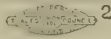
For an Act to repeal an Act entitled, "An Act to regulate the civil service of the State of Illinois," approved May 11, 1905, in force November 1, 1905, as amended by an Act approved April 19, 1907, in force July 1, 1907, as amended by an Act approved May 25, 1907, in force July 1, 1907, as amended by an Act approved June 10, 1911, in force July 1, 1911, as amended by an Act approved June 26, 1913, in force July 1, 1913.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to regu-  
3 late the civil service of the State of Illinois," approved May 11, 1905, in force  
4 November 1, 1905, as amended by an Act approved April 19, 1907, in force  
5 July 1, 1907, as amended by an Act approved May 25, 1907, in force July 1,  
6 1907, as amended by an Act approved June 10, 1911, in force July 1, 1911, as  
7 amended by an Act approved June 26, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, be, and the  
8 same is hereby repealed.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Ellis, March 12, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act in regard to limitations," approved April 4, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by subsequent Acts, by amending section eleven (11) thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That an Act entitled, "An Act in regard to limitations," approved April 4, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by subsequent Acts, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section eleven (11) thereof so as to read as follows:*

6      Sec. 11. No person shall commence an action or make a sale to foreclose  
7 any mortgage or deed of trust in the nature of a mortgage unless within ten  
8 years after the right of action or right to make such sale accrues. *Every mort-*  
9 *gage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage when recorded shall be a lien as*  
10 *now provided by law and shall continue to be a lien upon the real estate de-*  
11 *scribed therein for the period of ten (10) years from and after the time the in-*  
12 *debtedness secured thereby is due upon its face and according to its written*  
13 *terms as shown by said mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage,*

14 and no longer. If at any time preceding the expiration of the lien hereunder of  
15 such mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage the holder and owner  
16 of the indebtedness secured thereby and the maker of said indebtedness shall file  
17 an extension agreement in the office of the recorder where said mortgage or  
18 trust deed in the nature of a mortgage is recorded showing in said extension  
19 agreement the time for which the payment of said indebtedness is extended, the  
20 time when the said indebtedness will become due by the terms of said extension  
21 agreement and the amount remaining unpaid on said indebtedness, then said  
22 mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage shall continue to be a lien  
23 upon the real estate described therein for the period of ten (10) years from  
24 and after the time the said indebtedness will be due as shown by said exten-  
25 sion agreement. Such extension agreement shall be acknowledged and recorded  
26 in the same manner as mortgages or trust deeds in the nature of a mortgage  
27 are required by law to be acknowledged and recorded.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. Ellis, March 12, 1915.
- 2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an Act concerning the lien of mortgages and trust deeds in the nature of mortgages.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That every mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage of record at the time this Act takes effect where more than twenty (20) years have elapsed from and after the time the indebtedness secured thereby is due upon its face and according to its written terms as shown by said mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage, the lien of said mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage shall and hereby is declared to have ceased by limitation unless the owner and holder of the indebtedness secured thereby and the make of such indebtedness shall within one (1) year from and after the time this Act goes into effect file in the office of the recorder where said mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage is recorded, an extension agreement showing in said extension agreement the time for which the payment of said indebtedness is extended, the time when the said indebtedness will become due by the terms of said extension agreement and the amount remaining unpaid on said indebtedness, then said mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage shall continue a lien upon



16 the real estate described therein for a period of ten (10) years from and after  
17 the time said indebtedness will be due as shown by said extension agreement  
18 and no longer. Said extension agreement shall be acknowledged and recorded  
19 in the same manner as mortgage and trust deeds in the nature of a mortgage  
20 are required by law to be acknowledged and recorded.

Sec. 2. Every mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage now  
2 recorded as required by law is hereby declared to be subjected to the provi-  
3 sions of the foregoing section except that if the lien of said mortgage or trust  
4 deed in the nature of a mortgage at the time this Act goes into effect would  
5 have expired under the provisions of the foregoing section on or before one  
6 (1) year after this Act goes into force and effect and the owner and holder  
7 of the indebtedness secured thereby and the maker of said indebtedness shall  
8 within one (1) year from and after the time this Act goes into effect file an  
9 extension agreement of the kind above provided for in the office of the recorder  
10 where said mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage is recorded,  
11 then the lien of said mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage shall  
12 continue to be a lien upon the real estate described therein for a period of ten  
13 (10) years from and after the time the said indebtedness will be due as shown  
14 by said extension agreement and no longer. If the lien of the mortgage or trust  
15 deed in the nature of a mortgage in this section mentioned is not extended  
16 as herein provided, then the proceedings to foreclose such mortgage or trust  
17 deed in the nature of a mortgage shall be commenced within one (1) year after  
18 this Act takes effect and not thereafter. Should the provisions in this section  
19 be declared invalid, then this section is hereby declared to be separable and  
20 such invalid portion shall not affect the remainder of the Act.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Flagg, March 12, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation in aid of the Illinois State Horticultural Society.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That there be and is hereby appropriated  
3 for the use of the Illinois State Horticultural Society the sum of five thousand  
4 dollars (\$5,000.00) per annum for the purpose of advancing the growth and  
5 development of the horticultural interests of the State for the years 1915 and  
6 1916, said sum to be expended by said society for the purpose and in the man-  
7 ner specified in "An Act to organize the Illinois State Horticultural Society,"  
8 approved March 24, 1874: *Provided, however,* that no portion thereof shall be  
9 paid for or on account of any salary or emoluments of any officer of said so-  
10 ciety, except the secretary, who may receive not to exceed four hundred dollars  
11 per annum: *And provided, further,* that one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) of  
12 said sum may be expended each year in field experiments.

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to draw his  
2 warrant upon the State Treasurer for the sum in this Act specified on bill of  
3 particulars certified to by the officials of said society to the order of the presi-  
4 dent of said society and the State Treasurer shall pay the same out of any  
5 funds in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.





1 Introduced by Mr. Flagg, March 12, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act to re-appropriate for the use of the Illinois State Horticultural Society the sum of \$5,000 already appropriated by the 48th General Assembly.

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WHEREAS, The General (48th) Assembly, House Bill 895, approved June 30,  
2 1913, appropriated for the use of the Illinois State Horticultural Society  
3 \$5,000.00 per annum for the years 1912 and 1913 (which should have read for  
4 the years 1913 and 1914), and

5 WHEREAS, By the decision of the Auditor of Public Accounts, the appro-  
6 priation for the year 1912 was not available, and has not been drawn.

7 WHEREAS, The society is without funds to pay the expenses of 1914. Now,  
8 therefore,

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of five thousand dollars



3 (\$5,000.00) be and the same is hereby appropriated to the Illinois State Hor-  
4 ticultural Society.

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to draw his  
2 warrant upon the State Treasurer for the sum in this Act specified on a bill of  
3 particular certified to by the officials of said society and the State Treasurer  
4 shall pay the same out of any funds in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 3. Whereas, said sum of money is immediately required, therefore an  
2 emergency exists and this Act shall take effect from and after its passage.

AMENDMENT TO

49th G. A.

HOUSE BILL No. 265

1915

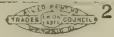


1 Reported from the Committee on Appropriations April 14, 1915.

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In section 1, line 3, strike out the word “appropriated” and insert in lieu  
2 thereof the word “reappropriated.”





1 Adopted March 22, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 265 as follows: Amend section 2, line 3, of printed

2 bill by inserting after the word "and" the words "approved by the Governor."







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Frankhouser, March 12, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Public Utilities and Transportation.

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## A BILL

For an Act to authorize and empower the city of Chicago to provide for the regulation of public utilities.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

2 *represented in the General Assembly: POWER OVER LOCAL UTILITIES.]* That the  
3 city of Chicago shall have power and authority:

4 (1) To determine and prescribe terms and conditions, either by general  
5 or special ordinance or by contract ordinance, upon which any public utility may  
6 be permitted to occupy or use the streets, highways or other public property  
7 or operate in, upon, across, along, over or under the same within the city; but  
8 the exercise of such power as to granting the occupancy or use of streets, high-  
9 ways, or other public property, to any steam, elevated, street or other railroad,  
10 shall be subject to all laws of the state requiring frontage consents of abutting  
11 property owners;

12 (2) To regulate, either by general or special ordinance or by contract  
13 ordinance, the quality, adequacy and safety of any service, product or commo-

14 dity rendered or furnished within said city by any public utility; to require,  
15 either by general or special ordinance or by contract ordinance, any such pub-  
16 lic utility to make such additions, extensions, repairs, improvements, locations,  
17 re-locations or changes in or to its plant, equipment or property within said  
18 city and to provide such facilities as shall be reasonable and necessary in the  
19 interest of the public; and to designate, by any such ordinance or by order, the  
20 location and nature of all such additions, extensions, repairs, improvements, lo-  
21 cations, relocations, facilities or changes, the time within which they must be  
22 completed, and all conditions under which they must be constructed;

23 (3) To determine and prescribe, by general or special ordinance or by  
24 contract ordinance, just and reasonable rates or other charges for any service,  
25 product or commodity, rendered or furnished within said city by any public  
26 utility, and to prevent unjust and unreasonable discriminations in rates or  
27 other charges and in services within said city by any such public utility.

28 (4) To examine such public utilities and to keep informed as to their con-  
29 dition, the manner and method of conducting their business, and their compli-  
30 ance with the provisions of law, with the requirements of their charters, fran-  
31 chises, licenses or permits, and with any order, ordinance or contract ordi-  
32 nance.

33 (5) To adopt all reasonable and proper rules and regulations relative  
34 to the exercise of its powers, and to regulate the method and manner of all in-  
35 vestigations and hearings and to alter and amend the same;

36 *Provided*, that such power and authority of such city over the rates or other  
37 charges, and services of any public utility for the transportation of persons or  
38 property or the transmission of messages, shall extend only to the regulation  
39 and control of such transportation and transmission between points within said  
40 city.

41 But said city may not, by ordinance, franchise, license, permit, or other-  
42 wise, contract with any public utility so as to divest itself of or limit its power  
43 of regulating any such public utility, or so as to divest itself of any right or

44 power, which now exists or may hereafter be granted or authorized by law,  
45 to acquire, own or operate, any public utility.

Sec. 2. The powers of regulation and control over public utilities within  
2 the city of Chicago, hereby conferred upon the city or the city council, to the  
3 extent that they are executive, administrative or quasi-judicial, may, if the  
4 city council in its discretion shall so provide, be exercised by a board or boards,  
5 commission or commissions, or a commissioner or commisisoners, in accordance  
6 with the provisions of an ordinance or ordinances creating and providing for  
7 the same, and the city council shall have full power and authority, in its discre-  
8 tion, by ordinance, to establish such boards, commissions or commissioners, as  
9 in its judgment may be necessary, and to provide the method of appointment  
10 thereto, the terms of office of the members thereof, their compensation, and  
11 fully to regulate and define, in all respects, the powers, duties, authorities and  
12 procedure of any such boards, commissions, or commissioners thus created or  
13 appointed in accordance with the terms of this Act.

Sec. 3. VALUATION.] Said city shall have power and authority to ascer-  
2 tain the value of the property of every public utility subject to its jurisdiction,  
3 and every feature which may or does have any bearing on such value. In  
4 making such valuation, the city may avail itself of any information, books, docu-  
5 ments or records in the possession of any office, department, board of commis-  
6 sion of the State or of any subdivision thereof. Said city shall have power to  
7 make re-valuations from time to time and also to ascertain the value of all new  
8 construction, extensions and additions to the property of every such public util-  
9 ity.

Sec. 4. CERTIFICATE OF CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY.] No such public utility  
2 shall begin the construction of any new plant, equipment, property, or facility,  
3 which is not in substitution of any existing plant, equipment, property or fa-  
4 cilities or any extensions thereof or any addition thereto, unless and until it shall  
5 have obtained from the city a certificate that public convenience and necessity



6 require such construction. Whenever after a hearing the city determines that  
7 any new construction or the transaction of any business by a public utility will  
8 promote the public convenience and is necessary thereto it shall have the power  
9 to issue certificates of public convenience and necessity. Such certificates may  
10 be altered or modified by the city, upon its own motion or upon application by  
11 the person or corporation affected. Unless exercised within a period of two  
12 years from the grant thereof authority conferred by a certificate of conven-  
13 ience and necessity issued by the city shall be null and void.

Sec. 5. UTILITIES TO COMPLY WITH THE REQUESTS AND OBEY ORDERS OF CITY.]

2 Every public utility subject to the jurisdiction of said city shall furnish to the  
3 city all information required by it to carry into effect the provisions of this  
4 Act, and shall make specific answers to all questions submitted by the city coun-  
5 cil or by an authorized agent of the city, and cause to be properly filled out and  
6 verified any blanks received from the city or from an authorized agent of the  
7 city, with directions to fill the same, so as to answer fully and correctly each  
8 question therein propounded.

9 Whenever required by the city council or by any authorized agent of the  
10 city, every public utility subject to the jurisdiction of the city, shall deliver to  
11 the city council or to such authorized agent of the city, any or all maps, pro-  
12 files, contracts, reports, documents, books, accounts, papers and records in its  
13 possession or in any way relating to its property or affecting its business with-  
14 in said city, and inventories of its property in such form as the city may di-  
15 rect, or verified copies of any or all of the same.

16 Every public utility subject to the jurisdiction of said city shall obey and  
17 comply with each and every requirement of every order, ordinance, contract or-  
18 dinance, direction, rule or regulation, made or prescribed by the city in any way  
19 relating to its business as a public utility, and shall do everything necessary or  
20 proper to secure compliance with and observance of every such order, ordinance,  
21 contract ordinance, decision, direction, rule or regulation by or of its officers,  
22 agents and employees.

Sec. 6. OTHER THAN PUBLIC UTILITY BUSINESS.] In case any public utility

2 subject to the jurisdiction of said city is engaged in carrying on any business  
3 other than that of a public utility, the city council or an authorized agent of  
4 the city may examine and inspect the books, accounts, papers and records of  
5 such other business, in so far as may be necessary to exercise the power and  
6 jurisdiction of the city over such public utility. The city shall have power to  
7 inquire as to and determine the proper proportion of earnings, debts and ex-  
8 penses, fairly or justly to be awarded or borne by the ownership, operation,  
9 management or control of such public utility as distinguished from such other  
10 business, in so far as may be necessary to exercise its power and jurisdiction  
11 over such public utility.

Sec. 7. COPIES OF REPORTS—ERRONEOUS REPORTS—PENALTIES.] Every public

2 utility operating within or mainly or primarily within said city shall file with  
3 the city copies of all reports made by such public utility to the State Public  
4 Utilities Commission. The city shall have authority to require any such public  
5 utility to file monthly reports of earnings and expenses of such public utility  
6 and to file other periodical or special, or both periodical and special reports,  
7 concerning any matter about which the city is authorized by law to keep itself  
8 informed. All reports shall be under oath.

9 When any report is erroneous or defective, or appears to the city, or an  
10 authorized agent of the city, to be erroneous or defective, the city, or such agent  
11 of such city may notify the public utility to amend its report within thirty (30)  
12 days, and before or after the termination of such period the city, or such agent  
13 of the city, may examine the officers, agents or employees, and books, records,  
14 accounts, vouchers, plant, equipment and property of such public utility and cor-  
15 rect such items in such report as upon such examination the city or authorized  
16 agent of the city may find defective or erroneous.

17 Any public utility which fails to make and file any report called for by  
18 the city or an authorized officer or agent of the city within the time it is law-  
19 fully required so to do; or to make specific answer to any question propounded

20 by the city or such officer or agent of the city within the time it is lawfully re-  
 21 quired so to do, shall forfeit one hundred (100.00) dollars for each and every  
 22 day it may be so in default.

23 Any person who wilfully makes any false return or report to the city or an  
 24 authorized agent of the city, and any person who aids or abets such person shall,  
 25 upon conviction, be subject to imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding one  
 26 year or to a fine not exceeding one thousand (1,000.00) dollars, or both, at the  
 27 discretion of the court.

Sec. 8. NOTICE TO CITY ON APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL OF SECURITIES.] When-  
 2 ever any public utility operating or proposing to operate, within or mainly or  
 3 primarily within said city, shall make application to the State Public Utilities  
 4 Commission for the approval of any issue, sale, purchase or acquisition of  
 5 stocks, stock certificates, bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness or for  
 6 the approval of the capitalization of any merger or consolidation of such pub-  
 7 lic utilities a notice of such application shall be given to the city by the State  
 8 Public Utilities Commission, and the city shall receive notice and be entitled  
 9 to appear and to present evidence at the hearing held by the State Public Util-  
 10 ities Commission on any such application.

Sec. 9. INTERCORPORATE RELATIONS.] Unless the consent of the city is first  
 2 obtained:

3 (1) No two or more public utilities, one of which operates or proposes  
 4 to operate within or mainly or primarily within said city, may enter into con-  
 5 tracts with each other that will enable such public utilities to operate their lines  
 6 or plants in connection with each other:

7 (2) No public utility may purchase, lease or in any other manner acquire  
 8 control, direct or indirect, over the franchises, licenses, permits, plant, equip-  
 9 ment, business or other property of any other public utility operating or pro-  
 10 posing to operate within or mainly or primarily within such city;

11 (3) No public utility subject to the jurisdiction of the city may assign,  
 12 transfer, lease, mortgage, sell or otherwise dispose of or encumber the whole



13 or any part of its franchises, licenses, permits, plant, equipment, business or  
14 other property within said city, or make any contract or agreement with refer-  
15 ence to or affecting any such franchises, licenses or permit; but this shall not  
16 be construed to prevent the sale, lease, assignment or transfer, in the due and  
17 ordinary course of business, of any tangible personal property, which is not  
18 necessary or useful in the performance of its duties to the public;

19 (4) No public utility subject to the jurisdiction of the city may by any  
20 means, direct or indirect, merge or consolidate its franchises, licenses, permits,  
21 plant, equipment, business or property within said city with that of any other  
22 public utility.

23 Such consent and approval shall not be construed to revive or validate any  
24 lapsed or invalid franchise, license, permit or right, or to enlarge or add to  
25 the powers and privileges contained in the grant of any franchise, license, per-  
26 mit or right or to waive any forfeiture.

27 Any transaction referred to in this section requiring the consent and ap-  
28 proval of the city, made without such consent and approval, shall be void.

Sec. 10. SCHEDULES OF RATES—COPIES OF CONTRACTS.] Every public utility  
2 subject to the jurisdiction of said city shall publish, post and file with the city  
3 copies of all schedules of rates or other charges, and classifications for any  
4 service, product or commodity furnished or rendered within the city, as nearly  
5 as may be in accordance with the provisions of sections 33 and 34 of an Act  
6 entitled, "An Act to provide for the regulation of public utilities," approved  
7 June 30, 1913. Every such public utility shall file with the city copies of all  
8 contracts, agreements or arrangements with other public utilities with rela-  
9 tion to any service, product or commodity rendered or furnished within said  
10 city.

Sec. 11. REPORTS OF ACCIDENTS.] Every public utility subject to the juris-  
2 diction of said city shall promptly file with the city a report of every accident  
3 to, on, in or about its plant, line, track, equipment or other property affecting  
4 its service within the city or which results in loss of life or injury to any person



5 or property or is of such a nature as to endanger the safety, health or property  
 6 of any person: *Provided*, that no such report filed with the city shall be ad-  
 7 mitted in evidence in any action based on or arising out of the loss of life,  
 8 or injury to person or property in this section referred to.

Sec. 12. COPIES OF DOCUMENTS SHALL BE EVIDENCE.] Copies of all documents  
 2 and orders filed or deposited with the city and certified by the city clerk or  
 3 other authorized agent of the city to be true copies of the originals, shall be evi-  
 4 dence in like manner as the originals.

Sec. 13. JOINT RATES—TRANSFERS.] Whenever said city, after a hearing,  
 2 shall find that the rates or other charges, or classifications in force within said  
 3 city over two or more public utilities subject to its jurisdiction are unjust, un-  
 4 reasonable or excessive, or that no satisfactory through route or joint rate or  
 5 other charge or classification exists, and that the public convenience and inter-  
 6 est demand the establishment of a through route or joint rate, the city may  
 7 order such public utilities to establish such through route, or may fix a joint  
 8 rate or other charge or classification which shall be just and reasonable, and  
 9 the terms and conditions under which such through route or joint rate shall be  
 10 operated.

11 Whenever said city, after a hearing, shall find that the rules, regulations  
 12 and practices of any common carrier, or two or more common carriers, subject  
 13 to its jurisdiction, as to the use of transfer tickets for the transportation of per-  
 14 sons over two or more lines of such common carrier or common carriers on pay-  
 15 ment of a single fare, are unjust and unreasonable, or that no transfer priv-  
 16 ileges are in force over such lines, the city shall have power, by ordinance, gen-  
 17 eral or special, or by contract ordinance, to determine and prescribe just and  
 18 reasonable regulations for the issuance and use of such transfer tickets, and  
 19 may, in its discretion, prescribe the number of successive transfer tickets to  
 20 be given to a passenger paying a single fare, and provide for the proper use  
 21 and place of use by each passenger of such transfer tickets issued for a single

22 fare for one continuous trip over the lines of such common carrier, or common  
23 carriers.

Sec. 14. GREATER CHARGE MAY NOT BE MADE FOR LESS SERVICE.] No public  
2 utility subject to the jurisdiction of said city shall, without the consent of the  
3 city, charge or receive any greater compensation in the aggregate for a lesser  
4 commodity, product or service than for a greater commodity, product or ser-  
5 vice of like character.

Sec. 15. TRACK CONNECTIONS.] Whenever said city shall find, after a hear-  
2 ing had upon complaint, or upon its own motion, that the public convenience and  
3 necessity would be subserved by having track connections made between any  
4 two or more railroads or street railroads, or between a railroad and a street  
5 railroad within the city, the city shall have authoity to order any such rail-  
6 roads or street railroads to make physical connection at any or all crossings,  
7 and at all points within the city where a railroad or street railroad shall be-  
8 gin or terminate at or near any other railroad or street railroad, so that the cars  
9 of such railroad or street railroad company may be speedily transferred from one  
10 railroad or street railroad to any other railroad or street railroad, to the end  
11 that through routes and joint rates may be established, and shall have power  
12 to order whether the expense thereof shall be borne jointly or otherwise.

Sec. 16. ADEQUACY OF TRANSPORTATION SERVICE.] Whenever said city, after  
2 hearing had upon its own motion or upon complaint, shall find that within said  
3 city any railroad company, street railroad company or other common carrier  
4 does not run or operate a sufficient number of trains or cars or other vehicles  
5 of transportation, or possess or operate sufficient motive power, reasonably to  
6 accommodate the traffic, passenger or freight, transported by or offered for  
7 transportation to it, or does not run its trains or cars or other vehicles of trans-  
8 portation with sufficient frequency or at a reasonable or proper time, having  
9 regard to safety, or does not stop the same at proper places, or does not run  
10 any train or trains, car or cars or other vehicles of transportation, upon a rea-  
11 sonable time schedule for the run, said city shall have power to make an order

12 or pass an ordinance directing any such railroad company, street railroad com-  
13 pany or other common carrier to increase the number of its trains or its cars  
14 or other vehicles of transportation or its motive power or to change the time  
15 for starting its trains, cars or other vehicles of transportation or to change  
16 the time schedule for the run of any train, car or other vehicle of transporta-  
17 tion, or to change the stopping place or places thereof, or to make any other  
18 order or pass any ordinance that said city may determine to be reasonably  
19 necessary to accommodate and transport the traffic, passenger or freight, trans-  
20 ported or offered for transportation within said city.

Sec. 17. STANDARDS OF SERVICE—INSPECTIONS.] Said city shall have power  
2 to ascertain, determine and fix for each kind of public utility suitable and con-  
3 venient standard commercial units of service, product or commodity, and an  
4 adequate and serviceable standard for the measurement of quantity, quality,  
5 pressure, initial voltage or other condition pertaining to the performing of its  
6 service or the furnishing of its product or commodity by any public utility sub-  
7 ject to the jurisdiction of the city.

8 Said city shall have power to prescribe regulations for examining, meas-  
9 uring and testing such service, product or commodity, and to provide for the  
10 inspection of the manner in which each public utility subject to its jurisdiction  
11 conforms to the regulations provided by the city for examining, measuring and  
12 testing its service, product or commodity; and the city may supplement such  
13 inspection by examining, measuring and testing the service, product or commo-  
14 dity of any such public utility.

15 Said city may provide for testing any appliance used for examining,  
16 measuring or testing any service, product or commodity and may fix and estab-  
17 lish fees for testing such appliances, and may make regulations as to the pay-  
18 ment of such fees.

19 Any officer, agent or employee of said city, duly authorized by the city,  
20 shall have power to enter upon any premises occupied by any public utility for  
21 the purpose of making the examinations and tests provided for in this section,



22 and to set up on such premises appliances and apparatus and occupy reason-  
23 able space therefor.

Sec. 18. COMPLAINTS AND INVESTIGATIONS.] On complaint to the city against  
2 any public utility furnishing services, products or commodities within the city,  
3 by any person or corporation, of anything done or omitted to be done in viola-  
4 tion of this Act, or of any order, ordinance, or contract ordinance or regulation  
5 made under the authority thereof, the city, or an authorized agent of the city,  
6 shall cause a statement of the complaint to be forwarded to the public utility  
7 complained of, which shall be called on to satisfy the complaint or to answer the  
8 same in writing within a time, to be specified by the city or such agent of the  
9 city. The city shall provide for the investigation of such complaints in all cases  
10 where there shall appear to be reasonable ground for such investigation.

Sec. 19. WITNESSES—IMMUNITY—INSPECTION OF BOOKS, ACCOUNTS AND PHYSI-  
2 CAL PROPERTY.] In the exercise of its powers over public utilities subject to the  
3 jurisdiction of said city, the city or any officer of the city authorized by ordi-  
4 nance or resolution, shall have authority to issue subpoenas and compel the  
5 attendance of witnesses, to administer oaths and affirmations, and to inspect  
6 and require the production of the books, papers, accounts, documents, and to  
7 enter and inspect the plant, equipment and other property, of any such public  
8 utility. Information so obtained shall not be admitted in evidence or used in  
9 any proceedings except in proceedings provided for in this Act. A subpoena  
10 issued as aforesaid shall be served in the same manner as a subpoena issued  
11 out of a court of record.

12 The depositions of witnesses residing within or without the State may be  
13 taken in the manner prescribed by law for like depositions in civil actions in the  
14 courts of this State.

15 Fees for the service of subpoenas and for the attendance of witnesses shall  
16 be the same as in the circuit court of Cook County, and shall be paid by the  
17 city if the subpoena is issued at the instance of the city and by the public utility  
18 if issued at the instance of the public utility.



19 No person shall be excused from testifying or from producing any papers,  
 20 books, accounts or documents in any investigation or inquiry or upon any hear-  
 21 ing ordered by the city, when ordered to do so by the city, or by an authorized  
 22 officer of the city, upon the ground that the testimony or evidence, documentary  
 23 or otherwise, may tend to incriminate him or subject him to a penalty or for-  
 24 feiture. But no person shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or for-  
 25 feiture for or on account of any transaction, matter or thing concerning which  
 26 he may testify or produce evidence, documentary or otherwise, in any such in-  
 27 vestigation, inquiry or hearing: *Provided*, that such immunity shall extend only  
 28 to a natural person, who in obedience to a subpoena, gives testimony under  
 29 oath or produces evidence, documentary or otherwise, under oath. No person  
 30 so testifying shall be exempt from prosecution and punishment for perjury  
 31 committed in so testifying.

32 Any witness duly subpoenaed under this section, who shall refuse or neg-  
 33 lect to appear, to produce books, papers, accounts or documents, to make oath  
 34 or affirmation, to testify; or any officer, agent or employee of a public utility  
 35 under the jurisdiction of the city who shall refuse to permit the inspection of  
 36 the books, papers, accounts, documents or records or the plant, equipment, or  
 37 other property of such public utility, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and  
 38 upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not to exceed one thou-  
 39 sand (\$1,000.00) dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not more than  
 40 six months, or both, in the discretion of the court.

41 Any circuit court of this State, or any court of concurrent jurisdiction, or  
 42 any judge thereof, either in term time or vacation, upon application of the city,  
 43 or of an authorized officer of said city, may, in his discretion, by order direct  
 44 the attendance of witnesses, the production of books, papers, accounts and doc-  
 45 uments and the giving of testimony in any such investigation, inquiry or hear-  
 46 ing, and enforce such order by an attachment for contempt, or otherwise.

Sec. 20. JOINT JURISDICTION.] The city of Chicago, by ordinance or reso-  
 2 lution, may apply to the State Public Utilities Commission for a joint inquiry,

3 investigation or hearing relating to any existing or proposed through or joint  
4 service or to any product or commodity of any public utility or public utilities  
5 operating in said city and any territory outside of the same, or as to rates or  
6 other charges for such service, product or commodity; and the State Public  
7 Utilities Commission and the city of Chicago are authorized to provide for such  
8 joint inquiry, investigation or hearing and to enter a joint order, decision, rule  
9 or regulation.

Sec. 21. CITY ORDINANCES PRIMA FACIE REASONABLE.] Any order or ordinance  
2 passed by the city council, or any order, decision, rule or regulation issued by  
3 an authorized agent of the city, or any joint order, decision, rule or regulation  
4 establishing rates or other charges for any public utility, or establishing regu-  
5 lations as to additions, extensions, repairs, improvements, locations, re-loc-  
6 tions, facilities or changes, or as to the quantity, quality or safety of any ser-  
7 vice, product or commodity within the limits of the city for any public utility  
8 shall be and be deemed to be *prima facie* reasonable; and no rates or other  
9 charges or regulations so established shall be restrained except by the circuit  
10 court or other court of concurrent jurisdiction, after notice to the city and a  
11 hearing.

Sec. 22. PENALTIES.] Any public utility under the jurisdiction of said city  
2 or any person or corporation which shall violate or fail to comply with any pro-  
3 vision of this Act or with any ordinance, contract ordinance, resolution, order,  
4 joint order, or requirement of the city, or a lawful order or demand by an au-  
5 thorized agent of the city, made or issued under authority of this Act, in any  
6 case in which a penalty is not otherwise provided for in this Act, shall, upon  
7 conviction, be subject to a fine not exceeding two thousand (\$2,000.00) dollars  
8 for each and every offense.

9 Any person who, either individually or acting as an officer, agent or em-  
10 ployee of a public utility, or of a corporation other than a public utility, vio-  
11 lates or fails to comply with any provision of this Act or with any ordinance,  
12 contract ordinance, resolution, order, or joint order, or requirement of the city,

13 or of an authorized agent of the city, made or issued under authority of this  
 14 Act, in a case in which a penalty is not otherwise provided for in this Act, is  
 15 guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not  
 16 more than one thousand (\$1,000.00) dollars, or by imprisonment in the county  
 17 jail for not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

18 Every violation of any such provision, ordinance, contract ordinance, reso-  
 19 lution, order, join order or requirement, or any part or portion thereof, by any  
 20 corporation or person, is a separate and distinct offense, and in case of a con-  
 21 tinuing violation each day's continuance thereof shall be and shall be deemed  
 22 to be a separate and distinct offense.

23 All penalties under this Act shall be cumulative and suit for the recovery  
 24 of one penalty shall not be a bar to or affect the recovery of any other pen-  
 25 alty or be a bar to any criminal prosecution against any public utility, or any  
 26 officer, director, agent or employee thereof, or any other corporation or person.

Sec. 23. ACTIONS TO RECOVER PENALTIES.] All actions to recover fines and  
 2 penalties under this Act shall be brought in the name of the city of Chicago  
 3 and the amount recovered shall be paid into the city treasury to the credit of  
 4 the general fund.

Sec. 24. APPLICATION TO CITY BY STATE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION.] Said  
 2 city may, by order or resolution, apply to the State Public Utilities Commis-  
 3 sion for any information or data necessary or useful in the exercise of its  
 4 powers over public utilities within the city, for the assistance of experts and  
 5 other agents of the commission in the investigation of a public utility by the  
 6 city or for an investigation by the commission as to the rates or other charges  
 7 or the quality, adequacy or safety of service or product furnished by any public  
 8 utility within said city. Upon such application, it shall be the duty of the com-  
 9 mission to furnish such information or data, or the assistance of experts and  
 10 their agents, or to conduct the investigation, as the case may be, within a reason-  
 11 able time, not to exceed six months, after receipt of such application; and for  
 12 the purpose of securing such information or data or conducting such investi-



13 gation, the commission shall be vested with all the powers and such public  
14 utility shall be subject to all the duties, obligations, and liabilities as in the  
15 case of public utilities subject to the jurisdiction of the commission.

Sec. 25. DEFINITIONS.] Unless otherwise specified, the term "commission,"

2 when used in this Act, means the State Public Utilities Commission of Illinois  
3 which was created and established under the provisions of an Act entitled, "An  
4 Act to provide for the regulation of Public Utilities," approved June 30, 1913.

5 The term "public utility," when used in this Act, means and includes  
6 every corporation, company, association, joint stock company or association,  
7 managing committee, firm, partnership or individual, their lessees, trustees, or  
8 receivers appointed by any court whatsoever (except, however, such public  
9 utilities as are or may hereafter be owned or operated by any municipality)  
10 that now or hereafter:

11 (a) May own, control, operate or manage, within or mainly or primarily  
12 within said city, directly or indirectly for public use, or to be used for or in  
13 connection with the transportation of persons or property or the transmission  
14 of telegraph or telephone messages, or for the production, storage, transmission,  
15 sale, delivery or furnishing of heat, cold, light, power, electricity or water; or  
16 for the conveyance of oil or gas by pipe line; or for the storage or warehousing  
17 of goods; or for the conduct of a business of a wharfinger; or that

18 (b) May own or control any franchise, license, permit or right to engage  
19 in any such business.

20 The term "common carrier," when used in this Act, includes all railroads,  
21 street railroads, automobile transportation companies, and every corporation,  
22 company, association, joint stock company or association, managing committee,  
23 firm, partnership or individual, their lessees, trustees or receivers appointed  
24 by any court whatsoever, owning or operating any such agency for public use in  
25 the transportation of persons or property within or primarily or mainly within  
26 said city.



27       The term "railroad," when used in this Act, includes every railroad other  
28 than a street railroad, by whatsoever power operated, for public use in the  
29 transportation of persons or property for compensation, with all bridges, fer-  
30 ries, tunnels, equipment, switches, spurs, tracks, poles, wires, stations, real es-  
31 tate and terminal facilities of every kind, used, operated, controlled or owned by  
32 or in connection with any such railroad.

33       The term "street railroad," when used in this Act, includes every railroad  
34 by whatsoever power operated or any extension or extensions, branch or  
35 branches thereof, for use in the transportation of persons or property for com-  
36 pensation, being mainly upon, along, above or below any street, avenue, road,  
37 highway, bridge or public place within said city, or primarily or mainly within  
38 said city, and further includes all equipment, switches, spurs, tracks, poles,  
39 wires, right-of-trackage, subways, tunnels, stations, terminals and terminal fa-  
40 cilities of every kind, together with all real estate used, operated, controlled or  
41 owned by or in connection with any such street railroad, including within the  
42 meaning of said term interurban electric railroads and elevated railroads.

43       The term "transportation of persons," when used in this Act, includes any  
44 service in connection with the receipt, carriage and delivery of the person trans-  
45 ported, and his baggage, and all facilities used or necessary to be used in con-  
46 nection with the safety, comfort and convenience of the person transported.

47       The term "transportation of property," when used in this Act, includes  
48 any service in connection with the receipt, carriage, delivery, elevation, trans-  
49 fer in transit, ventilation, refrigeration, housing, storage and handling of the  
50 property transported.

51       The term "company," when used in this Act in connection with a public util-  
52 ity, includes any corporation, company, association, joint stock company or as-  
53 sociation, managing committee, firm, partnership or individual, their lessees,  
54 trustees or receivers appointed by any court whatsoever, owning, holding, op-  
55 erating, controlling or managing such a public utility, but not municipal cor-  
56 porations.

57       The term "corporation," when used in this Act, includes any corporation,  
58 company, association, managing committee, joint stock company or association,  
59 but not municipal corporations.

60       The term "person," when used in this Act, includes an individual, firm,  
61 co-partnership or managing committee.

62       The term "service," when used in this Act, is used in its broadest and most  
63 inclusive sense, and includes not only the use or accommodation afforded con-  
64 sumers or patrons, but also any product or commodity furnished by any pub-  
65 lic utility and the plant, equipment, apparatus, appliances, property and facili-  
66 ties employed by, or in connection with, any public utility in performing any  
67 service or in furnishing any product or commodity and devoted to the purposes  
68 in which such public utility is engaged and to the use and accommodation of  
69 the public.

70       The term "rate," when used in this Act, includes every individual or joint  
71 rate, fare, toll, charge, rental or other compensation of any public utility or  
72 any two or more such individual or joint rates, fares, tolls, charges, rentals or  
73 other compensation of any public utility or any schedule or tariff thereof, and  
74 any rule, regulation, charge, practice or contract relating thereto.

      Sec. 26. CONSTRUCTION.] Said city shall have, in addition to the powers  
2 herein specified, mentioned or indicated, all additional, implied and incidental  
3 powers, which may be proper and necessary to effectually carry out, perform  
4 and execute all the said powers herein specified, mentioned or indicated.

      Sec. 27. EXPRESSION OF PARTICULAR POWERS NOT AN EXCLUSION OF OTHER  
2 POWERS NOT EXPRESSED.] The conferring and expression of particular or special  
3 powers set forth in any of the sections of this Act shall not be held or construed  
4 to limit, modify, restrict or exclude any other particular or special powers not  
5 expressly set forth but which may be reasonably held and construed to be con-  
6 tained in any expression of general powers set forth in any of the sections of this  
7 Act.

Sec. 28. SAVING CLAUSE.] Nothing in an Act entitled, "An Act to provide  
 2 for the regulation of public utilities," approved June 30, 1913, shall be con-  
 3 strued to limit or restrict the powers of said city to pass ordinances for the  
 4 protection of the public health, safety, comfort and general welfare, or govern-  
 5 ing the regulation, control, or occupation of streets, highways and public prop-  
 6 erty within the city.

Sec. 29. REPEAL.] All Acts and parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act so  
 2 far as inconsistent, shall be inoperative within and in regard to the city of Chi-  
 3 cago. Nothing in this Act contained shall be held or construed to repeal or mod-  
 4 ify in any manner any of the provisions of an Act entitled, "An Act to authorize  
 5 cities to acquire, construct, own and to lease or operate public utilities and to  
 6 provide the means therefor," approved June 26, 1913.

Sec. 30. CONSTITUTIONALITY.] If any section, subdivision, sentence or clause  
 2 of this Act is for any reason held invalid or to be unconstitutional, such decision  
 3 or holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Act,  
 4 or of the remaining portions of any section or any remaining subdivisions, sen-  
 5 tences or clauses.

Sec. 31. TECHNICAL OMISSIONS NOT TO INVALIDATE ACTS OF CITY.] A substan-  
 2 tial compliance with the requirements of this Act shall be sufficient to give effect  
 3 to all the acts, orders, ordinances, contract ordinances, decisions, rules and reg-  
 4 ulations of said city, and they shall not be declared inoperative, illegal or void  
 5 for any omission of a technical nature in respect thereto.

Sec. 32. ACT TO BE SUBMITTED TO LEGAL VOTERS.] Before the foregoing pro-  
 2 visions shall be in force and effect, this Act shall be submitted for adoption to  
 3 the legal voters of the city of Chicago. The city council of the city of Chicago  
 4 may, by ordinance, direct that the question of the adoption of this Act shall be  
 5 submitted to such legal voters at any general, municipal or special election in  
 6 and for the entire city, to be held not less than thirty days from and after the



7 passage of such ordinance. The city clerk of the city of Chicago shall promptly  
 8 certify the passage of such ordinance to the board of election commissioners  
 9 and it shall thereupon be the duty of such board of election commissioners to  
 10 submit the question of the adoption of this Act to such legal voters. The ques-  
 11 tion of the adoption of this Act may also be submitted to such legal voters in  
 12 the following manner: A petition signed by such legal voters of the city equal  
 13 in number to at least five per centum of such legal voters of the city voting at  
 14 the last preceding election for mayor, praying for the submission of the ques-  
 15 tion of adopting this Act, may be filed with the board of election commission-  
 16 ers of the city of Chicago, and it shall thereupon be the duty of said board of  
 17 election commissioners to submit the question of the adoption of this Act to  
 18 such legal voters at the next general, municipal or special election in and for  
 19 the entire city, to be held not less than forty days from and after the filing of  
 20 such petition. The said board of election commissioners shall give notice of  
 21 such election by publishing a notice thereof, not less than thirty days prior to  
 22 such election, in at least one newspaper of general circulation published in the  
 23 city of Chicago.

24 The ballot to be used at such election in voting upon this Act shall be sub-  
 25 stantially in the following form:

For the adoption of an Act entitled, "An Act to authorize and empower the city of Chicago to provide for the regulation of public utilities."	Yes.	
	No.	

26 If a majority of such legal voters of the city of Chicago voting thereon  
 27 shall vote for the adoption of this Act, it shall thereby and thereupon be adopt-  
 28 ed by and be in force and effect in said city.

29 If this Act shall fail to be adopted at any time at which it is submitted  
 30 under the requirements of this section, by a majority of such legal voters of the  
 31 city of Chicago voting thereon, then it may be re-submitted, from time to time,  
 32 if such re-submission shall be directed by an ordinance of the city council of the



33 city of Chicago or demanded by a petition signed by such legal voters of the city  
34 equal in number to at least five per centum of the legal voters of the city of Chi-  
35 cago voting at the last preceding election for mayor, the procedure for such re-  
36 submission to be in all other respects the same as when first submitted.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. T. E. Graham, March 12, 1915.
- 2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Public Utilities and Transportation.

A BILL

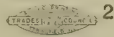
For an Act to provide for the sanitation and disinfection of freight cars carrying live stock, and to provide a penalty for a violation thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
*represented in the General Assembly:* That it shall be unlawful for any railroad,  
railway or stockyard company or corporation, or any agent, servant or em-  
ployee of any railroad, railway or stockyard company or corporation to unload,  
empty or clean out, any pen or stockyard, or any car or cars in which any cattle,  
horses, mules, sheep, swine or other live stock have been confined or shipped, ex-  
cept as is hereinafter provided, and not in or adjacent to any springs or running  
stream of water. And it is hereby made the duty of every railroad or railway  
corporation in this State to thoroughly clean and disinfect all its cars for the  
transportation of cattle, horses, mules, swine, or other live stock immediately  
after they have been unloaded, and destroy the bedding of such cars so that the  
same shall not cause or add to any contagious disease of animals or otherwise;  
and such railroad or railway corporation shall furnish all cars to the person or

13 persons ordering same at the point of shipment, thoroughly cleaned, disin-  
14 fected and in good condition for the transportation of such stock, goods or  
15 material to be shipped or transported. Any railroad or railway company, cor-  
16 poration or person offending against the provisions of this section shall be  
17 deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in a  
18 sum of not less than fifty (\$50) dollars nor more than five hundred (\$500)  
19 dollars.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the board of live stock commissioners to  
2 enforce all of the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 3. In every case where any animal belonging to another shall be-  
2 come diseased or die by reason of the non-compliance of any railroad or rail-  
3 way company or corporation with the provisions of the preceding section, the  
4 owner of such animal may recover against such railroad or railway company  
5 or corporation the full amount of all damages, together with all costs of prose-  
6 cution.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Hicks, March 12, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act concerning corporations," approved April 18, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by subsequent Acts, by amending section one (1) thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That an Act entitled, "An Act concerning corporations," approved April 18, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by subsequent Acts, be and the same is hereby amended, by amending section one (1) thereof so that said section when amended shall read as follows:*

6       Sec. 1. That corporations may be formed in the manner provided by this  
7 Act for any lawful purpose except banking, insurance, real estate brokerage,  
8 the operation of railroads, and the business of loaning money: *Provided, that*  
9 *horse and dummy railroads, and organizations for the purchase and sale of*  
10 *real estate for burial purposes only, and corporations for acquiring, owning,*  
11 *erecting, leasing or operating in each case one building and the site therefor,*  
12 *of not more than 80,000 square feet of land, may be organized and operated un-*  
13 *der the provisions of this Act. and be it further provided, where such corpora-*



tion is organized for such purpose, that specific and definite description of the site for such building shall be given at the time the charter for such corporation is applied for: And provided, further, that unless said site at the time said charter is granted is improved with a building worth not less than one-half the actual cash value of said site at such time, such corporation shall within the five (5) years next thereafter erect upon such site a building which shall not cost less than one-half of the full cash value of said site at the time said charter is granted, and in the event of its failure to build such building within the said five (5) years, the said corporation shall forfeit its right to erect a building and shall be required to dispose of said site within six (6) months after the expiration of said five (5) years and cease its corporate existence.

And, provided, further, that corporations formed for the purpose of constructing railroad bridges shall not be held to be railroad corporations.



1 Adopted June 8, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 268 by inserting in line 12 of the printed bill after  
2 the word "land" the words "hereinafter called building corporations".

AMENDMENT NO. 3.

Amend House Bill No. 268, as printed, by inserting in line 13 of the printed  
2 bill, after the word "such" the word "building".

AMENDMENT NO. 4.

Amend House Bill No. 268 by inserting at the end of line 24 of the printed  
2 bill the following: "And provided, further, that it shall be unlawful for two or  
3 more building corporations organized hereunder to consolidate or for the stock  
4 of any building corporation organized hereunder to be owned, taken or held, di-  
5 rectly or indirectly, by any foreign or domestic corporation or by any holding  
6 corporation, foreign or domestic".



AMENDMENT TO

49th G. A.

HOUSE BILL No. 268

1915



2

1 Adopted May 19, 1915.

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Amend House Bill No. 268, as printed, by striking out the words "in each  
2 case" on line 11 of section 1, and substituting the word "only."





AMENDMENT TO

49th G. A.

HOUSE BILL No. 268

1915



2

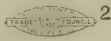
1 Adopted May 13, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 268, as printed, by striking out the words “in each  
2 case” in line 11 of section 1 and substituting the word “one”.





1 Introduced by Mr. Igoe, March 12, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

## A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation for the purpose of providing for the construction of a deep waterway or canal, running from the water power plant of the Sanitary District of Chicago at or near Lockport, Will county, Illinois, to a point in the Illinois river at or near Utica, LaSalle county, Illinois, and for the development of the water power which may be generated from the water flowing through said waterway, the erection of a power plant and the payment of salaries and administration expenses of a commission created to have charge of the construction of said waterway, in accordance with an Act of this General Assembly for that purpose.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That for the purpose of providing for  
3 the construction of a deep waterway or canal running from the water power plant  
4 of the Sanitary District of Chicago at or near Lockport, Will county, Illinois,  
5 to a point in the Illinois river at or near Utica, LaSalle county, Illinois, and for  
6 the development of the water power which may be generated from the water flow-  
7 ing through said waterway, the erection of a water power plant and the payment



8 of salaries and office expenses of the commission in accordance with an Act of  
 9 this General Assembly for that purpose, there is hereby appropriated to the Illi-  
 10 nois Waterway Commission, out of the waterway fund, consisting of funds de-  
 11 rived from the sale of bonds authorized by the amendment to the constitution of  
 12 Illinois, ratified by a vote of the people, November 3, 1908, and proclaimed  
 13 adopted by the Governor November 24, 1908, the following sums:

14 For the construction of said waterway in the territory, including Starved  
 15 Rock to Marseilles:

16	For the construction of a dam, labor and material.....	\$ 255,300.00
17	For the construction of a lock, labor and material.....	253,300.00
18	For channel excavation .....	408,000.00
19	For levees .....	161,400.00
20	For land damage .....	505,000.00

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21 Total.....\$1,583,000.00

22 For the construction of said waterway from and including Marseilles to  
 23 Dresden.

24	For the construction of a dam, labor and material.....	\$132,000.00
25	For the construction of a lock, above Marseilles, labor and material.	89,900.00
26	For the construction of a lock, below Marseilles, labor and material	142,100.00
27	For channel excavation and miscellaneous ....	79,130.00
28	For land damages.....	240,000.00

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29 Total .....\$683,130.00

30 For the construction of said waterway from Marseilles, including Dresden  
 31 and Lockport, the following sums:

32	Lock at Dresden, labor and material .....	\$138,600.00
33	Lower lock at Channahon, labor and material.....	93,800.00
34	Upper lock at Channahon, labor and material.....	108,600.00
35	Lock at Joliet, labor and material.....	108,000.00
36	Lock at Sanitary District power plant at Lockport, labor and material	300,000.00

37	Channel excavation.....	60,080.00
38	Right of way and land damage.....	400.00

39           Total .....\$809,480.00

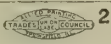
40           For the construction and equipment of a waterpower plant at or near  
41 Starved Rock, for labor, material and machinery the sum of \$—————

42           For salaries, office and administrative expenses, fifty thousand dollars  
43 (\$50,000.00) per annum.

44           There is further appropriated the sum of \$50,000.00 to said Commission as  
45 an initial working and emergency fund, to care for preliminary expenses and  
46 disbursements out of any funds in the State treasury not otherwise appropri-  
47 ated, which amount shall be replaced from the waterway fund when created,  
48 and out of which said \$50,000.00, salaries, rents and administrative expenses  
49 may be paid until the water fund is available.

          Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed  
2 to draw his warrants upon the State Treasurer for the sums hereby appropri-  
3 ated upon proper vouchers duly certified to by the president, treasurer and  
4 engineer of the Illinois Waterway Commission and approved by the Governor,  
5 and the State Treasurer shall pay the same out of any funds contained in the  
6 waterway fund in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated. The Illi-  
7 nois Waterway Commission shall keep an accurate account of all amounts so  
8 received by them, together with the disbursements and expenditures thereof,  
9 for what purpose and in what manner said sums were expended, which said  
10 sums shall accompany the reports to the Governor, to be made a part thereof.





1. Introduced by Mr. Igoe, March 12, 1915.
2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, “An Act to regulate the practice of dental surgery and dentistry in the State of Illinois, and to repeal certain Acts therein named,” approved June 11, 1909, in force July 1, 1909, by amending sections 3, 4, 9, 11, 12 and 13 thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, “An Act to regulate the practice of dental surgery and dentistry in the State of Illinois, and to repeal certain Acts therein named,” approved June 11, 1909, in force July 1, 1909, be and the same is hereby amended by amending sections 3, 4, 9, 11, 12 and 13 thereof, so that said sections shall read when amended as inserted at length herein.

Sec. 3. No person, unless previously registered or licensed to practice dentistry in this State at the time this Act shall become operative, shall begin the practice of dentistry or dental surgery, or any branches thereof, without first applying for and obtaining a license for such purpose from the Illinois Board of Dental Examiners. Application shall be made to said board in writing, and



6 shall, in every instance, be accompanied by the examination fee of twenty dol-  
 7 lars (\$20.00) together with satisfactory proof that the applicant is of good  
 8 moral character and twenty one years of age or over at the time of making the  
 9 application. An application from a candidate who desires to secure a license  
 10 from said board to practice dentistry or dental surgery in this State shall be  
 11 accompanied by satisfactory proof that the applicant so applying for a license  
 12 has been engaged in the actual, legal and lawful practice of dentistry or dental  
 13 surgery in some other State, country or territory for five consecutive years  
 14 *immediately* prior to such application; or is a graduate of, and has a diploma  
 15 from, the faculty of a reputable dental college, school or dental department of  
 16 a reputable university. When such application and the accompanying proof are  
 17 found satisfactory, the board shall notify the applicant to appear before it for  
 18 examination at a time and place to be fixed by the board. Examinations *shall*  
 19 *be made in writing in all theoretic subjects, both theoretic and practical exam-*  
 20 *inations shall be of a character to give a fair test of the qualifications of the*  
 21 *applicant to practice dentistry or dental surgery. The examination papers*  
 22 *and all grading thereon, and the grading of the practical work shall be deemed*  
 23 *public documents, and preserved for a period of not less than two years after the*  
 24 *board shall have made and published its decision thereupon.* All examinations  
 25 provided for in this Act shall be conducted by the board *under fair and wholly*  
 26 *impartial methods.*

Sec. 4. Said Board of Dental Examiners shall make rules or regulations  
 2 to establish a uniform and reasonable standard of educational requirements  
 3 to be observed by dental schools, colleges, or dental departments of univer-  
 4 sities, and said board may determine the reputability of those by reference  
 5 to their compliance with said rules or regulations.

6 *The State Board of Dental Examiners shall demand of all applicants for*  
 7 *license to practice dentistry, evidence of preliminary education before they*  
 8 *were admitted to reputable dental schools, colleges, or dental departments of*  
 9 *reputable universities, and require satisfactory proof of the observance and en-*

10 *forcement of such preliminary educational requirements by said dental schools,*  
11 *colleges, or dental departments of universities: Provided, that a certificate of*  
12 *admission, without conditions, to any colleges of Liberal Arts department of an*  
13 *accredited university, which demands not less than fifteen (15) high school units*  
14 *for admission, or the diploma of a high school or equivalent secondard school ac-*  
15 *credited by any State University requiring a course of not less than*  
15½ *four years of attendance,. and not less than fifteen (15) high school units*  
16 *of satisfactory work for graduation; or a certificate of having passed a satis-*  
16½ *factory examination conducted, or approved by a committee on examinations*  
17 *herein provided for, acting in the State of Illinois, to the amount of fifteen (15)*  
17½ *high school units in the studies embraced in a high school curriculum, shall be*  
18 *considered satisfactory evidence of preliminary education: And, provided,*  
19 *further, that the superintendent of public instruction of the State of Illinois*  
20 *shall appoint a committee of three examiners, composed of educators of ability*  
21 *and reputation who shall be empowered to hold examinations of applicants for*  
22 *admission to dental schools, (under such regulations as he may prescribe) who*  
23 *have not regularly completed courses in secondary or high schools.*

24 *These examinations shall be held at stated periods and places in the city*  
25 *of Chicago, and elsewhere if desirable. They shall be conducted in writing,*  
26 *and the examination papers and markings thereon shall be deposited with the*  
27 *superintendent of public instruction, and shall be preserved for a period of not*  
28 *less than two years as public documents.*

29 *At each of said examinations there shall be present at least two of the mem-*  
30 *bers of said committee, and the certificate issued by said committee shall bear*  
31 *the signatures of not less than two members of said committee to make it*  
32 *effective; said certificates of preliminary education shall enumerate the subjects*  
33 *in which the applicant has passed and for which he is given credit, and state*  
34 *upon its face whether the credit is gigen as the result of the examination or for*  
35 *work previously done and accepted upon credentials. Said committee shall col-*  
36 *lect from each applicant taking such examination a fee of ten dollars (\$10.00)*

37 *which shall be in full payment of the services and personal expenses of the mem-*  
 38 *bers of the committee, provided the superintendent of public instruction shall*  
 39 *prepare and furnish the necessary blanks and certificates. Provided, how-*  
 40 *ever, that nothing in this Act shall be construed to prevent any dental school*  
 41 *which may desire to do so from establishing for admission a higher standard of*  
 42 *preliminary education than is specified in this Act.*

Sec. 9. The said board shall charge each person applying to it for exam-  
 2 ination for a license to practice dentistry or dental surgery in this State, an  
 3 examination fee of twenty dollars (\$20.00) and in addition thereto a license fee  
 4 of five dollars (\$5.00) for every license or duplicate license issued by said board.

5 *Said board shall make an annual report of its proceedings to the Governor*  
 6 *by the 15th day of December of each year, together with an account of all moneys*  
 7 *received and paid out by them, pursuant to this Act. All fees, penalties, for-*  
 8 *feitures or fines received and collected by the board shall be paid monthly by*  
 9 *secretary of said board to the treasurer of the State of Illinois.*

10 *For their services, the members of the board shall each receive as compen-*  
 11 *sation the sum of ten dollars (\$10.00) for each day actually engaged in the*  
 12 *duties of the office and all legitimate and necessary expenses incurred in attending*  
 13 *the meetings of said board; Provided, that the secretary of the board, for the*  
 14 *purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Act, shall receive a salary to be fixed*  
 15 *by the board, instead of a per diem of ten dollars (\$10.00).*

16 *Said board is hereby authorized to engage a suitable person or persons, to*  
 17 *assist the board in the investigation of complaints filed with said board against*  
 18 *illegal practitioners or other violators of this Act. ,*

19 *The expenses of maintaining the board shall be paid from the State treasury*  
 20 *upon vouchers signed by the secretary and president of the board, when prop-*  
 21 *erly approved in conformity to law, out of the funds accruing to the State*  
 22 *treasury under the provisions of this Act, or such funds as are available for*  
 23 *the payment of such accounts.*

Sec. 11. *Any dentist who has been lawfully licensed to practice in another*  
 2 *State or Territory which has and maintains a standard for the practice of den-*



3 tistry or dental surgery equal to that now maintained in this State, and who  
4 has been lawfully and continuously engaged in the practice of dentistry for five  
5 years or more immediately before filing his application to practice in this State  
6 and who shall deposit in person with the secretary of the board, a duly attested  
7 certificate from the Examining Board of the State or Territory in which he is  
8 registered, certifying to the fact of his registration and of his being a person of  
9 good moral character and of professional attainments, may, upon the payment  
10 of a fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) and after a satisfactory practical exam-  
11 ination demonstrating his proficiency, be granted a license to practice dentistry  
12 in this State, without being required to take an examination in theory. Pro-  
13 vided, however, that no license shall be issued to any such applicant, unless  
14 the State or Territory from which such certificate has been granted to such ap-  
15 plicant shall have extended a like privilege to engage in the practice of dentistry  
16 within its own borders to dentists heretofore and hereafter licensed by this  
17 State, and removing to such other State; and provided further that the Illinois  
18 State Board of Dental Examiners shall have power to enter into reciprocal  
19 relations with similar boards of other States whose laws are practically identi-  
20 cal with the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 12. Any one who is a legal and competent practitioner of dentistry  
2 or dental surgery in the State of Illinois, and of good moral character and  
3 known to the Board of Dental Examiners of this State as such, who desires  
4 to change his or her residence to another State or Territory, shall, upon appli-  
5 cation to the Board of Dental Examiners, receive a certificate over the signa-  
6 ture of the president and secretary of said board, and bearing its seal, which  
7 shall attest the facts above mentioned, and giving the date upon which he was  
8 registered and licensed.

Sec. 13. The fee for issuing a certificate to a legal practitioner of this  
2 State, under section 12 of this Act, shall be five dollars (\$5.00), and in each  
3 case the fee shall be paid before the certificate shall be issued.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Igoe (by request), March 12, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Insurance.

## A BILL

For an Act in relation to the incorporation of mutual indemnity associations to do the business of indemnifying the owners of vehicles, including automobiles, and to provide for the admission into this State of foreign corporations organized for the purpose of doing such business.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That any number of persons, not less  
3 than twenty, may associate and form an incorporated company upon the mutual  
4 plan, for the following purposes, to-wit:

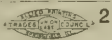
5 To transact the business of indemnifying the owners of vehicles, including  
6 automobiles, against loss or damage resulting from the ownership, operation or  
7 maintenance of such vehicles, or from theft, or for all or either of such pur-  
8 poses.

9 Such associations shall be organized in the same manner as is now provided  
10 by law for the organization of mutual fire, marine and inland navigation com-  
11 panies. No such company shall commence to transact business until not less  
12 than \$100,000 of insurance in not less than one hundred separate risks, no one  
13 of which, for the purpose of organization, shall exceed \$5,000 or be less than

14 \$300, shall have been subscribed, of which \$5,000 shall have been paid in cash:  
 15 *Provided*, that if at any time the cash assets on hand shall be less than \$5,000,  
 16 the amount by which such fund is reduced shall be made up and restored with-  
 17 in six months thereafter. Such associations may issue certificates of member-  
 18 ship or policies, the premium on which may be paid on the assessment, in-  
 19 stallment or cash plan. All such associations shall be subject to the supervision  
 20 of the Insurance Superintendent in the same manner and to the same extent,  
 21 and shall make the same reports, as fire, marine and inland navigation companies  
 22 doing business on the mutual plan.

Sec. 3. All corporations, organized or admitted to do business in this State,  
 2 shall, at the time of such organization, or admission, pay to the Insurance  
 3 Superintendent a fee of \$25. For filing the annual report a fee of \$10 shall be  
 4 paid.

Sec. 4. Whenever the existing or future laws of any other state of the  
 2 United States shall require associations organized under the provisions of this  
 3 Act, and having agencies in such other state or states or of the agents thereof,  
 4 any deposit of securities in such state for the protection of policy holders or  
 5 otherwise, or in payment for taxes, fines, penalties, certificates of authority,  
 6 license fees or otherwise greater than the amount required for such purposes  
 7 from similar companies of other states by the then existing laws of this State,  
 8 then and in every such case all mutual indemnity insurance companies of such  
 9 states, admitted to do business under this Act and establishing or having here-  
 10 tofore established an agency or agencies in this State, shall be and are hereby  
 11 required to make the same deposit for the like purpose, with the State Treas-  
 12 urer of this State, and to pay to the Insurance Superintendent for taxes, fines,  
 13 penalties, certificates of authority, license fees or any other obligation an  
 14 amount equal to the amount of such charges and payments imposed by the laws  
 15 of such other state upon the companies of this State and the agents thereof.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Kessinger, March 12, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the holding of primary elections by political parties," approved March 9, 1910, in force July 1, 1910, by amending sections thirty-five (35), forty-three (43), forty-four (44), forty-six (46), and fifty-one (51) thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the holding of primary elections by political parties," approved March 9, 1910, in force July 1, 1910, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section thirty-five (35), section forty-three (43), section forty-four (44), section forty-six (46), and section fifty-one (51) thereof so that the said sections when amended shall read as inserted at length herein.

Sec. 35. The primary ballot for each precinct shall be arranged and printed substantially in the manner following:

1. At the top of the ballot shall be printed in large capital letters words designating the ballot, *viz: Primary ballot*, and under the heading shall be printed in clear type in letters not less than one-quarter of an inch in height the following:



7        *Vote only in one party column.*

8        *Voting in more than one party column spoils the ballot, and a ballot so voted*  
 9 *will not be counted for any candidate.*

10        2. Beginning not less than one inch below the designating words and di-  
 11 rections last above stated shall be printed in large capital letters, *words des-*  
 12 *ignating the party ticket, as, "Democratic Ticket," "Republican Ticket," and*  
 13 *in like manner for each political party. Under the proper party ticket in what*  
 14 *shall be known as the "party column" the names of each office to be filled shall*  
 15 *be printed in capital letters and in the following order, to-wit:*

16        President of the United States, State offices, congressional offices, judicial  
 17 offices, clerks of the appellate courts, members of the State central committee,  
 18 trustees of sanitary districts, county offices, city and village offices, town offices,  
 19 or of such of the said offices as candidates are to be nominated for at such pri-  
 20 mary and ward committeemen.

21        Below the name of each office shall be printed in small letters the directions  
 22 to voters: "Vote for one"; "Vote for two"; "Vote for three"; or a spelled  
 23 number designating how many persons under that head are to be voted for.

24        Below the name of each office shall be printed in capital letters the names  
 25 of all candidates, arranged in the order in which their petitions for nomination  
 26 were filed, except as otherwise provided in section 33 of this Act, for the nom-  
 27 ination for said offices which are entitled to be placed upon the primary ballot.  
 28 Below the name of each candidate for delegate and alternate delegate to na-  
 29 tional nominating conventions shall be printed the name of the can-  
 30 didate for President of the United States for whom such delegate or alternate  
 31 delegate has expressed a preference, or if no choice has been expressed shall  
 32 be printed the words "No preference." The names of all candidates upon  
 33 the primary ballot shall be printed in a column. Immediately opposite and in  
 34 front of the name of each candidate shall be printed a square and all squares  
 35 upon the primary ballot shall be of uniform size. Spaces between the names  
 36 of candidates under each office shall be uniform and sufficient spaces shall sepa-  
 37 rate the names of candidates for one office from the names of candidates for an-  
 38 other office, to avoid confusion.        3

39       3. At the bottom of the primary ballot and under the heading, "For pre-  
40 cinct committeemen," a space sufficiently large shall be left in which the pri-  
41 mary electors may write or attach the name of one primary elector of his party  
42 in the precinct as his choice for precinct committeeman. No square need be  
43 placed in front of the name of the person voted for for precinct committee-  
44 man: *Provided, however,* the provisions of this sub-section three (3) of section  
45 35, shall not apply to precincts within the territorial limits of an incorporated  
46 city or village having a population of two hundred thousand (200,000) or over.

Sec. 43. Every person having resided in this State one year, in the coun-  
2 ty ninety days, and in the precinct thirty days next preceding any primary  
3 therein, who was an elector in this State on the first day of April in the year  
4 of our Lord 1848, or obtained a certificate of naturalization before any court of  
5 record in this State prior to the first day of January in the year of our Lord  
6 1870, or who shall be a male citizen of the United States above the age of twen-  
7 ty-one years, shall be entitled to vote at such primary: *Provided, however,* that  
8 all women, citizens of the United States, above the age of twenty-one years, hav-  
9 ing resided in the State one year, in the county ninety days and in the election  
10 district thirty days, next preceding any primary election held therein, may vote  
11 at such primary for the nomination of candidates for such offices as such women  
12 may vote for at the election for which such primary is held.

13       Separate ballot boxes and ballots shall be provided for women, which bal-  
14 lots shall contain the names of candidates for nomination for such offices which  
15 are to be voted for.

16       In cities having a board of elections commissioners, the following addi-  
17 tional regulations shall be applicable: In such cities only voters, registered as  
18 herein provided, shall be entitled to vote at such primary. The registration  
19 books prepared for and used at the election then next preceding shall be used  
20 for the primary, and any person therein registered shall be entitled to vote at  
21 the primary unless he shall have removed from the election precinct or become  
22 otherwise disqualified. In any such city having a population of less than 200,000  
23 any person whose name does not appear on the registry books who is, or shall,

24 at or before the primary, become a primary elector of the precinct in which he  
25 desires to vote, shall be entitled to vote at such primary by filing, or causing  
26 to be filed, with the board of election commissioners, twenty days prior to a  
27 primary, an affidavit, or affirmation, specifying the facts, showing that on the  
28 date of such primary he will be a legally qualified primary elector in the pre-  
29 cinct in which he desires to vote.

30 Such affidavit or affirmation, for registration, shall state the name of the  
31 applicant, the place and date of his nativity, the term of his residence at his then  
32 present address, in the precinct, county, State and United States, the fact of  
33 his nauralization, if the applicant is a naturalized citizen, specifying the court,  
34 if known, or, if not known, the city in which the court was held where such citi-  
35 zen was naturalized; and the residence, when last registered, if the applicant  
36 was previously registered. It shall be the duty of the board of election com-  
37 missioners to prepare proper forms of such affidavit, or affirmation.

38 Upon the filing of such affidavit, or affirmation, the board of election commis-  
39 sioners shall place the name of such primary electors, in the original registration  
40 books for the proper precinct, specifying the precinct from which he is trans-  
41 ferred, if previously registered in another precinct, and shall also make a min-  
42 ute opposite his name in the original registration books of the precinct from  
43 which he has removed, showing the precinct to which his name is transferred,  
44 or, as the case may be, shall add the name of such primary elector in the orig-  
45 inal registration books for the proper precinct and the reason of the regis-  
46 tration thereof.

47 At least five days prior to the date of the primary, the board of election  
48 commissioners shall cause to be posted at each polling place in each precinct,  
49 in a book substantially in the form now used for "verification lists" under the  
50 general election laws of this State, the name and address of each primary elec-  
51 tor who has been registered for the primary by having filed an affidavit, or af-  
52 firmation, as above set forth.

53 In any such city having a population of 200,000 or more, the said registra-  
54 tion books shall be revised three weeks preceding such primary under the di-



55 rection of such board of election commissioners, in the same manner as is now  
56 provided by law for intermediate registration in cities having boards of election  
57 commissioners.

58 Any primary elector of a precinct may, on the eleventh and twelfth days  
59 immediately preceding the primary, file with the board of election commission-  
60 ers an application, signed and sworn to by him, requesting the name of a per-  
61 son registered on the registration books as herein provided, shall be erased  
62 therefrom, for the reason that such person so registered is not, or will not on  
63 or before the day of the primary, be a legal primary elector of the precinct,  
64 which application shall be in substance, in the words and figures following:

65 "I, ....., do hereby solemnly swear (or affirm) that  
66 I am informed and believe that..... is not a qualified  
67 voter in the..... precinct of the.....ward of the city (village  
68 or town) of....., and that said..... will not be  
69 a qualified voter of such precinct and ward on the.....day  
70 of..... A. D. ...., and hence ask that his name be erased from  
71 the registers of such precinct."

72 Notice of such application with a demand to appear and show cause why  
73 such name should not be erased shall thereupon be given to such person by the  
74 board of election commissioners. Such notice shall be served upon such per-  
75 son personally, or left at the place of residence named in such registration  
76 books, and a copy thereof shall be sent by mail, postage prepaid, at least two  
77 days before the day fixed to show cause, addressed to the person whose right to  
78 vote is challenged, at the address given in such registration books. In case  
79 personal service cannot be had, the return of the board of election commission-  
80 ers shall so state and the reason therefor.

81 On Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday next preceding the primary, the  
82 board of election commissioners shall sit to hear such application by wards and  
83 precincts in their numerical order. At the request of either party, subpoenas  
84 shall be issued, and witnesses may be sworn and heard upon such hearing. Each  
85 person appearing in response to an application to erase a name shall subscribe



86 and swear to an answer in the presence of a member of the board of election  
87 commissioners, substantially in the following form:

88 "I, ....., do solemnly swear that I am a citizen of the  
89 United States; that I have resided in the State of Illinois since the.....  
90 day of.....A. D....., and in the county of.....,  
91 said State, since the.....day of.....,A. D. ...., and in  
92 the..... precinct of the.....ward, in the city of.....,  
93 said county and State, since the.....day of....., A. D. ....;  
94 and that I am.....years of age; that I am the identical person registered  
95 in said precinct for the primary under the name I subscribe hereto."

96 Such answer shall be filed with the board of election commissioners.

97 The decision on each application shall be announced at once after hearing,  
98 and where such application is allowed, such name shall be erased forthwith.

99 The county court of the county in which such city is situated shall, on Fri-  
100 day and Saturday of the week prior to the week in which such primary is to be  
101 held, especially sit to hear such application as may be made to it by persons  
102 whose names have been stricken from the registry list as above provided. Such  
103 application shall be sworn to and shall state that the board of election commis-  
104 sioners has stricken such name from the registry list. Such application shall be  
105 heard summarily and evidence may be introduced for or against such applica-  
106 tion. Each case shall be decided at once on hearing, and the clerk of the court  
107 shall make a minute of the disposition of each application. A copy of such  
108 minute shall at once be given to such board of election commissioners, and, when  
109 such minute indicates that the name of the applicant shall be restored to the reg-  
110 istry, the board of election commissioners shall forthwith cause such name to  
111 be placed upon the appropriate register, and indicate that it was entered by or-  
112 der of the court.

113 In case such county court shall refuse such application, an order shall be  
114 entered accordingly on the Monday following the session of court held for the  
115 purpose aforesaid, and any person desiring to appeal from the said order may  
116 appeal to the Supreme Court of the State, if application be made therefor with-

117 in five days after the entry of said order, and such appeal shall be allowed on  
118 the giving of an appeal bond in the penalty of \$250, conditioned to pay the ex-  
119 penses of such appeal. The time for filing such appeal bond and certificate of  
120 evidence shall be fixed by the court, and upon presentation to the court of a cer-  
121 tificate, containing the evidence heard at such hearing, within the time fixed by  
122 the court, the court shall sign the same, and thereupon the same shall become  
123 part of the record in said cause.

124 The original registration books, revised as herein provided, shall constitute  
125 the primary registration.

Sec. 44. Any person desiring to vote at a primary shall state his name  
2 and residence, *but shall not be required to declare or state his party affiliation*  
3 to the primary judges, one of whom shall thereupon announce the name and res-  
4 idence of such voter in a distinct tone of voice, sufficiently loud to be heard by  
5 all persons in the polling place. If the person desiring to vote is not chal-  
6 lenged, one of the primary judges shall give to him one, and only one, primary  
7 ballot, on the back of which such primary judge shall endorse his initials  
8 in such manner that they may be seen when the primary ballot is properly  
9 folded. If the person desiring to vote is challenged he shall not receive a pri-  
10 mary ballot from the primary judges until he shall have established his right  
11 to vote as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 46. On receiving from the primary judges a primary ballot, the pri-  
2 mary elector shall forthwith and without leaving the polling place retire alone  
3 to one of the voting booths and prepare such primary ballot by marking a cross  
4 (X) in the square in front of and opposite the name of each candidate of his  
5 choice for each office to be filled, *but such voter may vote for candidates of but*  
6 *one party and named in one party column only. If candidates of more than*  
7 *one party or in more than one party column be voted for the ballot will be de-*  
8 *fective and will not be counted for any candidate.* At the primary at which a  
9 precinct committeeman is to be elected the primary elector may write or attach  
10 at the bottom of his primary ballot, in the space provided for that purpose, the

11 name of one primary elector of his precinct, member of and affiliated with his  
 12 political party, for precinct committeeman. No other mark or designation shall  
 13 be necessary to indicate the primary elector's choice for precinct committeeman.

14 Any primary elector may, instead of voting for any candidate for nomina-  
 15 tion or for committeeman whose name is printed on the primary ballot, write in  
 16 the name of any other person affiliated with such party as a candidate for the  
 17 nomination for any office, or for committeeman, and indicate his choice of such  
 18 candidate or committeeman by placing to the left of and opposite the name thus  
 19 written a square and by placing in the square a cross (X). And at the pri-  
 20 mary at which precinct committeemen are to be elected he shall write at the  
 21 bottom of his primary ballot, in the space provided for that purpose, the name  
 22 of one primary elector of his precinct, member of and affiliated with his political  
 23 party for precinct committeeman. No squares need be placed in front of the  
 24 names of persons so voted for for precinct committeeman.

Sec. 51. If the primary elector marks more names upon the primary bal-  
 2 lot than there are persons to be nominated as candidates for an office, or for  
 3 State central committeemen, precinct or ward committeemen, or delegates or  
 4 alternate delegates to national nominating conventions, or if for any reason it  
 5 is impossible to determine the primary elector's choice of a candidate for the  
 6 nomination for an office, or committeeman, or delegate or alternate delegate to  
 7 national nominating conventions, his primary ballot shall not be counted for the  
 8 nomination for such office or committeeman, or delegate or alternate delegate  
 9 to national nominating conventions.

10 *If the primary elector marks the names of candidates in more than one party*  
 11 *column the ballot will be spoiled and shall not be counted for any candidate.*



1. Introduced by Mr. Meents, March 12, 1915.
2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

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## A BILL

For an Act creating a county text book commission, providing for county uniformity and city adoptions, licensing school text book publishers, regulating prices of school text books, prohibiting changes of text books oftener than once in five (5) years, providing for the sale of books to pupils at minimum cost, preventing loss to families that move, prohibiting combinations of publishers of school text books; and providing penalties for violations of this Act.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That a school text book commission, to  
3 be known as the County Text Book Commission is hereby created, which shall  
4 consist of the county superintendent of schools, *ex officio* member, and four (4)  
5 competent persons of the county who within five (5) years have been actively  
6 engaged in teaching, two (2) of said persons to be appointed by the chairman  
7 of county board of supervisors or county commissioners, and two (2) appointed  
8 by the county superintendent; the appointments to be made within thirty (30)  
9 days after the taking effect of this Act; and their successors to be appointed  
10 January 1, 1916 and every two (2) years thereafter. *Provided,* that no appoin-  
11 tive member of said commission shall be eligible unless he has had at least five



12 (5) years' experience in school teaching or management, one (1) year of which  
 13 shall have been in a supervisory position; and that no two appointive members  
 14 shall be from the same school district. Employment as traveling salesman for  
 15 any school text book published within a period of two (2) years prior to ap-  
 16 pointment shall disqualify any appointive member. Respective vacancies on the  
 17 commission resulting from death, resignation, removal from county, disqualifica-  
 18 tion, or otherwise shall be filled as above provided. A majority of said com-  
 19 mission shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of all business of the  
 20 commission.

Sec. 2. The county text book commission shall meet at the county seat to  
 2 organize, within sixty (60) days from the date of the taking effect of this  
 3 Act. The county superintendent shall be *ex-officio* president of the commission,  
 4 and a secretary shall be elected from its own membership. Said commission shall  
 5 meet annually thereafter, and special meetings may be called by the president,  
 6 or on the written request of three (3) members. The president shall preside  
 7 at all meetings of the commission, and the secretary shall keep the record of  
 8 the meetings. All contracts shall be signed by the president and attested by  
 9 the secretary. Members of said commission that do not receive an annual  
 10 salary from the county shall receive five (5) dollars per day for their services,  
 11 with such additional amount as shall be necessary to cover their actual travel-  
 12 ing expenses: *Provided*, that they shall receive pay for not to exceed six (6)  
 13 days in any one year, the same to be paid by the county when approved by the  
 14 county superintendent of schools.

Sec. 3. The secretary shall keep a correct record of all the acts, votes, and  
 2 proceedings of the commission. All votes shall be by yea and nay and shall be  
 3 so noted in the record. This record shall be kept in the office of the county su-  
 4 erintendent of schools.

Sec. 4. Said commission shall adopt from the authorized State list, as  
 2 hereinafter provided, a uniform series of text books in orthography, reading,

3 writing, geography, history, grammar, arithmetic, civics, history of Illinois,  
4 physiology, drawing, music, and agriculture, for use in the schools of all of the  
5 districts in the county, up to and including the eighth grade, except that in  
6 cities having a population of over one hundred thousand (100,000) inhabitants  
7 as shown by the last Federal census, the board of education or board of directors  
8 of said cities may select from the aforesaid list such books as in their opin-  
9 ion are best suited to the local conditions, and may contract for the same. The  
10 commission shall have power to recommend such maps, charts, and globes as  
11 will be best suited to the various needs of the county: *Provided*, that the publish-  
12 ers of the same shall comply with such conditions as are imposed upon the pub-  
13 lishers of text books as provided by this Act: *And, provided, further*, that noth-  
14 ing in this Act shall be construed to prevent the commissions of two or more  
15 counties to meet in joint or separate session and select text books for such  
16 counties. When such commissions do meet in joint sessions they shall organ-  
17 ize by selecting a temporary chairman and a secretary. All contracts entered  
18 into by such joint session shall be signed by the presidents and secretaries of  
19 the several commissions represented. The temporary secretary of such joint  
20 meeting shall furnish the secretaries of each commission represented with a  
21 complete record of such meeting, which record shall be entered in the records of  
22 each county commission as required in section two (2) of this Act.

Sec. 5. Before the publisher of any school text book shall offer the same  
2 for sale to any county text book commission, board of education or board of di-  
3 rectors in the State of Illinois, said publisher shall file a copy of said text book  
4 in the office of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction with a sworn  
5 statement of the list price and the lowest net price at which said book is or will  
6 be sold anywhere in the United States under similar conditions for county or  
7 State adoption. Said publisher shall file with the State Superintendent of Pub-  
8 lic Instruction a written agreement to furnish said book or books to the county  
9 text book commission or boards of education in the State of Illinois, at the low-  
10 est prices so filed. Said publisher must further agree to reduce such prices

11 in the State of Illinois, if reductions are made elsewhere in the United States,  
12 so that at no time any book may be sold in the State of Illinois at a higher  
13 price than is received for the same book elsewhere in the United States, where  
14 similar methods of county or State adoption prevail. Said publisher shall fur-  
15 ther agree that all books offered for sale in the State of Illinois shall further be  
16 equal to those deposited in the office of the State Superintendent of Public In-  
17 struction, as regards paper, binding, print, illustrations and all points that  
18 may affect the sale of said books.

Sec. 6. Before the publisher of any school text book shall offer the same  
2 for sale to any county school text book commission, board of education or board  
3 of directors in the State of Illinois, and at the time of the filing of such text  
4 books in the office of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, said pub-  
5 lisher shall pay into the treasury of the State of Illinois a filing fee of two (2)  
6 dollars for each book offered by said publisher. A series of books by the same  
7 author and upon the same subject shall constitute one book for this purpose.  
8 The fee thus received shall constitute a fund out of which, upon requisition  
9 made by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, shall be paid the ex-  
10 penses of the publishing lists and other information for the use of the county  
11 school text book commissions, clerk hire and other necessary expenses in con-  
12 nection with the filing of all text books submitted for adoption in the State of  
13 Illinois. Any balance remaining in such fund shall be, upon the first day of  
14 January of each year, placed to the credit of the general revenue fund of the  
15 State.

Sec. 7. To insure compliance with the aforesaid conditions under which  
2 school text books may be sold in the State of Illinois, said publisher shall file  
3 with the State Superintendent of Public Instruction a bond of not less than  
4 two thousand (2,000) dollars nor more than ten thousand (10,000) dollars, the  
5 amount to be fixed and the bond to be approved by the State Superintendent  
6 of Public Instruction. Upon compliance with this and the preceding section,



7 said publisher shall thereupon be licensed by said State Superintendent of  
8 Public Instruction to sell school books in this State.

Sec. 8. If in any case said publisher shall furnish books inferior in any  
2 particular to the samples on file with the State Superintendent of Public In-  
3 struction, or shall require higher prices than those listed with the State Super-  
4 intendent of Public Instruction, then it shall become the duty of the county text  
5 book commission or board of directors to inform the State Superintendent of  
6 Public Instruction of the failure of said publisher to comply with the terms of  
7 his contract. The State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall thereupon  
8 notify the publisher of such complaint; and if said publisher shall disregard  
9 the notification and fail to immediately comply with the terms of his contract,  
10 then the State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall institute legal proceed-  
11 ings for the forfeiture of the bond of said publisher.

Sec. 9. During the month of July, 1915, and thereafter annually, during  
2 the month of January, it shall be the duty of the State Superintendent of  
3 Public Instruction to furnish each county school text book commission with a  
4 list of publishers who have conformed to the requirements hereinbefore set  
5 forth relating to sample books, prices and bond, giving title and price of each  
6 book so listed. Said list shall constitute the official list from which the county  
7 text book commission shall select text books adapted to the county or counties.

Sec. 10. Before seeking to enter into contract with any county text book  
2 commission, board of education, or board of directors for the schools covered  
3 by this Act, the publisher shall furnish the county superintendent of schools  
4 or secretary of the board of education or the board of directors with a dupli-  
5 cate printed list of the books and prices filed with the State Superintendent of  
6 Public Instruction. When any book or series of books in such list shall have been  
7 adopted by the county commission or by any board of education or board of  
8 directors in said county, it shall be the duty of said publisher of said book or



9 books to furnish each county superintendent with a sample of same, to remain  
10 in the office of said county superintendent, and be the property of said county.

Sec. 11. The county text book commissions are hereby empowered to  
2 adopt text books for all subjects that they may be taught in the public schools  
3 of their respective counties, and to enter into contract for the same for a  
4 period of five (5) years in the manner hereinafter provided. All books  
5 adopted by the county commission shall be used exclusively in the schools of  
6 the county, except in such towns and cities as are exempt in section four (4)  
7 of this Act. *Provided*, that all books introduced into public schools since May  
8 1, 1914, through the recorded action of the board of education or boards of di-  
9 rectors, may be continued in use for a period of five (5) years from date of  
10 the introduction of said books: *And, provided, further*, that the publishers of  
11 said books shall comply with all the requirements of sections four (4) and  
12 five (5) of this Act prior to August 1, 1915.

Sec. 12. In selecting books the text book commission shall carefully con-  
2 sider the price, character, matter, binding, illustrations, print and paper, the  
3 adaptability to local conditions and all points that effect the value of the book.  
4 The text book commission shall report within five (5) days after selection of  
5 text books have been made to each clerk or secretary of each board of direct-  
6 ors or board of education and dealer in the county the name, price, and pub-  
7 lisher of each text book selected.

Sec. 13. Each board of education of directors shall, at any regular meeting  
2 held between the first Monday in February and third Monday in August, deter-  
3 mine by a majority vote of all members elected the number of each of said  
4 books adopted by the county text book commission, the schools under its charge  
5 shall require. Each board shall have power to, and shall make all necessary  
6 provisions and arrangements to place said books within easy reach of, and ac-  
7 cessible to, all the pupils in their district, and for that purpose may make con-  
8 tracts and take such security as they shall deem necessary for custody, care

9 or sale of such books and a proper accounting for same, but not to exceed ten  
10 (10) per cent of the cost price shall be paid therefor. Said books shall be sold  
11 to the pupils of school age in the district at the price paid the publisher and  
12 not to exceed ten (10) per cent added thereto. Whoever is custodian of said  
13 books and fails to account honestly and fully for same, or for proceeds, to  
14 boards of directors or boards of education when required shall be guilty of  
15 embezzlement and punished accordingly: *Provided, however,* that boards of  
16 education, and boards of directors may contract with local dealers to furnish  
17 said books at prices above specified, the said board being responsible to the pub-  
18 lishers for all books purchased by said board of education or board of directors.  
19 And when pupils remove from any county and have text books of the kind  
20 adopted in such county and not being of the kind adopted in the county to which  
21 they remove, and wish to dispose of the same, the board of directors or board  
22 of education of the district from which they remove, when requested, shall pur-  
23 chase the same at a fair value thereof, and resell the same as other books.

24 Whenever a board of education or board of directors shall fail to purchase  
25 text books or provide for the sale and distribution thereof, then any local deal-  
26 er is authorized to procure said text books, and sell the same at prices not to  
27 exceed the fixed wholesale price, plus fifteen (15) per cent thereof: *Provided,*  
28 *however,* that it shall be unlawful for any person otherwise employed by any  
29 board of education or board of directors in the State to act as a sales agent  
30 either directly or indirectly, for any person, firm or corporation whose school  
31 text books are filed with the State Superintendent of Public Instruction for use  
32 in the public schools of the State, as is required by this Act; and any violation  
33 of this provision shall work a forfeiture of his certificate to teach in the public  
34 schools of the State of Illinois.

Sec. 14. Boards of directors or boards of education may when so directed  
2 by a majority vote of the district at any regular or special election, provide for  
3 the free use of text books by pupils of said schools, the same to be paid for as

4 provided in section thirteen (13). When districts so provide for the furnishing  
5 of text books free to the pupils, such policy must hold throughout the entire  
6 time for which said text books are adopted.

Sec. 15. Any teacher or school officer, who, after the county text book com-  
2 mission shall have adopted a list of text books for such county, shall sanction  
3 or permit the use of any book not adopted in accordance with the provisions of  
4 this Act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be fined  
5 not less than twenty-five (25) dollars nor more than one hundred (100) dollars.  
6 If any county text book commission, board of education or board of directors  
7 shall attempt to change any text book before the expiration of a contract for  
8 the same, made under this Act, any member of such commission or board, who  
9 votes for such unlawful change, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon con-  
10 viction shall be fined not less than twenty-five (25) dollars nor more than one  
11 hundred (100) dollars. Any publisher or agent of such publisher who shall  
12 connive at or seek to procure such unlawful change, shall be guilty of a mis-  
13 demeanor, and be subject to a like penalty.

Sec. 16. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prevent the use of such  
2 supplementary books as shall be furnished at the expense of the school dis-  
3 trict: *Provided*, such supplementary books shall not displace books regularly  
4 adopted under the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 17. The board of education or boards of directors of each school dis-  
2 trict shall have authority to purchase out of the contingent fund of the dis-  
3 trict all necessary books for pupils whose parents are unable to pay for the  
4 same.

Sec. 18. Boards of education or boards of directors of cities and towns  
2 exempt from county uniformity under section four (4) of this Act, who may  
3 not accept county uniformity, may adopt and contract for books from the State  
4 list under the same restrictions and in the same general manner as herein pro-  
5 vided for the adoption of books by the county text book commission.



Sec. 19. When any publisher of school text books shall file with the State  
2 Superintendent of Public Instruction the samples and lists provided for in  
3 section five (5) of this Act, said publisher, at the same time, shall be required  
4 to file a sworn statement that he has no understanding or agreement of any kind  
5 with any publisher, or is interested in the business of any other publisher, with  
6 the effect, design or intent to control the price on school text books or to re-  
7 strict competition in the adoption or sale thereof.

Sec. 20. If at any time any publisher shall enter into any understanding,  
2 agreement or combination to control the prices or to restrict competition in the  
3 adoption or sale of school text books, or if the statement required of said pub-  
4 lisher by the two preceding sections shall be untrue in any respect, then the  
5 Attorney General shall institute and prosecute legal proceedings for the for-  
6 feiture of the bond of said publisher and for the revocation of his authority to  
7 sell school text books in this State; and all contracts made by said publisher  
8 under this Act shall thereupon become null and void at the option of the other  
9 parties thereto.

Sec. 21. Any publisher or publisher's agent who shall sell, or offer for  
2 sale or adoption in this State, school text books of any kind, without first  
3 obtaining license therefor under this Act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and  
4 upon conviction shall be fined not less than five hundred (500) dollars nor more  
5 than five thousand (5,000) dollars.

Sec. 22. Any member of any county text book commission who shall accept  
2 or receive any money, gift or any property, or favor whatsoever, from any per-  
3 son, firm or corporation, selling or offering for sale any text books, shall, upon  
4 conviction, be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand (1,000) dollars,  
5 or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than six (6) months, or by  
6 both fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 23. All Acts or parts of Acts in conflict with this Act are hereby re-  
2 pealed.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Rinehart, March 12, 1915.
- 2 Read by title ordered printed and referred to Committee on Insurance.

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## A BILL

For an Act concerning, and to further regulate fire, lightning, sprinkler leakage, windstorm, hail and marine insurance; and to create an Illinois Insurance Commission with authority to make insurance rates, and otherwise regulate and control fire, lightning, sprinkler leakage, windstorm, hail and marine insurance; and to provide for the expenses and salaries of such commission and its employees; and to make the State Fire Marshal's office a division of the Insurance Department; and to create an Insurance Fund to be administered by the Illinois Insurance Commission upon the occurrence of certain contingencies; and to give the Illinois Insurance Commission authority to make rules and to provide a system and means for the administration of such Fund; and to fix penalties for the violation of the provisions of this Act; and to repeal Acts or parts of Acts in conflict with the provisions of this Act.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That it is hereby declared that fire,  
3 lightning, hail, winstorm, sprinkler leakage, and marine insurance are impressed  
4 with a public interest and subject to control and regulation by law, and that all  
5 rates or charges made, demanded or received by any person, firm, association

6 or corporation engaged in any of said branches of insurance shall be just and  
7 reasonable. Every unjust or unreasonable charge or rate for said insurance is  
8 hereby prohibited and declared unlawful.

Sec. 2. In order to regulate and control said branches of insurance, there  
2 is hereby created a commission to be known as the Illinois Insurance Commission,  
3 hereinafter styled "Commission" to consist of three members, as follows: The  
4 Insurance Superintendent, by virtue of his office, shall be one of the members of  
5 the Commission, and shall be chairman of the Commission; the State Fire Mar-  
6 shal, by virtue of his office, shall also be one of the members of the Commission,  
7 and a third member shall be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and con-  
8 sent of the Senate, who shall be the statistician and secretary of the Commis-  
9 sion. Within 30 days after this Act shall take effect, the appointment of said  
10 statistician and secretary shall be made as aforesaid, and shall continue until  
11 the first day of March, 1917. The said Insurance Superintendent and Fire Mar-  
12 shal shall be appointed as already provided by law, and the said statistician  
13 and secretary shall, subsequent to the first term, be appointed by the Governor  
14 for terms of four years: *Provided*, that if any vacancy occurs during the re-  
15 cess of the Senate, a temporary appointment may be made by the Governor until  
16 the next meeting of the Senate. Each member shall hold office until his success-  
17 or shall have been appointed and qualified. Two members shall constitute a quor-  
18 um which shall have authority to exercise all the powers of the Commission.

Sec. 3. The Commission shall have power, with the approval of the Gov-  
2 ernor, to employ as counsel, an attorney at law of the State of Illinois, who shall  
3 hold office at the pleasure of said Commission; and also to employ such assist-  
4 ants, actuaries, engineers, experts, inspectors and other employees as may be  
5 reasonably necessary to enable the Commission to carry out the provisions of  
6 this Act, and to perform the duties and exercise the powers conferred by law  
7 upon the Commission. Such appointments, other than those of counsel, chief  
8 actuary, chief engineer, chief inspector and one private secretary to each Com-  
9 missioner, and attorneys and experts, temporarily employed, and other positions

10 which may be exempted by the Civil Service Commission, shall be included in  
11 the classified civil service of the State, and shall be made subject to the pro-  
12 visions of an Act, entitled: "An Act to regulate the Civil Service of the State  
13 of Illinois," approved May 11, 1905, in force July 14, 1905, and acts amendatory  
14 thereto.

Sec. 4. Each Commissioner as such, before entering upon the duties of his  
2 office, shall take and subscribe the constitutional oath of office. No person in the  
3 employ of any insurer subject to regulation by the Commission, and no person  
4 holding stocks or bonds in any insurer or in any other manner pecuniarily inter-  
5 ested therein, directly or indirectly, except as a policyholder, shall hold the of-  
6 fice of Commissioner, or be employed by the Commission; and if any person shall  
7 voluntarily become so interested, his office or employment shall by that fact im-  
8 mediately become vacant: *Provided*, that if any person becomes so interested  
9 by gift, devise or descent, he shall immediately inform said Commission of such  
10 fact in writing, and thereafter, within a reasonable time, divest himself of such  
11 interest, and if he fails so to do, his office or employment shall become and be de-  
12 clared vacant by the Governor or by the Commission having authority to fill the  
13 same, as the case may be, and a successor appointed as in the case of other vacan-  
14 cies. No commissioner or person appointed or employed by the Commission shall  
15 solicit or accept any gratuity, emolument or employment from any insurer subject  
16 to the supervision of the Commission, or from any officer, agent or employee there-  
17 of, either directly or indirectly; nor solicit or recommend, directly or indirectly,  
18 to any insurer, or to any officer, agent or employee thereof, the appointment of any  
19 person to any place or employment. Every such insurer or officer, agent or em-  
20 ployee thereof, is hereby forbidden to offer, directly or indirectly, to any com-  
21 missioner or any person appointed or employed by the Commission any gratui-  
22 ty, emolument, employment or other consideration. •

Sec. 5. If any commissioner or any person employed by the Commission  
2 shall violate any provision of the foregoing section, said office or employment  
3 shall be declared vacant by the Governor or Commission having authority to



4 fill the same, as the case may be, and such person shall thereby be removed from  
 5 the office or employment held by him. Every person violating the provisions of  
 6 the foregoing section shall also be guilty of a misdemeanor and punished as  
 7 hereinafter provided. ,

Sec. 6. Before entering upon the duties of his office, each commissioner shall  
 2 give bond or security to be approved by the Governor in the sum of ten thousand  
 3 dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duty as such commis-  
 4 sioner. Every person appointed or employed by, or for the Commission may,  
 5 in the discretion of the Commission, before entering upon the duties of his office  
 6 or appointment, be required to give bond for the faithful discharge of his duties  
 7 in such sum as the Commission may designate, which bond shall be approved by  
 8 the Commission.

Sec. 7. The Insurance Superintendent shall receive no compensation as a  
 2 member of said Commission other than his salary as Insurance Superintendent.  
 3 The State Fire Marshal shall receive in addition to his salary as State Fire  
 4 Marshal \$1,000.00 per annum for his service on said Commission. The Statisti-  
 5 cian and Secretary shall receive a salary of \$4,000.00 per annum. The compen-  
 6 sation of all employees of said Commission shall be fixed by the Commission sub-  
 7 ject to the approval of the Governor. The commissioners and all employees  
 8 shall have reimbursed to them all traveling expenses and disbursements neces-  
 9 sarily incurred or made by them in the discharge of their official duties, upon a  
 10 detailed, verified statement of same. The Commission may also incur necessary  
 11 expenses for its offices, office furniture, maintenance and supplies. All items of  
 12 expense incurred by the Commission as such, or any member or employee thereof,  
 13 shall be paid, upon the order of the chairman of the Commission, approved by  
 14 the Governor, out of the money appropriated for the Commission.

Sec. 8. The principal office of the Commission shall be located in the State  
 2 capitol building, but the Commission may, as it deems advisable, establish a  
 3 branch office in such place or places as the Commission may find necessary. All

4 offices of the Commission shall be open for business between the hours of eight  
5 o'clock in the morning and five o'clock in the evening throughout the year (Sun-  
6 days and legal holidays excepted), and one or more of the commissioners or  
7 some employee to be designated by the chairman of the Commission, shall be  
8 on duty during the office hours and in immediate charge thereof.

Sec. 9. The Commission shall adopt reasonable and proper rules and regu-  
2 lations relative to the exercising of its powers, and to govern its proceedings  
3 and to regulate the mode and manner of all investigations and hearings, with  
4 power to alter and amend same.

Sec. 10. The Commission shall hold stated meetings on the first Monday of  
2 each month at its principal office for hearing petitions and complaints, and  
3 for any other purpose within the purview of this Act. Special meetings may be  
4 held by the Commission or any member thereof at such time or times, place or  
5 places, within the State as the Commission may designate.

Sec. 11. The Commission may, for the authentication of its records, pro-  
2 cess and proceedings, adopt, keep and use a common seal, of which seal judicial  
3 notice shall be taken in all courts in the State; and any process, writ, notice or  
4 other paper which the Commission may be authorized by law to issue, shall be  
5 deemed sufficient if signed by the chairman, or in his absence, by any other mem-  
6 ber of the Commission and authenticated by such seal; and all other acts, orders,  
7 proceedings, rules, entries, minutes, schedules and records of the Commission,  
8 and all reports and documents filed by the Commission may be proved in any  
9 court in this State by a copy thereof certified to by the chairman of the Com-  
10 mission, or in his absence, by any other commissioner with the seal of the Com-  
11 mission attached.

Sec. 12. The Commission shall have the sole and exclusive power and au-  
2 thority, and it is its duty to prescribe, fix, determine, alter and promulgate the  
3 rates of premiums to be charged and collected by all insurers subject to the pro-  
4 visions of this Act. As soon as practicable after the appointment and qualifi-

5 cation of the members thereof, the Commission shall proceed to make a classifi-  
6 cation of all the insurable real and chattel property in this State, including  
7 property in transit and marine risks for insurance purposes, placing in separate  
8 classes similar kinds of property, under similar conditions of location, and  
9 other fire hazards. In making such classification, the Commission may avail itself  
10 in such manner as it deems proper of all classifications and information hereto-  
11 fore collected by insurers or otherwise on this subject and also of the services of  
12 experts in insurance.

Sec. 13. All insurers permitted to do business in this State are hereby re-  
2 quired to furnish the Commission in such manner as it may direct, any informa-  
3 tion by it requested concerning the business of said insurance as at that time  
4 conducted, and also concerning their business and their experience during such  
5 previous time during which such insurers have operated in the State of Illinois.

Sec. 14. The above, and such other statistics of all branches of insurance  
2 within the purview of this Act, both past and present, as may be desired and di-  
3 rected by said Commission, shall be preserved and accumulated, from year to  
4 year, continuously hereafter, and tabulated in such manner as will show any  
5 change or variation, from year to year, in the fire loss ratio as to each class of  
6 property in each locality of the State; and as will also show any variation  
7 which may occur in the average fire loss ratio of each city, town or village, and  
8 also in each county of the State, excluding the municipalities above mentioned.

Sec. 15. Such information shall be kept permanently on file in the office of  
2 the Commission, and shall be accessible, under reasonable rules and regula-  
3 tions, to any citizen of the State of Illinois, and such information, or a summary  
4 thereof, shall be included in the annual report of the Commission.

Sec. 16. If, in the judgment of the Commission, there exists insurable prop-  
2 erty, either real or chattel, which, by reason of location, exposure or any other pe-  
3 culiarity cannot be conveniently included in any class, then it shall so find and  
4 make a record thereof and separate rates may be made by the Commission as



5 hereinafter provided for each separate property so excepted from the general  
6 classification of property.

Sec. 17. The Commission shall fix just and reasonable premium rates for  
2 said insurance on each class of property in the State, taking into due account  
3 the relative fire hazards from location or other factors. These rates shall be  
4 altered from time to time, according to such changes as may occur from year  
5 to year in the fire loss ratio of each city, town, village and of each county in the  
6 State, excluding said municipalities, in such manner as will grant each locality  
7 such reduction in rate as may be deemed just and reasonable by the Commission  
8 on account of any reduction of the fire loss ratio, and shall make such an in-  
9 crease in rates as it may deem just and reasonable on account of any increase in  
10 the fire loss ratio in each city, town or village, or in each county, excluding said  
11 municipalities; *Provided*, that until the work of fixing and determining and  
12 promulgating the rates of insurance to be charged and collected by the insurers  
13 throughout the State, and the making and adoption of its schedules of rates for  
14 each class and locality shall have been fully completed, the Commission shall  
15 have power and authority to adopt and continue in force the rates of premiums  
16 which have heretofore been charged and collected, or any portion thereof, modi-  
17 fied or changed in any way it may direct, for such time as it may prescribe, not  
18 exceeding the time when the work of making and promulgating such schedules  
19 for each class of property for each locality of the State shall have been com-  
20 pleted.

Sec. 18. The premium rates fixed by the Commission, in pursuance of the  
2 provisions of this Act, shall be, at all times, reasonable and the schedules there-  
3 of made and promulgated by the Commission, as herein provided, shall be in such  
4 form as will, in the judgment of the Commission, most clearly and definitely and  
5 in detail disclose the premium rates so fixed and determined by the Commission  
6 to be charged and collected for policies of such insurance. The Commission, in  
7 making and publishing schedules of the rates fixed and determined by it, shall  
8 show charges, credits, terms, privileges and conditions which in anywise affect



9 such rates, and copies of all such schedules shall be furnished by the Commission  
10 to any person who may apply therefor. No rate or rates fixed or determined  
11 by the Commission shall take effect until it shall have entered an order or orders  
12 fixing and determining the same, and notice shall be given to every insurer  
13 affected by this Act, by depositing in the United States mails, a copy of the same  
14 properly stamped and addressed.

Sec. 19. It shall be the duty of the Commission and of any inspector or other  
2 agent or employee thereof, who shall inspect any risk for the purpose of enabling  
3 the Commission to fix and determine the reasonable rate to be charged thereon,  
4 to furnish to the owner or occupant of such risk, at the time of the completion of  
5 the inspection, a duplicate copy of such inspection report, showing the factors  
6 which may operate to affect such rate, and also giving information as to what  
7 improvements, alterations or changes will reduce the rate.

Sec. 20. The Commission shall have full power and authority to alter, amend,  
2 modify or change any rate fixed and determined by it, or to prescribe that any  
3 such rate or rates shall be in effect for a limited time, and also to prescribe rea-  
4 sonable rules whereby, in case no rate of premium shall have been fixed and de-  
5 termined by the Commission for any risks or classes of risks, policies may be  
6 written thereon at rates to be determined by the insurers: *Provided, however,*  
7 that such insurers shall immediately report to the Commission such risks so  
8 written, and the rate charged therefor, and such rates shall be subject to review  
9 by the Commission.

Sec. 21. Any insurers affected by this Act shall have the right at any time  
2 to petition the Commission for an order changing or modifying any rates fixed  
3 or determined by the Commission: *Provided,* that notice shall be given of  
4 the hearing on such petition at least 20 days in advance by publication, at least  
5 twice, in such manner, and in such localities, affected by said petition as the Com-  
6 mission may direct by its order endorsed upon the copy of said petition filed  
7 with it.

Sec. 22. The Commission shall consider such petition in the manner provided in this Act, and enter such order thereon as it may deem just and equitable. Any citizen or number of citizens in this State, or any policy holder or holders, or any board of trade, chamber of commerce, or any civic organization, or the civil authorities of any town, city, village or county shall also have the right to file a petition with the Commission, setting forth any cause of complaint that they may have as to any order made by the Commission, or any rate fixed and determined by the Commission: *Provided*, that not less than 10 days notice of a hearing thereon shall be given to such insurers as may be directed by the Commission by its order endorsed on said petition by depositing copies of a notice thereof in the United States mail, addressed to such insurers. Petitioners and respondents shall have the right to offer evidence in relation to the allegations of such petitions and answers thereto in such manner as may be prescribed by the rules of the Commission. It shall not be necessary for any of the parties to be present before the Commission at the time set for hearing, but the Commission shall, nevertheless, consider all evidence, and if it is found that the complaint made in such petition, or that the change or modification of rates or orders of the Commission should be made, then such change or other action shall be ordered and entered in its record by the Commission.

Sec. 23. The Commission shall give each city, town, village or county adequate reductions in its premium rates for each and every hazard that it may reduce or entirely remove, and also for all fire fighting equipments, increased police or watchman protection, or any other improvement which has a tendency to reduce such fire hazard; and in case such reduction of rate is made, then all outstanding policies affected by said order of the Commission, shall be given the benefit thereof; and shall also require insurers to give any and all policyholders credit for any and all hazards that they may reduce or remove in proportion of such reduction or removal to such hazard, as found by the Commission, and the insurer shall return to such policyholder or holders, such proportionate part of the unearned premium charged for such hazard which is reduced or removed.

Sec. 24. Whenever a policy of fire insurance shall be issued upon a risk in  
2 this State, the insurer shall furnish, written upon or attached to such policy, a  
3 written or printed analysis of the rate of premium charged for such policy, show-  
4 ing the items of charge or credit which determine the premium rates.

Sec. 25. All schedules of rates promulgated by the Commission shall be  
2 open to the public at all times, and every local agent of any insurer transact-  
3 ing business in this State shall have and exhibit to the public, copies of such  
4 schedules, covering all risks upon which he is authorized to write insurance.

Sec. 26. Any petitioner or respondent shall have the right of appeal from  
2 any order of the Commission or finding entered by the Commission to the Cir-  
3 cuit Court of Sangamon county. Such appellant shall set forth in a petition pray-  
4 ing for such appeal, the principal ground or grounds of objection to such order  
5 or finding, and the issue shall be formed and the controversy tried according to  
6 the rules of chancery practice of this State. Said Circuit Court may set aside,  
7 vacate or annul any such order or finding of the Commission, or any part there-  
8 of, which may be found by the said court to be unlawful or unjust without dis-  
9 turbing the remainder thereof.

Sec. 27. No injunction or interlocutory order suspending or restraining the  
2 enforcement of any schedule, rate, order or finding of the Commission shall be  
3 granted, but said court shall proceed to hear said cause in a summary manner at  
4 the earliest time practicable, not less than 20 days after the filing of such appeal,  
5 and shall enter such final judgment as it shall deem just. Either party to such  
6 appeal if dissatisfied with the judgment of said court, may appeal therefrom  
7 direct to the Supreme Court.

Sec. 28. The Commission shall inquire into and keep informed as to the  
2 methods by which the business of all of the branches of insurance included herein  
3 are conducted, and also keep informed as to the general condition, franchises,  
4 capitalization, agencies, rates and other charges with respect to the adequacy  
5 and security afforded by insurers, and also with respect to compliance with es-



6 tablished rates and the provisions of this Act, and any other law, and with the  
7 orders of the Commission.

Sec. 29. Hearings, examinations and investigations may be conducted by  
2 one or more commissioners, or any employee, designated by the chairman, and a  
3 report thereof in writing, made to the commission. Any commissioner or other  
4 person conducting such hearing, examination or investigation as aforesaid, shall  
5 have power in any county in the State of Illinois to summon and compel the at-  
6 tendance of witnesses before him, or to testify in relation to any matter rela-  
7 tive to such hearing, examination or investigation, and may require the produc-  
8 tion of any books, papers or documents deemed pertinent thereto by him, and shall  
9 be authorized and empowered to administer oaths and affirmations to any person  
10 or persons appearing as witnesses before him; and false swearing in any matter  
11 or proceeding aforesaid, shall be deemed perjury and shall be punished as such.  
12 Any witness who refuses to be sworn, or who refuses to testify, or who disobeys  
13 any lawful order of any person conducting such hearing, examination or investi-  
14 gation, or who fails or refuses to produce any book, paper or document touching  
15 any matter under examination, or who is guilty of any contemptuous conduct  
16 after being summoned to appear before him to give testimony in relation to  
17 any matter or subject under investigation as aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty  
18 of a misdemeanor and it shall be the duty of the person conducting such hear-  
19 ing, examination or investigation to make complaint against such person or per-  
20 sons, before any justice of the peace, police magistrate or any court of record in  
21 the county in which said hearing, examination or investigation is being had, and  
22 upon the filing of such complaint, the trial of such cause shall proceed in the same  
23 manner as the trial of other misdemeanors, and upon conviction, any such per-  
24 son guilty of a violation of the provisions of this Act shall be fined in a sum not  
25 exceeding \$100, and imprisoned until such fine is paid: *Provided, however, that*  
26 any person so convicted shall have the right of appeal.

Sec. 30. The commission may conduct hearings and take testimony relative  
2 to any pending legislation concerning any matter within its jurisdiction, if re-



3 requested so to do by the General Assembly, or either branch thereof, or by a  
4 standing committee of either branch thereof, and shall report its conclusions to  
5 the General Assembly.

Sec. 31. Every insurer engaged in any of the branches of insurance within  
2 the jurisdiction of the Commission, shall furnish to it all information required by  
3 it to carry into effect the provisions of this Act, and shall make specific answer  
4 under oath to all questions submitted by the Commission. Any insurer receiving  
5 from the Commission any blanks with directions to fill the same, shall cause the  
6 same to be properly filled so as to answer fully and correctly each question there-  
7 in propounded, and in case it is unable to answer any question, it shall give a  
8 good and sufficient reason for such failure; and said reason shall be verified  
9 under oath by either the president, secretary, superintendent, general manager  
10 or manager for the State of Illinois, as the Commission may direct, and returned  
11 to the Commission at its office within the period fixed by the Commission.

Sec. 32. Whenever required by the Commission, every insurer engaged in  
2 any of the branches of insurance within the jurisdiction of the Commission, shall  
3 permit inspection of any or all maps, fire maps, documents, books, accounts, pa-  
4 pers, reports, records and files in its possession, or in any way relating to its  
5 property, or affecting its business, by such persons and in such form as the  
6 Commission may direct, and also furnish verified copies of the same except fire  
7 maps if required by the Commission.

Sec. 33. Every insurer engaged in insurance within the jurisdiction of the  
2 Commission, shall obey and comply with each and every requirement of every  
3 order, decision, direction, rule or regulation made or prescribed by the Commis-  
4 sion in the matters herein specified or any other matter in any way relating to  
5 or affecting its business, and shall do everything necessary or proper in order  
6 to comply with and observe every such order, decision, direction, rule or regu-  
7 lation by all of its officers, agents and employees and failure so to do shall ren-  
8 der the offender or offenders liable to the penalties hereinafter provided.

Sec. 34. The rates of insurance fixed by the Commission shall be taken and  
2 considered as maximum rates only, and any insurer shall be free to grant such  
3 lower rates of insurance as it or they may see fit: *Provided*, that such lower  
4 rate shall be the same to all applicants for all property belonging to each of  
5 the respective classes made by the Commission in each city, town, village or coun-  
6 ty. If any insurer grants a lower rate on any class of property for any city,  
7 town, village or county than that fixed by the Commission, it shall, within five  
8 days, file a notice of the same with the Commission, and such rate shall not be  
9 raised until at least one year has elapsed without the approval of the Commis-  
10 sion.

Sec. 35. Every insurer within the purview of this Act is prohibited from  
2 entering into or becoming party to any agreement, understanding, combination,  
3 pool, trust or any device or scheme whatsoever, either directly or indirectly, for  
4 the purpose of controlling, fixing or maintaining insurance rates and is forbidden  
5 to maintain jointly, or send policies or reports thereof to any joint stamping  
6 bureau or similar institution or device.

Sec. 36. No insurer or any officer or agent thereof shall rebate or return,  
2 either directly or indirectly, to any insured, the premium received, or any part  
3 thereof, except as provided for cancellation, and shall not, directly or indi-  
4 rectly, by any means or device whatsoever charge different rates of premium on  
5 the same class of property having the same hazard, in the same city, town, vil-  
6 lage or county, excepting that rates may be raised or lowered to all insured as  
7 herein provided.

Sec. 37. Every insurer within the purview of this Act shall furnish and  
2 grant the insurance in which he is engaged to a reasonable amount to any per-  
3 son, firm or corporation which may apply for the same; *Provided*, that in case  
4 said insurer shall have sufficient reason for refusing insurance to any such  
5 applicant, it or they shall make a written statement of such reason to such  
6 applicant. If such applicant, nevertheless, insists upon insurance being fur-

nished according to his application, then such insurer may file a petition with the Commission for leave to refuse such insurance. Such petition shall allege the reason for declining to furnish insurance to such applicant, a copy of which shall be served upon said applicant, at least three days prior to the date mentioned therein for a hearing of the same. Upon the date mentioned in said petition the Commission or any member thereof or employee by the Chairman designated shall hear the same in a summary manner, and any evidence in relation thereto which may be adduced by either party, and if there shall appear to the person conducting such hearing any good reason for such refusal, an order shall be entered accordingly, and such insurer thereby released from its duties of furnishing insurance to such applicant.

Sec. 38. It shall be taken and considered as such good reason of refusal of insurance to an applicant, that said insurer has already at risk in the town, city and village, or any subdivision thereof, an amount of insurance in excess of ten per cent of its capital and net surplus or that the insurer has reported to the Commission that it does not desire to carry additional risks or amount of insurance within a given block or other unit and, in the case of the occupant of a dwelling house, that he or any member of his or her family living with him have previously had fires, not originating in unavoidable causes so far as such applicant is concerned; and in case said applicant is a firm, that any member, partner or manager thereof has previously had fires not originating in an unavoidable cause, so far as such member, partner or manager was concerned; or that said applicant neglects and refuses to protect his building or property with fire protection of the kind, and in a manner approved by the commission; or neglects or refuses to make other improvements, repairs or alterations in his property prescribed by any law, municipal ordinance or rule or regulation of the Commission. If, however, it shall appear that there is no good reason for such refusal to furnish insurance, an order accordingly shall be entered of record, and in case such insurer thereafter refuses or neglects to comply with said order it shall be the duty of the Insurance Superintendent to suspend the



20 license of such insurer until the order is complied with. Either party shall  
21 have the right of appeal to the Circuit or Superior court of any county in which  
22 such hearing may be held as provided in this section, which appeal shall be  
23 considered a case in equity and heard and decided by any judge of said court  
24 in a summary manner at the earliest practicable date. An appeal from the de-  
25 cision of such court may be taken direct to the Supreme Court.

Sec. 39. In case property on which insurance is applied for should be  
2 damaged during the pendency of such proceeding, the insurer shall not be lia-  
3 ble if the final determination is in its favor; but if final decision is against it,  
4 such insurer shall be liable to the amount of 85 per cent of the damage, but not  
5 exceeding the total amount of insurance applied for.

Sec. 40. A standard form or forms of policy for each kind of insurance  
2 within the purview of this Act shall be adopted and provided by the Commis-  
3 sion and there shall be included in, or attached to all fire insurance policies, a  
4 statement giving the items and amounts charged for the various hazards  
5 which go to make up the total rate charged on said property, together with a  
6 statement of credits which will be allowed for the improvement of such prop-  
7 erty by the removal of any item or substantial part thereof of the hazards which  
8 make up the total rate. In case any insured makes such improvements in his  
9 property and gives the insurer notice thereof in writing at the address given  
10 in said policy, the rate on such property shall be reduced accordingly and the  
11 excess of premiums for the remainder of the period of insurance refunded to  
12 the insured. In case the insurer neglects or refuses to reduce such rate and  
13 refund premiums as above, the insured shall have the right to present a peti-  
14 tion to the Commission in the same manner as provided in this Act in regard to  
15 a petition for leave to refuse insurance, which shall be heard in the same man-  
16 ner and with the same right of appeal.

Sec. 41. No insurer shall cancel insurance policies during the term thereof  
2 unless there have been material misrepresentations in the application in re-



3   gard to the property or the owner thereof, or there has occurred a material  
4   change in the condition of the same after the issuance of the policy. In case an  
5   insurer desires to cancel a policy and the insured does not consent thereto, the  
6   insurer may file a petition with the Commission in the same manner as provided  
7   in this Act for leave to refuse insurance which shall be heard in the same man-  
8   ner and an order entered in accordance with the findings of the Commission, and  
9   with the same right of appeal. If the decision is in favor of the petitioner, the  
10   order shall be on condition that the unearned portion of the premium be re-  
11   turned to the insured. No policy shall be permitted to be cancelled except in  
12   good faith for causes as specified in this Act.

Sec. 42. Insurance for a greater sum than 85 per cent of the market value  
2   of property, is prohibited. No policies of insurance shall be granted except  
3   upon written application of the owner of the property or his agent, which ap-  
4   plication shall comprise a statement of the location and conditions of said prop-  
5   erty with special reference to fire hazards, and if chattel property, a general in-  
6   voice of the same, giving the fair market value thereof. Such application shall  
7   be countersigned by the agent of the insurer and the agent shall certify over his  
8   signature that he has personally inspected the property and that the value  
9   placed thereon by the applicant, is the fair market value of the same. Misrep-  
10   resentations knowingly and wilfully in such applications for insurance concern-  
11   ing the value, condition, location and other material particulars concerning the  
12   property, shall be considered as false pretenses under the criminal statutes of  
13   this State, and any person making such false pretenses shall be punished as is  
14   now provided by law for false pretenses.

Sec. 43. For the purpose of effectively preventing over-insurance and  
2   fraudulent removal of merchandise insured, from stocks thereof which are being  
3   diminished or increased from time to time by sale or purchase, the Commission  
4   shall have power and is required to make such rules and regulations, and amend,  
5   alter or enlarge same from time to time as their experience may suggest, with  
6   regard to keeping from time to time, records of purchases, sales, removal of prop-

erty and any other provision which in their judgment will aid in preventing the carrying of insurance at any time in excess of 85 per cent of the market value of merchandise or other chattel property. These rules and regulations shall be so framed that account shall be taken from time to time of depreciation in the market value of stocks of goods and other chattel property, as well as diminution by sale or otherwise. The Commission may also make special rules concerning the valuation of chattel property in transit, storage and other special conditions.

Sec. 44. The use of what are commonly called "Co-insurance Clauses" in policies, is prohibited. If damage occurs to insured property, the insurer shall pay 85 per cent of such damage, but not to exceed the full amount stated in such policy.

Sec. 45. No insurer shall grant insurance on any single risk for a greater amount than 10 per cent of its capitalization and net surplus. Reinsurance by any insurer of a whole or part of any risk is forbidden, except as allowed by order of the Commission, then only to other insurers admitted to do business in this State. All re-insurers shall make a report to the Commission, at such time and manner, as by it directed of all reinsurance carried by them.

Sec. 46. No insurance or reinsurance by unadmitted companies, commonly known as "surplus line insurance," shall be taken, except upon the written permission of the Commission or some authorized representative thereof; and all such unadmitted insurers writing such insurance shall be within the supervision and control of the Commission with the same power over them as is provided for admitted companies.

Sec. 47. No insurer shall issue a policy in any other than its true name, or containing or bearing thereon any endorsement showing that it is issued by or through any underwriters annex, department or agency. The operation of so-called underwriters, annexes, agencies, or departments, which issue policies of insurance, guaranteed or signed by regularly licensed insurance companies is

6 prohibited. The license of any insurer violating the provisions of this section  
7 shall be revoked by the Insurance Superintendent.

Sec. 48. If any insurer domiciled or a resident in any other State of the  
2 United States, or in any foreign nation, and admitted to do business in this  
3 State shall begin a suit against a State official, individual or corporation in a  
4 United States court, or shall transfer a suit begun against it or them in a State  
5 court to the United States court, then it shall be the imperative duty of the  
6 Insurance Superintendent to at once revoke the license of such insurer, and it  
7 shall not be permitted to do business in this State so long as it maintains such  
8 suit in the United States court.

Sec. 49. The Commission shall, with such assistance and advice, as it deems  
2 necessary, and as soon as practicable, prepare or cause to be prepared, a report  
3 setting forth the advantages of sprinkler systems, fire proof and fire resisting  
4 construction and other means of preventing or lessening fire hazard to buildings  
5 and other property; and also such methods of repair and improvement of exist-  
6 ing buildings as will lessen the fire hazard thereon. Said report shall also give  
7 detailed enumeration and explanation of the various kinds of fire hazards, and  
8 the origin and causes of fires, together with the best methods of removing or  
9 minimizing the same, and also of avoiding danger to life by fire. Said report  
10 shall be made with a special view to the same or a part thereof being used for  
11 purpose of instruction in the public schools, colleges and universities.

Sec. 50. These reports shall be distributed free of charge to all citizens of  
2 the State who shall request the same, and furnished to all schools. Instruc-  
3 tion as to the origin and causes of fires and fire hazards, fire prevention, avoid-  
4 ance of danger to life by fire and related subjects shall be given in the public  
5 schools, colleges and universities supported by the State.

Sec. 51. It shall be the duty of the Commission to prepare model building  
2 codes and other municipal ordinances for the various classes of cities and vil-  
3 lages in this State for the purpose of preventing and lessening danger to life



4 and property by fire, and shall recommend the same for adoption; and shall also,  
5 upon request, advise the authorities of any municipality concerning the revision  
6 of existing ordinances, rules and regulations for purposes of fire prevention and  
7 protection.

Sec. 52. All proceedings of the Commission and its documents and records  
2 shall be public records. The Commission shall on or before May 1st of each year  
3 prepare and file with the Governor a report giving a summary of the acts and  
4 proceedings of the Commission to and including December 31st of the previous  
5 year.

Sec. 53. In case any person by arson, carelessness or negligence starts or  
2 permits to be started a fire which causes damage to the property of others, he  
3 shall be liable for all damages thereby caused to the person or property of  
4 others. In case there is insurance on the property of other persons damaged,  
5 and such insurance is paid, then the insurer shall be subrogated to the rights of  
6 the owner of the property damaged: *Provided*, that if such insurance company  
7 recovers from the person causing the damage, 15 per cent of the judgment shall  
8 be for the use and benefit of the insured.

Sec. 54. If any insurance agent shall collect premiums or other money be-  
2 longing to an insurer and shall refuse to deliver the same to the insurer or  
3 person entitled thereto, he shall be deemed guilty of larceny and punished ac-  
4 cording to law for the crime of larceny, notwithstanding that such insurance  
5 agent may be entitled to receive or retain a part of such premium or other  
6 money for his compensation or commission.

Sec. 55. The office of the State Fire Marshal is hereby made a division of  
2 the Insurance Department. The employees of the State Fire Marshal shall also  
3 be employees of the Commission, and may, as directed by the Commission, per-  
4 form all and any duties or services required to be performed by this Act.

Sec. 56. If insurers, coming within the purview of this Act, or any of them,  
2 shall by concerted action, agreement, or understanding, at any time, either at



once or gradually, cease to write insurance in this State; withdraw from this State; fail to file their annual statements as required by law, or cancel policies of insurance in this State in such numbers as shall in the judgment of the Commission materially impair the insurance protection, the Commission shall make an investigation thereof, and if upon an investigation, shall find that any one, or more of these things have been done by such insurers, in the manner as herein stated, the Commission shall enter such finding of record, naming such insurers found to have participated in such concerted action, agreement, or understanding, and upon the entering of record of such finding, it shall thereupon become and be the duty of the Insurance Superintendent to revoke and annul the license of any of such insurers so found to have participated in such concerted action, agreement, or understanding, and no license shall be revived, issued, or re-issued for a period of ten years thereafter: *Provided*, that nothing herein contained shall apply to insurers entering into a lawful agreement of reinsurance or consolidation.

Sec. 57. There is hereby created and established a State Insurance Fund, hereinafter called "Insurance Fund," which shall be begun, accumulated and administered by the Commission in the manner and upon the conditions hereinafter provided, without liability upon the part of the State beyond the amount and accumulations of such Insurance Fund. Such Insurance Fund shall be used by the Commission for the purpose of paying the losses and expenses incurred by reason of the making, granting and furnishing insurance by the Commission, of the kinds within the purview of this Act, upon insurable property in this State.

Sec. 58. If such number of insurers, within the purview of this Act, shall by concerted action, agreement, or understanding, at any time, either at once or gradually, cease to write insurance in this State; or withdraw from this State, as shall, in the judgment of the Commission, materially impair the insurance protection of this State; or if such insurers shall cancel policies of insurance in this State in such numbers as shall, in the judgment of the Commission, materially impair the insurance protection; or whenever it shall be determined by

8 the Commission that the facilities for obtaining insurance afforded by the in-  
9 surers authorized to do the branches of insurance within the purview of this Act,  
10 in this State, are inadequate or insufficient to meet the needs of citizens and  
11 property owners of this State seeking such insurance, then the Commission shall  
12 enter in its records, a finding of the existence of such condition, and shall certify  
13 such finding to the Governor, and it shall thereupon become and be the duty of  
14 the Commission, and with the approval of the Governor, the Commission is here-  
15 by authorized, empowered and directed to make operative said Insurance Fund,  
16 and to give public notice thereof. Said Insurance Fund shall be administered by  
17 the Commission, without liability on the part of the State beyond the amount of  
18 such Insurance Fund and accumulations, for the purpose of granting insurance  
19 of the kinds within the purview of this Act, on insurable property located with-  
20 in the State.

Sec. 59. The State Treasurer shall be *ex officio* treasurer and custodian of  
2 the Insurance Fund, but all other matters in relation thereto shall be under the  
3 supervision and control of the Commission. The Treasurer shall give such bond  
4 therefor as may be required and approved by the Governor, which bond shall  
5 be in addition to his official bond. Subject to the general direction of the Com-  
6 mission as to the amount to be invested, and the kind, value and maturity of se-  
7 curities, the Treasurer shall cause the moneys in the Insurance Fund to be in-  
8 vested and re-invested in notes or bonds secured by mortgages on unincumbered  
9 real estate located within this State of the cash market value of at least twice  
10 the amount of the loan made thereon, or in bonds of this State or of any of the  
11 incorporated cities, counties, townships, school districts or other municipal cor-  
12 porations therein, subject to the approval of the Commission. All interest, earn-  
13 ings and accumulations received from such investments shall become and be a  
14 part of such Insurance Fund.

Sec. 60. When the Commission shall proceed to make operative the Insur-  
2 ance Fund hereby created, it shall prepare and furnish for use, forms of applica-  
3 tions for policies, and policy forms, schedules of premium rates and such other

4 forms, and data as may be necessary for carrying out the provisions of this Act.  
5 The Commission shall have power to inspect and classify properties, fix rates and  
6 schedules of rates, make and issue policies of insurance and collect premiums,  
7 and make any and all necessary rules and regulations concerning such insurance;  
8 to provide offices at convenient locations throughout the State where persons seek-  
9 ing such insurance may make application for the same, and where policies of  
10 insurance may be issued; to hire any and all such employees as may be necessary  
11 for the conduct of such insurance in its various branches, and to do and perform  
12 any and all other acts and things which may be necessary and proper to be done  
13 for the carrying out of the purposes of this Insurance Fund, and provisions of  
14 this Act, in relation thereto.

Sec. 61. When the Insurance Fund becomes operative, and for one year  
2 thereafter, the rates to be charged and collected by the Commission for such  
3 insurance on any risk shall, unless by it otherwise determined, be the same as  
4 the rates theretofore fixed by said Commission for similar risks in the same local-  
5 ity; or if no rate has been fixed for similar risks in the same locality, then the  
6 Commission shall fix rates which may be altered by order of the Commission  
7 as herein otherwise provided. After said first year, all rates for insurance  
8 under this Act shall be fixed by the Commission in the manner herein otherwise  
9 provided.

10 After said first year, premium rates may be modified in accordance with loss  
11 experience in any of said branches of insurance, but shall be kept at such point  
12 as will accumulate and maintain at all times, a reserve which, in the judgment  
13 of the Commission, shall be adequate for the purpose of meeting any emergency.  
14 The securities belonging to the Insurance Fund may be pledged or sold by the  
15 State Treasurer at the direction of the Commission for the purpose of provid-  
16 ing current funds to pay losses. In case current funds are exhausted, the Treas-  
17 urer, upon the written direction of the Commission, approved by the Governor,  
18 shall have the power to, and shall issue, interest bearing notes to be paid only  
19 out of future receipts of the Insurance Fund.



Sec. 62. On and after the date on which such Insurance Fund shall become  
2 and be operative, no administrative board, governing body, officer or agent of  
3 this State, or of any county, township, school district, city or other municipal  
4 corporation within the State, and no person or persons having charge of any  
5 public buildings or insurable property of the State, or any county, township,  
6 school district, city or other municipal corporation within the State, shall in  
7 any manner contract for or incur any indebtedness against the State, or any  
8 county, township, school district, city or other municipal corporation within the  
9 State, on account of any insurance of the kinds within the purview of this Act,  
10 or shall disburse any public moneys or funds on account of such insurance upon  
11 any of the public buildings, furniture, fixtures or property of any kind whatever  
12 belonging to the State, or any county, township, school district, city or other  
13 municipal corporation within the State, except for insurance in said Insurance  
14 Fund.

15 Every administrative board, governing body, officer, or agent of the State, or  
16 any county, township, school district, city or other municipal corporation in the  
17 State, which shall desire to insure property in their charge and custody shall  
18 effect such insurance of the kinds within the jurisdiction of the Commission  
19 only by means of the Insurance Fund, as herein provided.

Sec. 63. Nothing in this Act shall affect or apply to district, county and  
2 township, mutual fire insurance companies, nor district mutual windstorm, cy-  
3 clone or tornado insurance companies, nor county mutual windstorm insurance  
4 companies organized and doing business under the laws of this State.

Sec. 64. The violation of any provision of this Act, including the doing of  
2 any act or thing herein prohibited, for which penalties have not been herein-  
3 before specifically provided, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hun-  
4 dred, or more than one thousand dollars for the first offense, and not less than  
5 five hundred, or more than two thousand dollars for succeeding offenses.

Sec. 65. No person shall be excused from giving testimony or producing  
2 evidence when called upon to do so at any hearing before the Commission, or



3 any person conducting a hearing under this Act, on the ground that it may in-  
4 criminate him under the laws of this State; but no person shall be prosecuted  
5 criminally or subject to any criminal penalty on account of any transaction, mat-  
6 ter or thing concerning which he may testify or produce evidence under this  
7 Act, except for perjury in so testifying.

Sec. 66. If any part of this Act be held for any reason unconstitutional,  
2 it shall not effect any other portion or part of this Act.

Sec. 67. All Acts and parts of Acts in conflict with the provisions of this  
2 Act, are hereby repealed.

- 1 Introduced by Mr. G. H. Wilson, March 12, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Temperance.

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## A BILL

For an Act to provide for the creation of anti-saloon territory by popular vote of  
**an entire county within which territory** the sale of intoxicating liquor and the  
licensing of such sale shall be prohibited and for the abolition by like means of  
territory so created.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the words and phrases mentioned  
3 in this section, as used in this Act and in proceedings pursuant hereto, shall,  
4 unless the same be inconsistent with the context, be construed as follows:

5 “Anti-saloon territory” shall mean all the territory within the limits of any  
6 county or district in this State in which, through the action of the legal voters  
7 therein, as provided by this Act, the sale of intoxicating liquor, except as herein  
8 provided, is prohibited.

9 “Clerk” shall mean the county clerk.

10 “District” shall mean all the territory within the limits of any county at the  
11 time when such county became anti-saloon territory, the limits of such county  
12 having been changed while it was anti-saloon territory.

13       “Election” shall mean an election at a time fixed by law for choosing coun-  
14 ty officers. In no case shall it mean a special election to fill a vacancy.

15       “Intoxicating liquor” shall include all distilled, spirituous, vinous, fer-  
16 mented and malt liquors.

17       “Registered voter” shall mean a legal voter of the county or district whose  
18 name appears on the poll list of the last preceding election or on the current  
19 register of electors.

20       “Said proposition” shall mean the proposition—“Shall this county become  
21 anti-saloon territory?”

22       “Such proposition” shall mean the proposition—“Shall this.....(county  
23 or district) continue to be anti-saloon territry?”

Sec. 2. Upon the filing in the office of the clerk at least sixty days before  
2 an election of a petition as in this Act provided, directed to such clerk, contain-  
3 ing the signatures of registered voters of any county in number not less than  
4 twenty per centum of the total vote cast in such county at the last election therein,  
5 to submit to the legal voters of such county the proposition—“Shall this county  
6 become anti-saloon territory?” said proposition shall be submitted at such elec-  
7 tion, as in this Act provided, to the legal voters of such county, and if a major-  
8 ity of the legal voters voting upon said proposition shall vote “Yes” such coun-  
9 ty shall become anti-saloon territory.

Sec. 3. A petition for the submission of said proposition shall be in sub-  
2 stantially the following form:

3       To the county clerk of the county of ..... (insert the name of  
4 the county), in the State of Illinois:

5       The undersigned, residents and registered voters of said county of.....  
6 (insert the name of the county), respectfully petition that you cause to be sub-  
7 mitted to the legal voters thereof at the next election in the manner provided  
8 by law, the proposition—“Shall this county become anti-saloon territory?”

Signature	House Number	Street or Election Precinct or District	City, Village, Town or Precinct	Date of Signing

9 Such petition shall consist of sheets of uniform size having such form  
10 printed or written at the top thereof, and shall be signed by the registered  
11 voters in their own proper persons only, and apposite the signature of each reg-  
12 istered voter shall be written his residence address. That is to say, where the  
13 signer resides:

14 (a) Within the corporate limits of a village or town having five hundred  
15 population or less, as determined by the last then preceding federal municipal  
16 or school census, shall be written the name of such village or town;

17 (b) Within the corporate limits of a city, village or town, having a pop-  
18 ulation of more than five hundred inhabitants, determined as aforesaid, and in  
19 which the houses and lots are not numbered by ordinance, shall be written the  
20 name of the street on which he resides and the name of such city, village or  
21 town.

22 (c) Within the corporate limits of a city, village or town in which the  
23 houses and lots are numbered by ordinance shall be written the name of the  
24 street on which he resides and the number of the house and lot on which he re-  
25 sides: *Provided*, that when a signer resides in a building having more than one  
26 house and lot number it shall be sufficient to state the number of the entrance  
27 thereof;

28 (d) Outside the corporate limits of any city, village or town shall be  
29 written the name of the election precinct or district and the name of the town,  
30 if the county is under township organization, or the name of the precinct in  
31 counties not under township organization, within which he resides; and oppo-  
32 site each signature shall be written the date of signing the same. No signature



shall be valid or be counted in considering such petition unless these requirements are complied with and unless the date of signing is less than six months preceding the date of filing the petition. At the bottom of each sheet of such petition shall be added a statement signed by a resident of the county in which the signers thereof reside, with his residence address as aforesaid, stating that the signatures on that sheet of said petition are genuine, and that to the best of his knowledge and belief the persons so signing were at the time of signing said petition registered voters of such county, that their respective residences are correctly stated therein, and that each signer signed the same on the date set opposite his name. Such statement shall be sworn to before some officer residing in the county where such registered voters reside, authorized to administer oaths therein. No sheet shall be valid unless these requirements are complied with. Such sheets before filing shall be fastened together at the top in one document and shall be consecutively numbered and filed as a whole. And upon such petition shall be written the name of the chairman of the committee managing the interests of those filing such petition, with his residence address as aforesaid. No signature shall be revoked except by a revocation filed with the clerk with whom the petition is required to be filed and before the filing of such petition. Upon the request of such chairman the clerk shall immediately and from time to time notify him in writing of all revocations of signatures that have been filed with him. After the petition is filed no signature shall be withdrawn or added, nor shall the petition be withdrawn or in any manner altered. Such petition so verified, or a copy thereof duly certified as hereinafter provided, shall be *prima facie* evidence that the signatures, statements of residence and dates upon such petition are genuine and true and that the persons so signing were at the time of signing registered voters of the county named. Such petition and all revocations when filed shall be public documents and shall be subject to the inspection of the public and shall not be removed from the clerk's office except as hereinafter provided. Upon the request of any resident of the county and the payment or tender to the clerk of one dollar for each one hundred signatures or fraction thereof on such petition the clerk shall immediately fur-

64 nish to such person a certified true copy of such petition, stating thereon the day  
 65 and hour when such original petition was filed in his office. Whoever in mak-  
 66 ing the sworn statement above prescribed shall knowingly, wilfully and cor-  
 67 ruptly swear falsely shall be deemed guilty of perjury and on conviction thereof  
 68 shall be punished accordingly. Whoever forges the signature of any person  
 69 upon any petition, revocation or statement provided for in this Act shall be  
 70 deemed guilty of forgery and upon conviction thereof shall be punished ac-  
 71 cordingly.

Sec. 4. The clerk with whom any such petition shall be filed shall forth-  
 2 with cause a notice thereof to be posted at the door of the court house of such  
 3 county, and shall forthwith cause a notice to be published in some newspaper of  
 4 general circulation published in such county, which notice shall be substantially  
 5 in the following form:

6 NOTICE OF THE FILING OF A COUNTY LOCAL OPTION PETITION.

7 Notice is hereby given that a petition was, on the.....day  
 8 of ....., 19...., filed in my office praying that the proposition—  
 9 “Shall this county become anti-saloon territory?” be submitted to the legal  
 10 voters of the county of....., in the State of Illinois, at the next reg-  
 11 ular election held therein.

12 (SEAL) .....  
 13 County Clerk.

14 Such petition so filed and being in apparent conformity with the provis-  
 15 ions of this Act shall be deemed to be valid and sufficient unless five registered  
 16 voters of such county shall file verified objections thereto with the clerk within  
 17 fifteen days after the filing thereof, setting forth wherein such petition is invalid  
 18 and insufficient, together with a bond signed by two good and sufficient sure-  
 19 ties, residents and freeholders of such county, to be approved by the clerk, in the  
 20 penal sum of \$500, conditioned that they will pay all costs which may accrue on  
 21 account of such objections. If such objections and bond are so filed then at the  
 22 expiration of said fifteen days the clerk shall present the objections to the judge  
 23 of the county court who shall forthwith set a time for the hearing of such ob-

24 jections, which shall not be less than twenty days nor more than twenty-five days  
 25 after such petition shall have been filed with the clerk. Thereupon a summons  
 26 shall forthwith issue from such court addressed to the chairman of the commit-  
 27 tee managing the interests of those who filed such petition notifying him of the  
 28 filing of such objections and directing **him to appear on behalf of such petition**  
 29 at the time set for the hearing. The county court of such county shall have jur-  
 30 isdiction to hear and determine in a **summary manner the validity of such peti-**  
 31 **tion** and shall be always open for the transaction of such business: *Provided,*  
 32 that if the voters filing such objections or the committee managing the inter-  
 33 ests of those filing such petition shall fear that they will not receive a fair and  
 34 impartial trial because of the prejudice of the judge of such court for or against  
 35 such petition and shall file a verified statement of such fact three days before  
 36 the time set for the hearing the judge shall call in some other judge to whom  
 37 neither party has any valid objection, who shall hear said cause. Within ten  
 38 days after the date set for such hearing and at least twenty-five days before  
 39 the election, judgment shall be entered of record, which shall decree such peti-  
 40 tion to be valid or invalid, according to the right and justice in the premises,  
 41 and such judgment shall become immediately effective and no appeal or writ  
 42 shall stay or prevent the immediate operation of such judgment: *Provided,* ap-  
 43 peals may be taken to the Supreme Court in the manner and upon the conditions  
 44 provided by law for taking appeals in cases in chancery from the circuit  
 45 courts.

Sec. 5. If no objections to such petition are filed with the clerk within fif-  
 2 teen days after the filing of the petition, or if objections are filed and the court  
 3 shall decree such petition to be valid, he shall forthwith cause notice of the sub-  
 4 mission of said proposition at the next election to be given by posting a notice  
 5 thereof at the door of the court house of such county and publishing the same  
 6 at least once a week for two successive weeks in some newspaper of general cir-  
 7 culation published in such county, which notice shall be substantially in the fol-  
 8 lowing form:



NOTICE OF A COUNTY LOCAL OPTION ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that the proposition—"Shall this county become anti-saloon territory?" will be submitted to the voters of the county of..... (name), in the State of Illinois, at an election to be held on Tuesday, the..... day of November, A. D. 19....

(SEAL)

County Clerk.

*Provided*, that in case any board of election commissioners shall have charge of the conduct of elections in any part of such county, such clerk shall forthwith certify said proposition to such board, whereupon such board shall, within the territory under its jurisdiction, discharge all the duties imposed by this Act upon such clerk, and immediately after such election such board shall deliver to such clerk unopened all the returns and tally sheets in their possession relating to said proposition. Publication of the submission of said proposition to the voters of such county shall likewise be made in the manner provided by law for the publication of the list of nominations to be voted for at an election: *Provided*, that the failure of such clerk to cause such notice to be given or the failure to make publication of the submission of said proposition as above provided shall not affect the validity or binding force of the vote upon said proposition where the result is not affected thereby.

Sec. 6. The clerk with whom any valid petition shall be filed, as provided by this Act, shall cause said proposition to be plainly printed upon all the ballots to be used at the next election of officers in the county named in such petition and below the list of candidates named therein as follows:

"Shall this county become anti-saloon territory?"	Yes.	
	No.	

*Provided*, that wherever any other method of taking and recording votes at elections than by means of printed ballots is provided by law the procedure for taking and recording the votes upon said proposition may conform to the



method so provided. Such clerk shall also prepare a separate tally sheet to be used at each polling place in such county upon which shall be plainly written or printed appropriate headings and the proposition—"Shall this county become anti-saloon territory?"—"Yes," and opposite which shall be ample space within which to tally at least 450 votes; and in another separate and distinct space the proposition—"Shall this county become anti-saloon territory?"—"No," and opposite which shall be ample space within which to tally at least 450 votes; and also space in which to set forth in figures and in words at full length the total number of votes "Yes" and the total number of votes "No" cast upon said proposition, and also space for the signatures of the judges and clerks of election. He shall also prepare a blank statement for returns of votes cast upon said proposition and deliver two copies of such tally sheet and three copies of such statement to the judges of election of each polling place in such county, together with the envelopes hereinafter mentioned. Such blank statement for returns may be substantially in the following form:

#### COUNTY LOCAL OPTION ELECTION RETURNS.

At an election held in the..... (precinct or district) of the  
 ..... (precinct, town, village or ward) of..... (city),  
 in the county of..... (name), and State of Illinois, on Tuesday,  
 the..... day of November, A. D. 19....., there was cast.....  
 (set forth in figures and in words at full length) votes "Yes" and.....  
 (set forth in figures and in words at full length) votes "No" upon the proposition—"Shall this county become anti-saloon territory?"

Certified by us:

Attested:	.....
.....	.....
.....	.....

Clerks of Election.

Judges of Election.

At each polling place where said proposition is submitted to the voters it shall be the duty of the judges of election to admit to the room at such polling place four legal voters of the county to act as special challengers of voters, two

38 of whom shall be selected by the committee managing the interests of those in  
39 favor of said proposition, and two selected by the committee managing the in-  
40 terests of those opposed to said proposition. An authority signed by the chair-  
41 man of the respective committees shall be sufficient evidence of the right of the  
42 respective challengers to be present; and such challengers shall have the right  
43 and privilege of remaining and watching the canvass of the ballots cast upon  
44 said proposition and until the returns are duly signed and made, and they shall  
45 be entitled to a position where they can plainly see and read each ballot, and it  
46 shall be the duty of the judges and other officers of the law to protect them in  
47 such position, and see that they are not excluded, provided such challengers  
48 shall be of good character and sober and shall not touch the ballots or in any-  
49 wise interfere with such canvass. The canvass of the vote upon said proposi-  
50 tion shall be made in the following manner: Before the name of any candidate  
51 on any ballot shall be canvassed one of the judges, the other two observing, shall  
52 separate all the ballots cast in such precinct into three piles or files, putting to-  
53 gether in the first pile the ballots having a cross, thus X, in the square opposite  
54 the word "Yes", and putting together in the second pile all the ballots having  
55 a cross, thus X, in the square opposite the word "No," and putting together in  
56 the third pile all other ballots of every description. Each of the judges shall  
57 then examine the separate piles and place in the proper pile any ballot found in  
58 the wrong pile. One of the judges shall then examine and count the first pile of  
59 ballots in batches of ten, and when one batch is counted shall pass the same to  
60 the next judge, who shall examine and count the same and pass it to the third  
61 judge, who shall also examine and count them, and when the three shall have  
62 finished the count of the ten ballots the last judge shall announce in a loud  
63 voice—"Ten votes 'Yes' upon the proposition—"Shall this county become  
64 anti-saloon territory?" Then the tally clerks shall tally ten votes "Yes", ac-  
65 cordingly on each tally sheet and announce the tally, and so the whole pile shall  
66 be examined, counted and tallied. Before counting the second pile the tally clerks  
67 shall compare their tallies and when they agree announce the result or number  
68 of votes entered and credited "Yes", and then the second pile shall be exam-

69 ined, counted and tallied in the same manner and the number of votes "No"  
 70 upon the proposition—"Shall this county become anti-saloon territory?" an-  
 71 nounced. Thereupon it shall be the duty of each of said judges in turn to an-  
 72 nounce in a loud voice the result of the election in that precinct upon said propo-  
 73 sition. No count shall be kept of the third pile of ballots as to said proposi-  
 74 tion. If no tally sheets for said proposition shall be furnished, the election  
 75 clerks shall use any piece of paper and write out the form given above, and  
 76 tally the vote thereon, as aforesaid; and in case no such blank statements for  
 77 returns be furnished then it shall be the duty of said judges and clerks to write  
 78 out a return in triplicate in accordance with the form given above. After an-  
 79 nouncing the result as aforesaid, such judges shall make, fill up, and sign tri-  
 80 plicate returns of the vote cast upon said proposition, each of which shall be at-  
 81 tested by the election clerks, and shall be enclosed and sealed in separate en-  
 82 velopes, and such envelopes endorsed in the manner provided by law. One of  
 83 such envelopes shall be addressed to the clerk, and one to the clerk of the circuit  
 84 court of such county, and one to the county treasurer of such county. On the  
 85 outside of each envelope shall be endorsed "County Local Option election re-  
 86 turns from.....precinct of .....". In like manner the  
 87 tally sheets shall be signed by said judges and clerks and shall be enclosed and  
 88 sealed in separate envelopes and such envelope endorsed in the manner pro-  
 89 vided by law, one of which shall be addressed to the clerk, and one to the clerk  
 90 of the circuit court of such county. On the outside of each envelope shall be en-  
 91 dorsed "County Local Option election tally sheets from.....precinct of  
 92 .....". Thereupon, each of said judges of election shall take one of  
 93 said envelopes containing said returns, and each of said election clerks shall  
 94 take one of said envelopes containing said tally sheets and shall deliver the same  
 95 to the officer to whom addressed before twelve o'clock noon of the day next  
 96 after such election, and when delivered he shall receive a receipt therefor from  
 97 the officer to whom delivered, and it shall be the duty of such officer to give such  
 98 receipt and to safely keep such envelope unopened until called for by the can-  
 99 vassing board hereinafter provided. It shall be the legal duty of the clerks and



100 judges of election to make a true count and correct return of all votes upon  
101 said proposition, and any wilful failure or neglect of any judge or clerk to do  
102 so shall constitute a felony, and, on conviction, such judge or clerk shall be  
103 sent to the penitentiary for not less than three years nor more than five years.

Sec. 7. Within six days after such election such clerk shall call to his as-  
2 sistance the chairman of the committee managing the interests of those in favor  
3 of said proposition if there be such who will serve—if not such clerk shall call  
4 an elector who voted in favor of said proposition; and the chairman of the  
5 committee managing the interests of those opposed to said proposition if  
6 there be such who will serve—if not such clerk shall call an elector who voted  
7 against said proposition, who shall constitute the canvassing board, to canvass  
8 the returns of the vote cast upon said proposition within such county. Such  
9 canvass shall be conducted in public in the office of the clerk. The clerk shall  
10 be the presiding officer of such canvassing board and a majority of such can-  
11 vassing board shall have the right to declare the result. It shall  
12 be the duty of such board of canvassers to open and canvass all  
13 returns left respectively with the clerk, the clerk of the circuit  
14 court and the county treasurer, and make abstracts or statements of  
15 all votes “Yes” cast upon said proposition on one sheet and all votes “No” cast  
16 upon said proposition on another sheet and add up and declare the result of  
17 such elections. If upon opening the various returns so made by the board of  
18 canvassers as aforesaid, there shall be anything to indicate that a change has  
19 been made in such returns since signing the same by the judges or clerks, or of  
20 any fraud in any respect touching such returns, it shall then be the duty of said  
21 canvassing board to have all the tallies opened and examined. If there shall  
22 be any doubt as to the genuineness of such returns for any precinct, and as to  
23 the actual vote as originally returned, and the truth respecting the same re-  
24 mains uncertain, it shall be the duty of such canvassers to examine any person  
25 or persons, who were present at the time of the proclamation so made by  
26 the judges of election in such precinct, about which any doubt arises, and the  
27 board shall be permitted to place such parties or witnesses on oath and ex-



amine them touching the same, and it shall be their duty to call such parties who were present at the time of such proclamation to come before them, and a subpoena may be issued by the county court, under the direction of said board, compelling any such witnesses to come before said board and give their evidence touching the matter in controversy; and thereupon it shall be the duty of said board to declare the result of the vote in any such precinct, in regard to which any question arises, as it was proclaimed by the judges of election after the canvass by them in such precinct, which result, when so declared, shall be binding and conclusive. The result when so declared shall be recorded by the clerk in a well bound book to be kept in his office by himself and his successors, and such result may be proved in all courts and in all proceedings by such record or by the official certificate thereof of the clerk, and in cases where such a record or certificate shows that a majority of the legal voters voting upon said proposition voted "Yes" the same shall be *prima facie* evidence that the county to which such vote was applicable has become anti-saloon territory.

Sec. 8. It shall not be lawful to sell intoxicating liquor in any quantity whatever nor to grant or issue, or cause to be granted or issued, any license to sell intoxicating liquor in any quantity whatever within the limits of any county or district in this State while the same is anti-saloon territory, and if any such license be granted or issued in violation hereof the same shall be void and shall be revoked by the public officer, board or other authority by which the same was granted. In all anti-saloon territory, during the time that it continues to be anti-saloon territory, the operation of all ordinances providing for the restriction, regulation or prohibition of the sale of intoxicating liquor or for the issuing of dram-shop licenses within any portion or the whole of such territory, so far as inconsistent with its status as anti-saloon territory, shall be suspended: *Provided*, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to prevent the enforcement of ordinances consistent with such status.

Sec. 9. Whoever shall, by himself or another, either as principal, clerk or servant, within the limits of anti-saloon territory in this State, directly or in-

3 directly, sell, keep for sale, barter or exchange, or take an order, or make an  
4 agreement for the sale or delivery of any intoxicating liquor in any quantity  
5 whatever, shall, for each offense, be fined not less than twenty dollars (\$20)  
6 nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100) and imprisoned in the county jail  
7 for not less than ten (10) days nor more than thirty (30) days. If any person  
8 shall be convicted of violating any provision of this section and shall subse-  
9 quently violate any provision of this section he shall, upon conviction there-  
10 of, be fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than two hundred dollars  
11 (\$200) and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than twenty (20) days  
12 nor more than fifty (50) days. And in like manner, if he shall subsequently  
13 violate any provision of this section, for such third and each subsequent viola-  
14 tion he shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than one hundred dol-  
15 lars (\$100) nor more than two hundred dollars (\$200) and imprisoned in the  
16 county jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than ninety (90) days:  
17 *Provided*, the giving away or delivery of any intoxicating liquor for the purpose  
18 of evading any provision of this Act, or other shift or device to evade any  
19 provision of this Act, shall be held to be an unlawful selling.

Sec. 10. All places where intoxicating liquor is dealt in in violation of any  
2 provision of this Act shall be taken and held and are declared to be common  
3 nuisances and may be abated as such; and whoever shall keep any such place,  
4 by himself or his agent or servant, shall, for each offense, upon conviction there-  
5 of, be fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than one hundred dol-  
6 lars (\$100) and confined in the county jail not less than thirty (30) days nor  
7 more than ninety (90) days, and it shall be a part of the judgment, upon the  
8 conviction of the keeper, that the place so kept shall be shut up and abated by  
9 the sheriff until the keeper shall give bond, with sufficient surety to be ap-  
10 proved by the court, in the penal sum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), pay-  
11 able to the People of the State of Illinois, conditioned that he will not violate  
12 any provision of this Act, and in case of a violation of the condition of such

13 bond, suit may be brought and recovery had thereon for the amount of such  
14 bond for the use of the county.

Sec. 11. All the territory within the boundaries of any county which has  
2 become anti-saloon territory shall continue to be anti-saloon territory through-  
3 out its entire extent, notwithstanding any change which may be made in the  
4 limits of any such county, until the legal voters of that identical territory have  
5 voted, according to the provisions of this Act, to discontinue such anti-saloon  
6 territory and the following section shall be construed in harmony herewith.

Sec. 12. Upon the filing in the office of the clerk, at least sixty days before  
2 an election of a petition directed to such clerk, containing the signatures of reg-  
3 istered voters of any county (which is anti-saloon territory) or district, in num-  
4 ber not less than twenty per centum of the total vote cast therein at the last  
5 election held therein, to submit to the voters thereof the proposition: "Shall  
6 this.....(county or district) continue to be anti-saloon terri-  
7 tory?" (provided such petition corresponds in all other respects with the peti-  
8 tion in this Act before described) such proposition shall be submitted at such  
9 election to the voters of such county or district, and the provisions of sections  
10 one (1), three (3), four (4), five (5), six (6) and seven (7) of this Act shall  
11 apply in all respects, so far as applicable, to the proposition: "Shall this  
12 .....(county or district) continue to be anti-saloon territory?" to  
13 the petition therefor, to the notice of the filing thereof, to the objections there-  
14 to, to the hearing thereon, to the notice of the submission of such proposi-  
15 tion, to the submission of such proposition to such voters, to the recording of  
16 the vote thereon, and to the proof and evidence of the petition and vote ex-  
17 cept, that in case of a district the petition shall correctly designate such dis-  
18 trict and shall be directed to and filed with the clerk of the county within  
19 which the greater portion of such district lies and the county court of that  
20 county shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine the validity of such pe-  
21 tition. Not less than twenty days prior to the election the clerk with whom  
22 such petition is filed shall, if the same is unobjected to or held valid, certify to



23 each clerk having jurisdiction over any portion of such district to the filing of  
24 such petition in his office, and such clerks shall submit such proposition by sep-  
25 arate ballot to the voters residing within their respective portions of such dis-  
26 trict; and the clerk or clerks having the smaller portion or portions of the area  
27 of such district under his or their jurisdiction shall certify within ten days  
28 after such election the number of votes "Yes" and the number of votes "No"  
29 cast upon such proposition to the clerk with whom the petition was filed, and  
30 he shall record the same with the vote cast upon such proposition in the area  
31 under his jurisdiction. If a majority of the legal voters voting upon said pro-  
32 position in any such county or district vote "No" such county or district shall  
33 cease to be anti-saloon territory, and all ordinances providing for the restric-  
34 tion, regulation or prohibition of the sale of intoxicating liquor or for the  
35 issuing of dram-shop licenses, the operation of which was in anywise suspend-  
36 ed within such county or district by virtue of the vote therein to become anti-  
37 saloon territory, and with all additions and amendments which in the mean-  
38 time may have been made thereto, shall, if not in the meantime repealed, be-  
39 come and be in force within such county or district to the same extent, only,  
40 however, as the same would then be in force had such county or district never  
41 become anti-saloon territory.

Sec. 13. A vote under the provisions of this Act in and for any county upon  
2 the proposition: "Shall this county become anti-saloon territory?" or in and  
3 for any county or district upon the proposition: "Shall this.....  
4 (county or district) continue to be anti-saloon territory?" shall become opera-  
5 tive on the thirtieth day after the day of election at which such vote is cast, and  
6 such vote which changes the previous status of any county or district shall  
7 be a bar to the submission to the voters thereof of either of the propositions  
8 as applied to that identical county or district only until after the lapse of three  
9 years and six months.

Sec. 14. Any clerk, sheriff, judge of election, clerk of election, police  
2 officer, public officer, member of a board or other officer of the law, who shall



3 refuse, neglect or fail to discharge any duty imposed by this Act, or whoever,  
4 not being qualified so to do, shall sign a petition provided for in this Act, or  
5 whoever shall file with the clerk any such petition or any sheet or other part  
6 thereof, knowing that it contains the signature of any person not qualified to  
7 sign the same; or whoever shall request, demand, receive, promise, offer to  
8 give, any reward for signing, or for refraining from signing, or for revoking  
9 any signature upon any such petition, or for voting for or against either of  
10 the propositions mentioned in this Act, or whoever shall by treating or giving  
11 intoxicating liquor, or by publishing, posting or circulating the name of any  
12 signer of any such petition, or by threats to injure another in person or prop-  
13 erty, or by betting or any other device, either directly or indirectly influence  
14 or attempt to influence any one to sign or refrain from signing, or to revoke  
15 any signature upon any such petition, or to vote for or against either of the  
16 propositions mentioned in this Act, shall, for each offense, upon conviction  
17 thereof, be fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than two hundred  
18 dollars (\$200) and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than ten (10)  
19 days nor more than ninety (90) days. If any person shall be convicted of vio-  
20 lating any provision of this section and shall subsequently violate any provi-  
21 sion of this section, for such second and each subsequent violation he shall,  
22 upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor  
23 more than five hundred dollars (\$500) and imprisoned in the county jail for  
24 not less than ninety (90) days nor more than one (1) year.

Sec. 15. All offenses defined or mentioned in this Act may be prose-  
2 cuted in any court of record having criminal jurisdiction, or the fines prescribed  
3 in this Act may be sued for and recovered before any justice of the peace  
4 of the proper county, in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, and  
5 in case of conviction the court or justice of the peace shall commit the offend-  
6 er to the county jail until the judgment and costs are fully paid.

Sec. 16. In all prosecutions under this Act, by indictment or otherwise, it  
2 shall not be necessary to state the kind of liquor sold; nor to describe the place

3 where sold, nor to state the name of any person to whom liquor is sold; nor to  
4 set forth the facts showing that the required number of registered voters  
5 petitioned for the submission to the voters of said proposition, nor that a  
6 majority of the legal voters voting upon said proposition, voted  
7 "Yes," but it shall be sufficient to state in that regard that the  
8 Act complained of took place in anti-saloon territory; and if any  
9 person shall be convicted of violating any section of this Act and  
10 shall subsequently violate such section, it shall not be necessary  
11 to set out such former conviction at length, but it shall be sufficient in that  
12 regard to state the time when and the name of the court where such former  
13 conviction was had. No person shall be excused from testifying touching any  
14 offense committed by another against any of the provisions of this Act by reason  
15 of his testimony tending to criminate himself, but the testimony given by such  
16 person shall in no case be used against him, nor shall it be necessary to show  
17 the knowledge of the principal to convict for the acts of an agent or servant.  
18 The issuance of an internal revenue special tax stamp or receipt by the United  
19 States to any person as a wholesale or retail dealer in liquor or in malt liquors  
20 at any place within territory which, at the time of the issuance thereof, is anti-  
21 saloon territory, shall be *prima facie* evidence of the sale of intoxicating liquor  
22 by such person at such place, or at any place of business of such person within  
23 such territory where such stamp or receipt is posted, and at the time charged  
24 in any suit or prosecution under this Act: *Provided*, such time is within the  
25 life of such stamp or receipt. A certified copy of the internal revenue record  
26 under the hand and official seal of the collector of internal revenue, or his dep-  
27 uty, shall be competent evidence to prove such issuance. All courts in this  
28 State shall take judicial notice of the existence of all anti-saloon territory cre-  
29 ated under the provisions of this Act and of the abolition of such territory.

Sec. 17. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to forbid or prevent the

2 sale within anti-saloon territory by druggists to whom permits therefor have  
3 been duly granted in the manner provided by law, of liquor for medicinal, me-  
4 chanical, sacramental and chemical purposes only, not to be drunk upon the

5 premises under any circumstances, so long as such druggist in good faith  
 6 shall keep a true and an exact record in a book, which he shall provide for  
 7 the purpose, in which shall be entered at the time of every sale of intoxicating  
 8 liquor made by him or in or about his place of business to all persons whom-  
 9 soever, the date of such sale, the name and signature of the purchaser, and his  
 10 residence (stating the street and the house number, if there be such, if not  
 11 then otherwise distinctly designating his place of residence), the quantity and  
 12 kind of such liquor and the purpose for which the same is sold, and so long  
 13 as such druggist shall keep such book open to the full and free inspection of  
 14 the police and all public officers elected and appointed and their deputies and  
 15 agents during business hours. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to for-  
 16 bid or prevent the sale of intoxicating liquor for the period of thirty days next  
 17 after the vote shall have been taken in the county creating it anti-saloon  
 18 territory according to the terms of a dramshop or other municipal license  
 19 theretofore regularly issued in good faith according to law. Any portion of a  
 20 dram-shop or other municipal license fee which shall have been paid and  
 21 which shall represent the unexpired period for which said dramshop or other  
 22 municipal license was issued after the county in which such dramshop is locat-  
 23 ed shall have become anti-saloon territory, may be refunded by the municipality  
 24 receiving the same. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to forbid or pre-  
 25 vent the sale at wholesale by a manufacturer who manufactures from the raw  
 26 materials of the product of his own manufactory located within anti-saloon terri-  
 27 tory for delivery outside the limits of anti-saloon territory.

Sec. 18. Any five legal voters of any county or district within which an  
 2 election shall have been held as provided for in this Act, may, within fifteen  
 3 days after the canvass of the returns of such election, and upon the filing of  
 4 a bond for costs, contest the validity of such election by filing a verified peti-  
 5 tion in the county court of the proper county setting forth the grounds for the  
 6 contest. The county within which such election shall have been held, or having  
 7 the greatest area of such district within its limits shall be made defendant and

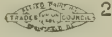


8 the county court of such county shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine  
9 the merits of such cases and shall be always open for the transaction of such  
10 business, and its judgment shall have the same effect as to the result of such  
11 election as if it had been so declared by the canvassers. The procedure in  
12 such cases shall be the same as that provided by law for the contesting of an  
13 election upon a subject which shall have been submitted to a vote of the people  
14 so far as applicable, and such cases shall have preference in the order of hear-  
15 ing to all other cases. Upon the filing of such petition a summons shall forth-  
16 with issue from such court addressed to such county notifying the county  
17 board of such county of the filing of such petition and directing it to appear in  
18 defense of the validity of such election at the time named in the summons,  
19 which time shall not be less than five days nor more than ten days after the  
20 filing of such petition: *Provided*, any legal voter of such county or district  
21 may appear in person, or by attorney, in any such contested election case in  
22 defense of the validity of such election. If either party to such contest, or  
23 such voter so appearing, shall fear that they or he will not receive a fair and  
24 impartial trial because of the prejudice of the judge of such court for or  
25 against the validity of such election, and shall file a verified statement of such  
26 fact three days before the time set for the hearing, the judge shall call in  
27 some other judge to whom neither party or such voter has any valid objec-  
28 tion who shall hear said cause. Appeals may be taken to the Supreme Court  
29 in the manner and upon the conditions provided by law for taking appeals in  
30 cases in chancery from the circuit courts: *Provided*, that in case of an appeal  
31 the judgment of the county court shall be and remain in full force and effect  
32 until modified or reversed by the Supreme Court.

Sec. 19. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as repealing an Act en-  
2 titled, "An Act to provide for the creation by popular vote of anti-saloon ter-  
3 ritory within which the sale of intoxicating liquor and the licensing of such sale  
4 shall be prohibited and for the abolition by like means of territory so creat-  
5 ed," approved May 16, 1907, in force July 1, 1907, or any part thereof, or in  
6 any manner affecting the status of anti-saloon territory created under said Act.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. W. M. Brown, March 12, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Temperance.

## A BILL

For an Act to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquor within five miles of the boundary line or lines of land owned or used by the United States Government for the purpose or purposes of any United States naval training station.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That on and after the 30th day of April,  
3 A. D. 1916, it shall be unlawful to keep for sale, sell, distribute, give away or  
4 take an order or make an agreement for the sale or delivery of any intoxicating  
5 liquor within five miles of the boundary line or lines of land owned or used by  
6 the United States Government for the purpose or purposes of any United  
7 States naval training station in this State.

8 Any shift or device to evade any of the provisions of this Act shall be held  
9 to be an unlawful selling. The phrase, "intoxicating liquor," shall include all  
10 distilled, spirituous, vinous, fermented, alcoholic and malt liquors.

11 The issuance of an internal revenue special tax stamp or receipt by the  
12 United States Government to any person at any place within said territory as a  
13 wholesale or retail dealer in intoxicating liquors shall be *prima facie* evidence of  
14 a violation of this Act.

Sec. 2. All places within five miles of said boundary line or lines where  
2 any intoxicating liquor is dealt in in violation of this Act are hereby declared to  
3 be common nuisances and may be evaded as such: *Provided*, nothing in this Act  
4 shall be construed to prohibit the sale within five miles of said boundary line  
5 or lines by druggists to whom permits therefor have been duly granted in the  
6 manner provided by law of liquor for medicinal, mechanical, sacramental or  
7 chemical purposes only, under such restrictions and regulations as may be pro-  
8 vided by ordinance.

Sec. 3. Whoever shall, by himself or another, either as principal, clerk or  
2 servant, directly or indirectly, violate any provision of this Act, shall, for each  
3 offense, be fined not less than fifty (\$50) dollars nor more than two hundred dol-  
4 lars (\$200), and be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than ten (10) days  
5 nor more than thirty (30) days. If any person shall be convicted of violating  
6 any provision of this Act, and shall subsequently violate any provision of this  
7 Act, for such second and each subsequent violation he shall, for each offense, be  
8 fined not less than one hundred (\$100) dollars nor more than five hundred dollars  
9 (\$500), and be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor  
10 more than ninety (90) days.

- 1 Introduced by Mr. Dahlberg, March 15, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

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## A BILL

For an Act to revise the law in relation to notaries public, and to repeal a certain Act named therein.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That no person shall hereafter be appointed as notary public without first applying for and obtaining a certificate from the county court of the county in which the applicant resides. The application shall be made in writing to such county court and shall in every instance be accompanied by an examination fee of five (5) dollars, together with satisfactory proof that the applicant is of good moral character, is twenty-one (21) years of age, or over, is a citizen of the United States at the time of making the application, and has resided in this State one (1) year preceding the making thereof. When such application and the accompanying proofs be found satisfactory, the county court shall notify the applicant to appear before it for examination at a time and place to be fixed by order. All fees collected by said county court shall be paid into the county treasury.



14       Examinations shall be made in whole or in part, orally or in writing, at the  
 15 discretion of the said court, and be of a character to test the qualifications of  
 16 the applicant to act as Notary Public: *Provided, however,* that in case an appli-  
 17 cant shall be a licensed attorney at law in this State, that satisfactory proof of  
 18 such fact to the said county court shall be sufficient evidence of the qualifications  
 19 of such applicant without other or further examination.

      Sec. 2. That if after such examination said county court shall be of the  
 2 opinion that any applicant is qualified to act as a Notary Public in this State,  
 3 said court shall issue its certificate to that effect; which certificate shall be ad-  
 4 dressed to the Governor, and the Governor shall thereupon appoint such person  
 5 a notary public and issue a commission therefor to such person.

      Sec. 3. Each notary public so appointed and commissioned shall hold his  
 2 office for the term of four (4) years, unless sooner removed by the Governor for  
 3 good cause.

      Sec. 4. Before entering upon the duties of his office, such notary public  
 2 shall give a bond payable to the People of the State of Illinois, in the sum of  
 3 two thousand (2,000) dollars, with sureties to be approved by the Governor,  
 4 conditioned for the faithful discharge of the duties of his office, and shall take  
 5 and subscribe the oath of office prescribed by the Constitution. Such bond shall  
 6 also be accompanied by sworn statement by the sureties thereon, which shall be  
 7 examined by the county court before the same is presented to the Governor for  
 8 approval.

9       The oath and bond shall be deposited in the office of the Secretary of State,  
 10 and said applicant shall also pay a fee of five (5) dollars to said Secretary of  
 11 State.

      Sec. 5. He shall also, before entering upon the duties of his office, have a  
 2 memorandum of his appointment and the time when his office will expire entered  
 3 in the office of the county clerk of his county in a book to be kept for that pur-  
 4 pose by said clerk, for which entry he shall pay a fee of twenty-five (25) cents.

Sec. 6. The county clerk of the county in which such memorandum is entered, or the Secretary of State, may grant certificates of magistracy of notaries public. The certificate of a clerk shall be under his hand and official seal, and that of the Secretary of State under the great seal of the State; the fee for such certificate shall be twenty-five (25) cents.

Sec. 7. Each notary public shall, upon entering upon the duties of his office, provide himself with a proper official seal with which he shall authenticate his official acts upon which shall be engraved words descriptive of his office and the name of the place or county in which he resides.

Sec. 8. It shall be the duty of all notaries public to record in a well bound book kept for that purpose, the names of the parties whose acknowledgments, affidavits or depositions were taken or subscribed to before him and the date thereof and his other official acts as such notary public. Said record, or copy thereof, duly certified, under the hand and seal of the notary public or county clerk having custody of the original record, shall be competent evidence to prove the facts therein stated, but the same may be contradicted by other competent evidence.

Sec. 9. On the expiration of the term of office of a notary public he, or in case of his decease, his legal representatives, shall deposit the records of his office in the office of the county clerk of his county: *Provided*, that when he is continued in his office by reappointment, he may retain such records so long as he shall remain in office.

Sec. 10. A notary public duly qualified shall have authority while he resides in the same county in which he was appointed to execute the duties of his office throughout the State.

Sec. 11. It shall not be an objection to the validity of any act of a notary public, done before the taking effect of this Act, that the certificate thereof does not show the name of the city, town or county for which the notary was com-

4 missioned, if it shall appear from the certificate that the Act was done within  
5 this State.

Sec. 12. That an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the appointment,  
2 qualification and duties of notaries public, and certifying their official acts," ap-  
3 proved April 5, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as subsequently amended, be and the  
4 same is hereby repealed.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Dahlberg, March 15, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, “An Act concerning fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of this State with reference thereto,” approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by subsequent Acts, by amending section twenty-eight (28) thereof, in relation to fees of notaries public.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, “An Act concern-  
3 ing fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of this State with ref-  
4 erence thereto,” approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by  
5 subsequent Acts, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section twen-  
6 ty-eight (28) thereof, so that said section when amended shall read as follows:

7 Sec. 28. For taking acknowledgment of a deed, mortgage, power of attor-  
8 ney or other writing, with certificate under seal, *fifty (50) cents.*

9 For noting a bond or promissory note or bill of exchange for protest,  
10 *twenty-five (25) cents.*



- 11 For protesting bond or bill of exchange, seventy-five (75) cents.
- 12 For noting protest, twenty-five (25) cents.
- 13 For noting marine protest and furnishing one copy thereof, one (1) dollar.
- 14 For extending marine protest and furnishing one copy thereof, four (4)
- 15 dollars; for each additional copy furnished, one (1) dollar.
- 16 For giving notice to drawees and endorsers, twenty-five (25) cents each.
- 17 for any other certificate under seal, *fifty* (50) cents.
- 18 For administering oath to an affiant, *fifty* (50) cents.
- 19 For taking depositions, for each one hundred words, fifteen (15) cents.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Burns, March 15, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to amend an Act entitled, 'An Act regulating the holding of elections and declaring the result thereof in cities, villages and incorporated towns in this State,' approved June 19, 1885, in force July 1, 1885, as amended by an Act approved June 18, 1891, in force July 1, 1891, approved April 24, 1899, in force July 1, 1899, as amended by an Act approved April 24, 1899, in force July 1, 1899, as subsequently amended, by amending section two (2) of article seven (VII) thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That an Act entitled, "An Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act regulating the holding of elections and declaring the result thereof in cities, villages and incorporated towns in this State," approved June 18, 1885, in force July 1, 1885, as amended by an Act approved June 18, 1891, in force July 1, 1891, approved April 24, 1899, in force July 1, 1899, as subsequently amended, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section two (2) of article seven (VII) thereof, so that the said section when amended shall read as follows:*

Sec. 2. All judges and clerks of election throughout the entire counties in counties of the first class shall be allowed and paid four (4) dollars per day; in counties of the second class five (5) dollars per day; and in counties of the third class eight (8) dollars per day.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. O'Rourke, March 15, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Efficiency and Economy.

## A BILL

For an Act to provide for the appointment of certain officers in counties containing a population of more than one hundred and twenty-five thousand.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That in all towns in this State, in counties  
3 containing one hundred and twenty-five thousand (125,000) or more inhabitants  
4 and in all cities lying wholly within such counties, there shall be appointed by  
5 the board of assessors from legal residents and voters of such towns or cities a  
6 sufficient number of deputy assessors to make the assessment in the time required  
7 by law, and said board of assessors shall also appoint deputy assessors for such  
8 portions of cities as lie partly within such counties, which said deputy assess-  
9 ors shall give such bond as shall be fixed by the board of assessors and shall hold  
10 their offices for the same term as members of the board of assessors. In such  
11 counties no elections shall hereafter be held for town assessor, but upon the expi-  
12 ration of the term of office of the present incumbents deputy assessors shall be  
13 appointed as provided herein.



Sec. 2. The county treasurer in all counties of one hundred and twenty-five thousand (125,000) or more inhabitants shall have power and it shall be his duty to appoint necessary deputies and assistants and he shall designate a deputy or assistant as town collector for each of the several towns in the county, naming one or more deputies or assistants as may be required for that purpose: *Provided*, that wherever it shall be necessary to name one or more collectors for a single township, such collector or collectors shall be named from legal residents and voters of such towns: *And, provided, also*, that one such deputy collector may act as collector for more than one town. Such town collectors shall give such bond as shall be fixed by the county treasurer, and shall hold their offices for the same term as the county treasurer. In such counties no election for town collector shall hereafter be held, but upon the expiration of the term of office of the present incumbent deputy collectors shall be appointed as provided herein.

Sec. 3. The county clerk in all counties of one hundred and twenty-five thousand (125,000) or more inhabitants shall appoint a town clerk for each town wherein a town clerk is now elected. The first appointment of town clerk by the county clerk of such counties shall be made upon the expiration of the term of the present county clerk or upon the occurrence of a vacancy in that office and the town clerk so appointed shall hold his office for the same term as the county clerk. In such counties no election for town clerk shall hereafter be held, but upon the expiration of the term of office of the present incumbents town clerks shall be appointed as provided herein.

Sec. 4. In counties containing one hundred and twenty-five thousand or more inhabitants the president of the county board, by and with the advice and consent of a majority of said board, shall appoint one supervisor and one commissioner of highways for each town in which such officers are now elected. The first appointment of such officers to be made upon the expiration of the terms of the present incumbents or upon a vacancy in such offices from any other cause, and the term of office of such supervisor and highway commissioner shall be four years. In such counties no election for town supervisor or highway com-

9 missioner shall hereafter be held, but such officers shall be appointed as pro-  
10 vided herein.

Sec. 5. The duties and qualification of the officers whose appointments are  
2 provided for herein shall be the same as now provided by law for such officers.

Sec. 6. The invalidity of any portion of this Act shall not invalidate any  
2 other complete provision hereof.

Sec. 7. All Acts and parts of Acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed  
2 to the extent of such conflict.

Sec. 8. Whereas elections for the offices herein named will soon be held if  
2 the present law remains in force, therefore an emergency exists and this law  
3 shall take effect from and after its passage and approval.



AMENDMENT TO

49th G. A.

HOUSE BILL No. 280

1915



1 Adopted May 14, 1915.

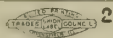
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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 280, by striking out all of section 8.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. G. H. Wilson, March 15, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

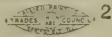
A BILL

For an Act to amend section 3a of an Act entitled, “An Act to establish and maintain a soldiers’ and sailors’ home in the State of Illinois, and making an appropriation for the purchase of land and the construction of the necessary buildings,” approved June 26, 1885, in force July 1, 1885, as added by an Act approved May 13, 1903, in force July 1, 1903, as amended by all subsequent Acts amendatory thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That section 3a of an Act entitled, “An Act to establish and maintain a soldiers’ and sailors’ home in the State of Illinois, and making an appropriation for the purchase of land and the construction of the necessary buildings,” approved June 26, 1885, in force July 1, 1885, as added by an Act approved May 13, 1903, in force July 1, 1903, as amended by all subsequent Acts amendatory thereof, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 3a. When any person who has been a soldier or a sailor is an inmate or becomes an inmate of the Soldiers’ and Sailors’

11 Home at Quincy, the wife of such soldier or sailor shall be admitted as an  
12 inmate of said home subject to the rules and regulations of said  
12½ home governing the admission of applicants: *Provided*, said wife and  
13 soldier or sailor were married prior to January 1, 1900, or said wife before her  
14 present marriage and prior to January 1, 1900, had been previously married to  
15 a soldier or sailor of the War of the Rebellion, the Mexican War or the Spanish-  
16 American war: *And, provided, further*, said wife shall be of the age of fifty  
17 years or over: *And provided, further*, that the widow of any honorably dis-  
18 charged soldier or sailor of the War of the Rebellion, the Mexican War or the  
19 Spanish-American War who was married to a soldier or sailor of any of said  
20 wars prior to January 1, 1900, and is of the age of fifty years or over at the  
21 date of application for admission, has been a resident of this State for two years  
22 immediately preceding the date of such application, has no adequate means of  
23 support (not including pension), and by reason of mental or physical disability  
24 is unable to earn the same, shall be entitled to be admitted to and live at said  
25 home, subject to the rules and regulations thereof.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Donahue, March 15, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend sections two (2) and nineteen (19) of an Act entitled, "An Act defining motor vehicles and providing for the registration of the same and of motor bicycles, and uniform rules regulating the use and speed thereof; prohibiting the use of motor vehicles without the consent of the owner and the offer or acceptance of any bonus or discount or other consideration for the purchase of supplies or parts for any such motor vehicle or for work or repairs done thereon by others, and defining chauffeurs and providing for the examination and licensing thereof, and to repeal certain Acts therein named," approved June 10, 1911, and in force July 1, 1911.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That sections two and nineteen of an  
3 Act entitled, "An Act defining motor vehicles and providing for the registra-  
4 tion of the same and of motor bicycles and uniform rules regulating the use and  
5 speed thereof; prohibiting the use of motor vehicles without the consent of the  
6 owner and the offer or acceptance of any bonus or discount or other considera-  
7 tion for the purchase of supplies or parts for any such motor vehicle or for work  
8 or repairs done thereon by others, and defining chauffeurs and providing for



the examination and licensing thereof and to repeal certain Acts therein named," approved June 10, 1911, and in force July 1, 1911, be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 2. Every owner of a motor vehicle or motor bicycle which shall be driven in this State, except as otherwise provided in this Act, within ten days after he becomes the owner of such motor vehicle or motor bicycle, file in the office of the Secretary of State an application for a certificate of registration properly sworn to setting forth his name and address, with a brief description of the vehicle or bicycle to be registered, including the name of the maker, factory number, style of vehicle, or bicycle, and the motor power, and (except in case of electrically propelled vehicles) the amount of such motor power stated in figures of horse power on a blank to be prepared and furnished by such Secretary of State for that purpose, and shall pay to the Secretary of State a registration fee for each calendar year for such motor bicycle so registered, the sum of *four dollars*, and a registration fee for each calendar year for each motor vehicle so registered of 25 horse power and less, the sum of *eight dollars* for each motor vehicle of 35 horse power and more than 25 horse power, the sum of *twelve dollars* for each motor vehicle of more than 50 horse power, the sum of *twenty-five dollars*, and for each and every electrically propelled motor vehicle so registered, the sum of *ten dollars*; *Provided*, the first registration fee for each motor vehicle or motor bicycle shall be prorated in proportion to the number of months, included between the first day of the month in which any such motor vehicle or motor bicycle is registered and the thirty-first day of December next ensuing and that no certificate for registration shall issue for less sum than the fee required for the calendar year: *Provided, further*, that the owner of any motor vehicle registered in the office of the Secretary of State in compliance with law shall be entitled to register his motor vehicle in compliance with this Act upon the payment of the registration fee herein specified, less the unearned portion of the registration fee, previously paid by him, figuring the unearned portion from the month in which the motor vehicle is registered, as herein provided, to the

month in which such registration shall expire. Said registration shall be made on the date the application is received and filed by the Secretary of State, and shall expire with the last day of the calendar year in which such registration is made. Upon the filing in the office of the Secretary of State of said application and payment of the registration fee, as hereinbefore provided, the Secretary of State, or his duly authorized agent, shall, without further fee, assign to such motor vehicle a distinctive number, and shall issue to the owner of such motor vehicle or motor bicycle, as is described in the application filed, a certificate of registration, which certificate shall be in the form of a card, which may be carried in the pocket, and which description shall contain the descriptive number so assigned to such motor vehicle or motor bicycle, the name and address of the owner, a brief description of the motor vehicle or motor bicycle, stating the name of the manufacturer, the motor power, and the amount of such motor power stated in figures, of horse power, or that such motor vehicle or motor bicycle is electrically propelled. The Secretary of State, shall also issue and deliver to the owner of such motor vehicle or motor bicycle, a seal of aluminum, or other suitable material, which shall be circular in form, and not to exceed two inches in diameter, having stamped thereon the words: "Registered motor vehicle or motor bicycle No.....Ill., Motor Vehicle or Bicycle Law," with the registration number, and the year of issue inserted therein, which seal shall be affixed to the motor vehicle or motor bicycle, to which such number has been assigned. Duplicate certificate will be issued upon the payment of fifty cents, and the filing in the office of the Secretary of State of an affidavit to the effect, that the original certificate of registration was lost stolen or destroyed. The Secretary of State shall cause the name of such owner, with his address, registration number and date of filing the application, and description of the motor vehicle or motor bicycle, to be entered in alphabetical order of the owners name, in a book kept for such purpose, *for each county in the State*, in the office of the Secretary of State, and shall not thereafter assign a number once assigned to a motor vehicle, or motor bicycle, owned by any other person, if the owner of the motor vehicle or motor bicycle, to whom such number was first assigned,

70 shall, not less than twenty days, prior to the day of expiration of said registra-  
71 tion, file an application, accompanied by the fees herein specified, for the regis-  
72 tration or re-registration, of a motor vehicle or motor bicycle, and request the  
73 assignment of such number to a motor vehicle or motor bicycle owned by him:  
74 *Provided*, that this section shall not apply to manufacturers of, or dealers in,  
75 motor vehicles in this State, except as to motor vehicles kept by such manufact-  
76 urers, or dealers for private use, or for public hire. The Secretary of State  
77 shall at the end of each calendar month, except the month of December in each  
78 year, print and mail to the clerks of each county, in this State, lists of regis-  
79 tration made, in accordance herewith, *and to each member of the county board*  
80 *of the several counties in the State, showing the number of the motor vehicle and*  
81 *motor bicycle, and the names and addresses, of the owners thereof, and shall*  
82 *be arranged by counties such names and addresses, and it is hereby made the*  
83 *duty of each member of such county boards to ascertain a list of the owners of*  
84 *motor vehicles or motor bicycles in each of the townships and compare the same*  
85 *with the lists published by the Secretary of State, and report all motor vehicles*  
86 *or motor bicycles not registered to the Secretary of State.*

- 1 Introduced by Mr. Richardson, March 15, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

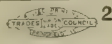
For an Act to amend an Act entitled, “An Act for the assessment of property and providing the means therefor, and to repeal a certain Act therein named,” approved February 25, 1898, in force July 1, 1898, as amended by subsequent Acts, by amending section thirty (30) thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, “An Act for the assessment of property and providing the means therefor, and to repeal a certain Act therein named,” approved February 25, 1898, in force July 1, 1898, as amended by subsequent Acts, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section thirty (30) thereof, so that said section when amended shall read as follows:

Sec. 30. In counties under township organization of less than 125,000 inhabitants the chairman of the board of supervisors and two citizens of said county to be appointed by the county judge on or before June 1, 1915, for the terms of one and two years respectively and their successors to be appointed for terms of two years each, shall constitute the board of review, to review the as-



13 sessments made by the county supervisor of assessments, one of said citizens  
14 shall be appointed by said county judge from each of the political parties poll-  
15 ing the highest vote at the general election next preceeding such appointment. In  
16 case of a vacancy in such board then the county judge may appoint a citizen of  
17 such county to fill such vacancy until such time as said office can be filled by the  
18 officer herein named. The chairman of the county board shall be the chairman  
19 of the board of review. The members of the board of review shall receive as  
20 compensation the sum per day for each day of service as shall be fixed by the  
21 county board, their time of service to be made out in due form with day and  
22 date and sworn to by the members thereof: *Providing, further*, that in counties  
23 of less than 125,000 inhabitants, the members of the board of review by a ma-  
24 jority vote may select some suitable person to act as clerk of said board of re-  
25 view, and such clerk shall receive as compensation the sum per day for each day  
26 of service as shall be fixed by the county board; the time of services of such  
27 clerk to be made out in due form, with day and date, and sworn to by such clerk.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Scanlan, March 15, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

A BILL

For an Act to legalize and validate the annexation of tracts of land to cities, villages and incorporated towns in certain cases.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That whenever the owner or owners of  
3 any tract or tracts of land, contiguous to any city, village, or incorporated town  
4 in this State, has, by petition in writing and signed by said owner, and filed  
5 with the city council of such city, or the board of trustees of such village or  
6 incorporated town, petitioned to have such tract or tracts of land taken into and  
7 included within the corporate limits of such city, village or incorporated town,  
8 and the city council, or board of trustees, as the case may be, has acted on such  
9 petition and has passed an ordinance annexing the tract or tracts of land so  
10 petitioned for to such city, village or incorporated town, and thereafter such  
11 tract or tracts of land so annexed have been assessed for city, village or incor-  
12 porated town taxes, or special assessments, or both, then such proceeding for  
13 annexation is hereby legalized, validated and made effective from and after the  
14 passage of such ordinance.

Sec. 2. WHEREAS, An emergency exists; therefore, this Act shall be in force  
2 from and after its passage.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Gregory, March 15, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

A BILL

For an Act concerning pre-election pledges and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That it shall be unlawful for any candidate for the nomination or for election for or to either branch of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois, at or before any primary or other election, to make any oral or written offer, pledge, promise or agreement with any person or persons for or in consideration of a vote or votes, or for any other consideration moving to him from such person or persons, that he will, if nominated and elected, support or oppose, directly or indirectly, any certain bill or measure, or support or oppose any candidate for any office necessary to perfect the organization of either branch of the General Assembly.

Sec. 2. That it shall be unlawful for any person, firm, corporation, club, league, society or association, or any member or members of any firm, any agent, officer, or representative of any club, league, society or association to directly or indirectly intimidate, threaten to oppose, or to request, solicit, induce, or other-



5 wise secure or attempt to secure from any candidate for nomination or election  
6 for or to either branch of the General Assembly, an oral or written offer,  
7 pledge, promise or agreement for the consideration of a vote or votes, or for any  
8 other consideration to be given said candidate, that such candidate will, if elect-  
9 ed, support, or oppose, directly or indirectly, any certain bill or measure, or  
10 that such candidate will support or oppose any candidate for any office neces-  
11 sary to perfect the organization of either branch of said General Assembly.

Sec. 3. That it shall be unlawful for any candidate for an elective office  
2 authorized to be voted for in this State, directly or indirectly, to enter into  
3 any agreement to do or not to do in event of his election, any official act to the  
4 benefit or advantage of any person, firm, corporation, club, league, society or  
5 association in consideration for the influence, support or assistance, financial or  
6 otherwise, of such person, firm, corporation, club, league, society or association,  
7 to bring about the election of such candidate.

Sec. 4. Any candidate for nomination or election to either House of the  
2 General Assembly of the State of Illinois who shall make any agreement in vio-  
3 lation of any of the provisions of section 1 of this Act; any person, firm, cor-  
4 poration, club, league, society or association, or any member or members of any  
5 firm, any agent, officer or representative of any firm, corporation, club, league,  
6 society or association, who shall, directly or indirectly, secure or attempt to se-  
7 cure from any candidate for nomination or election for or to either branch of the  
8 General Assembly, an agreement, oral or written, in violation of any of the  
9 provisions of section 2 of this Act; and any candidate for any elective office  
10 authorized to be voted for in this State, who shall, directly or indirectly, en-  
11 ter into any agreement in violation of any of the provisions of section 3 of this  
12 Act, shall be deemed to be guilty of giving, offering to give, taking or soliciting  
13 a bribe, and if convicted thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than  
14 two hundred (\$200.00) dollars, nor more than one thousand (\$1,000.00) dollars,  
15 or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding sixty (60) days or both,  
16 in the discretion of the court; and if elected to the office, he shall be deemed to

17 have resigned such office by reason of such conviction: *Provided*, that noth-  
18 ing contained herein shall prevent any candidate from publicly outlining his  
19 position, by stating his opinion or belief in support of, or opposition to, any  
20 issue, question or prospective proposition of a public nature. And shall not  
21 prevent any person, firm, corporation, club, league, society or association from  
22 privately or publicly announcing their choice of candidates for any public office.





1 Adopted May 13, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 285 as follows:

2 1st. By striking out of line five (5) in section 1 of the printed bill the words  
3 “oral or”.

4 2nd. By adding after the word “consideration” in line 7, on page 1, in sec-  
5 tion 1 of the printed bill, the words “recommendation, endorsement or political  
6 support”.

7 3rd. By inserting after the word “intimidate” in line 4 in section 2 of the  
8 printed bill, and before the word “threaten” the word “or”, and by omitting  
9 the comma appearing at that place in the printed bill.

10 4th. By inserting after the word “oppose” and before the word “or” in  
11 section 2 of the printed bill, the words “any candidate”.

12 5th. By striking out the words “an oral or” in line 6 in section 2 of the  
13 printed bill and substituting therefor the word “any”.

14 6th. By adding after the word “consideration” in line 8 in section 2 of  
15 the printed bill, the words “recommendation, endorsement or political sup-  
16 port”.



17        7th. By adding after the word "any" and before the word "agreement"  
18 in line 3 in section 3 of said bill as printed, the words "writers pledge or".

19        8th. By striking out section 4 of the printed bill and inserting in lieu  
20 thereof the following language:

21        "Sec. 4. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions  
22 of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction  
23 thereof, be fined in any sum not less than two hundred (200) dollars and not  
24 more than one thousand (1,000) dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail  
25 for any period not exceeding sixty (60) days, or both, in the discretion of the  
26 court, and if any such person has been elected to the office sought by him at  
27 such election, said office shall be thereupon deemed vacant: *Provided*, that nothing  
28 contained herein shall prevent any candidate from publicly outlining his  
29 position, by stating his opinion or belief in support or opposition to any issue,  
30 question or prospective proposition of a public nature, and shall not prevent  
31 any person, firm, corporation, club, league, society or association from privately  
32 or publicly announcing his or their choice of candidates for any public office".



1. Introduced by Mr. Atwood, March 16, 1915.
2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Public Utilities and Transportation.

A BILL

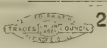
For an Act to amend an Act entitled, “An Act to provide for the regulation of public utilities,” approved June 30, 1913, in force January 1, 1914, by amending section thirty-nine (39) thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, “An Act to provide for the regulation of public utilities,” approved June 30, 1913, in force January 1, 1914, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section thirty-nine (39) thereof, so that the said section 39 when amended shall read as follows:

Sec. 39. No public utility, or any officer or agent thereof, or any person acting for or employed by it, shall directly or indirectly, by any device or means whatsoever, suffer or permit any corporation or person to obtain any service, commodity, or product at less than the rate or other charge then established and in force as shown by the schedules filed and in effect at the time. No person or corporation shall, directly or indirectly, by any device or means, whatsoever, whether with or without the consent or connivance of a public utility

8 or any of its officers, or employees, seek to obtain or obtain any service, com-  
9 modity, or product at less than the rate or other charge then established and in  
10 force therefor. *Provided, however, that nothing in this Act contained shall be*  
11 *construed to prevent any railroad or transportation company from selling or*  
12 *granting transportation or transportation privileges to the owner or owners of*  
13 *any newspaper or magazine of general circulation in payment of or in exchange*  
14 *for advertising space in such newspaper or magazine, at the full value thereof.*  
15 *And, provided, further, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to*  
16 *prevent the issuance of free or reduced transportation by any street railroad*  
17 *corporation to mail carriers, policemen and members of fire departments.*

Sec. 2. Whereas, the beginning of the fiscal years in many lines affected  
2 by this Act is approaching, therefore an emergency exists, and this Act shall  
3 take effect from and after its passage and approval.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. Boyer, March 16, 1915.
- 2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Public Utilities and Transportation.

A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, “An Act to provide for the regulation of public utilities,” approved June 30, 1913, in force January 1, 1914.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That section 31 of article 3 of an Act entitled, “An Act to provide for the regulation of public utilities,” approved June 30, 1913, in force January, 1, 1914, be, and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 31. FEES FOR ISSUANCE OF BONDS.] The commission shall charge every public utility receiving permission under this Act for the issue of bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness, the following fees: One dollar for each thousand dollars of the face value of such bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness, authorized by the commission to be issued, up to one hundred thousand dollars; fifty cents per thousand dollars for each additional thousand dollars up to five hundred thousand dollars; and for each additional thousand dollars, ten cents per thousand dollars; and such fee shall be paid into the State



9 treasury before any such bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness are  
10 issued. *Provided, however,* that no charge shall be made, or required to be  
11 paid, when such issue is made for the purpose of guaranteeing, taking over, re-  
12 funding, discharging, or retiring any bonds, notes or other evidences of in-  
13 debtedness.



1. Introduced by Mr. Brewer, March 16, 1915.
2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

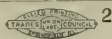
## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to change of venue," approved March 25, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by subsequent Acts, by amending section twenty-one (21) thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to revise  
3 the law in relation to change of venue," approved March 25, 1874, in force July  
4 1, 1874, as amended by subsequent Acts, be and the same is hereby amended  
5 by amending section twenty-one (21) thereof, so that said section when  
6 amended shall read as follows:

Sec. 21. When the cause for a change of venue is the prejudice of the judge  
2 or any two of them, the petition shall be accompanied by the affidavits of at  
3 least two reputable persons, residents of the county and not of kin or counsel  
4 to the applicant, stating that they believe the judge, or any two of them, as the  
5 case may be, are so prejudiced against the applicant that he cannot have a fair  
6 and impartial trial *and further stating plainly the grounds upon which they*  
7 *severally base such belief;* and thereupon the case may be tried by any other of  
8 the circuit judges of the circuit in which the case is pending, and the venue  
9 shall not be changed from the county in which the indictment is found in such  
10 case.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Brewer, March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, “An Act to revise the law in relation to habeas corpus,” approved March 2, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, by amending section two (2) thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, “An Act to revise the law in relation to habeas corpus,” approved March 2, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section two (2) thereof, so that said section when amended shall read as follows:

Sec. 2. *Application for the writ, when not made to the Supreme Court, shall be made in the county in which the person is imprisoned or restrained of his liberty, to some judge or court of said county authorized to issue the same, and if there shall not then be present in said county any judge authorized to issue the same, then application shall be made to some judge of the same circuit of which that county is a part, and if there shall be no such judge then present in such circuit then application shall be made to the court or judge authorized to issue the same nearest to the county in which the person is imprisoned or restrained*



14 of his liberty. Application shall be made by petition, signed by the person for  
15 whose relief it is intended, if such signature can be procured, otherwise by some  
16 person in his behalf and in such latter case the petition shall plainly show why the  
17 signature thereto of the person imprisoned or restrained of his liberty cannot be  
18 obtained. The petition in every instance shall be verified by the affidavit of  
19 the person signing the same.



1. Introduced by Mr. DeYoung, March 16, 1915.
2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend sections 91 and 118 of an Act entitled, "An Act in relation to practice and procedure in courts of record," approved June 3, 1907, and in force July 1, 1907, as amended.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

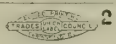
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That sections 91 and 118 of an Act entitled  
3 "An Act in relation to practice and procedure in courts of record," approved  
4 June 3, 1907, and in force July 1, 1907, as amended, be and the same are hereby  
5 amended to read as follows:

Sec. 91. Appeals shall lie to and writs of error from the Appellate or

2 Supreme Courts, as may be allowed by law, to review the final judgments,  
3 orders or decrees of any of the circuit courts, the Superior Court of Cook  
4 county, the county courts, *the probate courts*, or the city courts, and other  
5 courts from which appeals and to which writs of error may be allowed by law,  
6 in any suit or proceeding at law or in chancery *in any of said courts or in any*  
7 *proceedings whatever in the county courts or probate courts.* Appeals or writs

8 of error in this section allowed shall be subject to the limitations by this Act  
9 provided and to the conditions imposed by law.

Sec. 118. Appeals from and writs of error to circuit courts, the Superior  
2 Court of Cook county, the Criminal Court of Cook county, county courts, *probate*  
3 *courts* and city courts, in all criminal cases below the grade of felony shall be  
4 taken directly to the Appellate Court, and in all criminal cases above the grade  
5 of misdemeanors and cases in which a franchise or freehold or the validity of a  
6 statute or a construction of the constitution is involved; and in cases in which  
7 the validity of a municipal ordinance is involved and in which the trial judge  
8 shall certify that in his opinion the public interest so requires, and in all cases  
9 relating to revenue, or in which the State is interested, as a party or otherwise,  
10 shall be taken directly to the Supreme Court. In all cases of writs of error and  
11 appeals prosecuted or taken from any decision of any of the Appellate Courts to  
12 the Supreme Court, it shall not be necessary for the clerk of the Appellate  
13 Court in which said cause was heard and determined to make out and certify a  
14 copy of the original transcript of the record filed in the said Appellate Court,  
15 but it shall be sufficient for, and it is hereby made the duty of the clerk of the  
16 said Appellate Court to transmit the original transcript of the record filed in  
17 his office, with his official certificate and seal of office authenticating the same,  
18 with a true and perfect copy of all the orders and proceedings appearing of  
19 record in said cause, which copy of the record and proceedings, duly authenti-  
20 cated with the seal of said court, shall be transmitted to and filed in the Supreme  
21 Court; and the clerk of the Appellate Court shall be entitled to receive from  
22 the party procuring said record and transcript the fees allowed by law for his  
23 certificate and copy of proceedings had in the Appellate Court, and he shall  
24 not be entitled to charge or receive any fee for copying or transmitting said orig-  
25 inal transcript, other than for his certificate and the reasonable cost of sending  
26 said transcript and record from his office, either by mail or express, to the clerk  
27 of the Supreme Court.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. DeYoung, March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

A BILL

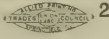
For an Act to amend section 8 of an Act entitled, “An Act to establish appellate courts,” approved June 2, 1877, and in force July 1, 1877, as amended.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That section 8 of an Act entitled, “An Act to establish appellate courts,” approved June 2, 1877, and in force July 1, 1877, as amended, be, and the same is, hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 8. The said appellate courts created by this Act shall exercise appellate jurisdiction only, and have jurisdiction of all matters of appeal, or writs of error from the final judgment, orders or decrees of any of the circuit courts, or the Superior Court of Cook County, or county courts, or *probate courts*, or from the city courts in any *statutory proceeding* or suit or proceeding at law or in chancery, other than criminal cases, not misdemeanors, and cases involving a franchise or freehold or the validity of a statute. *The said appellate courts shall have jurisdiction of all matters of appeal or writ of error from all judgments, orders or decrees of any of the probate courts or county courts in all*



14 matters, including suits at law or in chancery and general or special statutory  
15 proceedings, which, prior to the taking effect of this Act, were, by law, appeal-  
16 able to the circuit courts, provided, however, that such appeals shall not be tried  
17 *de novo* in the said appellate courts. Appeals and writs of error shall lie from  
18 the final orders, judgments or decrees of the circuit, county, probate and city  
19 courts, and from the Superior Court of Cook County, directly to the Supreme  
20 Court, in all criminal cases and in cases involving a franchise or freehold or the  
21 validity of a statute. In all cases determined in said appellate courts, in actions  
22 *ex contractu* wherein the amount involved is less than one thousand dollars  
23 (\$1,000.00), exclusive of costs, and in all cases sounding in damages, wherein the  
24 judgment of the court below is less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) exclu-  
25 sive of costs, and the judgment is affirmed or otherwise finally disposed of in the  
26 appellate court, the judgment, order or decree of the appellate court shall be  
27 final, and no appeal shall lie or writ of error be prosecuted therefrom: *Provided*,  
28 the term *ex contractu*, as used in this section, shall not be construed to include  
29 actions involving a penalty. In all other cases appeals shall lie and writs of  
30 error may be prosecuted from the final judgments, orders or decrees of the ap-  
31 pellate courts to the Supreme Court: *Provided*, also, that in any case a major-  
32 ity of the judges of the appellate court shall be of opinion that a case decided  
33 by them involving a less sum than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00), exclusive  
34 of costs, also involves questions of law of such importance, either on account of  
35 principal or collateral interests, as that it should be passed upon by the Supreme  
36 Court, they may in such cases grant appeals and writs of error to the Supreme  
37 Court on petition of parties to the cause, in which case the said appellate court  
38 shall certify to the Supreme Court the grounds of granting said appeal: *And*  
39 *provided, further*, that in all actions where there was no trial on an issue of fact  
40 in the lower court, appeals and writs of error shall lie from the appellate courts  
41 to the Supreme Court where the amount claimed in the pleadings exceeds one  
42 thousand dollars (\$1,000.00).



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Ellis, March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for fees of clerks of probate courts in counties of the second class having a population of seventy thousand or more," approved June 16, 1909, in force July 1, 1909, as amended by subsequent Acts amendatory thereof, by amending section 1 thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to provide  
3 for fees of clerks of probate courts in counties of the second class having a pop-  
4 ulation of seventy thousand or more," approved June 16, 1909, in force July 1,  
5 1909, as amended by subsequent amendments, be, and the same is hereby amend-  
6 ed by amending section 1 thereof, said section 1 when amended to read as fol-  
7 lows:

8 That the clerks of the probate courts in counties of the second class having  
9 a population of seventy thousand or more shall be entitled to receive the fees here-  
10 in specified for the services mentioned, and such other fees as may be provided  
11 by law for other services not herein designated.

For taking proof of last will and testament, or codicil, when proved separately, and endorsing certificate of probate thereon, and for entering order admitting to probate last will and testament, or codicil, and granting letters testamentary, \$5.00.

For issuing and mailing each copy of petition for probate of any will, 75 cents.

For granting letters of administration, guardianship or conservatorship. \$3.00.

For filing for any purpose, .05 cents.

For taking and approving bond of executor or administrator, guardian, conservator, or any other bond required by law to be taken, 75 cents.

For certified copy of letters testamentary, of administration, of guardianship, or of conservatorship, 75 cents.

And in addition thereto, 10 cents for each one hundred words contained in said will or codicil.

For issuing warrant to appraisers, \$1.00.

For taking and filing renunciation of executor or of right to administer, 25 cents.

For filing and docketing each claim against estates, and for entering order allowing or dismissing same, 50 cents.

For entering order reinstating or refileing or redocketing each claim, 75 cents.

For filing and docketing proof of notice for adjustment of claims, 55 cents.

For filing and docketing assignment of claims or judgment, 25 cents.

On petition for sale of real estate by executor, administrator, guardian or conservator, docketing and filing the same, a docket fee of \$5.00.

For each cause tried by a jury, a jury fee of \$3.00, to be prepaid by the party calling for the jury and in case of an application for appointment of a conservator, when a conservator is appointed, to be taxed against the estate of the person for whom the conservator is appointed and in case of a claim, the cost to be taxed against the unsuccessful party, and collected as other taxed costs.

- 43 For entering order, docketing, filing and issuing citation, \$1.00.
- 44 For issuing and filing subpoena, 25 cents.
- 45 For issuing *dedimus potestatum*, \$1.00.
- 46 For issuing, docketing and filing executions, \$1.00.
- 47 For proof of heirship, \$1.00.
- 48 For writ of attachment, for contempt of court, \$1.00.
- 49 For every certificate under seal of court issued by clerk, except as herein
- 50 otherwise provided, 25 cents.
- 51 For discharge of executor, administrators, guardians or conservators, or
- 52 any sureties on their bonds, \$1.00.
- 53 For entering any order not herein otherwise provided for, 50 cents.
- 54 For issuing summons and filing same, 50 cents.
- 55 For administering each oath, 25 cents.
- 56 For recording all papers, instruments, documents and writings required by
- 57 law or order of court to be recorded, for each one hundred words, 10 cents.
- 58 For copies or exemplifications of copies and papers for every one hundred
- 59 words, 10 cents.
- 60 On application for the grant of letters testamentary, of administration,
- 61 guardianship, or conservatorship, and on the grant of letters testamentary, ad-
- 62 ministration, guardianship or conservatorship, there shall be paid to said pro-
- 63 bate court from the proper estate and charged as costs a docket fee of \$5.
- 64 *In all cases in which the personal property does not exceed four thousand*
- 65 *(4,000) dollars in value, the fee of the clerk of the probate court shall not ex-*
- 66 *ceed ten (10) dollars, provided that moneys arising from the sale of real estate*
- 67 *to pay debts shall to the amount necessarily used in the settlement of the estate,*
- 68 *be considered as personal estate for the purposes of this section.*
- 69 *In all cases where by the death of any person there shall be left, surviving*
- 70 *such person, a widow or children resident of this State who are entitled out of*
- 71 *said estate to a widow's or children's award, and the entire estate of such de-*
- 72 *ceased person shall not exceed one thousand (1,000) dollars, and in case of any*
- 73 *minor whose estate does not exceed the sum of five hundred (500) dollars, and*



74 whose father is dead, and in all cases of any idiot, insane person, lunatic or dis-  
75 tracted person, drunkard or spendthrift, when such person has a wife or infant  
76 child dependent on such person for support, and the entire estate of such person  
77 shall not exceed the sum of one thousand (1,000) dollars, and in cases of the  
78 adoption of children wherein it shall appear to the court that the child adopted  
79 is under the age of fourteen years, and that his or her estate does not exceed  
80 in value the sum of five hundred (500) dollars, the court shall make an order,  
81 and cause the same to be entered of record, releasing and remitting all the fees  
82 of the clerk and other officers of the court.

AMENDMENT TO

49th G. A.

HOUSE BILL No. 292

1915



1 Adopted April 8, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 292, as printed, by striking out the word "four" in

2 line 64 of said bill and insert in lieu thereof the word "three," and by striking

3 out the figures "(4000)" in line 65 thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the

4 figures "(3000)".





1 Adopted May 7, 1915.

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AMENDMENT TO AMENDMENT NO. 1.

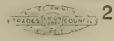
Amend Amendment No. 1, to House Bill No. 292, by striking out the word  
2 “three” in line 2 of amendment No. 1, as printed and insert in lieu thereof the  
3 word “two,” and by striking out the figures “3,000” in line 4 of amendment  
4 No. 1, as printed, and inserting in lieu thereof the figures “2,000.”

AMENDMENT NO 2.

Amend House Bill No. 292, by striking out lines 60, 61, 62 and 63 on page 3 of  
2 the printed bill.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Ellis, March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act in regard to limitations," approved April 4, 1872; in force July 1, 1872, as amended by subsequent Acts, by amending section 11 thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act in regard  
3 to limitations," approved April 4, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by  
4 subsequent Acts, be, and the same is hereby amended by amending section 11  
5 thereof so as to read as follows:

Sec. 11. No person shall commence an action or make a sale to foreclose  
2 any mortgage or deed of trust in the nature of a mortgage unless within ten  
3 years after the right of action or right to make such sale accrues. *Every mort-*  
4 *gage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage when recorded shall be a lien as*  
5 *now provided by law, and shall continue to be a lien upon the real estate*  
6 *described therein for a period of ten (10) years from and after the time the in-*  
7 *debtedness secured thereby is due upon its face, and according to its written*  
8 *terms as shown by said mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage, and*

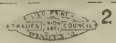
9 no longer. If at any time preceding the expiration of the lien hereunder of such  
10 mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage the holder and owner of  
11 the indebtedness secured thereby and the maker of said indebtedness shall file  
12 an extension agreement in the office of the recorder where said mortgage or  
13 trust deed in the nature of a mortgage is recorded, showing in said extension  
14 agreement the time for which the payment of said indebtedness is extended,  
15 the time when the said indebtedness will become due by the terms of said extension  
16 agreement and the amount remaining unpaid on said indebtedness, then  
17 said mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage shall continue to be a  
18 lien upon the real estate described therein for the period of ten (10) years  
19 from and after the time the said indebtedness will be due as shown by said  
20 extension agreement. Such extension agreement shall be acknowledged and re-  
21 corded in the same manner as mortgages or trust deed in the nature of a mort-  
22 gage are required by law to be acknowledged and recorded.

23 Every mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage now recorded as  
24 required by law is hereby declared to be subject to the foregoing provisions  
25 except that if the lien of said mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mort-  
26 gage at the time this Act goes into effect would have expired under the fore-  
27 going provisions on or before one (1) year from and after the time this Act  
28 goes into force and effect, and the owner and holder of the indebtedness secured  
29 thereby and the maker of said indebtedness shall within one (1) year from and  
30 after the time this Act goes into effect file an extension agreement of the kind  
31 above provided for in the office of the recorder where said mortgage or trust  
32 deed in the nature of a mortgage is recorded, then the lien of said mortgage or  
33 trust deed in the nature of a mortgage shall continue to be a lien upon the real  
34 estate described therein for a period of ten (10) years from and after the time  
35 the said indebtedness will be due as shown by said extension agreement, and no  
36 longer. If the lien of the mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage  
37 in this paragraph mentioned is not extended as herein provided, then proceed-  
38 ings to foreclose such mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage shall

39 *be commenced within one (1) year after this Act takes effect and not thereafter.*  
40 *Should the provisions in this last paragraph be declared invalid, then this last*  
41 *paragraph is hereby declared to be separable and such invalid portion shall not*  
42 *effect the remainder of this Act.*







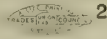
- 1 Introduced by Mr. Ellis, March 16, 1915.
- 2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an Act concerning the lien of mortgages and trust deeds in the nature of mortgages.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
*represented in the General Assembly:* That every mortgage or trust deed in the  
nature of a mortgage of record at the time this Act takes effect where more  
than twenty (20) years have elapsed from and after the time the indebted-  
ness secured thereby is due upon its face and according to its written terms  
as shown by said mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage, the lien  
of said mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage shall and hereby is  
declared to have ceased by limitation unless the owner and holder of the in-  
debtedness secured thereby and the maker of such indebtedness shall within one  
(1) year from and after the time this Act goes into effect file in the office of the  
recorder where said mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage is  
recorded, an extension agreement showing in said extension agreement the time  
for which the payment of said indebtedness is extended, the time  
when the said indebtedness will become due by the terms of said extension  
agreement and the amount remaining unpaid on said indebtedness, then said  
mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage shall continue a lien upon

16 the real estate described therein for a period of ten (10) years from and after  
17 the time said indebtedness will be due as shown by said extension agreement  
18 and no longer. Said extension agreement shall be acknowledged and recorded  
19 in the same manner as mortgages and trust deeds in the nature of a mortgage  
20 are required by law to be acknowledged and recorded.



1. Introduced by Mr. Fahy, March 16, 1915.
2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

## A BILL

For an Act to make an appropriation to provide for co-operative agricultural extension work in connection with the United States government as authorized by an Act of Congress, approved May 8, 1914.

WHEREAS, The Congress of the United States has passed an Act approved by the President, May 8, 1914, entitled, "An Act to provide for co-operative agricultural extension work between the agricultural colleges of the several States receiving the benefits of the Act of Congress approved July 2, 1882, and of Acts supplementary thereto, and the United States department of agriculture," and

WHEREAS, It is reported in section 3 of the Act aforesaid that the grants of money authorized by this Act shall be paid annually "to each State which shall by action of its legislature assent to the provisions of the Act," and

WHEREAS, Under the Acts of Congress the State of Illinois receives ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) annually for the purposes stated in the Act and may receive in addition thereto proportionate part of further appropriations according to rural population, upon the appropriation and payment of a like

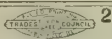


14 amount by the State of Illinois. Under the Act this additional amount first  
15 available for 1915-16 is twenty-six thousand, two hundred and eighty-two dol-  
16 lars (\$28,282.00) and for 1916-17 is forty-eight thousand, one hundred and  
17 eighty-four dollars (\$48,184.00), payable upon condition that a like amount be  
18 provided by the State of Illinois; therefore,

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That there be and is hereby appropriated  
3 the sum of twenty-six thousand, two hundred and eighty-two dollars (\$28,282.00)  
4 for the year 1915-16 and the sum of forty-eight thousand, one hundred and  
5 eighty-four dollars (\$48,184.00) for the year 1916-17, for co-operative agricul-  
6 tural extension work between the State of Illinois and the United States Depart-  
7 ment of Agriculture to duplicate a like appropriations by the United States  
8 Congress.

Sec. 2. The sum hereby appropriated shall be paid in equal semi-annually  
2 payments on the first day of January and July of each year. The Auditor of  
3 Public Accounts shall draw his warrant on the Treasurer in favor of the  
4 Trustees of the University of Illinois for the said installments.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. Gardner, March 16, 1915.
- 2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

For an Act to define and punish the crime of contributing to the dependency and neglect of children.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
*represented in the General Assembly:* For the purposes of this Act a dependent  
and neglected child shall mean any male who while under the age of 17 years  
or any female who while under the age of 18 years, for any reason is destitute,  
homeless or abandoned; or dependent upon the public for support; or has not  
proper parental care or guardianship; or habitually begs or receives alms; or  
is found living in any house of ill fame or with any vicious or disreputable  
person; or has a home which by reason of neglect, cruelty or depravity on the  
part of its parents, guardian or any other person in whose care it may be is an  
unfit place for such child; and any child who while under the age of ten years  
is found begging, peddling or selling any articles or singing or playing any  
musical instrument for gain upon the street or giving any public entertain-  
ments or accompanies or is used in aid of any person so doing.

Sec. 2. Any parent, legal guardian or person having the custody of a male  
2 under the age of 17 years, or of a female under the age of 18 years, who shall  
3 knowingly or willfully cause, aid or encourage such person to be or to become a  
4 dependent and neglected child as defined in section 1, or who shall knowingly  
5 or willfully do acts which directly tend to render any such child so dependent  
6 and neglected, or who shall knowingly or willfully fail to do that which will di-  
7 rectly tend to prevent such state of dependency and neglect shall be deemed guilty  
8 of the crime of contributing to the dependency and neglect of children and on con-  
9 viction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$200.00 or by impris-  
10 onment in the county jail, house of correction or work house for not more than  
11 one year or both by such fine and imprisonment: *Provided*, that instead of  
12 imposing the punishment hereinbefore provided, the court shall have the power  
13 to release the defendant from custody on probation for the space of one year  
14 upon his or her entering into recognizance with or without surety in such sum  
15 as the court may direct. The conditions of the recognizance shall be such that if  
16 the defendant shall make his or her personal appearance in court whenever order-  
17 ed to do so within the year and shall provide and care for such neglected and de-  
18 pendent child in such manner as to prevent a continuance or a repetition of  
19 such state of dependency and neglect or as otherwise may be directed by the  
20 court then the recognizance shall be void, otherwise it shall be of full force and  
21 effect. If the court be satisfied by information and due proof under oath that  
22 at any time during the year the defendant has violated the terms of such order  
23 it may forthwith revoke the order and sentence him or her under the original  
24 conviction. Unless so sentenced, the defendant shall at the end of the year be  
25 discharged. In case of forfeiture on the recognizance the sum recovered  
26 thereon may in the discretion of the court be paid in whole or in part to some-  
27 one designated by the court for the support of such dependent and neglected  
28 child.

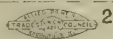
Sec. 3. The husband or wife of the defendant shall be a competent witness  
2 to testify in any case brought under this Act and to any and all matters relevant  
3 thereto.

Sec. 4. "An Act to provide for the punishment of persons responsible for  
2 or directly promoting or contributing to the conditions that render a child de-  
3 pendent, neglected or delinquent and to provide for suspension of sentence  
4 and release on probation in such cases," approved May 13, 1905, in force July  
5 1, 1905, is hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. Whereas an emergency exists this Act shall be in force from and  
2 after its passage.







1 Introduced by Mr. Hicks, March 16, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on License and Mis-  
cellany.

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## A BILL

For an Act to define, license and regulate the business of personal property loan brok-  
ers and to limit the amount of any single loan to be made by such brokers and  
the interest and other charges to be made upon such loans.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That hereafter every person, firm or cor-  
3 poration that loans money upon personal property, remaining in possession or  
4 use of the borrower, a transaction commonly known as chattel mortgage, shall  
5 be held as and for the uses and purposes of this Act and is hereby declared and  
6 defined to be a personal property loan broker and shall from and after the tak-  
7 ing effect of this Act be subject to the provisions thereof.

Sec. 2. Every personal property loan broker who desires to obtain the ben-  
2 efits of this Act, shall first procure a license from the Auditor of Public Accounts.  
3 Application for license hereunder must be made in writing and contain the full  
4 names and addresses of the applicants, if natural persons, and in the case of cor-  
5 porations or associations, the full names and addresses of all members and stock-

6 holders thereof, and the county, city and particular location where such business is  
 7 or is to be conducted. Every such personal property loan broker shall pay to the  
 8 Auditor of Public Accounts an annual license fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00) to be col-  
 9 lected by the Auditor of Public Accounts at the time said license is issued, and  
 10 shall also file with the Auditor of Public Accounts a bond in the sum of five thous-  
 11 and dollars (\$5,000.00) with sureties approved by the Auditor of Public Accounts,  
 12 conditioned for the faithful observance of the provisions of this Act, and the Audi-  
 13 tor of Public Accounts shall cause such license to be recorded in the office of  
 14 the recorder of deeds in the county in which such business is to be conducted.  
 15 All licenses issued hereunder shall expire on the 31st day of December of each  
 16 year. All licenses granted hereunder shall at all times be kept publicly exposed  
 17 at the licensee's place of business.

Sec. 3. Such personal property loan broker after having procured a license,  
 2 as hereinbefore provided, may charge, receive or collect interest at a rate not  
 3 exceeding three per cent a month upon loans and advances falling within the  
 4 scope of business as set forth in section one (1) hereof, such interest shall not  
 5 be paid in advance and shall be computed on unpaid balances. Every such licensee  
 6 shall furnish the borrower at the time the loan is made, a statement in the Eng-  
 7 lish language showing in clear and distinct terms the amount of the loan and  
 8 the date when loaned and when due the person to whom the loan was made, the  
 9 name of the lender and the amount and rate of interest charged. On the back  
 10 of such statement there shall be printed a copy of section 3 of this Act. The lend-  
 11 er shall give the borrower a plain and complete receipt for all payments made on  
 12 account of the loan at the time such payments are made: *Provided*, that no li-  
 13 censed personal property loan broker shall loan more than three hundred dollars  
 14 (\$300.00) to any one person, nor shall any person owe to any such licensed per-  
 15 sonal property loan broker more than three hundred dollars (\$300.00) princi-  
 16 pal at any one time: *Provided, also*, that this Act shall not apply to chattel mort-  
 17 gages given to secure any part of the purchase price of property sold on de-  
 18 ferred payments.

Sec. 4. No further or other charge, either for insuring or examining the security or property, or for drawing papers, or for commissions, attorney's fees or renewals or extensions of loans or for any services upon any pretext whatsoever, beyond the aforesaid charges for interest shall be asked, charged or in any way received where the same would make a greater charge for the money advanced than is provided in section three (3) of this Act, and when made, all such charges shall be considered and be a violation of this Act: *Provided*, that the borrower may be required to pay the fees or charges actually expended for recording any instrument hereunder.

Sec. 5. Any violation of the provisions of this Act by any personal property loan broker licensed hereunder, shall be a misdemeanor and punishable by a fine of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for each offense and the entire amount of the loan shall be forfeited to the borrower and upon conviction thereof, the license of such personal property loan broker shall be revoked by the Auditor of Public Accounts, granting the same, or his successor in office, and any unlicensed or unauthorized person, firm or corporation exercising any of the privileges granted by this Act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punishable by a fine of \$100.00 for each offense and the amount of any loan made by any such offender shall be forfeited to the borrower.

Sec. 6. The Auditor of Public Accounts shall either personally or by such person or persons as he may appoint for the purpose, at least once a year or oftener, if he deems it advisable, investigate the business and affairs of every such licensee and for that purpose shall have free access to the vaults, books and papers thereof and other sources of information with regard to the business of such licensee and shall ascertain the condition of the business, whether it has been transacted in accordance with law and with such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Auditor of Public Accounts, pursuant to this Act. Said Auditor of Public Accounts and any examiner appointed by him shall have authority to examine under oath or affirmation, any person whose testimony relative to the business of such licensee may be required in such examination. The



12 cost of every such examination shall be paid by the licensee so examined and said  
13 Auditor of Public Accounts may maintain action for the recovery of such costs  
14 in any court of competent jurisdiction. All licensees hereunder shall, annually, on  
15 or before the thirty-first day of January of each year, submit a report to the  
16 Auditor of Public Accounts in the form of a trial balance of their books at the  
17 close of their business on the thirty-first day of December, last preceding, and  
18 shall specify the different amounts of liabilities and the different amounts of as-  
19 sets, together with such other information as may be required by the State Au-  
20 ditor of Public Accounts in accordance with the blank forms to be furnished by  
21 him.

Sec. 7. Corporations may be organized under and by virtue of this Act  
2 for the purpose of loaning money within the scope hereof in the same manner as  
3 is provided for the organization of corporations for pecuniary profit under the  
4 Act entitled, "An Act concerning corporations," approved April 18, 1872, in  
5 force July 1, 1872, as amended.



1. Introduced by Mr. Hicks, March 16, 1915.
2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

## A BILL

For an Act giving to the trustees of schools, board of education or other corporate authority managing and controlling the public schools of any school district existing by virtue of any special charter and governed by any or all such special charter or special or general school laws of this State, and having a population of fewer than 500,000 inhabitants, the power to acquire property and to have the compensation to be paid therefor determined by the exercise of the right of eminent domain.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That whenever any school district existing  
3 by virtue of any special charter and governed by any or all such special charter  
4 or special or general school laws of this State, and having a population of  
5 fewer than 500,000 inhabitants, shall require any lot or parcel of land situated  
6 within such school district for a site for a school building, or for an addition to  
7 any school building already erected and used for school purposes, or shall require  
8 any lot or parcel of land situated within such school district, adjacent to or ad-  
9 joining the site of any school building already erected, or separated therefrom  
10 only by a public street or way, for the purpose of a playground in connection

11 with such school building, and the compensation for such lot or parcel of land  
12 cannot be agreed upon between the owner or owners of such lot or parcel of  
13 land and the trustees of schools, board of education or other corporate au-  
14 thority managing and controlling the public schools of such district, or the owner  
15 or owners of such lot or parcel of land is or are incapable of consenting to the  
16 compensation to be paid therefor, or incompetent to execute a deed thereof, or  
17 his, her or their name or names or place of residence is or are unknown, or  
18 the owner or owners of such lot or parcel of land resides or reside out of the  
19 State of Illinois, it shall be lawful for the trustees of schools, board of educa-  
20 tion or other corporate authority managing and controlling the public schools  
21 of such district to acquire such lot or parcel of land and have the compensa-  
22 tion to be paid therefor determined in the manner which may at the time be pro-  
23 vided by law for the exercise of the right of eminent domain.



1. Introduced by Mr. Hilton, March 16, 1915.
2. Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Industrial Affairs.

## A BILL

For an Act to provide for the inspection of cement ; for the appointment of inspectors and defining their powers and duties.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the mayor, of any city, with the ap-  
3 proval of the city council and president of the board of trustees of any village  
4 or any incorporated town, with the approval of said board of trustees may and  
5 on the petition of any five inhabitants thereof, shall appoint one or more in-  
6 spectors for the inspection of cement, fix the compensation of such inspectors  
7 and prescribe the fees to be paid by those for whom the inspectors render serv-  
8 ices. The county judge of any county may appoint such inspectors for ter-  
9 ritory not within the limits of any city, village or incorporated town, and fix  
10 their compensation and fees. Every such inspector shall hold office for one  
11 year and until his successor is qualified, and, with the approval of the power  
12 appointing him, may appoint deputies for whom he will be responsible.

Sec. 2. Every inspector, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall  
2 take and subscribe the following oath:



3        "I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be,) that I will support  
4 the constitution of the United States' the constitution and laws of the State of  
5 Illinois, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of cement inspector (or  
6 deputy cement inspector) according to the best of my ability."

7        He shall execute a bond payable to the people of the State, if appointed  
8 by the county judge, or city, village or incorporated town by whose mayor or  
9 president of the board of trustees he shall be appointed, in such sum as shall  
10 be required by the power appointing him, with sureties to be approved by the  
11 power appointing him, conditioned for the faithful discharge of the duties of  
12 his office. Any person aggrieved by the misconduct or neglect of such inspector  
13 may maintain suit on such bond for his own use.

Sec. 3. Upon the application of any manufacturer or purchaser of or  
2 any dealer in cement, or of any officer or person to test said cement, said in-  
3 spector shall test the same with all reasonable dispatch, and for the purpose  
4 of such test, cement is hereby defined as finely pulverized product resulting  
5 from the calcination to incipient fusion of an intimate mixture of properly  
6 proportioned argillaceous and calcareous materials, and to which no addition  
7 greater than 3% has been made subsequent to calcination. The said cement  
8 shall comply in all respects to the following specifications and shall pass the tests  
9 in the manner herein after set forth:

10        The specific gravity of cement shall not be less than 3.10. Should the test  
11 of cement as received fall below this requirement, a second test may be made  
12 upon a sample ignited at a low red heat. The loss in weight of the ignited  
13 cement shall not exceed 4 per cent.

14        It shall leave by weight a residue of not more than 8% on the No. 100, and  
15 not more than 25% on the No. 200 sieve.

16        It shall not develop initial set in less than thirty minutes; and must develop  
17 hard set in not less than one hour, nor more than ten hours.

18        The minimum requirements for tensile strength for briquettes one square  
19 inch in cross section shall be as follows and the cement shall show no retrogres-  
20 sion in strength within the periods specified:

AGE	Neat Cement	Strength
24	hours in moist air.....	175 lbs.
7	days (1 day in moist air, 6 days in water).....	500 lbs.
28	days (1 day in moist air, 27 days in water).....	600 lbs.

One part Cement, Three Parts Standard Ottawa Sand.

7	days (1 day in moist air, 6 days in water).....	200 lbs.
28	days (1 day in moist air, 27 days in water).....	275 lbs.

21 Pats of neat cement about three inches in diameter, one-half inch thick at the  
22 center, and tapering to a thin edge, shall be kept in moist air for a period of  
23 twenty-four hours.

24 A. A pat is then kept in air at normal temperature and observed at inter-  
25 vals for at least 28 days.

26 B. Another pat is kept in water maintained as near 70 F. as practicable, and  
27 observed at intervals for at least 28 days.

28 C. A third pat is exposed in any convenient way in an atmosphere of  
29 steam, above boiling water, in a loosely closed vessel for five hours.

30 These pats, to satisfactorily pass the requirements, shall remain firm and  
31 hard and show no signs of distortion, checking, cracking, or disintegrating.

32 The cement shall not contain more than 1.75% of anhydrous sulphuric acid  
33 (SO3), nor more than 4% of magnesia.

Sec. 4. If the cement so tested complies with the test, as set forth in pre-  
2 vious section, said inspector shall mark, plainly and indelibly on each bag, barrel  
3 or package "Approved," but if said cement does not comply with the test as set  
4 forth in the last section, then the said inspector shall mark upon each bag, or  
5 barrel "Condemned." Said inspector while in office shall not buy, bargain or  
6 sell or trade, directly or indirectly in cement.

Sec. 5. He shall also within twenty-four hours after making any inspection  
2 make a full, fair entry thereof in the record book to be kept for that purpose,  
3 which shall be open to all persons wishing to examine the same.

Sec. 6. Any such inspector or deputy who shall falsely brand any bag,  
2 barrel or package or be guilty of any fraud, deceit, misconduct or culpable  
3 negligence in the performance of any of his official duties, shall be fined not  
4 exceeding two hundred dollars, and be liable to the party injured for all dam-  
5 ages occasioned thereby.

Sec. 7. Any manufacturer or producer of or any dealer in cement who shall  
2 neglect to give notice to any such inspector of any cement in his possession  
3 not already inspected by some authorized inspector of this State within two  
4 days after the same is manufactured by him, or received into his possession, or  
5 shall offer any such cement for sale before the same has been so inspected, or  
6 shall use any bag, barrel or package or other thing having the inspection brand  
7 thereon, the cement therein not having been inspected, or shall counterfeit any  
8 brand, shall be fined not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be liable to the party  
9 injured for all damages occasioned thereby, and all the bags barrels or packages  
10 so falsely used, and their contents, shall be forfeited and may be seized and  
11 sold.

Sec. 8. The fines herein provided may be recovered in the name of the  
2 People of the State of Illinois, before any justice of the peace of the county  
3 where the offense is committed and when collected, one-half shall be paid to the  
4 informer and the other half and the proceeds of the sale of all bags, barrels and  
5 packages, and the contents thereof seized, as herein provided, shall be paid  
6 into the city, village or town treasury.



1 Introduced by Mr. Mason, March 16, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Civil Service.

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## A BILL

For an Act relating to short appointments of civil service employees and to improve the administration of the civil service of the State of Illinois and of its municipal corporations, counties, towns, sanitary districts and all bodies politic and providing a penalty for violation thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That no temporary appointment to any  
3 place of employment, position or office in the civil service shall be renewed  
4 under any circumstances, and no temporary appointment to any place of employ-  
5 ment, position or office in the civil service of the State of Illinois and of its mu-  
6 nicipal corporations, counties, towns, sanitary districts, and all bodies politic,  
7 shall be made while an eligible list or register for the said place of employment,  
8 position or office exists or is in force.

Sec. 2. Experience received, obtained or had as a temporary appointee  
2 shall not be accredited, counted or computed in determining the marks of any



3 person taking an original or promotional examination for any place of employ-  
4 ment, position or office in the civil service.

Sec. 3. Any person holding or having held, after this Act is in force, a  
2 place of employment, position or office in the civil service, by temporary ap-  
3 pointment, and who had not been certified thereto from an eligible list or reg-  
4 ister prepared or secured by competitive examination, shall be ineligible to take  
5 or be subjected to any examination, for any place of employment, position or  
6 office in the civil service, for a period of twelve months, counting from the last  
7 day of his service as a temporary appointee: *Provided* that this shall not be  
8 construed to apply to any person who, at the time of his temporary appoint-  
9 ment, has completed the period of probation in the civil service for the place  
10 of employment, position or office of which he is the incumbent, occupant or  
11 holder, and for which place of employment, position or office his name was  
12 certified from an eligible list or register prepared or secured by competitive ex-  
13 amination.

Sec. 4. With the exception heretofore named, no temporary appointee  
2 shall be eligible for appointment to any place of employment, position or of-  
3 fice in the civil service for a period of one year, counting from the last day of  
4 his service as a temporary appointee.

Sec. 5. In original and promotional examinations for any place of em-  
2 ployment, position or office in the civil service, the oral part thereof shall not  
3 carry a mark to exceed one-fifth of the whole maximum mark obtainable in  
4 such examination.

Sec. 6. The members of the Civil Service Board or Civil Service Commis-  
2 sion shall be removed from office for failure to hold an examination for any place  
3 of employment, position or office, the vacancy of which is being or had been filled  
4 by temporary appointment and within forty (40) days from the day upon which  
5 public notice is given, as specified in section 7, that an eligible list or register

6 has not been obtained or secured from an examination for any place of employ-  
7 ment, position or office, the vacancy of which is being or had been filled by a  
8 temporary appointee, because none of the persons who took or who had been  
9 subjected to examination had obtained the minimum mark or minimum general  
10 average standing fixed by the rules of the board, commission, secretary, chief ex-  
11 aminer or superintendent of employment.

12 This section shall apply in the civil service to every place of employment, po-  
13 sition or office, the vacancy of which is or had been filled by temporary appoint-  
14 ment.

Sec. 7. Whenever in the civil service a place of employment, position or  
2 office is filled by temporary appointment, and an examination has been held for  
3 the place of employment, position or office, the markings shall be completed  
4 and the eligible list or register shall be posted in public within thirty (30) days  
5 from the date of examination.

Sec. 8. All appointments from eligible lists or registers shall be made in  
2 the order of standing thereon, the person standing highest on the eligible list or  
3 register to be appointed first, the next person to the person standing highest on  
4 the eligible list or register to be appointed second, and so on, whether such eligi-  
5 ble list or register shall have been secured or prepared by original or promotion-  
6 al examination.

Sec. 9. In promotion examinations certification shall be for the place of  
2 employment, position or office for which such examination was held. No certi-  
3 fication shall be made from an eligible list or register of a higher class or grade  
4 to a place of employment, position or office of a lower class or grade, when an  
5 eligible list or register for such place of employment, position or office of such  
6 lower class or grade exists.

Sec. 10. Any member of a Civil Service Commission or Board, secretary,  
2 chief examiner or superintendent of employment of such commission or board,

3 or one or more of them violating any provision of this Act or of any provision of  
4 any Act relating to civil service, shall be removed from office and the vacancy shall  
5 be filled as prescribed by the various Acts relating to civil service in case of va-  
6 cancy of such place of employment, position or office.

Sec. 11. Any one who has violated any of the provisions of this Act shall  
2 be ineligible to take any examination or hold, or to be the occupant of any place  
3 of employment, position or office under the authority of the State, or any of its  
4 municipal corporations, counties, towns, sanitary districts or bodies politic.

Sec. 12. All Acts or parts of Acts which are inconsistent with this Act, or  
2 any of the provisions thereof, are hereby repealed.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Merritt, March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Civil Service.

A BILL

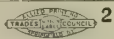
For an Act to amend sections 3 and 11 of an Act entitled, “An Act to regulate the civil service of the State of Illinois,” approved May 11, 1905, in force November 1, 1905, as amended by Act approved April 19, 1907, in force July 1, 1907, as amended by Act approved June 10, 1911, in force July 1, 1911.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That sections 3 and 11 of an Act entitled, “An Act to regulate the civil service of the State of Illinois,” approved May 11, 1905, in force July 1, 1907, as amended by Act approved April 19, 1907, in force July 1, 1907, as amended by Act approved June 10, 1911, in force July 1, 1911, be, and the same are, hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 3. Said commissioners shall classify all the offices and places of employment in the several charitable institutions of the State and in all institutions over which the Board of Administration now has or may hereafter have or exercise supervising or visitorial powers. The offices and places so classified shall constitute the classified civil service of the State and no appointments to any such offices or places shall be made except under and according to the rules hereinafter mentioned.



14        Sec. 11. All members of the Board of Administration, all employees in the  
15 office of the Board of Administration at Springfield, all members and employees  
16 of the State Charities Commission, all members of the boards of visitors of the  
17 several State charitable institutions, all superintendents of State charitable in-  
18 stitutions, all clerks, stenographers, stock-keepers, disbursement officers, book-  
19 keepers and laborers, at the State charitable institutions shall not be included  
20 in the classified civil service.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Mitchell, March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Civil Service.

A BILL

For an Act to regulate the civil service of counties.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
*represented in the General Assembly:* That in any and all counties of this State  
 which shall adopt this Act as hereinafter provided, all offices and places of  
 employment the salaries or wages for which are paid in whole or in part out of  
 funds appropriated by the county board of such county, except those exempted  
 in section 14 of this Act, shall be classified and filled in the manner herein  
 after provided for and not otherwise.

Sec. 2. In all counties of this State to which this Act is or shall become ap-  
 plicable, there is hereby created and established a county civil service com-  
 mission, hereinafter called the commission, to consist of three persons to be se-  
 lected and appointed in the manner following:

The president, or chairman, as the case may be, of the county board shall,  
 with the consent of a majority of the members of the county board, at a regu-  
 lar meeting within six months after July 1, A. D. 1915, appoint three persons,  
 not more than two of whom shall at any time belong to or be affiliated with the  
 same political party, who shall constitute and be known as the county civil serv-  
 ice commission of said county one for a term of one year from the date of his  
 appointment, one for a term of two years and one for a term of three years from  
 date of appointment and until their respective successors are appointed and  
 qualified, and at the expiration of the respective terms above named or soon  
 thereafter the president, or chairman, shall in like manner with the consent of  
 a majority of the members of the county board appoint one person as the suc-  
 cessor of the commissioner whose term shall then expire, to serve as a com-  
 missioner for three years and until his successor is in like manner appointed  
 and qualified: *Provided, however,* that the commissioners of any existing county  
 civil service commission in any county to which this Act applies, shall continue  
 to hold their respective offices until the expiration of their several terms, un-  
 less removed in accordance with the provisions of this Act. Each county civil  
 service commissioner, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall take  
 the oath prescribed by the constitution. Two members of the commission shall

23 constitute a quorum. No member of the commission shall hold any other lucra-  
24 tive office or employment under the United States, the State of Illinois or any  
25 municipal corporation or political division thereof. No county civil service com-  
26 missioner, now in office or hereafter appointed, shall be removed except for palp-  
27 able incompetence or malfeasance in office upon written charges and after an op-  
28 portunity to be heard in his own defense. Such charges shall be filed with the  
29 county board in and for the county for which such civil service commissioner or  
30 commissioners were appointed and shall be heard and determined by the said  
31 board. The findings and decision of said county board shall be final and cer-  
32 tified by said board to the president, or chairman of the county board, and if  
33 such charges are sustained the civil service commissioner so charged shall be  
34 forthwith removed from office by the president, or chairman, of said county board,  
35 who shall thereupon proceed to fill pursuant to law the vacancy created by such  
36 removal. In any proceedings provided for in this section said trial board, and the  
37 members thereof, shall have power to administer oaths to compel, by subpoena,  
38 the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books and  
39 papers. Any vacancy in the position of commissioner shall be filled by the presi-  
40 dent or chairman, as the case may be, by and with the advice and consent of  
41 a majority of the members of the county board so as to conform to the condi-  
42 tions prescribed for the first appointment of commissioners.

Sec. 3. The commission shall within six months after this Act goes into  
2 effect classify all offices and places of employment which this Act provides shall  
3 be classified. Such classification shall be made with reference to the duties of  
4 such offices and places for the purpose of establishing grades and of fixing  
5 and maintaining standards of examinations hereinafter provided for.  
6 The offices and places so classified by the commission shall constitute the classi-  
7 fied civil service of such county and no appointments to any of such offices or  
8 places shall be made except under and according to the provisions of this Act  
9 and of the rules hereinafter mentioned. As a part of such classified civil service  
10 all officers and employees of the commission, except special examiners, shall be



11 included: *Provided, however,* that all attending physicians and surgeons, who  
 12 serve without compensation, in any public institution in such county, devoted to  
 13 the care and treatment of the sick, poor and insane, and who are hereby made a  
 14 part of the classified civil service of such county, shall be appointed for such  
 15 term as the commission shall by rule prescribe, and that the physicians and  
 16 surgeons usually designated as internes, who are also hereby made a part of the  
 17 classified civil service of such county, shall be appointed for such term as the  
 18 commission shall by rule prescribe: *And, provided, further,* that there may  
 19 also, at the discretion of such county board, be a consulting staff of physicians  
 20 and surgeons, which staff shall be appointed by the county board, and that such  
 21 county board in its discretion may contract with any training school of recog-  
 22 nized standing for the nursing of any or all of the sick, poor and insane of such  
 23 county.

Sec. 4. The commission shall ascertain the duties of each office and place  
 2 in the classified civil service and designate by rule the grade of each position.  
 3 Each grade shall comprise offices and places having substantially similar duties.  
 4 The commission shall by rule indicate the lines of promotion from each lower  
 5 grade to a higher grade wherever the experience derived in the performance  
 6 of the duties of such lower grade tends to qualify for performance of duty in  
 7 such higher grade. The commission shall by rule prescribe standards of effi-  
 8 ciency for each grade and for examinations of candidates for appointment  
 9 thereto.

10 For the purpose of establishing uniformity of pay and title for all offices  
 11 and places of employment classified in the same grade, it shall be the duty of  
 12 the commission to prescribe by rule the maximum and minimum pay for each  
 13 grade and the title thereof, the starting salaries of all such positions, classi-  
 14 fied by the county civil service commission as falling within the same rank,  
 15 shall be uniform and shall be based upon similarity of duties, authority and re-  
 16 sponsibility. Said commission shall report to the county board, annually, and  
 17 at such other times as it may direct. the name and addresses of each officer

18 and employee paid more or less than the pay prescribed for his grade or design-  
19 nated by a title other than that prescribed for his grade by the commission.

20 The commission shall standardize employment in each grade and make and  
21 keep a record of the relative efficiency of each officer and employee in the  
22 classified civil service. It shall provide by rule, methods for ascertaining and  
23 verifying the facts from which such records of relative efficiency shall be made,  
24 which shall be uniform for each grade in the classified service. An officer or em-  
25 ployee occupying a position in the classified civil service of the county shall be-  
26 come eligible for an increase in salary after having served for a period of three  
27 (3) months after certification and appointment to the position: *Provided*, that  
28 nothing in this Act shall be construed to mean that it is obligatory upon any  
29 department head, commission or board, to increase the salary paid to any offi-  
30 cer or employee, who has served the minimum time heretofore specified.

31 Whenever there shall have been appropriated a larger sum or a higher an-  
32 nual salary for any office or place of employment in the classified civil service  
33 shall have been fixed than is specified in the rules of the county civil service  
34 commission as the maximum salary for such office or place of employment, no  
35 payment of salary in advance of said maximum shall be made to any officer  
36 or employee filling such office or place of employment until an eligible is certi-  
37 fied after examination for a rank, the salary limits of which as specified in the  
38 rules of the county civil service commission, include the amount appropriated.

Sec. 5. In any county which is now, or which hereafter may become, sub-  
2 ject to the provisions of this Act, all persons who at the time when this Act  
3 takes effect or becomes applicable, hold offices or places of employment which  
4 this Act provides shall be classified, shall be included under the provisions of this  
5 Act and shall become members of the classified civil service of such county,  
6 only upon original examination.

Sec. 6. The said commission shall make rules to carry out the purposes of  
2 this Act, and for examinations, appointments, transfers, leaves of absence, and  
3 removals and for maintaining and keeping records of the efficiency of officers

4 and employees, and groups of officers and employees, in accordance with the  
5 provisions of this Act, and said commission may from time to time make changes  
6 in such rules.

Sec. 7. All rules made as herein provided and all changes therein shall  
2 forthwith be printed for distribution by the commission, and it shall give no-  
3 tice of the places where said rules may be obtained, by publication in one or more  
4 daily newspapers published in such county and in each such publication shall  
5 specify the date not less than ten days subsequent to the date of such publica-  
6 tion, when said rules shall go into operation.

Sec. 8. All applicants for offices or places in said classified civil service,  
2 except those mentioned in section 14 thereof, shall be subjected to examination,  
3 which shall be public, competitive and free to all persons who may be lawfully  
4 appointed thereto with limitations specified in the rules of the commission as  
5 to residence, age, sex, health, habits, moral character and qualifications to per-  
6 form the duties of the office or place to be filled, which qualifications shall be  
7 prescribed in advance of such examination. Such examinations shall be practi-  
8 cal in their character, and shall relate to those matters which will fairly test the  
9 relative capacity of the persons examined to discharge the duties of the position  
10 to which they seek to be appointed, and may include tests of physical qualifi-  
11 cations and health and when appropriate, of manual skill. No question in any  
12 examination shall relate to political or religious opinions or affiliations. The  
13 commission shall control all examinations, and may, whenever an examination  
14 is to take place, designate a suitable number of persons, either in or not in the  
15 official service of the county to be examiners; and it shall be the duty of such  
16 examiners, and if in the official service it shall, without extra compensation, be  
17 a part of their official duty to conduct such examination as the commission may  
18 direct and to make return and report thereon to said commission; and the  
19 commission may at any time substitute any other person, whether or not in such  
20 service, in place of any one so selected; and the commission may themselves  
21 at any time, act as such examiners, and without appointing examiners. Said



commission shall, by rule, provide for and hold a sufficient number of examinations to provide a sufficient number of eligibles on the register for each grade or position in the classified civil service and if any place in the classified civil service becomes vacant, to which there is no person eligible for appointment, the commission shall immediately hold an examination for such position and repeat the same, if necessary, until a vacancy be filled in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Said commission may, in its discretion, cancel such portion of any register as has been in force for more than two years but not while any vacancy exists for the filling of which a requisition has been made upon the commission, and which can be filled from said register. Examinations for an eligible list for each position in the classified service above mentioned shall be held as often as necessary and at least once in two years. Said commission shall permanently preserve all written and printed questions and the answers thereto of any and all competitive examinations which shall be in writing and such papers and the record of examinations shall be open at all times to inspection.

Sec. 9. Notice of the time and place and general scope of every examination and of the duties, pay and nature of the position sought to be filled shall be given by the commission by publication, for two weeks preceding such examination, in a daily newspaper of general circulation published in the county, and such notice shall be posted by the commission in a conspicuous place in its office for two weeks before such examination. Such further notice of examinations may be given as the commission shall prescribe.

Sec. 10. From the return or reports of examiners, or from the examinations made by the commission, the commission shall prepare a register for each grade or class of position in the classified service of the county of persons who shall attain such minimum mark as may be fixed by the commission for any part of such examination and whose general average standing upon examination for such grade or class is not less than the minimum fixed by the rules of said commission, and who are otherwise eligible; and such persons shall take rank



8 upon the register as candidates in the order of their relative excellence as de-  
9 termined by examination, without reference to priority of time of examination.

Sec. 11. The commission shall note of record the duties (whether imposed  
2 by law, official regulation or practice) of each office or place in the classified  
3 service. It shall thereupon by rule fix lines for promotion from such several  
4 offices and places to superior offices or places in all cases where, in the judg-  
5 ment of the commission, the duties of such several positions directly tend to  
6 fit the incumbent for a superior position. In case of vacancy in superior offices  
7 or places, which cannot be filled by reinstatement, the commission shall hold pro-  
8 motion examinations to fill such vacancy. Incumbents of offices or places next  
9 lower in the line so fixed shall be solely eligible for such examination, unless in  
10 the judgment of the commission, to be noted in its minutes with the grounds  
11 therefor, it is for the best interest of the service that original examination for  
12 such vacancy be held. In promotion examinations, efficiency and seniority in  
13 service shall form a part of such examination, but combined shall not carry  
14 a total number of marks to exceed one-quarter of the maximum marks attain-  
15 able in such examination. All examinations for promotion shall be competi-  
16 tive. The method of examination, the rules governing the same, and the method  
17 of certifying shall be the same as provided for in original examination.

Sec. 12. Whenever a position classified under this Act is to be filled, the  
2 appointing officer shall make requisition upon said commission, and the com-  
3 mission shall certify to him the name and address of the candidate standing  
4 highest upon the register of eligibles for said position. The appointing offi-  
5 cer shall notify the commission of each position to be filled separately and  
6 shall fill such position by the appointment of the person certified to him by said  
7 commission therefor, which appointment shall be on probation for a period of  
8 not more than three months to be fixed by said rules. At any time during the  
9 period of probation, the appointing officer may discharge a person so certified  
10 and shall forthwith notify the commission in writing of such discharge. If such  
11 person is not thus discharged, his appointment shall be deemed final.

12 When there is no eligible list, the appointing officer may, with the authority  
13 of the commission, make temporary appointments to remain in force only until  
14 regular appointments under the provisions of this Act can be made and exam-  
15 inations to supply an eligible list therefor shall be held, and an eligible list es-  
16 tablished therefrom, within sixty days from the making of such appointments.

17 In employment of an essentially temporary and transitory nature, the  
18 appointing officer may, with the authority of the commission make temporary  
19 appointments to fill a vacancy, but no such authority shall be granted for a per-  
20 iod of more than thirty days, but it may be renewed from time to time by the  
21 commission. The commission shall include in its annual report, and if thereto  
22 required by the county board, in any special report, a statement of all tempo-  
23 rary authorities granted or renewed during the year or period specified by the  
24 county board, together with a statement of the facts in each case because of  
25 which such authority was granted.

26 The acceptance or refusal by an eligible person of a temporary appointment  
27 shall not affect his standing on the register for permanent appointment. In case  
28 of emergency, the sheriff or the coroner, when performing the duties of sheriff,  
29 may appoint such number of deputies as the public welfare demands for the  
30 preservation of peace, the protection of property and the enforcement of the  
31 law, which appointments may be made without the authority of the commission  
32 and only for such period of time as the emergency requires, and in such cases  
33 the civil service commission shall certify such emergency appointments.

Sec. 13. The commission may by its rules provide for transfers of officers  
2 and employees in the classified service from positions in one office or department  
3 to positions of the same class and grade in another office or department.  
4 Transfers which are in the nature of promotions shall be governed by section 11  
5 of this Act, and transfers which are in the nature of demotions shall be gov-  
6 erned by section 15 of this Act.

Sec. 14. The following officers and places of employment, in so far as there are or may be in such counties, shall not be included within the classified civil service, namely:

All elective officers, all officers whose appointment is provided for by the Constitution; judges, and officers appointed by judges of any court; the county attorney and assistant county attorneys; all duly licensed attorneys employed by or for any department or public official; all assistant State's attorneys in the State's attorney's office; and the attorney for the civil service commission: *Provided, however,* that officers and employees of any election commission or board of election commissioners in such county shall be included in said classified civil service; and that any person or persons now holding any office or position, which office or position is now in the classified civil service shall not be affected by the exemptions herein provided for but shall remain and be included in the classified civil service.

Sec. 15. No officer or employee in the classified civil service of the county shall be removed or discharged except for cause, upon written charges, and after an opportunity to be heard in his own defense. Such charges shall, within thirty days from the date of suspension under such charges, be investigated by or before the commission or by or before some officer or board appointed by the commission, to conduct such investigation. The hearing shall be public and the accused shall be entitled to call witnesses in his defense and to have the aid of counsel. The hearing may be postponed or continued with the consent of the accused. The finding and decision of the commission or of such investigating officer or board, when approved by said commission, shall be final and shall be certified to the appointing officer, and shall be forthwith enforced by such officer. Nothing in this Act shall limit the powers of any officer to suspend a subordinate for a reasonable period, not exceeding thirty days. Every such suspension shall be without pay: *Provided, however,* that the commission shall have authority to investigate every such suspension, and, in case of its disapproval thereof, it shall have power to restore pay to the employee so suspended.



17 ed. In the course of an investigation provided for in this Act, each member of  
18 the commission, and of any board so appointed by it, and any officer so appointed  
19 shall have the power to administer oaths and shall have power to secure by its  
20 subpoena both the attendance and testimony of witnesses, and the production  
21 of books and papers. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require such  
22 charges in case of laborers or in case of persons having the custody of public  
23 money for the safe keeping of which another person has given bonds.

Sec. 16. Immediate notice in writing shall be given by the appointing  
2 power to said commission of all appointments, permanent or temporary, made  
3 in such classified civil service and of all transfers, promotions, resignations, or  
4 vacancies from any cause in such service and of the date thereof, and a record  
5 of the same shall be kept by said commission. When any office or place of em-  
6 ployment is created or abolished, or the compensation attached thereto altered,  
7 the officer or board making such change shall immediately report it in writing  
8 to said commission. If, when created, such office, or place is not embraced  
9 in the then existing classification, the commission shall within thirty days of  
10 the receipt of said report, classify the same and standardize the duties thereof,  
11 But no place of employment shall be deemed a newly created position, the du-  
12 ties of which come within the scope of standardization already fixed by the com-  
13 mission.

Sec. 17. The commission shall investigate the efficiency of all officers and  
2 employees and of all groups of officers and employees in the classified service and  
3 shall report to each officer, board or other authority in charge of any institu-  
4 tion, office or department of the county government its findings and recommend-  
5 ations relative to increasing efficiency and economy therein. In case the recom-  
6 mendation made by the commission are not carried into effect within a reason-  
7 able time, or in case of a difference of opinion with reference to such findings  
8 or recommendations between the commission and the officer, board or authority  
9 in charge of an institution, office or department concerned in any such finding  
10 or recommendation, the report accompanied by a note of the relevant fact shall



11 be transmitted to the county board by the commission. The commission shall  
12 investigate the enforcement of this Act and of the rules of the commission, the  
13 conduct of the appointees in the classified service and the methods of admin-  
14 istration therein, and may investigate the nature, tenure and compensation of all  
15 offices and places in the civil service of the county. In the course of such in-  
16 vestigation each commissioner shall have power to administer oaths and said  
17 commission shall have power to secure by its subpoena, the attendance and  
18 testimony of witnesses and the production of books and papers.

Sec. 18. Said commission shall, on or before the 15th day of January  
2 of each year, make to the county board a report showing its own action, the  
3 rules in force, the practical effects thereof and any suggestions it may approve  
4 for the more effectual accomplishment of the purposes of this Act. The county  
5 board may require a report from said commission at any time.

Sec. 19. The commission shall select one of its own members to act as pres-  
2 ident and one as secretary of the commission. The secretary shall keep the min-  
3 utes of the commission, preserve all records and perform such other duties as  
4 the commission may direct.

Sec. 20. All officers of the county shall aid the commission in all proper  
2 ways in carrying out the provisions of this Act and at any place where examin-  
3 ations are to be held shall allow reasonable use of public buildings for holding  
4 such examinations. The county board shall cause suitable rooms to be provid-  
5 ed for the commission at the expense of the county.

Sec. 21. Each of said commissioners shall receive as a salary in counties  
2 of the first class not less than one thousand (\$1,000) dollars per annum and the  
3 president of the commission shall receive not less than fifteen hundred (\$1,500)  
4 dollars a year; in counties of the second class each commissioner shall receive as  
5 a salary a sum not less than twelve hundred (\$1,200) dollars a year and the  
6 president of the commission shall receive not less than eighteen hundred

7 (\$1,800) dollars a year; and in counties of the third class, each commissioner  
8 shall receive as a salary a sum not less than three thousand (\$3,000) dollars a  
9 year and the president of the commission shall receive not less than five thou-  
10 sand (\$5,000) dollars per year.

Sec. 22. A sufficient sum of money shall be appropriated each year by the  
2 county board to carry out the provisions of this Act; and the county board  
3 shall allow to said commission such clerical help and such sums to operate and  
4 maintain said office as shall be necessary, and the compensation of such cleri-  
5 cal help and such sums allowed shall be paid by the county as other county  
6 charges. If the board shall have already made the annual appropriation for  
7 county purposes for the current fiscal year the board is authorized and required  
8 to pay the salaries and expenses of the commission for such fiscal year out of  
9 moneys appropriated for contingent purposes by said board.

10 Any person not at the time in the official service of the county, serving as  
11 a member of the board of examiners or of an investigating board, shall receive  
12 compensation for every day actually and necessarily spent in the discharge of  
13 his duty as an examiner or a member of the investigating board, at the rate of  
14 five dollars per day, and the commission may, in such county, also incur nec-  
15 essary expenses for clerk hire, printing, stationery and other incidental mat-  
16 ters.

Sec. 23. No person or officer shall wilfully or corruptly, by himself, or in  
2 co-operation with one or more persons, defeat, deceive or obstruct any person  
3 in respect to his or her right of examination hereunder; or corruptly or false-  
4 ly mark, grade, estimate or report upon the examination or the proper stand-  
5 ing of any person examined hereunder, or aid in so doing; or wilfully or  
6 corruptly make any false representation concerning the same or concerning  
7 the person examined; or wilfully or corruptly furnish to any person any special  
8 or secret information for the purpose of either improving or injuring the pros-  
9 pects or chances of any person so examined, or to be examined, being appoint-  
10 ed, employed or promoted. And no applicant for any examination shall wilfully

11 or corruptly by himself, or in co-operation with one or more persons, deceive the  
12 said commission with reference to his identity, or wilfully or corruptly make  
13 any false representations in his application for any examination, or commit any  
14 fraud for the purpose of improving his prospects or chances in such examina-  
15 tion.

Sec. 24. No officer or employee shall solicit, orally, or by letter, or receive,  
2 or be in any manner concerned in soliciting or receiving any assessment, sub-  
3 scription or contribution from any member of the classified civil service for any  
4 party or political purpose whatever.

Sec. 25. No person shall solicit, orally, or by letter or be in any manner  
2 concerned in soliciting any assessment, contribution or payment for any party  
3 or any political purpose whatever, from any officer or employee in the classi-  
4 fied civil service.

Sec. 26. No person shall, in any room or building occupied for the dis-  
2 charge of official duties by any officer or employee in the county, solicit orally  
3 or by written communication, delivered therein, or in any other manner, or re-  
4 ceive any contribution of money or other thing of value, for any party or poli-  
5 tical purpose whatever, from any member of the classified civil service. No  
6 officer, agent, clerk or employee under the government of any such county, who  
7 may have charge or control of any building, office or room, occupied for any  
8 purpose of said government shall permit any person to enter the same for the  
9 purpose of therein soliciting or delivering written solicitations for or receiving  
10 from or giving notice to any member of the classified civil service of the county  
11 of any political assessments.

Sec. 27. No officer or employee in the service of any such county shall,  
2 directly or indirectly, give or hand over to any officer or employee in said classi-  
3 fied civil service or to any senator or representative or alderman, councilman or  
4 commissioner, any money or other valuable thing, on account of or to be applied  
5 to the promotion of any party or political object whatever.



Sec. 28. No person who holds any public office, or who has been nominated

2 for, or who seeks a nomination or appointment to any public office, shall cor-  
3 ruptly use or promise to use either directly or indirectly, any official authority  
4 or influence in order to secure or aid any person in securing for himself or  
5 for another, any office or public employment, or any nomination, confirma-  
6 tion, promotion or increase of salary as a reward for political influence or service.  
7 Nor shall he by means of threats or coercion induce or seek to induce any one  
8 in the classified service to resign his position, or to take a leave of absence,  
9 or any one at the head of any eligible list to waive his right to certification or  
10 appointment. No employee shall be given a leave of absence while under  
11 charges, nor shall such leave be given as an alternative to a trial on charges.

12 No person appointed, or about to be appointed to the position of civil serv-  
13 ice commissioner shall execute or sign a resignation in advance, dated or un-  
14 dated, for the purpose or with the result of permitting the appointing power to  
15 create at his will a vacancy in the office of civil service commissioner.

Sec. 29. No applicant for appointment in said classified service, or to a

2 position named in the fourteenth section of this Act, shall pay or promise to  
3 pay, either directly or indirectly, any money or other valuable thing to any  
4 person whatever for or on account of his appointment, or proposed appoint-  
5 ment, and no officer or employee in said classified service, or named in section  
6 fourteen of this Act shall pay or promise to pay, either directly or indirectly,  
7 any money or other valuable thing, to any person, whatever, for or on account  
8 of his promotion or proposed promotion.

Sec. 30. No applicant for appointment or promotion in the classified service

2 shall ask for or receive a recommendation or assistance from any officer or em-  
3 ployee in said service, or from any person in consideration of any political  
4 service, to be rendered to or for such person or for the promotion of such  
5 person to any office or appointment.



Sec. 31. The commission shall certify to the county clerk or other auditing officer all appointments to offices and places in the classified services, and all vacancies occurring therein, whether by dismissal, resignation or death.

Sec. 32. No county clerk, comptroller, treasurer, paymaster, auditing officer or other officer or agent of such county shall approve the payment of, or be in any manner concerned in paying any salary or wage to any person for services as an officer or employee in the public service covered by this Act, unless an estimate, pay roll or account for such salary or wage, containing the names of the persons to be paid and a statement of the amount to be paid, and the matter on account of which the same is to be paid, shall be filed with him, bearing the certificates of said commission that the persons named in such estimate, pay roll or account have been appointed or employed in pursuance of law and of rules made in pursuance of this Act. Before said commission shall certify any estimate, pay roll or account for the salary or wage of any person appointed to any new office or new place of employment in the classified service, said commission shall investigate and determine whether such office or place of employment is in fact new and was properly created, and said commission shall record its findings in that respect, before making any certificate as aforesaid.

Sec. 33. Any person who shall be served with a subpoena to appear and testify or to produce books and papers, issued by the commission or by any commissioners, or by any board or person acting under the orders of the commission in the course of an investigation conducted, under any provision of this Act and who shall refuse or neglect to appear or testify, or to produce books and papers relevant to said investigation, as commanded in such subpoena, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction, be punished as provided in the thirty-fourth section of this Act. The fees of witnesses for attendance and travel shall be the same as the fees of witnesses before the circuit courts, and shall be paid from the appropriation for the expenses of the commission, and any circuit court or any judge thereof, either in term time or vacation, upon

12 application of any such commissioner or officer or board, may, in his discre-  
13 tion, compel the attendance of witnesses, the production of books and papers,  
14 and giving of testimony before the commission, or before any such commission-  
15 ers, investigating board or officer by attachment, or contempt, or otherwise,  
16 in the same manner as the production of evidence may be compelled before said  
17 court. Every person who, having taken an oath or made affirmation before a  
18 commissioner or officer appointed by the commission authorized to administer  
19 oaths, shall swear or affirm wilfully, corruptly and falsely, shall be guilty of  
20 perjury, and upon conviction shall be punished accordingly.

Sec. 34. Any person who shall wilfully or through culpable negligence, vio-  
late any of the provisions of this Act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and  
shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not less than \$50 and not  
exceeding \$1,000, or by imprisonment in the county jail for a term not ex-  
ceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of  
the court.

Sec. 35. If any person shall be convicted under the last preceding section,  
any public office or place of public employment which such person may hold,  
shall, by force of such conviction, be rendered vacant.

Sec. 36. Prosecutions for violations of this Act may be instituted either  
by the Attorney General, the State's attorney for the county in which the offense  
is alleged to have been committed, or by the commission acting through spe-  
cial counsel. Such suits shall be conducted and controlled by the prosecuting of-  
ficers who institute them, unless they request the aid of other prosecuting of-  
fices.

Sec. 37. Persons who were engaged in the military and naval service of  
the United States during the years 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864 or 1865, and who were  
honorably discharged therefrom, shall be preferred for appointment to civil  
offices, provided they are found to possess the business capacity necessary for

5 the proper discharge of the duties of such office, and it shall be the duty of the  
6 examiner or commissioner certifying the list of eligibles who have taken the  
7 examinations provided for in this Act, to place the name or names of such  
8 persons at the head of the list of eligibles to be certified for appointment.

Sec. 38. The provisions of this Act shall not apply to any county, until this  
2 Act shall have been adopted by a vote of the people of the county at a regular  
3 or special election where any county officers are to be elected, and then only on the  
4 petition of at least one thousand qualified electors of the county, addressed to  
5 county clerk or election commissioners, as the case may be, praying for the  
6 submission of the question of the adoption of this Act; the votes cast shall be  
7 counted and canvassed and returned as in the case of the election of county  
8 officers. If a majority of the votes cast upon the question shall be for this Act,  
9 this Act shall thereafter be in force in said county.

Sec. 39. All laws or parts of laws which are inconsistent with this Act or  
2 any of the provisions thereof are hereby repealed.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Mitchell, March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Banks, Banking and Building and Loan Associations.

A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, “An Act to revise the law in relation to the State Treasurer,” approved April 23, 1873, in force July 1, 1873, and subsequent Acts amendatory thereof, by amending section one (1) thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, “An Act to revise the law in relation to the State Treasurer,” approved April 23, 1873, in force July 1, 1873, as subsequently amended, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section one (1) thereof so that the said section when amended shall read as follows:

Sec. 1. That the State Treasurer shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, give bond *of a reliable surety or bonding company*, to be approved by the Governor and two justices of the Supreme Court, payable to the People of the State of Illinois, in the penal sum of \$500,000.00, conditioned for the faithful discharge of his duties and to deliver up all moneys, papers, books, records and all other property appertaining to his office, whole, safe and undefaced, to his successor in office, and that he will give additional bond *also executed by a reliable surety or bonding company* when legally required; which bonds shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Mitchell, March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Banks, Banking and  
Building and Loan Associations.

A BILL

For an Act to create a Finance Commission and to regulate the deposit of State funds.

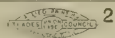
SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the Governor, Auditor of Public  
3 Accounts, Attorney General and Secretary of State shall constitute a commission  
4 to be known as the Finance Commission and shall have charge and direction of  
5 the deposit of all funds of the State. The Governor shall be *ex officio* chairman  
6 of said commission.

Sec. 2. Annually during the month of December the Finance Commission  
2 shall cause advertisement to be made for bids for deposits of State funds. Na-  
3 tional, State and private banks located within the State may bid for such de-  
4 posits and the Finance Commission shall award funds at the highest rate of in-  
5 terest offered by any qualified bank to such banks as shall be qualified as depos-  
6 itories: *Provided*, that not to exceed \$. . . . . shall be deposited in any  
7 single depository.

Sec. 3. Every depository besides being entirely solvent as disclosed by an  
2 examination made prior to the deposit of any State funds shall be required to  
3 furnish surety bonds to be approved by the Finance Commission ample to cover  
4 all deposits of State funds made therein.

Sec. 4. All of the interest on every deposit shall be credited to such deposit  
2 monthly and a statement issued showing the principal, interest and all transac-  
3 tions during the month and transmitted to the Governor and Auditor of Public  
4 Accounts.

Sec. 5. Nothing in this Act contained shall be held to prevent the State  
2 Treasurer from withdrawing any or all of said moneys so deposited, for the pur-  
3 pose of paying the appropriations and obligations of the State, and nothing  
4 herein contained shall in any way affect the duty of the State Treasurer to keep  
5 a correct and accurate account of all moneys received for the use of the State, and  
6 to pay out same only on authority of law; but the State Treasurer shall be, as  
7 heretofore, personally responsible for the faithful performance of his duties  
8 under the law and for a proper accounting of all moneys paid to him as State  
9 Treasurer.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. O'Connell (by request), March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on License and Mis-  
cellany.

A BILL

For an Act to regulate the pursuit of the profession and avocation of a piano tuner,  
and to insure the better qualifications of persons following such business in the  
State of Illinois.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
*represented in the General Assembly:* That it shall be unlawful for any person  
to follow the occupation of piano tuning in this State unless he shall first have  
obtained a certificate of registration as provided in this Act: *Provided, how-*  
*ever,* that nothing contained in this Act shall apply to, or affect any person who  
is now actually engaged in such occupation, except as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. A board of examiners, to consist of three (3) persons, is hereby  
created to carry out and enforce the provisions of this Act. Said board shall be  
appointed by the Governor and shall consist of practical piano tuners who have  
been for at least ten (10) years prior to their appointment engaged in occupation  
of piano tuning. Each member of said board shall serve a term of two (2)  
years, except in the case of the first board, whose members shall serve one (1),



7 two (2), and three (3), years respectively, and shall take the oath provided for  
8 public officers. Vacancies shall be filled by the Governor for the unexpired por-  
9 tion of the term.

Sec. 3. Said board shall elect a president, secretary and treasurer, shall  
2 have a common seal, and shall have the power to administer oath. The office of  
3 secretary and treasurer may be filled by the same person, as said board may  
4 determine. The secretary and treasurer shall give a bond in the sum of one  
5 thousand (\$1,000) dollars with sureties approved by the Secretary of State, con-  
6 ditional for the faithful performance of the duties of the office.

Sec. 4. Each member of said board shall receive a compensation of six  
2 (\$6.00) dollars per day and actual expenses for actual service, and mileage for  
3 each mile actually traveled in attending the meetings of the board, which com-  
4 pensation shall be paid out of the moneys in the hands of the treasurer of said  
5 board, provided that said compensation and mileage shall in no event be paid  
6 out of the State treasury.

Sec. 5. Said board shall hold practical examinations at least four (4)  
2 times each year, said examinations to be held in cities in different parts of the  
3 State, distributed as evenly as possible for the convenience of the applicants,  
4 and such other examinations at such times and places as they may from time  
5 to time determine. Whenever complaint is made that any piano tuner is prac-  
6 ticing without a certificate of registration, a member of the board shall visit  
7 or locate such person or persons, and enforce a record of all its proceedings,  
8 shall also show if such applications of applicants are registered or rejected by  
9 examination, or otherwise, such book shall be *prima facie* evidence of all matters  
10 required to be kept therein.

Sec. 6. Said board shall file with the Governor on the first (1st) day of  
2 July of each year an itemized statement of all the receipts and expenses of the  
3 board for the year.

Sec. 7. All those now actually engaged in the occupation as piano tuner in this State shall within ninety (90) days after the approval of this Act, file with said board an affidavit setting forth his name, residence and length of time and the place where he has practiced the profession, and shall pay to the secretary of said board the fee of one (\$1.00) dollar and a certificate of registration shall be granted to him, authorizing him to practice as piano tuner in this State until the next succeeding regular meeting of said board. Any person desiring to obtain a certificate of registration under this Act shall make application to such board therefor, pay to the treasurer of said board an examination fee of ten (\$10.00) dollars, present himself at the next regular meeting of the board for the examination of applicants and if he shows that he has studied and practiced the profession for five (5) years as an apprentice under one or more practicing piano tuners or at least five (5) years in this State or other states, and that he is possessed of the requisite skill in such profession to properly perform the duties of piano tuning, his name shall be entered by the board in the register hereinafter provided for, and a certificate of registration shall be issued to him authorizing him to practice said profession in this State.

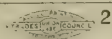
Sec. 8. Nothing in this Act shall prohibit any person from serving as an apprentice in said profession under a piano tuner authorized to practice the same under this Act: *Provided*, that such apprentice shall apply to said board to have his name registered with said board in a book which shall be kept by the board for the registering of apprentices and secure a permit to practice as an apprentice under the instructions of a qualified piano tuner. After having practiced the profession for five (5) years under a qualified piano tuner, such apprentice shall be eligible to become a registered piano tuner and present himself at the next meeting of the board held nearest to him for the examination of applicants, and pay the fee of ten (\$10.00) dollars for examination as provided in section seven (7).

Sec. 9. Said board shall furnish to each person to whom a certificate of registration is issued, a card or an insignia bearing the seal of the board and

3 the signature of the president and secretary, certifying that the holder thereof  
4 is entitled to practice the occupation of piano tuner in this State, and it shall be  
5 the duty of the holder of such card or insignia to post or wear the same in a  
6 conspicuous place where it may readily be seen by all persons whom he may  
7 serve. Said card or insignia shall be renewed on or before the first day of  
8 July in each year, and the holder of said certificate of registration shall pay to  
9 the treasurer of said board the sum of one (\$1.00) dollar for said renewal card  
10 or insignia. Upon failure of any holder of a certificate of registration to apply  
11 for a renewal of his card or insignia on or before the first day of July in each  
12 year, his said certificate of registration may be revoked by said board.

Sec. 10. Said board shall keep a register in which shall be entered the names  
2 of all persons to whom certificates are issued under this Act, and said register  
3 shall be at all times open to public inspection.

Sec. 11. Any person practicing the occupation of piano tuning in this State  
2 without having obtained a certificate of registration, as provided by this Act,  
3 is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by  
4 a fine of not less than ten (\$10.00) dollars nor more than one hundred (\$100.00)  
5 dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than ten (10) days nor  
6 more than ninety (90) days.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. O'Rourke (by request), March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Public Utilities and Transportation.

## A BILL

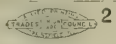
For an Act to amend section 1 of an Act entitled, "An Act to establish and regulate the maximum rate of charges for the transportation of passengers by corporations or companies operating or controlling railroads in part or in whole in this State, and to provide penalties for the violations of the provisions thereof, and repealing all Acts and parts of Acts in conflict herewith," approved May 27th, 1907, in force July 1st, 1907, as amended by an Act of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois, approved June 27, 1913, in force July 1st, 1913.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section 1 of an Act entitled, "An  
3 Act to establish and regulate the maximum rate of charges for the transportation  
4 of passengers by corporations or companies operating or controlling railroads  
5 in part or in whole in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of the  
6 provisions thereof, and repealing all Acts and parts of Acts in conflict herewith,"  
7 approved May 27, 1907, in force July 1, 1907, as amended by an Act of the Gen-  
8 eral Assembly of the State of Illinois, approved June 27, 1913, in force July 1, 1913,  
9 is hereby amended to read as follows:



10       Sec. 1. That it shall hereafter be unlawful for any corporation or company  
11 engaged in the carriage of passengers upon any railroad between points in  
12 this State, to charge in excess of two and one-half ( $2\frac{1}{2}$ ) cents per mile for the  
13 carriage of adult passengers where any passenger has purchased a ticket entitl-  
14 ing him to carriage, or in excess of one and one-quarter ( $1\frac{1}{4}$ ) cents per mile for  
15 the carriage of a passenger under twelve (12) years of age where such passen-  
16 ger has purchased a ticket entitling him to carriage: *Provided*, that the charge  
17 in no case shall be less than five cents (5c), and in determining the charge frac-  
18 tions of less than one-half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) mile shall be disregarded and all other fractions  
19 counted as one (1) mile. If any adult passenger shall have failed to purchase  
20 a ticket entitling him to carriage, a rate of three (3) cents per mile may be  
21 charged and collected; and if any passenger under twelve (12) years of age shall  
22 have failed to purchase a ticket entitling him to carriage a rate of one and one-  
23 half ( $1\frac{1}{2}$ ) cents per mile may be charged and collected.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. O'Rourke, March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

A BILL

For an Act to create an emergency fund to be used for the suppression and prevention of the spread of contagious and infectious diseases among domestic animals in this State when the same shall become necessary.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of two hundred thousand (\$200,000.00) dollars be, and the same is, hereby appropriated out of any money in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be used for the suppression and prevention of the spread of dangerously contagious and infectious diseases among domestic animals in the State of Illinois. The sum herein appropriated is to be in addition to the regular biennial appropriation to the State Board of Live Stock Commissioners, and is to be held as an emergency fund to be used by said State Board of Live Stock Commissioners for the purposes herein provided whenever the Governor, at his discretion, shall determine that an emergency exists, rendering the use of said fund necessary and advisable.

Sec. 2. Whenever the Governor shall determine that an emergency exists, rendering the use of the fund herein provided, necessary, he shall issue a procla-

3 mation to that effect, setting forth therein the nature of the conditions so existing  
4 and directing the State Board of Live Stock Commissioners to take such action  
5 as may be deemed necessary to suppress the disease causing said conditions.

Sec. 3. Upon the issue of such proclamation by the Governor, the fund  
2 herein provided shall immediately become available for the purposes set forth in  
3 section one (1) of this Act, and the Auditor of Public Accounts shall draw his  
4 warrants on the State Treasurer to be paid out of the emergency fund hereby  
5 created, upon presentation of proper bills issued by the State Board of Live Stock  
6 Commissioners, signed by its chairman and approved by the Governor, and the  
7 Treasurer is hereby directed to pay such warrants out of said fund.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Pace, March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend section 12 of an Act entitled, "An Act to establish and maintain the Western Illinois State Normal School," approved April 24, 1899, in force July 1, 1899.

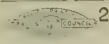
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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That section twelve (12) of an Act entitled, "An Act to establish and maintain the Western Illinois State Normal School," approved April 24, 1899, and in force July 1, 1899, be amended so as to read as follows:

6       Sec. 12. The board of trustees shall appoint instructors and such officers  
7 as may be required in said school, fix their respective salaries, prescribe their  
8 several duties, and shall have power to remove any of them for proper cause.  
9 It shall prescribe the text books, apparatus and furniture to be used in said  
10 school, and provide the same, and shall make all rules and regulations necessary  
11 for its management. It shall, upon the recommendation of the faculty of said  
12 institution, issue diplomas to such persons as shall have satisfactorily completed  
13 the required studies, and confer such professional degrees as are usually con-  
14 ferred by other institutions of like character for similar or equivalent courses  
15 of study.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Pierson, March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

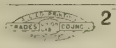
For an Act to amend an Act entitled, “An Act to provide for, and fix the compensation of the members of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois,” approved December 6, 1907, in force July 1, 1908.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, “An Act to provide for, and fix the compensation of the members of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois,” approved December 6, 1907, in force July 1, 1908, be and the same is hereby amended by amending sections 1 and 2 thereof so that the said sections 1 and 2 when amended shall read as follows:

Sec. 1. That the members of the General Assembly elected in the year 1916 and *thereafter* elected shall receive for the period for which the members of the House of Representatives of the General Assembly are elected, the sum of two thousand *five hundred* (\$2,500) dollars, payable during the first regular session of the General Assembly held after the general election for members of the House of Representatives and a *sum not exceeding the actual cost of transportation for not exceeding fourteen trips of the member, including sleeping car*

14 *transportation when used, in going from his place of residence to and return-*  
15 *ing from the seat of government at each session, upon a verified statement of*  
16 *account rendered by the member, to be audited by the Auditor of Public Ac-*  
17 *counts and also one hundred (\$100) dollars per session for each member which*  
18 *shall be in full for stationery, newspapers, postage and all other incidental ex-*  
19 *penses.*

20       Sec. 2. The pay and *cost of transportation* allowed to each member of the  
21 General Assembly shall be certified to by the President of the Senate and the  
22 Speaker of the House of Representatives and entered upon the journals and  
23 published at the close of the session.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Pierson, March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, “An Act to provide for the organization of park districts and the transfer of submerged lands to those bordering on navigable bodies of water,” approved June 24, 1895, in force July 1, 1895, by adding thereto a section providing for the dissolution of a park district formed under the provisions of said Act.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, “An Act to provide for the organization of park districts and the transfer of submerged lands to those bordering on navigable bodies of water,” approved June 24, 1895, in force July 1, 1895, be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto ~~the~~ following section.

Sec. 40. *Any park district heretofore or hereafter organized under the provisions of this Act may be dissolved and discontinued upon like petition, proceedings and election as is provided in this Act for the organization of such park districts; and upon such dissolution all commissioners and officers of such park district; whether the term or terms for which they have been elected or appoint-*



ed, as the case may be, shall have expired or not, shall cease to have any power or authority, and all parks theretofore established by such park district and all other lands owned or controlled by such park district, shall rest in and shall be controlled by the city, town or village wherein such parks and other lands are located, and for the purpose of closing up the business affairs of such park district, the members of the city council, board of trustees or town board, as the case may be, of the city, village or town wherein all, or the greater part of such park district is located, are hereby constituted the park commissioners of such park district and they shall act without compensation. They shall proceed to close up the business affairs of such park district and shall have all the powers of the former park commissioners, before said dissolution, that shall be necessary therefor, and shall have power to levy taxes for the purpose of paying out standing debts, obligations or liabilities, and the necessary expenses of closing up the business of such park district.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Arthur Roe, March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act for an appropriation to enable the State Auditor to examine assessors of taxes and other revenue officers and prosecute violations under the revenue law.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That there be and is hereby appropriat-  
3 ed to the Auditor of Public Accounts the sum of ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars  
4 for the purpose of making examination and prosecuting violations under section  
5 two hundred and seventy (270) of "An Act for the assessment of property and  
6 for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1,  
7 1872.

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to draw his war-  
2 rants upon the State Treasurer for the above appropriated sum or so much there-  
3 of as shall be necessary for the purpose provided in section one (1) hereof, and  
4 the State Treasurer is authorized and directed to pay the same out of any funds  
5 in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 3. Whereas the tax books are now in the hands of taxing officers and  
2 require investigation under the section of the Revenue Law stated in section one  
3 (1) hereof, therefore an emergency exists and this Act shall take effect from and  
4 after its passage and approval.





1 Introduced by Mr. Santry, March 16, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Public Utilities and  
Transportation.

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## A BILL

For an Act to promote the safety of passengers riding or traveling upon the electric railway cars within the State and providing for a penalty for the violation of the provisions of said Act.

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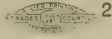
SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That from and after the taking effect of  
3 this Act, every electric railway car used or operated for the carrying of passen-  
4 gers for hire within this State, shall be provided and equipped with safety appli-  
5 ances so constructed, arranged and operated, as to securely guard and protect  
6 all exits or outward passageways at all times when the car is in motion each of  
7 said safety appliances to comprise a movable barrier, the operation of which shall  
8 be subject to the control of an authorized attendant: *Provided, however,* that the  
9 foregoing requirements shall not apply to passageways intended and used as  
10 entrances only, nor to any, except those used by the passengers to step directly  
11 and immediately from the car.



Sec. 2. Any person, company, corporation or association or any agent of  
2 any person or any agent or officer of any company, corporation or association who  
3 shall use, run or operate any electric railway car in this State, in violation of any  
4 of the provisions of this Act, shall, upon conviction thereof in a court of competent  
5 jurisdiction, be fined the sum of not less than twenty-five (\$25) dollars nor more  
6 than one hundred (\$100) dollars for each day or part of a day during which said  
7 car is so run, used or operated in violation of any of the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 3. All former Acts or parts of Acts in conflict herewith, are hereby re-  
2 pealed: And this Act shall take effect and be in force on and after the first day  
3 of October, A. D. 1915.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Smejkal (by request), March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Agriculture.

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## A BILL

For an Act entitled an Act to amend section 8 of an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to the suppression and prevention of the spread of contagious and infectious diseases among domestic animals," approved June 14, 1909; in force July 1, 1909.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section 8 of an Act entitled, "An  
3 Act to revise the law in relation to the suppression and prevention of the  
4 spread of contagious and infectious diseases among domestic animals," be, and  
5 the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

6     Sec. 8. All claims against the State arising from the slaughter of animals  
7 as herein provided for, shall be made to the Board of Live Stock Commission-  
8 ers under such rules, *not inconsistent with this Act, as they may prescribe; and*  
9 *unless otherwise provided by law, upon claim being presented to said board,*  
10 *the value of animals slaughtered shall be appraised under oath, by three com-*  
11 *petent and disinterested appraisers, one to be selected by the Board of Live*  
12 *Stock Commissioners, one by the claimant and one by the county judge of the*

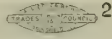
13 county in which said animals were slaughtered; and it shall be the duty of the  
 14 board, upon claim being presented, to give notice to the claimant and the said  
 15 county judge to appoint, and the said board, the claimant and the said county  
 16 judge shall appoint said appraisers within five days after receipt of said notice,  
 17 and said appraisement shall take place at a time and place to be fixed by the  
 18 State Veterinarian and in the presence of the State Veterinarian or one of his  
 19 assistants; the State Veterinarian is hereby authorized to administer an oath  
 20 to said appraisers, to fairly and impartially appraise said animals if of the  
 21 bovine species, and fix the fair cash value thereof in health, for beef, dairy and  
 22 breeding purposes, in no event to exceed two hundred fifty (\$250) dollars for  
 23 any one animal, nor to exceed an average value of two hundred (\$200) dollars  
 24 for any herd, or if of the equine species, their fair cash market value in health,  
 25 in no event to exceed two hundred fifty (\$250) dollars for any one animal, nor  
 26 to exceed an average value of two hundred (\$200) dollars for any herd, or if  
 27 sheep or swine, their fair cash market value in health for meat or breeding  
 28 purposes, in no event to exceed fifty (\$50) dollars for any one animal, nor to ex-  
 29 ceed an average value of forty (\$40) dollars for any flock or herd, upon such in-  
 30 spection, hearing and inquiry as to the value of said animals as the said ap-  
 31 praisers shall deem necessary for that purpose; provided, however, that no  
 32 value other than the market utility value of any animal shall be allowed or fixed  
 33 unless a certificate of registration issued by the registry association, of the  
 34 breed of such animal, recognized by the United States Government, is fur-  
 35 nished to the appraisers, and said appraisers shall report under oath the value  
 36 of said animals, together with a statement of the evidence or facts upon which  
 37 said appraisement is based, and said board shall certify the same to the Gover-  
 38 sor for his approval, and if the Governor shall find that said appraisers have  
 39 proceeded in accordance with law, he shall approve the same for payment, and  
 40 the Auditor of Public Accounts shall, upon presentation of the same to him,

41 *thereupon issue his warrant upon the State Treasurer for the amount fixed by*  
42 *said appraisers in favor of the owner of the animals.*

Sec. 2. Whereas, an emergency exists on account of the prevalence of foot  
2 and mouth disease in the State of Illinois, this Act shall be in effect from and  
3 after its passage.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Tice (by request), March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to provide for the incorporation of co-operative associations for pecuniary profit.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That any five or more persons who may  
3 be desirous of uniting as mechanics, laborers, agriculturists, or any other ca-  
4 pacity in any co-operative association for the purpose of purchasing of or sell-  
5 ing to all shareholders and others, all manner of groceries, provisions and any  
6 other articles or merchandise, for cash or otherwise at such reasonable prices  
7 over the cost thereof as will enable the members of such association to obtain  
8 or dispose of such commodities at the smallest practicable rate of cost and also,  
9 if desired, to manufacture any such articles of trade or merchandise such as flour,  
10 meal, boots, shoes, clothing, groceries and to vend same as aforesaid, or for the  
11 purpose of cultivating and raising vegetables, fruits or other products, or ani-  
12 mals for food for said members or to vend same as aforesaid, or who may be de-  
13 sirous of engaging as shareholders in any association for the conducting of a  
14 general agricultural or horticultural business, or any combination of the two for  
15 the purpose of growing or producing general or special agricultural, horticul-

16 tural, orchard, garden, nursery or dairy produce, or for the manufacture and  
 17 sale, or the sale, or the purchasing of or the dealing in any of the commodities in  
 18 this section mentioned either at wholesale or retail, either for the use of such  
 19 shareholders or for sale to other persons, or who may be desirous of becoming  
 20 interested in other like associations—may become incorporated for that purpose  
 21 by making a statement to that effect under their hands and seals duly acknowl-  
 22 edged before some officer authorized to take acknowledgments, setting forth the  
 23 name of the proposed association, its capital stock, its location, and duration of  
 24 the association and the particular branches of business which it intends to prose-  
 25 cute, which statement shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State.

26 The Secretary of State shall thereupon issue to such persons a license as  
 27 commissioners to open books for subscription to the capital stock of such associ-  
 28 ation at such time and place as they may determine.

Sec. 2. No person shall be permitted to subscribe for more than five shares  
 2 of the capital stock of such association, nor shall any person be permitted to  
 3 own or control more than five shares of the capital stock of such association. The  
 4 shares of stock shall be not less than five dollars nor more than one hundred dol-  
 5 lars a share, and subscriptions thereto shall be made payable to the association  
 6 at such time or times and in such manner as shall be determined by the directors.  
 7 No stock shall be issued except at its par value and no stock shall be issued in  
 8 amount to exceed five hundred dollars to any one shareholder, except as herein-  
 9 after provided for in section 12 of this Act.

Sec. 3. Corporations organized under this Act may provide in their by-laws  
 2 that when a shareholder is desirous of disposing of his stock, he shall first give  
 3 the corporation an opportunity to purchase the same, after reasonable notice;  
 4 and nothing in this Act shall be construed as prohibiting or preventing the mak-  
 5 ing of an agreement between the subscribers or purchasers of such shares that  
 6 they and each of the subscribers to the shares of capital stock of such corpora-  
 7 tion, and subsequent purchasers of shares shall, before disposing of their shares,  
 8 give to the said corporation an opportunity to purchase the same, after reason-

9 able notice, at the amount paid for said shares to said corporation and reason-  
10 able interest thereon. All shares purchased by the corporation under the pro-  
11 visions of this section shall be held only for sale to new shareholders.

Sec. 4. As soon as the capital stock shall be subscribed to the extent of  
2 fifty per cent of the authorized capital, and as soon as fifty per cent of the stock  
3 subscribed shall be paid in, the commissioners shall convene a meeting of the  
4 subscribers for the purpose of electing directors, adopting by-laws and trans-  
5 acting such other business as shall properly come before them. Notice thereof  
6 shall be given by depositing in the postoffice, properly addressed to each sub-  
7 scriber at the address given on the subscription list or subscription blank, at  
8 least ten days before the time fixed, a written or printed notice calling the first  
9 meeting of the shareholders. Such notice shall designate the time and place of  
10 such meeting.

Sec. 5. The commissioners shall make a full report of their proceedings in-  
2 cluding therein a copy of the notice provided for in the foregoing section, a copy  
3 of the subscription list, a copy of the by-laws adopted by the association and the  
4 names of the directors elected and their respective terms of office, which report  
5 shall be sworn to by at least a majority of the commissioners and shall be filed  
6 with the Secretary of State. The secretary shall thereupon issue a  
7 certificate of the complete organization of the association, duly authenticated un-  
8 der his hand and seal of the State; and the said certificate shall be recorded in  
9 the office of the recorder of deeds in the county in which the principal office of  
10 such association is located. Upon the recording of said certificate, the associ-  
11 ation shall be deemed fully organized and may proceed to business.

12 Unless such association shall be organized and shall proceed to business with-  
13 in three years after the date of such license, the license to form such association  
14 shall be deemed revoked and all proceedings thereunder shall be void.

Sec. 6. Associations formed under this Act shall be bodies corporate and  
2 politic for the period for which they are organized, may sue and be sued, may



3 have a common seal, which they may alter or renew at pleasure, may own, possess  
4 and enjoy so much real and personal estate as shall be necessary for the transac-  
5 tion of their business, and may sell and dispose of the same when, in the opinion  
6 of the shareholders it is not required for the use of the association.

Sec. 7. Every such association shall be managed by a board of not less than  
2 five directors. The directors shall be elected by and from the shareholders of  
3 the association at such time and for such term of office as the by-laws may pre-  
4 scribe and shall hold office for the time for which elected, and until their success-  
5 ors are elected, and shall enter upon the discharge of their duties; but a majority  
6 of the shareholders shall have power at any regular or special shareholders' meet-  
7 ing, legally called, to remove any director or officer for cause and to fill the vacan-  
8 cy, and thereupon the director or officer so removed shall cease to be a director or  
9 officer of said association. The officers of every such association shall be a presi-  
10 dent, one or more vice-presidents, a secretary and a treasurer, who shall be elect-  
11 ed annually by the directors, and a manager who shall be under the control of the  
12 directors at all times, and each of said officers, except the manager, must be a  
13 director of the association. The office of the secretary and the treasurer can  
14 be combined, and when so combined the person holding the offices shall be the  
15 secretary-treasurer.

Sec. 8 The association may amend its articles of incorporation by a two-  
2 thirds vote of its shareholders at any regular shareholders' meeting called for  
3 that purpose, or at a special meeting on ten days' notice to the shareholders. In  
4 either case the power to amend the articles of incorporation shall include the  
5 power to increase or diminish the amount of capital stock and the number and  
6 par value of shares, the par value, however, not to be reduced below that pro-  
7 vided for in this Act; *Provided, however*, that the amount of the capital stock  
8 shall not be diminished below the amount of paid-up capital at the time the  
9 amendment is adopted, unless there be, at that time, in the treasury sufficient  
10 undivided profits over and above all legal debts or other like obligations to off-set  
11 the capital so returned to shareholders. Within thirty days after the adoption

12 of an amendment to its articles of incorporation the association shall cause a cer-  
13 tified copy of such amendment to be recorded in the office of the Secretary of  
14 State and of the recorder of deeds in the county where the principal place of  
15 business is located.

Sec. 9. No shareholder in any association shall own more than five shares  
2 nor of a greater aggregate par value than five hundred dollars, except as herein-  
3 after provided.

Sec. 10. At any regular meeting or any regularly called special meeting at  
2 which at least two-thirds of all its shareholders shall be present, or represent-  
3 ed, an association organized under this Act may, by a two-thirds vote of the  
4 shareholders present, or represented, subscribe for shares and invest its reserve  
5 or surplus fund to an amount not exceeding twenty-five per cent of its paid-up  
6 capital in the capital stock of any other co-operative association: *Provided, how-*  
7 *ever,* that ten days' notice has been given previously to each shareholder, stat-  
8 ing in said notice the purpose of the meeting. The board of directors are em-  
9 powered to subscribe for shares and invest its reserve or surplus fund in an  
10 amount not exceeding ten per cent of its paid-up capital in the capital stock of  
11 any such other co-operative association.

Sec. 11. Whenever an association created under this Act shall purchase  
2 the business of another association, person or persons, it may pay for the same  
3 in whole or in part by issuing shares of its capital stock to an amount, which at  
4 par value, would equal the fair market value of the business so purchased, and  
5 and in such case the transfer to the association of such business at such valua-  
6 tion shall be equivalent to payment in cash for the shares of stock so issued.

Sec. 12. In case the cash value of such purchased business exceeds five  
2 hundred dollars, the directors of the association are authorized to hold the shares  
3 in excess of five hundred dollars in trust for the vendor or his assignee and  
4 dispose of the same to such persons, and within such times as may be mutually  
5 satisfactory to the parties in interest, and to pay the proceeds thereof as cur-

rently received to the former owner of said shares. Certificates of stock shall not be issued to any subscriber until fully paid,\*but the by-laws of the association may allow subscribers to vote as shareholders: *Provided*, part of the stock subscribed has been paid in cash.

Sec. 13. Corporations organized under this Act may borrow money at legal rates of interest and pledge their property, both real and personal, to secure payment thereof, and may have and exercise all power necessary and requisite to carry into effect the objects for which they may be formed.

Sec. 14. At any regularly called general or special meeting of the shareholders a written vote received by mail from any absent shareholder and signed by him may be read in such meeting, and shall be equivalent to a vote of each of the shareholders so signing: *Provided*, he has been previously notified in writing of the exact motion or resolution upon which such vote is taken, and a copy of same is forwarded with and attached to the vote so mailed by him.

Sec. 15. So much of the profits or earnings of such association, as may seem best to the directors, shall be distributed to those entitled thereto by its by-laws, and in the proportions and at the times therein prescribed, which shall be as often as once in twelve months.

Sec. 16. Every association organized under the terms of this Act shall annually, on or before the first day of March of each year, make a report of the condition and business of the association as of December 31 of the preceding year, to the Secretary of State; such report shall contain the name of the company, its principal place of business in this State and generally a statement as to its business, showing total amount of business transacted, amount of capital stock subscribed for and paid in, number of shareholders, total expense of operation, amount of indebtedness or liabilities, and its profits and losses.

Sec. 17. All co-operative corporations, companies, associations, voluntary unincorporated associations or partnerships heretofore organized under prior



3 statutes or who shall be doing business as co-operative institutions with the ob-  
4 jects enumerated in this Act shall have the benefit of the provisions of this Act  
5 and be bound thereby on filing with the Secretary of State a written declar-  
6 ation, signed and sworn to by the president and secretary to the effect that it or  
7 they have, by a two-thirds vote of its shareholders or its members decided to  
8 accept the benefits of this Act and be bound by same.

Sec. 18. All stock subscribed for shall be paid for within one year and in  
2 default thereof shall be forfeited with the payments made thereon to the society.

Sec. 19. The by-laws shall provide that the profits shall be distributed,  
2 first—upon stock and to purchasers or sellers (customers) based upon the  
3 percentage of purchases, or sales; or, second—to purchasers or sellers exclu-  
4 sively, based upon the percentage of purchases or sales; and no vested inter-  
5 est shall attach to any of the above methods which shall prevent changing  
6 from and substituting another provision provided herein.

Sec. 20. Societies incorporated under this Act may purchase and own  
2 stock in other societies incorporated under this Act, or similar Co-operative  
3 Acts of other States, or in corporations of this or other States organized to pro-  
4 mote and inculcate the principles of co-operation, with the same voice and vot-  
5 ing power as provided for individual shareholders.

Sec. 21. Shareholders may vote in person or by written proxy.

Sec. 22. Stock held under this Act shall not be subject to garnishment levy  
2 and execution for any debt, default or claim against the holder thereof, except  
3 by the society issuing such stock, which society or association shall have a lien  
4 upon the stock of shareholders to cover all indebtedness of such shareholder to  
5 such association.

Sec. 23. No corporation or association hereafter organized or doing busi-  
2 ness for profit in this State shall be entitled to use the term "Co-operative"  
3 as a part of its corporate or other business name or title unless it has complied



4 with the provisions of this Act; and any corporation or association violating the  
5 provision of this section may be enjoined from doing business under such  
6 name at the instance of any shareholder of any association or corporation or-  
7 ganized under this Act.

Sec. 24. Every assignment or transfer of stock shall be recorded in the  
2 books of the association, and each shareholder shall be liable jointly with the as-  
3 sociation as well as severally, for the debts of the association only to the ex-  
4 tent of the amount that may be unpaid upon the share or shares held by him.  
5 No assigner of a share or shares shall be released from any such indebtedness  
6 by reason of the assignment of his share or shares, but shall remain liable joint-  
7 ly with the assignee and the association, or severally until the stock is fully  
8 paid up.

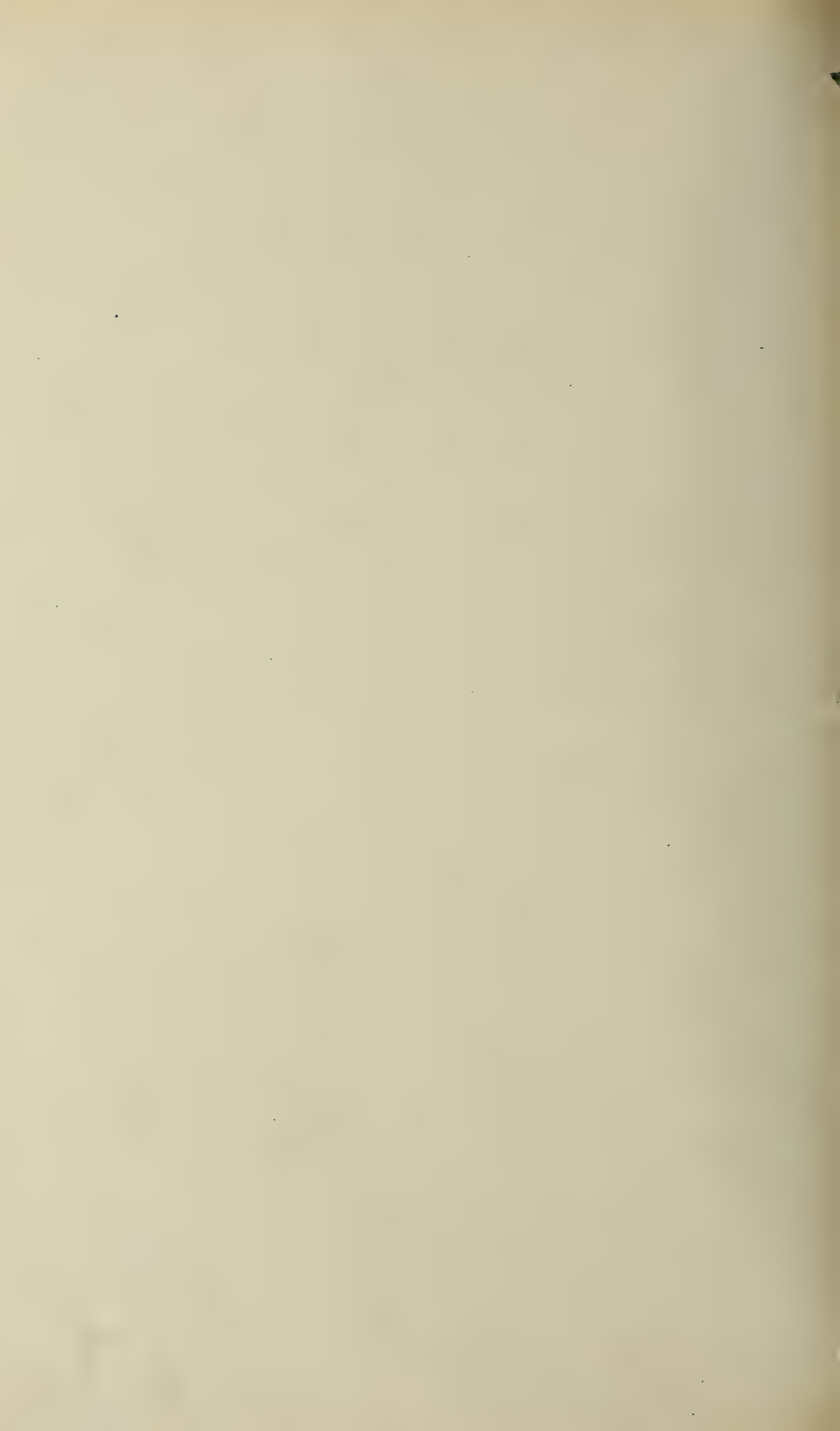
9 No assignment shall be made to any person who already holds shares of  
10 stock to the limit provided for in this Act and any assignment of stock shall be  
11 made only with the approval of a majority of the directors, and no transfer of  
12 stock shall be made except by the consent of the directors as shown on the re-  
13 cords of the association: *Provided*, that any person demanding the assignment  
14 or transfer of any share or shares in such association to himself shall have the  
15 right to appeal from the action of the board of directors, to the members of  
16 the association at its first regular or special meeting thereafter, and ask that  
17 he be admitted to the association as a shareholder, and the action of the share-  
18 holders at such meeting shall be final; and also provided that such shareholders  
19 shall not have the power to direct the transfer of stock to any person in excess  
20 of the amount which such individual shareholder may hold under the terms of  
21 this Act.

Sec. 25. Shareholders at any regular meeting or any special meeting called  
2 for that purpose may adopt by-laws not inconsistent with the provisions of this  
3 Act.

Sec. 26. The invalidity of any portion of this Act shall in no way affect  
2 the validity of any other portion thereof which can be given effect without such  
3 invalid part.

Sec. 27. This Act may be cited as the "CO-OPERATIVE ACT."

Sec. 28. The Secretary of State shall provide uniform blanks for the use  
2 of associations incorporated under this **Act**.





1 Adopted April 13, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 314, section 10 of the printed bill, by adding thereto  
2 the following words: "*Provided*, the amounts thus invested by the stockhold-  
3 ers or directors shall not in either case exceed ten per centum of the amount  
4 of the capital stock of such other co-operative association."

5 And the amendment was adopted.

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 314, section 20 of the printed bill, by adding thereto  
2 the following words: "as limited in section 10 of this Act".

3 And the amendment was adopted.

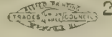
AMENDMENT NO. 3.

Amend House Bill No. 314, as printed, by striking out section 22 thereof  
2 and renumbering section 23 as 22, 24 as 23, 25 as 24, 26 as 25, 27 as 26, and 28  
3 as 27.

4 And the amendment was adopted.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Turnbaugh, March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

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## A BILL

For an Act in relation to an Illinois State Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly.* That there be and is hereby created an  
3 Illinois State Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund, which shall be man-  
4 aged by a board of trustees, to be known as the board of trustees of the Illinois  
5 State Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund. Such board shall consist of  
6 seven (7) members, of whom the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be  
7 ex officio a member, and six other members, who shall be elected by the teachers  
8 who are contributors to said fund or who have become annuities under provis-  
9 ions of this Act, at an annual election, as hereinafter provided. No teacher  
10 shall be elected as a member of the board of trustees by the teachers and annu-  
11 itants as aforesaid who is not a contributor, or an annuitant as aforesaid, at  
12 the time of the election. The term of office of the elective members of the said  
13 board of trustees shall be three (3) years, except as provided in section 3 of  
14 this Act, and such term shall begin on the first day of January next succeeding  
15 after such election takes place: *Provided*, the elective members of the first

board of trustees shall assume office immediately after their election. In case any trustee ceases to be a contributor or an annuitant, his office shall become vacant and shall be filled as hereinafter provided for the filling of vacancies.

Sec. 2. Any person qualified to be elected a member of said board of trustees may be nominated as a candidate for that office by petition in writing signed by not less than one hundred contributors to said fund, or annuitants as aforesaid, and in the manner following: No petition shall contain the names of a greater number of candidates than there are offices to be filled. No person shall petition for the nomination of more candidates than there are offices to be filled. No signature of a petitioner shall be valid unless there shall appear on the petition opposite such signatures the school district, city, town, or village and county in which such petitioner is a teacher, or if an annuitant, his or her post-office address. All such petitions shall be filed in the office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction of this State not less than thirty days nor more than forty days next before the annual election day hereinafter mentioned. Each membership in said board of trustees shall be considered as one office. The number of candidates whose names shall appear on the ballot shall not exceed six for each office. The persons petitioned for by the largest number of persons shall be the candidates and their names shall appear on the ballot in the order of the number of petitioners for each, the name of the candidate having the greatest number appearing first, etc. When the time within which nominating petitions may be filed has expired, the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall cause the names of all persons nominated for any office or offices to be filled at the next annual election to be printed on one ballot, indicating thereon the term of office for which they are severally nominated, and one of the ballots so made up shall, together with a printed copy of the sections of this Act pertaining to elections, be mailed to each contributor, and annuitant as aforesaid, at his or her last known address, at least one week before said annual election day. There shall be mailed at the same time to such member a stamped envelope, properly addressed to the Superintendent of Public Instruction at his office, and also an

28 envelope marked "For Ballot Only," and a slip for signature, as hereinafter  
29 provided. Each person, upon marking his or her ballot, shall enclose the same  
30 in the envelope marked "For Ballot Only," and shall seal the same, and shall  
31 write his or her signature and the name of the school district, city, town or vil-  
32 lage and county in which such voter is a teacher or annuitant as aforesaid, upon  
33 the slip of paper provided for that purpose, and shall enclose both said slip and  
34 the sealed envelope containing his or her ballot in the envelope addressed to the  
35 Superintendent of Public Instruction and shall mail the same. Ballots shall be  
36 in the form, as near as may be, of ballots prepared under "An Act to provide  
37 for the printing and distribution of ballots at public expense and for the nomina-  
38 tion of candidates for public offices, to regulate the manner of holding elections  
39 and to enforce the secrecy of the ballot," approved June 22, 1891, in force July  
40 1, 1891, commonly called "Austrian Ballot Act." The voter shall indicate his  
41 choice by making a cross mark in the square before the name of each person  
42 voted for, as near as may be in the same manner as provided in said Australian  
43 Ballot Act. Each contributor to said fund and each annuitant as aforesaid  
44 shall be entitled to one vote for each office to be filled at such election.

Sec. 3. December 27, unless said day fall on Sunday, and in that event,  
2 December 28, in each year, is herein designated as annual election day. On said  
3 annual election day the envelopes addressed and mailed to the Superintendent  
4 of Public Instruction shall be publicly opened at his office. The name of the  
5 person voting, as shown on the enclosed slip, shall be checked off on the roll of  
6 contributors and annuitants as aforesaid, and a list of such voters shall be  
7 made, and the envelope marked "For Ballot Only," accompanying such slip,  
8 shall then be set aside to be later publicly opened and the ballot therein counted  
9 by a board of canvassers. Said board shall consist of seven members to be  
10 selected from the contributors and annuitants as aforesaid, in such manner as  
11 the board of trustees shall by by-law provide, one from each of the seven dis-  
12 tricts in which this State has been divided for the election of judges of the  
13 Supreme Court. No ballot shall be counted unless accompanied by said slip,



properly filled out as heretofore provided by a contributor or annuitant as aforesaid, nor unless received by the Superintendent of Public Instruction before 10 o'clock a. m. on said annual election day. When the names of all voters shall have been checked, the envelopes marked "For Ballot Only" shall be opened and the ballot removed therefrom and counted. The person or persons receiving the highest number of votes shall be elected. In case more persons than one have the same number of votes, the choice shall be decided by lot. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall make and keep a record of the result of the election and furnish a copy thereof to the board of trustees, and shall notify the persons elected of their election. At the first annual election there shall be elected two members of said board of trustees for the term of one year, two members of the said board of trustees for the term of two years, and two members of the said board of trustees for the term of three years.

Sec. 4. In case of a vacancy in the board of trustees, the remaining members of said board shall fill such vacancy by appointment until the next annual election, when a trustee for the unexpired term shall be elected.

Sec. 5. After the passage of this bill and until the elective members of the first board of trustees shall assume office, as provided in section 1 of this Act, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Auditor of Public Accounts and the Secretary of State shall constitute a temporary board of trustees of the Illinois State Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund. Such temporary board shall account for all its transactions in the same manner as hereinafter provided for the board of trustees.

Sec. 6. Said board of trustees shall organize by the election of one of their number as president. The State Treasurer shall be ex officio treasurer of said board, and shall receive and make payments from and account for said funds in the same manner as for other State funds, except as hereinafter provided. Said Treasurer shall safely keep such funds, subject to the control and direction of the board of trustees, and shall keep his books and accounts in such manner as

7 may be prescribed by said board; and said books and accounts shall always be sub-  
8 ject to the inspection of said board, or any member thereof. Said Treasurer  
9 shall be liable on his official bond for the proper performance of his duties and  
10 the conservation of the fund created by this Act. Said board shall employ a sec-  
11 retary, for such term as may be determined, who shall perform such duties as  
12 may be prescribed by the board.

Sec. 7. The board of trustees shall meet regularly four times a year at  
2 such times as said board may by by-law provide, or at the call of the president  
3 or any three members. Said board may adopt rules for the government of its  
4 meetings and for the administration of the fund, in accordance with the provisions  
5 of this Act.

Sec. 8. Members of the said board shall receive no compensation, except  
2 their necessary expenses incurred in attending the meetings, to be paid by the  
3 State Treasurer from the Illinois State Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund,  
4 upon the warrant of the Auditor of Public Accounts issued upon the presenta-  
5 tion of vouchers approved by the president and the secretary of said board. If  
6 said board shall elect one of its members secretary, such member may receive  
7 compensation for services rendered as secretary. The secretary may receive a  
8 salary to be fixed by the board. The compensation of the secretary and other  
9 necessary expenses incurred by said board in carrying out the provisions of this  
10 Act shall be paid from the fund.

Sec. 9. The board of trustees shall have charge of the administration of  
2 said fund, and shall have power to invest the same in the same manner and sub-  
3 ject to the same terms and conditions as township trustees are permitted to in-  
4 vest school funds under the law, and shall have power to make payments from  
5 said fund of pensions or annuities granted in this Act.

Sec. 10. The board of trustees shall report annually at the first meeting  
2 after June 30th. A copy of said report shall be transmitted to the Superintend-  
3 ent of Public Instruction, who shall include the same in his biennial report to the  
4 Governor.

Sec. 11. Said board shall not be a corporation, but may sue and be sued in the name of the board. All actions brought by or against the board shall be prosecuted or defended, as the case may be, by the Attorney General or other counsel, as the board of trustees may from time to time decide.

Sec. 12. The board of directors, board of education, or other governing body of public schools in each school district of the State, other than in cities exceeding in population 100,000 inhabitants, shall retain on every pay day from the salary of each teacher the amount hereinafter provided: *Provided*, that such amount shall not be retained from the salary of any teacher employed in said public schools when this Act takes effect who has not elected to come within the provisions of this Act as provided for in section 15. Each teacher shall be furnished a statement by such board showing the amount deducted from the salary of said teacher.

Sec. 13. All persons who shall be employed to teach in the public schools of the State, outside of cities exceeding in population 100,000 inhabitants, shall, after this Act takes effect, be entitled to the benefits of the fund upon complying with the provisions of this Act, and for the purposes of this Act such persons shall be divided into the following classes:

*First*—Those who have taught ten years or fewer than ten years.

*Second*—Those who have taught more than ten years and not more than fifteen years.

*Third*—Those who have taught more than fifteen years.

After this Act shall take effect there shall be set apart from the salaries of all such persons so employed as teachers in the public schools of this State, outside of cities exceeding in population 100,000 inhabitants, \$1.00 per month for the first five months taught after July first of each year by such teacher while he or she remains in the first class; \$2.00 per month for the first five months taught after July first of each year by such teacher while he or she remains in the second class; \$6.00 per month for the first five months taught after July first of each year by such teacher for the first ten years while he or she remains in the



18 third class, which amount shall be deducted by the managing body of the school  
19 taught by such teacher from the salary of such teacher at the regular time for  
20 the payment thereof, and the same shall be paid into and constitute a part of  
21 the said Teachers' Retirement Fund. The total amount paid into said fund by  
22 each teacher shall be based upon twenty-five years of service as teacher as pro-  
23 vided in this section: *Provided*, that such total amount shall not be less than  
24 the full amount of the annuity to which such teacher shall be entitled for the  
25 first year. Said assessments shall cease after 25 years of service.

26 All teachers becoming contributors to said Teachers' Pension and Retirement  
27 Fund for the first time shall submit to the managing body of the school taught  
28 by them evidence which has been approved and accepted by the board of trustees  
29 of said fund, attesting and proving service rendered in public schools, and such  
30 evidence shall be the basis for placing such teachers in the proper class of the  
31 classes provided in this section.

Sec. 14. Any person becoming a teacher in the public schools of this State  
2 after this Act takes effect, shall be conclusively deemed to undertake and agree  
3 to pay such amounts and have such amounts deducted from his or her salary as  
4 herein provided.

Sec. 15. Any person employed as a teacher in the public schools of this  
2 State, when this Act takes effect, or who has previously taught in the public  
3 schools of this State and resumes teaching, may at any time before the first day  
4 of September, 1920, elect to come within the provisions of this Act by notify-  
5 ing in writing the board of trustees of the Illinois State Teachers' Pension and  
6 Retirement Fund.

7 At the time of giving said notice to the board of trustees, as herein pro-  
8 vided, such teacher shall notify in writing the local school board or managing  
9 body of the school taught of his or her election to come within the provisions  
10 of this Act; and said notice shall authorize said school board or managing  
11 body to deduct from the payments of salary due him or her a sum equal to



12 the amount to be deducted from the salary of such teacher, as provided in sec  
13 tion 13.

Sec. 16. The board of directors, board of education, or other governing  
2 body of public schools in each school district of the State, outside of cities ex-  
3 ceeding in population 100,000 inhabitants, shall each year within seven days  
4 after the thirtieth day of June, forward to the State Treasurer a statement,  
5 verified by the secretary or clerk thereof, of the moneys so retained in accord-  
6 ance with the provisions of this Act, together with said moneys so retained.

Sec. 17. Said statement shall include the following: Name and monthly  
2 salary of each teacher; number of months of school taught by each teacher in  
3 said public schools of the district, village or city, over which said school board  
4 or said managing body of such school has jurisdiction during the school year for  
5 which the statement is made; the number of months constituting a school year  
6 in such district, village or city; the total salary of each teacher; the total amount  
7 withheld from the salary of each teacher in accordance with the provisions of  
8 this Act; the total amount so withheld from the salaries of said teachers for  
9 the school year next preceding, and the total number of years each teacher has  
10 taught in the public schools of the State.

Sec. 18. Said school board or managing body shall at the same time send a  
2 copy of said statement to the county superintendent of schools of the county in  
3 which is located the school house in which is taught the school under the control  
4 of such school board or managing body.

Sec. 19. If no teacher in such city, village or school district comes under  
2 the provisions of this Act, the school board, or other managing body of such city,  
3 village or school district shall state this fact under the oath of the secretary or  
4 clerk thereof to the State Treasurer, and shall at the same time forward a copy of  
5 said statement to the county superintendent of said county.

Sec. 20. Each county superintendent shall each year on or before the first day of August report under oath to said board of trustees. Said report shall contain an itemized account of the statements received by him from the school boards and a statement of the total amounts so withheld from the salaries of all of said teachers in said report.

Sec. 21. The following shall keep complete and uniform records of the data contained in said report in such form and in such manner as shall be formulated and described by the board of trustees of said retirement fund: each county superintendent, each school district board, each high school district board, and all other managing bodies, outside of cities exceeding in population 100,000 inhabitants.

Sec. 22. The State Treasurer shall credit all moneys received under the provisions of this Act to the fund designated as the Illinois State Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund.

Sec. 23. There shall be set aside annually by the Auditor of Public Accounts from the common school fund of this State for the maintenance and administration of the Illinois State Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund an amount sufficient to meet all the demands made upon said pension and retirement fund, in accordance with the provisions of this Act, which amount, until otherwise provided by law, shall be equal to two-tenths of one mill upon each dollar of the assessed valuation of all the taxable property of the State, exclusive of cities exceeding in population one hundred thousand inhabitants: *Provided*, that that portion of the common school fund apportioned to cities having over 100,000 inhabitants, not under the provisions of this Act, shall not be diminished or affected by the provisions of this section.

Sec. 24. The moneys received under the provisions of this Act, together with any donations or legacies received therefor, or other moneys received from any legal source or increment, shall constitute a fund, to be known as the Illinois State Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund.

Sec. 25. Any person who is a resident of Illinois, and who has complied with the provisions of this section may retire and receive the annuity provided for in the following cases:

(a) After a period or periods aggregating twenty-five years of service as teacher in the public schools of the United States, of which fifteen years must have been spent in the public schools of this State, provided that the payments and deductions of his or her salary have been made and turned over to said fund as provided in sections 12 and 13. If said payments shall not have amounted to \$400.00, the teacher shall pay into the fund the deficiency before receiving the annuity, with interest as provided by clause (b) of this section. No person while receiving a teachers's annuity from any other public school teachers' pension or retirement fund shall receive an annuity from the fund created under this Act.

(b) Teachers who elect to become contributors to and beneficiaries of the said Illinois State Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund, under the provisions of this section may count past services in public schools as a part or the whole of the period of twenty-five years hereinafter specified, by paying into the fund a sum equal to that which he or she would have contributed under the provisions of this section, had he or she been a regular contributor to said fund during said period of past service, together with simple interest thereon at the rate of four per cent per annum from the time such payments would have been made, had such person during such time been a contributor to such fund, to the time such person shall by making such payments become entitled to the benefits and credit of such past service.

(c) After fifteen years of service as teacher in the public schools, two-fifths of which may be outside of Illinois but within the United States, any teacher who shall have been declared by two competent physicians, who have made a physical examination of the teacher, at the request of the board of trustees, to be suffering from any disability such as to disqualify him or her for teaching, may during the continuance of such disability retire, provided that



31 the payments of said teacher to the fund shall have amounted to a sum, as pro-  
32 vided in sections 12 and 13. If said payments shall not amount of \$400.00, the  
33 teacher shall pay into the fund the deficiency before receiving the annuity. No  
34 person while receiving a teacher's annuity from any other public school teach-  
35 ers' Pension or Retirement fund shall receive an annuity from the fund created  
36 under said sections.

37 (d) In computing the terms of service under clauses a, b and c of this sec-  
38 tion, a year shall be a legal school year at the time and place where said service  
39 was rendered except that where the service was rendered in public schools not  
40 included in the provisions of this section, a time less than a legal school year  
41 in this State shall not be included as a year, but only such proportion of a  
42 year as the number of teaching weeks in each such year bears to the number of  
43 weeks required at the time to constitute a legal year in this State.

44 (e) Any person who has complied with the provisions of this Act and de-  
45 sires to retire from active service in said public schools, shall apply in writing  
46 to the board of trustees of the Illinois State Teachers' Pension and Retirement  
47 fund.

48 (f) Any teacher coming from a public school not included within the provis-  
49 ions of this section who may be employed to teach in the public schools mentioned  
50 in this section may become a contributor to and beneficiary of said fund in like  
51 manner as provided in clause (b) of this section.

Sec. 26. Each teacher retiring from service of said public schools under the  
2 provisions of clauses a, b, c, d and e of section 25 shall annually and for life  
3 be entitled to receive as annuity \$16.00 for each year of service as teacher:  
4 *Provided*, that said annuity shall not exceed \$400.00 in any one year, subject, how-  
5 ever, to all the provisions of this section.

Sec. 27. Any teacher who is a contributor to said fund who shall cease to  
2 teach in said public schools before becoming a member of the third class as pro-  
3 vided in section 13, shall, if application be made in writing to the board of trus-  
4 tees within six months after the date of his or her retirement, be entitled to the



5 return of 50 per cent of the amount, without interest, which shall have been paid  
6 into the fund by such teacher. If such teacher shall again thereafter teach in  
7 the public schools, he or she shall, within three years from the date of his or  
8 her return to the service of said public schools, return to said fund the amount  
9 so returned to such teacher, together with simple interest on said amount at  
10 4 per cent per annum for the time such amount was withdrawn from the fund.

Sec. 28. The State Treasurer shall pay said annuities quarterly on the first  
2 day of July, October, January and April of each year, upon the warrant of the  
3 Auditor of Public Accounts, issued upon the presentation of vouchers approved  
4 by the president and the secretary of said board.

Sec. 29. Payments from the fund shall be made from the income thereof,  
2 and when necessary from the principal of moneys received under the provisions  
3 of this Act.

Sec. 30. One year's leave of absence for professional preparation, grant-  
2 ed by the proper authorities to any teacher under the provisions of this Act,  
3 shall be computed as a part of said twenty-five years of service, provided that the  
4 payments to said fund shall be continued during said leave of absence at the  
5 same rate as if such person were in active service as such teacher. Such period  
6 or periods of absence in the aggregate shall be computed as a part of said  
7 twenty-five years of service of said teacher; and in case of absence of less than a  
8 school year, only the time covered by such absence shall be so computed.

Sec. 31. Any person retiring under the provisions of this Act may re-enter  
2 upon the work of teaching in said public schools. During said term of teaching,  
3 the annuity paid to such person shall cease. Said annuity shall again be paid to  
4 said person upon again retiring.

Sec. 32. Such annuities so created shall not be subject to attachment, gar-  
2 nishment, execution or other seizure by process, nor shall they be subject to sale,  
3 assignment, pledge, mortgage or other alienation.

Sec. 33. A suitable office in the Capitol, with suitable furniture and office supplies, shall be furnished for the board of trustees by the proper authority.

Sec. 34. The term "teacher" as used in this Act shall include any teacher, teacher-secretary, principal, supervisor, supervising principal or superintendent who shall teach or be employed in the public schools of this State, outside of cities exceeding in population 100,000 inhabitants, or in any normal, university, model or reformatory schools of this State, or in any other school of this State supported by the public moneys raised under the authority of any law of this State outside of cities exceeding in population 100,000 inhabitants, and any city, county or State superintendent of the public schools of this State shall be eligible to become a beneficiary of the Illinois State Teachers' Pension and Retirement Fund.

Sec. 35. If at the time this Act shall take effect there shall be in existence any teachers' retirement fund organized and existing or purporting to exist under sections 127a to 127n, both inclusive of "An Act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved and in force June 12, 1909, as afterwards amended, or any other law of this State applying to schools and school teachers, outside of cities exceeding in population 100,000 inhabitants, the same and its property and funds shall be and hereby are merged into and made a part of said Illinois State teachers' Pension and Retirement fund, and the persons who have contributed to such existing fund shall be credited with the amounts contributed respectively as if such contributions had been made to said Illinois State teachers' Pension and Retirement fund; and the annuitants, if any, of such existing fund shall be eligible to become annuitants of said Illinois State teachers' Pension and Retirement fund, and its board of trustees shall take over the administration of such existing fund and administer the same under and in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 36. None of the provisions of this Act shall apply to cities having a population exceeding in population 100,000 inhabitants, but shall apply to all

3 other schools and schools districts, whether the same be organized under the  
4 general school law of this State or organized under any special charter or  
5 special law.

Sec. 37. Any Acts or parts of Acts in conflict with the provisions of this  
2 Act are hereby repealed.









1 Introduced by Mr. Weber, March 16, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

## A BILL

For an Act to create a State Tax Commission, to define its powers and duties, and  
to abolish the State Board of Equalization.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That there is hereby established a State

3 Tax Commission to consist of three (3) commissioners. Within thirty days

4 after July 1, 1915, such commissioners shall be appointed by the Governor, one

5 (1) to hold office until March 1, 1917, one (1) until March 1, 1919, and one un-

6 til March 1, 1921. Thereafter on or before March 1 of every second year one

7 (1) commissioner shall be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice

8 and consent of the Senate, for a term of six (6) years from March 1. Any va-

9 cancy on the commission before the expiration of the term of any commissioner

10 shall be filled for the unexpired portion of the term by appointment by the

11 Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, or if the Senate is not in

12 session when the vacancy occurs by the Governor alone. Each commissioner

13 shall hold office until his successors shall have been appointed and qualified.

14 One commissioner shall be designated by the Governor to act as chairman,

15 and the chairman so designated may be changed by the Governor at any time.

16 Any commissioner may be removed by the Governor for inefficiency or miscon-  
17 duct.

Sec. 2. The persons appointed as members of the State Tax Commission  
2 shall possess knowledge of the subject of taxation and skill in matters pertain-  
3 ing thereto. Not more than one (1) commissioner shall be appointed from  
4 any one county. Not more than two (2) commissioners shall be affiliated with  
5 the same political party, nor may any commissioner serve on or under any  
6 committee of any political party. No commissioner shall hold any other of-  
7 fice under the laws of Illinois, or any other state, or the United States. No  
8 commissioner shall engage in any other occupation or business or perform any  
9 other services for compensation while a member of the commission. Each com-  
10 missioner shall before entering upon the duties of his office, take the oath (or  
11 affirmation) prescribed by the Constitution of this State.

Sec. 3. The State Tax Commission shall have power to appoint at its own  
2 pleasure a secretary and attorney or attorneys, and, subject to the provisions  
3 of the civil service law, such experts, assistants and clerks as it may deem nec-  
4 cessary, to define their duties and determine the amount of their compensation,  
5 subject to the approval of the Governor.

Sec. 4. From and after July 31, 1915, the State Board of Equalization as  
2 now constituted shall be abolished; and the State Tax Commission herein pro-  
3 vided for shall thereupon have all the powers and discharge all the duties now  
4 imposed by law upon the said State Board of Equalization. On or before July  
5 31, 1915, the State Board of Equalization shall transfer and deliver to the State  
6 Tax Commission all books, papers and records of whatever description in their  
7 possession and the State Tax Commission shall take possession of all such  
8 books, papers and records.

Sec. 5. Appeals shall lie from the action of the county boards of review  
2 to the said State Tax Commission, subject to such rules, regulations and re-

3 strictions as may be made in relation thereto by the said State Tax Commis-  
4 sion. Upon the hearing of such appeals, the said State Tax Commission shall  
5 have power to consider the action appealed from *de novo*, and exercise all the  
6 powers that could be exercised by the county board of review in relation to  
7 the subject matter of the action appealed from. The said State Tax Commis-  
8 sion shall have full power and authority to make rules relating to the practice  
9 and procedure before it of the hearing of all such appeals and relating to the  
10 mode of taking and perfecting the same before the county board of review.

Sec. 6. The State Tax Commission herein provided for shall have power  
2 also and it shall be its duty:

3 (1) To exercise general supervision over the administration of the assess-  
4 ment, tax and revenue laws of the State.

5 (2) To confer with, advise and instruct all town and county assessors  
6 and collectors, county clerks, supervisors of assessment, county boards of re-  
7 view and other local officials as to their duties in the assessment, levy and  
8 collection of taxes, visiting each county for this purpose as often as necessary  
9 and practicable.

10 (3) To require financial and statistical reports and such other informa-  
11 tion as may be needful in the work of the commission, from county, town, city,  
12 village and other municipal officers, to prescribe forms for such reports, and  
13 for books and accounts as to the assessment of property, the collection of  
14 taxes, receipts from other sources and the expenditure of public funds for all  
15 purposes, and to examine all books and accounts of the aforesaid officers.

16 (4) To acquire individuals, partnerships, companies, association and cor-  
17 porations to furnish information concerning their capital, funded or other debt,  
18 assets and liabilities, value of property, earnings, operating and other ex-  
19 penses, taxes and all other facts required by law, or which may be needful to  
20 enable the commission to ascertain the value of and the relative burden borne  
21 by all kind of property in the State.



22 (5) To direct proceedings and prosecutions against public officials and of-  
23 ficers or agents of corporations and others for neglect or failure to comply  
24 with the tax and revenue laws or orders of the commission.

25 (6) To investigate at any time on its own initiative the efficiency of the  
26 administration of the tax and revenue laws.

27 (7) To appoint special assessors and direct the re-assessment of property  
28 in any taxing district where it appears, on complaint and after investigation,  
29 that the original assessment was not substantially just and equitable.

30 (8) To summon witnesses to appear and give testimony under oath or  
31 affirmation and to produce records, books, papers and documents relating to  
32 any matter which the commission shall have authority to investigate or deter-  
33 mine.

34 (9) To confer with the Governor on the subject of taxation and the  
35 administration of the tax laws, and to furnish him with such information re-  
36 lating thereto as he may require.

37 (10) To investigate the tax laws and their operation in other states and  
38 countries, and to recommend to the General Assembly such changes in the reve-  
39 nue laws as seem expedient.

40 (11) To report biennially to the Governor and to the General Assembly  
41 its proceedings and decisions, with statistics of taxation and revenue, and  
42 recommendations.

43 (12) To make all reasonable and proper rules and regulations relating  
44 to procedure at its meetings, for investigations and hearings, and to carry out  
45 all of the purposes for which the board is created.

Sec. 7. In any matter under the investigation or consideration of the  
2 commission oaths or affirmations may be administered to witnesses by the secre-  
3 tary of the commission or by any member thereof. In the discretion of the  
4 commission, officers who serve summons or subpoenas, and witnesses attend-  
5 ing, shall receive like compensation as officers and witnesses in the circuit  
6 court.

Sec. 8. No person shall be excused from testifying or from producing accounts, books and papers in any proceedings before the State Tax Commission on the ground or for the reason that the testimony or evidence, documentary or otherwise, may tend to incriminate him, or subject him to penalty or forfeiture, but no person having so testified shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for, or on account of, any transaction, matter or thing concerning which he may have testified or produced documentary evidence; *Provided*, that no person so testifying shall be excused from prosecution or punishment for perjury in so testifying.

Sec. 9. In case any county, town, city, village or other municipal officer, deputy or employee, shall refuse or neglect to permit the commission or its duly authorized agent to examine the books, papers and records of the office; or in case any such officer, or any corporation or other person shall refuse or neglect to perform any lawful order of the commission; or in case any witness duly summoned by the commission shall refuse to appear, or to produce books, records, documents or papers, to make oath or affirmation, or to testify in any matter regarding which he may be lawfully interrogated before the commission, the said Tax Commission may invoke the aid of any circuit court in requiring obedience to its lawful orders and the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books, papers, documents and records. The circuit court of any county within the jurisdiction of which an inquiry, hearing or investigation of the Tax Commission is carried on, may, in case of contumacy, or refusal by any person to obey a lawful order of the commission, issue an order requiring such person to carry out the order of the commission or to appear before the commission (and produce books and papers if so ordered) and give evidence touching the matter in question; and any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by such court as a contempt thereof.

Sec. 10. No injunction shall be issued suspending or staying any order of the State Tax Commission, except upon application to the circuit court of Sangamon County, or a judge thereof, and after notice to the commission and a hearing.

Sec. 11. The State Tax Commission shall be provided with suitable rooms at  
2 the State Capital, and with all necessary supplies; and the office of the com-  
3 mission shall be open to the public during each business day in the year from  
4 nine (9) o'clock a. m. to five (5) o'clock p. m. The commission may hold ses-  
5 sions or conduct investigations at any place other than the capital when deemed  
6 necessary to facilitate the performance of its duties. A majority of the commis-  
7 sioners shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business and the per-  
8 formance of the duties of the commission. The tax documents and records of  
9 the said Tax Commission shall be public records, and shall at all times during  
10 business hours be open to any person for inspection and examination. Any per-  
11 son may copy and take memoranda therefrom without fee or reward.

Sec. 12. The salary of each member of said State Tax Commission shall  
2 be seven thousand five hundred (\$7,500) per year. The members of the State  
3 Tax Commission shall be entitled to their actual and reasonable traveling ex-  
4 penses, when actually traveling in the performance of the duties imposed upon  
5 them by this Act. The members of said State Tax Commission shall neither  
6 use nor except any free transportation, either within or without this State,  
7 from any common carrier. The salary and traveling expenses allowed to each  
8 member of said State Tax Commission shall be certified by each member to the  
9 Auditor of Public Accounts, who shall issue his warrant on the State Treas-  
10 urer therefor. The compensation of the secretary of the commission, the  
11 employees, clerks, assistants and experts employed by the commission shall be  
12 certified by the commission to the Auditor of Public Accounts, who shall issue  
13 his warrants on the State Treasurer therefor.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Lyle, March 16, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to define and punish the crime of contributing to the delinquency  
of children.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That for the purposes of this Act a  
3 delinquent child is any male who while under the age of seventeen (17) years,  
4 or any female who while under the age of eighteen (18) years violates any law  
5 of this State or is incorrigible, or knowingly associates with thieves, vicious  
6 or immoral persons; or without just cause and without the consent of its pa-  
7 rents, guardian or custodian, absents itself from its home or place of abode,  
8 or is growing up in idleness or crime; or knowingly frequents a house of ill  
9 repute; or knowingly frequents any policy shop or place where any gambling de-  
10 vice is operated; or frequents any saloon or dram-shop where intoxicating  
11 liquors are sold; or patronizes or visits any public pool room or bucket shop;  
12 or wanders about the streets in the night time without being on any lawful bus-  
13 iness or lawful occupation; or habitually wanders about any railroad yards or  
14 tracks or jumps or attempts to jump onto any moving train; or enters any car

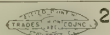
15 or engine without lawful authority; or uses vile, obscene, vulgar, profane or in-  
 16 decent language in any public place or about any school house; or is guilty of  
 17 indecent or lascivious conduct.

Sec. 2. Any person who shall knowingly or wilfully cause, aid or encour-  
 2 age any male under the age of seventeen (17) years or any female under the  
 3 age of eighteen (18) years to be or to become a delinquent child as defined in sec-  
 4 tion one (1), or who shall knowingly or wilfully do acts which directly tend to  
 5 render any such child so delinquent and who when able to do so, shall wilfully  
 6 neglect to do that which will directly tend to prevent such state of delinquency  
 7 shall be deemed guilty of the crime of contributing to the delinquency of chil-  
 8 dren and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than two  
 9 hundred (200) dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail, house of correction  
 10 or workhouse not more than one (1) year, or by both such fine and imprison-  
 11 ment.

Sec. 3. The husband or wife of the defendant shall be a competent witness  
 2 to testify in any case brought under the provisions of this Act and to any and  
 3 all matters relevant thereto.

Sec. 4. That an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the punishment of  
 2 persons responsible for or directly promoting, or contributing to the condi-  
 3 tions that render a child dependent, neglected or delinquent, and to provide for  
 4 suspension of sentence and release on probation in such cases," approved May  
 5 13, 1905, in force July 1, 1905, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. Whereas, an emergency exists, this Act shall be in force from and  
 2 after its passage and approval.



1 Introduced by Mr. Boyd, March 17, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, “An Act for the assessment of property and providing the means therefor, and to repeal a certain Act therein named,” approved February 25, 1898, in force July 1, 1898, as amended by subsequent Acts, by amending sections 9, 10, 12, 14, 52 and 53 respectively thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, “An Act for the  
3 assessment of property and providing the means therefor, and to repeal a cer-  
4 tain Act therein named,” approved February 25, 1898, in force July 1, 1898, as  
5 amended by subsequent Acts, be and the same is hereby amended by amending  
6 sections 9, 10, 12, 14, 52 and 53 respectively thereof, so that such sections when  
7 amended shall read as follows:

Sec. 9. All real property subject to taxation under the general revenue  
2 laws of the State, including real estate becoming taxable for the first time  
3 shall be listed in the name of the owner thereof by such owners, or persons re-  
4 quired by law, or their agents, or the officers provided by law, and assessed for  
5 the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine (1899), and every fourth



6 year thereafter, with reference to the amount owned on the first day of *May*  
 7 in the year in which the same is assessed, including all property purchased on  
 8 that day, which assessment shall be known as the general assessment, and as  
 9 modified or equalized or changed as provided by law, shall be the assessment  
 10 upon which taxes shall be levied and extended during the quadrennial period for  
 11 which the same is made: *Provided*, that no assessment of real property shall  
 12 be considered as illegal by reason of the same not being listed or assessed in the  
 13 name of the owner or owners thereof.

Sec. 10. The county clerk shall before the first day of *May*, in the year  
 2 1907, and every fourth year thereafter, make up, in books to be provided for  
 3 that purpose, a list of lands and lots to be assessed for taxes in the manner  
 4 provided in the general revenue law. He shall also annually after the adoption  
 5 of this Act before the first day of *May* make a list of lands and lots which are  
 6 taxable, or which shall become taxable for the first time, and which are not  
 7 already listed, and a list of lands and lots which have been subdivided and not  
 8 listed by the proper description. Such lists shall be made up in the manner in  
 9 which the county clerk is required by the general revenue law to make such  
 10 lists: *Provided*, that in counties of 125,000 inhabitants, or over, said books shall  
 11 be made in triplicate.

Sec. 12. The assessor shall, before the first day of June in the year 1899  
 2 and every fourth year thereafter, in person or by his deputy, actually view  
 3 and determine as near as practicable the value of each tract or lot of land  
 4 listed for taxation as of the first day of *May* of each year, and assess the  
 5 same at the value required by law, setting down the sum in proper columns  
 6 prepared therefor in duplicate books furnished him. In making such assess-  
 7 ments he shall set down his valuation of improved tracts and lots in one col-  
 8 umn and his value of unimproved tracts and lots in another column. He shall,  
 9 also, between the first day of *May* and the first day of June in each intervening  
 10 year, list and assess in like manner all real property which shall become

11 taxable and which is not upon the general assessment, and also make and return  
12 a list of all new or added buildings, structures or other improvements of any  
13 kind, the value of which shall not have been previously added to or included  
14 in the valuation of the tract or lot on which such improvements have been  
15 erected or placed, specifying the tract or lot on which each of said improve-  
16 ments have been erected or placed, the kind of improvement and the value which,  
17 in his opinion, has been added to such tract or lot by the erection thereof; and  
18 in case of the destruction or injury by fire, flood, cyclone, storm or otherwise,  
19 or removal of any structures of any kind, or of the destruction of or any in-  
20 jury to orchard, timber, ornamental trees or groves, the value of which shall have  
21 been included in any former valuation of the tract or lot on which the same  
22 stood, the assessor shall determine as near as practicable how much the value  
23 of such tract or lot has been diminished in consequence of such destruction or  
24 injury, and make return thereof. And in case any assessor shall fail or neglect  
25 so to do, then the supervisor of assessments shall, in the case of such new or  
26 added improvements, assess the same according to the assessment of the same  
27 property in the general assessment, and in the case of such destruction shall  
28 abate from the assessment of the tracts or lots so damaged or lessened the  
29 proper proportion thereof, estimated according to the same principles; in  
30 counties containing one hundred and twenty-five thousand or more inhabitants  
31 such books shall be made up by townships.

Sec. 14. On or before the first day of June in each year, other than the  
2 year of the quadrennial assessment, the assessor shall determine the amount, in  
3 his opinion, of any change in the value of any tracts or lots of land by reason  
4 of injury to, alteration in, or addition to, the improvements thereon since the  
5 first of *May* in the preceding year and prior to the first of *May* in the current  
6 year, and add to or deduct from the assessment accordingly, setting down the  
7 amount of such change in a proper column in the assessment books. The value  
8 of lands and improvements shall be separately fixed, and shall in any assess-  
9 ment made hereafter be set down in separate columns in said assesor's books.

10 The assessors shall not in any year, except the year of the quadrennial assess-  
 11 ment, change the valuation of any real estate or improvements or the division  
 12 thereof, except as above provided in this section: *Provided, however*, that if at  
 13 any time before judgment or order of sale therefor the said assessors shall dis-  
 14 cover an error or mistake (other than errors of judgment as to the valuation of  
 15 any real or personal property) in any assessment of any property belonging  
 16 to any person or corporation, they shall issue to the person or corporation er-  
 17 roneously assessed a certificate setting forth the nature of such error and the  
 18 cause or causes which operated to produce the same, which said certificate,  
 19 when properly endorsed by the majority of board of review, showing their con-  
 20 currence therein, and not otherwise, may be used in evidence in any court of  
 21 competent jurisdiction, and when so introduced in evidence such certificate shall  
 22 become a part of the court record and shall not be removed from the files ex-  
 23 cept on an order of the court.

Sec. 52. The county clerk shall hereafter deliver to the town, district or  
 2 county collectors the books for the collection of taxes on the *first* day of *Decem-*  
 3 *ber* of the year on which such taxes are levied. *All personal property taxes*  
 4 *shall become due and payable on the first day of December in each year.*

Sec. 53. All lists, schedules, returns and statements heretofore required by  
 2 law to be made between the first day of May and the first day of July by the  
 3 assessors or by the owner of property, or person required to list the same, shall  
 4 hereafter be made between the first day of April and the first day of June of  
 5 each year.

6 The owner of personal property removing from one county, town, city, village  
 7 or district to another between the first day of April and the first day of June  
 9 shall be assessed in either in which he is first called upon by the assessor. The  
 10 owner of personal property moving into this State from another State between  
 11 the first day of April and the first day of June shall list the property owned  
 12 by him on the first day of April in such year in the county, town, city, village



13 or district in which he resides. *Provided*, if such person has been and can make  
14 it appear to the assessor that he is held for tax of the current year on the  
15 property in another State, county, town, city, village or district *he* shall not be  
16 again assessed for said year.

17 All dates and times for the doing or performing of any act or thing which  
18 prior to the taking effect of this Act were fixed by law with reference to the  
19 assessment of taxes between the first day of May and the first day of July,  
20 or the State board of equalization meeting, on the second Tuesday of August or  
21 the collector's warrants being returned to the collectors on the 20th day of De-  
22 cember are respectively changed so that such acts or things shall be done or per-  
23 formed in the manner required by law with reference to the respective dates  
24 fixed by this Act for the assessment of taxes, meeting of the State board of  
25 equalization, or the delivery of the collector's warrants to the collector.

26 *The provisions of the foregoing paragraph shall apply particularly to the*  
27 *changes made by this Act whereby the time of assessing and paying real estate*  
28 *taxes as on the first day of May and personal taxes as of the first day of Decem-*  
29 *ber is fixed and all dates of all acts or proceedings before or after such several*  
30 *days are changed so as to bear the same relation to the dates fixed herein as*  
31 *they bore to the dates of payment of such taxes prior to this amendment.*

32 *Taxes upon real property shall be due and payable on the first day of May*  
33 *in each year and penalties, interest and costs that shall accrue thereon, shall*  
34 *be a prior and first lien on such real proptrty from and including the first day of*  
35 *May in the year in which the taxes are levied with all the rights and incidents*  
36 *relating to such lien ,which now are or hereafter may be provided by law: Pro-*  
37 *vided, nothing in this section contained shall change or affect any rights or lia-*  
38 *bilities under any contract entered into before the taking effect of this Act.*







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Boyd, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

## A BILL

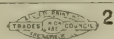
For an Act to amend an Act entitled, “An Act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collections of taxes,” approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by subsequent acts, by amending section one hundred and forty-four (144) thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That an Act entitled, “An Act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes,” approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by subsequent Act, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section one hundred and forty four (144) thereof, so that said section when amended shall read as follows:*

7       Sec. 144. The treasurers of counties under township organization, and the  
8 sheriffs of counties, not under township organization, shall be *ex officio* county  
9 collectors and town or district collectors of their respective counties. *Said county*  
10 *treasurers and sheriffs shall hereafter assume and perform all the duties relat-*  
11 *ing to the collection of taxes now required by law to be performed by town or dis-*  
12 *trict collectors, the office of district or town collector being hereby abolished.*

13 Such sheriffs or county commissioners shall give additional bond as such collec-  
14 tors as is now required for town and district collectors.

15 The board of supervisors or of county commissioners as the case may be,  
16 shall provide for the audit of the books and accounting of such sheriffs and col-  
17 lectors. And the bonds of such sheriffs or county collectors shall not be releas-  
18 ed until the Board of Supervisor's or county commissioners shall approve of  
19 their accounts



1 Introduced by Mr. Boyer, March 17, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

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## A BILL

For an Act to provide for the setting apart formation and disbursement of a police pension fund in cities having a population exceeding two hundred thousand inhabitants.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That in each city in this State having  
3 a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants, or more, there shall be  
4 created, maintained and disbursed in the manner prescribed in this Act, a pen-  
5 sion fund for policemen.

Sec. 2. A board composed of six members shall be and constitute a board  
2 of trustees to provide for the disbursement of said fund, and to designate the  
3 beneficiaries thereof, as herein directed, which board shall be known as the  
4 board of trustees of the Police Pension Fund of said city. Three members of  
5 said board shall be residents of the county in which such city is located, and  
6 shall not hold, during their term of membership on said board, any other civil  
7 office or position under the Federal, State or municipal governments. They  
8 shall be appointed by the mayor of such city and shall serve for a period of  
9 three (3) years, and until their successors are appointed and qualified. The  
10 three other persons who, with the members above designated, shall constitute  
11 said board, shall be chosen, two from among the policemen of such city, and



12 one from the body of the pensioners under this Act. The members to be  
 13 chosen from the policemen shall be elected by secret ballot and serve for a  
 14 period of two (2) years from the date of such election, such elections to be held  
 15 as follows: The second Monday in April in the year 1916, one to serve for one  
 16 year and one to serve for two years from such date, and thereafter such elec-  
 17 tions to be held annually, at which elections all policemen shall be entitled to  
 18 vote. The members to be chosen from the body of pensioners shall be elected  
 19 by ballot at an annual election, at which election all retired policemen who are  
 20 pensioners by the terms of this Act, and the widows of all deceased pensioners  
 21 who are pensioners by the terms of this Act shall be entitled to vote. In the  
 22 event that there shall be no widow surviving, then the guardian of any natural  
 23 child or children of such deceased pensioner, where such children are also pen-  
 24 sioners, may cast the vote to which such widow would have been entitled had  
 25 she survived. Elections shall be held annually on the second Monday of April,  
 26 at such place or places in such city, and under such regulations as shall be pre-  
 27 scribed by said board: *Provided, however,* that no person entitled to vote under  
 28 the provisions of this section shall cast more than one vote at any such election.  
 29 In the event of the death, resignation or inability to act of any elected mem-  
 30 ber of said board, the successor of such member shall be elected at a special  
 31 election which shall be called by said board, and shall be conducted in the same  
 32 manner as are the annual elections hereunder. Those members of the board of  
 33 trustees of the Police Pension Fund provided for in an Act entitled, "An Act to  
 34 provide for the setting apart, formation and disbursement of a Police Pension  
 35 Fund in cities, villages and incorporated towns," (approved April 29, 1887, in  
 36 force July 1, 1887), as subsequently amended, shall serve as members of the  
 37 board hereby created for the terms for which they were respectively appointed  
 38 or elected, and until such time as their successors are respectively appointed  
 39 or elected and qualified as herein provided. Suitable rooms for offices and  
 40 meetings of such board shall be assigned by the mayor of such city.

Sec. 3. Whenever any person shall have been or shall hereafter be appoint-  
 2 ed and sworn as a probationary or regular policeman in any city where such pen-

3 sion fund has been created, and shall have served for a period of twenty (20)  
4 years or more as such policeman in the police force of such city, or where the  
5 combined years of service of such person in the police department and fire de-  
6 partment of such city shall aggregate twenty (20) years or more, he may make  
7 application to said board for retirement, and said board shall order and direct  
8 that such policeman after his retirement from the police force, shall be paid a  
9 yearly pension equal to one-half of the amount of the salary attached to the rank  
10 which he may have held in said police force for one year immediately prior to  
11 the time of his retirement from the police force: *Provided, however,* the maxi-  
12 mum of said pension shall not exceed the sum of nine hundred dollars (\$900)  
13 and the minimum be not less than six hundred dollars (\$600) per annum; and  
14 after the death of any such policeman, his widow, in case the marriage of such  
15 policeman shall have taken place more than six months prior to the time a pen-  
16 sion is granted him hereunder, or natural child or children under sixteen (16)  
17 years of age of any such pensioner shall thereafter be paid the pension herein  
18 provided for such husband or father: *And provided, further,* that if such widow  
19 remarries, the pension herein provided shall cease.

20 If such widow dies, or if no such widow survives such policeman, then the  
21 natural child or children of such policeman under the age of sixteen (16)  
22 years shall receive the same pension as heretofore received by such deceased  
23 father, to be divided equally among them. Pensions paid to children shall cease,  
24 as to any such child, upon his or her arriving at the age of sixteen (16) years.

Sec. 4. Whenever any person who has been appointed and sworn as a reg-  
2 ular or probationary policeman of any such city shall at any time become physi-  
3 cally disabled while in, and in consequence of, the performance of police duty,  
4 said board, upon his written request, or without such request, upon the recom-  
5 mendation of the General Superintendent of Police, may retire such policeman  
6 from active service, and order and direct that he be paid from such fund a  
7 yearly pension not exceeding one-half of the amount of the salary attached to  
8 the rank which he may have held in said police force at the time of his retire-

9 ment: *Provided, however,* that the maximum sum of such pension shall not ex-  
 10 ceed the sum of nine hundred dollars (\$900) per annum, and the minimum not  
 11 less than six hundred dollars (\$600) per annum: *Provided, however,* that when-  
 12 ever such disability shall cease, such pension shall cease, and such person shall  
 13 thereupon be reinstated in the department in the rank held by him at the time  
 14 of his retirement. On the death of any person so retired, his widow, provided  
 15 the marriage of such policeman shall have taken place prior to the date of be-  
 16 coming so disabled, or natural child or children under the age of sixteen (16)  
 17 years of such deceased pensioner, shall be paid the same pension herein pro-  
 18 vided for such retired husband or father; but nothing herein contained shall  
 19 authorize or warrant payment of any such pension to any such widow after  
 20 she shall have remarried.

21 No policeman shall be retired as provided in this section or receive any  
 22 benefit from such fund unless there shall be filed with said board certificates of  
 23 his disability, which shall be subscribed and sworn to by the city physician, if  
 24 there be one, and a practicing physician of such city, or by the sworn certifi-  
 25 cates of such physicians as said board may select, and such board may require  
 26 other evidence of disability before ordering such retirement and payment as  
 27 aforesaid. Any policeman retired for disability under this Act may be sum-  
 28 moned to submit himself for examination by said board, or by such person or  
 29 persons as said board may select for such purpose, and shall abide the decision  
 30 and order of said board with reference thereto.

Sec. 5. Whenever any person who has been appointed and sworn as a reg-  
 2 ular or probationary policeman of such city shall while in, and in consequence  
 3 of, the performance of police duty, lose his life, or shall receive injuries from  
 4 which he shall thereafter die, leaving a widow or a natural child or children  
 5 under the age of sixteen (16) years, then upon satisfactory proof being made  
 6 to it, such board shall order and direct that the pensions described in section  
 7 3 hereof to be paid to widows and children, shall be paid to such widow, or such  
 8 natural child or children, subject to the limitations of said section 3: *Provided,*



9 that whenever any such policeman who has voluntarily retired or has been re-  
10 tired under the provisions of this Act shall then marry, such wife or child or  
11 children of such marriage shall not be entitled to any pension from the fund  
12 provided by this Act.

13 Whenever any policeman shall die after ten (10) years' service, and while  
14 still in the service of such city as a policeman, leaving a widow whom he mar-  
15 ried more than two months prior to his demise, or natural child or children  
16 under the age of sixteen (16) years, then upon satisfactory proof of such facts  
17 made to it, said board shall order and direct that a pension of one-half the  
18 salary attached to the rank which he may have held in said police force for  
19 one year immediately prior to his death, not exceeding the sum of nine hundred  
20 (\$900) dollars, shall be paid to such widow, or, if there be no widow, then to  
21 such natural child or children until they shall be sixteen (16) years of age, such  
22 pension to cease upon the re-marriage of such widow, as provided above.

23 Whenever any policeman shall after ten (10) years' service and while still  
24 in the service of such city, be legally adjudged insane, and at such time shall  
25 have a wife or natural child or children under the age of sixteen (16) years,  
26 said board shall order and direct that a pension of one-half the salary, not ex-  
27 ceeding the sum of nine hundred dollars (\$900) shall be paid to such wife, or if  
28 there be no wife, then to such natural child or children, until they shall be six-  
29 teen (16) years of age: *Provided, however,* that if at any time it be declared,  
30 in manner provided by law, that such person is restored to reason, then such  
31 pension shall cease, and such person shall, in the discretion of such board, be  
32 reinstated in the department in the rank held by him at the time he was legally  
33 adjudged to be insane: *And provided, further,* that such pension shall cease  
34 if such person shall leave or be taken outside of the State of Illinois.

Sec. 6. Whenever any policeman who shall have received any benefit under  
2 this Act shall be convicted of felony, or shall become an habitual drunkard, or a  
3 non-resident of the United States, or shall fail to submit himself for examina-  
4 tion as to fitness for duty as provided for in section 4 hereof, unless excused in



5 writing by the board, or shall disobey the requirements of said board in re-  
6 spect to said examination, then said board shall order that such pension allow-  
7 ance as may have been granted to such policeman shall cease and determine,  
8 and such policeman shall receive no further pension allowance or benefit under  
9 this Act.

Sec. 7. Wheresoever the word "policeman", as used in this Act appears, the  
2 same shall be interpreted and construed to mean the following:

3 Any person who has been appointed and sworn or designated by law as a  
4 policeman, prior to the taking effect of this Act, and has served in a regularly  
5 constituted police department as a policeman and a member of the police force  
6 thereof, and contributed to the Police Pension Fund for such time as he has  
7 been in the service of such police department. The intention being that all  
8 policemen who have so contributed to the Police Pension Fund (their widows  
9 and children entitled thereto) shall be entitled to any of the benefits of any  
10 pension law in force and effect when this Act, in cities within its terms, shall  
11 supersede an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the setting apart, formation  
12 and disbursement of a Police Pension Fund in cities, villages and incorporation  
13 towns," (approved April 29, 1887, in force July 1, 1887), as subsequently  
14 amended.

Sec. 8. The board herein provided for shall hold quarterly meetings on  
2 the second Tuesday of July, October, January and April of each year, and spe-  
3 cial meetings upon the call of the president of said board. On the second Tues-  
4 day of July of each year, it shall select one of its members who shall act as  
5 the president of such board for the period of one year, or until such time as his  
6 successor is elected and qualified. Said board shall, on the same day, also select  
7 another of its members who shall act as the treasurer, and also secretary of  
8 said board for the period of one year, or until such time as his successor is  
9 elected and qualified. Said board shall issue certificates signed by its president  
10 and secretary to the policemen entitled thereto of the amount of money ordered  
11 paid to such policemen from such fund by said board, which certificates shall

12 state for what purpose said payment is made. Said board shall keep a rec-  
13 ord of the proceedings of all its meetings, which record shall be a public record.  
14 Said board shall submit semi-annually to the city council of such city a list of  
15 beneficiaries entitled to payments from the fund herein provided, stating the  
16 amount of such payments and for what granted, as ordered by such board,  
17 which list shall be signed and certified by the treasurer and president of such  
18 board, and attested by such treasurer under oath: *Provided*, that no resolu-  
19 tion shall be passed or order made for the payment of money unless by affirm-  
20 ative vote of a majority of the members of said board. The findings of said  
21 board upon all questions of fact relating to the administration of said fund  
22 shall be conclusive.

23 In computing the duration of service of any policeman in the police force  
24 of any such city, the time during which such policeman may be separated  
25 from the police force or absent from duty, from any cause except on account of  
26 a furlough not exceeding thirty days in any year, and on account of injuries  
27 referred to in section 4 hereof, shall not be computed.

Sec. 9. Said pension fund shall consist of amounts of two per cent per  
2 month retained or deducted by the comptroller of such city from the salary or  
3 wages of each policeman, and such other sums as are hereinafter referred to.

4 Said board shall employ one or more competent actuaries, to be selected by  
5 the board, whose duty it shall be to determine the amount of money necessary  
6 to be provided annually for the purpose of:

7 (A) Paying pensions granted under the Act superseded by this Act.

8 (B) Paying pensions to policemen (their widows and children entitled  
9 thereto), members of the police force, prior to January 1st, 1916; and

9½ (C) Establishing and maintaining a reserve fund for the payment of pen-  
10 sions to policemen (their widows and children) becoming members of the police  
10½ force subsequent to January 1st, 1916.

11 Such actuaries shall report their findings to the board on or before the  
11½ first day of November of each year, beginning November 1, 1915.

12       The board shall certify to the city council of such city, on or before the  
13 first day of December, annually beginning December 1, 1915:

14       First: The assets in their custody at such time;

15       Second: The estimated receipts during the next succeeding year (from  
16 January 1st to December 31st) from deductions from the salary of policemen, as  
17 hereinabove provided, and from all other sources;

18       Third: The estimated amount required during said period for

19       (A) Paying pensions granted under the Act superseded by this Act;

20       (B) Paying pensions to policemen (their widows and children entitled  
21 thereto) members of the police force, prior to January 1, 1916; and

22       (C) Establishing and maintaining a reserve fund for the payment of pen-  
23 sions to policemen (their widows and children) becoming members of the police  
24 force subsequent to January 1, 1916.

25       It shall be lawful for any such city to levy a tax on all taxable property  
26 of such city in such sum as will, when added to the deductions from the salary  
27 or wages of policemen and receipts available from other sources, as hereinbe-  
28 fore referred to, amount to sufficient income to meet the actual requirements  
29 above referred to and designated (A), (B) and (C). Said taxes shall be levied  
30 and collected in like manner with the general taxes of such city and the fund  
31 arising therefrom shall be known as "Police Pension Fund"; which said tax  
32 shall be in addition to all other taxes which such city is now or hereafter may  
33 be authorized to levy upon the aggregate valuation of all property within such  
34 city, and the county clerk of the county in which such city is located in reducing  
35 tax levies under the provisions of an Act entitled, "An Act concerning the  
36 levy and extension of taxes, approved May 9, 1901, in force July 1, 1901," as  
37 subsequently amended, shall not consider the tax for said Police Pension Fund  
38 authorized by this Act as a part of the general tax levy for city purposes, and  
39 shall not include the same in the limitation of three (3) per cent of the as-  
40 sessed valuation upon which taxes are required to be extended.

41       The city council of such city shall thereafter annually include and appro-  
42 priate from such fund in the appropriation bill such sum or sums of money as



43 may be necessary to meet the annual requirements above referred to and desig-  
44 nated (A), (B) and (C).

45 Should any such city levy the tax aforesaid during the year 1916, or any  
46 year thereafter, in order that there may be sufficient money to meet the require-  
47 ments of this Act during any such year, such city may issue and dispose of tax  
48 anticipation warrants as provided by law.

49 In the event that such city shall during any year fail, neglect or refuse to  
50 provide for the levy and collection of the aforesaid tax, then there shall be set  
51 apart annually from the revenue collected or received by such city from licen-  
52 ses issued by such city, authorizing persons and corporations to engage in any  
53 business, profession or occupation within the corporate limits of such city, ex-  
54 cepting public utilities, a sum which, when added to the deductions from the sal-  
55 ary or wages of policemen above referred to and receipts available from other  
56 sources, will amount to a sufficient income to meet the annual requirements  
57 above referred to and designated (A), (B) and (C).

58 All moneys collected by taxation or from licenses, as the case may be, shall  
59 be transferred to the board as hereinafter provided, and any excess remaining  
60 at the end of the fiscal year in the possession of said board shall be credited to  
61 the fund for the ensuing year; any deficit shall be provided for during such en-  
62 suing year.

63 All moneys, bonds or assets of any nature and description in the posses-  
64 sion of the board of trustees of the Police Pension Fund of any city having a  
65 population exceeding 200,000 inhabitants included in the Act which is superseded  
66 by this Act, or to which such board may be by law entitled, shall, upon the taking  
67 effect of this Act, become the property of the board of trustees of the Police  
68 Pension Fund hereby created; whereupon said board first above referred to  
69 shall be and hereby is dissolved and abrogated: *Provided, however,* that all rev-  
70 enue which said board so abrogated would have been by law entitled to between  
71 June 30, 1915, and January 1st, 1916, had not this Act become operative, shall be  
72 paid to and become the property of said board of trustees hereby created for  
73 the uses and purposes herein set forth: *And provided, further,* that all legal



74 proceedings instituted by, or in the name of, or against said board, shall be  
75 continued without abatement either in the name of said board or in the name  
76 by which they are instituted and conducted.

Sec. 10. In addition to the other powers herein granted, the following  
2 further powers and authority are hereby conferred upon said board:

3 First: The said board shall have exclusive control and management of  
4 the fund mentioned herein, and of all moneys donated, paid or assessed for  
5 the relief or pensioning of disabled, superannuated and retired policemen, their  
6 widows and minor children; the same to be placed by the treasurer of such  
7 board to the credit of such fund subject to the order of such board.

8 Second: All rewards, moneys, gifts, fees or emoluments that may be paid  
9 or given for, or on account of, extraordinary service by said police force or  
10 by any policeman, except when allowed to be retained by said policeman, or  
11 given to endow a medal or other competitive reward, shall be paid into said pen-  
12 sion fund. The said board may take, by gift, grant, devise or bequest, any  
13 moneys, real estate, personal property, right of property or other valuable  
14 thing.

15 Third: All moneys paid for special detail of policemen, fines imposed  
16 upon policemen of such city, for violation of the rules and regulations of the  
17 police department, and moneys received from all sales of unclaimed or stolen  
18 property.

19 Fourth: Said board shall have the power to draw such pension fund from  
20 the treasurer or other officials of such city, and may invest such fund, or any  
21 part thereof, in the name of the board of trustees of the Police Pension Fund, in  
22 interest bearing bonds of the United States, of the State of Illinois, or of any  
23 county of this State, or of any township or any municipal corporation of the  
24 State of Illinois, and all such securities shall be deposited with the treasurer of  
25 said board and shall be subject to the order of said board; said treasurer of  
26 said board shall furnish a good and sufficient bond to said board in an amount  
27 to be fixed by said board, all costs incidental to same to be paid out of said  
28 pension fund.

29 Fifth. To compel witnesses to attend and testify before it, upon all mat-  
30 ters connected with the operation of this Act, in the same manner as is or  
31 may be provided by law for the taking of testimony before masters in chancery,  
32 and its president, or any member of said board, may administer oaths to  
33 such witnesses.

34 Sixth. To appoint a clerk and define his duties.

35 Seventh. To provide for the payment from said funds of all its necessary  
36 expenses, including clerk hire, printing and witness fees: *Provided*, that no  
37 compensation or emolument shall be paid to any member of said board for  
38 any duty required or performed under this Act: *And, provided, further*, that  
39 the interest on said fund or any portion thereof shall be credited thereto and  
40 no portion thereof shall be retained by the treasurer of said board.

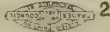
41 Eighth. To make all necessary rules and regulations for its guidance, in  
42 conformity with the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 11. On the second Tuesday in May of each year, the treasurer and  
2 all other officials of such city, who have had the custody or possession of any  
3 of such pension fund herein provided, shall make a sworn statement to the  
4 board of trustees of such Police Pension Fund and to the mayor of such city,  
5 of all moneys received and paid out by such official on account of said pension  
6 fund during the year, and of the amount of said funds then on hand and ow-  
7 ing to said pension fund. All surplus then remaining on said official's hands  
8 shall be paid by him to the treasurer of said pension board: *And, provided*,  
9 *further*, any such official shall at any and all times, upon demand by said  
10 pension board, furnish to said board, statements or information of any kind  
11 relating to said official's method of collection or handling of said pension funds:  
12 *And, provided, further*, that all books and records of such official shall be pro-  
13 duced at any time by said official for examination and inspection by said board  
14 of pension trustees, for the purposes herein provided.

Sec. 12. All persons, who, upon the taking effect of this Act, are entitled  
2 to or receiving pensions under an Act entitled: "An Act to provide for the

3 setting apart, formation and disbursement of a police pension fund in cities,  
4 villages and incorporated towns'' (approved April 29, 1887, in force July 1,  
5 1887), as subsequently amended, shall receive no further payment under said  
6 Act, but shall in lieu thereof be entitled to the benefits provided for in this Act,  
7 the intention being that this Act, in cities within its terms, shall supersede the  
8 aforesaid Act, but that neither pensions granted thereunder nor the amount  
9 thereof shall in any wise be affected. No allowance or order of the board here-  
10 in established shall be held to create any liability against any such city, ex-  
11 cept upon the funds so set apart, as aforesaid, for the payment thereof.

12 All pensions granted under this Act and every portion thereof shall be ex-  
13 empt from attachment or garnishment processes and shall not be seized, taken,  
14 subjected to, detained or levied upon by virtue of any execution or any proc-  
15 esses or proceedings whatsoever issued out of or by any court in this State for  
16 the payment and satisfaction, in whole or in part, of any debt, claim, damage,  
17 demand or judgment against any pensioner hereunder, and no pensioner shall  
18 have the right to transfer or assign his or her pension, or any part thereof,  
19 either by way of mortgage or otherwise.



1 Adopted April 23, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend printed House Bill No. 320, by inserting in line 5 of section 7, page  
2 6, after the word "policeman," a comma and the following words, "police patrol  
3 driver and police operator".

4 Amend line 7, section 7, page 6 of the printed House Bill No. 320, by strik-  
5 ing out the period after the word "department" and adding to the sentence  
6 the words "as a policeman, police patrol driver and police operator".

7 Amend line 8, section 7, page 6, of printed House Bill No. 320 by inserting  
8 after the word "policeman" in said line 8, a comma and the following words,  
9 "police patrol drivers and police operators."

10 Amend line 12, section 7, page 6, of printed House Bill No. 320, by striking  
11 out the last word in said line and inserting in lieu thereof the word "incor-  
12 porated".

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend line one (1), section two (2), page one (1), of printed House Bill  
2 No. 320, before the word "members" by striking out the word "six" and in-  
3 serting in lieu thereof the word "five."

4 Amend line ten (10), section two (2), page one (1), of printed House Bill  
5 No. 320, by striking out "three", the first word in said line, and inserting in  
6 lieu thereof the word "two".



7 Amend line eleven (11), section two (2), page one (1), of printed House  
8 Bill No. 320, by striking out after the word "chosen" the word "two" and in-  
9 serting in lieu thereof the word "one".

10 Amend line twelve (12), section two (2), page two (2), of printed House Bill  
11 No. 320, by changing the word "members", third from the end of said line, to  
12 the word "member".

13 Amend line thirteen (13), section two (2), page two (2), of printed House  
14 Bill No. 320, by striking out after the words "secret ballot" the following  
15 words: "and serve for a period of two years from the date of such election,  
16 such elections to be held as follows: The second Monday in April in the year  
17 1916, one to serve for one year and one to serve for two years from such date,  
18 and thereafter such elections to be held annually", and insert in lieu thereof the  
19 following words, "At an annual meeting to serve for the period of one year".

20 Amend line eighteen (18), section two (2), page two (2), of printed House  
21 Bill No. 320, by changing the third word in said line, "members", to the word  
22 "member".

23 Amend line nineteen (19), section two (2), page two (2), of printed House  
24 Bill No. 320, by inserting after the word "by", the first word in said line, the  
25 word "secret", and by inserting after the word "election" as it first appears  
26 in said line the words "to serve for a period of one year", and after the second  
27 word "at" strike out the word "which" and insert the word "said".

28 Amend line twenty-five (25), section two (2), page two (2), of printed  
29 House Bill No. 320, by striking out the word "second" before the word "Mon-  
30 day", and inserting in lieu thereof the word "third".

31 And the amendment was adopted.

### AMENDMENT NO. 3.

Amend House Bill No. 320, by adding a new section to be known as section  
2 13, as follows:

3       Sec. 13. If any section, subdivision, sentence or clause of this Act is for  
4 any reason held invalid or to be unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect  
5 the validity of the remaining portion of this Act, or any section or part thereof.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. W. M. Brown, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Temperance.

## A BILL

For an Act to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquor within five miles of the boundary line or lines of land owned or used by the United States Government for the purpose or purposes of any United States Naval Training Station.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That on and after the 30th day of April, A. D., 1916, it shall be unlawful to keep for sale, sell, distribute, give away, or take an order or make an agreement for the sale or delivery of any intoxicating liquor within five miles of the boundary line or lines of land owned or used by the United States Government for the purpose or purposes of any United States Naval Training Station in this State.

Any shift or device to evade any of the provisions of this Act shall be held to be an unlawful selling. The phrase "intoxicating liquor" shall include all distilled, spirituous, vinous, fermented, alcoholic and malt liquors.

The issuance of an Internal Revenue special tax stamp or receipt by the United States Government to any person at any place within said territory as a wholesale or retail dealer in intoxicating liquors shall prima facie evidence of a violation of this Act.



Sec. 2. All places within five miles of said boundary line or lines where any  
2 intoxicating liquor is dealt in in violation of this Act are hereby declared to be  
3 common nuisances and may be abated as such: *Provided*, nothing in this Act  
4 shall be construed to prohibit the sale within five miles of said boundary line or  
5 lines by druggists to whom permits therefor have been duly granted in the  
6 manner provided by law of liquor for medicinal, mechanical, sacramental or  
7 chemical purposes only, under such restrictions and regulations as may be pro-  
8 vided by ordinance.

Sec. 3. Whoever shall, by himself or another, either as principle, clerk or  
2 servant, directly or indirectly, violate any provision of this Act, shall for each  
3 offense be fined not less than Fifty (50) dollars nor more than two hundred dol-  
4 lars (\$200) and be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than ten (10) days  
5 nor more than thirty (30) days. If any person shall be convicted of violating  
6 any provision of this Act and shall subsequently violate any provision of this Act  
7 for such second and each subsequent violation, he shall, for each offense, be fined  
8 not less than one hundred (\$100) dollars nor more than five hundred dollars  
9 (\$500) and be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor  
10 more than ninety (90) days.

- 1 Introduced by Mr. Lee O'Neil Browne (by request), March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on License and Miscel-  
lany.

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## A BILL

For an Act to provide for the licensing of steam and operating stationary engineers.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the Governor, with the consent of  
3 the Senate shall appoint a Chief Examiner of Steam and operating stationary En-  
4 gineers, who shall be a competent and practical steam and operating stationary  
5 engineer, and who shall serve for a term of four years from the first day of  
6 May following his appointment, and until his successor is appointed and quali-  
7 fied.

Sec. 2. The Chief Examiner of steam and operating stationary engineers  
2 shall divide the State into two or more districts, and appoint one district examin-  
3 er for each district. All District Examiners shall be steam and operating sta-  
4 tionary engineers of not less than five years experience immediately prior to his  
5 appointment, and shall be appointed from an eligible list supplied by the State  
6 Civil Service Commission.

Sec. 3. The Chief examiner of steam and operating stationary engineers shall be a practical steam and operating stationary engineer of not less than ten years experience as a steam and operating stationary engineer immediately prior to his appointment.

Sec. 4. Before entering upon the discharge of the duties of his office, the Chief Examiner of Steam and Operating Stationary Engineers, and each District Examiner, shall give a bond to the State; the Chief Examiner in the sum of three thousand dollars, and each District Examiner in the sum of two thousand dollars, for the approval of the Governor. Such bonds, with the oath of office endorsed thereon, shall be deposited with the Secretary of State and kept in his office.

Sec. 5. The Chief Examiner shall have an office in the State House in which the records of the department shall be kept. He shall appoint a sufficient number of clerks to keep the records of the department: Said clerks to be selected from an eligible list supplied by the State Civil Service Commission. Each clerk so appointed shall give a bond of fifteen hundred dollars, for approval by the Chief Examiner, and conditioned for the faithful discharge of his duties. The salary of each clerk appointed shall be not less than nine hundred dollars (\$900) per annum.

Sec. 6. All appointees under this Act shall not follow any vocation except that named herein. The Chief Examiner shall issue such instructions and make such rules and regulations for the government of District Examiners, consistent with the powers and duties conferred on them by law, as he deems necessary to secure uniformity of action throughout the State.

Sec. 7. For the purpose of examination or inspection authorized by this Act, the Chief Examiner and District Examiners are empowered to enter upon any premises and into any building or room thereof at all reasonable hours.

Sec. 8. The Chief Examiner of Steam and Operating Stationary Engineers shall receive a salary of not less than twenty-four hundred dollars per annum.

num; each District Examiner shall receive a salary of not less than Fifteen hundred dollars per annum. Each shall be allowed traveling expenses actually incurred in the discharge of official duties, such expenses to be paid upon warrant of the State Auditor, upon presentation of proper vouchers therefor.

Sec. 9. No person shall operate any manufacturing or commercial plant, or any steam boiler carrying a pressure of more than 10 pounds gauge or any heating plant of more than 5,000 sq. ft. of radiation without first obtaining a license to do so as provided by this Act. No owner, or agent or user of any such steam boiler, heating, manufacturing or commercial plant shall permit it to be operated unless it is directly in charge of a duly licensed engineer.

Sec. 10. Each person who desires to act as a steam and operating stationary engineer shall make application to the District Examiner in the district in which the applicant is employed, for a license upon an official blank provided for such person. Persons so applying shall pass an examination in the construction and operation of steam boilers and power generating and driven apparatus. The examination shall be conducted under the rules and regulations adopted by the Chief Examiner, shall be of a practical nature, and shall be uniform throughout the State. The Chief Examiner and the District Examiner shall have power to administer all oaths or affirmations to any applicant whenever the same are made necessary by the rules and regulations adopted by the Chief Examiner.

Sec. 11. If, upon such examination, the applicant is found proficient, a license shall be granted him, to have charge of and operate stationary steam boilers and power driven apparatus, for one year from date on which it was issued. Upon written charges, and after reasonable notice and hearing the District Examiner may revoke the license of a person guilty of fraud in obtaining a license, or who becomes insane, or who is addicted to the liquor drug habit to such a degree as to render him unfit to discharge the duties of a steam and operating stationary engineer, or who has been guilty of gross negligence in the discharge of his duties as an engineer.



Sec. 12. Upon application, the person to whom the license is issued under the provisions of this Act, shall be entitled to a renewal thereof annually, unless the District Examiner, for a cause named in the preceding section and upon notice and hearing shall refuse such renewal.

Sec. 13. Each applicant for examination for a license as engineer or for renewal of such license, shall pay to the District Examiner, at the time of application, a fee of two dollars. On or before the fifth day of each month each District Examiner shall remit to the Chief Examiner all fees so received, together with a monthly report of the business of the office.

Sec. 14. Any person over 21 years of age, who is a citizen of the United States, or who has declared his intention of becoming such, shall be eligible to make application for license as a steam and operating stationary engineer, provided he has had three years experience on boilers and power driven apparatus; that any engineer who shall make affidavit as having had three or more years' experience prior to the passage of this bill as a steam and operating stationary engineer, next preceding his application, and upon certification of such fact by his employer, shall be granted a license for the plant he is then operating without further examination.

*And it is further provided,* that any person holding an engineer's license issued by a regularly constituted municipal board within the State prior to the passage of this bill, shall upon application, and upon payment of the prescribed fee, be granted a license without further examination.

Sec. 15. A person dissatisfied with the action of a District Examiner in refusing a license or revoking same or refusing renewal of one already granted may appeal to the Chief Examiner, who shall investigate the action of the District Examiner. If the Chief Examiner finds that the action of the District Examiner was justified under the requirements of this Act, he shall sustain him in the action. If he finds that the District Examiner was not justified, he shall require him to issue a license to the person making the appeal.

Sec. 16. Each engineer shall exhibit his license under glass in a conspicuous  
2 place in his engine or boiler room, if possible, and for each neglect or refusal to  
3 comply with the provisions of this section, shall be fined not to exceed five dol-  
4 lars.

Sec. 17. Whoever, being an engineer or owner or user of a steam boiler,  
2 heating manufacturing or commercial plant violating any provisions of this Act,  
3 except as specified, shall be fined not less than \$10.00 or more than \$100.00.

Sec. 18. The provisions of this Act shall not apply to locomotives used by  
2 incorporated railroads, or steam boilers or power driven apparatus under the  
3 jurisdiction of the United States.

Sec. 19. Neither this bill, nor any part thereof, shall have any application  
2 to the "traction" or "stationary" engines on farms for purely agricultural pur-  
3 poses necessarily connected with the operations of said farm.

Sec. 20. Neither shall this bill or any part thereof have any application to  
2 engines or power driven apparatus used by the mining industries in the process  
3 of mining.

Sec. 21. Cities and villages having municipal license law covering the li-  
2 censing of steam and operating stationary engineers prior to the passage of this  
3 bill unless they choose to accept the State law, shall be exempt from the provis-  
4 ions of the State bill.

Sec. 22. The Chief Examiner shall pay all moneys and fees received by him  
2 from the District Examiners into the State Treasury, to the use of the general  
3 revenue fund, on or before the tenth day of each month; and file a report with the  
4 Governor at such time, giving an account of all moneys received by him and paid  
5 into the State Treasury.





1 Adopted March 30, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 322, in the House in the printed bill, by striking out,  
2 wherever it occurs, either in the title or the body of the bill, the word "Sta-  
3 tionary," except the word stationary in section 10.

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

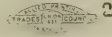
Amend section 19, of House Bill No. 322, by adding after the word  
2 "farm," at the end of said section, the words, "or in constructing and main-  
3 taining public highways."

AMENDMENT. NO. 3.

Amend House Bill No. 322, by inserting after the words and figures "sec-  
2 tion 1," the following words, "Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illi-  
3 nois, represented in the General Assembly."







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Burns, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend section 2 of an Act entitled, "An Act concerning the levy and extension of taxes," approved May 9, 1901, in force July 1, 1901, as amended by an Act approved March 29, 1905, in force July 1, 1905, as amended by an Act approved June 14, 1909, in force July 1, 1909, as amended by an Act approved May 20, 1913, in force July 1, 1913.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section 2 of an Act entitled, "An  
3 Act concerning the levy and extension of taxes," approved May 9, 1901, in force  
4 July 1, 1901, amended by an Act approved March 29, 1905, in force July 1, 1905,  
5 as amended by an Act approved June 14, 1909, in force July 1, 1909, as amend-  
6 ed by an Act approved May 20, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, be and the same is  
7 hereby amended to read as follows:

8       Sec. 2. The county clerk in each county shall ascertain the rates per cent  
9 required to be extended upon the assessed valuation of the taxable property in  
10 the respective towns, townships, districts, incorporated cities and villages in his  
11 county, as equalized by the State Board of Equalization for the current year, to

12 produce the several amounts certified for extension by the taxing authorities in  
13 said county (as the same shall have been reduced as hereinbefore provided in  
14 all cases where the original amounts exceed the amount authorized by law):  
15 *Provided, however,* that if the aggregate of all the taxes (exclusive of State  
16 taxes, village taxes, levee taxes, municipal tuberculosis sanitarium taxes, school  
17 building taxes, high school taxes, district school taxes and all other school taxes  
18 in school districts having not more than 100,000 inhabitants, road and bridge  
19 taxes, taxes levied for the payment of the principal of and the interest on bonded  
20 indebtedness of cities, and exclusive of taxes levied pursuant to the mandate or  
21 judgment of any court of record on any bonded indebtedness), certified to be ex-  
22 tended against any property in any part of any taxing district or municipality,  
23 shall exceed three per cent of the assessed valuation thereof upon which the  
24 taxes are required to be extended, the rate per cent of the tax levy of such tax-  
25 ing district or municipality shall be reduced as follows: The county clerk shall  
26 reduce the rate per cent of the tax levy of such taxing district or municipality  
27 in the same proportion in which it would be necessary to reduce the highest ag-  
28 gregate per cent of all tax levies (exclusive of State taxes, village taxes,  
29 levee taxes, municipal tuberculosis sanitarium taxes, school building taxes, high  
30 school taxes, district school taxes and all other school taxes in school districts  
31 having not more than 100,000 inhabitants, road and bridge taxes, taxes levied for  
32 the payment of the principal of and the interest on bonded indebtedness of  
33 cities, and exclusive of taxes levied pursuant to the mandate or judgment of any  
34 court of record on any bonded indebtedness), certified for extension upon any  
35 of the taxable property in said taxing district or municipality, to bring the same  
36 down to three per cent of the assessed value of said taxable property upon  
37 which said taxes are required by law to be extended: *Provided, further,* that  
38 in reducing tax levies hereunder the rate per cent of the tax levy for county  
39 purposes in counties having a population of over 300,000 shall not be reduced  
40 below a rate of forty cents on each one hundred dollars assessed value, and in  
41 counties having a population of less than 300,000 the rate of the tax levy for  
42 county purposes shall not be reduced below a rate of forty-five cents on each one

43 hundred dollars assessed value, and the rate per cent of the tax levy for city or  
44 village purposes (exclusive of library, tuberculosis sanitarium, school and park  
45 purposes and exclusive of the taxes levied for the payment of the principal of and  
46 the interest on bonded indebtedness) in cities and villages having a population  
47 of over 150,000, shall not be reduced below a rate of one dollar and ten cents on  
48 each one hundred dollars assessed value, and the rate per cent of the school tax  
49 for educational purposes shall not be reduced below a rate of one dollar and  
50 five cents on each one hundred dollars assessed value, and the rate per cent  
51 of the tax levy for city or village purposes (exclusive of library, school and park  
52 purposes, and exclusive of the taxes levied for the payment of the principal of  
53 and the interest on bonded indebtedness) in cities and villages having a popu-  
54 lation of less than 150,000, shall not be reduced below a rate of one dollar and  
55 twenty cents on each one hundred dollars assessed value, and the rate per cent  
56 of the school tax levy for educational purposes shall not be reduced below a rate  
57 of one dollar and fifty cents on each one hundred dollars assessed value, but the  
58 other taxes which are subject to reduction under this section shall be subject  
59 only to such reduction, respectively, as would be made therein under this section  
60 if this proviso were not inserted herein: *And, provided, further,* in reducing  
61 tax levies hereunder, all school taxes levied in cities exceeding 150,000 inhabi-  
62 tants, with the exception of the levy for school building purposes, shall be in-  
63 cluded in the taxes to be reduced.

64 The rate per cent of the tax levy of every county, city, village, town, town-  
65 ship, park district, sanitary district, road district, and other public authorities  
66 (except the State), shall be ascertained and determined (and reduced when nec-  
67 essary as above provided) in the manner hereinbefore specified, and shall then be  
68 extended by the county clerk upon the assessed value of the property subject  
69 thereto (being one-third of the full value thereof) as equalized according to  
70 law. In reducing the rate per cent of any tax levy, as hereinbefore provided,  
71 the rates per cent of all tax levies certified to the county clerk for extension as  
72 originally ascertained and determined under section 1 of this Act, shall be used  
73 in ascertaining the aggregate of all taxes certified to be extended without regard



74 to any reduction made therein under this section: *Provided*, that no reduction  
75 of any tax levy made hereunder shall diminish any amount appropriated by cor-  
76 porate or taxing authorities for the payment of the principal or interest on  
77 bonded debt, or levied pursuant to the mandate or judgment of any court of  
78 record. And to that end every such taxing body shall certify to the county clerk  
79 with its tax levy, the amount thereof required for any such purposes.

80 In case of a reduction hereunder any taxing body whose levy is affected  
81 thereby and whose appropriations are required by law to be itemized, may,  
82 after the same have been ascertained, distribute the amount of such reduction  
83 among the items of its appropriations, with the exceptions aforesaid, as it may  
84 elect. If no such election be made within three months after the extension of  
85 such tax, all such items, except as above specified, shall be deemed to be reduced  
86 pro rata.

- 1 Introduced by Mr. Buxton, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to counties," approved and in force March 31, 1874, as amended by subsequent Acts, by amending section forty-nine (49) and fifty (50) thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to revise  
3 the law in relation to counties," approved and in force March 31, 1874, as  
4 amended by subsequent Acts, be and the same is hereby amended by amend-  
5 ing section forty-nine (49) and fifty (50) thereof so that said sections when  
6 amended shall read as follows:

Sec. 49. The *semi-annual meetings* of the Board of Supervisors shall be  
2 holden on the *last Tuesday in June* and the *first Tuesday in January* of each  
3 and every year at the county seat and if the court house be convenient shall be  
4 held therein.

Sec. 50. Special meetings of the board of supervisors shall be held only  
2 when requested by at least *two-thirds* of the members of the board which request

3 shall be in writing addressed to the clerk of the board and specifying the  
4 time and place of such meeting upon receipt of which the clerk shall immedi-  
5 ately transmit notes writing of such meeting to each of the members of the  
6 board, the clerk shall also cause notes of such meeting to be published in some  
7 newspaper printed in the county if any there be.

8 *A special meeting of the board of supervisors shall be held on the first*  
9 *Tuesday in March for the regular organization of board of supervisors follow-*  
10 *ing the election on the first Tuesday in April just prior thereto.*



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Buxton, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to township organization," approved and in force March 4, 1874, as amended by subsequent Acts, by amending section one (1) of article XV thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to township organization," approved and in force March 4, 1874, as amended by subsequent Acts, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section one (1) of article XV thereof so that the said section when amended shall read as follows:

7 Sec. 1. Article XV. The following town officers shall be entitled to compensation at the following rates for each day necessarily devoted by them to the service of the town in the duties of their respective offices. The town clerk and supervisor shall receive for their services *four (4) dollars* per day when attending to town business *within the town and shall receive six (6) cents a mile additional for each day's services and each mile traveled out of the town.* This additional per diem to include the supervisors and assistant supervisors who are residents of the *different townships and must be called together at the county seat for the transaction of county business and all county business shall be attended to at the regular session.* The same fees are to be allowed to



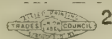
17 *the committees during their regular work as committeemen. Provided, that the*  
 18 *supervisors when attending to the duties of overseer of the poor shall be re-*  
 19 *garded as town officers and shall receive his compensation per day as such over-*  
 20 *seer as same as attending to the regular duties of a supervisor, unless the com-*  
 21 *pensation is fixed by a majority of the board of supervisors assembled at their*  
 22 *June meeting. And provided further, that the town clerk shall receive fees and*  
 23 *not a per diem for the following services: for serving notices of elections upon*  
 24 *town officers as required by law twenty-five (25) cents each; for filing any paper*  
 25 *required by law to be filed in his office ten (10) cents each; for posting up*  
 26 *notices required by law twenty-five (25) cents each; for recording any order or*  
 27 *instrument of writing authorized by law eight (8) cents for each one hundred*  
 28 *(100) words; for copying any record in his office and certifying to the same eight*  
 29 *(8) cents for each one hundred (100) words to be paid by the person applying*  
 30 *to the same; for copying by-laws for posting or publishing eight (8) cents for*  
 31 *each one hundred (100) words to be paid by the town; the town assessor shall*  
 32 *receive for his services same per diem as before.*

33       Second the poundmaster shall be allowed the following fees for his serv-  
 34 ices, to-wit: For taking into the pound and discharging therefrom horses,  
 35 asses, mules and meat cattle ten (10) cents each; sheep or lambs three (3) cents  
 36 each and swine large or small five (5) cents each.

37       He may also be allowed to receive his reasonable charges for the keeping  
 38 of such animals. The amount which he shall charge therefor may be regulated  
 39 by the town meeting.

40       Third. The officers composing the board of appointment in case of vacancy  
 41 when they shall meet for that purpose and the officers composing the board of  
 42 town officers shall each be entitled to one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) a day  
 43 for his services.

44       Fourth. No justice of peace or town officer shall be entitled to any fee or  
 45 compensation from any individual, elected or appointed to a town office for  
 46 administering to him the oath of office.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Cooper, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and by unanimous consent, read at large a first time  
and ordered to a second reading without reference.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, “An Act to amend an Act concerning circuit courts and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties in the judicial circuits of the State of Illinois, exclusive of Cook county,” approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, (approved June 11, 1897, in force July 1, 1897) and Acts amendatory thereof, by amending section 3 thereof; and to repeal an Act entitled, “An Act to establish terms of circuit court for Jefferson county,” approved June 9, 1909, in force July 1, 1909.

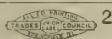
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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, “An Act to amend  
3 an Act concerning circuit courts and to fix the time for holding the same in the  
4 several counties in the judicial circuits in the State of Illinois, exclusive of  
5 the county of Cook,” approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, (approved  
6 June 11, 1897, in force July 1, 1897), and Acts amendatory thereof, be and the  
7 same is hereby amended by amending section 3 thereof, as hereinafter provided;  
8 and by repealing an Act entitled, “An Act to establish terms of circuit court

9 for the county of Jefferson," approved June 9, 1909, in force July 1, 1909;  
 10 that said section 3 herein provided to be amended, shall, when amended, read  
 11 as follows:

Sec. 3. Second circuit, in the county of Hardin on the fourth Monday of  
 2 March and the first Monday of September; in the county of Gallatin on the  
 3 first Monday of April and October; in the county of White on the third Mon-  
 4 day of January and the second Monday of May and the second Monday of  
 5 October; in the county of Hamilton on the fourth Monday of February and Sep-  
 6 tember; in the county of Franklin on the fourth Monday of May and Novem-  
 7 ber; in the county of Wabash on the third Monday of April and November; in  
 8 the county of Edwards on the second Monday of April and November; in the  
 9 county of Wayne on the third Monday of January, March, June and October;  
 10 in the county of Jefferson *on the second Monday of January, April, July and*  
 11 *October: Provided*, there shall be no juries summoned for the July terms of  
 12 court in said county, unless by special order of a judge of said court, which  
 13 order may be in either term time or vacation; in the county of Richland on the  
 14 third Monday of April, July and November: *Provided*, that the July term shall  
 15 be devoted exclusively to the trying of chancery cases and to the trial and trans-  
 16 action in civil and criminal cases not requiring a jury, and no jury shall be  
 17 empannelled for the July term; in the county of Lawrence on the first Mon-  
 18 day of May, October and February: *Provided*, that the February term shall  
 19 be devoted exclusively to the trial of chancery cases and the trial or trans-  
 20 action of any business in civil and criminal cases not requiring a jury, and no  
 21 jury shall be empannelled for the February term; in the county of Crawford on  
 22 the first Monday of March and September.

Sec. 2. That section 1 of an Act entitled, "An Act to establish terms of  
 2 circuit court for Jefferson county," approved June 9, 1909, in force July 1, 1909,  
 3 be and the same is hereby repealed.



1 Introduced by Mr. Dalton, March 17, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act creating a commission to procure a site and erect an armory for the use of the Illinois National Guard at Elgin, Kane county, Illinois, and making an appropriation therefor.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That a commission, consisting of the ad-  
3 jutant general, division, commander and the regimental commander of Company  
4 E, Third Regiment, Illinois National Guard, be and the same is hereby constituted  
5 and created with full power to carry out the provisions of this Act as herein set  
6 forth.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the commission named in section one of this  
2 Act to meet and organize as soon as practicable after the taking effect of this  
3 Act by electing one of their number as president and another as secretary.

Sec. 3. The commission shall select a suitable site and procure in the name  
2 of the State of Illinois title to the said site for the erection of an armory for the  
3 use of Company E, Third Regiment of the Illinois National Guard. Upon the

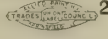


4 procurement of the title, the deed shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of  
5 State.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the said commission to exercise general  
2 management, control and supervision of all matters pertaining to the erection  
3 and construction of the said armory and to make and let all contracts necessary  
4 to construct, build and erect such armory.

Sec. 5. Not to exceed fifty thousand (\$50,000.00) dollars shall be expended  
2 from State funds for the purchase of said site and the erection of said armory  
3 and payments shall be made from funds appropriated by the Legislature for that  
4 purpose only in the manner herein provided.

Sec. 6. The sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00) or so much thereof  
2 as shall be necessary is hereby appropriated for the purpose of procuring a site  
3 and the erection of an armory at Elgin, Kane county, Illinois, for the use of  
4 Company E, Third Regiment, Illinois National Guard, and upon the presenta-  
5 tion of proper vouchers certified to by the Adjutant General and approved by  
6 the Governor, the Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed  
7 to draw his warrants for that purpose on the State Treasurer for fifty thou-  
8 sand (\$50,000) dollars, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, and the Treas-  
9 urer is hereby authorized and directed to pay the same out of any moneys in the  
10 treasury not otherwise appropriated.



1 Introduced by Mr. Ellis, March 17, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act concerning fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of this State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, which title was amended as recited herein by an Act approved March 28, 1874, by adding thereto a new section to be known as section 18½.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly* That an Act entitled, "An Act concerning fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of this State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to be known as section 18½.

7      Sec. 18½. *In all cases in which the personal property of an estate does not*  
8 *exceed four thousand (\$4,000) in value, the fee of the clerk of the county court*  
9 *shall not exceed ten (\$10) dollars, provided that moneys arising from the sale of*  
10 *real estate to pay debts shall to the amount necessarily used in the settlement*  
11 *of the estate, be considered as personal estate for the purposes of this section.*  
12 *In all cases where by the death of any person there shall be left, surviving such*

13 person, a widow or children resident of this State who are entitled out of said  
14 estate to a widow's or children's award, and the entire estate of such deceased  
15 person shall not exceed one thousand (\$1,000) dollars, and in case of any minor  
16 whose estate does not exceed the sum of five hundred (\$500) dollars, and whose  
17 father is dead, and in all cases of any idiot, insane person, lunatic or distracted  
18 person, drunkard or spendthrift, when such person has a wife or infant child  
19 dependent on such person for support, and the entire estate of such person shall  
20 not exceed the sum of one thousand (\$1,000) dollars, and in cases of the adoption  
21 of children wherein it shall appear to the court that the child adopted is under  
22 the age of fourteen years, and that his or her estate does not exceed in value the  
23 sum of five hundred (\$500) dollars, the court shall make an order, and cause the  
24 same to be entered of record, releasing and remitting the fees of the clerk and  
25 other officers of the court.



1 Adopted May 7, 1915.

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AMENDMENT TO AMENDMENT NO 1.

Amend amendment No. 1, to House Bill No. 328, by striking out the word  
2 "three" in line 2 of amendment No. 1 as printed and insert in lieu thereof the  
3 word "two" and by striking out the figures "3,000" in line 4 of amendment No.  
4 1, as printed and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "2,000."







1 Adopted April 8, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 328, as printed, by striking out the word “four”  
2 in line 8 of said bill and inserting in lieu thereof the word “three” and by strik-  
3 ing out the figures “(4000)” in line eight thereof and inserting in lieu thereof  
4 the figures “(3000)”.





1 Introduced by Mr. Ellis, March 17, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to provide high school privileges for graduates of the eighth grade," approved June 26, 1913, in force July 1, 1913.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to pro-  
3 vide high school privileges for graduates of the eighth grade," approved June  
4 26, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, be, and the same is hereby amended to read  
5 as follows:

6 That graduates of the eighth grade residing in a school district  
7 in which no public high school is maintained, shall be admitted, upon the pay-  
8 ment of tuition, to any public high school, with the consent of the school board  
9 of the district in which such high school is situated. The tuition of such pupils  
10 shall be paid by the district in which they reside, from any funds not otherwise  
11 appropriated: *Provided, however, that the tuition of such pupils as reside at*  
12 *or on State property shall be paid by the State of Illinois from any funds not*  
13 *otherwise appropriated, but in no case shall the tuition per pupil exceed the*  
14 *per capita cost of maintaining the high school selected. The parent, or guard-*



15   ian, shall select the high school to be attended, subject to the approval of the  
16   school directors of the home district: *Provided, however, that the high school*  
17   selected offers a program of studies extending through four school years. The  
18   application of this Act shall not relate to districts that provide work in the ninth  
19   and tenth grades, except to pupils that have completed the work of such grades.

- 1 Introduced by Mr. Flagg, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Temperance.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled “An Act to provide for the licensing of, and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquor” approved March 30, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by subsequent amendatory Acts, by adding three (3) new sections thereto, to be known as section 6½a, section 6½b and section 6½c.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled “An Act to provide for the licensing of, and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquor,” approved March 30, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, and subsequent amendments thereto, be and the same is hereby amended, by adding three (3) new sections to be known and numbered as section 6½a, section 6½b and section 6½c, as follows:

8       Sec. 6½a. *Whoever by himself or his agent or servant shall, directly or in-*  
9 *directly, sell or furnish any intoxicating liquor, upon the premises of any dram-*  
10 *shop, to any person to be given or furnished by such person to another to drink*  
11 *upon the premises of such dramshop or in or upon any adjacent room, building,*

12 yard, street, alley or place of public resort, or permit any such intoxicating liquor  
 13 to be drank by any person other than the purchaser thereof upon the premises of  
 14 such dramshop shall, for each offense, be fined not less than twenty (\$20) dollars  
 15 nor more than one hundred (\$100) dollars or confined in the county jail not less  
 16 than ten (10) days nor more than thirty (30) days, or both, in the discretion of  
 17 the court.

18       Sec. 6½b. Every person, whether the keeper of a dramshop or not, who  
 19 shall upon the premises of any dramshop, buy or in any manner procure or aid  
 20 in procuring any intoxicating liquor for any other person, to be drank upon the  
 21 premises, or in or upon any adjacent room, building, yard, street, alley or place  
 22 of public resort, shall, for each offense, be fined not less than twenty (\$20) dol-  
 23 lars nor more than one hundred (\$100) dollars or confined in the county jail  
 24 not less than ten (10) days nor more than thirty (30) days or both in the discre-  
 25 tion of the court: Provided, nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to  
 26 forbid or prevent any dramshop keeper, his agent or servant, from selling in-  
 27 toxicating liquor to any person, to whom he may lawfully sell, for such person's  
 28 own use.

29       Sec. 6½c. Every keeper of a dramshop shall provide and keep displayed  
 30 and posted over the bar in at least two other conspicuous places in his dramshop  
 31 a sign containing the following phrase: "TREATING IS FORBIDDEN BY  
 32 LAW." Such signs shall be printed or written in plain letters four inches high.  
 33 Every dramshop keeper who shall fail or neglect to comply with all the provis-  
 34 ions of this section shall be fined not less than twenty (\$20) dollars nor more than  
 35 one hundred (\$100) dollars for each and every day, or fraction thereof, that he  
 36 shall fail or neglect to keep any such sign so displayed and posted.



1 Adopted April 22, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill 330 by striking out the word "liquor" in line two (2) of  
2 the title of the printed bill and by inserting in lieu thereof the word "liquors."

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill 330 by striking out the word "liquor" in line four (4) of  
2 section one (1) of the printed bill, and by inserting in lieu thereof the word  
3 "liquors."

AMENDMENT NO. 3.

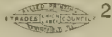
Amend House Bill 330 by striking out the words, "and subsequent amend-  
2 ments thereto" in lines four (4) and five (5) of section one (1) of the printed bill,  
3 and by inserting in lieu thereof, the words "as amended by subsequent amenda-  
4 tory Acts."

AMENDMENT NO. 4.

Amend House Bill 330 by inserting, after the word "bar" in line thirty (30)  
2 of the printed bill, the word "and."







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Foster, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

## A BILL

For an Act to provide a method of voting at any general or primary election for presidential, congressional, State, district, county, town, city, village or judicial officers by electors absent or anticipating being absent on the day of such election from the county in which they are electors.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That any qualified elector of this State  
3 having complied with the laws in regard to registration, who is absent from  
4 the county of which he is an elector on the day of holding any general or pri-  
5 mary election for presidential, congressional, State, district, county, town, city,  
6 village or judicial officers may vote at any such election as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. At any time within thirty days next preceding such election, any  
2 voter expecting to be absent on the day of election from the county in which his  
3 voting precinct is situated, may make application to the county clerk or where  
4 existing to the Board of Election Commissioners or other officer or officers  
5 charged with the duty of furnishing ballots of such county or any city for an  
6 official absent voter ballot to be voted at such election.

Sec. 3. For all such elections, either general or primary, there shall be  
 2 prepared and printed for each precinct, official ballots to be known as absent  
 3 voter ballots, which ballots shall be prepared and printed in the same form and  
 4 shall be of the same size and texture as the regular official ballots, except that  
 5 they shall be printed on tinted paper of a tint different than that of the sample  
 6 ballots and shall bear a secret mark as provided in section ten (10) hereof.

Sec. 4. Application for such ballot shall be made on a blank to be furnished  
 2 by the county clerk, board of election commissioners or other officer or officers  
 3 whose duty it is to furnish ballots of the county, district, city, town or village  
 4 of which the applicant is an elector, and shall be in substantially the following  
 5 form:

6 I, ....., duly qualified elector of the township of .....  
 7 or of the village of ..... or of the ..... precinct of the  
 8 ..... ward of the city of ....., in the county of  
 9 ....., and State of Illinois, and to my best knowledge and belief  
 10 entitled to vote in such precinct at the next election, expecting to be absent  
 11 from said county on the day for holding such election, hereby make application  
 12 for an official absent voter ballot to be voted by me at such election.

13 Date.....

14 (Signed)

15 Post Office Address .....

16 *Provided*, that if the application be made for a primary election ballot, such  
 17 application shall also give the name of the political party with which the appli-  
 18 cant is affiliated.

Sec. 5. Such application blank shall upon request therefor be sent by such  
 2 county clerk or other officer or officers charged with furnishing ballots to any  
 3 absent voter by mail, and shall be delivered to any voter upon application made  
 4 personally at the office of such county clerk, election commissioners or other officer  
 5 or officers charged with the duty of furnishing ballots.

Sec. 6. Upon receipt of such application properly filled out and duly  
 2 signed, or as soon thereafter as the official absent voter ballot for the precinct  
 3 in which the applicant resides has been printed, the said county clerk, election  
 4 commissioners or other officer or officers charged with the duty of furnishing  
 5 ballots shall send to such absent voter by mail, postage prepaid, one official ab-  
 6 sent voter ballot to be voted by an elector of such precinct, one of each kind, and  
 7 shall enclose with such ballot or ballots an envelope, which envelope shall bear  
 8 upon the front thereof the name, official title and post office address of the offi-  
 9 cer sending the same and upon the other side a printed affidavit in substantially  
 10 the following form:

11 State of ..... }  
 12 County of ..... } ss.

13 I, ....., do solemnly swear that I am a resident  
 14 of the township of ..... of the village of.....,  
 14½ or of the .....precinct of the ..... ward in the city  
 15 of ....., residing at ..... in said city, county  
 16 of ....., and State of Illinois, and entitled to vote in such pre-  
 17 cinct at the next election; that I expect to be absent from the said county of  
 18 my residence on the day of holding such election and that I will have no oppor-  
 19 tunity to vote in person on that day.

20 .....  
 21 (Signature of Absent Voter.)

22 Subscribed and sworn to before me this ..... day  
 23 of ....., 19....

24 .....  
 25 (Notary Public.)

26 *Provided*, that if the ballot enclosed is to be voted at a primary election, the  
 27 affidavit shall state the name of the political party with which the absent voter  
 28 is affiliated: *And, provided, further*, if such absent voter is unable to sign his  
 29 name, he shall make his mark (X) and the officer taking such affidavit shall sign



30 such voter's name, and shall state the reason for such affidavit being signed in  
 31 such manner, in his certificate attached to such affidavit.

Sec. 7. Such absent voter shall make and subscribe the said affidavit before  
 2 an officer authorized by law to administer oaths and who has an official seal, and  
 3 such absent voter shall thereupon, in the presence of such officer and of no other  
 4 person, mark such ballot or ballots, but in such manner that such officer cannot  
 5 see the vote, and such ballot or ballots shall thereupon, in the presence of such  
 6 officer, be folded by such voter so that each ballot will be separate, and so as to  
 7 conceal the vote. Below and on the same side of the said envelope on which is  
 8 printed the affidavit provided for in section six (6) thereof, shall appear the  
 9 following certificate which shall be filled out and signed by the officer before whom  
 10 the affidavit is sworn to.

11 State of.....

12 County of.....

13 I hereby certify that ....., who subscribed the above  
 14 affidavit, appeared before me this day and exhibited the enclosed ballot and  
 15 that the same was unmarked, that he then in my presence and in the presence of  
 16 no other person, and in such manner that I could not see his vote, marked  
 17 such ballot, and enclosed and sealed the same in this envelope, that the affiant  
 18 was not solicited or advised by me to vote for or against any candidate or  
 19 measure.

20 Date.....

21 .....

22 .....

23 When so marked the said ballot shall be in the presence of such officer, de-  
 24 posited in such envelope, and the said envelope securely sealed. Said envelope  
 25 shall be mailed by such absent voter, postage prepaid to the address printed on  
 26 the same.

Sec. 8. Upon receipt of such envelope, the address shall forthwith enclose  
 2 the same, unopened, together with the written application of such absent voter,

3 in a larger envelope which shall be securely sealed and endorsed with the name  
4 of the proper voting precinct, the name and official title of such sender and the  
5 words, "This envelope contains an absent voter ballot and must be opened only  
6 on election day at the polls while the same are open," the same shall thereafter  
7 be safely kept by such officer until delivered by him as provided in section nine  
8 (9) hereof.

Sec. 9. In case such envelope is received by the clerk prior to the delivery  
2 of the sealed package containing the official ballot to the election officers of the  
3 precinct in which such absent voter resides, such ballot, envelope and application  
4 sealed in such envelope shall be enclosed in such package and delivered there-  
5 with to the election officers of such precinct. In case the official ballots for  
6 such precinct shall have been delivered to such election officers at the time of the  
7 receipt by the auditor of such absent voter ballot, the county clerk, election  
8 commissioners or other officers shall immediately enclose such application and  
9 such ballot, with the envelope containing such ballot unopened, in a larger en-  
10 velope which shall be securely sealed by him and endorsed on the front with the  
11 name, official title, name of precinct and post office address of one of the judges  
12 of election of the precinct in which such absent voter resides, and the words,  
13 "This envelope contains an absent voter ballot and must be opened only on  
14 election day at the polls while the same are open," and forthwith mail the same,  
15 postage prepaid, to such judge of election.

Sec. 10. The officer or officers charged with the preparation of ballots shall  
2 devise a system of secret marking for absent voter's ballots which shall not be  
3 revealed until election day and then only to the judges and clerks of election,  
4 which will enable election officers to test and determine the genuineness of all  
5 absent voter ballots. At any time between the opening and closing of the polls  
6 on such election day, the judges of election of such precinct shall first open the  
7 envelope containing the key to the secret marking of absent voter's ballots, then  
8 open the outer envelope containing absent voter's ballots transmitted and then  
9 only, and compare the signature of such voter to such application with the sig-

10 nature to such affidavit. In case the judges find the affidavit is sufficient and that  
 11 the signatures correspond, and the applicant is then a duly qualified elector of  
 12 such precinct and has not voted at such election, they shall open the absent voter  
 13 envelope, in such manner as not to destroy the affidavit thereon, and take out the  
 14 ballot or ballots therein contained, and without unfolding the same, or permitting  
 15 the same to be opened or examined, and having endorsed the same in like man-  
 16 ner that other ballots are endorsed, deposit the same in the proper ballot box or  
 17 boxes, showing by the records of such election such elector to have voted. In  
 18 case such affidavit is found to be insufficient, or that the said signatures do not  
 19 correspond, or that such applicant is not then a duly qualified elector of such  
 20 precinct, such vote shall not be allowed, but without opening the absent voter  
 21 envelope, a judge of such election shall mark across the face thereof, "Rejected  
 22 as defective," or "Rejected as not an elector," as the case may be. The absent  
 23 voter envelope when such absent vote is voted, and the absent voter envelope  
 24 with its contents unopened, when such absent vote is rejected, shall be deposit-  
 25 ed in the ballot box containing the general or party ballots, as the case may be,  
 26 retained and preserved in the manner as now provided for the retention and  
 27 preservation of official ballots rejected at such election.

Sec. 11. The provisions of this Act shall be construed so as to permit any  
 2 qualified elector of this State who is present in his county after the official absent  
 3 voter ballots of such county have been printed, and who has reason to believe  
 4 that he will be absent from such county on election day as provided in section  
 5 2, to vote before he leaves his county, in like manner as absent voter and any  
 6 qualified elector who has marked his ballot as hereinbefore provided, who shall  
 7 unexpectedly return to his precinct before or on election day, shall be permitted  
 8 to vote in person: *Provided*, his ballot has not already been deposited in the  
 9 ballot box.

Sec. 12. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State, county clerk, elec-  
 2 tion commissioners or any other officer by law required to prepare any general  
 3 or primary election ballot, to prepare and have printed and delivered and have

4 on hand at least fifteen days prior to the holding of such election, a sufficient  
5 number of absent voter ballots provided for in section 3, for the use of all voters  
6 likely to be absent from such county on the day of such election. .

Sec. 13. If any person shall willfully swear falsely to any affidavit herein  
2 provided for, he shall upon conviction thereof be deemed guilty of perjury and  
3 shall be punished as in such case by law provided. If the Secretary of State or  
4 any county clerk, board of election commissioners or member or officer thereof or  
5 any election officer shall refuse or neglect to perform any of the duties prescribed  
6 by this Act, or shall violate any of the provisions thereof or if any officer taking  
7 the affidavit provided in section 6 shall make any false statement in his certifi-  
8 cate thereto attached, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be  
9 punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or by imprison-  
10 ment in the county jail not exceeding thirty days or by both such fine and im-  
11 prisonment. .







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Frankhauser, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on License and Mis-  
cellany.

## A BILL

For an Act in relation to the distribution of samples or specimens of poisonous substances, drugs or medicines, and sales thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That it shall be unlawful for any per-  
3 son to leave, throw or deposit within any public or parochial school building, or  
4 upon the premises thereof, or within any private dwelling house or upon any  
5 porch or veranda or the attached premises thereof, or in or upon any vacant  
6 lot or in or upon any alley, street or public highway, any sample or specimen  
7 of a poison, poisonous drug or medicine, or poisonous substance, or any sam-  
8 ple of drug or medicine which contains any substance which may be injurious  
9 to the health or lives of children or adult human beings when improperly used  
10 or when taken in excessive doses.

Sec. 2. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, offer for sale, barter, ex-  
2 change or give away, within any public or parochial school building, or upon  
3 the premises thereof, or within or upon any street, alley or public highway, or  
4 by peddling or vending from dwelling house to dwelling house, any of the ar-

5 ticles or substances mentioned in section 1 of this Act: *Provided*, that nothing  
6 in this Act shall apply to the dispensing, administering or distributing of drugs  
7 and medicines to a patient by a licensed physician, licensed dentist or licensed  
8 veterinarian in the course of his professional practice only: *And provided*,  
9 *further*, that nothing in this Act shall apply to sales of any of the articles or  
10 substances mentioned to a licensed physician, licensed dentist or licensed veteri-  
11 narian whose office or place of business is located in a dwelling house or upon  
12 the premises thereof.

Sec. 3. The word "person", as used in this Act, shall be construed to mean  
2 and include a partnership, association, company or corporation, as well as a  
3 natural person. For the purposes of this Act the words "poison", "poison-  
4 ous drug or medicine", "poisonous substance" and "drug or medicine which con-  
5 tains any substance which may be injurious to the health or lives of children  
6 or adult human beings", shall be construed to mean and include any substance  
7 which, according to the United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary,  
8 endangers the health or life of any human being, in doses of sixty grains or less.

Sec. 4. Any person violating any of the provisions of this Act, shall be  
2 deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not less  
3 than \$50.00 and not more than \$100.00, or imprisoned in the county jail for not  
4 to exceed six months, or both, in the discretion of the court.



1 Introduced by Mr. Gorman, March 17, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Public Utilities and  
Transportation.

## A BILL

For an Act to prevent the sweeping of railroad cars and taking or removing there-  
from any grain or flax seed contained therein.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That whoever, other than the owner or  
3 his authorized agent, or one having lawful charge of a railroad car for the pur-  
4 pose of loading or unloading the same, shall take or remove from any such  
5 railroad car any grain or flax seed commonly called "sweepings" or shall  
6 sweep or gather together or attempt to sweep or gather together any grain  
7 or flax seed in any such railroad car with intent to remove any such grain or  
8 flax seed from any such railroad car, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and  
9 upon conviction shall be fined not less than ten dollars and not more than two  
10 hundred dollars.

Sec. 2. Every person who shall buy, sell, receive or have in his possession  
2 any grain or flax seed commonly called "sweepings" and that has been taken  
3 or removed from any railroad car by any person other than the owner or



4 his authorized agent or one having lawful charge of a railroad car for the pur-  
5 pose of loading or unloading the same as provided in section 1 of this Act,  
6 shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined  
7 in any sum not less than ten dollars and not more than two hundred dollars.

Sec. 3. The word "sweepings" as herein used shall mean any grain or  
2 flax seed that may remain or be left in any railroad car after such railroad car  
3 has been unloaded in the usual manner.

Sec. 4. Any person convicted of violating any of the sections of this Act,  
2 and refusing or failing to pay any fine imposed upon him by any police magis-  
3 trate, justice of the peace or other court shall thereupon be imprisoned at hard  
4 labor in any jail, calaboose, or other building used for penal purpose, or in any  
5 house of correction, or on the streets or public highways until said fine and  
6 costs are worked out at the rate of one dollar per day for each day's work, or  
7 until said fine and costs shall have been otherwise paid or until said person is  
8 discharged according to law.



1 Introduced by Mr. Gorman, March, 17, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on License and Miscel-  
lany.

## A BILL

For an Act to prevent the fraudulent, unclean or unsanitary packing and shipping  
of rags.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That any person, firm, co-partnership, or  
3 corporation engaged in the packing or shipping of rags and paper stock for  
4 use in felt making and paper mills, in bales, bundles, boxes or other containers,  
5 in this State, who shall knowingly and wilfully pack or ship, or who, in the  
6 conduct of such business shall knowingly and wilfully cause to be packed or  
7 shipped with the rags in such bales, bundles, boxes or other containers any dead  
8 animals, stone, wood, metal, minerals, bone, glass, leather, rubber, or manu-  
9 factured articles in which are used and attached any of the foregoing substances,  
10 water or earth, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 2. Any person, firm, co-partnership or corporation convicted under  
2 section 1 hereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00)  
3 for each offense, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) months, or by  
4 both such fine and imprisonment.



AMENDMENT TO

49th G. A.

HOUSE BILL No. 334

1915



1 Adopted April 23, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 334 by striking out the words “water or” in line 10.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Gorman, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

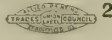
## A BILL

For an Act to amend section 1 of an Act entitled "An Act providing for the regulation of the embalming and disposal of dead bodies, for a system of examination, registration and licensing of embalmers, and imposing penalties for the violation of any of its provisions" approved May 13, 1905, in force July 1, 1905.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly* That section 1 of an Act entitled, "An  
3 Act providing for the regulation of the embalming and disposal of dead bodies,  
4 for a system of examination, registration and licensing of embalmers, and im-  
5 posing penalties for the violation of any of its provisions," approved May 13,  
6 1905, in force July 1, 1905, be and the same hereby is amended so as to read  
7 as follows:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly.* That no person shall embalm, or prepare  
3 for transportation, any body dead of a contagious or infectious disease, or em-  
4 balm any dead body, or hold himself out as practicing the art of embalming,  
5 without first applying to and receiving from the State Board of Health a  
6 license authorizing him so to do. All applications for licenses shall be made

7 in writing, on blank forms prescribed by the State Board of Health, and  
8 shall be accompanied by the examination and license fee of five dollars (\$5.00)  
9 with proof that the applicant is of good moral character and has attained the  
10 age of at least twenty-one (21) years, *and has had two years' practical experi-*  
11 *ence under a licensed embalmer.* If the applicant complies with the require-  
12 ments of the said board, then its secretary shall notify each applicant to ap-  
13 pear before the said board for examination .



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Carl Green, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

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## A BILL

For an Act to regulate the admission and disbarment of attorneys and counselors at law and to repeal an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to attorneys and counselors," approved March 28, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, and amendments thereto.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That no person shall be permitted to practice as an attorney or counselor at law or to commence, conduct or defend any action, suit or plaint in which he is not a party concerned, in any court of record in this State, either by using or subscribing his own name, or the name of any other person, without having previously obtained a license for that purpose from the Secretary of State of the State of Illinois, which license will constitute the person receiving the same, an attorney and counselor at law, and shall authorize him to appear in all the courts within this State and there to practice as an attorney and counselor at law, according to the law and custom thereof for and during his good behavior in said practice and to demand and receive fees for any services which he may render as an attorney and counselor at law



13 in this State. No person shall be refused a license under this Act on account of  
14 sex.

Sec. 2. No person shall be entitled to receive a license as aforesaid until he  
2 shall have obtained a certificate of his good moral character from the court of  
3 record of some county and spent at least three years in the study of law either  
4 in a law school or under the tuition of some practicing attorney, and submitted  
5 to an examination by a circuit judge in term time, nor until he shall have ob-  
6 tained a preliminary education equivalent to that required to receive a second  
7 grade teacher's certificate in the State of Illinois, which facts shall be certified  
8 to by the examining judge and presented by the applicant to the Secretary of  
9 State together with a fee of \$25.00, whereupon the Secretary of State shall is-  
10 sue said applicant a license which shall constitute the person receiving the same  
11 an attorney and counselor at law.

Sec. 3. Any person becoming a resident of the State of Illinois and produc-  
2 ing a license or other satisfactory voucher proving that he has been regularly  
3 admitted an attorney at law in any court of record within the United States  
4 and obtaining a certificate of good moral character as required in the preceding  
5 section shall be licensed and permitted to practice as a counselor and attorney  
6 at law in any court in this State without examination after payment of the fee  
7 of \$25.00, as heretofore required.

Sec. 4. Every person admitted to practice as an attorney and counselor at  
2 law shall, before his name is entered upon the roll to be kept as hereinafter pro-  
3 vided, take and subscribe an oath substantially in the following form: "I do  
4 solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I will support the consti-  
5 tution of the United States and the constitution of the State of Illinois and that  
6 I will faithfully discharge the duties of the office of attorney and counselor at  
7 law to the best of my ability."

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to make and keep a  
2 roll or record stating at the head thereof that the persons whose names are

3 therein written have been regularly licensed and have been admitted to practice  
4 as attorneys and counselors at law within the State and that they have duly  
5 taken the oath of office as prescribed by law, which shall be certified and endorsed  
6 on said license.

Sec. 6. No attorney or counselor at law shall be suspended or disbarred  
2 except upon information filed by a State's Attorney and given a jury trial. If  
3 the jury shall find defendant guilty of mal-conduct or unprofessional conduct,  
4 the court shall have power to suspend or disbar said attorney from the practice  
5 of law in the State of Illinois which fact shall be certified to and transmitted  
6 by the court to the Secretary of State who shall enter such proceedings on his  
7 record of attorneys and counselors at law. In all cases when the defenrant shall  
8 be suspended or disbarred he shall have the right of appeal to the Supreme Court  
9 of the State of Illinois.

Sec. 7. All attorneys and counselors at law, judges, clerks and sheriffs, and  
2 all other officers of the several courts within this State shall be liable to be ar-  
3 rested and held to bail and shall be subject to the same legal process and may in  
4 all respects be prosecuted and proceeded against in the same courts and in the  
5 same manner that other persons are, any law, usage or custom to the contrary  
6 notwithstanding: *Provided, nevertheless,* said judges, counselors or attorneys,  
7 clerks, sheriffs and officers of said court shall be privileged from arrest while  
8 attending court and while going to and returning from the same.

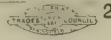
Sec. 8. No person who holds a commission as a Justice of the Supreme  
2 Court in the State of Illinois or as a judge of any court of record of this State  
3 shall be permitted to practice as an attorney or counselor at law in the court in  
4 which he is commissioned or appointed, nor shall any judge of any county court  
5 or probate court be permitted to practice in the court of which he is commis-  
6 sioned or appointed, and it shall be unlawful for any county judge, probate judge,  
7 county or probate clerk or deputy county or probate clerk to make account, cur-  
8 rents or reports for any executor, administrator, guardian or conservator in

9 which said court will have to act on judicially, nor shall any coroner, sheriff or  
10 deputy sheriff be permitted to practice as aforesaid in the county in which he is  
11 commissioned or appointed, nor shall any clerk or deputy clerk of a court of  
12 record be permitted to practice as an attorney or counselor at law in the court of  
13 which he is such clerk or deputy clerk, and no person shall be permitted or suf-  
14 fered to enter his name on the roll or record to be kept as aforesaid by the Secre-  
15 tary of State or do any official act appertaining to the office of attorney or coun-  
16 selor at law until he has taken the oath hereinbefore required; and the person  
17 administering such oath shall certify the same on the license which certificate  
18 shall be a sufficient voucher to the Secretary of State to enter or insert or permit  
19 to be entered or inserted on the roll of attorneys or counselors at law, the name  
20 of the person of whom such certificate is made.

Sec. 9. Plaintiffs shall have the liberty of prosecuting and defendants of de-  
2 fending in their proper persons, and nothing herein contained shall be so con-  
3 strued as to affect any person or persons heretofore admitted to the degree of  
4 an attorney or counselor at law, by the laws of this State, so as to subject him to  
5 further examination or make it necessary for him to renew his license.

Sec. 10. When any counselor or attorney at law, residing in any other state or  
2 territory, may desire to practice law in this State, such counselor or attorney  
3 shall be permitted to practice in the several courts of law and equity in this State  
4 upon the same terms and in the same manner that counselors and attorneys at  
5 law residing in this State, now or hereafter may be, admitted to practice law in  
6 such other state or territory.

Sec. 11. An Act to revise the law in relation to attorneys and counselors,  
2 approved March 28, 1874 in force July 1, 1874, and amendments thereto is  
3 hereby declared to be repealed.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Holaday, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Public Utilities and Transportation.

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## A BILL

For an Act providing inspector for locomotive engines providing for their appointment, term of office, and qualifications.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an inspector of headlights on all  
3 locomotive engines operating on railroads in the State of Illinois shall be ap-  
4 pointed by the State Public Utilities Commission within thirty days after  
5 this Act goes into effect, who shall hold his office for three years unless sooner  
6 removed for cause, and until his successor is appointed and qualified. At any  
7 time a vacancy occurs in the office the State Public Utilities Commission shall  
8 immediately fill the vacancy by appointment.

Sec. 2. No person is eligible to hold the office who is an officer or an  
2 employee of a railroad company, or who owns or is interested directly or indi-  
3 rectly in the stocks or bonds of any railroad company, or who has not had at  
4 least seven years of practical experience on some line operating in the State

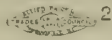


5 of Illinois, in one or more of the following capacities: engineer, fireman, con-  
6 ductor, yard master, brakeman, train-baggage-man, or switchman.

Sec. 3. Before entering on his duties the said inspector shall give bond  
2 to the State of Illinois in the sum of \$1,000.00 with two or more sureties, or a  
3 bond and surety company, acceptable to the Illinois State Public Utilities Com-  
4 mission, condition for the faithful performance of his duties, and shall also  
5 take the usual oath of office, which oath and bond with the approval of the  
6 State Public Utilities Commission, endorsed thereon shall be deposited with the  
7 Secretary of State.

Sec. 4. Said inspector shall be provided with transportation at the expense  
2 of the State and be paid a salary of \$2,000.00 per year and necessary expenses  
3 not to exceed \$1,000.00 in any one year which shall be paid in the manner now  
4 provided by law for the salary and expenses of the State Public Utilities Commis-  
5 sion. He shall have his office in the State House in the office of the State  
6 Public Utilities Commission and shall be under the supervision of said com-  
7 mission.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of said inspector to inspect all headlights on  
2 all locomotives and switch engines operating or engaged in moving traffic be-  
3 tween points in the State of Illinois, and make a weekly report of his inspec-  
4 tion to the State Public Utilities Commission reporting all locomotive and  
5 switch engines which are found to have defective headlights or headlights not  
6 complying with the statute of the State of Illinois, giving the number of said  
7 engines, the name of the road upon which they are found and the road owning  
8 same if known.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Igoe, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Industrial Affairs.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act relating to employment offices and agencies," approved and in force May 11, 1903, as amended by subsequent Acts, by amending sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 and 13 respectively thereof; by adding a new section thereto to be known as section 4a; and to repeal section 6 thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act relating  
3 to employment offices and agencies," approved and in force May 11, 1903, as  
4 subsequently amended, be and the same is hereby amended by amending sec-  
5 tions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 and 13 respectively thereof, and by adding a new section  
6 thereto to be known as section 4a; which amended sections and new section  
7 shall read as follows:

8       Sec. 1. That free employment offices are hereby created as follows: One  
9 in each city of not less than fifty thousand population; one in two or more con-  
10 tiguous cities or towns having an aggregate or combined population of not less  
11 than fifty thousand population, *and in each city containing a population of one*  
12 *million or over, one central office with as many departments as would be prac-*

tical to handle the various classes of labor and such branch offices not to exceed three at any one time, the location of branch offices to be approved by the Governor, for the purpose of receiving applications of persons seeking employment and applications of persons seeking to employ labor, such offices shall be designated and known as Illinois Free Employment offices.

Sec. 2. Within sixty days after this Act shall have been in force, the State Board of Commissioners of Labor shall recommend, and the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint a superintendent and assistant superintendent and a clerk for each of the offices created by section 1 of this Act, located in cities of less than one million population, who shall devote their entire time to the duties of their respective offices. The assistant superintendent or the clerk shall in each case be a woman. The tenure of such appointment shall be two years, unless sooner removed for cause. The salary of each superintendent shall be fifteen hundred (\$1500) dollars per annum, the salary of each assistant superintendent shall be one thousand two hundred (\$1,200) dollars per annum. The salary of each clerk shall be one thousand (\$1,000) dollars per annum. In each city containing a population of one million or over, within sixty days after this Act shall take effect, the State Board of Commissioners of Labor shall recommend and the Governor with the the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint a general superintendent of the central office; three department superintendents three assistant department superintendents, and  $3\frac{1}{2}$  three clerks who shall devote their entire time to the duties of their respective offices. Three of these appointments shall be women. The tenure of such appointments shall be two years unless sooner removed for cause. The salary of the general superintendent shall be one thousand eight hundred (\$1,800) dollars per annum; the salary of each department superintendent shall be one thousand five hundred (\$1,500) dollars per annum; the salary of each assistant department superintendent shall be one thousand two hundred (\$1,200) dollars per annum; and the salary of each clerk shall be one thousand (\$1,000) dollars per annum, together with proper amounts for defraying the necessary costs of equipping and maintaining the respective offices.

43       Sec. 3. *The general superintendent of the central office in each city con-*  
44 *taining a population of one million or over, and, the superintendent of each*  
45 *free employment office in each city containing a population of less than one mil-*  
46 *lion, shall, within sixty days after appointment, open an office in such locality*  
47 *as shall have been agreed upon between such general superintendent or super-*  
48 *intendent and the secretary of the Bureau of Labor Statistics as being most ap-*  
49 *propriate for the purpose intended; such office to be provided with a sufficient*  
50 *number of rooms and apartments to enable him to provide, and he shall so pro-*  
51 *vide, a separate room or apartment for the use of women registering for situa-*  
52 *tions or help, Upon the outside of each such office, in position and manner to*  
53 *secure the fullest public attention, shall be placed a sign which shall read in*  
54 *the English language, Illinois Free Employment Office, and the same shall ap-*  
55 *pear either upon the outside windows or upon signs in such other languages*  
56 *as the location of each such office shall render advisable. The general superin-*  
57 *tendent or superintendent of each such free employment office shall receive and*  
58 *register the names of all persons applying for employment or help, designat-*  
59 *ing opposite the names and addresses of each applicant, the character of em-*  
60 *ployment or help desired upon blank forms furnished by the Bureau of Labor*  
61 *Statistics, together with such other facts as may be required by the Bureau of*  
62 *Labor Statistics to be used by said bureau: Provided, that no record shall be*  
63 *open to public inspection at any time, and that such statistical and sociologi-*  
64 *cal data as the Bureau of Labor may require shall be held in confidence by said*  
65 *bureau, and so published as not to reveal the identity of any one: And, pro-*  
66 *vided, further, that any applicant who shall decline to furnish answers as to*  
67 *the questions contained in application blanks shall not thereby forfeit any*  
68 *rights to any employment the office might secure.*

      Sec. 4. *Each general superintendent or superintendent shall make to the*  
2 *Secretary of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, such reports of application for labor*  
3 *or employment, and other details of the work of each office and the expenses*  
4 *of maintaining the same and shall perform such other duties in the collection of*  
5 *statistics of labor as the Secretary of the Bureau of Labor Statistics may require.*



Sec. 4a. *The Secretary of the Bureau of Labor Statistics shall cause to be published an annual report concerning the work of the various offices for the year ending September 30, together with a statement of the expenses of same.*

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of each such superintendent *and general superintendent* of a free employment office to immediately put himself in communication with the principal manufacturers, merchants and other employers of labor, and to use all diligence in securing the co-operation of the said employers of labor, with the purposes and objects of said employment offices. To this end it shall be competent for such superintendents *and general superintendent* to advertise in the columns of newspapers, or other mediums, for such situations as he has applicants to fill, and he may advertise in a general way for the co-operation of large contractors and employers in such trade journals or special publications as reach such employers, whether such trade or special journals are published within the State of Illinois or not.

Sec. 7. No fee or compensation shall be charged or received directly or indirectly, from persons applying for employment or help through said free employment offices, and any superintendent, *general superintendent, department superintendent, assistant department superintendent*, assistant superintendent or clerk, who shall accept, directly or indirectly, any fee or compensation from any applicant or from his or her representative. shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not less than twenty-five nor more than fifty dollars and imprisoned in the county jail not more than thirty days.

Sec. 13. All printing, blanks, blank books, stationery and such other supplies as may be necessary for the proper conduct of the business of the office herein created shall be furnished by the *State Board of Contracts* upon requisition for the same made by the superintendents *or general superintendent* of the several offices.

Sec. 2. That section six (6) of an Act entitled, "An Act relating to employ-  
2 ment offices and agencies," approved and in force May 11, 1903, as amended by  
3 subsequent Acts, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. Whereas, an emergency exists therefore this Act shall take effect  
2 and be in force from and after its passage and approval.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Igoe, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to the sentence and commitment of persons convicted of crime, and providing for a system of parole, and to provide compensation for the officers of said system of parole," approved April 21, 1899, in force July 1, 1899.

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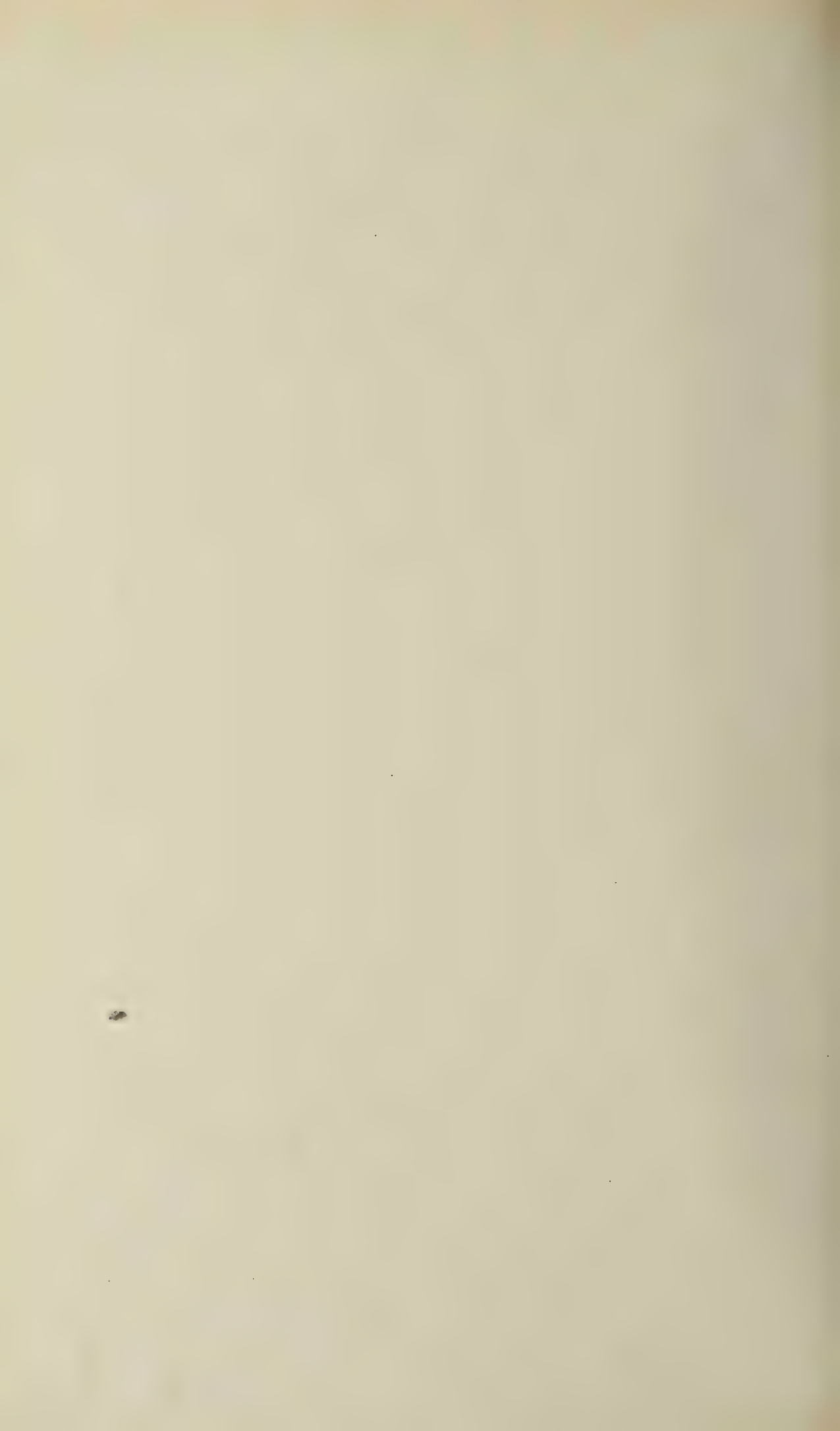
SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to revise  
3 the law in relation to the sentence and commitment of persons convicted of  
4 crime, and providing for a system of parole, and to provide compensation for  
5 the officers of said system of parole," approved April 21, 1899, in force July 1,  
6 1899, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section four (4) there-  
7 of so that the said section four (4) when amended shall read as follows:

Sec. 4. The said Board of Pardons shall have power to establish rules  
2 and regulations under which prisoners in the penitentiary may be allowed to go  
3 upon parole outside of the penitentiary building and enclosure. *Prisoners here-*  
4 *tofore or hereafter sentenced to life imprisonment or for a definite term longer*  
5 *than twenty years may in the discretion of the State Board of Pardons be pa-*



6 roled in like manner as prisoners otherwise sentenced. Provided, that no life  
7 convict shall be paroled who has served less than twenty (20) years: And pro-  
8 vided, that no prisoner shall be released from either penitentiary on parole  
9 until the State Board of Pardons or the warden of said penitentiary shall  
10 have made arrangements, or shall have satisfactory evidence that arrangements  
11 have been made, for his honorable and useful employment while upon parole,  
12 in some suitable occupation, and also for a proper and suitable home, free from  
13 criminal influences and without expense to the State: And, provided, further,  
14 that all prisoners so temporarily released upon parole shall, at all times, un-  
15 til the receipt of their final discharge, be considered in the legal custody of the  
16 warden of the penitentiary from which they were paroled, and shall during  
17 the said time, be considered as remaining under conviction for the crime of which  
18 they were convicted and sentenced, and subject at any time to be taken back  
19 within the enclosure of said penitentiary, and full power to enforce such rules  
20 and regulations and to re-take and re-imprison any inmate so upon parole, is  
21 hereby conferred upon the warden of said penitentiary whose order or writ cer-  
22 tified by the clerk of said penitentiary, with the seal of the institution attached,  
23 and directed to all sheriffs, coroners, constables, police officers, or to any particu-  
24 lar person named in said order or writ, shall be sufficient warrant for the offi-  
25 cer or other person named therein to authorize said officer or person to arrest  
26 and deliver to the warden of said penitentiary the body of the conditionally re-  
27 leased or paroled prisoner named in said writ and it is hereby made the duty  
28 of all sheriffs, coroners, constables, police officers or other persons named there-  
29 in to execute said order or writ the same as other criminal process. In case  
30 any prisoner so conditionally released or paroled shall flee beyond the limit of  
31 the State, he may be returned pursuant to the provisions of the law of this  
32 State relating to fugitives from justice. It shall be the duty of the warden,  
33 immediately upon the return of any conditionally released or paroled prisoner,  
34 to make report of the same to the State Board of Pardons, giving the reasons  
35 for the return of said paroled prisoner.

36       *Provided, further,* that the State Board of Pardons may, in its discretion,  
37 permit any prisoner to temporarily and conditionally depart from such peni-  
38 tentiary on parole, and go to some county in the State named and there remain  
39 within the limits of the county and not to depart from the same without writ-  
40 ten authority from said board, for such length of time as the board may deter-  
41 mine, and upon the further condition that such prisoner shall, during the time  
42 of his parole, be and continuously remain a law-abiding citizen of industrious  
43 and temperate habits, and report to the sheriff of the county on the first day of  
44 each month, giving a particular account of his conduct during the month, and  
45 it shall be the duty of such sheriff to investigate such report and ascertain what  
46 has been the habits and conduct of such prisoner during the time covered by  
47 such report and to transmit such report upon blanks furnished him by the war-  
48 den of the penitentiary to said warden within five days after the receipt of such  
49 prisoner's report, adding to such report the sheriff's statement as to the truth  
50 of the report so made to him by the prisoner. It shall also be the duty of such  
51 sheriff to keep secret the fact that such prisoner is a paroled prisoner, and in  
52 no case divulge such fact to any person or persons so long as said prisoner  
53 obeys the terms and conditions of his parole.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Igoe, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

## A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation to meet the deficiency in the appropriation for the payment of expenses for the apprehension and delivery of fugitives from justice.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars  
3 (\$15,000) be and the same is hereby appropriated for the payment of the ex-  
4 pense provided by law for the apprehension and delivery of fugitives from  
5 justice already incurred and to incur up to the first day of July, 1915.

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed  
2 to draw his warrants upon the State Treasurer for the sum herein specified  
3 upon presentation of vouchers certified in the manner now provided by law.

Sec. 3. Whereas, the appropriation above recited is necessary to meet  
2 the expenses already incurred and to incur up to the first day of July, 1915;  
3 therefore an emergency exists and this Act shall be in force and take effect from  
4 and after its passage and approval.







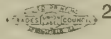
1 Adopted March 29, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 340, as printed in the House, Sec. 1, lines 2 and 3,  
2 by striking out the words and figures "fifteen thousand (15,000)" and inserting  
3 in lieu thereof the words and figures, "twenty thousand (20,000)."





1 Introduced by Mr. Kane, March 17, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Industrial Affairs.

## A BILL

For an Act to provide for one day's rest in seven for employees.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That no person shall be employed in any  
3 mechanical or mercantile establishment, or, factory or foundry or laundry or  
4 hotel or restaurant or telegraph or telephone establishment or office thereof,  
5 or in any place of amusement, or by any person, firm or corporation engaged in  
6 any express or transportation of public utility business, or by any common  
7 carrier, or in any public institution, incorporated or unincorporated in this State,  
8 more than six days in any one week.

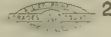
Sec. 2. Every employer coming under the provisions of this Act, shall ar-  
2 range the work of his employees in such a manner as to carry out the provi-  
3 sions of this Act, and shall post in the shop or place of employment, a schedule  
4 of hours, showing the regular working period during the entire week and des-  
5 ignating clearly the day of the week which is the rest day for each employee re-  
6 spectively. The employer shall promptly file with the State Factory Depart-  
7 ment, a copy of such schedule and every change therein.



Sec. 3. Any employer who shall require or permit or suffer any person  
2 to work in any of the places mentioned in section 1 of this Act, more than the  
3 number of days provided in this Act, during any week, or who shall fail, ne-  
4 glect or refuse so to arrange the work of persons in his employ that they shall  
5 not work more than the number of days provided in this Act, during any one  
6 week, or who shall permit or suffer any overseer, superintendent or other agent  
7 of any such employer, to violate any of the provisions in this Act, shall be  
8 guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined for each  
9 offense in a sum of not less than \$25.00 or more than \$100.00.

Sec. 4. The State Department of Factory Inspection shall be charged with  
2 the duty of enforcing the provisions of this Act and prosecuting all violations  
3 thereof.

Sec. 5. All Acts and parts of Acts in conflict herewith are hereby re-  
2 pealed.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Lynch, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Public Utilities and Transportation.

## A BILL

For an Act relating to switch lights and lights controlling the movement of trains on railroads, and prohibiting the manipulating or tampering with switch lights, switch stands or target, controlling the movement of trains, and providing a penalty for violation of same.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That it shall be the duty of any person,  
3 firm or corporation, or receiver, owning or operating any railroads, in whole  
4 or in part in the State of Illinois, to equip and maintain in good condition, switch  
5 lights on all main line switches, and connecting switches, and to keep all lights  
6 controlling the movement of trains on the main line burning from sunset to  
7 sunrise: *Provided,* this Act shall not apply to branch lines where trains are not  
8 operated at night or in cases where the lights were properly lit, but have failed  
9 for causes beyond the control of the company, and it had not reasonable time to  
10 light them.

Sec. 2. That any person, firm or corporation, or receiver, owning or operating any railroad, in whole or in part in the State of Illinois, violating any of the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and fined in a sum of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00), nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00), for each offense.

Sec. 3. That any person or persons, who manipulates or tampers with any switch light stand target, switch light or light controlling the movement of any train or trains, for the purpose of misleading, testing or deceiving any engineer, fireman or train crew, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and fined in a sum of not less than three hundred (\$300.00), nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00): *Provided*, that in case of injury or death, caused by such unlawful act, to any person or persons it shall be deemed a felony and shall be punished accordingly.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Lynch, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Public Utilities and Transportation.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act regulating the size and manner of construction of all caboose cars used by any person, receiver or corporation operating a line of railroad situated wholly or in part within the State, and providing a penalty for violation of same, approved June 15, 1901, in force July 1, 1901.

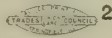
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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly* That it shall be unlawful for any person,  
3 receiver or corporation, operating a line of railroad situated in whole or in  
4 part in the State of Illinois, to require or to permit the use of any caboose  
5 cars in that State unless said caboose cars shall be at least twenty-four (24)  
6 feet in length, exclusive of platforms and shall be provided with a door in  
7 each end thereof, and with cupolas, and with platforms not less than thirty (30)  
8 inches wide across each end thereof, and that said platforms shall be equipped  
9 with guard rails, grab irons and steps for the safety of persons in alighting  
10 or getting on said caboose cars, *and said caboose cars shall be equipped with*  
11 *steel under frames* and have at least two (2) four-wheel trucks.



Sec. 2. Any person, receiver or corporation, operating a line of railroad situated in whole or in part in this State, violating any of the provisions of section 1 of this Act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) for each offense.

Sec. 3. *It shall be the duty of the Illinois State Public Utilities Commission, upon complaint of any citizen of the State of Illinois, to enforce the provisions of this Act.*



- 1 Introduced by Mr. McCabe, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act for an appropriation for the relief of Dorothea Schaefer.

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WHEREAS, Dorothea Schaefer was on the 11th day of July, 1913, while employed in the laundry in the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane at Elgin, injured while working with a mangle, under such circumstances as would in the opinion of the Court of Claims of this State delivered at the October term 1914, make the State liable under the Workmen's Compensation Act, and

WHEREAS, the said Dorothea Schaefer misconceived her remedy and brought action in the Court of Claims, and

WHEREAS, it would work a great hardship and entail more delay upon the said Dorothea Schaefer to take her claim to the Industrial Board, even if it be not now too late, and the State would in any event have to provide for the payment of any award therein, therefore,

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of five thousand dollars  
3 (\$5,000.00) is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the State Treasury not  
4 otherwise appropriated for the purpose of paying the said Dorothea Schaefer for  
5 the loss sustained on account of injuries while in the employ of the State of  
6 Illinois, July 11 1913, at the State Asylum for the Insane at Elgin.

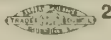
Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed  
2 to draw his voucher for the amount above appropriated payable to Dorothea  
3 Schaefer, upon the State Treasurer and the State Treasurer is hereby authorized  
4 and directed to pay the same out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise ap-  
5 propriated.

AMENDMENT TO

49th G. A.

HOUSE BILL No. 344

1915



2

1 Adopted June 11, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 344, as printed in the House, section 1, lines 2 and  
2 3, by striking out the words and figures, "five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00)"  
3 and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures, "twenty-five hundred dol-  
4 lars (\$2,500.00)."







- 1 Introduced by Mr. McCormick, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

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## A BILL

For an Act in relation to nominations and elections to judicial offices.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the following provisions shall here-  
3 after govern all elections of judges of the Supreme Court, of the circuit courts,  
4 of the superior court of Cook county, of the county courts, the probate courts,  
5 the city courts, and the judges and chief justice of the municipal court of Chi-  
6 cago, and all primary elections for the nomination of candidates for said judi-  
7 cial offices.

Sec. 2. The time for holding elections of judges of the courts mentioned in  
2 section 1 hereof shall be as now or hereafter fixed by the constiution or laws of  
3 the State.

Sec. 3. No primary election shall hereafter be held for the nomination by  
2 any political party, of candidates for the judicial offices mentioned in section  
3 1 hereof; but a non-partisan primary election, to be known as a judicial pri-  
4 mary, for the nomination of candidates for said respective offices shall be held  
5 preceding each election of a judge or judges of any of said courts in each coun-  
6 ty or city in or for which such judicial officers are to be elected. The time for

7 holding such judicial primaries shall be as follows:

8 (a) On the last Tuesday in February for the nomination of candidates for  
9 an election to be held on the next first Tuesday in April;

10 (b) On the second Tuesday in April for the nomination of candidates for  
11 an election to be held on the next first Monday in June;

12 (c) On the first Wednesday after the second Tuesday in September for  
13 the nomination of candidates for an election to be held on the next first Tuesday  
14 after the first Monday in November;

15 (d) Six weeks preceding the date of a regular judicial election to be held  
16 at any other time.

17 At least twenty days before each judicial primary, the officer, whose duty  
18 it is under the general election laws of this State to give notice of the ju-  
19 dicial election for which candidates are to be nominated at such judicial pri-  
20 mary, shall prepare, in the manner provided in the general election laws of  
21 this State, a notice of such judicial primary, which notice shall state the time  
22 and place of holding the same, the hours during which the polls will be open  
23 and the judicial offices for which candidates will be nominated at such judicial  
24 primary. Such notices shall be posted at least fifteen days prior to the ju-  
25 dicial primary by the same authorities and in the same manner as notices of  
26 election under the general election laws are required to be posted.

Sec. 4. Judicial primaries shall be held at the regular polling places now  
2 or hereafter established for the purposes of a general election, and the polls  
3 shall be open from six o'clock A. M. to five o'clock P. M. Any person entitled  
4 to vote at such judicial primary shall, on the day thereof, be entitled to ab-  
5 sent himself for the purpose of so voting, from the service or employment in  
6 which he is engaged, without suffering any penalty or deduction from his  
7 usual salary or wages on account of such absence: *Provided, however, that*  
8 application for such leave of absence shall be made prior to the date of said  
9 primary and that the employer may specify the hours between the time of open-  
10 ing and closing of the polls during which such employee may absent himself;

11 *And provided further* that when a political party primary is held at the same  
12 time as a judicial primary, the employee shall be entitled to only one such leave  
13 of absence for the purpose of voting at both said primaries.

Sec. 5. The persons who shall at any judicial primary act as judges and  
2 clerks thereof, their powers and duties as such, the compensation which they  
3 shall receive, the manner in which they shall qualify for their said duties and  
4 the prosecution and penalties to which they shall be subject for a violation of  
5 their said duties shall, except as otherwise herein provided, be determined  
6 by the general election laws in force at the time and in the place where and  
7 when such judicial primary is held, precisely as though it were an election with-  
8 in the meaning of the general election laws of this State: *Provided, however,*  
9 that when a political party primary is held at the same time as a judicial pri-  
10 mary, the persons acting as judges and clerks of such political party primary  
11 shall not be entitled to additional compensation for acting as judges or clerks  
12 in such judicial primary.

Sec. 6. The officers who are charged by law with the duty of designating  
2 and providing polling places for general elections shall provide, for such ju-  
3 dicial primary, polling places provided with such conveniences for the voters  
4 and arranged in such manner as required for general elections by the general  
5 election laws, and shall furnish each polling place with the necessary ballots,  
6 poll books, tally sheets, return blanks, stationery and other necessary supplies  
7 and with a ballot box of the same style and description as ballot boxes required  
8 to be furnished for the purpose of a general election under the general elec-  
8½ tion laws of this State: *Provided, however,* that when a political party primary  
9 is held at the same time as a judicial primary the same officers of election shall  
10 serve and the same conveniences shall be used for both, except that the bal-  
11 lots used by the voters at such judicial primary shall be deposited in a separate  
12 ballot box and that separate poll books and tally sheets shall be used for the  
13 purposes of such judicial primary. Such poll books and tally sheets shall as  
14 nearly as possible be in the same form as those used for the purposes of gen-



15 eral elections. All expenses necessarily incurred in the preparation for and the  
 16 conducting of such judicial primary shall be paid in the same manner and by  
 17 the same authorities or officers as in the case of elections.

Sec. 7. At each judicial primary the names of all candidates for nomina-  
 2 tion for any and all of said judicial offices to be voted for in each election dis-  
 3 trict shall be placed on a separate ballot. The names of all candidates for  
 4 nomination for a judgeship or judgeships of the same court shall be grouped to-  
 5 gether, and, if judges of the same court are to be elected for different terms  
 6 of service, the names of all candidates for nomination for the same court and  
 7 the same term of service shall be placed in a separate group. Each group  
 8 shall be preceded by an appropriate heading designating the particular judicial  
 9 office and the maximum number of candidates to be voted for and, in case of  
 10 any candidacy for less than a full term, the length of the term to be filled. The  
 11 relative positions occupied on the ballot by the names of the candidates shall  
 12 be alternated by a method of rotation and determined, as nearly as may be  
 13 practicable, as follows: The officer or board charged by law with the duty of  
 14 preparing and printing the ballots shall give consecutive numbers to all the poll-  
 15 ing places in the election district over which he or it has jurisdiction, begin-  
 16 ning at the north end of the district and numbering the polling places contigu-  
 17 ously from west to east and east to west alternately: *Provided*, that in coun-  
 18 ties, cities, villages or towns, in which the voting places have been already  
 19 numbered by reference to townships, wards, or other subdivisions, such num-  
 20 bering shall be retained and used for the purposes specified in this section, and  
 21 the voting places of the first ward, or other subdivision, in the order of their  
 22 numbers, shall be provided for first, and then the voting places of the second  
 23 ward, or other subdivision, in the order of their numbers, and so on for all the  
 24 wards or subdivisions; and if the townships or other subdivisions are named  
 25 and not numbered, then they shall be taken in the alphabetical order of the  
 26 first letters of their names.

27 Said officer or board shall cause to be printed a sufficient number of ballots  
 28 for the first voting place, as so numbered, with the names of the candidates

29 in the various groups arranged in alphabetical order according to the first let-  
30 ter of the surnames, and if there be two or more surnames in any group hav-  
31 ing the same first letter, then the said officer or board may arrange such names  
32 in such order as he or it may see fit. After this has been done, the top name  
33 in each group on such ballot shall be moved to the bottom of such group, and  
34 there shall then be printed with the names so arranged a sufficient number  
35 of ballots to provide for the next voting place in order of numbers, and so on  
36 for each voting place, until all the voting places in such election district shall  
37 have been provided for. No designation or indication of the political party  
38 or other affiliation or organization to which a candidate belongs shall appear  
39 on the ballot, but if there are two candidates of the same surname in the same  
40 group, the place of residence shall be added to the name of each of such can-  
41 didates. Blank spaces shall be left at the end of the list of each group equal  
42 to the number of candidates to be nominated in that group, in which the voter  
43 may insert the name of any person or persons not printed on the ballot for  
44 whom he desires to vote as primary nominee in such group. At the top of the  
45 ballot shall be printed in large capital letters the words "Judicial Primary  
46 Ballot."

Sec. 8. The names of all candidates shall be printed on said ballot in capi-  
2 tal letters of uniform type and size not less than one-eighth nor more than one-  
3 fourth of an inch in height, and immediately at the left of each name shall be  
4 printed a square, the sides of which shall not be less than one-fourth of an inch  
5 in length, all of which squares shall be of uniform size. All spaces between the  
6 names of candidates in the same group shall be of approximately uniform height.  
7 On the back of the ballot, placed so as to appear when the ballot is folded, shall  
8 be printed the words "Judiciary Primary Ballot," followed by the designation  
9 of the election precinct for which the ballot is intended, the date of the pri-  
10 mary, and a fac-simile of the signature of the officer or the clerk of the board,  
11 as the case may be, having in charge the preparation of the ballots.

Sec. 9. Said ballots shall be prepared and caused to be printed by the  
2 same officers or board whose duty it shall be under the law to prepare and cause

3 to be printed the ballots to be used at the election for which candidates are to  
 4 be nominated in such judicial primary. Said officer or board shall, not less than  
 5 twelve hours before the time fixed for the opening of the polls, cause to be de-  
 6 livered to the primary judges of each precinct the judicial primary ballots in-  
 7 tended for such precinct, the number of which shall be one hundred for each  
 8 fifty votes cast in said precinct at the last preceding general election. Said  
 9 ballots shall be put in separate sealed packages with marks on the outside  
 10 thereof designating the precinct for which they are intended and the number of  
 11 ballots enclosed; and a receipt therefor shall be given by the primary judge to  
 12 whom the same are delivered, which receipt shall be filed by the proper clerk in  
 13 his office. An ample supply of extra primary ballots for each precinct shall be  
 14 printed and retained by the officer or board charged with the printing thereof,  
 15 and if at any time before the closing of the polls the ballots of any precinct shall  
 16 be lost, destroyed or exhausted, such officer or the clerk of such board, as the  
 17 case may be, shall, on written application signed by the primary judges of said  
 18 precinct, cause to be delivered immediately to said primary judges such supply  
 19 of extra ballots as may be required to comply with the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 10. On the opening of the polls one of the primary judges shall make  
 2 proclamation of the same; and at least thirty minutes before the closing of the  
 3 polls proclamation shall be made in like manner that the polls will be closed in  
 4 half an hour. Before voting begins, the separate ballot box herein provided for  
 5 shall be emptied and opened and shown to those present to be empty, whereupon  
 6 it shall be locked and the key thereof shall be delivered to one of the primary  
 7 judges. Such ballot box shall not be removed from public view from the time  
 8 it is shown to be empty until after the close of the polls.

Sec. 11. The name of no candidate for nomination for any of said judi-  
 2 cial offices shall be printed on the primary ballot, unless a petition for his nom-  
 3 ination shall have been filed, signed by qualified electors of the district, division,  
 4 county or city by the people of which such judicial officer is to be elected. The  
 5 number of signers of such petition shall be not less than one-half of one per



6 cent of the total vote cast in such district, division, county or city at the last  
7 general election. Such petition shall contain no designation or indication of  
8 the political party or other affiliation or organization to which the signers or  
9 the candidate or candidates belong.

Sec. 12. Such petitions shall consist of sheets of uniform size. Each  
2 sheet shall be headed by a statement that the signers are qualified electors of  
3 a designated city and county in the State of Illinois and that said signers peti-  
4 tion the placing of the name and address of a certain candidate for a certain  
5 designated office on the ballots to be used at the judicial primary to be held on a  
6 designated day. Such heading may contain the names of two or more candi-  
7 dates for the same or different offices. (Opposite the signature of each signer,  
8 his residence address shall be written (including the street number of such  
9 residence in a city having a population of over ten thousand according to the  
10 then last preceding federal census). At the bottom of each sheet of such peti-  
11 tion there shall be a statement signed and duly sworn to (or affirmed) by an  
12 adult resident of the political division for which the candidate is seeking a  
13 nomination, stating his residence address (including the street number of such  
14 residence in a city having a population of over ten thousand according to the  
15 then last preceding federal census), certifying that the signatures on that sheet  
16 were signed in his presence and are genuine, and that to the best of his knowl-  
17 edge and belief the persons so signing were at the time of signing said petitions  
18 qualified electors of the district, division, county or city by the people of which  
19 the candidate therein mentioned is to be nominated. Such sheets shall be num-  
20 bered consecutively and shall, before being filed, be neatly fastened together in  
21 book form. Said petition, when filed, shall not be withdrawn or added to and  
22 no signatures shall be revoked, except by revocation filed in writing with the  
23 clerk or proper officer with whom the petition is required to be filed and before  
24 the filing of such petition. Said petitions shall be filed not more than thirty  
25 and not less than twenty days prior to the date of the judicial primary in the  
26 office of the Secretary of State, who shall endorse on each petition the day on  
27 which it is filed.



Sec. 13. Every qualified elector of the district, division, county or city by which any such judicial officer is to be elected, shall be entitled to vote at such judicial primary election in the precinct of his residence. Whether any person is such a qualified elector shall be determined by the general election laws in force at the time and in the place where and when such judicial primary is held, precisely as though it were an election within the meaning of the general election laws of this State.

Sec. 14. Any person desiring to vote at a judicial primary shall state his name and residence to the primary judges. If such person is not challenged or if, having been challenged, he shall establish his right to vote by means of the affidavits next hereinafter provided for, one of the primary judges shall give him one and only one judicial primary ballot on the back of which such judge shall endorse his initials in such manner that they may be seen when the primary ballot is properly folded. A ballot without such endorsement of the judge's initials shall be invalid and shall not be counted.

Sec. 15. Whenever the right of a person offering to vote at a judicial primary is challenged by any of the judges or clerks of such primary, the person so challenged shall make, subscribe and present to the primary judges and clerks, before he shall be allowed to vote at such primary, an affidavit which shall be returned by them with the primary poll books and shall be in substantially the following form:

“STATE OF ILLINOIS, }  
COUNTY OF..... }ss

I, ....., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a citizen of the United States, of the age of twenty-one years or over, and am qualified to vote under and by virtue of the Constitution and laws of the State of Illinois, and am a legally qualified voter of this precinct, residing at ..... in this precinct.

15       Subscribed and sworn to before me this ..... day of  
 16 ..... A. D. 19....

17 .....  
 18

*Judge of Judicial Primary.”*

19       In addition to such affidavit the person so challenged and desiring to vote  
 20 shall produce the affidavit of one householder of the precinct, who shall be a  
 21 qualified voter and who shall be personally known or proved to the judges to  
 22 be such householder, which affidavit shall likewise be returned with the primary  
 23 poll books and shall be in substantially the following form:

24 “STATE OF ILLINOIS, }  
 25 COUNTY OF..... } ss.

26       I, ....., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a house-  
 27 holder of this precinct and entitled to vote at this judiciary primary; that I am  
 28 acquainted with ....., whose right to vote at this primary has  
 29 been challenged; that I know him to be an actually bona fide resident of this pre-  
 30 cinct and that he has resided therein thirty days, and I verily believe he has re-  
 31 sided in this county ninety days and in this State one year next preceding this  
 32 primary.

33 .....  
 34

35       Subscribed and sworn to before me this ..... day of  
 36 ..... A. D. 19....

37 .....  
 38

*Judge of Primary.”*

Sec. 16. Each voter shall, on receiving a primary ballot from the primary  
 2 judges, retire alone forthwith to one of the voting booths and prepare his bal-  
 3 lot by marking a cross in the square at the left of the name of each candidate of  
 4 his choice. Each voter may vote for any number of candidates in each group not  
 5 exceeding twice the number of judges to be elected in that group. Any voter  
 6 may, instead of voting for a candidate whose name is printed on the primary  
 7 ballot, write in the name of any other person or persons not exceeding twice

8 the number of judges to be elected in the group as a candidate or candidates  
9 for the nomination for any office and indicate his choice of such candidate by  
10 placing to the left of the name thus written a square and placing a cross in  
11 such square.

Sec. 17. Before leaving the booth the elector shall fold his ballot in such  
2 manner as to conceal the marks thereon. The ballot so folded, upon being  
3 handed to the primary judge, shall be deposited in the separate judicial bal-  
4 lot box. The primary clerk shall thereupon enter in the poll book the name of  
5 the elector and his residence.

Sec. 18. Any elector who may declare upon oath that he cannot read the  
2 English language or that, by reason of any physical disability he is unable to  
3 mark his ballot, shall upon request be assisted in marking his ballot in the  
4 same manner as provided by the general election laws of this State.

Sec. 19. After the opening of the polls at such judicial primary no ad-  
2 journment shall be had nor recess taken nor shall the primary judges allow the  
3 ballot box or any of the ballots or the primary poll books or any of the tally  
4 sheets to be removed or carried away from the polling place until the canvass  
5 of the votes is completed and the returns carefully enveloped and sealed.

Sec. 20. If a voter shall have marked his judicial primary ballot in such a  
2 way as to indicate a choice of more persons than are to be nominated as candi-  
3 dates for an office, or has marked such ballot in such a way as to make it im-  
4 possible to determine his choice of a candidate or candidates for the nomination  
5 for an office, such ballot shall not be counted for the nomination for such office.

Sec. 21. Judicial primary ballots not counted shall be marked "defec-  
2 tive" on the back thereof, and ballots cast by a challenged person shall be  
3 marked on the back thereof "objected to." The primary judges shall place  
4 on the back of each ballot so marked a memorandum signed by them, stating how

5 such ballot was counted. All ballots marked "defective" or "objected to"  
6 shall be enclosed in a separate envelope which shall be securely sealed and so  
7 marked and endorsed as clearly to disclose its contents.

Sec. 22. All judicial primary ballots not voted, and all that have been  
2 spoiled by voters while attempting to vote, shall be returned by the judges to  
3 the proper clerk who shall give a receipt therefor, and shall be preserved three  
4 months. Such official shall keep a record of the number of such ballots de-  
5 livered for each polling place and shall enter upon such record the number and  
6 character of such ballots returned, with the time when and the persons by whom  
7 they are returned.

Sec. 23. Upon closing the polls the judges shall proceed to canvass the  
2 votes. They shall first count the whole number of ballots in the separate ju-  
3 dicial ballot box. If the ballots shall be found to exceed the number of names en-  
4 tered on the judicial primary poll book, the judges shall reject the ballots, if  
5 any found, folded inside of a ballot. And if the number of ballots still exceeds  
6 the number of names of voters entered on the judicial primary poll book, such  
7 ballots shall be folded and replaced in the judicial ballot box, said box closed,  
8 well shaken and again opened, and one of the primary judges who shall be blind-  
9 folded shall thereupon draw out and destroy so many of said ballots as shall be  
10 equal to such excess. The judges shall then open and read said ballots and each  
11 primary clerk shall carefully and correctly mark upon the tally sheets the votes  
12 which each candidate has received in a separate column for that purpose, with  
13 the name of such candidate and the name of the office for which he is a candi-  
14 date for nomination at the head of such column. Said clerks shall thereupon  
15 foot up the tally sheets so as to show the total number of votes cast for each can-  
16 didate, and certify the same to be correct. Thereupon the judges shall set down  
17 in the judicial primary poll book the name of each candidate voted for upon  
18 the judicial primary ballot, written at full length, the name of the office for  
19 which he is a candidate for nomination, and the total number of votes which  
20 such candidate received. The judges shall certify said entries to be true and



21 correct. Thereupon all judicial primary ballots, except those marked “de-  
 22 fective” or “objected to,” shall be strung upon a strong thread or twine and  
 23 placed in an envelope which shall be sealed and endorsed substantially as fol-  
 24 lows: “Judicial Primary Bollots of the ..... Precinct of the County of.....  
 25 and State of Illinois.” Below such endorsement each judge shall write his name.

Sec. 24. The judicial primary poll book with the certificates of the judges  
 2 written thereon, and the judicial tally sheets, together with the envelopes con-  
 3 taining the judicial primary ballots, shall be carefully enveloped and sealed up  
 4 together, properly endorsed and put in the hands of the judges, who shall within  
 5 forty-eight hours thereafter deliver the same to the clerk from whom the ju-  
 6 dicial primary ballots were obtained, which clerk shall safely keep the same for  
 7 three months.

Sec. 25. As soon as complete returns are delivered to the proper clerk  
 2 they shall be opened and canvassed. The officers by whom and the manner in  
 3 which said returns shall be opened and canvassed and the result of said judicial  
 4 primary shall be declared, recorded and proclaimed, and certificates of nomina-  
 5 tion shall be issued, shall be determined by the general election laws, precisely  
 6 as though such judicial primary were an election within the meaning of the  
 7 general election laws of this State, the provisions of which shall also govern  
 8 the determination of the successful candidate in case of tie votes and the  
 9 prosecution and proceedings in case any candidate upon the judicial primary  
 10 ballot desires to contest the election of a candidate nominated upon the face of  
 11 the judicial primary returns.

Sec. 26. The judicial primary candidates in each group, up to but not ex-  
 2 ceeding twice the number of judges to be elected from that group, who shall re-  
 3 ceive the highest number of votes, shall be the judicial primary nominees.

Sec. 27. In case a judicial primary nominee die before election day or de-  
 2 cline the nomination, or should the nomination for any other reason become  
 3 vacant, the vacancy thus occasioned shall be filled by the name of the person, if

4 any, who shall have received the highest number of votes among the unsucces-  
5 ful primary candidates, if any, in the group in which the vacancy exists.

Sec. 28. Whenever a special election to fill a vacancy in any of the of-  
2 fices mentioned in Section 1 hereof shall be ordered according to law, the of-  
3 ficer whose duty it is to order such special election shall, in the writ of elec-  
4 tion, fix the date for a special judicial primary for the nomination of can-  
5 didates to be voted for at such special election. In all other respects said spe-  
6 cial primary shall be governed by the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 29. The provisions of Sections 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88,  
2 89, 90 and 93 of an Act entitled "An Act in regard to elections, and to pro-  
3 vide for filling vacancies in elective offices," approved April 3, 1872, in force  
4 July 1, 1872, and acts amendatory thereto, shall be applicable to every judicial  
5 primary precisely as though it were an election within the meaning of the gen-  
6 eral election laws of this State.

Sec. 30. If any person shall wilfully neglect or refuse to perform any duty  
2 required of him by this Act with reference to a judicial primary or shall be  
3 guilty of fraud, corruption or misbehavior in the performance of such duty, he  
4 shall, upon conviction, be fined in a sum not exceeding Five Hundred Dollars  
5 or imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding one year, or both, in the dis-  
6 cretion of the court.

Sec. 31. Any person or member of a board or any primary judge, clerk or  
2 other officer, who is guilty of stealing, wilfully and wrongfully breaking, de-  
3 stroying, mutilating, defacing, falsifying or unlawfully moving or secreting or  
4 detaining the whole or any part of any ballot box, or any record, poll book,  
5 tally sheet, or copy thereof, oath, returns, ballot or any other paper or docu-  
6 ment referring to a judicial primary and provided for in this Act, or who shall  
7 fraudulently make any entry, erasure, or alteration therein, except as allowed  
8 and directed by the provisions of this Act, or who permits any other person so  
9 to do, shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined in a sum not exceeding one thou-

10 sand (1,000) dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail, not exceeding one year,  
11 or both, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 32. No person shall do any electioneering or soliciting of votes on  
2 judicial primary day within any polling place or within one hundred feet of  
3 any polling place.

Sec. 33. Each candidate for nomination at a judicial primary may ap-  
2 point in writing over his signature one representative in each voting precinct  
3 to act as his challenger and watcher who shall have the same rights and powers  
4 as those possessed by challengers and watchers at general elections.

Sec. 34. At each election, whether regular or special, of a judge or of  
2 judges of any of the courts mentioned in Section 1 hereof, the names of the  
3 judicial primary nominees for any and all of said judicial offices to be voted for  
4 in each election district shall be printed on a separate ballot at the top of which  
5 shall be printed in large capital letters the words "Judicial Ballot." The  
6 names of all candidates for a judgeship or judgeships of the same court shall  
7 be grouped together, and, if judges of the same court are to be elected for dif-  
8 ferent terms of service, the names of all candidates for the same court, and the  
9 same term of service, shall be placed in a separate group. Each group shall be  
10 preceded by an appropriate heading designating the particular office and the  
11 maximum number of candidates to be voted for, and, in case of an election for  
12 less than a full term, the length of the term to be filled. Each group shall be  
13 made up of the names of all the primary nominees as shown by the certificate  
14 of the canvassing board or as certified by the Secretary of State, as the case  
15 may be, and the name of no other candidate shall be printed on said judicial  
16 ballot. The relative positions occupied on the ballot by the names of the ju-  
17 dicial primary nominees and the distribution of the different sets of ballots  
18 among the different polling places in each election district shall be determined  
19 according to the provisions of Section 7 hereof. No designation or indication  
20 of the political party or other affiliation or organization to which a candidate



21 belongs shall appear on the ballot, but if there are two candidates of the same  
22 surname in the same group, the place of residence shall be added to the name  
23 of each of said candidates. Blank spaces shall be left at the end of the list of  
24 each group equal to the number of judges to be elected in that group, in which  
25 the voter may insert the name of any person or persons not printed on the bal-  
26 lot for whom he desires to vote for such office in such group. The voter may  
27 indicate such choice by writing such name or names in said blank space and by  
28 placing to the left of each name thus written a square and placing a cross in such  
29 square.

Sec. 35. On the back of the ballot, placed so as to appear when the ballot  
2 is folded, shall be printed the words "Judicial Ballot," followed by the desig-  
3 nation of the election precinct for which the ballot is intended, the date of the  
4 election, and a fac-simile of the signature of the officer or the clerk of the board,  
5 as the case may be, having in charge the preparation of the ballots.

Sec. 36. In all other respects such ballots shall conform to the requirements  
2 of the general election laws in force at the time and in the place where and  
3 when such judicial election is held, in so far as the same may be applicable.

Sec. 37. When an election for any other than judicial officers is held at the  
2 same time as a judicial election is held under the provisions of this Act, the  
3 ballots used by the voters in such judicial election shall be deposited in a sepa-  
4 rate ballot box, and separate poll books and tally sheets shall be used for the  
5 purpose of such judicial election.

Sec. 38. Whenever the right of a person offering to vote at a judicial elec-  
2 tion is challenged by any of the judges or clerks of election, the person so  
3 challenged shall before being allowed to vote make, subscribe and present to  
4 the judges and clerks an affidavit which shall be returned by them with the poll  
5 books and shall be in substantially the following form:



6 "STATE OF ILLINOIS, }  
 7 COUNTY OF..... } ss.

8 I, ....., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am  
 9 a citizen of the United States, of the age of twenty-one years or over, and am  
 10 qualified to vote under and by virtue of the Constitution and laws of the State of  
 11 Illinois, and am a legally qualified voter of this precinct, residing at.....  
 12 in this precinct.

13 .....

14 Subscribed and sworn to before me this..... day of ....., A. D. 19...

15 .....

16 *Judge of Election."*

17 In addition to such affidavit the person so challenged and desiring to vote  
 18 shall produce the affidavit of one householder of the precinct, who shall be a  
 19 qualified voter and who shall be personally known or proved to the judges to  
 20 be such householder, which affidavit shall likewise be returned with the poll  
 21 books and shall be in substantially the following form:

22 "STATE OF ILLINOIS }  
 23 COUNTY OF..... } ss.

24 I, ....., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a  
 25 householder of this precinct and entitled to vote at this election; that I am ac-  
 26 quainted with ....., whose right to vote at this election has been  
 27 challenged; that I know him to be an actually bona fide resident of this precinct  
 28 and that he has resided therein thirty days, and I verily believe he has resided  
 29 in this county ninety days and in this state one year next preceding this elec-  
 30 tion.

31 .....

32 Subscribed and sworn to before me this.....

33 day of ....., A. D. 19....

34 .....

35 *Judge of Election."*

Sec. 39. Except as modified by the provisions of this Act, the general election laws, so far as the same are applicable, shall govern the judicial elections herein provided for.

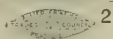
Sec. 40. This Act shall not become operative for the judges or the chief justice of the Municipal Court of Chicago unless submitted to a vote of the legal voters of the City of Chicago at the first regular election to be held in said city after this Act shall take effect, and consented to by a majority of the legal voters of said city voting upon the question at such election, the ballots to be used at such election in voting upon this Act to be substantially in the following form: "For consenting to the provisions of an Act entitled, 'An Act in relation to nominations and elections to judicial offices,' approved . . . ., 1915, which provisions apply to the Municipal Court of Chicago"; and "Against consenting to the provisions of an Act entitled, 'An Act in relation to nominations and elections to judicial offices,' approved . . . . ., 1915, which provisions apply to the Municipal Court of Chicago."

Sec. 41. The invalidity of any portion of this Act shall not affect the validity of any other portion hereof, which can be given effect without such invalid part.

Sec. 42. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 43. Whereas an emergency exists, this Act shall take effect immediately after its passage and approval by the Governor.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. McGloon, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

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## A BILL

For an Act to revise the law creating a Firemens' Pension Fund in cities, villages and incorporated towns, whose population exceeds five thousand (5,000) inhabitants.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That in all cities, villages or incorporated  
3 towns whose population exceeds five thousand (5,000), having a paid fire depart-  
4 ment, the city council or the board of trustees, as the case may be, shall have the  
5 power to levy a tax not to exceed seven-tenths of a mill on the dollar on all tax-  
6 able property of such city, village or incorporated town, which said  
7 tax shall be in addition to all other taxes which such city, vil-  
8 lage or incorporated town is now or hereafter may be authorized  
9 to levy upon the aggregate valuation of all property within  
10 such city, village or incorporated town and the county clerk  
11 in reducing tax levies under the provision of section 2 of  
12 an Act entitled, "An Act to amend section 2 of an Act entitled,  
13 An Act concerning the levy and extension of taxes, approved May 9, 1901, in



14 force July 1st, 1901, as amended by an Act approved March 29, 1905, in force  
 15 July 1st, 1905, as amended by an Act approved June 14, 1909, in force July 1st,  
 16 1909, as subsequently amended, shall not consider the tax herein authorized as  
 17 a part of the general taxes levied for such city, village or incorporated town pur-  
 18 poses and shall not include same in the limitation of three per cent of the as-  
 19 sessed valuation upon which taxes are required to be extended. All moneys  
 20 derived from the tax so levied and one per centum of all revenues collected by  
 21 such cities, villages or incorporated towns from licenses issued by said cities, vil-  
 22 lages or incorporated towns, authorizing persons or corporations to engage in  
 23 any business, occupation or profession, excepting that of public utilities, also  
 24 all fines imposed for violations of fire ordinances, enforcement or collection of  
 25 which may be charged to and be under the supervision of the chief officer or  
 26 subordinate officers of such fire department in any such city, village or incor-  
 27 porated town, shall be set apart by the treasurer of such cities, villages or in-  
 28 corporated towns, to whom the same shall be paid, as a fund for the pensioning  
 29 of disabled and superannuated firemen and of the widows and orphans and de-  
 30 pendent parents of deceased firemen in such cities, villages or incorporated  
 31 towns: *Provided*, that the word or term "fireman" or "firemen", as used in  
 32 this Act, shall include all persons who, at the time that this Act shall become  
 33 effective, are entitled to the benefits of an Act entitled, "An Act to create a  
 34 Board of Trustees of the Firemens' Pension Fund; to provide and distribute such  
 35 fund for the pensioning of disabled firemen and the widows and minor children  
 36 of deceased firemen; to authorize the retirement from service and pensioning  
 37 of members of the fire department; and for other purposes connected therewith,  
 38 in cities, villages or incorporated towns, whose population exceeds fifty thou-  
 39 sand (50,000) inhabitants, having a paid fire department," approved May 13,  
 40 1887, in force July 1, 1887, as subsequently amended, and in cities which have  
 41 adopted an Act entitled, "An Act to regulate the civil service of cities," ap-  
 42 proved and in force March 30, 1895, all persons who have been or shall hereafter  
 43 be appointed to any position which is classified by the civil service commission  
 44 of such city in the fire service of such city and in cities, villages or incorpor-

ated towns which have not adopted said civil service act, all persons appointed to any position in the fire department, shall also be included and entitled to the benefits of this Act.

Sec. 2. The treasurer, clerk, marshal or chief officer of the fire department and the comptroller of such city, village or incorporated town and three other persons who shall be chosen from the active firemen of such city, village or incorporated town and one other person who shall be chosen from the firemen who have been duly retired under this Act shall constitute and be a board by the name of the "Board of Trustees of the Firemen's Pension Fund." The members of this board to be chosen from the active firemen shall be elected by ballot at a bi-annual election, at which election all active firemen of said city, village or incorporated town, shall be entitled to vote: *Provided*, that in any city, village or incorporated town where there is no comptroller appointed or elected, that the mayor of such city, village or incorporated town shall be a member of such board and the members of said board to be chosen from among the firemen who have been duly retired or pensioned, as aforesaid, shall be elected by ballot at a bi-annual election, at which last mentioned election all retired firemen shall be entitled to vote.

The election or elections in this section provided for shall be held bi-annually on the third Monday in April under the Australian ballot system, at such place or places, in such city, village or incorporated town, under such regulations as shall be prescribed by the members of this board: *Provided, however*, that no person entitled to vote under the provisions of this section shall cast more than one vote at any such election. In the event of the failure, resignation, or inability to act of any member of said board elected under the provisions of this section, the successor to such member shall be elected at a special election which shall be called by said board and shall be conducted in the same manner as the bi-annual election hereunder. The said board shall elect from their number a president and secretary, provided that in villages or incorporated towns, the Board of Trustees of the Firemen's Pension Fund shall consist of the president of the board of trustees, the town clerk, the town or village

29 attorney, the chief officer of the fire department and three other persons who  
 30 shall be chosen bi-annually from among the active firemen. The three members  
 31 of said board to be chosen from the active firemen of said village or incorpor-  
 32 ated town and the member of said board to be chosen from the retired firemen  
 33 shall be elected in the manner provided for in this section for the election of  
 34 such member in cities.

Sec. 3. The said board shall have exclusive control and management of the  
 2 fund mentioned in the first section of this Act, and of all money donated, paid,  
 3 assessed or provided by law for the relief or pensioning of disabled, superan-  
 4 nuated and retired firemen, their widows, minor children and dependent par-  
 5 ents, and shall assess each fireman, not to exceed one (1) per centum of the sal-  
 6 ary of such fireman, to be deducted and withheld from the monthly pay of each  
 7 fireman so assessed, the same together with all interest accrued or accruing  
 8 thereon, to be placed by the treasurer of such city, village or incorporated town,  
 9 who shall be *ex officio* treasurer of such board, to the credit of such fund, sub-  
 10 ject to the order of such board. The said board shall make all needful rules and  
 11 regulations for its government in the discharge of its duties, and shall hear  
 12 and decide all applications for relief or pensions under this Act, and its decis-  
 13 ions on such applications shall be final and conclusive, and not subject to re-  
 14 view or reversal except by the board. The board shall have the power to pro-  
 15 vide for the payment from said fund of all moneys which may be necessary for  
 16 the expenses of the board. The board shall cause to be kept a record of all its  
 17 meetings and proceedings.

Sec. 4. All rewards in moneys, fees, gifts and emoluments that may be paid  
 2 or given for or on account of extraordinary services by the fire department  
 3 or any member thereof (except when allowed to be retained by competitive  
 4 award), shall be paid into said pension fund. The said board of trustees may  
 5 take by gift, grant, devise or bequest, any money, real estate, personal prop-  
 6 erty or other valuable thing; and such money, real estate, personal property,



7 right of property or other valuable thing so obtained, also all fines and penal-  
8 ties imposed upon firemen, shall in like manner be paid into said pension fund  
9 and treated as a part thereof, for the uses of such pension fund. The board of  
10 trustees created under this Act shall have the power to take and may sell or dis-  
11 pose of in any manner that said board, in its judgment, deems proper, any or  
12 all assets of any kind which are in the possession or under the control of any  
13 Board of Trustees of a Firemen's Pension fund, existing at the time of the pass-  
14 age of this Act and all money or funds realized from the sale of such assets,  
15 together with all other money or funds received or taken over shall become a  
16 part of the fund herein created for the purpose of the payment of pensions  
17 under the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 5. If any fireman of any such city, village or incorporated town shall  
2 become and be so physically or mentally disabled as to render necessary his re-  
3 tirement from active service, said board of trustees shall order the payment to  
4 such disabled fireman, monthly from said pension fund, a sum equal to one-half  
5 the monthly compensation paid to such fireman as salary, at the date of his  
6 retirement: *Provided*, that the maximum sum of such pension shall not exceed  
7 the sum of nine hundred dollars (\$900) per year. If, however, after placing a  
8 fireman upon the pension roll, satisfactory proof is made to the pension board  
9 that such retired fireman has recovered from such physical or mental disabil-  
10 ity, the board shall order that his pension cease and that said fireman report  
11 back to the marshal or chief of the fire department of such city, village or in-  
12 corporated town, who shall thereupon order the reinstatement of such fireman  
13 in the active service, in the same rank or grade which such fireman held at the  
14 time of his retirement.

Sec. 6. If any fireman shall die from any cause while in the fire service or  
2 during retirement after twenty years' service, as hereinafter provided, and  
3 shall leave a widow, minor natural child or children under sixteen years of age,  
4 or dependent natural father or mother surviving, said board of trustees shall  
5 direct the payment from such pension fund of the following sums monthly, to-



6 wit: To such widow while unmarried, forty-five dollars (\$45.00), to the guar-  
7 dian of any such child or children eight dollars (\$8.00) for each of said children  
8 until it or they reach the age of sixteen years: *Provided, however,* that no pen-  
9 sion shall be allowed to the widow of such deceased fireman or to the children  
10 of such widow who has married such fireman subsequent to the date of his re-  
11 tirement with the pension under the provision of this Act.

12 Where the wife of such deceased fireman shall have died prior or subse-  
13 quent to the death of such fireman, leaving a minor child or children begotten  
14 by such fireman, the said board shall pay to the duly appointed guardian of  
15 such child or children, for their support and maintenance until it or they shall  
16 have reached the age of sixteen years, the sum of fifteen (\$15.00) dollars per  
17 month to each. If the deceased fireman shall leave no widow or natural child  
18 or children surviving him, but shall leave a dependent natural father or mother,  
19 then said board of trustees shall direct the payment from said pension fund  
20 to such dependent father or mother, the sum of twenty-five (\$25.00) dollars each  
21 monthly, provided it shall be proved that the deceased fireman at the time of his  
22 death was the sole and only support of such parent or parents: *Provided, how-*  
23 *ever,* that the sum total received by all the beneficiaries under this section shall  
24 not exceed the sum of nine hundred (\$900) dollars per year. If at any time  
25 there shall not be sufficient money in such pension fund to pay each person  
26 entitled to the benefits thereof, the full amount per month as herein provided,  
27 then and in that event, an equal beneficiary thereof until the said fund shall be  
28 replenished to warrant the payments in full to each of said beneficiaries.

Sec. 7. Any fireman of any such city, village or incorporated town, after  
2 having served twenty years or more as a fireman, of which the last two years  
3 shall be continuous, may make application to be retired from active service, or if,  
4 after having served twenty years, as aforesaid, he shall be discharged from  
5 such fire service, the said board of trustees shall order and direct that such  
6 fireman shall be paid a monthly pension equal to one-half the amount of sal-  
7 ary attached to the rank which he may have held in such fire service at the date

8 of his retirement or discharge: *Provided*, that the maximum sum of his pension  
9 shall not exceed the sum of nine hundred (\$900) dollars per year; and the said  
10 board, upon the recommendation of the fire marshal or the chief officer of the  
11 fire department, shall have the power to assign such fireman so retired to the per-  
12 formance of light duties in such fire service in case of extraordinary emergen-  
13 cies. After the decease of such fireman, his widow, minor natural child or chil-  
14 dren, under sixteen years of age, his dependent natural parent or parents, if  
15 any surviving him, shall be entitled to the pension provided for in this Act, but  
16 nothing in this or any other section of this Act shall warrant the payment of  
17 any annuity to any widow of a deceased fireman after she shall have remarried.

Sec. 8. The widow, orphans and dependent parents of deceased fireman,  
2 and all retired firemen who are now entitled to pension or annuity under the  
3 provisions of an Act entitled, "An Act to create a Board of Trustees of the Fire-  
4 men's Pension Fund; to provide and distribute such fund for the pensioning of  
5 disabled firemen and the widows and minor children of deceased firemen; to  
6 authorize the retirement from service and pensioning of members of the fire  
7 department, and for other purposes connected therewith, in cities, villages or  
8 incorporated towns, whose population exceeds fifty thousand (50,000) inhabi-  
9 tants, having a paid fire department," approved May 13, 1887, in force July 1,  
10 1887, as subsequently amended, shall be entitled to the benefits, pensions and  
11 annuities provided for by this Act: *Provided*, such persons shall thereupon  
12 cease to receive pensions, relief or benefits under said Act approved May 13,  
13 1887, in force July 1, 1887, as subsequently amended.

Sec. 9. The treasurer of the board shall be the custodian of said pension  
2 fund and shall secure and safely keep the same, subject to the control and di-  
3 rection of the board; and shall keep his books and accounts concerning said fund  
4 in such a manner as may be prescribed by the board; and the said books and  
5 accounts shall always be subject to the inspection of the board or any member  
6 thereof. The treasurer shall, within ten days after his election or appointment,

7 execute a bond to the city, village or incorporated town, with good and sufficient  
 8 securities, in such penal sum as the board shall direct, to be approved by the  
 9 board, conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of his office, and  
 10 that he will safely keep and well and truly account for all moneys and prop-  
 11 erty which may come into his hands as such treasurer; and that on the expira-  
 12 tion of his term of office he will surrender and deliver over to his successor all  
 13 unexpended moneys and all property which may have come to his hands as  
 14 treasurer of such fund. Such bond shall be filed in the office of the clerk of  
 15 such city, village or incorporated town, and in case of a breach of the same, or  
 16 the conditions thereof, suit may be brought on the same in the name of such  
 17 city, village or incorporated town for the use of said board, or of any person  
 18 or persons injured by such breach.

Sec. 10. It shall be the duty of the mayor or the president of the board of  
 2 trustees and clerk, or the comptroller, if there be one, and the officer or officers  
 3 of such city, village or incorporated town who are or may be authorized by law  
 4 to draw warrants upon the treasurer of such city, village or incorporated  
 5 town, upon request made in writing by said board, to draw warrants upon the  
 6 treasurer of such city, village or incorporated town, payable to the treasurer  
 7 of said board for all funds in the hands of the treasurer of such city, village  
 8 or incorporated town belonging to said pension fund.

Sec. 11. All moneys ordered to be paid from said pension fund to any per-  
 2 son or persons shall be paid by the treasurer of said board only upon warrants  
 3 signed by the president of the board and countersigned by the secretary thereof;  
 4 and no warrant shall be drawn except by order of the board duly entered in  
 5 the records of the proceedings of the board. In case the said pension fund or  
 6 any part thereof shall, by order of said board or otherwise, be deposited in any  
 7 bank, or loaned, all interest or money which may be paid or agreed to be paid  
 8 on account of any such loan or deposit, shall belong to and constitute a part of  
 9 said fund: *Provided*, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as au-



10 authorizing said treasurer to loan or deposit said fund or any part thereof, unless  
11 so authorized by the board.

Sec. 12. The board of trustees shall make report to the council of said city,  
2 village or incorporated town, of the condition of said pension fund and the  
3 amount of taxes necessary to be levied to carry out the provisions of this Act  
4 for the following fiscal year, on the first Monday of November in each and every  
5 year.

Sec. 13. No portion of said pension fund shall, either before or after  
2 its order of distribution by said board, to any retired fireman, or to the widow  
3 or guardian of any minor child or children, or to the dependent parent or pa-  
4 rents of a deceased fireman, be held, seized, taken, subject to, or detained or  
5 levied on by virtue of any attachment, execution, injunction, writ, interlocutory  
6 or other order or decree, or any process or proceeding whatever issued out of  
7 or by any court of this State for the payment or satisfaction in whole or in part  
8 of any debt, damages, claim, demand or judgment against any such fireman, or  
9 the widow or the guardian of any minor child or children or dependent parent  
10 or parents, of any deceased fireman; but the said fund shall be sacredly held,  
11 kept, secured and distributed for the purposes of pensioning the persons named  
12 in this Act and for no other purpose whatever.

Sec. 14. That an Act entitled, "An Act to create a board of trustees of the  
2 Firemen's Pension Fund; to provide and distribute such fund for the pensioning  
3 of disabled firemen and the widows and minor children of deceased firemen; to  
4 authorize the retirement from service and pensioning of members of the fire  
5 department, and for other purposes connected therewith, in cities, villages and  
6 incorporated towns, whose population exceeds fifty thousand (50,000) inhabi-  
7 tants, having a paid fire department," approved May 13, 1887, in force July 1,  
8 1887, as subsequently amended, and all Acts or parts of Acts in conflict with the  
9 provisions hereof, be and the same are hereby repealed.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Mitchell, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to the Liberal Committee.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend section four of "An Act to provide for the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors," approved March 30, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section four of an Act entitled, "An  
3 Act to provide for the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of  
4 intoxicating liquors," approved March 30, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the  
5 same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

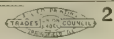
Sec. 4. The license shall state the time for which it is granted, which  
2 shall not exceed one year, the place where the dramshop is to be kept, and shall  
3 not be transferable, nor shall the person licensed keep a dramshop in more  
4 than one place at the same time, and any license granted *may be revoked by*  
5 *the mayor of said city, president of the board of trustees of any such town or*  
6 *village, in case the licensee shall violate any of the provisions of any ordi-*  
7 *nances of such cities, towns, or villages relating to the keeping of dramshops,*  
8 or by the county board whenever they shall be satisfied that the person licensed

has violated any of the provisions of this Act or keeps a disorderly or ill-governed house or place of resort for idle or dissolute persons, or allows any illegal gambling in his dramshop, or any house or place adjacent thereto.

*Any person whose license has been revoked within thirty days thereafter may appeal to the county court of the county in which such dramshop is located for the purpose of having the reasonableness or the lawfulness of such revocation inquired into and determined. The person taking such appeal shall file with the authority revoking such license written notice of such appeal and within five days after the filing of such notice of appeal such authority shall file with the clerk of said court all of the reports, evidence, documents, papers, and findings relating to the revocation of such license. The person serving such notice of appeal within five days after the service of such notice shall file a copy thereof, with proof of service, upon the clerk of said court, whereupon said court, shall have jurisdiction of said appeal and the same shall be entered upon the records of said court and shall be tried therein without formal pleadings but otherwise according to the rules relating to the trial of chancery suits so far as the same are applicable.*

*Upon hearing of any such appeal the court shall enter judgment either affirming or setting aside the action of the said authority.*

*The pendency of any appeal shall stay and suspend the operation of any order revoking any such license.*



1 Introduced by Mr. Mitchell, March 17, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Civil Service.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend section six (6) of article two (2) of an Act entitled, "An Act regulating the holding of elections and declaring the results thereof in cities, villages and incorporated towns in this State," approved June 19, 1885, in force July 1, 1885, as amended by an Act approved June 18, 1891, in force July 1, 1891, and as subsequently amended by an Act approved April 24, 1899, in force July 1, 1899.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section six (6) of article two (2) of  
3 an Act entitled, "An Act regulating the holding of elections and declaring the  
4 results thereof in cities, villages and incorporated towns in this State," approved  
5 June 19, 1885, in force July 1, 1885, as amended by an Act approved June 18,  
6 1891, in force July 1, 1891, and as subsequently amended by an Act approved  
7 April 24, 1899, in force July 1, 1899, be and the same is hereby amended so as to  
8 read as follows:

9       Sec. 6. *In every city which has adopted an Act entitled, "An Act to regu-*  
10 *late the civil service of cities," approved and in force March 20, 1895, said board*



11 shall have the right, *in accordance with the requirements of said Act entitled,*  
12 *“An Act to regulate the civil service of cities,”* to employ a chief clerk who shall  
13 have charge of the office of said board and who shall be present and in attend-  
14 ance at all proper business hours. Such chief clerk shall take an oath of office  
15 before such county judge, to the effect that he will honestly and faithfully per-  
16 form all the duties of such office under the direction of said board, which shall  
17 be preserved in the same way, and he shall be under the direction of said board,  
18 and he shall have the right to administer all oaths required under this Act to be  
19 administered by either of said commissioners. Such additional assistance may  
20 be employed by said board from time to time, *subject to said Act to regulate*  
21 *the civil service of cities,* as may be necessary, with the consent and approval,  
22 previously entered of record by said county court of which may afterwards be  
23 approved by such court.

- 1 Introduced by Mr. Mitchell, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Civil Service.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act in relation to a municipal court in the City of Chicago," approved May 18, 1905, and all Acts amendatory thereto, amending sections 15 and 17 and adding three new sections to be known respectively as sections 14a, 14b and 14c, to secure for said municipal court the benefit of the provisions of law regulating the civil service of the City of Chicago.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the Act entitled, "An Act in rela-  
3 tion to a municipal court in the City of Chicago," approved May 18, 1905, and  
4 all Acts amendatory thereto, be and the same are hereby amended by adding  
5 thereto three additional sections, to be known as sections 14a, 14b and 14c, and  
6 by amending sections 15 and 17 of said Act, which said three additional sections  
7 and sections 15 and 17, as amended, shall read as follows:

8 14a. *That all offices and places of employment, except the offices which are*  
9 *filled by election, in the municipal court of the City of Chicago, shall be deemed*  
10 *to be offices and places of employment in such city within the meaning of section*  
11 *3 of the Act entitled, "An Act to regulate the civil service of cities," approved*  
12 *and in force March 20, 1895, hereinafter called the City Civil Service Act, and*

13 subject to the provisions of such City Civil Service Act so far as the same can  
 14 be made applicable and to all future amendments thereof, and for the purpose  
 15 of applying said City Civil Service Act to the service of the municipal court  
 16 hereby intended to be covered, its provisions, whenever not literally applicable  
 17 to such service, shall be applied to such service by analogy according to the  
 18 spirit and purpose thereof, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained.

19 14b. That within ninety days after the adoption of this Act in the manner  
 20 hereinafter provided, the civil service commissioners of the City of Chicago  
 21 shall classify all the offices and places of employment in the service of the muni-  
 22 cipal court, other than the offices which are filled by election. The chief justice  
 23 the clerk and the bailiff of the municipal court shall be deemed to be heads of  
 24 departments within the meaning of said City Civil Service Act.

25 14c. That the salaries of all officers and places of employment of the  
 26 municipal court, other than those offices which are filled by election, shall from  
 27 time to time be fixed by orders signed by a majority of the judges of said muni-  
 28 cipal court and spread upon the records of said court: Provided, that for posi-  
 29 tions requiring similar duties and responsibilities, as determined by the classi-  
 30 fication of the civil service commission of the City of Chicago, salaries shall be  
 31 uniform.

32 Sec. 15. That said clerk shall appoint in accordance with the City Civil  
 33 Service Act, such number of deputies as may be determined, from time to time,  
 34 by a majority of the judges of the municipal court by orders signed by them  
 35 and spread upon the records of said court. Such number of deputy clerks so ap-  
 36 pointed as the judges may deem necessary shall be competent short hand re-  
 37 porters, capable of correctly taking down stenographically and transcribing the  
 38 proceedings of courts and shall perform such duties with respect to attending  
 39 upon and taking down stenographic reports of the proceedings of said court as  
 40 may be required by the judges, and for making and furnishing transcripts of  
 41 their stenographic reports aforesaid, said deputy clerks shall be allowed to  
 42 make such reasonable charges, not exceeding fifteen cents per hundred words

43 to the parties to whom such transcripts are furnished as may be determined  
44 by the judges, and the judges may *by an order signed by a majority of said*  
45 *judges and spread upon the records of said court*, allow said deputy clerks to  
46 retain, as additional compensation for their services, such proportion as the  
47 judges may deem reasonable of the charges so collected (*provided that any such*  
48 *order shall be general and apply to all such deputy clerks*), the balance of such  
49 charges to be accounted for by such deputy clerks in the same manner as costs  
50 collected by them. Such deputy clerks shall take the same oath or affirmation  
51 required of the clerk of said municipal court, and shall give bonds to be ap-  
52 proved by the chief justice of said court, conditioned, as near as may be, like  
53 the bond required of the clerk. *Deputy clerks shall not be removed or dis-*  
54 *charged from office otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of the*  
55 *City Civil Service Act, but the number of such deputy clerkships may be re-*  
56 *duced at any time by an order signed by a majority of the judges of said muni-*  
57 *cipal court and spread upon the records of said court.*

58       Sec. 17. That said bailiff shall appoint *in accordance with the City Civil*  
59 *Service Act*, such number of deputies as may be determined from time to time,  
60 by a majority of the judges of the municipal court by orders signed by them and  
61 spread upon the records of said court. Such deputy bailiffs shall take the same  
62 oath or affirmation required of the bailiff of said municipal court and shall  
63 give bonds to be approved by the chief justice of said court conditioned, as near as  
64 may be, like the bond required by the bailiff. The bailiff and deputy bailiffs of  
65 the municipal court shall be *ex officio* police officers of the City of Chicago.  
66 *Deputy bailiffs shall not be removed or discharged from office otherwise than in*  
67 *accordance with the provisions of said City Civil Service Act, but the number*  
68 *of deputy bailiffs may be reduced at any time by an order signed by a majority*  
69 *of the judges of said municipal court and spread upon the records of said court.*  
70 Every police officer of the City of Chicago shall be *ex officio* a deputy bailiff of  
71 the municipal court and shall perform from time to time, such duties in respect to  
72 cases within the jurisdiction of said court as may be required of him by said court



73 or any judge thereof. The bailiff may appoint a special deputy to serve any sum-  
 74 mons issued out of the municipal court, by indorsement thereon substantially as  
 75 follows: "I hereby appoint.....my special deputy to serve  
 76 the within writ," which shall be dated and signed by the bailiff. Such special  
 77 deputy shall make return of the time and manner of service of such writ, under  
 78 his oath, and for making a false return he shall be guilty of perjury and be  
 79 punished accordingly.

80 Sec. 2. That this Act shall be submitted to a vote of the legal voters of the  
 81 City of Chicago at the first regular municipal, judicial, general or special elec-  
 82 tion which shall occur in said City of Chicago after the first day of July, A. D.  
 83 1915. The ballots to be used in said election in voting upon this Act shall be sub-  
 84 stantially the the following form:

For consenting to an Act entitled, "An Act to amend an Act en- titled, 'An Act in relation to a municipal court in the City of Chicago,' approved May 18, 1905, and all Acts amendatory there- to, and to secure for said municipal court the benefit of the pro- visions of law regulating the civil service of the City of Chicago."	
Against consenting to an Act entitled, "An Act to amend an Act entitled, 'An Act in relation to a municipal court in the City of Chicago,' approved May 18, 1905, and all Acts amendatory there- to, and to secure for said municipal court the benefit of the pro- vision of law regulating the civil service of the City of Chicago."	

85 If a majority of the legal voters of said city voting on the question of said  
 86 election shall vote in favor of consenting to this Act, the same shall thereupon  
 87 take effect and become operative.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Morrasy, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act fixing personal responsibility for damage by fire.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That any person, persons or corporation  
3 for any fire caused by, resulting from, or spreading by reason of the com-  
4 mission of the crime of arson, or of burning to defraud, or by reason of the negli-  
5 gence of such person, persons or corporation, or by reason of the non-compli-  
6 ance with any law or ordinance or lawful regulation or requirement of or by  
7 any State or municipal authority, shall be liable for all loss, expense or dam-  
8 age caused by or resulting from such negligence or non-compliance. In case  
9 there is insurance on the property of other persons damaged, and such in-  
10 surance is paid, then the insurer shall be subrogated to the rights of the owner  
11 of the property damaged: *Provided,* that nothing herein contained shall effect  
12 the liability of any insurance company, corporation or association, under any  
13 policy of insurance on any property destroyed or damaged.

Sec. 2. This Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its pas-  
2 sage and approval.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Pace, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the Western Illinois State Normal School, at  
Macomb, Illinois.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
*represented in the General Assembly:* That the following sums be and are here-  
by appropriated to the Western Illinois State Normal School for the biennium  
beginning July 1, 1915.

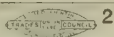
For repairs and equipment, per annum .....	\$ 3,000.00
For expense of trustees, per annum .....	250.00
For library, per annum.....	2,000.00
For care and improvement of grounds, per annum .....	2,000.00
For ordinary expenses, per annum.....	87,500.00
For extra work on grounds.....	5,000.00
For building for Training School and Manual Art .....	150,000.00
For barn, horses and farm equipment.....	2,000.00
For expense of board and room of girls in Woman's Building to cover amount turned over to State Treasury, per annum .....	18,000.00



15 For an amount to cover registration fees, tuition fees, library and lab-  
16 oratory fees and fines, etc., turned over to State Treasury, per  
17 annum ..... 7,500.00

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed  
2 to draw his warrants from time to time upon the State Treasurer for amounts  
3 expended on bills then due from the sums herein appropriated, payable sever-  
4 ally to the persons named, upon the presentation of itemized vouchers there-  
5 for, certified to by the president of the Western Illinois State Normal School  
6 herein named, and approved by the president or secretary of the Board of  
7 Trustees of said Western Illinois State Normal School.

Sec. 3. The Board of Trustees of the Western Illinois State Normal School  
2 is hereby authorized and directed to expend for the current expenses of the  
3 Western Illinois State Normal School all moneys received for term fees, tui-  
4 tions, registrations, sales of farm products, rents for room and board of girls at  
5 Monroe Hall, and of all similar receipts, and report quarterly to the Auditor of  
6 Public Accounts the amounts so received and expended, with itemized vouchers  
7 for all expenditures.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Perkins, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Banks, Banking  
and Building and Loan Associations.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, “An Act concerning corporations with bank-  
ing powers,” approved June 16, 1887, submitted to the vote of the people at the  
November election, 1888, and adopted, and subsequent Acts amendatory there-  
of, by adding thereto a new section to be known as section 11a.

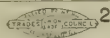
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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, “An Act concern-  
3 ing corporations with banking powers,” approved June 16, 1887, submitted to the  
4 vote of the people at the November election, 1888, and adopted and subsequent  
5 Acts amendatory thereof, by adding thereto a new section to be known as section  
6 11a, and said section shall read as follows:

7 Sec. 11a. *Banks and banking associations as defined in section one hereof*  
8 *may be organized in unincorporated villages or towns, and in such cases the*  
9 *minimum capital stock thereof shall be twenty-five thousand (\$25,000) dollars.*

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State for this State to sub-  
2 mit this Act to a vote of the people for their ratification according to Article

3 XI, section 5, of the Constitution of this State, at the next general election, and  
4 the question shall be "For the general banking law," or "Against the general  
5 banking law." And if approved by a majority of the votes cast at such election  
6 for or against such law, the Governor shall thereupon issue his proclamation that  
7 this Act is then in force.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Rentchler, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act for an appropriation to reimburse G. A. Schroeder for expense incurred at the request of the State through the Adjutant-General in the Spanish American war.

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WHEREAS, Godfrey A. Schroeder was a private in Company D, Fourth Regiment, Illinois National Guards, and was on the 27th of April A. D. 1898 stationed at Lexington, Kentucky, and

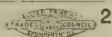
WHEREAS, the said Schroeder of that date received a telegram from Lieutenant E. P. Rogers, then commanding his Company, to report for duty at once at Springfield, Illinois and to pay his transportation and other traveling expenses, stating that he would be reimbursed for his outlay by the State of Illinois,

WHEREAS, the said Schroeder so responding to the order of his superior officer and paid his said transportation and other expenses but has not been reimbursed, therefore,



SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of thirty-seven dollars and  
3 fifty cents (\$37.50) is hereby appropriated for the purpose of reimbursing God-  
4 frey A. Schroeder for moneys expended by him by order of his superior officer  
5 in connection with the Spanish-American war.

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed  
2 to draw his warrant for thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents (\$37.50) upon the  
3 presentation of proper voucher approved by the Adjutant-General upon the  
4 State Treasurer and the State Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed to  
5 pay the same out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.



1 Introduced by Mr. Scholes, March 17, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act creating the office of State Fire Marshal, prescribing his duties and providing for his compensation and for the maintenance of his office," approved June 15, 1909, in force July 1, 1909, by amending sections two (2), three (3), six (6), eight (8), nine (9), eleven (11), twelve (12), fourteen (14), fifteen (15), and sixteen (16) thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly* That an Act entitled, "An Act creating  
3 the office of State Fire Marshal, prescribing his duties and providing for his  
4 compensation and for the maintenance of his office," approved June 15, 1909, in  
5 force July 1, 1909, be and the same is hereby amended by amending sections  
6 two (2), three (3), six (6), eight (8), nine (9), eleven (11), twelve (12), fourteen  
7 (14), fifteen (15), and sixteen (16) so as to read as follows:

Sec. 2. The State Fire Marshal is hereby empowered and required to ap-  
2 point *one assistant State Fire Marshal*, and two deputy fire marshals; *said dep-*  
3 *uty fire marshals* to be designated as first and second deputies. The duties  
4 of said *assistant and deputies* shall be to assist the State Fire Marshal. and such  
5 appointees may be removed for cause by the said State Fire Marshal.

Sec. 3. In the event of a vacancy in the office of *State Fire Marshal*, or during the absence or disability of that officer, the *Assistant State Fire Marshal* shall perform the duties of the office.

Sec. 6. The chief of the fire department of every city or village in which a fire department is established, and the mayor of every incorporated village or town in which no fire department exists, and the township clerk of every organized township *and the district road clerks in townships not under township organization*, without the limits of any organized village or city shall investigate the cause, origin and circumstances of every fire occurring in such city, village, town or township *or district* by which property has been destroyed or damaged, and shall especially make investigation as to whether such fire was the result of carelessness or design. Such investigation shall be begun within two days, not including Sunday, of the occurrence of such fire, and the *State Fire Marshal* shall have the right to supervise and direct such investigation whenever he deems it expedient or necessary. The officer making investigation of fires occurring in cities, villages, towns, townships *or districts* shall forthwith notify said *State Fire Marshal* and shall, within one week of the occurrence of the fire furnish to the said *State Fire Marshal* a written statement of all the facts relating to the cause and origin of the fire, and such other information as may be called for by the blanks provided by said *State Fire Marshal*. The *State Fire Marshal* shall keep in his office a record of all the fires occurring in the State, together with all facts, statistics and circumstances, including the origin of the fires, which may be determined by the investigations provided for by this Act; such record shall at all times be open to the public inspection, and such portions of it as the Insurance Superintendent may deem necessary shall be transcribed and forwarded to him within fifteen days from the first of January of each year.

Sec. 8. The *State Fire Marshal*, *Assistant State Fire Marshal* and deputy *State Fire Marshals*, shall each have power in any county in the State of Illinois to summon and compel the attendance of witnesses before them, or either of them, to testify in relation to any matter which is by the provisions of this Act

5 a subject of inquiry and investigation, and may require the production of any  
6 book, paper or document deemed pertinent thereto by them or either of them.  
7 Said State Fire Marshal, *Assistant State Fire Marshal*, and Deputy State Fire  
8 Marshals are each hereby authorized and empowered to administer oaths and af-  
9 firmations to any persons appearing as witnesses before them; and false swear-  
10 ing in any matter or proceeding aforesaid shall be deemed perjury and shall be  
11 punished as such. Any witness who refuses to be sworn or who refuses to tes-  
12 tify, or who disobeys any lawful order of said State Fire Marshal, *Assistant*  
13 *State Fire Marshal*, Deputy State Fire Marshals, or who fails or refuses to pro-  
14 duce any book, paper or document touching any matter under examination, or  
15 who is guilty of any contemptuous conduct after being summoned by them or  
16 either of them, to appear before them, or either of them, to give testimony in  
17 relation to any matter or subject under investigation as aforesaid, shall be  
18 deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and it shall be the duty of the State Fire  
19 Marshal, *Assistant State Fire Marshal* or Deputy State Fire Marshals, or  
20 either of them, to make complaint against said person or persons so refusing to  
21 comply with the summons or order of said State Fire Marshal, *Assistant State*  
22 *Fire Marshal* or Deputy State Fire Marshals, before any justice of the peace,  
23 police magistrate, or in any court of record in the county in which said investi-  
24 gation is being had, and upon the filing of such complaint, such cause shall pro-  
25 ceed in the same manner as other criminal cases, and upon conviction any such  
26 person guilty of a violation of the provisions of this Act shall be fined in a sum  
27 not exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100.00) and imprisoned until such fine be  
28 paid: *Provided, however*, that any person so convicted shall have the right of  
29 appeal. Said State Fire Marshal and his subordinates, or either of them, shall  
30 have the authority at all times of day or night, in the performance of the duties  
31 imposed by the provisions of this Act, to enter upon and examine any building  
32 or premises where any fire has occurred, and other buildings and premises ad-  
33 joining or near the same. All investigations held by or under the direction of  
34 said State Fire Marshal may, in his discretion, be private, and persons other  
35 than those required to be present by the provisions of this Act, may be excluded.



36 ed from the place where such investigation *be* held, and witnesses may be kept  
 37 separate and apart from each other and not allowed to communicate with each  
 38 other until they have been examined.

Sec. 9. The State Fire Marshal, his *assistant* and deputies, the chief of the  
 2 fire department of all villages and cities where a fire department is established,  
 3 and the mayor of cities or villages where no fire department exists, and the  
 4 *town or district* clerks of each township in the territory without the limits of  
 5 an organized city or village, upon complaint of any person having an interest  
 6 in any building or property adjacent, and without any complaint, shall have  
 7 a right at all reasonable hours, for the purpose of examination, to enter into  
 8 and upon all buildings and premises within their jurisdiction. Whenever any  
 9 said officers shall find any building or other structure which *shall have been*  
 10 *damaged by fire, decay or otherwise to the extent of fifty per cent of the value*  
 11 *thereof, or which, for want of proper repair, or by reason of age and dilapidated*  
 12 *condition, defective or poorly installed electrical wiring and equipment, defec-*  
 13 *tive chimneys, defective gas connections, defective heating apparatus, or for*  
 14 *any cause, is especially liable to fire, and which is so situated as to endanger*  
 15 *other buildings or property, or so occupied that fire would endanger persons*  
 16 *or property therein, such officer shall order and direct the owner or occupant*  
 17 *thereof, to repair, or tear down, demolish and remove such building or structure,*  
 18 *and to remedy all dangerous conditions existing on said premises, within a rea-*  
 19 *sonable time to be fixed in said order. If any such officer shall find in any build-*  
 20 *ing, or upon any premises, or other place, combustible or explosive matter, or*  
 21 *dangerous accumulation of rubbish, or unnecessary accumulation of waste*  
 22 *paper, boxes, shavings, or any other inflammable materia's especially liable to fire,*  
 23 *and which is so situated as to endanger property, or shall find obstructions to or*  
 24 *on fire escapes, stairs, passageways, doors or windows, liable to interfere with*  
 25 *the operations of the fire department or egress of occupants, in case of fire, such*  
 26 *officer shall order and direct the same to be removed or remedied, and such or-*  
 27 *der shall forthwith be complied with by the owner or occupant of such building*

28 *or premises: Provided, however,* that if the said occupant or owner shall  
29 deem himself aggrieved by *any* such order he may within ten days appeal to the  
30 State Fire Marshal and the cause of complaint shall be at once investigated by  
31 the direction of the latter, and unless by his authority the order is revoked, such  
32 order shall remain in force and be forthwith complied with by said owner or  
33 occupant. Any owner or occupant of buildings or premises failing to comply  
34 with the orders of the authorities above specified shall be punished by a fine of  
35 not less than ten dollars (\$10.00), nor more than fifty dollars (\$50.00) for each  
36 day's neglect; such penalty to be sued for in the name of the People of the  
37 State of Illinois, upon the complaint of the *State* Fire Marshal, Assistant *State*  
38 Fire Marshal, or the State's Attorney, or of any officer named herein, in the  
39 county in which such building or buildings shall be situated, before any justice  
40 of the peace or in any court of record, with right of appeal, and such penalty  
41 when recovered shall be paid into the county treasury of the county wherein  
42 such recovery *be* had: *Provided, however,* that in municipalities having build-  
43 ing inspection, and fire limits ordinances, nothing herein shall be construed to  
44 affect such local regulations, but the jurisdiction of the State Fire Marshal  
45 shall in such cases be concurrent with that of the municipal authorities.

Sec. 11. The State Fire Marshal shall receive an annual salary of *five* thou-  
2 sand dollars; the assistant *State* Fire Marshal, *twenty-five* hundred dollars; the  
3 first deputy fire marshal, *eighteen* hundred dollars; and the second deputy fire  
4 marshal, *fifteen* hundred dollars. Said *State* Fire Marshal shall employ addi-  
5 tional deputies, clerks and assistants and incur such other expense as may be  
6 necessary in the performance of the duties of the office, not to exceed, including  
7 salaries, such sum as may be paid to the Insurance Superintendent in the man-  
8 ner hereinafter provided.

Sec. 12. For the purpose of maintaining the office of the State Fire Mar-  
2 shal and paying the expenses incident thereto, every fire insurance company,  
3 whether upon the stock or mutual plan, and all individuals, firms, corporations,  
4 associations, or aggregations of underwriters, doing business in the State of Illi-

5 nois, shall pay to the Insurance Superintendent of the State of Illinois in the  
 6 month of February, annually, in addition to the taxes now required by law to be  
 7 paid by such companies, associations, partnerships, firms or individuals not  
 8 exceeding *three-eighths* of one per cent of the gross premium receipts of all such  
 9 companies, firms, individuals, associations, or partnerships on all business done  
 10 in the State of Illinois during the year preceding or such portion of the year  
 11 as this law may have been in effect as shown by their annual statement under  
 12 oath to the Insurance Department, in case such company, association, firm,  
 13 partnership or aggregation of underwriters is now required by law to make  
 14 such annual report or does make such report, but it is expressly provided that  
 15 from and after the taking effect of this law every such company, firm, partner-  
 16 ship, association, or body of individuals acting as underwriters or insuring  
 17 each other, no matter how or under what form the business of fire insurance is  
 18 done, shall annually report to the Insurance Superintendent the gross prem-  
 19 iums received for the year or portion of year preceding, and shall, during the  
 20 said month of February of each year, pay to the Insurance Superintendent,  
 21 such amount as may be assessed, not exceeding *three-eighths* of one per cent of  
 2 such gross premium receipts, as hereinbefore provided. The Superintendent of  
 23 Insurance shall cover the money so received into the State treasury as a special  
 24 fund for the maintenance of said office of *State Fire Marshal* and the expense  
 25 incident thereto. Any portion of said special fund remaining unexpended at the  
 26 end of any fiscal year not needed for the maintenance and expense of the *State*  
 27 *Fire Marshal Department* shall be carried forward to the next fiscal year and  
 28 the next assessment correspondingly reduced. The said *State Fire Marshal*  
 29 shall keep on file in his office an itemized statement of all expenses incurred by  
 30 his department and shall approve all vouchers issued therefor before the same  
 31 are submitted to the Auditor of *State* for payment, which said vouchers shall  
 32 be allowed and paid in the same manner as other claims against the State.

Sec. 14. The State Fire Marshal shall not engage in any other business,  
 2 and he *or his assistant*, or one of his deputies, shall at all times be at the office  
 3 of the *State Fire Marshal* ready for such duties as are required by this Act.

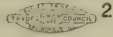


Sec. 15. The *State* Fire Marshal shall submit annually, as early as consistent with full and accurate preparation, and not later than the first day of February in each year, a detailed report of his official actions *to the Governor*.

Sec. 16. There shall be paid to the chiefs of fire departments and to mayors of incorporated villages, who do not receive compensation for their services as such chiefs and mayors, and to the township clerk of every organized township *and to the district road clerks in townships not under township organization who are* by this Act required to report fires to the State Fire Marshal, the sum of fifty cents for each fire so reported to the satisfaction of the State Fire Marshal, and in addition thereto mileage at the rate of fifteen cents per mile for each mile traveled to the place of fire. Said allowance shall be paid by said State Fire Marshal at the close of each fiscal year out of any funds appropriated for the use of the office of said State Fire Marshal.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Schuberth (by request), March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend section 2 of an Act entitled, "An Act concerning the levy and extension of taxes" approved May 9, 1901, in force July 1, 1901, as amended by an Act approved March 29, 1905, in force July 1, 1905, as amended by an Act approved June 14, 1909, in force July 1, 1909, *as amended by an Act approved May 20, 1913, in force July 1, 1913.*

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That section 2 of an Act entitled "An Act concerning the levy and extension of taxes," approved May 9, 1901, in force July 1, 1901, as amended by an Act approved March 29, 1905, in force July 1, 1905, as amended by an Act approved June 14, 1909, in force July 1, 1909, as amended by an Act approved May 20, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:*

8       Sec. 2. The county clerk in each county shall ascertain the rates per cent  
9 required to be extended upon the assessed valuation of the taxable property in  
10 the respective towns, townships, districts, incorporated cities and villages in his  
11 county, as equalized by the State Board of Equalization for the current year, to

produce the several amounts certified for extension by the taxing authorities in said county (as the same shall have been reduced as hereinbefore provided in all cases where the original amounts exceed the amount authorized by law): *Provided, however,* that if the aggregate of all the taxes (exclusive of State taxes, village taxes, levee taxes, *municipal tuberculosis sanitarium taxes*, school taxes for building purposes for the year *A. D. 1915*, and for educational purposes thereafter, high school taxes, district school taxes and all other school taxes in school districts having not more than 100,000 inhabitants, road and bridge taxes, taxes levied for the payment of the principal and interest on bonded indebtedness of cities, and exclusive of taxes levied pursuant to the mandate or judgment of any court of record on any bonded indebtedness), certified to be extended against any property in any part of any taxing district or municipality, shall exceed three per cent of the assessed valuation thereof upon which the taxes are required to be extended, the rate per cent of the tax levy of such taxing district or municipality shall be reduced as follows: The county clerk shall reduce the rate per cent of the tax levy of such taxing district or municipality in the same proportion in which it would be necessary to reduce the highest aggregate per cent of all the tax levies (exclusive of State taxes, village taxes, levee taxes, *municipal tuberculosis sanitarium taxes*, school taxes for building purposes for the year *A. D. 1915*, and for educational purposes thereafter, high school taxes, district school taxes and all other school taxes in school districts having not more than 100,000 inhabitants, road and bridge taxes, taxes levied for the payment of the principal of and the interest on bonded indebtedness of cities, and exclusive of taxes levied pursuant to the mandate or judgment of any court of record on any bonded indebtedness), certified for extension upon any of the taxable property in said taxing district or municipality, to bring the same down to three per cent of the assessed value of said taxable property upon which said taxes are required by law to be extended: *Provided further,* that in reducing the tax levies hereunder the rate per cent of the tax levy for county purposes in counties having a population of over 300,000 shall not be reduced below a rate of forty cents on each one hundred dollars assessed value, and in

43 counties having a population of less than 300,000 the rate of the tax levy for coun-  
44 ty purposes shall not be reduced below a rate of forty-five cents on each one  
45 hundred dollars assessed value, and the rate per cent of the tax levy for city or  
46 village purposes (exclusive of library, *tuberculosis sanitarium*, school and park  
47 purposes and exclusive of the taxes levied for the payment of the principal of  
48 and the interest on bonded indebtedness) in cities and villages having a popula-  
49 tion of over 150,000 shall not be reduced below a rate of one dollar and ten cents  
50 on each one hundred dollars assessed value, and the rate per cent of the school  
51 tax *for educational purposes for the year A. D. 1915, and for building purposes*  
52 *thereafter* shall not be reduced below a rate of one dollar and five cents on each  
53 one hundred dollars assessed value, and the rate per cent of the tax levy for city  
54 or village purposes (exclusive of library, school and park purposes, and exclu-  
55 sive of the taxes levied for the payment of the principle of and the interest on  
56 bonded indebtedness) in cities and villages having a population of less than 150-  
57 000 shall not be reduced below a rate of one dollar and twenty cents on each  
58 one hundred dollars assessed value, and the rate per cent of the school tax levy  
59 *for educational purposes for the year A. D. 1915, and for building purposes*  
60 *thereafter* shall not be reduced below a rate of one dollar and fifty cents on  
61 each one hundred dollars assessed value, but the other taxes which are subject  
62 to reduction under this section shall be subject only to such reduction, respect-  
63 ively as would be made therein under this section if this proviso were not inserted  
64 herein: *And, provided further*, in reducing tax levies hereunder all school  
65 taxes levied in cities exceeding 150,000 inhabitants, with the exception of the  
66 levy *for building purposes for the year A. D. 1915, and for educational purposes*  
67 *thereafter*, shall be included in the taxes to be reduced.

68 The rate per cent of the tax levy of every county, city, village, town, town-  
69 ship, park district, sanitary district, road district and other public authorities  
70 (except the State) shall be ascertained and determined (and reduced when ne-  
71 cessary as above provided), in the manner hereinbefore specified, and shall then  
72 be extended by the County Clerk upon the assessed value of the property sub-  
73 ject thereto ( being one-third of the full value thereof) as equalized according to



74 law. In reducing the rate per cent of any tax levy, as hereinbefore provided,  
75 the rates per cent of all tax levies certified to the County Clerk for extension as  
76 originally ascertained and determined under Section 1 of this Act, shall be used  
77 in ascertaining the aggregate of all taxes certified to be extended without re-  
78 gard to any reductions made therein under this section: *Provided*, that no re-  
79 duction of any tax levy made hereunder shall diminish any amount appropriat-  
80 ed by corporate or taxing authorities for the payment of the principal of or in-  
81 terest on bonded debt, or levied pursuant to the mandate or judgment of any  
82 court of record. And to that end every such taxing body shall certify to the  
83 county clerk, with its tax levy, the amount thereof required for any such pur-  
84 poses.

85 In case of a reduction hereunder any taxing body whose levy is affected  
86 thereby and whose appropriations are required by law to be itemized, may, after  
87 the same have been ascertained, distribute the amount of such reduction among  
88 the items of its appropriations, with the exceptions aforesaid, as it may elect.  
89 If no such election be made within three months after the extension of such tax,  
90 all such items, except as above specified, shall be deemed to be reduced pro rata.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Thomason, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to regulate the consignment and sale on commission of farm produce, and to license, regulate and bond commission merchants, and to prescribe powers and duties of the secretary of the State board of agriculture, and for certiorari to review, and providing penalties for violations, and to repeal an Act entitled, "An Act to regulate the shipping, consignment and sale of produce, fruits, vegetables, butter, eggs, poultry or other products or property, and to license and regulate commission merchants and to create a board of inspectors and to prescribe its powers and duties," approved and in force April 24, 1899.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the term commission merchant shall  
3 include every person, firm, exchange, association and corporation licensed  
4 under this article to receive, sell or offer for sale on commission within this  
5 State any kind of farm produce; except where such farm produce is sold for  
6 consumption and not for resale. This article shall not apply to the sale of farm  
7 produce at public auction by a duly licensed and bonded auctioneer, acting as the  
8 agent of another to whom such farm produce shall have been consigned; nor  
9 shall this article apply to seeds sold at retail.

10 (b) The term farm produce shall include all agricultural, horticultural,  
11 vegetable and fruit products of the soil, and live stock, meats, poultry, eggs,  
12 dairy products, nuts and honey, but shall not include timber products, floricultural products, tea or coffee.

14 (c) The word secretary when used herein shall have reference to the  
15 secretary of the State board of agriculture of Illinois.

Sec. 3. On and after August first, nineteen hundred and fifteen, no person, firm, exchange, association or corporation, shall receive, sell or offer for sale, or solicit consignments or shipping for sale on commission within this State any kind of farm produce, without a license as provided in this article. Every person, firm, exchange, association and corporation in this State receiving farm produce for sale on commission shall, annually, on or before June 1st, file an application with the secretary of State board of agriculture for a license to do a commission business in farm produce. Such applicant shall state the kind or kinds of farm produce which the applicant proposes to handle, the full name of the person, firm, exchange, association or corporation applying for such a license, and if the applicant be a firm, exchange, corporation or association, the full name of each member of the firm, or the names of the officers of the exchange, association or corporation, and the name of the local agent of the exchange or association, and the city, town or village and street number at which the business is to be conducted. Such applicant shall further satisfy the secretary of his or its character, responsibility and good faith in seeking to carry on a commission business. The secretary shall thereupon issue to such applicant, on payment of ten (10) dollars and the execution and delivery of a bond as hereinafter provided, a license entitling the applicant to conduct the business of receiving and selling farm produce on commission at the place named in the application until the first day of July next following. Separate licenses and bonds shall be required for each location at which business is to be conducted; and such license shall be kept posted in the office of such licensee.

Sec. 3. Before any such license shall be issued every applicant shall execute  
2 and deliver to the secretary of the State board of agriculture an indemnity bond  
3 for two thousand (2,000) dollars and with sureties satisfactory to the said  
4 secretary of State board of agriculture, all bonds to be a standard form as to  
5 terms and conditions, approved by the secretary aforesaid, and to secure an  
6 honest accounting and handling of produce received and for the payment to the  
7 consignor of all moneys or things of value received for goods con-  
8 signed to such licensee for sale and to secure consignor against all  
9 fraudulent acts of said licensee in the sale or the handling of the  
9½ goods of consignor. And the secretary may bring an action in any court  
10 of competent jurisdiction in the county in which is situated the place of busi-  
11 ness of the licensee to recover payment for goods sold on commission and not  
12 paid to consignor, or not honestly accounted for, and for damages sustained by  
13 consignors by reason of such fraudulent acts and wrongful handling and if such  
14 licensee has become liable to more than one consignor and the amount of the  
15 bond is insufficient to pay the entire liability the consignors shall be compen-  
16 sated in proportion to their several claims, the said sums when collected to be  
17 promptly paid over to the parties entitled thereto.

Sec. 4. The secretary or his assistants shall have power to investigate, upon  
2 the verified complaint of an interested person, also to make an investigation  
3 irrespective of whether or not a complaint is filed, the record of any person,  
4 firm, exchange, corporation or association applying for a license, or any trans-  
5 action involving the solicitation, receipt, sale or attempted sale of farm produce  
6 on a commission basis, the failure to make proper and true accounts and set-  
7 tlements at prompt and regular intervals, the making of false statements as to  
8 condition, quality or quantity of goods received or while in storage, the making  
9 of false statements as to market conditions, with intent to deceive, or the fail-  
10 ure to make payment for goods received or other alleged injurious transactions;  
11 and for such purpose may examine at the place of business of the licensee, that  
12 portion of the ledgers, books of account, memoranda or other documents, relat-



ing to the transactions involved, of any commission merchant, and may take testimony therein under oath.

When a consignor of farm produce fails to obtain, satisfactory settlement in any transaction, after having notified the consignee, a certified complaint may be filed at the expiration of ten (10) days after such notification with the secretary. The secretary shall attempt to secure an explanation or adjustment; failing this, within seven days he shall cause a copy thereof, together with a notice of a time and place for a hearing on such complaint, to be served personally or by mail upon such commission merchant. Such service shall be made at least seven days before the hearing, which shall be held in the city, village or township in which is situated the place of business of the licensee. At the time and place appointed for such hearing, the secretary or his assistants shall hear the parties to such complaint, shall have power to administer an oath, and shall enter in the office of the secretary at Springfield a decision either dismissing such complaint or specifying the facts which he deems established on such hearing, and in case such facts are established as cause him to revoke such license, he shall bring an action on the bond within sixty days of the filing of such decision.

Sec. 5. The secretary may decline to grant a license or may revoke a license already granted where he is satisfied of the existence of the following cases or any of them.

(a) Where false charges have been imposed for handling or services rendered.

(b) Where there has been a failure to account promptly and properly or to make settlements, with intent to defraud.

(c) Where there have been false statements as to condition, quality or quantity of good received or held for sale on commission when the same might be known on reasonable inspection.

(d) Where there has been false or misleading statement or statements as to market conditions with intent to deceive.

- 13 (e) Where there has been a combination or combinations to fix prices.
- 14 (f) Where the commission merchant directly or indirectly purchases the  
15 goods for his own account without prior authority therefor or without notify-  
16 ing the consignor thereof.
- 17 (g) Where the commission merchant is in bankruptcy or in insolvency, or  
18 where the secretary has reason to believe that bankruptcy or insolvency may  
19 shortly occur.
- 20 (h) Where there has been a continued course of dealing of such a nature  
21 as to satisfy the secretary of the inability to properly conduct the business of  
22 commission merchant, or of the intent to deceive or defraud the shippers.
- 23 (i) Where a licensee has been guilty of fraud or deception in obtaining his  
24 license.
- 25 (j) Where the licensee neglects to file a new bond when notified by the secre-  
26 tary that the bond already filed is unsatisfactory.

Sec. 6. The action of the secretary in refusing to grant a license, or in  
2 revoking a license granted under this article, shall be subject to review by a  
3 writ of certiorari, and if such proceedings are begun, until the final determina-  
4 tion of the proceedings and all appeals therefrom, the license of such commission  
5 merchant shall be deemed to be in full force and effect, provided the fees for  
6 such license shall have been paid and a bond given as herein required.

Sec. 7. Every commission merchant shall, upon the receipt of farm pro-  
2 duce and as he handles and disposes of the same, make a record thereof, speci-  
3 fying the name and address of the consignor, the date of receipt, the kind and the  
4 quantity of such produce, the condition of the goods upon receipt by licensee,  
5 the amount of goods sold, the date and time of day of sale, the price received,  
6 the name and address of the person to whom the goods are sold or his license  
7 number where the same can be secured with reasonable diligence, and the items  
8 of expense connected therewith; and this record, together with payment in set-  
9 tlement for such shipment, shall be mailed to the consignor within forty-eight  
10 hours unless otherwise agreed. The commission merchant shall retain the fore-

11 going record for a period of one year and the same shall be open to the in-  
12 spection of the secretary, and of the consignor or the agents of either of them.  
13 The burden of proof shall be upon the commission merchant to prove the cor-  
14 rectness of his accounting as to any transactions which may be questioned.

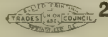
Sec. 8. Any person, firm, exchange, association, or corporation who shall  
2 receive or offer to receive, sell or offer to sell on commission within this State  
3 any kind of farm produce without a license except as in this chapter permitted  
4 and any person who being a commission merchant in farm produce shall (a)  
5 impose false charges for handling or services in connection with farm produce,  
6 or (b) fails to account for such farm produce promptly and properly and to  
7 make settlements thereof, with intent to defraud, or (c) shall make false or mis-  
8 leading statement or statements as to market conditions with intent to deceive,  
9 or (d) enter into any combination or combinations to fix prices, or (e) directly  
11 or indirectly purchases for his or its own account, goods received by him or it  
12 upon consignment without prior authority therefor from the consignor, or shall  
13 fail to promptly notify the consignor of such purchase on his or its own account,  
14 or (f) any person handling, shipping, or selling farm produce who shall make  
15 false statements as to grade, condition, markings, quality or quantity of goods  
16 shipped, or packed in any manner, with intent to deceive, or (g) shall fail to  
17 comply in every respect herewith, or (h) shall advertise or hold one's self out  
18 as a commission merchant in farm produce without a license, shall be guilty of  
19 a misdemeanor, and punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five (25.00) dol-  
20 lars nor more than five hundred (500.00) dollars.

Sec. 9. That an Act entitled, "An Act to regulate the shipping, consign-  
2 ment and sale of produce, fruits, vegetables, butter, eggs, poultry, or other pro-  
3 ducts or property, and to license and regulate commission merchants and to  
4 create a board of inspectors and to prescribe its powers and duties," approved  
5 and in force April 24, 1898.









- 1 Introduced by Mr. Thomason, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

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## A BILL

For an Act to provide for the payment of high school tuition and to provide free high school privileges for graduates of the eighth grade, and to repeal an Act entitled, "An Act to provide high school privileges for graduates of the eighth grade," approved June 26, 1913, in force July 1, 1913.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That graduates of the eighth grade re-  
3 siding in districts which do not provide four years of recognized high school  
4 work shall be admitted upon the payment of tuition to any recognized public  
5 high school for the completion of such portion of a four year course as is not  
6 provided by the home districts. The parent or guardian shall select the high  
7 school to be attended subject to the consent of the high school board and the  
8 approval of the county superintendent. The school selected may be any recog-  
9 nized two, three or four year public high school.

Sec. 2. An eighth grade graduate, in the meaning of this Act, is any per-  
2 son of school age who gives satisfactory evidence of having completed the first  
3 eight grades of school work by presenting a certificate of promotion issued by

4 the home school board or by passing an examination set by the county superin-  
5 tendent or by a recognized high school.

Sec. 3. A recognized high school, in the meaning of this Act, is any public  
2 high school providing a course of two or more years of work approved by the  
3 superintendent of public instruction.

Sec. 4. On or before the 15th day of March of each year the clerks of  
2 school boards in the districts where tuition pupils reside, and the clerks of  
3 boards of the high schools attended by pupils not residents of such high school  
4 districts, shall report to the county superintendent of the county where such  
5 pupils reside the names of such pupils and the tuition charges for same, and  
6 the school districts in which they reside and the name of the high school at-  
7 tended, and such other facts as he may require.

Sec. 5. On or before the first day of April of each year the county super-  
2 intendent of schools of each county, having ascertained the number of pupils  
3 from his county attending high schools under the provisions of this Act and  
4 the amount of tuition due each high school attended, shall pay all such tuition  
5 to the clerks of the boards in control of such high schools out of the State school  
6 fund apportioned to that county before distributing the same as now provided by  
7 law, and shall report all of his transactions relating thereto to the township treas-  
8 urers of his county and to the superintendent of public instruction on or before  
9 the 15th day of April of that year.

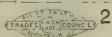
Sec. 6. The county superintendent of any county may limit the maximum  
2 amount of tuition per pupil in his county to forty dollars, but in such case shall  
3 notify all of the high schools in the county of his action before the opening of  
4 the school year: *Provided*, that the tuition in no instance shall be greater than  
5 the per capita cost of maintaining the high school selected, and that when a pupil  
6 attends less than the school year the tuition shall be estimated upon the num-  
7 ber of months attended.

Sec. 7. All pupils attending high schools under the provisions of this Act,  
2 shall attend a high school in the county where such pupil resides, except for  
3 sufficient reasons appearing to the county superintendent of schools of the  
4 county where such pupil resides he may issue a written permit for such pupil  
5 to attend a high school in another county.

Sec. 8. An Act entitled, "An Act to provide high school privileges for  
2 graduates of the eighth grade," approved June 26, 1913, in force July 1, 1913,  
3 and all other Acts or parts of Acts in conflict with the provisions of this Act are  
4 hereby repealed.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Thon, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act regulating lobbying and requiring the registration of legislative counsel and agents.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That any person desiring to appear before  
3 any committee of the General Assembly to influence legislation either for or  
4 against the passage, repeal or modification of any bill or resolution pending in  
5 said General Assembly, shall first register his or her name with the Secretary  
6 of State, stating in brief the subject matter that such person seeks to favor or  
7 oppose and whether such person appears for himself or herself and if such per-  
8 son represents any firm, corporation or association, either as counsel or  
9 agent, he or she shall so state, giving the name of such firm, corporation or  
10 association and the purpose for which such person appears, either for him-  
11 self or herself, or as counsel or agent as aforesaid.

Sec. 2. When the purpose of such appearance shall appear to the Secre-  
2 tary of State to be lawful, he shall then issue to such person having so regis-

3 tered, a card containing the name of such person and the purposes in brief of  
4 the appearance of the person so appearing.

Sec. 3. Whoever violates any of the provisions of this Act shall be guilty  
2 of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than ten  
3 dollars (\$10.00) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) and no one having  
4 failed to procure a card of registration from the Secretary of State, shall be  
5 admitted to any committee room or to the floor of either house of the General  
6 Assembly.

7 *Provided*, that this Act shall not apply to officers and employees of the  
8 State who may appear before committees and before members of the General  
9 Assembly in the performance of their official duties, nor shall this Act apply  
10 to duly accredited counsel or agents of counties, cities, towns, villages, public  
11 boards and public institutions, nor to such persons who appear by authority of,  
12 or after being summoned or called before the General Assembly, or either  
13 house, or by committees created by the General Assembly.

- 1 Introduced by Mr. Tompkins, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation of the sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00) for the payment of damages for injuries suffered by and as compensation for injury to Lewis E. Taylor, and providing for the payment of said amount out of the State treasury.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of five thousand dollars  
3 (\$5,000.00) be, and the same is hereby appropriated and directed to be paid from  
4 any fund not otherwise appropriated in the State Treasury of the State of Illi-  
5 nois, for the payment of damages for injuries suffered by Lewis E. Taylor, and  
6 as compensation for said injuries received at the Illinois State Penitentiary at  
7 Joliet, in the State of Illinois, on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1910.  
8 The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to draw  
9 his warrant on the State Treasurer in favor of the said Lewis E. Taylor for the  
10 sum hereby appropriated, and the State Treasurer shall pay the same out of  
11 any money in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated.







1 Adopted May 31, 1915.

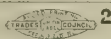
## AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill 359, as printed, in the House, in the title thereof, after  
2 the words "sum of" by striking out the words and figures "five thousand dol-  
3 lars (\$5,000.00)" and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures "two thou  
4 sand dollars (\$2,000.00)".

## AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill 359, as printed, in the House, section 1, lines 2 and 3, by  
2 striking out the words and figures "five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00)" and in-  
3 serting in lieu thereof the words and figures "two thousand dollars (\$2,000.00)".





1 Introduced by Mr. Vickers, March 17, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to roads and bridges," approved June 27, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, by adding thereto a new section to be known as section 107a.

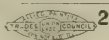
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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to revise  
3 the law in relation to roads and bridges," approved June 27, 1913, in force July  
4 1, 1913, be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to  
5 be known as section 107a, which said section 107a shall read as follows:

6       Sec. 107a. *It shall be the duty of the owner, his agent, tenant, or the per-*  
7 *son in control of the land adjacent to a public highway, to clear said highway*  
8 *to center line thereof of all brush, under-growth, and weeds, and to keep the*  
9 *same free and clear of all brush, undergrowth, and weeds and for failure to com-*  
10 *ply with the provisions of this section within fifteen (15) days after notice by*  
11 *the superintendent of highways a fine not to exceed fifty (50) dollars may be*  
12 *imposed upon the owner of such adjacent land.*







1 Introduced by Mr. Vickers, March 17, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Fish and Game.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act for the conservation of game, wild fowl, birds and fish in the State of Illinois; for the appointment of a commission and staff for the enforcement thereof, and to repeal a certain Act relating thereto, approved June 23, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, by adding thereto a new section to be known as section 4a.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That an Act entitled, "An Act for the conservation of game, wild fowl, birds and fish in the State of Illinois; for the appointment of a commission and staff for the enforcement thereof, and to repeal a certain Act relating thereto, approved June 23, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to be known as section 4a, which said section shall read as follows:*

Sec. 4a. *It shall be unlawful for any person within this State to hunt rabbits, jack-rabbits or hares with ferrets, or to use ferrets for the purpose of running down, overtaking, capturing or killing rabbits, jack-rabbits or hares. Any person guilty of a violation of this section shall be fined for each such offense not less than ten (10) nor more than fifty (50) dollars.*



- 1 Introduced by Mr. G. H. Wilson, March 17, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Temperance.

## A BILL

For an Act to provide for the creation by popular vote of anti-saloon residence district within which the sale of intoxicating liquor and the licensing of such sale shall be prohibited and for the abolition by like means of such district so created.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the words and phrases mentioned  
3 in this section, as used in this Act and in proceedings pursuant hereto, shall,  
4 unless the same be inconsistent with the context, be construed as follows:

5 "Anti-saloon residence district" shall mean all the territory within the  
6 boundaries of any district in which, through the action of the legal voters there-  
7 in, as provided by this Act, the sale of intoxicating liquor, except as herein pro-  
8 vided, is prohibited.

9 "Block" shall mean the area of land enclosed wholly by streets.

10 "Clerk" shall mean the city, village or town clerk, as the case may be, and  
11 it shall mean the board of election commissioners of any municipality in this  
12 State in which there now is or may hereafter be a board of election commis-  
13 sioners.



14       “Election” shall mean an election at a time fixed by law for choosing city,  
15 village or town officers, as the case may be; in no case shall it mean a special  
16 election to fill a vacancy.

17       “Foot frontage” shall mean the distance in feet along the line of any and all  
18 streets upon which the premises abut or adjoin.

19       “Intoxicating liquor” shall include all distilled, spirituous, vinous, fer-  
20 mented and malt liquors.

21       “Legal voter” shall mean a person having resided in this State one (1)  
22 year, in the county ninety (90) days and in the election precinct thirty (30)  
23 days, who is a male or female citizen of the United States, above the age of  
24 twenty-one (21) years and who has not been convicted of any crime, the punish-  
25 ment of which was confinement in the penitentiary, or of selling or offering to  
26 sell his or her vote. In any municipality in which there is a board of election  
27 commissioners “legal voter” shall mean a duly registered male or female legal  
28 voter.

29       “Municipality” shall mean an incorporated city, village or town.

30       “Premises” shall mean the area of land under distinct ownership.

31       “Registered voter” shall mean a male or female legal voter of the district  
32 or anti-saloon residence district whose name appears on the poll list of the last  
33 preceding election or on the current register of electors.

34       “Saloon” shall mean a place for which a dramshop or whole-  
35 sale license has been issued according to law for the sale of intoxi-  
36 cating liquor.

37       “Vacant premises” shall mean premises which are not occupied by a per-  
38 manent building.

39       All the territory within any municipality in this State, for the purposes of  
40 this Act, shall be classified as follows:

41       (1) Premises, the building or buildings of which have more than one-fourth  
42 of the floor space thereof occupied for or devoted to mercantile, manufacturing,  
43 commercial, transportation, hotel, professional, public amusement or other busi-  
44 ness purposes, shall be counted business territory.

45 (2) Premises, the building or buildings of which have more than three-  
46 fourths of the floor space thereof occupied for or devoted to dwelling, lodging  
47 house, educational, library, religious, church, hospital or charitable purposes,  
48 and all parks and cemeteries, shall be counted residence territory.

49 (3) Vacant premises and all the space in any building or premises occu-  
50 pied for or devoted to baseball or governmental purposes and all railroad rights  
51 of way shall not be counted as either business or residence territory.

52 (4) If more than one-half of the occupied premises of an entire block,  
53 counting foot frontage, be residence territory, such block shall be counted resi-  
54 dence territory.

55 (5) Every block which does not contain a greater area than twenty-five  
56 thousand square feet and is wholly surrounded by residence territory shall be  
57 counted residence territory.

58 (6) When an alley, corporate boundary, railroad right of way, water  
59 course, or any other than a street line forms the boundary of the residence ter-  
60 ritory or district, and more than one-half of the occupied premises abutting or  
61 adjoining such boundary line between consecutive streets, or between such  
62 boundary line and the next street, as the case may be, counting foot frontage, be  
63 residence territory, then all of such territory shall be counted residence ter-  
64 ritory.

Sec. 2. Any contiguous residence territory, situated within a municipality  
2 and containing not fewer than two hundred registered voters nor more than ten  
3 thousand registered voters, and bounded by street, alley, corporate boundary,  
4 railroad right of way, water course, or other well defined lines or boundaries,  
5 may become an anti-saloon residence district in the manner provided in this Act:  
6 *Provided*, such residence territory shall not contain territory which abuts upon  
7 a street for a continuous distance of five hundred feet or over (excluding streets  
8 and alleys) when two-thirds of the total foot frontage thereof, and two-thirds  
9 of the total foot frontage of the territory abutting on the opposite side of such  
10 street and immediately opposite to such territory, is business territory.

Sec. 3. Upon the filing in the office of the clerk, at least twenty-nine (29) days before an election, of a petition, as in this Act provided, directed to such clerk and containing the signatures of registered voters in number not less than one-fourth of the registered voters residing within such residence territory, to submit to the voters thereof the proposition—"Shall this territory become 'The ..... (name) Anti-Saloon Residence District of ..... (name of municipality)'" said proposition shall be submitted at such election, as in this Act provided, to the legal voters of such territory, and if a majority of the legal voters voting upon said proposition shall vote "Yes" such territory shall become an anti-saloon residence district, having such boundaries and name as are designated in such petition.

Sec. 4. A petition for the creation of an anti-saloon residence district shall be substantially in the following form:

To the ..... (city, village or town, as the case may be), clerk of the ..... (city, village or town) of ..... (name of municipality) in the State of Illinois:

The undersigned, residents and registered voters of a certain residence territory situated in said ..... (city, village or town) and bounded as follows: Beginning at ..... (here describe the boundary lines by street, alley, corporate boundary, railroad right of way, water course or other well defined lines or boundaries, as the case may require), to the place of beginning, respectfully petition, that you cause to be submitted to the legal voters thereof at the next election, in the manner provided by law, the proposition—"Shall this territory become 'The ..... (name) Anti-Saloon Residence District of ..... (name of municipality)'"

Signature	House Number	Street	Date of Signing



Such petition shall consist of sheets of uniform size, having such form printed or written at the top thereof, and the heading of each sheet shall be the same, and shall be signed by the registered voters in their own proper persons only, and opposite the signature of each registered voter shall be written his residence address, stating the name of the street on which he resides, his house number, if the same shall have been numbered, if not, then otherwise distinctly designating his place of residence, and the date of signing the same: *Provided*, that when a signer resides in a building having more than one house and lot number it shall be sufficient to state the number of the entrance thereof. No signature shall be valid or be counted in considering such petition unless these requirements are complied with and unless the date of signing is less than sixty days preceding the date of filing the petition. At the bottom of each sheet of such petition shall be added a statement signed by a resident of a municipality in which the signers thereof reside with his or her residence address as aforesaid, stating that the signatures on that sheet of said petition are genuine, and that to the best of his or her knowledge and belief the persons so signing were at the time of signing said petition registered voters of the territory described in the heading of that sheet of said petition; that their respective residences are correctly stated therein and that each signer signed the same on the date set opposite his or her name. Such statement shall be sworn to before some officer residing in the municipality where such registered voters reside authorized to administer oaths therein. No sheet shall be valid unless these requirements are complied with. Such sheets, before filing, shall be consecutively numbered and together with a map or drawing showing the boundaries of such district, be fastened together at the top in one document and filed as a whole. And upon such petition shall be written the name of the chairman of the committee managing the interests of those filing such petition, with his residence address as aforesaid. No signature shall be revoked except by a revocation filed with the clerk with whom the petition is required to be filed and before the filing of such petition. Upon the request of the chairman of the committee managing the



45 interests of those circulating such petition the clerk shall immediately and from  
 46 time to time notify him in writing of all revocations of signatures that have  
 47 been filed with him. After the petition is filed no signature shall be with-  
 48 drawn or added, nor shall the petition be withdrawn or in any manner altered.  
 49 Such petition so verified or a copy thereof duly certified, as hereinafter pro-  
 50 vided, shall be *prima facie* evidence that the signatures, statement of residences  
 51 and dates upon such petition are genuine and true and that the persons so  
 52 signing were at the time of signing registered voters of the district named and  
 53 that the district described in such petition is residence territory. Such petition  
 54 and all revocations when filed shall be public documents and shall be subject to  
 55 the inspection of the public and shall not be removed from the clerk's office except  
 56 as hereinafter provided. Upon the request of any resident of the district and  
 57 the payment or tender to the clerk of one dollar for each one hundred names,  
 58 or fraction thereof, signed thereto, the clerk shall immediately furnish to such  
 59 person a certified true copy of such petition stating thereon the day and hour  
 60 when such original petition was filed in his office. Whoever in making the sworn  
 61 statement above prescribed shall knowingly, wilfully, and corruptly swear  
 62 falsely shall be deemed guilty of perjury and on conviction thereof shall be  
 63 punished accordingly. Whoever forges the signature of any person upon any  
 64 petition, revocation or statement provided for in this Act shall be deemed guilty  
 65 of forgery and on conviction thereof shall be punished accordingly.

Sec. 5. The clerk with whom any such petition shall be filed shall forth-  
 2 with cause a notice substantially in the following form to be posted at the door  
 3 of his office and in at least five of the most public places within the residence  
 4 territory designated in such petition:

NOTICE OF THE FILING OF AN ANTI-SALOON RESIDENCE DISTRICT PETITION.

5 Notice is hereby given that a petition was, on the.....day of .....  
 6 19..., filed in my office, to create the following residence territory, to-wit:  
 7 Beginning at ..... (here copy the description of the boundaries of

8 such district as set forth in the petition) to the place of beginning, an Anti-  
 9 Saloon Residence District, to be styled: "The ..... (name desig-  
 10 nated in the petition) Anti-Saloon Residence District of ..... (name  
 11 of municipality)."

.....  
 (City, Village or Town) Clerk.

12 Such petition so filed and being in apparent conformity with the provisions  
 13 of this Act, shall be deemed to be valid and sufficient unless five (5) registered  
 14 voters of such district shall file verified objections thereto with the clerk within  
 15 seven (7) days after the filing thereof, distinctly setting forth wherein such  
 16 petition is invalid or such district is not residence territory together with a true  
 17 copy of such objections and a bond signed by two good and sufficient sureties,  
 18 residents and freeholders of such district, to be approved by the clerk, in the  
 19 penal sum of \$500, conditioned that they will pay all costs which may accrue on  
 20 account of such objections. If such objections and bond are so filed, then at the  
 21 expiration of said seven (7) days the clerk shall file such petition and all  
 22 papers pertaining thereto in the office of the clerk of the county court of the  
 23 county having the greatest area of such district within its boundaries, and the  
 24 clerk of such court shall immediately present the same to the judge of such  
 25 court, who shall forthwith set a time for the hearing of such objections, which  
 26 shall not be less than thirteen (13) days, nor more than fifteen (15) days after  
 27 such petition shall have been filed with the clerk to whom it is addressed.  
 28 Thereupon a summons shall forthwith issue from such court addressed to the  
 29 chairman of the committee managing the interests of those who filed such petition  
 30 notifying him of the filing of such objections and directing him to appear in  
 31 behalf of such petition at the time set for such hearing. At the time such  
 32 summons is served the sheriff shall deliver the copy of such objections to such  
 33 chairman. The county court of such county shall have jurisdiction to hear and  
 34 determine, in a summary manner, the validity of such petition and shall be  
 35 always open for the transaction of such business: *Provided*, that if the voters

36 filing such objections or the committee managing the interests of those filing  
 37 such petition shall fear that they will not receive a fair and impartial trial  
 38 because of the prejudice of the judge of such court, for or against such petition,  
 39 and shall file a verified statement of such fact three days before the time set  
 40 for the hearing, the judge shall call in some other judge to whom neither party  
 41 has any valid objection, who shall hear said cause. Within seven (7) days after  
 42 the date set for such hearing, and at least seven (7) days before the election,  
 43 judgment shall be entered of record, which shall decree such petition to be valid  
 44 or invalid according to the right and justice in the premises, and such judg-  
 45 ment shall become immediately effective. (If the court shall find such petition  
 46 to be valid, then the clerk of such court shall forthwith prepare a true certified  
 47 copy of such judgment and attach the same to such petition and deliver such  
 48 petition and judgment to the sheriff, who shall file the same in the office of the  
 49 clerk to whom such petition is addressed within one day after receiving the same.)  
 50 Appeals may be taken to the supreme court in the manner and upon the condi-  
 51 tions provided by law for taking appeals in cases in chancery from the circuit  
 52 courts: *Provided*, that in case of an appeal the judgment of the county court  
 53 shall be and remain in full force and effect until reversed by the Supreme Court.

Sec. 6. If no objections to such petition are filed with the clerk within  
 2 seven (7) days after the filing of the same, or if objections are filed and the  
 3 court shall decree such petition valid, the clerk shall, at least five (5) days  
 4 before the election cause a notice in substantially the following form to be  
 5 posted at the door of his office and in at least five (5) of the most public places  
 6 within such district in the manner provided by law for giving notices of an  
 7 election:

#### NOTICE OF AN ANTI-SALOON RESIDENCE DISTRICT ELECTION.

8 Notice is hereby given that the proposition—"Shall this territory become 'The  
 9 ..... (name designated in such petition) Anti-Saloon Residence  
 10 District of ..... (name of municipality)'" will be submitted to the



11 voters of the following territory, to-wit: beginning at ..... (here copy  
 12 the description of the boundaries of the district as set forth in such petition)  
 13 to the place of beginning, in the..... (city, village or town) of .....  
 14 (name of municipality) and the State of Illinois, at an election to be held on  
 15 the ..... day of April, 19....

.....  
 (City, Village or Town) Clerk.

16 *Provided*, that the failure of such clerk to cause such notice to be given  
 17 of the filing of such petition or of the submission of such proposition as above  
 18 provided, shall not affect the validity or binding force of the vote upon said  
 19 proposition where the result is not affected thereby. Such clerk shall cause said  
 20 proposition to be plainly printed upon a separate ballot and submitted to the  
 21 legal voters residing within such district and within such district only in the  
 22 manner provided by law, as follows:

"Shall this territory become 'The ..... (name designated in such petition) Anti-Saloon Residence district of ..... (name of municipality)'"	Yes	
	No	

23 Such clerk shall prepare a separate tally sheet and a separate blank state-  
 24 ment for returns of votes cast upon said proposition and shall deliver two  
 25 copies of each to the judges of election at each polling place where said propo-  
 26 sition is to be submitted, together with the envelopes hereinafter mentioned.  
 27 Upon each tally sheet shall be plainly written or printed an appropriate cap-  
 28 tion and the proposition—"Shall this territory become 'The ..... (name  
 29 designated on the ballot) Anti-Saloon Residence district of... ..... (name  
 30 of municipality)'"—"Yes," and opposite shall be ample lined space within  
 31 which to tally at least 450 votes and to set forth in figures and in words at full  
 32 length the total number of votes "Yes" cast upon said proposition; and in  
 33 another separate and distinct space the said proposition (at full length) "No,"



34 with like lined tallying and totaling space; and also in like manner said propo-  
35 sition followed by the words "Defective" and "Objected to," and space in which  
36 to tally and total all such ballots. At the foot of such tally sheet shall be added  
37 a certificate stating that such tallies and totals are correct in all respects and  
38 with space for the signatures of the judges and clerks of election. Such blank  
39 statement for returns may be substantially in the following form:

THE ..... (name) ANTI-SALOON RESIDENCE DISTRICT ELECTION RETURNS.

40 At an election held in the ....precinct of the .....ward of.....(city,  
41 village or town) in the State of Illinois, on Tuesday, the ..... day of  
42 April, A. D. 19..., there was cast .....(set forth in figures  
43 and in words at full length) votes "Yes" and .....(set forth in  
44 figures and in words at full length) votes "No" upon the proposition—"Shall  
45 this territory become 'The .....(name designated on the ballot) Anti-Saloon  
46 Residence district of .....(name of municipality)'?"

47 We, the undersigned, do jointly and severally certify that the foregoing  
48 statement of returns is true and correct in all respects.

.....  
.....  
.....

Judges of Election.

Attested:

.....  
.....  
.....

Clerks of Election.

49 At each polling place where said proposition is submitted to the voters it  
50 shall be the duty of the judges of election to admit to the room at such polling  
51 place four legal voters of such district to act as special challengers of voters, two  
52 of whom shall be selected by the committee managing the interests of those in  
53 favor of said proposition, and two selected by the committee managing the in-  
54 terests of those opposed to said proposition. An authority signed by the chair-

55 man of the respective committees shall be sufficient evidence of the right of the  
56 respective challengers to be present; and such challengers shall have the right  
57 and privilege of remaining and watching the canvass of the ballots cast upon said  
58 proposition and until the returns are duly signed and sealed, and they shall be en-  
59 titled to a position where they can plainly see and read each ballot, and it shall  
60 be the duty of the judges and other officers of the law to protect them in such posi-  
61 tion, and see that they are not excluded, provided such challengers shall be of  
62 good character and sober and shall not touch the ballots or in anywise interfere  
63 with such canvass. Before any voter at any such polling place is given a bal-  
64 lot he shall give his name and residence address stating the street and house num-  
65 ber if there be such, if not then otherwise distinctly designating his place of resi-  
66 dence, and whether or not he resides within such district. If he does and a ma-  
67 jority of the judges are satisfied he is entitled to vote upon said proposition  
68 he shall be given such ballot. If the right of any person to vote upon said  
69 proposition be challenged or if a majority of the judges are not satisfied he is  
70 entitled to vote upon said proposition, he shall not receive such ballot until  
71 he shall make and subscribe an affidavit in which he shall state his residence  
72 address (stating the street and house number if there be such, if not, then  
73 otherwise distinctly designating his place of residence) that his said residence  
74 is within such district; how long he has resided at such address; how long in  
75 the precinct, county and state; that he is a citizen of the United States and  
76 is a duly qualified voter of such district and entitled to vote upon said propo-  
77 sition and in addition to his said affidavit, such person shall produce and deliver  
78 to the judges an affidavit of a registered legal voter, who is a householder in  
79 such district stating his own residence address; that he personally knows such  
80 person; and that such person does reside at the place stated in his affidavit  
81 and has resided there and in such precinct, county and State for the length of  
82 time stated by such person. Said affidavits shall be subscribed and sworn to  
83 before one of said judges and not otherwise. The canvass of the vote upon said  
84 proposition shall be made in the following manner: Before the name of any  
85 candidate on any ballot shall be canvassed one of the judges, the other two

86 observing, shall separate all such ballots cast in such precinct into three piles  
 87 or files, putting together in the first pile the ballots having a cross, thus X, in  
 88 the square opposite the word "Yes," and putting together in the second pile all  
 89 the ballots having a cross, thus X, in the square opposite the word "No," and  
 90 putting together in the third pile all "defective," and all other ballots of  
 91 every description. Each of the judges shall then examine the separate piles and  
 92 place in the proper pile any ballot found in the wrong pile. One of the judges  
 93 shall then examine and count the first pile of ballots in batches of ten, and  
 94 when one batch is counted shall pass the same to the next judge, who shall ex-  
 95 amine and count the same and pass it to the third judge, who shall also examine  
 96 and count them, and when the three shall have finished the count of the ten bal-  
 97 lots the last judge shall announce in a loud voice, "Ten votes 'Yes' upon the pro-  
 98 position—"Shall this territory become 'The.....(name designated on  
 99 the ballot) Anti-Saloon Residence District of .....(name of  
 100 municipality)'" Then the tally clerks shall tally ten votes "Yes" accordingly  
 101 on each tally sheet and announce the tally. Thereupon, such batch of ten ballots  
 102 shall be strung upon a single piece of flexible wire in the manner provided by  
 103 law, and so the whole pile shall be examined, counted, tallied and strung.  
 104 Before counting the second pile the tally clerks shall compare their tallies and  
 105 when they agree announce the result or number of votes entered and credited  
 106 "Yes," and then the second pile shall be examined, counted, tallied and strung  
 107 in the same manner and the number of votes "No" upon said proposition an-  
 108 nounced. Likewise the third pile shall be examined, counted, tallied and an-  
 109 nounced, but such ballots shall be marked and strung upon a separate wire in  
 110 the manner provided by law. Thereupon, it shall be the duty of each of said  
 111 judges in turn to announce in a loud voice the result of the election in that  
 112 precinct upon said proposition. Immediately after making such proclamation  
 113 the judges shall enclose all such ballots so strung and sealed in a separate and  
 114 secure canvass covering and securely tie and seal such canvass covering in  
 115 the manner provided by law and so mark and endorse the same as to clearly  
 116 disclose its contents. If no tally sheets for said proposition shall be furnished,



117 the election clerks shall use any piece of paper and write out the form given above  
118 and tally the vote thereon, as aforesaid; and in case no such blank statements  
119 for returns be furnished, then it shall be the duty of said judges and clerks to  
120 write out a return in duplicate in accordance with the form given above. After  
121 announcing the result as aforesaid, such judges shall make, fill up, and sign  
122 duplicate returns of the vote cast upon said proposition, each of which shall  
123 be attested by the election clerks, and shall be enclosed and sealed in separate  
124 envelopes, and such envelopes endorsed in the manner provided by law. One  
125 of such envelopes shall be addressed to the clerk, and one to the comptroller of  
126 such municipality or to the officer of such municipality whose duties corre-  
127 spond with those of comptroller. On the outside of each envelope shall be  
128 endorsed, “..... (name) Anti-Saloon Residence District election re-  
129 turns from ..... precinct of.....” In like manner the tally sheets shall be  
130 signed by said judges and clerks and shall be enclosed and sealed in separate  
131 envelopes and such envelopes sealed and endorsed in the manner provided  
132 by law, one of which shall be addressed to the clerk, and one to  
132½ the comptroller of such municipality or to the officer of such municipality  
133 whose duties correspond with those of comptroller. On the outside of each of  
134 such envelopes shall be endorsed “..... (name) Anti-Saloon Residence  
135 District election tally sheets from ..... precinct of .....” There-  
136 upon, the judge who takes charge of the poll books shall take charge of the en-  
137 velope containing all the ballots cast upon said proposition and return the  
138 same to the clerk in the manner provided by law, and the two judges who do  
139 not take charge of the poll books shall each take one of said envelopes contain-  
140 ing said returns, and each of said election clerks shall take one of said envelopes  
141 containing said tally sheets and shall deliver the same to the officer to whom ad-  
142 dressed before twelve o’clock noon of the day next after such election, and when  
143 delivered he shall receive a receipt therefor from the officer to whom delivered  
144 and it shall be the duty of such officer to give such receipt and to safely keep  
145 such envelopes unopened until called for by the canvassing board hereinafter  
146 provided. The clerk shall carefully preserve such ballots for six (6) months in  
147 the manner provided by law, and if any contest be pending at the expira-



tion of said time the said ballots shall not be destroyed until such contest is fully determined. It shall be the legal duty of the judges and clerks of election to make a true count and correct return of all votes cast upon said proposition, and any wilful failure or neglect of any judge or clerk to do so shall constitute a felony, and, on conviction, such judge or clerk shall be sent to the penitentiary for not less than three years nor more than five years.

Sec. 7. Within six days after such election the clerk shall call to his assistance the chairman of the committee managing the interests of those in favor of said proposition if there be such who will serve, if not such clerk shall call an elector who voted in favor of said proposition, and the chairman of the committee managing the interests of those opposed to said proposition, if there be such who will serve, if not such clerk shall call an elector who voted against said proposition, who shall constitute the canvassing board, to canvass the returns of the vote cast upon said proposition within such district. Such canvass shall be conducted in public in the office of the clerk. The clerk shall be the presiding officer of such canvassing board and a majority of such canvassing board shall have the right to declare the result. It shall be the duty of such board of canvassers to open and canvass all returns left respectively with the clerk and the comptroller, and make abstracts or statements of all votes "Yes" cast upon said proposition on one sheet and all votes "No" cast upon said proposition on another sheet and add up and declare the result of such election. If upon opening the various returns so made by the board of canvassers as aforesaid, there shall be anything to indicate that a change has been made in such returns since signing the same by the judges or clerks, or of any fraud in any respect touching such returns, it shall then be the duty of said canvassing board to have all the tallies opened and examined. If there shall be any doubt as to the genuineness of such returns for any precinct, and as to the actual vote as originally returned, and the truth respecting the same remains uncertain, it shall be the duty of such canvassers to examine any person or persons who were present at the time of the proclamation so made by the judges of election in such

precinct, about which any doubt arises, and the board shall be permitted to place such parties or witnesses on oath, and examine them touching the same, and it shall be their duty to call such parties who were present at the time of such proclamation to come before them, and a subpoena may be issued by the county court, under the direction of said board, compelling any such witnesses to come before said board and give their evidence touching the matter in controversy; and thereupon it shall be the duty of said board to declare the result of the vote in any such precinct, in regard to which any question arises, as it was proclaimed by the judges of election after the canvass by them in such precinct, which result when so declared, shall be binding and conclusive. The result when so declared shall be recorded by the clerk in a well bound book to be kept in his office by himself and his successors, together with the heading or preamble of such petition and the map or drawing filed therewith. And the boundaries of such district and the result of the vote therein may be proved in all courts and in all proceedings by such record or by the official certificate thereof of the clerk; and in cases where such record or certificate shows that a majority of the voters voting upon said proposition voted "Yes" the same shall be *prima facie* evidence that the district to which such vote was applicable has become an Anti-Saloon Residence District.

Sec. 8. It shall not be lawful to sell intoxicating liquor in any quantity

whatever, nor to grant or issue, or cause to be granted or issued, any license to sell intoxicating liquor in any quantity whatever within the boundaries of any Anti-Saloon Residence District in this State, and if any such license be granted or issued in violation hereof, the same shall be void and shall be revoked by the public officer, board or other authority by which the same was granted. And all ordinances providing for the restriction, regulation or prohibition of the sale of intoxicating liquor or for the issuing of dramshop or wholesale licenses within any portion or the whole of such district so far as inconsistent with its status as an Anti-Saloon Residence District shall be suspended: *Provided*,

11 that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to prevent the enforce-  
12 ment of ordinances consistent with such status.

Sec. 9. Whoever shall, by himself or another, either as principal, clerk or  
2 servant, within the boundaries of any Anti-Saloon Residence District in this  
3 State, directly or indirectly, sell, keep for sale, barter or exchange, or take an  
4 order, or make an agreement, for the sale or delivery of any intoxicating liquor  
5 in any quantity whatever, shall, for each offense, be fined not less than twenty  
6 dollars (\$20) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100) and imprisoned in the  
7 county jail for not less than ten (10) days, nor more than thirty (30) days.  
8 If any person shall be convicted of violating any provision of this section and  
9 shall subsequently violate any provision of this section, he shall, for each of-  
10 fense, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor  
11 more than two hundred dollars (\$200) and imprisoned in the county jail for  
12 not less than twenty (20) days nor more than fifty (50) days. And in like man-  
13 ner, if he shall subsequently violate any provision of this section, for such third  
14 and each subsequent violation, he shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not  
15 less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than two hundred dollars (\$200)  
16 and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor more  
17 than ninety (90) days: *Provided*, the giving away or delivery of any intoxi-  
18 cating liquor for the purpose of evading any provision of this Act, or other shift  
19 or device to evade any provision of this Act, shall be held to be an unlawful  
20 selling.

Sec. 10. All places where intoxicating liquor is dealt in in violation of any  
2 provision of this Act shall be taken and held and are declared to be common  
3 nuisances and may be abated as such, and whoever shall keep any such place,  
4 by himself or his agent or servant, shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not  
5 less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100) and  
6 confined in the county jail not less than thirty (30) days nor more than ninety  
7 (90) days, and it shall be a part of the judgment upon conviction of the keeper  
8 that the place so kept shall be shut up and abated by the sheriff until the keeper



9 shall give bond, with sufficient surety to be approved by the court, in the penal  
10 sum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), payable to the People of the State of Illi-  
11 nois, conditioned that he will not violate any provision of this Act, and in case  
12 of a violation of the condition of such bond, suit may be brought and recovery  
13 had thereon for the amount of such bond for the use of the county within which  
14 such place shall have been kept.

Sec. 11. All the territory within the boundaries of any district which has  
2 become an Anti-Saloon Residence District shall continue to be an Anti-Saloon  
3 Residence District throughout its entire extent until the legal voters of the  
4 entire identical territory, and such voters only, shall have voted, according to  
5 the provisions of this Act to discontinue such Anti-Saloon Residence District  
6 and the following section shall be construed in harmony herewith.

Sec. 12. Upon the filing in the office of the clerk at least twenty-nine (29)  
2 days before an election, of a petition directed to such clerk, containing the signa-  
3 tures of registered voters in number not less than one-fourth of the registered  
4 voters of any Anti-Saloon Residence District to submit to the voters thereof the  
5 proposition—"Shall this district continue to be 'The.....(name) Anti-  
6 Saloon Residence District of.....(name of municipality)'" (provided  
7 such petition corresponds in all other respects with the petition in this Act  
8 before described). Such proposition shall be submitted at such election to the  
9 legal voters of such Anti-Saloon Residence District, and the provisions of Sec-  
10 tions one (1), four (4), five (5), six (6), and seven (7) of this Act shall apply  
11 in all respects, so far as applicable to the petition therefor, to the notice of  
12 the filing thereof, to the objections thereto, to the hearing thereon, to the notice  
13 of the submission of such proposition, to the submission of such proposition  
14 to such voters, to the recording of the vote thereon, and to the proof and evi-  
15 dence of the petition and vote. If a majority of the legal voters voting upon  
16 said proposition shall vote "No" such district shall cease to be an Anti-Saloon  
17 Residence District, and all ordinances providing for the restriction, regulation



18 or prohibition of the sale of intoxicating liquor or for the issuing of dramshop  
 19 licenses, the operation of which was in anywise suspended within such district  
 20 by virtue of the vote therein to become an Anti-Saloon Residence District, and  
 21 with all additions and amendments which in the meantime may have been made  
 22 thereto, shall if not in the meantime repealed, become and be in force within  
 23 said district to the same extent, only, however, as the same would then be in  
 24 force had such district never become an Anti-Saloon Residence District.

Sec. 13. A vote under the provisions of this Act in and for any residence  
 2 territory upon the proposition—"Shall this territory become 'The.....Anti-  
 3 Saloon Residence District of.....'?" or in and for any Anti-Saloon  
 4 Residence District upon the proposition—"Shall this district continue to be 'The  
 5 .....Anti-Saloon Residence District of.....'?" shall become opera-  
 6 tive on the thirtieth day after the day of election at which such vote is cast, and  
 7 such vote shall be a bar to the submission to the voters thereof of either of such  
 8 propositions, as applied to that identical territory or district only, until after  
 9 the lapse of three years and six months: *Provided*, nothing in this Act contained  
 10 shall be construed to prevent the creation of an Anti-Saloon Residence District  
 11 which includes within its boundaries a portion or portions of any other Anti-  
 12 Saloon Residence District.

Sec. 14. Any clerk, sheriff, judge of election, clerk of election, police officer,  
 2 public officer, member of a board or other officer of the law, who shall refuse, ne-  
 3 glect or fail to discharge any duty imposed by this Act, or whoever, not being  
 4 qualified so to do, shall sign a petition, or vote, or attempt to vote upon either of  
 5 the propositions provided for in this Act, or whoever shall file with the clerk any  
 6 such petition or any sheet or other part thereof knowing that it contains the sig-  
 7 natures of any persons not qualified to sign the same; or whoever shall request,  
 8 demand, receive, promise, offer or give, any reward for signing, or for refrain-  
 9 ing from signing, or for revoking any signature upon any such petition, or for  
 10 voting for or against either of the propositions mentioned in this Act; or who-

11 ever shall by treating or giving intoxicating liquor, or by publishing, posting or  
12 circulating the name of any signer of any such petition, or by threats to injure  
13 another in person or property, or by betting or any other device, either di-  
14 rectly or indirectly influence or attempt to influence any one to sign or refrain  
15 from signing, or to revoke any signature upon any such petition, or to vote for  
16 or against either of the propositions mentioned in this Act, shall, upon convic-  
17 tion thereof, be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than  
18 five hundred dollars (\$500), and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than  
19 thirty (30) days nor more than ninety (90) days. If any person shall be con-  
20 victed of violating any provision of this section and shall subsequently violate  
21 any provision of this section, for such second and each subsequent violation he  
22 shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than five hundred dollars (\$500)  
23 nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and imprisoned in the penitentiary  
24 for not less than one year nor more than five years.

Sec. 15. All offenses defined or mentioned in this Act may be prosecuted in  
2 any court of record having criminal jurisdiction, or the fines prescribed in this  
3 Act may be sued for and recovered before any justice of the peace of the proper  
4 county, in the name of the People of the State of Illinois; and in case of convic-  
5 tion the court or justice of the peace shall commit the offender to the county jail  
6 until the judgment and costs are fully paid.

Sec. 16. In all prosecutions under this Act, by indictment or otherwise, it  
2 shall not be necessary to state the kind of liquor sold; nor to describe the place  
3 where sold; nor to state the name of any person to whom liquor is sold; nor to  
4 set forth the facts showing that the required number of registered voters peti-  
5 tioned for the submission to the voters of said proposition, nor that a majority  
6 of the legal voters voting upon said proposition voted "Yes," nor to set out the  
7 boundary lines of the Anti-Saloon Residence District, but it shall be sufficient  
8 to state in that regard that the act complained of took place in a designated  
9 Anti-Saloon Residence District; and if any person shall be convicted of violating  
10 any section of this Act and shall subsequently violate such section, it shall not

11 be necessary to set out such former conviction at length, but it shall be sufficient  
12 in that regard to state the time when and the name of the court where such  
13 former conviction was had. No person shall be excused from testifying touch-  
14 ing any offense committed by another against any of the provisions of this Act  
15 by reason of his testimony tending to criminate himself, but the testimony  
16 given by such person shall in no case be used against him; nor shall it be  
17 necessary to show the knowledge of the principal to convict for the acts of an  
18 agent or servant. The issuance of an internal revenue special tax stamp or  
19 receipt of the United States to any person as a wholesale or retail dealer in  
20 liquors or in malt liquors at any place within an Anti-Saloon Residence District  
21 shall be *prima facie* evidence of the sale of intoxicating liquor by such person  
22 at such place or at any place of business of such person within any Anti-Saloon  
23 Residence District where such stamp or receipt is posted, and at the time  
24 charged in any suit or prosecution under this Act: *Provided*, such time is with-  
25 in the life of such stamp or receipt. A certified copy of the internal revenue  
26 record of the issuance of such stamp or receipt under the hand and official seal of  
27 the collector of internal revenue, or his deputy, shall be competent evidence to  
28 prove such issuance. All courts in this State shall take judicial notice of the ex-  
29 istence of all Anti-Saloon Residence Districts created under the provisions of this  
30 Act and of the abolition of such districts.

Sec. 17. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to forbid or prevent the  
2 sale within an Anti-Saloon Residence District by druggists to whom permits  
3 therefor have been duly granted in the manner provided by law, of liquor for  
4 medicinal, mechanical, sacramental or chemical purposes only, not to be drunk  
5 upon the premises under any circumstances, so long as such druggists in good  
6 faith shall keep a true and exact record in a book, which he shall provide for the  
7 purpose, in which shall be entered at the time of every sale of intoxicating  
8 liquor made by him or in or about his place of business to all persons whom-  
9 soever, the date of such sale, the name and signature of the purchaser, and his  
10 residence (stating the street and the house number if there be such, if not then



11 otherwise distinctly designating his place of residence), the quantity and kind  
12 of such liquor and the purpose for which the same is sold, and so long as such  
13 druggist shall keep such book open to the full and free inspection of the public  
14 during business hours. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to forbid or pre-  
15 vent the sale of intoxicating liquor for the period of thirty days next after the  
16 vote shall have been taken in a district whereby it was created an Anti-Saloon  
17 Residence District, according to the terms of a dramshop or other municipal  
18 license theretofore regularly issued in good faith according to law. Any por-  
19 tion of a dramshop or other municipal license fee which shall have been paid  
20 and which shall represent the unexpired period for which said dramshop or  
21 other municipal license was issued after the district in which such dramshop is  
22 located shall have become an Anti-Saloon Residence District, may be refunded  
23 by the municipality receiving the same. Nothing in this Act shall be construed  
24 to forbid or prevent the sale at wholesale by a manufacturer who manufactures  
25 from the raw materials of the product of his own manufactory located within  
26 an Anti-Saloon Residence District for delivery outside the boundaries of any  
27 Anti-Saloon Residence District. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to for-  
28 bid or prevent the delivery within an Anti-Saloon Residence District of intoxi-  
29 cating liquor sold outside of such district, in quantities of one gallon or more  
30 to any resident of such district for his own personal use or the use of his  
31 family.

Sec. 18. Any five legal voters of any residence territory or any Anti-  
2 Saloon Residence District within which an election shall have been held, as pro-  
3 vided for in this Act, may, within fifteen days after the canvass of the returns of  
4 such election and upon filing a bond for costs, contest such election by filing a  
5 verified petition in the county court of the proper county distinctly setting forth  
6 the grounds for the contest. The clerk of the municipality within which such  
7 district is situated shall be made defendant. The county court of the county  
8 having the greatest area of such territory or district within its boundaries shall  
9 have jurisdiction to hear and determine the merits of such case and shall al-



10 ways be open for the transaction of such business and its judgment shall have  
11 the same effect as to the result of such election as if it had been so declared by  
12 the canvassers. The procedure in such cases shall be the same as that provided  
13 by law for the contesting of an election upon a subject which shall have been  
14 submitted to a vote of the people so far as applicable, and such cases shall have  
15 preference in the order of hearing to all other cases. Upon the filing of such  
16 petition a summons shall forthwith issue from such court addressed to such  
17 clerk notifying him of the filing of such petition and directing him to appear in  
18 defense of the validity of such election at the time named in the summons, which  
19 time shall not be less than five days nor more than ten days after the filing of  
20 such petition: *Provided*, any legal voter of such territory or district may ap-  
21 pear in person or by attorney in any such contested election case in defense of  
22 such election. If either party to such contest, or such voter so appearing shall  
23 fear that they or he will not receive a fair and impartial trial because of the  
24 prejudice of the judge of such court for or against the validity of such election,  
25 and shall file a verified statement of such fact three days before the time set  
26 for the hearing, the judge shall call in some other judge to whom neither party  
27 or such voter has any valid objection who shall hear said cause. Appeals may be  
28 taken to the Supreme Court in the manner and upon the conditions provided by  
29 law for taking appeals in cases in chancery from the circuit courts: *Provided*,  
30 that in case of an appeal the judgment of the county court shall be and remain in  
31 full force and effect until reversed by the Supreme Court.







1 Introduced by Committee on Temperance, March 18, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and to a second reading without reference.

## A BILL

For an Act to provide for the creation of anti-saloon territory by popular vote of  
**an entire county within which territory** the sale of intoxicating liquor and the  
licensing of such sale shall be prohibited and for the abolition by like means of  
territory so created.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the words and phrases mentioned  
3 in this section, as used in this Act and in proceedings pursuant hereto, shall,  
4 unless the same be inconsistent with the context, be construed as follows:

5 “Anti-saloon territory” shall mean all the territory within the limits of any  
6 county or district in this State in which, through the action of the legal voters  
7 therein, as provided by this Act, the sale of intoxicating liquor, except as herein  
8 provided, is prohibited.

9 “Clerk” shall mean the county clerk.

10 “District” shall mean all the territory within the limits of any county at the  
11 time when such county became anti-saloon territory, the limits of such county  
12 having been changed while it was anti-saloon territory.



13       “Election” shall mean an election at a time fixed by law for choosing coun-  
14 ty officers. In no case shall it mean a special election to fill a vacancy.

15       “Intoxicating liquor” shall include all distilled, spirituous, vinous, fer-  
16 mented and malt liquors.

17       “Registered voter” shall mean a legal voter of the county or district whose  
18 name appears on the poll list of the last preceding election or on the current  
19 register of electors.

20       “Said proposition” shall mean the proposition—“Shall this county become  
21 anti-saloon territory?”

22       “Such proposition” shall mean the proposition—“Shall this.....(county  
23 or district) continue to be anti-saloon territory?”

Sec. 2. Upon the filing in the office of the clerk at least sixty days before  
2 an election of a petition as in this Act provided, directed to such clerk, contain-  
3 ing the signatures of registered voters of any county in number not less than  
4 twenty per centum of the total vote cast in such county at the last election therein,  
5 to submit to the legal voters of such county the proposition—“Shall this county  
6 become anti-saloon territory?” said proposition shall be submitted at such elec-  
7 tion, as in this Act provided, to the legal voters of such county, and if a major-  
8 ity of the legal voters voting upon said proposition shall vote “Yes” such coun-  
9 ty shall become anti-saloon territory.

Sec. 3. A petition for the submission of said proposition shall be in sub-  
2 stantially the following form:

3       To the county clerk of the county of ..... (insert the name of  
4 the county), in the State of Illinois:

5       The undersigned, residents and registered voters of said county of.....  
6 (insert the name of the county), respectfully petition that you cause to be sub-  
7 mitted to the legal voters thereof at the next election in the manner provided  
8 by law, the proposition—“Shall this county become anti-saloon territory?”

Signature	House Number	Street or Election Precinct or District	City, Village, Town or Precinct	Date of Signing

9        Such petition shall consist of sheets of uniform size having such form  
10 printed or written at the top thereof, and shall be signed by the registered  
11 voters in their own proper persons only, and opposite the signature of each reg-  
12 istered voter shall be written his residence address. That is to say, where the  
13 signer resides:

14        (a) Within the corporate limits of a village or town having five hundred  
15 population or less, as determined by the last then preceding federal municipal  
16 or school census, shall be written the name of such village or town;

17        (b) Within the corporate limits of a city, village or town, having a pop-  
18 ulation of more than five hundred inhabitants, determined as aforesaid, and in  
19 which the houses and lots are not numbered by ordinance, shall be written the  
20 name of the street on which he resides and the name of such city, village or  
21 town.

22        (c) Within the corporate limits of a city, village or town in which the  
23 houses and lots are numbered by ordinance shall be written the name of the  
24 street on which he resides and the number of the house and lot on which he re-  
25 sides: *Provided*, that when a signer resides in a building having more than one  
26 house and lot number it shall be sufficient to state the number of the entrance  
27 thereof;

28        (d) Outside the corporate limits of any city, village or town shall be  
29 written the name of the election precinct or district and the name of the town,  
30 if the county is under township organization, or the name of the precinct in  
31 counties not under township organization, within which he resides; and oppo-  
32 site each signature shall be written the date of signing the same. No signature

33 shall be valid or be counted in considering such petition unless these require-  
34 ments are complied with and unless the date of signing is less than six months  
35 preceding the date of filing the petition. At the bottom of each sheet of such  
36 petition shall be added a statement signed by a resident of the county in which  
37 the signers thereof reside, with his residence address as aforesaid, stating that  
38 the signatures on that sheet of said petition are genuine, and that to the best of  
39 his knowledge and belief the persons so signing were at the time of signing said  
40 petition registered voters of such county, that their respective residences are  
41 correctly stated therein, and that each signer signed the same on the date set  
42 opposite his name. Such statement shall be sworn to before some officer residing  
43 in the county where such registered voters reside, authorized to administer  
44 oaths therein. No sheet shall be valid unless these requirements are complied  
45 with. Such sheets before filing shall be fastened together at the top in one  
46 document and shall be consecutively numbered and filed as a whole. And upon  
47 such petition shall be written the name of the chairman of the committee man-  
48 aging the interests of those filing such petition, with his residence address as  
49 aforesaid. No signature shall be revoked except by a revocation filed with the  
50 clerk with whom the petition is required to be filed and before the filing of such  
51 petition. Upon the request of such chairman the clerk shall immediately and  
52 from time to time notify him in writing of all revocations of signatures that  
53 have been filed with him. After the petition is filed no signature shall be with-  
54 drawn or added, nor shall the petition be withdrawn or in any manner altered.  
55 Such petition so verified, or a copy thereof duly certified as hereinafter pro-  
56 vided, shall be *prima facie* evidence that the signatures, statements of residence  
57 and dates upon such petition are genuine and true and that the persons so sign-  
58 ing were at the time of signing registered voters of the county named. Such pe-  
59 tition and all revocations when filed shall be public documents and shall be sub-  
60 ject to the inspection of the public and shall not be removed from the clerk's  
61 office except as hereinafter provided. Upon the request of any resident of the  
62 county and the payment or tender to the clerk of one dollar for each one hundred  
63 signatures or fraction thereof on such petition the clerk shall immediately fur-



64 nish to such person a certified true copy of such petition, stating thereon the day  
65 and hour when such original petition was filed in his office. Whoever in mak-  
66 ing the sworn statement above prescribed shall knowingly, wilfully and cor-  
67 ruptly swear falsely shall be deemed guilty of perjury and on conviction thereof  
68 shall be punished accordingly. Whoever forges the signature of any person  
69 upon any petition, revocation or statement provided for in this Act shall be  
70 deemed guilty of forgery and upon conviction thereof shall be punished ac-  
71 cordingly.

Sec. 4. The clerk with whom any such petition shall be filed shall forth-  
2 with cause a notice thereof to be posted at the door of the court house of such  
3 county, and shall forthwith cause a notice to be published in some newspaper of  
4 general circulation published in such county, which notice shall be substantially  
5 in the following form:

6 NOTICE OF THE FILING OF A COUNTY LOCAL OPTION PETITION.  
7 Notice is hereby given that a petition was, on the.....day  
8 of ....., 19...., filed in my office praying that the proposition—  
9 “Shall this county become anti-saloon territory?” be submitted to the legal  
10 voters of the county of....., in the State of Illinois, at the next reg-  
11 ular election held therein.

12 (SEAL) .....  
13 County Clerk.

14 Such petition so filed and being in apparent conformity with the provis-  
15 ions of this Act shall be deemed to be valid and sufficient unless five registered  
16 voters of such county shall file verified objections thereto with the clerk within  
17 fifteen days after the filing thereof, setting forth wherein such petition is invalid  
18 and insufficient, together with a bond signed by two good and sufficient sure-  
19 ties, residents and freeholders of such county, to be approved by the clerk, in the  
20 penal sum of \$500, conditioned that they will pay all costs which may accrue on  
21 account of such objections. If such objections and bond are so filed then at the  
22 expiration of said fifteen days the clerk shall present the objections to the judge  
23 of the county court who shall forthwith set a time for the hearing of such ob-



24 jections, which shall not be less than twenty days nor more than twenty-five days  
 25 after such petition shall have been filed with the clerk. Thereupon a summons  
 26 shall forthwith issue from such court addressed to the chairman of the commit-  
 27 tee managing the interests of those who filed such petition notifying him of the  
 28 filing of such objections and directing him to appear on behalf of such petition  
 29 at the time set for the hearing. The county court of such county shall have jur-  
 30 isdiction to hear and determine in a **summary manner the validity of such peti-**  
 31 **tion** and shall be always open for the transaction of such business: *Provided,*  
 32 that if the voters filing such objections or the committee managing the inter-  
 33 ests of those filing such petition shall fear that they will not receive a fair and  
 34 impartial trial because of the prejudice of the judge of such court for or against  
 35 such petition and shall file a verified statement of such fact three days before  
 36 the time set for the hearing the judge shall call in some other judge to whom  
 37 neither party has any valid objection, who shall hear said cause. Within ten  
 38 days after the date set for such hearing and at least twenty-five days before  
 39 the election, judgment shall be entered of record, which shall decree such peti-  
 40 tion to be valid or invalid, according to the right and justice in the premises,  
 41 and such judgment shall become immediately effective and no appeal or writ  
 42 shall stay or prevent the immediate operation of such judgment: *Provided,* ap-  
 43 peals may be taken to the Supreme Court in the manner and upon the conditions  
 44 provided by law for taking appeals in cases in chancery from the circuit  
 45 courts.

Sec. 5. If no objections to such petition are filed with the clerk within fif-  
 2 teen days after the filing of the petition, or if objections are filed and the court  
 3 shall decree such petition to be valid, he shall forthwith cause notice of the sub-  
 4 mission of said proposition at the next election to be given by posting a notice  
 5 thereof at the door of the court house of such county and publishing the same  
 6 at least once a week for two successive weeks in some newspaper of general cir-  
 7 culation published in such county, which notice shall be substantially in the fol-  
 8 lowing form:

NOTICE OF A COUNTY LOCAL OPTION ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that the proposition—"Shall this county become anti-saloon territory?" will be submitted to the voters of the county of..... (name), in the State of Illinois, at an election to be held on Tuesday, the..... day of November, A. D. 19....

(SEAL) .....  
County Clerk.

*Provided*, that in case any board of election commissioners shall have charge of the conduct of elections in any part of such county, such clerk shall forthwith certify said proposition to such board, whereupon such board shall, within the territory under its jurisdiction, discharge all the duties imposed by this Act upon such clerk, and immediately after such election such board shall deliver to such clerk unopened all the returns and tally sheets in their possession relating to said proposition. Publication of the submission of said proposition to the voters of such county shall likewise be made in the manner provided by law for the publication of the list of nominations to be voted for at an election: *Provided*, that the failure of such clerk to cause such notice to be given or the failure to make publication of the submission of said proposition as above provided shall not affect the validity or binding force of the vote upon said proposition where the result is not affected thereby.

Sec. 6. The clerk with whom any valid petition shall be filed, as provided by this Act, shall cause said proposition to be plainly printed upon all the ballots to be used at the next election of officers in the county named in such petition and below the list of candidates named therein as follows:

"Shall this county become anti-saloon territory?"	Yes.	
	No.	

*Provided*, that wherever any other method of taking and recording votes at elections than by means of printed ballots is provided by law the procedure for taking and recording the votes upon said proposition may conform to the

8 method so provided. Such clerk shall also prepare a separate tally sheet to  
 9 be used at each polling place in such county upon which shall be plainly written  
 10 or printed appropriate headings and the proposition—"Shall this county become  
 11 anti-saloon territory?"—"Yes," and opposite which shall be ample space with-  
 12 in which to tally at least 450 votes; and in another separate and distinct space  
 13 the proposition—"Shall this county become anti-saloon territory?"—"No,"  
 14 and opposite which shall be ample space within which to tally at least 450 votes;  
 15 and also space in which to set forth in figures and in words at full length the  
 16 total number of votes "Yes" and the total number of votes "No" cast upon said  
 17 proposition, and also space for the signatures of the judges and clerks of elec-  
 18 tion. He shall also prepare a blank statement for returns of votes cast upon  
 19 said proposition and deliver two copies of such tally sheet and three copies of  
 20 such statement to the judges of election of each polling place in such county, to-  
 21 gether with the envelopes hereinafter mentioned. Such blank statement for re-  
 22 turns may be substantially in the following form:

23 COUNTY LOCAL OPTION ELECTION RETURNS.

24 At an election held in the..... (precinct or district) of the  
 25 ..... (precinct, town, village or ward) of.....(city),  
 26 in the county of..... (name), and State of Illinois, on Tuesday,  
 27 the.....day of November, A. D. 19....., there was cast.....  
 28 (set forth in figures and in words at full length) votes "Yes" and.....  
 29 (set forth in figures and in words at full length) votes "No" upon the propo-  
 30 sition—"Shall this county become anti-saloon territory?"

31 Certified by us:

31½ Attested: .....  
 32 .....  
 33 .....

34 Clerks of Election.

Judges of Election.

35 At each polling place where said proposition is submitted to the voters it  
 36 shall be the duty of the judges of election to admit to the room at such polling  
 37 place four legal voters of the county to act as special challengers of voters, two



38 of whom shall be selected by the committee managing the interests of those in  
39 favor of said proposition, and two selected by the committee managing the in-  
40 terests of those opposed to said proposition. An authority signed by the chair-  
41 man of the respective committees shall be sufficient evidence of the right of the  
42 respective challengers to be present; and such challengers shall have the right  
43 and privilege of remaining and watching the canvass of the ballots cast upon  
44 said proposition and until the returns are duly signed and made, and they shall  
45 be entitled to a position where they can plainly see and read each ballot, and it  
46 shall be the duty of the judges and other officers of the law to protect them in  
47 such position, and see that they are not excluded, provided such challengers  
48 shall be of good character and sober and shall not touch the ballots or in any-  
49 wise interfere with such canvass. The canvass of the vote upon said proposi-  
50 tion shall be made in the following manner: Before the name of any candidate  
51 on any ballot shall be canvassed one of the judges, the other two observing, shall  
52 separate all the ballots cast in such precinct into three piles or files, putting to-  
53 gether in the first pile the ballots having a cross, thus X, in the square opposite  
54 the word "Yes", and putting together in the second pile all the ballots having  
55 a cross, thus X, in the square opposite the word "No," and putting together in  
56 the third pile all other ballots of every description. Each of the judges shall  
57 then examine the separate piles and place in the proper pile any ballot found in  
58 the wrong pile. One of the judges shall then examine and count the first pile of  
59 ballots in batches of ten, and when one batch is counted shall pass the same to  
60 the next judge, who shall examine and count the same and pass it to the third  
61 judge, who shall also examine and count them, and when the three shall have  
62 finished the count of the ten ballots the last judge shall announce in a loud  
63 voice—"Ten votes 'Yes' upon the proposition—"Shall this county become  
64 anti-saloon territory?" " Then the tally clerks shall tally ten votes "Yes", ac-  
65 cordingly on each tally sheet and announce the tally, and so the whole pile shall  
66 be examined, counted and tallied. Before counting the second pile the tally clerks  
67 shall compare their tallies and when they agree announce the result or number  
68 of votes entered and credited "Yes", and then the second pile shall be exam-



69 ined, counted and tallied in the same manner and the number of votes "No"  
 70 upon the proposition—"Shall this county become anti-saloon territory?" an-  
 71 nounced. Thereupon it shall be the duty of each of said judges in turn to an-  
 72 nounce in a loud voice the result of the election in that precinct upon said propo-  
 73 sition. No count shall be kept of the third pile of ballots as to said proposi-  
 74 tion. If no tally sheets for said proposition shall be furnished, the election  
 75 clerks shall use any piece of paper and write out the form given above, and  
 76 tally the vote thereon, as aforesaid; and in case no such blank statements for  
 77 returns be furnished then it shall be the duty of said judges and clerks to write  
 78 out a return in triplicate in accordance with the form given above. After an-  
 79 nouncing the result as aforesaid, such judges shall make, fill up, and sign tri-  
 80 plicate returns of the vote cast upon said proposition, each of which shall be at-  
 81 tested by the election clerks, and shall be enclosed and sealed in separate en-  
 82 velopes, and such envelopes endorsed in the manner provided by law. One of  
 83 such envelopes shall be addressed to the clerk, and one to the clerk of the circuit  
 84 court of such county, and one to the county treasurer of such county. On the  
 85 outside of each envelope shall be endorsed "County Local Option election re-  
 86 turns from.....precinct of .....". In like manner the  
 87 tally sheets shall be signed by said judges and clerks and shall be enclosed and  
 88 sealed in separate envelopes and such envelope endorsed in the manner pro-  
 89 vided by law, one of which shall be addressed to the clerk, and one to the clerk  
 90 of the circuit court of such county. On the outside of each envelope shall be en-  
 91 dored "County Local Option election tally sheets from.....precinct of  
 92 .....". Thereupon, each of said judges of election shall take one of  
 93 said envelopes containing said returns, and each of said election clerks shall  
 94 take one of said envelopes containing said tally sheets and shall deliver the same  
 95 to the officer to whom addressed before twelve o'clock noon of the day next  
 96 after such election, and when delivered he shall receive a receipt therefor from  
 97 the officer to whom delivered, and it shall be the duty of such officer to give such  
 98 receipt and to safely keep such envelope unopened until called for by the can-  
 99 vassing board hereinafter provided. It shall be the legal duty of the clerks and

100 judges of election to make a true count and correct return of all votes upon  
101 said proposition, and any wilful failure or neglect of any judge or clerk to do  
102 so shall constitute a felony, and, on conviction, such judge or clerk shall be  
103 sent to the penitentiary for not less than three years nor more than five years.

Sec. 7. Within six days after such election such clerk shall call to his as-  
2 sistance the chairman of the committee managing the interests of those in favor  
3 of said proposition if there be such who will serve—if not such clerk shall call  
4 an elector who voted in favor of said proposition; and the chairman of the  
5 committee managing the interests of those opposed to said proposition if  
6 there be such who will serve—if not such clerk shall call an elector who voted  
7 against said proposition, who shall constitute the canvassing board, to canvass  
8 the returns of the vote cast upon said proposition within such county. Such  
9 canvass shall be conducted in public in the office of the clerk. The clerk shall  
10 be the presiding officer of such canvassing board and a majority of such can-  
11 vassing board shall have the right to declare the result. It shall  
12 be the duty of such board of canvassers to open and canvass all  
13 returns left respectively with the clerk, the clerk of the circuit  
14 court and the county treasurer, and make abstracts or statements of  
15 all votes “Yes” cast upon said proposition on one sheet and all votes “No” cast  
16 upon said proposition on another sheet and add up and declare the result of  
17 such elections. If upon opening the various returns so made by the board of  
18 canvassers as aforesaid, there shall be anything to indicate that a change has  
19 been made in such returns since signing the same by the judges or clerks, or of  
20 any fraud in any respect touching such return, it shall then be the duty of said  
21 canvassing board to have all the tallies opened and examined. If there shall  
22 be any doubt as to the genuineness of such returns for any precinct, and as to  
23 the actual vote as originally returned, and the truth respecting the same re-  
24 mains uncertain, it shall be the duty of such canvassers to examine any person  
25 or persons, who were present at the time of the proclamation so made by  
26 the judges of election in such precinct, about which any doubt arises, and the  
27 board shall be permitted to place such parties or witnesses on oath and ex-

amine them touching the same, and it shall be their duty to call such parties who were present at the time of such proclamation to come before them, and a subpoena may be issued by the county court, under the direction of said board, compelling any such witnesses to come before said board and give their evidence touching the matter in controversy; and thereupon it shall be the duty of said board to declare the result of the vote in any such precinct, in regard to which any question arises, as it was proclaimed by the judges of election after the canvass by them in such precinct, which result, when so declared, shall be binding and conclusive. The result when so declared shall be recorded by the clerk in a well bound book to be kept in his office by himself and his successors, and such result may be proved in all courts and in all proceedings by such record or by the official certificate thereof of the clerk, and in cases where such a record or certificate shows that a majority of the legal voters voting upon said proposition voted "Yes" the same shall be *prima facie* evidence that the county to which such vote was applicable has become anti-saloon territory.

Sec. 8. It shall not be lawful to sell intoxicating liquor in any quantity whatever nor to grant or issue, or cause to be granted or issued, any license to sell intoxicating liquor in any quantity whatever within the limits of any county or district in this State while the same is anti-saloon territory, and if any such license be granted or issued in violation hereof the same shall be void and shall be revoked by the public officer, board or other authority by which the same was granted. In all anti-saloon territory, during the time that it continues to be anti-saloon territory, the operation of all ordinances providing for the restriction, regulation or prohibition of the sale of intoxicating liquor or for the issuing of dram-shop licenses within any portion or the whole of such territory, so far as inconsistent with its status as anti-saloon territory, shall be suspended: *Provided*, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to prevent the enforcement of ordinances consistent with such status.

Sec. 9. Whoever shall, by himself or another, either as principal, clerk or servant, within the limits of anti-saloon territory in this State, directly or in-



3 directly, sell, keep for sale, barter or exchange, or take an order, or make an  
4 agreement for the sale or delivery of any intoxicating liquor in any quantity  
5 whatever, shall, for each offense, be fined not less than twenty dollars (\$20)  
6 nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100) and imprisoned in the county jail  
7 for not less than ten (10) days nor more than thirty (30) days. If any person  
8 shall be convicted of violating any provision of this section and shall subse-  
9 quently violate any provision of this section he shall, upon conviction there-  
10 of, be fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than two hundred dollars  
11 (\$200) and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than twenty (20) days  
12 nor more than fifty (50) days. And in like manner, if he shall subsequently  
13 violate any provision of this section, for such third and each subsequent viola-  
14 tion he shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than one hundred dol-  
15 lars (\$100) nor more than two hundred dollars (\$200) and imprisoned in the  
16 county jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than ninety (90) days:  
17 *Provided*, the giving away or delivery of any intoxicating liquor for the purpose  
18 of evading any provision of this Act, or other shift or device to evade any  
19 provision of this Act, shall be held to be an unlawful selling.

Sec. 10. All places where intoxicating liquor is dealt in in violation of any  
2 provision of this Act shall be taken and held and are declared to be common  
3 nuisances and may be abated as such; and whoever shall keep any such place,  
4 by himself or his agent or servant, shall, for each offense, upon conviction there-  
5 of, be fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than one hundred dol-  
6 lars (\$100) and confined in the county jail not less than thirty (30) days nor  
7 more than ninety (90) days, and it shall be a part of the judgment, upon the  
8 conviction of the keeper, that the place so kept shall be shut up and abated by  
9 the sheriff until the keeper shall give bond, with sufficient surety to be ap-  
10 proved by the court, in the penal sum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), pay-  
11 able to the People of the State of Illinois, conditioned that he will not violate  
12 any provision of this Act, and in case of a violation of the condition of such



13 bond, suit may be brought and recovery had thereon for the amount of such  
 14 bond for the use of the county.

Sec. 11. All the territory within the boundaries of any county which has  
 2 become anti-saloon territory shall continue to be anti-saloon territory through-  
 3 out its entire extent, notwithstanding any change which may be made in the  
 4 limits of any such county, until the legal voters of that identical territory have  
 5 voted, according to the provisions of this Act, to discontinue such anti-saloon  
 6 territory and the following section shall be construed in harmony herewith.

Sec. 12. Upon the filing in the office of the clerk, at least sixty days before  
 2 an election of a petition directed to such clerk, containing the signatures of reg-  
 3 istered voters of any county (which is anti-saloon territory) or district, in num-  
 4 ber not less than twenty per centum of the total vote cast therein at the last  
 5 election held therein, to submit to the voters thereof the proposition—"Shall  
 6 this.....(county or district) continue to be anti-saloon terri-  
 7 tory?" (provided such petition corresponds in all other respects with the peti-  
 8 tion in this Act before described) such proposition shall be submitted at such  
 9 election to the voters of such county or district, and the provisions of sections  
 10 one (1), three (3), four (4), five (5), six (6) and seven (7) of this Act shall  
 11 apply in all respects, so far as applicable, to the proposition—"Shall this  
 12 .....(county or district) continue to be anti-saloon territory?" to  
 13 the petition therefor, to the notice of the filing thereof, to the objections there-  
 14 to, to the hearing thereon, to the notice of the submission of such proposi-  
 15 tion, to the submission of such proposition to such voters, to the recording of  
 16 the vote thereon, and to the proof and evidence of the petition and vote ex-  
 17 cept, that in case of a district the petition shall correctly designate such dis-  
 18 trict and shall be directed to and filed with the clerk of the county within  
 19 which the greater portion of such district lies and the county court of that  
 20 county shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine the validity of such pe-  
 21 tition. Not less than twenty days prior to the election the clerk with whom  
 22 such petition is filed shall, if the same is unobjected to or held valid, certify to

23 each clerk having jurisdiction over any portion of such district to the filing of  
24 such petition in his office, and such clerks shall submit such proposition by sep-  
25 arate ballot to the voters residing within their respective portions of such dis-  
26 trict; and the clerk or clerks having the smaller portion or portions of the area  
27 of such district under his or their jurisdiction shall certify within ten days  
28 after such election the number of votes "Yes" and the number of votes "No"  
29 cast upon such proposition to the clerk with whom the petition was filed, and  
30 he shall record the same with the vote cast upon such proposition in the area  
31 under his jurisdiction. If a majority of the legal voters voting upon said pro-  
32 position in any such county or district vote "No" such county or district shall  
33 cease to be anti-saloon territory, and all ordinances providing for the restric-  
34 tion, regulation or prohibition of the sale of intoxicating liquor or for the  
35 issuing of dram-shop licenses, the operation of which was in anywise suspend-  
36 ed within such county or district by virtue of the vote therein to become anti-  
37 saloon territory, and with all additions and amendments which in the mean-  
38 time may have been made thereto, shall, if not in the meantime repealed, be-  
39 come and be in force within such county or district to the same extent, only,  
40 however, as the same would then be in force had such county or district never  
41 become anti-saloon territory.

Sec. 13. A vote under the provisions of this Act in and for any county upon  
2 the proposition—"Shall this county become anti-saloon territory?" or in and  
3 for any county or district upon the proposition—"Shall this .....  
4 (county or district) continue to be anti-saloon territory?" shall become opera-  
5 tive on the thirtieth day after the day of election at which such vote is cast, and  
6 such vote which changes the previous status of any county or district shall  
7 be a bar to the submission to the voters thereof of either of the propositions  
8 as applied to that identical county or district only until after the lapse of three  
9 years and six months.

Sec. 14. Any clerk, sheriff, judge of election, clerk of election, police  
2 officer, public officer, member of a board or other officer of the law, who shall

3 refuse, neglect or fail to discharge any duty imposed by this Act, or whoever,  
4 not being qualified so to do, shall sign a petition provided for in this Act, or  
5 whoever shall file with the clerk any such petition or any sheet or other part  
6 thereof, knowing that it contains the signature of any person not qualified to  
7 sign the same; or whoever shall request, demand, receive, promise, offer to  
8 give, any reward for signing, or for refraining from signing, or for revoking  
9 any signature upon any such petition, or for voting for or against either of  
10 the propositions mentioned in this Act, or whoever shall by treating or giving  
11 intoxicating liquor, or by publishing, posting or circulating the name of any  
12 signer of any such petition, or by threats to injure another in person or prop-  
13 erty, or by betting or any other device, either directly or indirectly influence  
14 or attempt to influence any one to sign or refrain from signing, or to revoke  
15 any signature upon any such petition, or to vote for or against either of the  
16 propositions mentioned in this Act, shall, for each offense, upon conviction  
17 thereof, be fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than two hundred  
18 dollars (\$200) and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than ten (10)  
19 days nor more than ninety (90) days. If any person shall be convicted of vio-  
20 lating any provision of this section and shall subsequently violate any provi-  
21 sion of this section, for such second and each subsequent violation he shall,  
22 upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor  
23 more than five hundred dollars (\$500) and imprisoned in the county jail for  
24 not less than ninety (90) days nor more than one (1) year.

Sec. 15. All offenses defined or mentioned in this Act may be prose-  
2 cuted in any court of record having criminal jurisdiction, or the fines prescribed  
3 in this Act may be sued for and recovered before any justice of the peace  
4 of the proper county, in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, and  
5 in case of conviction the court or justice of the peace shall commit the offend-  
6 er to the county jail until the judgment and costs are fully paid.

Sec. 16. In all prosecutions under this Act, by indictment or otherwise, it  
2 shall not be necessary to state the kind of liquor sold; nor to describe the place



3 where sold, nor to state the name of any person to whom liquor is sold; nor to  
4 set forth the facts showing that the required number of registered voters  
5 petitioned for the submission to the voters of said proposition, nor that a  
6 majority of the legal voters voting upon said proposition, voted  
7 "Yes," but it shall be sufficient to state in that regard that the  
8 Act complained of took place in anti-saloon territory; and if any  
9 person shall be convicted of violating any section of this Act and  
10 shall subsequently violate such section, it shall not be necessary  
11 to set out such former conviction at length, but it shall be sufficient in that  
12 regard to state the time when and the name of the court where such former  
13 conviction was had. No person shall be excused from testifying touching any  
14 offense committed by another against any of the provisions of this Act by reason  
15 of his testimony tending to criminate himself, but the testimony given by such  
16 person shall in no case be used against him, nor shall it be necessary to show  
17 the knowledge of the principal to convict for the acts of an agent or servant.  
18 The issuance of an internal revenue special tax stamp or receipt by the United  
19 States to any person as a wholesale or retail dealer in liquor or in malt liquors  
20 at any place within territory which, at the time of the issuance thereof, is anti-  
21 saloon territory, shall be *prima facie* evidence of the sale of intoxicating liquor  
22 by such person at such place, or at any place of business of such person within  
23 such territory where such stamp or receipt is posted, and at the time charged  
24 in any suit or prosecution under this Act: *Provided*, such time is within the  
25 life of such stamp or receipt. A certified copy of the internal revenue record  
26 under the hand and official seal of the collector of internal revenue, or his dep-  
27 uty, shall be competent evidence to prove such issuance. All courts in this  
28 State shall take judicial notice of the existence of all anti-saloon territory cre-  
29 ated under the provisions of this Act and of the abolition of such territory.

Sec. 17. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to forbid or prevent the  
2 sale within anti-saloon territory by druggists to whom permits therefor have



3 been duly granted in the manner provided by law, of liquor for medicinal, me-  
 4 chanical, sacramental and chemical purposes only, not to be drunk upon the  
 5 premises under any circumstances, so long as such druggist in good faith  
 6 shall keep a true and an exact record in a book, which he shall provide for  
 7 the purpose, in which shall be entered at the time of every sale of intoxicating  
 8 liquor made by him or in or about his place of business to all persons whom-  
 9 soever, the date of such sale, the name and signature of the purchaser, and his  
 10 residence (stating the street and the house number, if there be such, if not  
 11 then otherwise distinctly designating his place of residence), the quantity and  
 12 kind of such liquor and the purpose for which the same is sold, and so long  
 13 as such druggist shall keep such book open to the full and free inspection of  
 14 the police and all public officers elected and appointed and their deputies and  
 15 agents during business hours. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to for-  
 16 bid or prevent the sale of intoxicating liquor for the period of thirty days next  
 17 after the vote shall have been taken in the county creating it anti-saloon  
 18 territory according to the terms of a dramshop or other municipal license  
 19 theretofore regularly issued in good faith according to law. Any portion of a  
 20 dram-shop or other municipal license fee which shall have been paid and  
 21 which shall represent the unexpired period for which said dramshop or other  
 22 municipal license was issued after the county in which such dramshop is locat-  
 23 ed shall have become anti-saloon territory, may be refunded by the municipality  
 24 receiving the same. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to forbid or pre-  
 25 vent the sale at wholesale by a manufacturer who manufactures from the raw  
 26 materials of the product of his own manufactory located within anti-saloon terri-  
 27 tory for delivery outside the limits of anti-saloon territory.

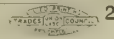
Sec. 18. Any five legal voters of any county or district within which an  
 2 election shall have been held as provided for in this Act, may, within fifteen  
 3 days after the canvass of the returns of such election, and upon the filing of  
 4 a bond for costs, contest the validity of such election by filing a verified peti-

tion in the county court of the proper county setting forth the grounds for the contest. The county within which such election shall have been held, or having the greatest area of such district within its limits shall be made defendant and the county court of such county shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine the merits of such cases and shall be always open for the transaction of such business, and its judgment shall have the same effect as to the result of such election as if it had been so declared by the canvassers. The procedure in such cases shall be the same as that provided by law for the contesting of an election upon a subject which shall have been submitted to a vote of the people so far as applicable, and such cases shall have preference in the order of hearing to all other cases. Upon the filing of such petition a summons shall forthwith issue from such court addressed to such county notifying the county board of such county of the filing of such petition and directing it to appear in defense of the validity of such election at the time named in the summons, which time shall not be less than five days nor more than ten days after the filing of such petition: *Provided*, any legal voter of such county or district may appear in person, or by attorney, in any such contested election case in defense of the validity of such election. If either party to such contest, or such voter so appearing, shall fear that they or he will not receive a fair and impartial trial because of the prejudice of the judge of such court for or against the validity of such election, and shall file a verified statement of such fact three days before the time set for the hearing, the judge shall call in some other judge to whom neither party or such voter has any valid objection who shall hear said cause. Appeals may be taken to the Supreme Court in the manner and upon the conditions provided by law for taking appeals in cases in chancery from the circuit courts: *Provided*, that in case of an appeal the judgment of the county court shall be and remain in full force and effect until modified or reversed by the Supreme Court.

Sec. 19. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as repealing an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the creation by popular vote of anti-saloon ter-

3 ritory within which the sale of intoxicating liquor and the licensing of such sale  
4 shall be prohibited and for the abolition by like means of territory, so creat-  
5 ed," approved May 16, 1907, in force July 1, 1907, or any part thereof, or in  
6 any manner affecting the status of anti-saloon territory created under said Act.

Sec. 20. Nothing in this Act shall apply to any county in this State which  
2 has a population of five hundred thousand or more.



1 Introduced by Mr. Bippus, March 18, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Banks, Banking and  
Building and Loan Associations.

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## A BILL

For an Act to regulate and supervise the business of banking by individuals, partner-  
nerships or unincorporated persons.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the soliciting, receiving, or accept-  
3 ing of money or its equivalent on deposit as a regular business by any person,  
4 co-partnership, association or corporation shall be deemed to be doing a banking  
5 business, whether such deposit is made subject to check or is evidenced by a cer-  
6 tificate of deposit, a pass book, a note, a receipt, or other writing, provided that  
7 nothing herein shall apply to or include money left with an agent, pending invest-  
8 ment in real estate or securities for or on account of his principal.

Sec. 2. All persons or firms or corporations now engaged or hereafter to  
2 be engaged in banking as defined in section one (1) hereof, doing business under  
3 the name of banks, trust companies, or any other name, but not organized under  
4 the banking laws of this State or of the United States, shall be known and called  
5 private banks or bankers and shall be required within thirty days after this Act



6 takes effect, if now established, or within ten days after engaging in said busi-  
 7 ness if not established after this Act goes into effect, to file a sworn statement  
 8 in the office of the circuit clerk of the county in which said busi-  
 8½ ness is transacted, or to be transacted, to be recorded by such  
 9 clerk in a book prepared and kept by such clerk for such record,  
 10 giving the name of each and every person interested in said busi-  
 11 ness, the amount of capital invested in said business and a schedule showing the  
 12 nature of said property and its actual cash value at the time, and where located,  
 13 and the amount of interest of each person, partner or stockholder in such firm,  
 14 company or corporation, the place of residence of each person interested in said  
 15 business, and quarterly thereafter such person, firm, company or corporation  
 16 shall file an additional statement in such circuit clerk's office, showing the nature  
 17 and amount of business transacted, the amount of money deposited, the amount  
 18 and value of the property of said bank, and the liability thereof for money or  
 19 other deposits or debts owing by said bank, salaries, taxes or other debts owing  
 20 by said bank, salaries, taxes or other debts paid or payable.

Sec. 3. Such bank shall also at the time of filing such original statement  
 2 with such circuit clerk, and quarterly thereafter, transmit to the State Auditor  
 3 copies of all statements so made by such bank, firm, company or corporation.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the State Auditor to prepare and furnish  
 2 blank forms for such private banks on which to make the original and quarterly  
 3 statements provided for in this act, to be furnished on request of such private  
 4 bank.

Sec. 5. Any and all persons and associations seeking to do business under  
 2 the provisions of this Act may be required by the State Auditor to make a re-  
 3 port, verified by affidavit, exhibiting in detail and under appropriate heads the  
 4 resources and liabilities of such bank or association before the commencement  
 5 of business on the morning of any day the Auditor may choose; and such person  
 6 or association shall transmit such report to the Auditor within five days after  
 7 receiving a call for the same. Any such bank failing to transmit such report or

8 to comply with the provisions of this Act shall be subject to penalty of one hun-  
9 dred dollars for each day after five days that such failure occurs. A clear synop-  
10 sis of such report shall be printed in a newspaper having a general circulation  
11 in the county where said bank is located, over the signature of such person or  
12 organization. Each such bank shall transmit to said Auditor with each report,  
13 when the capital of said bank is \$5,000 or less a fee of \$2.50 and where the capi-  
14 tal is over \$5,000 and less than \$25,000 a fee of five dollars and where the capital  
15 is over \$25,000 and under \$100,000, a fee of \$10, and where the capital is over  
16 \$100,000, a fee of \$25.00.

Sec. 6. The Auditor, as often as he deems necessary, at least once in each  
2 calendar year, shall cause all such private banks to be examined by some person  
3 in no way interested in such bank, and may examine any or all persons connected  
4 therewith under oath, and shall make a full and detailed statement and report  
5 of the condition of such bank, and such examiner shall be entitled to a fee to be  
6 graded as, and of the same amount as the fee fixed in section four for reports.

Sec. 7. No person interested in any firm or organization as a partner, di-  
2 rector, or officer shall be permitted to borrow directly or indirectly from such  
3 bank, more than 10 per cent of the capital of such concern.

Sec. 8. No sale or transfer of any such bank, or interest in it, shall be op-  
2 erative to release the liabilities of the party selling until three months after the  
3 date of publication of the last report before the sale.

Sec. 9. This Act shall be, so far as the same is applicable construed with  
2 and in furtherance of the banking Act, (and the amendments thereto) approved  
3 June 16, 1887, and liberally construed to protect depositors in such private  
4 banks.

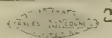
Sec. 10. Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this Act,  
2 either individually or as an interested party in any co-partnership association,

3 or corporation shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall  
 4 be fined in a sum not less than three hundred dollars nor more than one thou-  
 5 sand dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than sixty days nor  
 6 more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 11. This act shall be submitted to a vote of the people at the general  
 2 election next succeeding the passage of the same. The ballot to be used at said  
 3 election in voting upon this Act shall be in substantially the following form:

For consenting to the Act entitled "An Act to regulate and supervise the business of banking by individuals, partnerships or unincorporated persons."	
Against consenting to the Act entitled "An Act to regulate and supervise the business of banking by individuals, partnerships or unincorporated persons."	

4 And if approved by a majority of all the votes cast at such election for or  
 5 against such law, the same shall immediately thereupon take effect and become  
 6 operative.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Brewer, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act making a re-appropriation of an unexpended part of an appropriation made by the Forty-eighth General Assembly for the erection of a monument on the battlefield of Kenesaw Mountain, Georgia.

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WHEREAS, The sum of twenty thousand dollars was appropriated by the  
2 Forty-eighth General Assembly of the State of Illinois for the purpose of  
3 erecting a monument upon the battlefield of Kenesaw Mountain, Georgia, to  
4 the memory of Illinois soldiers constituting a part of the Third Brigade, Sec  
5 ond Division, Fourteenth Army Corps, in which brigade were three Illinois reg-  
6 iments, viz: Eighty-fifth, Eighty-sixth, and One Hundred and Twenty-fifth  
7 Infantry, which were engaged in the charge upon the enemy's works June 27,  
8 1864, and

9 WHEREAS, In the Second Brigade, Second Division, Fourteenth Army Corps,  
10 there were two Illinois regiments, viz: the Thirty-fourth and Seventy-eighth  
11 Infantry engaged in the same battle within four hundred feet of the said Third  
12 Brigade and the losses in said two brigades were almost identically the same,  
13 and



14 WHEREAS, The Third Brigade, Second Division, Fourth Army Corps, com-  
 15 posed entirely of Illinois regiments, viz: Twenty-seventh, Forty-second and  
 16 Fifty-first Infantry, were engaged in the same battle within four hundred feet  
 17 of said Third Brigade, Second Division, Fourteenth Army Corps, and suffered  
 18 severe losses in killed and wounded in said charge upon the enemy's works  
 19 June 27, 1864, and

20 WHEREAS, There were numerous other Illinois Regiments engaged in the  
 21 battle of Kenesaw Mountain June 27, 1864, at various points on a line of bat-  
 22 tle extended ten miles in length, and

23 WHEREAS, There has been expended of the appropriation of twenty thou-  
 24 sand dollars, the sum of seventeen thousand seven hundred dollars for a man-  
 25 ument and the further sum of eleven hundred forty-two and 40-100 dollars for in-  
 26 cidental expenses, leaving an unexpended balance of eleven hundred fifty-  
 27 seven and 60-100 dollars of the appropriation of twenty thousand dollars, and

28 WHEREAS, The total expenditures amounting to eighteen thousand eight hun-  
 29 dred forty-two and 40-100 dollars can only be considered as having been ex-  
 30 pended for the purpose of commemorating the deeds of three Illinois Regiments  
 31 constituting a part of the Third Brigade, Second Division, Fourteenth Army  
 32 Corps, and being only a limited part of the Illinois troops which were engaged  
 33 in the battle of Kenesaw Mountain June 27, 1864; now, therefore,

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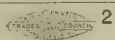
SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
 2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That there is hereby re-appropriated the  
 3 sum of four hundred dollars for the purpose of having inscribed on said  
 4 monument the designation numbers of all Illinois regiments and separate Illi-

5 nois military organizations which were actually engaged in the battle of Kene-  
6 saw Mountain June 27, 1864.

Sec. 2. That for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act  
2 the Governor shall appoint some suitable person to procure the execution of the  
3 engraving upon said monument, provided for in this Act, and to make full re-  
4 port to the Governor of his acts and doings hereunder, and shall not be entitled  
5 to any compensation for his services.

Sec. 3. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed  
2 to draw warrants on the Treasurer on the presentation of properly certified  
3 vouchers when approved by the Governor to the full amount of this appro-  
4 priation.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Brewer, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

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## A BILL

For an Act to enable counties to establish and maintain libraries.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That any county in this State is hereby  
3 authorized and empowered in its discretion to assess, levy and collect in the  
4 manner provided for the assessment, levy and collection of other taxes for  
5 county purposes, a special tax not to exceed one mill on the dollar of the as-  
6 sessed value of all taxable property within such county for the purpose of estab-  
7 lishing, maintaining or assisting in the maintenance of a public library within  
8 such county, the proceeds of any such tax shall be placed in a separate fund,  
9 to be known as the library fund, and shall be expended only for the purpose for  
10 which the same is levied.

Sec. 2. Upon the presentation to the board of supervisors in counties  
2 under township organization or board of county commissioners in counties not  
3 under township organization, of a petition containing the signatures of not less  
4 than one hundred legal voters of such county, such county board of supervis-  
5 ors or board of county commissioners may provide for the assessment, levy and



6 collection of the tax provided for in section one hereof, and in the event of the  
7 determination to so establish a library, shall appoint a library board of three  
8 members to have charge or control of the county library and any and all the  
9 branches thereof.

Sec. 3. The members of the said library board shall act without compensa-  
2 tion. The first board shall be appointed for terms as follows: One member for two  
3 years; one for four years and one for six years and upon the expiration of the  
4 term of office of each member of the first board, appointment of a successor shall  
5 be made for a term of six years.

Sec. 4. Said board shall establish a public library at the county seat of  
2 such county or in some other city within the county or may in its discretion  
3 contract with any existing public library for the use of books and periodicals  
4 of such library by the inhabitants of such county, upon such terms and con-  
5 ditions as shall be agreed upon between such library and the county library  
6 board. As many branches or library stations may be established in the different  
7 townships or divisions of the county as shall seem requisite or advisable.

Sec. 5. The library board shall appoint a librarian whose qualifications  
2 shall be determined by such tests or examinations as may be provided for by a  
3 board consisting of the Secretary of the State Library Extension Commission,  
4 the director of the University of Illinois Library school and the State Librar-  
5 ian, and whose compensation shall be fixed by the county library board.

Sec. 6. Said library board may buy, build or lease a building for library  
2 purposes. And the said board shall be vested with power and authority to re-  
3 ceive gifts and donations of money or property and hold and use the same for  
4 library purposes.

Sec. 7. No moneys shall be drawn from any library funds created under  
2 the provisions of this Act, except upon warrant drawn by the order of the chair-  
3 man and secretary of the county library board.

Sec. 8. Every library maintained, either in whole or in part, from any  
2 county library fund shall be free for the use of inhabitants of the county  
3 where located, subject to such rules and regulations as shall be prescribed by  
4 the county library board of such county or the management of the library with  
5 which such county library board may contract.

Sec. 9. It shall be the duty of every county library board to make a report  
2 annually to the Library Extension Commission covering the work of the year  
3 in detail and showing all receipts and disbursements.





1 Adopted April 16, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend the title of House Bill No. 366, as printed in the House, by adding  
2 after the word "counties" the words "having a population not in excess of  
3 500,000 inhabitants."

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 366, as printed in the House, by inserting in line 2,  
2 section 1 thereof, after the word "State," the words "having a population not  
3 in excess of 500,000 inhabitants."

AMENDMENT NO. 3.

Amend House Bill No. 366 as printed in the House by striking out section  
2 5, and renumbering the succeeding sections.

HAYDEN





1 Introduced by Mr. Buxton, March 18, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to roads and bridges," approved June 27, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, by amending sections 3, 8, 15b, 32, 42, 50, 68, 69 and 74, and by adding two new sections to be known as section 107a, and section 157a, and by repealing section 30.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to revise  
3 the law in relation to roads and bridges," approved June 27, 1913, in force July  
4 1, 1913, be and the same is hereby amended by amending sections 3, 8, 15b, 32,  
5 42, 50, 68, 69 and 74, and by adding two new sections to be known as section  
6 107a, and section 157a, which said sections when amended and added shall read  
7 as inserted at length herein, and by further amending the said Act by repeal-  
8 ing section 30 thereof.

Sec. 3. The Governor shall, by and with the advice and consent of the  
2 Senate, within thirty days after this Act shall take effect, appoint three State  
3 highway commissioners (no more than two of said persons shall belong to or be  
4 affiliated with the same political party, nor shall they be actively engaged in

5 any other business, occupation or profession, but shall devote all their time to  
6 the work of said commission), to hold office one for two years, one for four  
7 years and one for six years, from and after the date of their appointment and  
8 qualification and until their respective successors are appointed and qualified,  
9 and they shall constitute and be known as the "State Highway Commission."  
10 And on the first day of March, 1916, and at the end of every two years thereafter,  
11 the Governor shall, in like manner and by and with the advice and consent of  
12 the Senate, appoint one person as the successor of the commissioner whose term  
13 shall have then expired, to serve as such commissioner for the term of six  
14 years and until his successor is appointed and qualified. One person appointed on  
15 the board shall be, and shall be designated in the appointment, the president,  
16 who shall be the executive officer of the board. Two of said commissioners  
17 shall constitute a quorum.

18 (B) The members of the said State Highway Commission before entering  
19 upon the duties of their office, shall take the oath prescribed by the Constitu-  
20 tion of this State for State officers, and said oath shall be filed in the office of  
21 the Secretary of State. They shall also execute a good and sufficient bond to the  
22 State in the sum of not less than \$10,000.00 each, conditioned upon the faithful  
23 performance of their duties, said bond to be approved by the Governor, and  
24 then filed with the Secretary of State.

25 (C) The said State Highway Commissioners shall each receive an annual  
26 salary of three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500.00) and in addition there-  
27 to they shall be allowed their actual and necessary traveling expenses incurred  
28 in attending to official business. Said commissioners may also incur necessary  
29 expenses for clerk hire and other incidental expenses, proper and necessary for  
30 the carrying out the provisions of this Act, as well as for the general pur-  
31 poses hereinafter indicated.

32 (D) The commission provided for herein shall:

33 (1) Have *advisory powers over* highways and bridges which are construct-  
34 ed, improved or maintained in whole or in part by the aid of State moneys.

35 (2) Prescribe rules and regulations not inconsistent with law, fixing the  
36 duties of all persons employed in the State Highway Department.

37 (3) Aid county superintendents of highways and town and district commis-  
38 sioners of highways in establishing grades, preparing suitable systems of drain-  
39 age and advise them as to the construction, improvement and maintenance of  
40 highways and bridges *when such application is made in writing from the board*  
41 *of highway commissioners or county superintendent of highways of his county.*

42 (4) Employ such clerical and other assistants as they may deem necessary  
43 to properly carry on the work of their office.

44 (5) Cause plans, specifications and estimates to be prepared for the repair  
45 and improvement of highways and the construction and repair of bridges when  
46 requested so to do by a county superintendent of highways or by a highway  
47 commissioner of any town or road district therein.

48 (6) Investigate and determine upon the various methods of road and  
49 bridge construction adapted to different sections of the State and as to the best  
50 methods of construction and maintenance of highways and bridges *upon appli-*  
51 *cation from the county superintendents or commissioner of highways or from the*  
52 *board of highway commissioner of any town or district.*

53 (7) Compile statistics relating to public highways throughout the State  
54 and collect such information in regard thereto as they shall deem expedient.

55 (8) Aid at all times in promoting highway improvements throughout the  
56 State and perform such other duties and have such other powers in respect  
57 to highways and bridges as may be imposed or conferred upon them by law.

58 (9) *Perform all other duties prescribed in this Act or reasonably infer-*  
59 *able therefrom.*

Sec. 8. In each and every county of the State there shall be a county  
2 superintendent of highways to be appointed in the manner following: Within  
3 ninety days after this Act shall become effective, the county board of each coun-  
4 ty shall submit to the State Highway Commission a list of from three to five  
5 persons residents of the county, considered desirable candidates for the office of



6 county superintendent of highways. The State commission shall thereupon de-  
 7 termine by competitive examination from among the names submitted, the per-  
 8 son or persons best fitted for said office, and shall thereupon certify the same to  
 9 the county board submitting such list, who shall then make an order appointing  
 10 from the number found eligible, one such person superintendent of highways for  
 11 such county: *Provided, however,* that if on the list submitted there is found  
 12 no person qualified for the position the county board shall in like manner sub-  
 13 mit a further list and if on this second list no one is found qualified the county  
 14 board may employ some person other than a resident of the county and who  
 15 has passed satisfactorily the examination presented by the State Highway  
 16 Commission. No part of any moneys appropriated by the State for the build-  
 17 ing and maintaining of State aid roads shall be apportioned to any county  
 18 until such county superintendent of highways shall have been appointed.

19 (B) The term of office of each county superintendent of highways shall be  
 20 six years and until his successor is duly appointed and qualified. He shall re-  
 21 ceive a salary payable out of the *joint road* funds of the county in a sum to be  
 22 fixed by the county board.

23 (C) Any county superintendent of highways may be removed from office  
 24 by the county board of his county for incompetence, neglect of duty or mal-  
 25 feasance in office.

26 (D) The county superintendent of highways shall:

27 (1) Prepare plans, specifications and estimates for all bridges to be built  
 28 by the county.

29 (2) Act for the county in all matters relating to the supervision of the  
 30 construction and maintenance of any road or bridge constructed or maintained  
 31 at the entire expense of the county or at the joint expense of the county and  
 32 any town or road district therein, as hereinafter set forth.

33 (3) Visit and inspect the highways and bridges in each town or district of  
 34 his county, at least once in each year and shall **advise and direct the highway**  
 35 **commissioners of the several towns or districts in his county as to the best**  
 36 method of repair, maintenance and improvement of highways and bridges.

37 (4) He shall within a reasonable time when called upon by the highway  
38 commissioners of any district or town in counties under township organization  
39 and in each district or town not under township organization, survey State  
40 grades and such other requirements as they require from a surveyor; and he  
41 shall be allowed two assistant chain carriers and one stage driver to be paid for  
42 by the town or district at \$2.00 per day of eight (8) hours each.

43 All surveys or roadway lines and other surveys and grades for the benefit  
44 of highways shall be made by the county commissioner or surveyor without  
45 additional expense other than as provided for herein.

46 (5) Keep a record of all contracts or purchases of materials, machinery or  
47 apparatus to be used in road construction in excess of two hundred dollars  
48 (\$200) approved by *himself and the board of highway commissioners of said*  
49 *district or town in which the same is to be used and to which the same belongs.*

50 (6) Perform such other duties as may be prescribed by law, the rules and  
51 regulations of the State Highway Commission or the direction of the State  
52 Highway Engineer in conformity thereto.

53 With the above as specifically indicated, the county superintendent of high-  
54 ways shall, to all intents and purposes, be regarded as a deputy to the State  
55 Highway Engineer: *Provided, however*, that no county superintendent of high-  
56 ways shall be required, without his consent, and the consent of the board of  
57 supervisors, or the board of county commissioners of the county in whose em-  
58 ploy he is to perform services in any other county.

59 (E) In case the office of county superintendent of highways in any county  
60 shall at any time be vacant, and a temporary emergency shall arise requiring  
61 that some duly qualified official perform the duties of said office, then the  
62 State Highway Commission may designate any competent person to perform  
63 the duties of such office during the existence of such temporary emergency.

Sec. 15b. If for any reason any county shall within six months from the date  
2 of the allotment fail to provide and appropriate an amount equal to said allot-  
3 ment by the State Highway Commission for the purpose of constructing State

aid roads, then the amount *shall be allotted to each county to be used by the county superintendent of public highways to build and maintain such roads as are known as State aid roads under the supervision of the highway commissioner of the said town or district in each county.*

Sec. 32. Whenever any State aid road shall be constructed or improved in any county under the provisions of this Act, the State Highway Commission, either directly or through the State Highway Engineer, the assistant State Highway Engineer, or the county superintendent of highways, shall thereafter keep all such roads in proper repair, and the total cost of such maintenance shall be paid out of the State road and bridge funds upon the warrant of the Auditor, whenever such payment shall be ordered by the *county highway commissioner or Superintendent.* For the purpose of keeping such roads in proper repair the *county commissioner shall have authority to purchase all necessary tools, machinery, supplies, and materials, and may employ, or authorize the State Highway Engineer to employ, all labor necessary therefor upon a two-thirds (2-3) vote of the board of supervisors of the said county in which the road aforesaid is located.*

Sec. 42. In each township in counties under township organization and in each road district in counties not under township organization there shall be a board of highway commissioners consisting of three members, each of whom shall serve for a term of three years and until his successor is duly elected and qualified, and who shall be elected in the manner hereinafter set forth. The powers and duties of such highway commissioners shall be as hereinafter indicated.

(B) In counties under township organization the town clerk shall act as the clerk of the board of highway commissioners of such town. In counties not under township organization there shall be elected in each road district a district clerk, who shall hold his office for the term of three years and until his successor is elected and qualified.



13 (C) In counties under township organization where they have not accepted  
14 the single commission plan, the senior member of the highway commission shall  
15 be known as treasurer of the road and bridge fund, and in townships where  
16 there is a single commissioner, the county treasurer shall serve as treasurer of  
17 the road and bridge fund without remuneration. Such town treasurer, if and by  
18 one shall be allowed two per cent (2%) of the money expended for roads and  
19 bridges within said town.

20 (D) No person shall be eligible to the office of highway commissioner unless  
21 he shall be a legal voter and have been one year a resident of such town or dis-  
22 trict. In counties not under township organization the same limitation shall  
23 apply to the district clerk.

Sec. 50. The commissioners of highways of each town or road district shall  
2 meet on the second Tuesday next after the annual town meeting or road dis-  
3 trict election, in each year, at the office of the town or district clerk, and shall  
4 organize as a board by electing one of their number president. They shall also  
5 hold a regular semi-annual meeting between the first Tuesday in August and  
6 the first Tuesday in September of each year, at a time to be named by their  
7 president, for the purpose of determining the tax rate to be certified by them to  
8 their respective county boards, as hereinafter provided. Said board shall also  
9 hold other regular meetings at such times as they shall designate, and special  
10 meetings as occasion may require at the call of the president or any two of  
11 the commissioners, and no official business shall be transacted by the board ex-  
12 cept at a regular or special meeting. The concurrence of at least two com-  
13 missioners shall be required in all official actions taken by the board as a body,  
14 and all certificates or documents hereinafter required to be made or executed by  
15 the board of highway commissioners shall be signed by at least two members of  
16 said board.

17 (B) The highway commissioners of each town or road district shall have  
18 power and it shall be their duty:

19 (1) To lay out, alter, widen or vacate roads as hereinafter provided.



20       (2) To cause such roads used as highways as have been laid out or dedi-  
21 cated to public use, but not sufficiently described, and such as have been used  
22 for twenty years, but not recorded, to be ascertained, described and entered of  
23 record in the office of the district or town clerk.

24       (3) To determine the taxes necessary to be levied on property within his  
25 town or district for road and bridge purposes, subject to the limitations herein-  
26 after provided.

27       (4) To direct the expenditure of all moneys collected in the town or dis-  
28 trict for road and bridge purposes and to draw warrants on the town or dis-  
29 trict treasurer therefor.

30       (5) To direct the construction and repair of roads and bridges within the  
31 town or district, to let contracts, employ labor and purchase material and ma-  
32 chinery therefor, subject to the limitations herein provided: *Provided, how-*  
33 *ever,* that no contract shall be let for the construction or repair of any road  
34 or bridge or part thereof in excess of the amount of \$2,000.00, nor shall any  
35 machinery or other appliance to be used in road construction in excess of such  
36 amount be purchased without the approval of the county superintendent of high-  
37 ways.

38       (6) To have general charge of the roads and bridges of their town or dis-  
39 trict, to keep the same in repair and to improve them so far as practicable.

40       (7) To take possession of and keep under shelter, when not in use, all  
41 scrapers, plows and other tools belonging to the town or district wherever the  
42 same may be found, and not allow the same to go to waste, and not lend the  
43 same, except to persons employed to work the roads by contract or otherwise.

44       (8) To cause to be erected and kept in repair at the forks or crossing place  
45 of the most important public roads, post and guide boards, with plain inscrip-  
46 tion thereon, in letters and figures, giving directions and distances to the most  
47 noted places to which such road may lead; to prevent thistles, burdock, cockle-  
48 burs, mustard, yellow-dock, Indian mallow and gypsom weed from seeding, and  
49 to extirpate the same so far as practicable; and to prevent all rank growth of  
50 vegetation in the public highway by causing the same to be cut and destroyed

51 prior to the seeding of the same, and at the farthest prior to September 1st, in  
52 each and every year; and the said commissioners may, at their discretion, adopt  
53 any suitable and convenient mode of supplying water in troughs conveniently  
54 situated on the public highway for public use.

55 (9) To issue their warrant or order on the treasurer of the board of high-  
56 way commissioners for the payment of all moneys paid out by such treasurer.

57 (C) The highway commissioners shall annually make report in writing  
58 showing:

59 (1) The amount of poll tax assessed, how much paid, and how much de-  
60 linquent.

61 (2) The amount of road and bridge money received by him, and a full and  
62 detailed statement as to how and where expended, and the balance, if any, un-  
62½ expended.

63 (3) The amount paid for damages in laying out, altering, widening or va-  
64 eating roads, and right-of-way for ditches.

65 (4) The amount of liabilities incurred and not paid; and if such liabili-  
66 ties are undetermined, they shall be estimated.

67 (5) Any additional matter concerning the roads and bridges of the dis-  
68 trict he may think expedient and proper to make.

69 In counties under township organization such report shall be made to the  
70 board of town auditors at the semi-annual meeting immediately preceding the  
71 annual town meeting. In counties not under township organization such re-  
72 port shall be made not later than the last Tuesday in March to the district clerk  
73 who shall file the same in his office and he shall record such report at large in  
74 the records of said road district.

Sec. 68. The commissioners of highways in each town or district is hereby  
2 authorized to contract for the construction and repairing of roads and bridges  
3 lying wholly within the limits of his (their) town or district; the cost whereof  
4 does not exceed \$2,000.00. When any contract shall be for a sum in excess of  
5 \$2,000.00, the said commissioners shall not let the same without the approval

6 of the county superintendent of highways. The county superintendent shall  
7 keep a record of all contracts approved by him.

Sec. 69. Contracts for constructing and repairing roads and bridges on  
2 town or district lines, or across streams on town or district lines, shall be let  
3 by the commissioners of the two towns or districts who shall meet and act to-  
4 gether; when taking action upon the letting of such contracts for the construc-  
5 tion or repair of such roads and bridges, or acceptance of the work. When such  
6 contracts are for the expenditure of a sum exceeding \$2000.00 they shall not let  
7 the same without the approval of the county superintendent as provided in  
8 the preceding section.

Sec. 74. The commissioners of highways of any town or road district *shall*  
2 reduce the width of any existing public road within any town or road district  
3 or any portion of it to a width of forty (40) feet when the same is petitioned  
4 for, by a written application of the land owner adjoining the same, or that por-  
5 tion so designated along the line of said road within the town or district, when  
6 possible the land so vacated be reduced the width of the road shall be taken  
7 equally from both sides of the public highway. In case of natural observa-  
8 tions on one side of the public highway or where the said road extends along  
9 the right-of-way of a railroad, river or canal, the commissioners are authorized  
10 to reduce the width of the road on one side only.

Sec. 107a. *All able bodied male prisoners sentenced to any county jail or*  
2 *workhouse while held for such punishment or the non-payment of fines or costs,*  
3 *whether the judgment embraces also imprisonment or is for a fine and cost only,*  
4 *shall be put at hard labor upon the public wharves, streets or alleys, or other*  
5 *thoroughfares or public grounds in any city or town in the county where con-*  
6 *victed or upon any public road or highway therein or on any other public work*  
7 *under such rules and regulations as the board of supervisors shall prescribe,*  
8 *and the sheriff, deputy sheriffs or custodians of such prisoners shall obey all*  
9 *such rules and regulations, provided that the prisoners shall not be worked in*



10 *such weather and such times as would be detrimental to their health.*

11 *The expenses incurred in guarding the prisoners while at work outside the*  
12 *limits of the jail or workhouse shall be paid out of the county treasury on the*  
13 *order of the board of supervisors of such county. The guards shall be appointed*  
14 *by the sheriff and confirmed by the board of supervisors and having all the*  
15 *powers of a court bailiff or deputy sheriff, and shall be if in any incorporated*  
16 *town the marshall thereof and if in any street or city exercising his duty as*  
17 *deputy sheriff, bailiff or custodian, shall have all powers as a deputy sheriff or*  
18 *bailiff.*

19 *So far as practicable and such guards shall be paid therefor out of the coun-*  
20 *ty treasury such sum as the county board of supervisors may fix and deem just,*  
21 *but not to exceed \$4.00 for eight hours' work.*

*Sec. 157a. It shall be unlawful for any person in the State of Illinois to in-*  
2 *jure, take, or kill any bird or fowl or any animal upon the public highways*  
3 *from any buggy, automobile, or other means of conveyance, or to shoot from*  
4 *the public highways on to or above any adjoining farm.*

5 *Any person violating, or attempting to violate any of the provisions of this*  
6 *Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall*  
7 *be punished by a fine of not less than \$25.00 nor more than \$100.00 for each of-*  
8 *fense, and the party shall stand committed to the county jail until such fine and*  
9 *cost are paid. Such fine shall be paid into the township treasury for the main-*  
10 *tenance and building of roads and bridges of the town in which the said party*  
11 *was guilty of the misdemeanor.*

*Sec. 2. Section 30 of an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation*  
2 *to roads and bridges," approved June 27, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, is hereby*  
3 *repealed.*







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Donahue (by request) March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the Illinois State Normal University.

SECTION 1. <i>Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,</i>	
2 <i>represented in the General Assembly:</i> That the following sums be and are here-	
3 by appropriated to the Illinois State Normal University for the biennium be-	
4 ginning July 1, 1915.	
5 For 4 tubular boilers for the heating plant, with automatic stokers, steam	
6 pipes, pipe covering, pumps, valves, and other auxiliary equipment,	
7 including fee of State Architect.....	\$ 30,000
8 For alteration, equipment, and appartus for fire protection, per estimate	
9 of Fire Marshal Department.....	5,482
10 For painting interior walls of the training school, main building, and	
11 auditorium .....	3,000
12 For concrete walks.....	1,500
13 For a text-book library.....	5,000
14 For ventilating apparatus for library buiding.....	500
15 For horse barn and tile drainage for farm.....	3,000

16	For erection and furnishing of a Woman's dormitory.....	150,000
17	For the purpose of defraying the ordinary expenses of said State Nor-	
18	mal University, in addition to one half of the interest of the College	
19	and Seminary fund, which is hereby appropriated, the further sum	
20	of \$145,000 per annum.....	290,000
		<hr/>
21	Total.....	\$488,482

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed  
2 to draw his warrants from time to time upon the State Treasurer for amounts  
3 expended or bills then due from the sums herein appropriated, payable sever-  
4 ally to the persons named, upon the presentation of itemized vouchers therefor  
5 certified to by the president of said State normal university and approved by  
6 the president or secretary of the board of education of the State of Illinois.

Sec. 3. The board of education of the State of Illinois is hereby authorized  
2 and directed to expend for the current expenses of the State normal university all  
3 moneys received for term fees, tuition, sales of farm produce, and all similar  
4 receipts, and to report quarterly to the Auditor of Public Accounts the amounts  
5 so received and expended with itemized vouchers for all expenditures.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Felts, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Agriculture.

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## A BILL

For an Act to protect the owner of any licensed stallion or jack kept for public service and to subject the mare or jennet or progeny of such animal, or both, to a lien for the service fee of such stallion or jack.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That every owner of any licensed stallion  
3 or jack kept for public service, who, at the request of the owner of any mare or  
4 jennet or his authorized agent, shall cause such mare or jennet to be served  
5 by his stallion or jack, shall have a lien on the mare or jennet served and first  
6 lien upon the progeny of such mare or jennet for the service fee of such stallion  
7 or jack and each lien conferred by this Act shall take precedence of all other  
8 liens or claims thereon not duly recorded prior to recording claim of lien as  
9 hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. Any owner of a licensed stallion or jack desiring to secure the  
2 benefits of this Act, shall within eighteen months (18) after any mare or jennet  
3 has been served by his stallion or jack, file with the recorder of deeds in the  
4 county in which such mare or jennet is, a claim for lien in writing and under



5 oath, setting forth therein his intention to claim a lien upon such mare or jennet  
6 or progeny thereof, or both for the service fee of his stallion or jack.

7 Such claim for lien shall state the name and residence of the person claim-  
8 ing the lien, the name of the owner or reputed owner of the mare or jennet or  
9 progeny thereof, or both, sought to be charged with the lien, and a description  
10 of such animal or animals sufficient for identification upon which the lien is  
11 claimed, and the amount due the claimant for the service fee of his stallion or  
12 jack.

13 The claim for lien filed with the recorder of deeds shall expire and become  
14 void and of no effect if suit is not brought to foreclose the same within (18)  
15 months after filing claim therefor.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the recorder of deeds, upon presentation  
2 to him of any such claim for lien, together with the recording fee, to file the  
3 same in his office in the same manner as provided by law for the filing and  
4 recording of chattel mortgages.

Sec. 4. The original, or a copy of such claim for lien filed as aforesaid cer-  
2 tified by the recorder of deeds, shall be received in evidence in any proceed-  
3 ing taken to foreclose the lien herein provided for, of the fact that such claim  
4 for lien was received and filed according to the endorsement of the recorder  
5 of deeds thereon.

Sec. 5. The person claiming such lien may commence suit to foreclose the  
2 same by summons in the usual form before any justice of the peace of the county  
3 or before any municipal court of the city in which the animal or animals de-  
4 scribed in his claim for lien may be found. Such suit shall be against the per-  
5 son or persons liable for the payment of the service fee of claimant's stallion  
6 or jack.

Sec. 6. If such summons be returned personally served upon the defend-  
2 ant or defendants, the same proceeding shall thereupon be had in all respects

3 as in other suits commenced by summons in which there is a personal service  
4 of process and judgment shall be rendered in such suit in like manner.

Sec. 7. If the officer returns such summons showing that a defendant or  
2 defendants cannot be found in his county, the same proceedings shall thereupon  
3 be had in all respects as to the defendant or defendants not personally served,  
4 as near as may be, as in suits commenced by attachment in which there is not a  
5 personal service of process upon the defendant and judgment shall be rendered  
6 in such suit in like manner.

Sec. 8. If the plaintiff recover judgment in such suit, execution shall issue  
2 thereon in the same manner and with the like effect as upon judgments ren-  
3 dered in suits commenced by attachment and the mare or jennet or progeny there-  
4 of, or both, upon which the plaintiff holds such lien shall not be exempt from  
5 execution, but may be sold to satisfy such execution in the manner hereinafter  
6 provided.

Sec. 9. In all suits prosecuted under the provisions of this Act, the court,  
2 jury or justice of the peace, who shall try the same, or make an assessment of  
3 damages therein, shall in addition to finding the sum due to the plaintiff,  
4 also find that the same is due for the service fee of plaintiff's stallion or jack  
5 and is a lien on the mare or jennet or progeny thereof, or both, as described in  
6 plaintiff's claim for lien: *Provided, however,* that if the court, jury or justice of  
7 peace shall find the amount due the plaintiff is not a lien upon the property de-  
8 scribed in the plaintiff's claim for lien, the plaintiff shall not be non-suited  
9 thereby if personal service of summons has been had upon the defendant, but  
10 shall be entitled to judgment as in other civil actions; and in those cases where  
11 the amount due is found to be a lien upon the animal or animals described  
12 in plaintiff's claim for lien, the finding or verdict may be in the following  
13 form: "The court, jurors, or justices, as the case may be, say that there is  
14 due to the plaintiff the sum of.....dollars from the said defendant  
15 or defendants and that the same is due for the service fee of plaintiff's stal-

16 lion or jack and that the plaintiff has a lien upon said mare or jennet or pro-  
 17 geny thereof, or both, as described in plaintiff's claim for lien for said  
 18 amount," and in such case, the fee paid by the claimant to the recorder of  
 19 deeds for filing his claim for lien shall be taxed as part of the costs of the  
 20 suit.

Sec. 10. When the said lien shall be duly perfected as above provided,  
 2 the mare or jennet or progeny thereof, or both, as above provided, shall be sold  
 3 under execution to satisfy said lien as follows: The justice of the peace or  
 4 municipal court shall, at the time of rendering judgment in the suit tried before  
 5 him and on the day of trial, enter upon his docket an order designating the  
 6 time and place at which such animal or animals, shall be sold under the execu-  
 7 tion. All such sales shall be for cash, at public sale, to the highest bidder and shall  
 8 take place not less than three nor more than five days after the entry of the order  
 9 of sale and shall be made by a constable of the county or by a bailiff of the munici-  
 10 pal court of the city in which the sale takes place. The officer making the sale  
 11 shall advertise the time and place of such sale, together with the correct descrip-  
 12 tion of the mare or jennet or progeny thereof, or both, to be sold, by posting writ-  
 13 ten or printed notices of such sale at three of the most public places of the  
 14 township, city or village where such mare or jennet or progeny thereof, or  
 15 both, is found. The officer making such sale shall forthwith file with the jus-  
 16 tice of the peace or municipal court judge in whose court the judgment was  
 17 entered a written statement of the amount realized from such sale and all  
 18 proper items of expense in connection therewith and shall then pay from the  
 19 proceeds of such sale, in the order named, to the parties entitled to receive  
 20 the same all necessary expense incurred in the keep of such animal or animals,  
 21 all constable's and bailiff's fees, all court costs taxed in the suit, the amount  
 22 of the judgment recovered by the plaintiff or claimant and the surplus, if any,  
 23 he shall pay to the defendant in the suit or to his legal representative.

Sec. 11. All sales of an animal or animals under this Act shall be made  
 2 subject to redemption by the owner of such animal or animals, or his legal repre-

3 sentatives; such redemption to be made within thirty days from the day of  
4 sale by paying to the plaintiff, officer making the sale, or to the judge or jus-  
5 tice upon whose docket the same was entered, the amount of the judgment  
6 with interest at the rate of five per cent and all costs and expenses taxed in the  
7 proceeding, together with the reasonable and necessary expense or cost of the  
8 keep of such animal or animals from the day of sale to and including the day of  
9 redemption.

Sec. 12. All Acts or parts of Acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Felts, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Agriculture.

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## A BILL

For an Act to regulate the public service of stallions and jacks in Illinois.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That every person, firm, company or  
3 corporation standing or offering any stallion or jack for public service in this  
4 State shall cause the name, description and age, and in the case of a pure-bred  
5 animal the pedigree, of such stallion or jack to be enrolled by a Stallion Registra-  
6 tion Board hereinafter provided for, and secure a license from said board as pro-  
7 vided in section three (3) of this Act. All enrollment and verification of ped-  
8 igree shall be done in the office of the secretary of the Illinois State Board of  
9 Agriculture. All license certificates and renewals of same for stallions or jacks  
10 issued under this Act, shall be presented for record to and recorded by the re-  
11 corder of deeds of the county or counties in which said stallion or jack is used  
12 for public service, and said license or renewal shall be of no force or effect un-  
13 less it is so recorded.

Sec. 2. In order to carry out the provisions of this Act, there shall be con-

2 tinued and constituted a Stallion Registration Board, whose duty it shall be to

3 verify and register pedigrees; to pass certificates of veterinary examination; to  
 4 provide, when necessary, for veterinary inspection; to issue stallion and jack  
 5 license certificates; to make all necessary rules, regulations and perform such  
 6 other duties as may be necessary to carry out and enforce the provisions of this  
 7 Act. Said board shall hold meetings at the office of the secretary of the Illinois  
 8 State Board of Agriculture the second Tuesday of March of each year and such  
 9 other meetings, as may be necessary, for the transaction of its business.

10 The Stallion Registration Board shall be composed of five members, con-  
 11 sisting of the secretary of the State Board of Agriculture, who shall be *ex officio*  
 12 secretary and executive officer of this board; the State Veterinarian; the pres-  
 13 ident and secretary of the Illinois Horse Breeders' Association, who shall not  
 14 be one and the same person; and the president of the Illinois Farmers In-  
 15 stitute.

Sec. 3. In order to obtain the license certificate herein provided for, the  
 2 owner of each stallion or jack shall forward an application, together with an af-  
 3 fidavit signed by a veterinarian licensed to practice in Illinois, to the effect that  
 4 he has personally examined such stallion or jack and that to the best of his  
 5 knowledge and belief said stallion or jack is free from any of the diseases named  
 6 in section four (4), paragraph one (1), of this Act, both in regular form as  
 7 prescribed and furnished by the Stallion Registration Board.

8 The owner of any pure-bred stallion or jack making application for license,  
 9 shall furnish to the Stallion Registration Board at the time the application for  
 10 license is made, the stud book certificate of registry of said stallion or jack, and  
 11 also all transfers, together with all other papers necessary to establish the breed-  
 12 ing and ownership. Upon verification of pedigree, certificate of breeding, trans-  
 13 fers of ownership and receipt of veterinarian's affidavit of soundness as pro-  
 14 vided for in this Act, a license certificate shall be issued to the owner making  
 15 application for same. The refusal or failure to forward papers showing breed-  
 16 ing and ownership as provided for in this section, shall be taken as evidence of  
 17 their non-existence, and in all such cases, licenses as pure-bred animals shall be  
 18 denied.

Sec. 4. The presence of any one of the following named diseases shall dis-

2 qualify a stallion or jack for public service; glanders, mange, urethral gleet, mala-  
3 die du coit, exanthema, and other venereal diseases. The inspecting veterinar-  
4 ian is hereby duly authorized to refuse to give an affidavit of soundness to the  
5 owner of any stallion or jack affected with any one or more of the said diseases,  
6 and shall report same to the secretary of the Stallion Registration Board.

7 Stallions or jacks affected with any of the following named unsoundnesses  
8 may receive a license certificate: Laryngeal hemiplegia, heaves, bog spavin,  
9 side bone, navicular disease, curb with curby formation of hock, crampiness,  
10 and stringhalt, melanosia, bone spavin, ring bone, periodic ophthalmia, blind-  
11 ness in one or both eyes, cataract, cryptorchidism; but each certificate shall  
12 clearly state that the stallion or jack is unsound and shall specify the sound-  
13 ness or unsoundness.

Sec. 5. The Stallion Registration Board shall make and keep records of all

2 stallions and jacks enrolled in the State of Illinois, said stallions and jacks to  
3 be licensed as "pure-bred," "cross-bred," according as the facts may have been  
4 determined. Upon making the enrollment of said stallion or jack, the Stallion  
5 Registration Board shall issue a license certificate as above provided.

Sec. 6. The owner of any stallion or jack used for public service in this

2 State shall post and keep affixed during the entire breeding season or sea-  
3 sons, a copy of the license certificate of such stallion or jack, issued under the  
4 provisions of this Act, in a conspicuous place upon the stall door or in the en-  
5 closure leading to said stall of every stable or building where said stallion or  
6 jack is used for public service. Said copies shall be printed in bold face type not  
7 smaller than great primer.

8 Each bill, poster, newspaper advertisement or any other form of advertise-  
9 ment shall show the license number and state whether it reads "pure-bred,"  
10 "grade," or "cross-bred," and shall not contain pedigrees or other matter that  
11 is untruthful or misleading. The words "Pure-bred," "Grade," or "Cross-  
12 bred," used on bills, or poster, shall be in type not smaller than one inch in



13 height and must be printed immediately above or below the name of the stallion or jack.

Sec. 7. A pure-bred license certificate shall be issued for a stallion or jack whose pedigree is registered in a stud book recognized by the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., in an Act entitled, "An Act to provide revenue, equalize duties, and encourage the industries of the United States, and for other purposes," approved August 5, 1909, or the pedigree of which is registered in the stud book of one of the following named associations, societies, clubs or corporations: American Association of Importers and Breeders of Belgian Draft Horses, American Breeders' Association of Jacks and Jennetts, The American Breeders' and Importers' Percheron Registry Company, American Clydesdale Association, American Hackney Horse Society, American Morgan Registry Association, American Saddle Horse Breeders' Association, American Shetland Pony Club, American Shire Horse Association, American Suffolk Horse Association, American Trotting Register Association, Arabian Horse Club of America, Cleveland Bay Society of America, French Coach Horse Society of America, German, Hanoverian and Oldenburg Coach Horse Association of America, The Jockey Club, National French Draft Horse Association of America, Percheron Society of America, Welsh Pony and Cob Society of America.

A grade license certificate shall be issued for a stallion or jack whose pedigree is not registered in one of the above named associations, societies, clubs or corporations or which is not entitled to a cross-bred license.

A cross-bred license certificate shall be issued for a stallion or jack whose sire and dam are pure-bred but not of the same breed, and are recorded in the recognized associations of the breeds to which they belong.

The license certificates issued by the Stallion Registration Board shall be in such form or forms as prescribed and designated by the board, to show the true breeding and condition of soundness or unsoundness of the stallion or jack enrolled.

Sec. 8. A fee of two (2.00) dollars shall be paid to the secretary of the Illinois Stallion Registration Board at the time application is made for enrollment and license which shall include the examination of each stallion or jack application; the examination of pedigree in case of pure-bred animals; the enrollment of the name, description and ownership of each stallion or jack as "pure-bred," "grade," or "cross-bred"; the issuance of a license certificate in accordance with the breeding of the stallion or jack, and to further carry out the provisions of this Act. If the license certificate should be refused on account of disqualification of the animal, or by reason of the failure of the applicant to furnish proof of registration and ownership as required by section five (5), this fee shall be retained by the Stallion Registration Board as compensation for its work incident to such application for enrollment and license, the same as if license certificate was issued. Said license certificate when issued shall be effective from date of issue until the 31st day of the following December.

Renewal license certificates shall be issued annually, between the first day of January and the first day of April of each year upon the filing of the original or last renewal license certificate with the secretary and the payment of a renewal fee, which shall be one dollar (\$1.00).

Upon a transfer of ownership of any stallion or jack enrolled under the provisions of this Act, the license certificate may be transferred to the owner by the secretary of the Stallion Registration Board, upon submittal of satisfactory proof of such transfer of ownership and upon the payment of a fee of fifty cents.

Duplicate license certificates shall be issued only upon receipt of affidavit of owner or agent showing satisfactory proof of the loss or destruction of the original license certificate or renewal thereof and upon the payment of a fee of one (1.00) dollar for a duplicate original license certificate or a fee of fifty cents for a duplicate renewal license certificate.

Sec. 9. Every licensed stallion or jack shall be exempt from further inspection, unless from later developments it becomes known to the board from written

3 information or otherwise, or a complaint is filed with the board certified to by  
4 three men, one of whom shall be a licensed veterinarian, that said stallion or jack  
5 has one or more of the diseases specified in section four (4) of this Act. When  
6 such information is received, or complaint is made and a request for inspection  
7 asked for, such complaint shall be filed with the secretary of the Illinois  
8 Stallion Registration Board, who shall have another examination made. If such  
9 information or complaint is verified, it shall be so reported to the secretary, who  
10 shall revoke the license in force or reclassify same.

11 The board shall have the right at any time to take cognizance of any fraud  
12 which may have been perpetrated or attempted in connection with an application  
13 for a license certificate or certificate of soundness and when such cases arise, the  
14 board is authorized to revoke the license or to take such other action as the facts  
15 in the case may warrant.

Sec. 10. Any person violating any of the provisions of this Act shall be  
2 guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof before any magistrate, justice  
3 of the peace, or other judicial officer of the county wherein the violation is  
4 committed, shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five (25.00) dollars  
5 and not exceeding one hundred (100.00) dollars for each offense. All fines  
6 shall be for the use of the State of Illinois, and shall be paid to the secretary  
7 of the Stallion Registration Board.

Sec. 11. The funds accruing from the above named fees and fines shall be  
2 turned into the State treasury at the times and in the manner provided by law.

Sec. 12. Each member of the Stallion Registration Board, excepting the  
2 secretary, shall receive for his services five (5.00) dollars per day for each day  
3 actually employed under the provisions of this Act, together with his traveling  
4 expenses; the secretary shall receive for his services an amount agreed upon by  
5 the board, all of which shall be appropriated by the General Assembly.

6 It shall be the duty of the above said Stallion Registration Board to make  
7 an annual report, including financial statement, to the Governor of the State, and

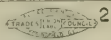
8 to enforce this law. All financial and other records shall be subject to inspec-  
9 tion at any time by a public examiner.

Sec. 13. All Acts or parts of Acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 14. This Act shall take effect and be in force on and after January  
2 1, 1916.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Fieldstack, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act to provide for and appropriate one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00), for each of the members elect of the Forty-ninth General Assembly, to cover the expenses of a secretary for each of said members.

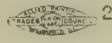
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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That there shall be, and there hereby is,  
3 appropriated, for each and every of the members elect of the Forty-ninth  
4 General Assembly of the State of Illinois, the sum of one thousand dollars  
5 (\$1,000.00), the said amounts to cover the expenses of a secretary to each of  
6 said members.

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed  
2 to draw his warrants upon the State Treasurer for the said several amounts  
3 of one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) each in favor of the said several members  
4 elect of the Forty-ninth General Assembly, payable out of any money in the  
5 treasury not otherwise appropriated, and the State Treasurer is hereby au-  
6 thorized and directed to pay such warrants out of the money in the treasury not  
7 otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 3. Whereas, an emergency exists, now therefore this Act shall be in  
2 force from and after its passage.





1 Introduced by Mr. Flagg, March 18, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Contingent Ex-  
penses.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend sections four (4) and five (5) of an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the election and appointment of officers and employees of the General Assembly of the State and fix their compensation, and to repeal certain Acts therein named," approved and in force May 25, 1911.

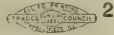
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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That sections four (4) and five (5) of  
3 "An Act to provide for the election and appointment of officers and em-  
4 ployees of the General Assembly of the State and fix their compensation and to  
5 repeal certain Acts therein named," approved and in force May 25, 1911, be and  
6 the same are amended to read as follows:

7 Sec. 4. The Senate and House of Representatives shall appoint or cause  
8 to be appointed not to exceed ten (10) committee clerks in the Senate, and fif-  
9 teen (15) committee clerks in the House of Representatives, *provided, that every*  
10 *committee clerk appointed shall be an expert stenographer.*



11       Sec. 5. The Senate shall appoint *four* (4) janitors and *two* (2) *cloak room*  
12 *men*, three (3) policemen, ten (10) pages, and eight (8) stenographers. The  
13 House of Representatives shall appoint *six* (6) janitors and *four* (4) *cloak room*  
14 *men*, six (6) policemen, eighteen (18) pages, and sixteen (16) stenographers.  
15 The Speaker of the House and the President of the Senate shall appoint a mail  
16 carrier at the same per diem as policemen, to have charge and be responsible for  
17 the transmission of the mail matter for either branch of the General Assembly  
18 to and from the post office of the city and the State house, and also a chaplain  
19 for each branch of the General Assembly, at a per diem of \$3.00: *Provided,*  
20 *that to the list of employees designated in this Section there shall be allowed*  
21 *no additions whatever, except by a two-thirds vote of the total membership in*  
22 *either House, and no employee shall draw pay for any legislative day on which*  
23 *he fails to register.*



1 Adopted April 16, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 372 by inserting after the word "appoint" in line  
2 eleven (11) of the printed bill, the words "one messenger".

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 372 by inserting after the word "appoint" in line  
2 thirteen (13) of the printed bill, the words "one messenger".





1 Introduced by Mr. Fahy, March 18, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

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## A BILL

For an Act to provide for the teaching of local geography in the public schools.

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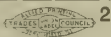
SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That a plat book to be approved by the  
3 State Superintendent of Public Instruction, showing the government surveys,  
4 public roads, county, town and section lines, rivers, streams, bodies of water,  
5 chains of hills and in general the topography of the county, shall be placed by  
6 the county superintendent of public instruction in every public school in his coun-  
7 ty: *Provided*, that in schools containing more than one room, such plat book  
8 shall be placed in the room in which geography is principally taught.

Sec. 2. The directors, board of education or other officers in charge of such  
2 public schools shall provide for the payment and pay for such plat book out of the  
3 school funds available for the purchase of school supplies.

Sec. 3. In every school the teaching of local geography shall be a part of  
2 the curriculum in at least one grade.







1 Introduced by Mr. Gregory, March 18, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation to pay for certain services rendered by W. P.  
McGuire.

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WHEREAS, At page 37 of the House Journal of the Third Special Session of  
2 the 47th (1912) General Assembly of this State, the following is recited:

3 “WHEREAS, W. P. McGuire, during the session of the Forty-seventh Gen-  
4 eral Assembly from January 3 to May 19, 1911, rendered faithful, laborious  
5 service, performing the work of four men during the first forty days, in ven-  
6 tilating the House, and being in charge of House supplies; and

7 WHEREAS, The pay he received for such service, \$2.50 per day, being so small  
8 that after paying expenses, railroad fare, board, etc., left him pay of less than  
9 \$1.00 per day for 137 days; and

10 WHEREAS, At the close of the session, he was by resolution, with others, al-  
11 lowed extra pay for said service of one dollar (\$1.00) per day; and

12 WHEREAS, Said resolution was misplaced so that he never received such pay;  
13 it is therefore

14       *Ordered*, That the Auditor of State issue to him an order on the Treasurer  
15 for the sum of \$137.00 for such extra service."

16       AND, WHEREAS, The sum provided for by said resolution was never paid be-  
17 cause the appropriation thereby made was exhausted before the claim was pre-  
18 sented.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of one hundred thirty-seven  
3 dollars (\$137.00) is hereby appropriated and directed to be paid from any  
4 funds not otherwise appropriated in the treasury of Illinois, which said sum  
5 shall be paid by the Treasurer upon the warrant of the Auditor of Public Ac-  
6 counts of Illinois to said W. P. McGuire.

Sec. 2. WHEREAS, An emergency exists; this Act shall be in force and take  
2 effect from and after its passage and approval.

- 1 Introduced by Mr. Groves, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the holding of primary elections by political parties," approved March 9, 1910, in force July 1, 1910, by amending section one (1) thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the holding of primary elections by political parties," approved March 9, 1910, in force July 1, 1910, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section one (1) thereof, so that the said section one (1) when amended shall read as follows:

Sec. 1. The nomination of all candidates for elective State, Congressional, county, and for city and village having above five thousand (5,000) inhabitants (including officers of the Municipal Court of Chicago) town and judicial officers, members of the State Board of Equalization, clerks of the Appellate Courts, trustees of sanitary districts, township officers in townships co-extensive with cities, incorporated towns or villages and for the election of precinct, ward and State central committeemen and delegates and alternate delegates to National



14 nominating conventions by all political parties as defined by section two (2) of  
15 this Act shall be made in the manner provided in this Act and not otherwise:  
16 *Provided*, that this Act shall not apply to the nomination of candidates for elec-  
17 tors of President and Vice-President of the United States and trustees of the  
18 University of Illinois: *And, provided, further*, that this Act shall not apply to  
19 school elections and township elections other than in townships co-extensive with  
20 cities, incorporated towns or villages: *And, provided, also, that in counties not*  
21 *under township organization it shall not be necessary to hold primaries for the*  
22 *nomination of county commissioner in the odd year in which only a single com-*  
23 *missioner is to be elected, but such nomination may be made by convention as*  
24 *formerly provided by law.* The words “township officers” or “township  
25 offices” shall be construed when used in this Act to include supervisors and as-  
26 sistant supervisors.

- 1 Introduced by Mr. Holaday, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

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## A BILL

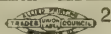
For an Act to legalize certain Elections held since July 1, 1911, under and by virtue of "An Act to authorize the organization of high school districts," approved June 5, 1911, and in force July 1, 1911, and all proceedings taken in pursuance thereof, and to abate certain pending suits.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That whenever any election has been held  
3 since July 1, 1911, under and by virtue of "An Act to authorize the organiza-  
4 tion of high school districts," approved June 5, 1911, and in force July 1, 1911,  
5 at which the votes of women may have been the deciding factor in carrying such  
6 election then, and in such case, such elections are hereby made and held to be  
7 legal, valid and binding, and all high school districts organized under and by vir-  
8 tue of such elections and in pursuance thereof, if otherwise legally organized,  
9 are hereby held and declared to be duly and legally organized and made valid  
10 and binding, and all officers elected and all acts done under and by virtue of  
11 such elections and in pursuance thereof, if otherwise legal, are hereby made

12 valid and declared to be legal, binding and of full force and effect, and all pend-  
13 ing suits, questioning the validity of such elections on the aforesaid grounds,  
14 shall abate.

Sec. 2. Whereas, an emergency exists, therefore, this Act shall be in full  
2 force and effect from and after its passage and approval.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Holaday, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend section 270 of an Act entitled, "An Act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved and in force June 12th, 1909.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section 270 of an Act entitled, "An  
3 Act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved and in force  
4 June 12th, 1909, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows,  
5 to-wit:

6       Sec. 270. Any woman who shall be a citizen of the United States, above the  
7 age of 21 years, having resided in this State one year, in the county ninety days,  
8 and in the election district thirty days next preceding any election therein, held  
9 under the general or special school laws of this State, shall be entitled to vote at  
10 such election, when registered in the manner provided by law, for all school offi-  
11 cers *and upon all questions or propositions not mentioned in the Constitution*  
12 *of this State.* If any such election shall occur at the time other public officers  
13 are elected, the ballot offered by any woman shall contain only the names of can-  
14 didates and the questions or propositions for which women may vote. Such



15 ballots shall be deposited in a separate ballot box, but shall be canvassed with  
16 other ballots cast at such election for such school officers and upon such questions  
17 or propositions.

Sec. 2. WHEREAS, An emergency exists; therefore, this Act shall be in full  
2 force and effect from and after its passage and approval.



1 Introduced by Mr. Hrubby, March 18, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to suppress pickpockets and to provide for a penalty for a violation thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That any person or persons who, in a  
3 crowd or in any other public place, wrongfully and fraudulently take money,  
4 goods, chattels or effects, or any article of value, from the person of another,  
5 privately without his knowledge, with intent to steal the same, shall be guilty  
6 of a felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary for not  
7 less than one (1) year nor more than ten (10) years at the discretion of the court.





1 Introduced by Mr. Igoe, March 18, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

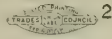
For an Act permitting the bringing of an action at law for injury or wrongful death occurring outside of the State of Illinois, within the State of Illinois.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That whenever any person is injured by  
3 the wrongful act, neglect, or default of another, or death results from the  
4 wrongful act, neglect, or default of another, including the wrongful act of a  
5 corporation in any state, territory, or foreign country, for which injury or  
6 death a right to maintain an action and recover damages in respect thereof is  
7 given by the statutes or laws of such other state, territory, or foreign country.  
8 such right of action may be enforced in the courts of this State.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Lyle, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act regarding places used for purposes of lewdness, assignation, or prostitution, to declare the same to be public nuisances, and to provide for the more effectual suppression thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* All buildings or places, and the fix-  
3 tures and movable contents thereof, used for purposes of lewdness, assignation,  
4 or prostitution, are hereby declared to be public nuisances, and may be abated  
5 as hereinafter provided. The owners, agents, and occupants of any such  
6 building or place shall be deemed guilty of maintaining a public nuisance, and  
7 may be enjoined as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. The State's Attorney or any citizen of the county in which such  
2 a nuisance exists, may maintain a bill in equity, in the name of the People of  
3 the State of Illinois, perpetually to enjoin all persons from maintaining or per-  
4 mitting such nuisance, and to abate the same, and to enjoin the use of such  
5 building or place for any purpose for a period of one year. Upon the filing of  
6 a verified petition therefor, in any court of competent jurisdiction, the court

7 in term time, or a judge in vacation, if satisfied that the nuisance complained  
8 of exists, shall allow a temporary writ of injunction, without bond, enjoining  
9 the defendant from maintaining any such nuisance within the jurisdiction of the  
10 court issuing such writ, provided, no such injunction shall issue unless it be  
11 made to appear to the satisfaction of the court that the owner or agent of such  
12 building or place knew, or had been personally served with notice that such  
13 building or place was being so used and had failed to abate such nuisance, or  
14 that upon diligent inquiry such owner or agent could not be found within the  
15 United States for the service of such preliminary notice.

Sec. 3. The defendant shall be held to answer the allegations of the bill of  
2 complaint as in other chancery proceedings. At all hearings upon the merits,  
3 evidence of the general reputation of such building or place, of the inmates  
4 thereof, and of those resorting thereto, shall be admissible for the purpose of  
5 proving the existence of such nuisance. If the bill is filed upon the relation  
6 of a citizen, the proceeding shall not be dismissed for want of prosecution, nor  
7 upon motion of such relator, unless there is filed with such motion a sworn  
8 statement made by such relator and his attorney, setting forth the reasons there-  
9 for, and unless such dismissal is approved by the State's Attorney in writing  
10 or in open court. If the court is of the opinion that such proceeding ought not  
11 be dismissed it may overrule such motion and may enter an order directing the  
12 State's Attorney to prosecute such cause to final determination. The cause shall  
13 be heard immediately upon issue being joined, and if the hearing is continued  
14 beyond the next term, the court in term time, or a judge in vacation, may per-  
15 mit any citizen of the county consenting thereto to be substituted for the orig-  
16 inal relator. If any such bill is filed upon the relation of a citizen, and the court  
17 finds that there was no reasonable ground or cause for filing the same, the costs  
18 may be taxed against such relator.

Sec. 4. The complainant at any time before, but not later than ten days  
2 after, the filing of the answer, unless further time be granted by the court,  
3 may file interrogatories in writing concerning matters material to the allega-

tions of the bill, or respecting the ownership of the property upon which it is claimed the nuisance is maintained. A full answer to each interrogatory under the oath of the defendant shall be filed with the clerk within ten days after a copy of the interrogatories has been served upon him or his solicitor. For a failure to so answer interrogatories the court may strike the answer to the bill from the files and enter default and a decree *pro confesso*, and a rule to answer interrogatories may be entered and the court may punish a defendant for contempt of court for a refusal to obey such rule. No person shall be excused from answering interrogatories under oath on the ground that an answer may tend to criminate him or subject him to a penalty or forfeiture. The answer shall be evidence against, but not on behalf of, the defendant; it shall not be used against him in any criminal proceeding nor shall he be prosecuted or subjected to a penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction, matter, or thing disclosed by him in such answer responsive to the interrogatories.

Sec. 5. If the existence of the nuisance is established, the court shall enter a decree perpetually restraining all persons from maintaining or permitting such nuisance, and from using the building or place in which the same is maintained for any purpose for a period of one year thereafter, unless such decree is sooner vacated, as hereinafter provided. While said decree remains in effect, such building or place shall be in the custody of the court. An order of abatement shall also issue as a part of such decree, which order shall direct the sheriff of the county to remove from such building or place all fixtures and movable property used in conducting or aiding or abetting such nuisance, and to sell the same in the manner provided by law for the sale of chattels under execution, and to close such building or place against its use for any purpose, and to keep it closed for a period of one year unless sooner released as hereinafter provided. The sheriff's fees for removing and selling the movable property shall be taxed as a part of the costs, and shall be the same as those for levying upon and selling like property under execution. For closing the building



16 and keeping it closed the court shall allow a reasonable fee to be taxed as part of  
17 the costs.

Sec. 6. The proceeds of the sale of the movable property shall be applied  
2 in payment of the costs of the proceeding and of the abatement, and the bal-  
3 ance, if any, shall be paid to the defendant or other person having an interest  
4 in said property.

Sec. 7. In case of the violation of any injunction or order of abatement is-  
2 sued under the provisions of this Act, the court in term time, or a judge in  
3 vacation, may summarily try and punish the offender for his contempt of court.  
4 The hearing may be had upon affidavits, or either party may demand the pro-  
5 duction and oral examination of witnesses.

Sec. 8. If the owner of such building or place shall not have been guilty  
2 of any contempt of court in the proceeding, and shall appear and pay all costs  
3 which may have been assessed and shall file a bond with sureties to be approved  
4 by the clerk, in the penal sum of the full value of the property, to be ascertained  
5 by the court in term time, or by a judge in vacation, conditioned that such  
6 owner will immediately abate such nuisance and prevent the same from being  
7 established or maintained therein within a period of one year thereafter, the  
8 court shall vacate such decree and order of abatement, so far as the same may  
9 relate to such building or place, and shall also vacate the order directing the  
10 sale of the movable property. The release herein provided for shall not release  
11 such property from any judgment, lien, penalty, or liability to which it may  
12 be otherwise subject by law.

Sec. 9. Whenever a fine or costs shall be assessed under the provisions  
2 of this Act against the owner of any property herein declared to be a public  
3 nuisance, such fine or costs shall constitute a lien upon such property to the  
4 extent of the interest of such owner, and an order of execution shall issue  
5 thereon.

Sec. 10. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, or part of this Act shall for  
any reason be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid,  
such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder of this Act,  
but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, or  
part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall  
have been rendered.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, }  
COUNTY OF COOK. } ss.

I, Francis D. Connery, city clerk of the city of Chicago, do hereby certify  
that the annexed and foregoing is a true and correct copy of a certain bill en-  
titled

“A bill for an Act regarding places used for purposes of lewd-  
ness, assignation, or prostitution, to declare the same to be public nuis-  
ances, and to provide for the more effectual suppression thereof,”

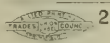
which said bill was unanimously recommended by the city council of the city of  
Chicago, for enactment into law on the fifteenth (15th) day of February, A. D.  
1915.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the corporate  
seal of the city aforesaid, at the said city, in the county and State aforesaid,  
this twenty-fifth (25) day of February, 1915.

FRANCIS D. CONNERY,

*City Clerk.*





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Lyle, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, by adding thereto additional sections to be known as sections 57A-1 and 57A-2.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to revise  
3 the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in  
4 force July 1, 1874, be amended by adding thereto additional sections to be known  
5 as sections 57A-1 and 57A-2 as follows:

6 Sec. 57A-1. Whoever shall keep or maintain a house of ill-fame or assign-  
7 nation, or place for the practice of fornication or prostitution or lewdness shall,  
8 upon conviction, be punished by imprisonment in the county jail or house of cor-  
9 rection for a period of not more than one (1) year, or by a fine not exceeding one  
10 thousand dollars, or both.

11 Sec. 57A-2. Whoever is an inmate of, or a patron of, or is found in a house  
12 of ill-fame or assignation, or place for the practice of fornication or prostitution  
13 or lewdness, or who shall solicit to prostitution in any street, alley, park, or



14 other place in any city, village or incorporated town in this State, shall be fined  
 15 not exceeding two hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail or house of  
 16 correction for a period of not more than one (1) year, or both.

17 STATE OF ILLINOIS, }  
 18 County of Cook. } ss.

19 I, Francis D. Connery, city clerk of the city of Chicago, do hereby certify  
 20 that the annexed and foregoing is a true and correct copy of a certain bill en-  
 21 titled, "A bill for an Act to amend an Act entitled, 'An Act to revise the law in  
 22 relation to criminal jurisprudence,' approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1,  
 23 1874, by adding thereto additional sections to be known as sections 57A-1 and  
 24 57A-2," which said bill was unanimously recommended by the city council of the  
 25 city of Chicago for enactment into law on the fifteenth (15th) day of January,  
 26 A. D. 1915.

27 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the corporate  
 28 seal of the city aforesaid, at the said city, in the county and State aforesaid, this  
 29 twenty-fifth (25th) day of February, 1915.

30 [SEAL]

FRANCIS D. CONNERY,

31

*City Clerk.*

- 1 Introduced by Mr. Merritt, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act to make an appropriation to the State Bee-Keepers' Association.

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WHEREAS, The members of the Illinois State Bee-Keepers' Association have for years given much time and labor without compensation in the endeavor to promote the interests of the Bee-Keepers of the State; and,

WHEREAS, The importance of the industry to the farmers and fruit growers of the State warrants the expenditure of a reasonable sum for the holding of annual meetings, the publication of reports and papers containing practical information concerning bee-keeping; therefore to sustain the same and enable this organization to defray the expenses of annual meetings, publishing reports, suppressing foul brood among bees in the State, and promote the industry in Illinois:

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That there be and is hereby appropriated

3 for the use of the Illinois State Bee-Keepers' Association the sum of one thou-  
4 sand (\$1,000) dollars per annum for the years 1915 and 1916. For the purpose  
5 of advancing the growth and developing the interests of Bee-Keepers of Illi-  
6 nois, said sum to be expended under the direction of the Illinois State Bee-Keep-  
7 ers' Association for the purpose of paying the expenses of holding annual  
8 meetings, publishing the proceedings of said meetings, suppressing foul brood  
9 among bees in Illinois, etc.: *Provided, however,* that no officer or officers of the  
10 Illinois State Bee-Keepers' Association shall be entitled to receive any money  
11 compensation whatever for the same, out of this fund.

Sec. 2. That on the order of the president, countersigned by the secretary  
2 of the Illinois State Bee-Keepers' Association and approved by the Governor,  
3 the Auditor of Public Accounts shall draw his warrant on the Treasurer of the  
4 State of Illinois in favor of the treasurer of the Illinois State Bee-Keepers' As-  
5 sociation for the sum herein appropriated.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the treasurer of the Illinois State Bee-Keep-  
2 ers' Association to pay out of said appropriation, on itemized and receipted  
3 vouchers, such sums as may be authorized by a vote of said organization on the  
4 order of the president, countersigned by the secretary, and make annual re-  
5 port to the Governor of all such expenditures, as provided by law.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Mitchell, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Civil Service.

A BILL

For an Act to amend section six (6) of an Act entitled, “An Act for the assessment of property and providing the means therefor, and to repeal a certain Act therein named,” approved February 25, 1898, as amended by an Act approved April 24, 1899.

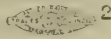
SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That section six (6) of an Act entitled, “An Act for the assessment of property and providing the means therefor, and to repeal a certain Act therein named,” approved February 25, 1898, as amended by an Act approved April 24, 1899, be amended to read as follows:

Sec. 6. The board of assessors shall have power, *in conformity to the provisions of section 61 of an Act entitled, “An Act to revise the law in relation to counties,” approved March 31, 1874, as amended by Acts approved respectively May 20, 1879, June 14, 1887, June 26, 1895, May 16, 1905, and June 8, 1909,* to appoint as many suitable persons as in their judgment are necessary to act as deputies, subject to the approval of the board of review as to the number and time of service of such deputies to assist them in making the assessment, who shall



13 perform such duties as may be assigned to them by the board of assessors. They  
14 shall hold their office during the will of the board of assessors, and shall receive  
15 such compensation as shall be determined by the board, not exceeding five dollars  
16 (\$5.00) per day: *Provided*, that the assessors and deputy assessors of counties  
17 of one hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants or over shall be paid for  
18 their services out of the county treasury. Such deputy assessors shall before  
19 entering upon their duties take and subscribe the oath or affirmation prescribed  
20 for the assessors.

21 The board of assessors shall have power and authority to make and pur-  
22 chase such maps and plats as will facilitate the business of their office, which  
23 maps and plats shall always be and remain in their office, and shall be open and  
24 accessible to the public.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Mitchell, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Civil Service.

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## A. BILL

For an Act to amend section three (3) of an Act entitled, "An Act for the assessment of property and providing the means therefor and to repeal a certain Act therein named," approved February 25, 1898, as amended by an Act approved June 26, 1913.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section three (3) of an Act entitled,  
3 "An Act for the assessment of property, providing the means therefor and to  
4 repeal a certain Act therein named," approved February 25, 1898, as amended  
5 by an Act approved June 26, 1913, be and the same is hereby amended so as to  
6 read as follows:

7       Sec. 3. In all counties of this State containing one hundred and twenty-  
8 five thousand or more inhabitants there is hereby created and established a  
9 board of assessors, consisting of five persons, not more than four of whom shall  
10 be residents of any one city, to be known as the board of assessors of said  
11 county. At the regular county election to be held in such county in the year  
12 1898 for the election of county officers there shall be elected by the legal voters

13 of said county five assessors, whose terms of office shall commence on the first  
 14 day of January next ensuing, who shall hold their office, two for two years, two  
 15 for four years, and one for six years, respectively, and until their successors  
 16 are elected and qualified. And every two years thereafter, at the regular county  
 17 election in said county for the election of county officers, there  
 18 shall be elected an assessor, or two assessors, as the case may be, to succeed the  
 19 assessor or assessors whose term of office shall expire that year, whose term of  
 20 office shall commence on the first day of January next following, and shall be  
 21 six years in duration and until his or their successors shall be elected and  
 22 qualified. The assessors so elected shall qualify within ten days after the can-  
 23 vass of the vote is completed. Such assessors shall hold no other lucrative pub-  
 24 lic office or public employment. Each of said assessors, before entering upon  
 25 the duties of his office, shall take and subscribe the oath provided for in this  
 26 Act. At the first meeting of the board of assessors they shall determine by  
 27 lot which of them shall hold office for the respective terms. The chairman of  
 28 the board shall be the person having the shortest term to serve. In the years  
 29 when two persons shall be serving the shortest terms it shall be determined by  
 30 lot which of such two persons shall be chairman. Each assessor shall receive as  
 31 compensation such sum as may be fixed by the county board, to be paid out of  
 32 the county treasury.

33 In case of any vacancy in said board, or the failure of any person elected  
 34 to that office to qualify, the board of review provided for in such counties may  
 35 appoint a person to fill such vacancy until his successor shall be elected and shall  
 36 qualify and an assessor to fill such vacancy shall be elected at the next regular  
 37 county election.

38 Said board of assessors shall, *in conformity to the provisions of section 61*  
 39 *of an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to counties," approved*  
 40 *March 31, 1874, as amended by Acts approved respectively May 20, 1879,*  
 41 *June 14, 1887, June 26, 1895, May 16, 1905, and June 8, 1909,* have power to  
 42 employ a chief clerk, who shall have charge of the office of such board, and such  
 43 other clerical help as may be necessary, subject to the approval of the board of

44 review as to the number thereof, who shall hold office during the pleasure of the  
45 board, and who shall be present and in attendance at all proper business hours.  
46 Such chief clerk shall take and subscribe an oath of office that he will honestly  
47 and faithfully perform all duties of such office under the direction of said board,  
48 and he shall have power to administer all oaths authorized by law to be admin-  
49 istered by assessors, and the compensation of such clerk shall be fixed by such  
50 board, subject to the approval of the board of review, not to exceed ten dollars  
51 per day for each working day.

52 In all townships in such counties not lying wholly within the limits of one  
53 city, the township assessor shall be *ex officio* the deputy assessor to make the  
54 assessments in the township wherein he is elected: *Provided*, that if, in any  
55 such township, said township assessor shall not be able, by himself alone, within  
56 the time allowed by law to make the assessment of said township, then any ad-  
57 ditional deputy assessor or deputy assessors required to make such assessment,  
58 shall be residents and legal voters of such township, and shall be nominated by  
59 the board of auditors of such township, and appointed by the board of assessors  
60 only upon such nomination, and deputy assessors so appointed shall act under  
61 the supervision of the *ex officio* deputy town assessors.







1 Introduced by Mr. Mitchell, March 18, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Civil Service.

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## A BILL

For an Act to regulate the civil service of sanitary districts under “An Act to create sanitary districts, and to remove obstructions in the Des Plaines and Illinois rivers,” approved May 29, 1889, in force July 1, 1889, and all Acts amendatory thereof, by amending section four (4) and by adding thereto twelve (12) new sections to be known as section 4a, section 4b, section 4c, section 4d, section 4e, section 4f, section 4g, section 4h, section 4i, section 4j, section 4k and section 4l.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section four (4) of the Act entitled,  
3 “An Act to create sanitary districts, and to remove obstructions in the Des  
4 Plaines and Illinois rivers,” approved May 29, 1889, in force July 1, 1889 as  
5 amended by all Acts amendatory thereof, be and the same is hereby amended  
6 by amending section four (4) thereof and by adding thereto twelve (12) new  
7 additional sections to be known as section 4a, section 4b, section 4c, section 4d,  
8 section 4e, section 4f, section 4g, section 4h, section 4i, section 4j, section 4k,  
9 and section 4l; which said section as amended and said additional sections  
10 shall read as follows:

Sec. 4. The trustees elected in pursuance of the foregoing provisions of this Act shall constitute a board of trustees for the district by which they are elected, which board of trustees is hereby declared to be the corporate authorities of such sanitary district, and shall exercise all the powers and manage and control all the affairs and property of such district, *subject to the provisions of the State Civil Service Law as hereinafter provided*. Said board of trustees shall, *pursuant to the terms of this Act*, have the right to appoint a clerk, treasurer, chief engineer and attorney for such municipality, who shall give bond as may be required by said board. Said board may prescribe the duties and fix the compensation of all the officers and employees of said sanitary district: *Provided, however*, that the salary of the president of said board of trustees who shall be elected at any election held subsequent to the year 1910 shall in no case exceed seven thousand five hundred (\$7,500) dollars per annum and the salary of each of the other trustees elected subsequent to the year 1910, shall not exceed five thousand (\$5,000) dollars per annum. Any incumbent of the office of trustees (excepting said president) whose term is now running and does not expire until after the passage of this Act, may appoint a private secretary, and such appointment shall remain in force until revoked by the trustee making the same, and such secretary shall receive a salary at the rate of two thousand (\$2,000) dollars per annum, payable monthly. No trustee (excepting the president) shall be entitled to appoint such private secretary during such time as he shall receive the maximum salary herein authorized. Any incumbent of the office of president heretofore or hereafter elected may appoint a private secretary, which secretary shall receive a salary not to exceed three thousand five hundred (\$3,500) dollars per annum, payable monthly. Any such appointment shall remain in force until revoked by such president or until the expiration of his term of office.

Said board of trustees shall have full power to pass all necessary ordinances, orders, rules, resolutions and regulations for the proper management and conduct of the business of said board of trustees and of said corporation and for carrying into effect the object for which such sanitary district is formed. All

ordinances, orders, rules, resolutions and regulations passed by said board of trustees shall, before they take effect, be approved by the president of said board of trustees, and if he shall approve thereof, he shall sign the same, and such as he shall not approve, he shall return to the board of trustees with his objections thereto in writing at the next regular meeting of said board of trustees occurring after the passage thereof. Such veto may extend to any one or more items or appropriations contained in any ordinance making an appropriation, or to the entire ordinance, and in case the veto extends to a part of such ordinance, the residue thereof shall take effect and be in force, but in case the president of such board of trustees shall fail to return any ordinance, order, rule, resolution or regulation, with his objections thereto by the time aforesaid, he shall be deemed to have approved the same, and the same shall take effect accordingly. Upon the return of any ordinance, order, rule, resolution or regulation by the president, the vote by which the same was passed shall be reconsidered by the board of trustees, and if upon such reconsideration two-thirds of all the members elect shall agree by yeas and nays to pass the same, it shall go into effect notwithstanding the president may refuse to approve thereof.

Sec. 4a. *All officers and employees in the service of any sanitary district organized under this Act, except members of the board of trustees provided for herein, shall be appointed and employed under and subject to the provisions of "An Act to regulate the civil service of the State of Illinois," approved May 11, 1905, in force November 1, 1905, as amended by all Acts amendatory thereof. The State Civil Service Commission provided under the aforesaid Act shall classify all the offices and places of employment in the service of any such sanitary district, with the exception of the trustees of such district, and the offices and places of employment so classified shall, for the purpose of applying the provisions of the State Civil Service law, be deemed to be part of the classified civil service of the State.*



Sec. 4b. *For the purpose of applying the State Civil Service Law to such sanitary district, its provisions, whenever not literally applicable to the service hereby intended to be covered, shall be applied to such service by analogy according to the spirit and purpose thereof, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained; and all future amendments of the State Civil Service Law (so far as applicable) shall likewise become applicable to such sanitary district.*

Sec. 4c. *The State Civil Service Commission shall have power to employ, in accordance with the provisions of the State Civil Service Law, an assistant examiner for such sanitary district and define his duties, which shall be performed under the direction of the chief-examiner of the commission, as the commission may order or prescribe. They may also employ such other assistants and employees as may be specially needed for the application of the law to such sanitary district. Such assistant examiner and other assistants and employees shall receive salaries to be fixed by the board of trustees of such sanitary district and to be paid out of the funds of such sanitary district. The members of the State Civil Service Commission and the employees of the commission shall be allowed their necessary traveling expenses incurred in the performance of the duties for such sanitary district as provided for herein and the said commission may incur necessary expenses for stationery, printing and other incidental expenses in the discharge of said duties, and the said expenses shall be provided for and paid by the trustees of any such district as ordinary expenses of such district.*

Sec. 4d. *The Civil Service Commission shall certify to the auditing officer of any such sanitary district all appointments to offices and places in the classified service of said sanitary district and all vacancies occurring therein, whether by dismissal, resignation or death, and all findings, made or approved by the commission; and that no person shall be discharged from the classified service except under the provisions of section twelve (12) of the State Civil Service Act.*

Sec. 4e. *No voucher shall be approved for any claim for the service of any person employed in the classified service of such sanitary district in violation of this Act or of the Civil Service Act of the State.*

Sec. 4f. *No auditing officer of any sanitary district shall approve the payment of or be in any manner concerned in paying any salary or wages to any person for services as an officer or employee in the service of any sanitary district unless such person is occupying an office or place of employment, according to the provisions of law and is actually performing the duties thereof, and is entitled to payment therefor.*

Sec. 4g. *No paymaster, treasurer, or other officer or agent of any sanitary district shall wilfully pay or be in any manner concerned in paying any person any salary or wages for such services as an officer or employee of any sanitary district unless such person is occupying an office or place of employment according to the provisions of law and is actually performing the duties thereof and is entitled to payment therefor.*

Sec. 4h. *It shall be unlawful for the auditing or any other official or officer for any sanitary district to draw, sign, or issue, or authorize the drawing, signing, or issuing of, any warrant on the treasurer or any disbursing officer of any sanitary district for the payment of, or for the treasurer or other disbursing officer of any sanitary district to pay, any salary or compensation to any officer, clerk or other person in the classified service of any sanitary district, unless an estimate, payroll or account for such salary or compensation containing the names of the persons to be paid and a statement of the amount to be paid out and the matter on account of which the same is to be paid, shall be filed with him bearing the certificate of the State Civil Service Commission, that the persons named in such estimate, payroll or account have been appointed or employed or promoted in pursuance of law and of the rules in pursuance of the State Civil Service Act.*

Sec. 4i. No officer or employee of any sanitary district shall discharge or  
 2 degrade or promote, or in any manner change the official rank or compensation  
 3 of any officer or employee in the classified service of the State, or promise or  
 4 threaten to do so, for giving or withholding or neglecting to make any contribu-  
 5 tion of money or other valuable thing, for any party or political purpose, or for  
 6 refusal or neglect to render any party or political service.

Sec. 4j. Any person who shall wilfully or through culpable negligence, vio-  
 2 late any of the provisions of sections 4a, 4b, 4c, 4d, 4e, 4f, 4g, 4h and 4i of this  
 3 Act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall on conviction thereof be pun-  
 4 ished by a fine of not less than fifty (\$50) dollars nor more than one thousand  
 5 (\$1,000) dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for a term not exceed-  
 6 ing six months, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 4k. If any person shall be convicted under the last preceding section,  
 2 any public office or place of public employment which such person may hold  
 3 shall, by force of such conviction be rendered vacant.

Sec. 4l. Prosecution for violation of this Act may be instituted either by  
 2 the Attorney General or by the State's Attorney for the county in which the  
 3 offense is alleged to have been committed, or by the State Civil Service Commis-  
 4 sion acting through special counsel. Such suits shall be conducted and controlled  
 5 by the prosecuting officers who institute them unless they request the aid of  
 6 other prosecuting officers.









- 1 Introduced by Mr. Moore, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend section 1 of an Act to provide for and fix the compensation of members of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois, approved December 6, 1907, in force July 1, 1908, as said section 1 was amended by Act approved and in force February 8, 1909, and to add a section known as "1a".

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That section 1 of "An Act to provide for the compensation of the members of the General Assembly in the State of Illinois, approved December 6, 1907, in force July 1, 1908," as said section was amended by Act approved and in force February 8, 1909, be, ~~and~~ the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 1. That the members of the General Assembly elected in the year 1916 and thereafter elected, shall receive for the period for which members of the House of Representatives of the General Assembly are elected the sum of five thousand (\$5,000.00) payable in two equal installments of twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2,500.00), each installment payable in and within the first ten days of the month of January, immediately succeeding the election at which said members were elected, and the second of said two installments payable in and

14 within the first ten days of the month of January in the year immediately suc-  
15 ceeding and subsequent of the year of the said payment falling due, of said first  
16 installment; and ten cents per mile for each mile necessarily traveled in going  
17 and coming from the seat of government of each session to be computed by the  
18 Auditor of Public Accounts, and also one hundred dollars (\$100.00) per session  
19 for each member, which shall be in full for stationery, newspapers, postage and  
20 all other incidental expenses.

21       Sec. 1a. All parts of Acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.



1 Adopted May 21, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

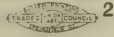
Amend House Bill No. 386 by striking out in line 18 of the printed bill the  
2 words and figures, "one hundred dollars (\$100.00)" and insert in said line 18  
3 in said printed bill in lieu thereof the words and figures as follows: "fifty dol-  
4 lars (\$50.00)."

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 386 by striking out lines 7 to 20 inclusive of section 1  
2 of the printed bill and inserting in lieu thereof the following:  
3 "Sec. 1. That the members of the General Assembly elected in the year  
4 1916 and hereafter elected shall receive for the period for which members of the  
5 House of Representatives of the General Assembly are elected, the sum of three  
6 thousand five hundred (\$3,500.00) dollars, payable during the first regular ses-  
7 sion of the General Assembly, held after the general election for members of the  
8 House of Representatives and ten cents per mile for each mile necessarily trav-  
9 eled in going to and returning from the seat of government at each session, to  
10 be computed by the Auditor of Public Accounts, and also fifty (\$50.00) dollars  
11 per session for each member which shall be in full for stationery, newspapers,  
12 postage and all other incidental expenses."







1 Introduced by Mr. Perkins, March 18, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to township organization," approved and in force March 4, 1874, by amending section 67-7 found in article seven (VII) thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to revise  
3 the law in relation to township organization," approved and in force March 4,  
4 1874, by amending section 67-7 of article seven (VII) thereof so that the said  
5 section shall read when amended as follows:

6 Sec. 67-7 of Article VII. The town shall supply a suitable ballot box or  
7 boxes, to be kept and used in like manner as ballot boxes in other elections.  
8 Incorporated towns or incorporated villages whose limits are co-extensive with  
9 the limits of a town, or in any organized town where the number of voters at  
10 the last preceding general election exceeded four hundred and fifty (450), the  
11 county board may require one or more additional ballot boxes and places for  
12 the reception of votes to be provided which places shall be selected with refer-  
13 ence to the conveniences of the electors of the town, and the county board, in

14 such cases, shall designate at which of said polling places the miscellaneous  
15 business of the town shall be transacted, and shall appoint three persons in each  
16 precinct to serve as judges of election: *Provided, however,* that in towns which  
17 lie wholly within the limits of an incorporated city, and in any town whose  
18 territorial limits are co-extensive with the territorial limits of any incorporated  
19 city, village or incorporated town, the common council of such city or the board  
20 of trustees of such incorporated village or town shall divide such towns into  
21 election precincts, and designate the voting place in each precinct, and appoint  
22 three judges of election for each precinct, who may be the same persons as are  
23 appointed as judges of election for city, town or village officers held on the  
24 same day; and shall also designate the place where the miscellaneous business  
25 of the town shall be transacted. In such towns it shall be lawful to print or  
26 write the names of candidates for city and township officers, on one ballot, and  
27 use only one ballot box at each voting place. And in all towns that are thus  
28 divided into voting precincts, it shall be the duty of the town clerk, or if there  
29 be no town clerk, it shall be the duty of the county clerk to post up, in three  
30 of the most public places of the town, a notice of each of the places in the  
31 town where the county board, city council or board of trustees has directed  
32 and required the election to be held, and of the place designated for the trans-  
33 action of the miscellaneous business of the town. The town meeting for the  
34 transaction of such miscellaneous business in such town shall be held at the hour  
35 of two o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

36 At such meeting, a moderator shall be chosen to preside, by the electors  
37 present, and the town clerk shall act as clerk of said meeting, and keep a record  
38 of the proceedings thereof. The judges of election, in their respective pre-  
39 cincts, shall cause two persons having similar qualifications with themselves to  
40 act as clerks of such election, and said judges and clerks shall conduct such  
41 election as nearly as may be in accordance with the general election laws of this  
42 State so far as applicable, except that no registration of voters shall be re-  
43 quired; and immediately upon closing the polls, they shall canvass the votes  
44 polled in the manner provided in the general election law of the State, and make

45 a written statement or certificate of the number of votes cast at such election  
46 for each person voted for, and the office for which such person received such  
47 votes, and shall within forty-eight (48) hours thereafter cause such certificate  
48 and the poll lists, together with the ballots cast at such election to be separately  
49 sealed up and transmitted to the clerk of the town. The supervisor, together  
50 with the assessor and collector, shall, within five days thereafter, meet and can-  
51 vass said returns and declare the result of said election: *Provided, further,*  
52 *that this Act shall not be construed in any manner to amend, modify or repeal*  
53 *any of the provisions of an Act entitled, "An Act regulating the holding of*  
54 *elections and declaring the result thereof in cities, villages and incorporated towns*  
55 *in this State," approved June 19, 1885, nor shall the provisions of this Act ap-*  
56 *ply to or affect any city, village or incorporated town that has, by vote of the*  
57 *electors thereof, adopted the provisions of the Act last hereinafter mentioned.*  
58 *And, provided, also, that in all cases where there shall be more than one (1)*  
59 *voting place in a town or township such town or township shall be divided into*  
60 *election precincts and no elector shall be permitted to vote at any precinct or*  
61 *general election except in the precinct in which he resides and is a qualified*  
62 *elector.*







1 Adopted May 14, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 387, as printed, by striking out in section 1, line  
2 sixty the word "precincts" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "districts."

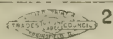
AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 387, as printed by striking out in section 1, line 60,  
2 the word "precinct" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "special."

AMENDMENT NO. 3.

Amend House Bill No. 387, as printed, by striking out in section 1, line 61,  
3 the word "precinct" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "district."





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Provine (by request), March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

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## A BILL

For an Act to extend the powers of the city council in cities and the president and board of trustees in villages and incorporated towns.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the city council in cities, and the  
3 president and board of trustees in villages and incorporated towns, shall have  
4 the power to prohibit the running at large within the corporate limits of such city,  
5 village or incorporated town, of any fowl of the species of chicken, duck, goose  
6 or turkey, and to assess the penalty thereafter against the owner of or those who  
7 control the same.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Provine (by request), March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend section one (1) of "An Act to provide for annexing and excluding territory to and from cities, towns and villages, and to unite cities, towns and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by Act approved May 10, 1901, in force July 1, 1901.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section one (1) of "An Act to pro-  
3 vide for annexing and excluding territory to and from cities, towns and villages,  
4 and to unite cities, towns and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force July  
5 1, 1872, as amended by Act approved May 10, 1901, in force July 1, 1901, be  
6 and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows, to-wit:

7       Sec. 1. That on petition in writing, signed by a majority of the property  
8 owners in any territory contiguous to any city or incorporated village or town,  
9 and not embraced within its limits, the city council or board of trustees of said  
10 city, village or town (as the case may be) shall submit to a vote of the people of  
11 said city, village or town (as the case may be) at its next regular election or a  
12 special election to be called within sixty (60) days after said petition is present-

ed, the question of the annexation of such proposed territory; *Provided, how-*  
*ever,* that where the said petition shall be presented within ninety (90) days  
prior to a regular election no special election shall be called. In case the ques-  
tion of such annexation shall receive a majority of all the votes cast at said elec-  
tion in favor thereof, the city council or board of trustees of said city, village or  
town (as the case may be) shall, within ninety days thereof, by ordinance, annex  
such territory to such city, village or town, upon filing a copy of such ordinance,  
with an accurate map of the territory annexed (duly certified by the mayor of  
the city or president of the board of trustees of the village or town), in the office  
of the recorder of deeds in the county where the annexed territory is situated,  
and having the same recorded therein: *Provided,* that no portion less than the  
whole of an incorporated city, town or village shall be annexed to another incorpo-  
rated city, town or village, except in the mode provided in this Act for the annexa-  
tion of the whole of an incorporated city, town or village to another city, town or  
village.



1 Introduced by Mr. Purdunn, March 18, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

## A BILL

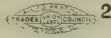
For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act in relation to the payment of the public money of the State into the State Treasury," approved June 9, 1911, in force July 1, 1911, by amending section one (1) thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act in relation to the payment of the public money of the State into the State Treasury," approved June 9, 1911, in force July 1, 1911, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section one (1) thereof, which said section when amended shall read as follows:

Sec. 1. That the Secretary of State, the Auditor of Public Accounts, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Adjutant General, the Insurance Department of the State of Illinois, the Board of Administration, the Charities Commission, the Board of Commissioners for the management of the State Library, the Illinois Stallion Registration Board, the Board of Live Stock Commissioners, the Board of Veterinary Examiners, the Railroad and Warehouse Commission, the Chief Inspector of Grain, all deputy inspectors of grain Warehouses



14 Registrars and their assistants, all State Weighmasters, the State Commission-  
15 ers of Labor, the Chief Inspector of private employment agencies, the State  
16 Board of Examiners of architects, the Board of Examiners of barbers, the  
17 Board of Fish Commissioners, the State Game Commissioner, the State Board  
18 of Health, the State Board of Pharmacy, the Illinois State Board of Dental Ex-  
19 aminers, the miners' examining boards of the respective counties, the State  
20 Board of Examiners of registered nurses, the State Entomologist, the State  
21 Fire Marshal, the State Food Commissioner, and all like executive and admin-  
22 istrative boards, commissions, commissioners, departments and institutions of  
23 the State government herein named, are hereby declared to be officers, arms,  
24 agencies and departments of the State government, and all moneys received by  
25 each of such officers, boards, commissions, commissioners, departments or in-  
26 stitutions, for or on behalf of the State, from fees, fines, penalties, forfeitures,  
27 rentals, the sales of property, or from other like sources, shall be paid into the  
28 State Treasury, and so such officer, board, commission, commissioner, depart-  
29 ment or institution shall expend any money so received for salaries, expenses  
30 or for any other purpose, except upon the warrant of the Auditor of Public  
31 Accounts based upon appropriation from the State Treasury made biennially  
32 by the General Assembly: *Provided, however, that each of the State Penal and*  
33 *Reformatory Institutions may retain as a working fund, out of which current*  
34 *expenses and accounts may be paid, the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000)*  
35 *but all other income in excess of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) shall be paid into*  
36 *the State Treasury.*



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Wm. Rowe, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, “An Act to provide for the incorporation of cities, and villages,” approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, and amendments thereto by amending section one (1) of article VIII entitled, “Of the assessment and collection of taxes.”

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That section one (1) of article VIII entitled “Of the assessment and collection of taxes” of “An Act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages”, approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, and the amendments thereto, be amended so as to read as follows:

6       Sec. 1. The city council in cities and boards of trustees in villages may  
7 levy and collect taxes for corporate purposes in the manner following:

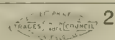
8       The city council or board of trustees, as the case may be, shall, annually, on  
9 or before the third (3rd) Tuesday in September in each year, ascertain the total  
10 amount of appropriations for all corporate purposes legally made and to be  
11 collected from the tax levy of that fiscal year; and, by an ordinance specifying  
12 in detail the purposes for which such appropriations are made, and the sum or

13 mount appropriated for each purpose respectively, levy the amount so ascer-  
14 tained upon all the property subject to taxation within the city or village as the  
15 same is assessed and equalized for State and county purposes for the current  
16 year. A certified copy of such ordinance shall be filed with the county clerk of  
17 the proper county, whose duty it shall be to ascertain the rate per cent which,  
18 upon the total valuation of all property subject to taxation within the city or  
19 village as the same is assessed and equalized for State and county purposes, will  
20 produce a net amount of not less than the amount so directed to be levied, and it  
21 shall be the duty of the county clerk to extend such tax in a separate column  
22 upon the book or books of the collector or collectors of State and county taxes  
23 within such city or village. And where the corporate limits of any city or vil-  
24 lage shall lie partly in two or more counties, the city council or board of trustees  
25 shall ascertain the total amount of all taxable property lying within the corpo-  
26 rate limits of said city or village in each county as the same is assessed and  
27 equalized for State and county purposes for the current year, and certify the  
28 amount of taxable property in each county within said city or village, under the  
29 seal of said city or village, to the county clerk of the county where the seat of  
30 government of such city or village is situated, whose duty it shall be to ascertain  
31 the rate per cent which, upon the total valuation of all property subject to tax-  
32 ation within the city or village, ascertained as aforesaid, will produce a net  
33 amount not less than the amount so directed to be levied; and said clerk shall,  
34 as soon as said rate per cent of taxation is ascertained, certify under his hand  
35 and seal of office to the county clerk of any other county wherein a portion of  
36 said city or village is situated, such rate per cent, and it shall be the duty of such  
37 county clerk to whom such rate per cent is certified, to extend such tax in a sep-  
38 arate column upon the book or books of the collector or collectors of the State  
39 and county taxes for such county against all property in his county within the  
39½ limits of said city or village: *Provided*, the aggregate amount of taxes levied  
40 for any one year, exclusive of the amount levied for the payment of bonded in-  
41 debtedness or interest thereon, shall not exceed the rate of one and *seventy-five*  
42 *hundredths* (1.75) per centum upon the aggregate valuation of all property

43 within such city or village subject to taxation therein as the same was equalized  
44 for State and county taxes for the current year: *And, provided, further,* that  
45 nothing herein contained shall be held to repeal or modify the limitations con-  
46 tained in section forty-nine (49) of an Act entitled, "An Act for the assessment  
47 of property and providing the means therefor, and to repeal a certain Act there-  
48 in named," approved February 25, 1898.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Scanlan, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act for an appropriation for the relief of Mons Anderson, Catherine Morrissey, Mollie Ramenofsky, Pearl D. Bowman, Margaret Woodbury, Lillie Sumberg, Nels Munson, Catherine Payne, Norma Payne, Vivian Kelley, Joseph Herrick, Ida Ackerman, Isabelle Bennett, Ethel Steele, Nettie Steele and George Hanson.

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WHEREAS, Mons Anderson, Catherine Morrissey, Mollie Ramenofsky, Pearl D. Bowman, Margaret Woodbury, Lillie Sumberg, Nels Munson, Catherine Payne, Norma Payne, Vivian Kelley, Joseph Herrick, Ida Ackerman, Isabelle Bennett, Ethel Steele, Nettie Steele and George Hanson, a minor, while passing over and upon, and being upon a certain public bridge, in a public street, in the village of Utica, in the County of LaSalle and State of Illinois on the fourth day of July A. D. 1910, were and each of them was, severely and permanently injured, because of and by reason of the collapse of said bridge, and,

WHEREAS, said bridge was the property of the State of Illinois, and spanned the Illinois and Michigan Canal at said village of Utica, and was thrown open to, and used by the general public, at the express invitation of the State of Illinois,

for years, both for foot and vehicle traffic, and was a part and parcel of a public thoroughfare, and kept up and in supposed repair by the State of Illinois, and

WHEREAS, said bridge collapsed because of its dangerous and unsafe condition, due solely to the negligence and lack of care on the part of the State of Illinois, and

WHEREAS, said persons were and each of them was, at the time of said injuries, and the collapse of said bridge, in the exercise of all due and proper care for their own safety, and

WHEREAS, the injuries to said named persons were the result solely and entirely of the negligence and carelessness by the State of Illinois, through its agents and servants, and

WHEREAS, the Court of Claims of the State of Illinois, after a full and thorough hearing upon said matter has reported, in and by its finding, that said injuries were solely the result of the carelessness of the agents and servants of the State of Illinois, and in no way chargeable to any lack of care on the part of the said persons themselves, and

WHEREAS, said Court of Claims, has recommended that in equity, claims for damages should be allowed, and appropriated for, by the General Assembly in the following amounts, viz.: Mons Anderson, \$500.00; Catherine Morrissey, \$7500.00; Mollie Ramenofsky, \$1500.00; Pearl Bowman, \$100.00; Margaret Woodbury, \$1000.00; Lillie Sumberg, \$2000.00; Nels Munson, \$2500.00; Catherine Payne, \$500.00; Norma Payne, \$2500.00; Vivian Kelley, \$750.00; Joseph Herrick, \$750.00; Ida Ackerman, \$200.00; Isabelle Bennett, \$750.00; Ethel Steele, \$750.00; Nettie Steele, \$200.00; George Hanson, \$10,000.00, and

WHEREAS, the injuries of said named persons and each of same are permanent, and the compensation therefor named herein, is, in each case, conservative and reasonable; now therefore,

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That there be, and thereby is, appropri-  
3 ated for the relief of Mons Anderson, the sum of five hundred dollars, (\$500.00);  
4 for the relief of Catherine Morrissey the sum of seven thousand five hundred  
5 dollars (\$7,500.00); for the relief of Mollie Ramenofsky the sum of fifteen hun-  
6 dred dollars (\$1500.00); for the relief of Pearl Bowman the sum of one hun-  
7 dred dollars (\$100.00); for the relief of Margaret Woodbury the sum of one  
8 thousand dollars (\$1,000.00); for the relief of Lillie Sumberg the sum of two  
9 thousand dollars (\$2,000.00); for the relief of Nels Munson the sum of twenty-  
10 five hundred dollars (\$2500.00); for the relief of Catherine Payne the sum of five  
11 hundred dollars (\$500.00); for the relief of Norma Payne the sum of twenty-  
12 five hundred dollars (\$2500.00); for the relief of Vivian Kelley the sum of seven  
13 hundred and fifty dollars (\$750.00); for the relief of Joseph Herrick the sum  
14 of seven hundred and fifty dollars, (\$750.00); for the relief of Ida Ackerman  
15 the sum of two hundred dollars (\$200.00); for the relief of Isabelle Bennett the  
16 sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars (\$750.00); for the relief of Ethel Steele  
17 seven hundred and fifty dollars (\$750.00); for the relief of Nettie Steele the  
18 sum of two hundred dollars (\$200.00); for the relief of George Hanson, a  
19 minor, the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00); all of whom were injured  
20 by the collapse of a defective bridge owned and possessed by the State of  
21 Illinois, over the Illinois and Michigan Canal at Utica, Illinois and because of  
22 the carelessness of the agents and servants of the State of Illinois.

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois is hereby

2 authorized and directed to draw his warrants upon the State Treasurer of the  
3 State of Illinois for the said amounts so appropriated for each of said persons,  
4 respectively, as set forth and described in section one (1) of this Act, in favor,  
5 in each case, of the particular person, and for the said particular specified  
6 amount, so named, specified and set forth in said section one (1) of this Act save  
7 only and except, in case of a minor, then and in such case, and in every such



8 case, if there be more than one, the warrant shall be made payable to the legal  
9 guardian of such person; and all of said amounts to be payable out of any money  
10 in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and the State Treasurer is hereby  
11 authorized and directed to pay such warrants, and each and every of same, out  
12 of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.



1 Adopted May 21, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 392, as printed in the House, section 1, lines 5 and  
2 6, by striking out the words and figures, "fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,500.00),"  
3 and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures, "twelve hundred dollars  
4 (\$1,200.00)."

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 392, as printed in the House, section 1, lines 8 and  
2 9, by striking out the words and figures, "two thousand dollars (\$2,000.00),"  
3 and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures, "eighteen hundred dollars  
4 (\$1,800.00)."

AMENDMENT NO. 3.

Amend House Bill No. 392, as printed in the House, section 1, lines 9 and  
2 10, by striking out the words and figures, "twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2,-  
3 500.00)" and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures, "two thousand  
4 dollars (\$2,000.00)."





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Scanlan, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act for an appropriation for the payment of damages for the deaths, respectively, of Rose H. Farmer, Verne Kelley and Inez Goodwin.

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WHEREAS, Rose H. Farmer, Verne Kelley and Inez Goodwin, while passing over and upon, and being upon a certain public bridge, in a public street, in the Village of Utica, in the County of LaSalle, and State of Illinois, on the fourth day of July A. D. 1910, were and each of them was injured and killed, because of and by reason of the collapse of said bridge, and

WHEREAS, said bridge was the property of the State of Illinois, and spanned the Illinois and Michigan Canal at said Village of Utica, and was thrown open to and used by the general public, at the express invitation of the State of Illinois, for years, both for foot and vehicle traffic, and was part and parcel of a public thoroughfare, and kept up and in supposed repair by the State of Illinois, and

WHEREAS, said bridge collapsed because of its dangerous and unsafe condition, due solely to the negligence and lack of care on the part of the State of Illinois, and



WHEREAS, said persons were and each of them was, at the time of said injuries, and the collapse of said bridge, in the exercise of all due and proper care for their own safety, and

WHEREAS, the injuries to said named persons, were the result solely and entirely of the negligence and carelessness of the State of Illinois, through its agents and servants, and

WHEREAS, the Court of Claims of the State of Illinois, after a full and thorough hearing upon said matter, has reported in and by its findings, that said injuries were solely the result of the carelessness of the agents and servants of the State of Illinois, and in no way chargeable to any lack of care on the part of the said persons themselves, and

WHEREAS, said Court of Claims has recommended that, in equity, claims for damages should be allowed, and appropriated for, by the General Assembly in the following amounts, viz: For the death of Rose H. Farmer, \$3,500.00; for the death of Verne Kelley, \$3,000.00; for the death of Inez Goodwin \$3,000.00, and

WHEREAS, the said compensation for said deaths so named, is, in each case, conservative and reasonable; now, therefore,

---

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
 2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That, there be, and there hereby is ap-  
 3 propriated for the death of Rose H. Farmer, the sum of three thousand five hun-  
 4 dred dollars (\$3,500.00); for the death of Verne Kelley the sum of three thou-  
 5 sand dollars (\$3,000.00); for the death of Inez Goodwin the sum of three thou-  
 6 sand dollars (\$3,000.00); all of whom were killed by the collapse of a defective  
 7 bridge owned and possessed by the State of Illinois, over the Illinois and Michi-

8 gan Canal at Utica, Illinois, and because of the carelessness of the agents and  
9 servants of the State of Illinois.

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois is hereby  
2 authorized and directed to draw his warrants upon the State Treasurer of the  
3 State of Illinois, for the said amounts so appropriated for each of said per-  
4 sons, respectively, as set forth and described in section one (1) of this Act, in  
5 favor, in each case, of the duly appointed and qualified legal representatives of  
6 the particular person, and for the said particular specified amount so named,  
7 specified and set forth in said section one (1) of this Act; and all of said amounts  
8 to be payable out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated,  
9 and the State Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed to pay such warrants,  
10 and each and every of same, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise  
11 appropriated.





1 Introduced by Mr. Scanlan, March 18, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend sections 3, 15, 35, 114 and 119 of an Act entitled, "An Act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved and in force June 12, 1909, as amended.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That sections 3, 15, 35, 114 and 119 of an  
3 Act entitled, "An Act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," ap-  
4 proved and in force June 12, 1909, as amended, be and the same is hereby so  
5 amended as to read as follows:

Sec. 3. The duties of the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be:

2 *First*—To have his office at the seat of government, and to keep a record of  
3 all matters pertaining to the business of his office.

4 *Second*—To file all papers, reports and public documents transmitted to him  
5 by the school officers of the several counties, for each year separately; and to  
6 keep and preserve all other public documents, books and papers relative to  
7 schools, coming into his hands as Superintendent of Public Instruction.

8 *Third*—To supervise all the common and public schools in the State.



9       *Fourth*—To counsel and confer, in such manner as he may deem best, with  
10 experienced and practical teachers as to the best manner of conducting common  
11 schools.

12       *Fifth*—To advise and assist county superintendents of schools, addressing  
13 to them, from time to time, circular letters relating to the best manner of con-  
14 ducting schools, constructing school houses, furnishing the same, and examining  
15 and procuring competent teachers.

16       *Sixth*—To be *ex officio* a member of the board of trustees of the Southern  
17 Normal University.

18       *Seventh*—To make such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry  
19 into efficient and uniform effect the provisions of this Act, and of all laws for es-  
20 tablishing and maintaining free schools in the State.

21       *Eighth*—To be the legal adviser of school officers, and, when requested by  
22 any school officer, to give his opinion in writing upon any question arising under  
23 the school laws of the State.

24       *Ninth*—To hear and determine all controversies arising under the school  
25 laws of the State coming to him by appeal from a county superintendent of  
26 schools.

27       *Tenth*—To grant certificates to such teachers as may be found qualified to  
28 receive them, and to suspend the operation of any State certificate for immoral-  
29 ity or other unprofessional conduct.

30       *Eleventh*—To visit such of the charitable institutions of the State as are  
31 educational in their character, to examine their facilities for instruction, and  
32 to prescribe forms for such reports as he may desire from their superintendents.

33       *Twelfth*—To report to the Governor, on or before the 1st of November,  
34 preceding each regular session of the General Assembly, the condition of the  
35 schools in the several counties of the State; the number of schools which have  
36 been taught in each county in each of the preceding years, commencing on the  
37 1st of July; the number taught by men and women respectively; the number  
38 of pupils in attendance; the number of persons in each county under 21 years  
39 of age, and the number of persons between the ages of 12 and 21 years unable to

40 read and write; the amount of township funds; the amount of interest on the  
41 State or common school fund, and on the township fund, annually paid out; the  
42 amount raised by an ad valorem tax; the amount annually expended for  
43 schools; the number of school houses, their kind and condition; the number of  
44 townships and parts of townships in each county; the number of books pur-  
45 chased for the use of schools and the cost of the same; the value of apparatus  
46 purchased; the number of district libraries; together with such other informa-  
47 tion and suggestions as he may deem important in relation to the schools and  
47½ school laws, and the means of promoting education throughout the State, which  
48 report shall be submitted to the General Assembly at each regular session.

49 *Thirteenth—To prepare with the advice of the State Board of Health, the*  
50 *State Architect and the State Fire Marshal, for school directors and boards of*  
51 *education specifications for the minimum requirements for the heating, ventila-*  
52 *tion, lighting, seating, water supply, toilets and safety against fire which will*  
53 *conserve the health and safety of the children attending the public schools.*

Sec. 15. It shall further be the duty of each county superintendent of  
2 schools:

3 *First—To execute, upon notice by the county board, a new bond, conditioned*  
4 *and approved as the first bond.*

5 *Second—To sell township fund lands, issue certificates of purchase, report*  
6 *to the county board and Auditor of Public Accounts, and perform all other du-*  
7 *ties pertaining thereto.*

8 *Third—To register the names of all applicants for normal school and uni-*  
9 *versity scholarships; to hold, or cause to be held, examinations for the same, and*  
10 *to perform such other duties as pertain thereto.*

11 *Fourth—To visit each public school in the county at least once a year, not-*  
12 *ing the methods of instruction, the branches taught, the text books used, and the*  
13 *discipline, government and general condition of the schools; in the performance*  
14 *of which duty he shall spend at least half his time, and more, if practicable, in*  
15 *visiting ungraded schools.*

16       *Fifth*—To give teachers and school officers such directions in the science,  
 17 art and methods of teaching, and in regard to courses of study, as he may deem  
 18 expedient.

19       *Sixth*—To act as the official adviser and constant assistant of the school  
 20 officers and teachers in his county. In the performance of this duty he shall  
 21 faithfully carry out the advice of the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

22       *Seventh*—To conduct a teachers' institute, to aid and encourage the forma-  
 23 tion of other teachers' meetings, and to assist in their management.

24       *Eighth*—To labor in every practicable way to elevate the standard of teach-  
 25 ing and improve the condition of the common schools of his county.

26       *Ninth*—To examine at least once each year all books, accounts and vouchers  
 27 of every township treasurer in his county, and, if he finds any irregularities in  
 28 them, to report the same at once, in writing, to the trustees, whose duty it shall  
 29 be to take immediately such action as the case demands.

30       *Tenth*—To examine all notes, bonds, mortgages, and other evidences of in-  
 31 debtedness which the township treasurer holds officially, and if he finds that the  
 32 papers are not in proper form, or that the securities are insufficient, he shall so  
 33 state, in writing, to the board of trustees.

34       *Eleventh*—To give notice of the election of trustees in such cases as are speci-  
 35 fied in section 24 of this Act.

36       *Twelfth*—To give notice of any regular or special election as required by  
 37 section 107 of this Act.

38       *Thirteenth*—To investigate and determine all matters pertaining to changes  
 39 in the boundaries of school districts which may come to him by appeal from the  
 40 decision of the trustees of schools, and to inform the township treasurer from  
 41 whom the papers relating to the matter were received of his decision.

42       *Fourteenth*—To file and keep all the poll books and returns of elections re-  
 43 quired to be returned to him and the reports and statements returned by township  
 44 treasurers and trustees of schools.

45       *Fifteenth*—To hold meetings, at least quarterly, for the examination of  
 46 teachers.



47     *Sixteenth*—To grant certificates of qualification to teach to such persons  
48 as may be qualified to receive them, and to keep a record of all teachers to whom  
49 certificates have been granted, and of all teachers employed in his county.

50     *Seventeenth*—To notify the presidents of boards of trustees and the clerks  
51 of school districts, on or before September 30, annually, of the amount of money  
52 distributed by him to the township treasurer, with the date of distribution.

53     *Eighteenth*—To keep in his office a map of his county on a scale of not less  
54 than two inches to the mile, and to indicate thereon the boundary lines and num-  
55 bers of all school districts. Districts shall be numbered consecutively. In case of  
56 the formation of a new district composed of parts of two or more counties, the  
57 county superintendents of such counties shall agree upon a number by which such  
58 district shall be designated, which number shall not be a duplicate of any number  
59 in either of such counties.

60     *Nineteenth*—To furnish the township treasurers a list of the districts in their  
61 respective townships with the consecutive numbers of the same.

62     *Twentieth*—To inspect the plans and specifications for the heating, ventila-  
63 tion, lighting, seating, water supply, toilets and safety against fire for public  
64 school rooms and buildings submitted to him by boards of education or boards  
65 of directors, and to approve all those which comply substantially with the speci-  
66 fications prepared and published by the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

67     *Twenty-first*—To inspect all public schools under his supervision and no-  
68 tify in writing before the first day of April the board of school trustees or other  
69 boards exercising similar functions, whether the several schools in their jurisdic-  
70 tion have or have not been kept as required by law.

71     *Twenty-second*—To request the State Board of Health, the State Fire  
72 Marshal or the State Architect to inspect public school buildings which appear  
73 to him to be unsafe, insanitary or unfit for occupancy. It shall be the duty of  
74 these officials to inspect such buildings and to state in writing in what particular  
75 they are unsafe, insanitary or unfit for occupancy. Upon the receipt of such  
76 statement the county superintendent of schools shall condemn the building and  
77 notify in writing the board of directors or board of education, stating specifically



78 *the reasons for such condemnation. He shall also notify, in writing, the board of*  
 79 *school trustees that the school so condemned is not kept as required by law.*

Sec. 35. At the regular semi-annual meetings on the first Mondays of April  
 2 and October, the trustees shall ascertain the amount of funds subject to dis-  
 3 tribution, and shall appropriate and distribute the same as required by this sec-  
 4 tion, and not otherwise. All valid claims shall be paid before distribution, in  
 5 manner following: First, the compensation of the treasurer; second, the cost of  
 6 publishing the annual statement; third, the cost of a record book, if any; fourth,  
 7 the cost of dividing school lands and making plats. The balance shall be appor-  
 8 tioned and distributed to the districts and parts of districts in the township in  
 9 which schools have been kept as required by law during the preceding year end-  
 10 ing June 30th, according to the number of persons returned under 21 years of  
 11 age. The funds so distributed shall be credited to the respective districts and  
 12 parts of districts.

13 *When the board of trustees has had notice from the county superintendent*  
 14 *of schools that a district has not kept school as required by law, the part of*  
 15 *the distributive fund apportioned to such district shall be withheld until the*  
 16 *county superintendent has given notice in writing that the requirements of the*  
 17 *law have been complied with. The amount withheld shall then be placed to the*  
 18 *credit of such district: Provided, in cases where the school houses were already*  
 19 *in use for school purposes July 1, 1915, and do not comply with the minimum*  
 20 *requirements for the health and safety of the pupils as set forth by the Super-*  
 21 *intendent of Public Instruction, the distributive fund shall not be withheld until*  
 22 *after March 1, 1917.*

Sec. 114. The board of directors shall have the following additional duties:

2 *First—To make, at the annual election of directors, to the voters there*  
 3 *present, a detailed report of receipts and expenditures, and transmit a copy of*  
 4 *the same within five days to the township treasurer.*

5       *Second*—To report to the county superintendent within ten days the names  
6 of all teachers employed, with the dates of the beginning and end of their con-  
7 tracts.

8       *Third*—To provide for the revenue necessary to maintain schools in their  
9 districts.

10       *Fourth*—To determine, in case of a district composed of parts of two or more  
11 townships, which treasurer is to receive the taxes of the district, and to notify  
12 the collectors in writing accordingly.

13       *Fifth*—To adopt and enforce all necessary rules and regulations for the man-  
14 agement and government of the public schools of their district.

15       *Sixth*—To visit and inspect the public schools as the good of the schools may  
16 require.

17       *Seventh*—To appoint all teachers and fix the amount of their salaries.

18       *Eighth*—To direct what branches of study shall be taught, what text books  
19 and apparatus shall be used, and to enforce uniformity of text books in the pub-  
20 lic schools; but they shall not permit books to be changed oftener than once in  
21 four years.

22       *Ninth*—To establish and keep in operation for at least *seven* months in  
23 each year, and longer if practicable, a sufficient number of free schools for the  
24 accommodation of all persons in the district over the age of six and under  
25 twenty-one years *under conditions which will conserve their health and safety*,  
26 and to secure for all such persons the right and opportunity to an equal education  
27 in such schools.

28       *Tenth*—To purchase, at the expense of the district, a sufficient number of  
29 text books used to supply children whose parents are unable to buy them. Such  
30 text books shall be loaned only, and the directors shall require the teacher to see  
31 that they are properly cared for and returned at the end of each term of  
32 school.

33       *Eleventh*—To deliver to the township treasurer on or before the seventh  
34 day of July, annually, all teachers' schedules made and certified as required by  
35 law.

36       *Twelfth*—To pay no public money to any teacher unless such teacher at the  
 37 time of his or her employment shall have held a certificate of qualification ob-  
 38 tained under the provisions of this Act, and shall have kept and furnished  
 39 schedules as required by this Act, and shall have satisfactorily accounted for  
 40 books, apparatus and other property of the district that he may have taken in  
 41 charge.

42       *Thirteenth*—To cause a copy of the township treasurers' report of the finan-  
 43 cial condition of the district to be entered upon the records of the district, and  
 44 to post the same at the front door of the building where the annual election of di-  
 45 rectors is held.

Sec. 119. It shall not be lawful for a board of directors to purchase or lo-  
 2 cate a school house site, or to purchase, build or move a school house, or to levy  
 3 a tax to extend schools beyond nine months, without a vote of the people at an  
 4 election called and conducted as required by section 198 of this Act. A ma-  
 5 jority of the votes cast shall be necessary to authorize the directors to act. If  
 6 no locality shall receive a majority of the votes, the directors may select a suit-  
 7 able site. The site selected by either method shall be the school site for such  
 8 district.

9       *Before erecting or remodeling a public school building the board of directors*  
 10 *or the board of education shall submit the plans and specifications respecting*  
 11 *heating, ventilation, lighting, seating, water supply, toilets and safety against*  
 12 *fire to the county superintendent of schools for his approval. Provided, that*  
 13 *in school districts of over one hundred thousand inhabitants such plans shall*  
 14 *be submitted to the superintendent of schools of such district.*



1 Adopted May 7, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 394 by inserting in line 10 of section 119, on page  
2 8, of the printed bill, after the word "education," the words, "in districts con-  
3 taining fewer than 100,000 inhabitants."

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 394 in section 119, on page 8 of the printed bill, by  
2 striking out in line 12 the words "provided that" and all of lines 13 and 14.

AMENDMENT NO. 3.

Amend sub-section 9, of section 114, of House Bill 394, by striking out all of  
2 line 25 after the words "years."







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Scholes, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by subsequent Acts, by adding a new section to division one (1) thereof to be known as section 167a.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by subsequent Acts, be and the same is hereby amended by adding a new section to division one (1) thereof to be known as section 167a; which said section when added shall read as follows:

7       Sec. 167a. *Whoever, without the consent of the owner, with a felonious in-*  
8 *tent, takes, carries or leads away any dog or bitch, shall be deemed guilty of lar-*  
9 *ceny and punished accordingly.*





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Scholes, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

## A BILL

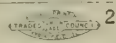
For an Act to amend an Act entitled, “An Act to amend ‘An Act concerning circuit courts and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties in the judicial circuits of the State of Illinois, exclusive of the county of Cook,’ approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879,” as amended by subsequent Acts, by amending section eleven (11) thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, “An Act to amend ‘An Act concerning circuit courts and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties in the judicial circuits of the State of Illinois, exclusive of the county of Cook,’ approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879,” as amended by subsequent Acts, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section eleven (11) thereof, so that such section when amended shall read as follows:

Sec. 11. Tenth Circuit. In the county of Peoria on the second Mondays in January, March, May, September and November; in the county of Tazewell on the *third* Monday in *November* and second Monday in February, on the first Mon-



11 day in May and second Monday in September; in the county of Marshall on the  
12 second Monday in January, fourth Monday in May, and first Monday in Octo-  
13 ber; in the county of Stark on the second Monday in February, first Monday in  
14 June and third Monday in October; in the county of Putnam on the third Mon-  
15 day in April and third Monday in October: *Provided*, that no grand or petit  
16 jury shall be summoned for the June term of Stark county unless ordered by the  
17 judge assigned to hold such term of court.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Shurtleff, March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

A BILL

For an Act to amend and revise section thirty-five (35) of an Act entitled, “An Act for the assessment of property and providing the means therefor, and to repeal a certain Act therein named,” approved February 25th, 1898, in force July 1st, 1898, as amended by an Act approved May 18th, 1905, in force July 1st, 1905.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That section thirty-five (35) of an Act entitled, “An Act for the assessment of property and providing the means therefor, and to repeal a certain Act therein named,” approved February 25th, 1898, in force July 1st, 1898, as amended by an Act approved May 18th, 1905, in force July 1st, 1905, be and the same is hereby amended and revised so as to read as follows:

Sec. 35. The Board of Review shall, in any year, whether the year of the quadrennial assessment or not:

First: Assess all property subject to assessment which shall not have been assessed by the assessor, *and list and assess all property real or personal that may have been omitted in the assessment of any year or number of years, or if*

6 the tax thereon, for which such property was liable, from any cause has not  
 7 been paid, or if any such property, by reason of defective description or assess-  
 8 ment thereof shall fail to pay taxes for any year or years, in either case the  
 9 same, when discovered, shall be listed and assessed by the board in its revision  
 10 of assessments, and the board may make such alterations in the description of  
 11 real or personal property as it shall deem necessary.

12       Second: No such charge for tax of previous years shall be made against  
 13 any property prior to the date of ownership of the person owning such prop-  
 14 erty at the time the liability for such omitted tax was first ascertained, pro-  
 15 vided, that an assessment of real or personal property omitted from taxation by  
 16 a decedent during his life time, shall be made against said property and be as-  
 17 sessed in the name of the personal representative as executor, administrator or  
 18 trustees of such decedent's estate. The owner of real or personal property, and  
 19 the executor, administrator or trustees of a decedent, whose property may  
 20 have been omitted in the assessment in any year or number of years, or on which  
 21 a tax for which such property was liable, has not been paid, and the several tax-  
 22 ing bodies interested therein, shall be given at least five days' notice in writ-  
 23 ing by the board of the hearing on the proposed assessment of such omitted  
 24 property and the board shall have full power to examine the owner, or the ex-  
 25 ecutor, administrator, trustees, legatees or heirs of such decedent or other person  
 26 touching the ownership, kind, character, amount and the value of such omitted  
 27 property or credits.

28       Third: If the board shall determine that the property of any decedent was  
 29 omitted from assessment during any year or number of years or that a tax for  
 30 which such property was liable has not been paid, it shall be the duty of said  
 31 board to give written notice to the executor, administrator or trustees of such de-  
 32 cedent of the assessment made against such property and the amount thereof,  
 33 and thereupon it shall be the duty of such executor, administrator or trustees to  
 34 retain in his or their hands sufficient of the assets of such decedent's estate  
 35 to pay the tax when extended on such assessment and it shall be the duty of the  
 36 county clerk to file in the county or probate court a copy of such assessment to-

37 *gether with the rate of taxation thereon, certified by such county clerk and upon*  
38 *the filing of such certificate the county or probate court shall enter an order*  
39 *directing such executor, administrator or trustees to deposit with the clerk of*  
40 *the court or to sequester sufficient of the assets of said estate to pay the taxes*  
41 *on said assessment when extended as now provided by law or to enter into bond*  
42 *in double the amount of said tax with sureties to be approved by the court con-*  
43 *ditioned for the payment of said tax when so extended, and when so extended*  
44 *by the county clerk the full amount of such tax shall be a claim of the first class*  
45 *against such estate: Provided, however, that an assessment of omitted prop-*  
46 *erty by the Board of Review in the manner provided in this Act shall not be*  
47 *subject to review by any succeeding board.*

48 *For the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Act, the several taxing*  
49 *bodies interested therein are hereby empowered to employ counsel to appear be-*  
50 *fore said board and take all necessary steps to enforce the assessment and col-*  
51 *lection of their proportionate share of taxes on such omitted property.*

52 *Fourth: On complaint in writing that any property described in such com-*  
53 *plaint is incorrectly assessed, the board shall review the assessment, and cor-*  
54 *rect the same, as shall appear to be just. Such complaint to affect the assess-*  
55 *ment for the current year shall be filed on or before the first day of August: Pro-*  
56 *vided, that if the assessment books containing the assessment complained of are*  
57 *not filed with the Board of Review by the twentieth day of July, then such com-*  
58 *plaint shall be filed on or before ten days thereafter. The board may also, of its*  
59 *own motion, at any time before its revision of the assessments is completed in*  
60 *every year, increase, reduce or otherwise adjust the assessment of any individual*  
61 *or corporation, on real property or personalty, making changes in the valua-*  
62 *tions thereof as may be just, and shall have full power over the assessment*  
63 *of any individual or corporation, and may do anything in regard thereto that*  
64 *it may deem necessary to make a just assessment; but no assessment shall be*  
65 *increased until the person or corporation to be affected shall have been notified,*  
66 *and given an opportunity to be heard, except as hereinafter provided; and be-*  
67 *fore making any reduction in assessments of its own motion the Board of Re-*



view shall give notice to the Board of Assessors which certified the assessment, and give such assessors an opportunity to be heard thereon. All complaints of errors, in assessments, real or personal, shall be in writing, and shall be filed by the complaining party with said Board of Review, in duplicate, and the duplicate shall be forthwith filed by the Board of Review with the Board of Assessors certifying such assessment. Complaints relating to real estate shall be classified by towns by the clerk of said Board of Review, and complaints relating to personal property shall be classified in such manner as the Board of Review shall determine, by order for that purpose, duly entered of record; all classes of complaints to be docketed numerically, each in its own class, in the order in which they shall be presented, as near as may be, in books kept for that purpose, which books shall always be open to public inspection. Complaints relating to real estate shall be considered by towns, and complaints relating to personal property shall be heard in their order by classes, in pursuance of the order of the board, heretofore mentioned, until all complaints have been heard and passed upon by the board.

In counties of 125,000 inhabitants or over, in each year, the assessment list of real estate, as made by the Board of Assessors, shall be prepared in triplicate, and the three complete lists shall be certified by the assessors to the Board of Review when the assessment required by law is completed by them. In revising assessments in any year the Board of Review shall note all changes it shall make in the valuations of real estate on all of said assessment lists, and shall duly make return of one complete list to the county clerk, as required by law, and one to the Board of Assessors and retain the other. On the books so retained it shall note all changes made by it in the valuations of property after that date, upon the hearings provided for in this Act. And in making its annual return each year to the county clerk, and to the assessor, as herein provided, it shall enter therein all such changes.

In other counties the assessment list of real estate as made by the Board of Assessors or Supervisor of assessments, shall be delivered, when complete, to the Board of Review; and after the revision thereof has been completed by

99 the Board of Review, and changes not d thereon, the same shall be duly returned  
100 to the county clerk, as required by law.

101 After making its annual return of the revised assessment to the Board of  
102 Review, as required by law, the Board of Assessors in counties of 125,000 in-  
103 habitants, or over, shall have the power, in any year, except the last year pre-  
104 ceding each quadrennial assessment, to consider and correct the valuations of  
105 real property for the next succeeding annual assessment, in the same manner,  
106 upon complaints filed from time to time, and upon complaints filed shall pro-  
107 ceed to do so; and such changes as it shall make in any such valuations shall  
108 be noted upon the assessment list remaining in its custody, and include the  
109 same in its annual return to the county clerk and the Board of Review. All such  
110 changes to be reviewed by the Board of Review each year as in cases of any  
111 assessments.

112 For the purpose of hearing and determining complaints of errors in the val-  
113 uation of real property for the next succeeding assessment thereof and correct-  
114 ing the valuations of any such property as shall be just, after its annual return  
115 has been made, as herein provided, the Board of Review shall, on the first Tues-  
116 day of November and the first Tuesday of each month thereafter until and in-  
117 cluding the first Tuesday of March in each year (except the year last preceding  
118 the quadrennial assessment) and at such other times as it may be necessary,  
119 hold public sessions at its board rooms, and continue such sessions from day to  
120 day until all complaints and other business have been disposed of. Complaints  
121 passed or undisposed of at any session shall be first considered at the next  
122 succeeding monthly session and past complaints shall be disposed of at each  
123 session before later complaints shall be considered. Upon any hearing of a com-  
124 plaint, or on a proposal for any increase originating with said board, where  
125 notice is required as herein provided, the said board shall sit together, and hear  
126 the representations of the parties interested, or their representatives, and no  
127 change shall be made in any assessment of real property unless at least a ma-  
128 jority of said board shall concur thererin; and in such case an order therefor

129 shall be made in open session, and entered of record on the books of the board:  
 130 *Provided*, that in counties of less than 125,000 inhabitants monthly sessions of  
 131 the Board of Review shall not be required.

132 Fifth: Increase or reduce the entire assessment of either real or personal  
 133 property, or both, or of any class included therein if in their opinion the as-  
 134 sessment has not been made upon the proper basis, or equalize the assessment  
 135 of real or personal property by increasing or reducing the amount thereof, in  
 136 any township, or part thereof, or any portion of the county, as may, in their  
 137 opinion, be just, but the assessment of any class of property, or of any town-  
 138 ship, or part thereof, or any portion of the county, shall not be increased until  
 139 the board shall have notified not less than fifty of the owners of property in such  
 140 township, or part thereof, or portion of the county of such proposed increase  
 141 and given them, or any one representing them, or other citizens of said terri-  
 142 tory, an opportunity to be heard. The Board of Assessors shall have like no-  
 143 tice of any proposed increase or reduction, with an opportunity to be heard  
 144 thereon, except where such action is taken in individual cases upon complaint.  
 145 The board shall hear any person, upon request, in opposition to a proposed re-  
 146 duction in the assessment of any person, corporation or territory.

147 Sixth: Hear and determine the application of any person who is assessed  
 148 on property claimed to be exempt from taxation. If the board shall determine  
 149 that any such property is not liable to taxation and the question as to the lia-  
 150 bility of such property to taxation has not previously been judicially deter-  
 151 mined, the decision of said board shall not be final unless approved by the Audi-  
 152 tor of Public Accounts; and it shall be the duty of the clerk of the board in all  
 153 such cases, under the direction of the board, to make out and forward to the  
 154 Auditor a full and complete statement of all the facts in the case. If the Auditor  
 155 is satisfied that such property is not legally liable to taxation he shall notify  
 156 the Board of Review of his approval of its decision, and the board shall cor-  
 157 rect the assessment accordingly. But if the Auditor is satisfied that such prop-  
 158 erty is liable to taxation, he shall advise the board of his objections to its de-  
 159 cision, and give notice to said board that he will apply to the Supreme Court,



160 specifying to what term thereof, for an order to set aside and annul the de-  
161 cision of the Board of Review. Upon receipt of such notice the clerk shall no-  
162 tify the person making the application aforesaid. It shall be the duty of the  
163 Auditor to then file in the Supreme Court a certified statement of the facts certi-  
164 fied by the clerk as aforesaid, together with his objections thereto, and the  
165 court shall hear and determine the matter as the right of the case may be. If  
166 the Board of Review shall decide that property so claimed to be exempt is  
167 liable to be taxed, and the party aggrieved at the time shall pray an appeal, a  
168 brief statement of the facts in the case shall be made by the clerk, under the di-  
169 rection of the board, and transmitted to the Auditor, who shall present the case  
170 to the Supreme Court in like manner as hereinbefore provided. In either case  
171 the collection of the tax shall not be delayed thereby, but in case the property  
172 is decided to be exempt the tax shall be abated and refunded.

173       Seventh: They shall, at any time before judgment, if an error or mistake  
174 is discovered (other than errors of judgment as to the valuation of any real or  
175 personal property), in an assessment of any real or personal property belonging  
176 to any person or corporation, issue a certificate setting forth the nature of such  
177 error, and the cause or causes which operated to produce such error or mistake,  
178 to the person or corporation erroneously assessed, which said certificate, when  
179 properly endorsed by the Board of Assessors, showing their concurrence therein,  
180 and not otherwise, may be used in evidence in any court of competent jurisdic-  
181 tion, and when so introduced in evidence such certificate shall become a part  
182 of the court records, and shall not be removed from the files except upon the or-  
183 der of the court.

184       The term "quadrennial assessment" as used in this Act shall be taken to  
185 mean the general assessment of real estate and improvements required by law  
186 to be made once in four years.







1 Adopted May 6, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 397, by striking out of the printed bill in lines 50 and  
2 51 of page 3, the following words, “And collection of their proportionate share  
3 of taxes.”





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Wood, March 18, 1915. .
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation for the relief of Nathan E. Gray.

---

WHEREAS, Nathan E. Gray, while in obedience to the orders of his superi-  
2 ors in the lawful and faithful discharge of his regular duties as a guard in the  
3 Southern Illinois Penitentiary at Menard, Illinois, on the twenty-sixth day of  
4 October, 1912, by reason of the wilful act of prisoners of the said penitentiary  
5 sustained permanent injuries, resulting in the loss of one of his legs, therefore,

---

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the Auditor of Public Accounts be  
3 and he is hereby directed to draw his warrant on the State Treasurer in favor of  
4 the said Nathan E. Gray for the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars out  
5 of any funds in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated and said Treas-  
6 urer is authorized and directed to pay said sum to the said Nathan E. Gray.





AMENDMENT TO

49th G. A.

HOUSE BILL No. 398

1915



2

1 Adopted May 31, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 398, as printed in the House, section 1, line 4, by  
2 striking out the words "three thousand five hundred" and inserting in lieu  
3 thereof the words "two thousand".

11       Sec. 11. (CLASSIFIED SERVICE—WHAT NOT INCLUDED.) All officers elected by  
 12 the people; all officers, boards and commissioners appointed by the Governor  
 13 subject to confirmation by the Senate; the officers of the General Assembly or  
 14 either house thereof, officers appointed by judges of any court; (*Provided, how-*  
 15 *ever,* that all permanent officers and employees appointed by any judge or judges  
 16 who do not perform judicial functions shall be included in said classified ser-  
 17 vice); notaries public; persons employed in the military service of the State;  
 18 all presidents, deans, principals, professors, instructors, scientific staff and  
 19 other teachers in the University of Illinois and the normal schools; employees  
 20 at the executive mansion; special attorneys employed by the Attorney General,  
 21 or by any board or officer, and chaplains of the State charitable, correctional  
 22 and penal institutions, shall not be included in the classified service: *Provided,*  
 23 that in the University of Illinois and the normal school students may be em-  
 24 ployed under the rules of the Civil Service Commission without examination or  
 25 certification.

26       Sec. 11a. LEGISLATIVE EMPLOYEES.] All employees of the General Assembly  
 27 or of either house thereof shall constitute a part of the classified civil service of  
 28 the State, subject to all the terms of this Act: *Provided, however,* that separate  
 29 registers shall be established for legislative employees. Transfers of persons  
 30 eligible for appointment may, upon application to and approval by the commis-  
 31 sion, be made to such registers from registers for the same grade or class of posi-  
 32 tions for other State services. Persons in the classified civil service of the  
 33 State may, with the consent of the commission, be temporarily transferred to  
 34 the service of the General Assembly or of either house thereof, provided that the  
 35 position to which the transfer is made is similar in duties to the one from which  
 36 the person is transferred.



1 Introduced by Mr. Kane, March 18, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Public Utilities and  
Transportation.

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## A BILL

For an Act regulating the employment of engineers and conductors, and to prevent the employment of incompetent persons as locomotive engineers and conductors on railroads in the State of Illinois, and providing penalty for violation of same.

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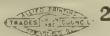
SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That no person shall be permitted to act as a locomotive engineer unless he shall have had three years experience as a locomotive fireman, or prior to this Act, shall have been employed as a locomotive engineer.

Sec. 2. That no person shall be permitted to act as a conductor on a railroad train unless he shall have had three years experience in train or engine service, or prior to this Act, shall have been employed as conductor on a railroad train.



Sec. 3. That it shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly engage,  
2 promote, employ, require, persuade, prevail upon, or cause any person to act in  
3 violation of the two preceding sections.

Sec. 4. Any violation of the provisions of this Act, shall be punished by  
2 imprisonment for not more than one year, or by a fine of not less than one hun-  
3 dred dollars (\$100.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00), or by  
4 both fine and imprisonment, and each day's violation shall constitute a separ-  
5 ate offense.



1 Introduced by Mr. Griffin, March 18, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Public Utilities and  
Transportation.

## A BILL

For an Act to regulate and fix the maximum price to be charged by any steam, electric or other railroad for one continuous trip within the limits of any municipality and providing a penalty for the violation thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That it shall be unlawful for any person,  
3 company or corporation operating any steam, electric or other railroad, in,  
4 within or through the corporate limits of any municipality, to charge, take or  
5 accept from any one passenger more than the sum of five (5) cents, in lawful  
6 money of the United States of America, for any one continuous trip of said  
7 passenger within the corporate limits of said municipality, over the lines of said  
8 railroad.

Sec. 2. Any person, company or corporation, so operating any such rail-  
2 road, that shall violate any of the provisions hereof shall be deemed guilty of a  
3 misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not  
4 less than twenty-five (25) dollars nor more than one hundred (\$100.00) dol-  
5 lars.

Sec. 3. Each and every violation of the provisions hereof shall be held and  
2 deemed to be a separate and distinct offense and punishable as such.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Dudgeon (by request), March 18, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

WHEREAS, James H. Akhurst, now deceased, was, on May 12, 1866, the owner of a canal boat known as the "J. C. Leonard", loaded with corn, which was sunk on that date and cargo ruined by the negligence of "the State Trustee", to the damage of Akhurst on the boat to one thousand two hundred eighty-nine dollars and eighty-six cents (\$1,289.86), and to the cargo of corn to three thousand two hundred and six dollars (\$3,206.00). The "J. C. Leonard" was destroyed at the same time and by the same causes that destroyed the boat owned by Charles Daft, known as the "Bay State." Daft brought suit and the Attorney General of the State of Illinois entered into stipulation with claimant herein (Akhurst) that the Akhurst claim abide the result of the case brought by Daft.

Daft obtained a judgment upon a verdict by a jury finding the Illinois and Michigan canal trustee guilty of negligence, and this judgment was affirmed by the Supreme Court of the State of Illinois and thereafter, the Commission of Claims admitted the entire justness of the Daft and of the Akhurst claims; and the Committee on Judiciary of the State Senate of the Thirty-second General Assembly referred a bill for the same to the Appropriation Committee; and in the House of Representatives, the Committee on Canal and River Improvement drew and presented a substitute bill for the payment thereof, and recommended that the same pass in the total amount of seven thousand eight hundred fifty-one dollars and six cents (\$7,851.06), payable to the administrator of James H. Akhurst, deceased. But notwithstanding all of the foregoing, the said damages have never been paid.



23       AND, WHEREAS, The record with reference to the foregoing matters is more  
 24 fully set forth in the case of Daft v. State Trustee, (48 Ill., 96), (56 Ill., 121);  
 25 and in the files of the Auditor of Public Accounts, in re claims presented to the  
 26 Commission of Claims August 15, 1878, particularly cases Numbers 87, 88, 89  
 27 and 90; and by copies of House Bill No. 129, and the bill originating in the Com-  
 28 mittee on Canal and River Improvement (House Bill 647), and by Senate Bill  
 29 102, of the Thirty-second General Assembly; and more particularly by reference  
 30 to the Senate journal of said Assembly (February 4, 1881, page 214), and to  
 31 the House journal, (page 540, March 31, 1881).

32       AND, WHEREAS, Every governmental agency of the State to which this matter  
 33 has been referred has been forced to admit the fairness and justness of the  
 34 claim, to-wit: A jury, the Commission of Claims, the Supreme Court, the Com-  
 35 mittee on Judiciary of the Senate, the Committee on Rivers of the House,—  
 36 but notwithstanding all of the foregoing, forty-six years have passed and this  
 37 just bill has not been paid.

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## A BILL

For an Act to pay off and for the relief of certain creditors of "The State Trustee"  
 of the Illinois and Michigan Canal.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
 2 *represented in the General Assembly.* That the sum of sixteen thousand nine  
 3 hundred and five dollars (\$16,905.00) be and the same is hereby appropriated to

4 pay and satisfy the following claim against the State Trustee of the Illinois and  
5 Michigan Canal, viz:

6 To Louney Akhurst and Clara Swinney Akhurst, sole heirs of James H. Ak-  
7 hurst, deceased, the sum of one thousand two hundred eighty-nine dollars and  
8 eighty-six cents (\$1,289.86) for the loss of the canal boat "J. C. Leonard"; also  
9 the sum of three thousand two hundred and six dollars (\$3,206.00) for the loss  
10 of the cargo of said boat; with interest at six per cent on each amount from the  
11 twelfth day of May, 1866, (total amount, \$16,905.00).

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby directed to draw his  
2 warrant on the State Treasurer for the amount specified in section 1 of this Act  
3 upon receipt being given therefor, and the State Treasurer shall pay the same  
4 out of the proper funds of the treasury not otherwise appropriated.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Bruce, March 19, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee of Civil Service.

A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, “An Act to Regulate the Civil Service of Cities,” approved and in force March 20, 1895, as subsequently amended by amending section nine (9), ten (10), and twelve (12) thereof and adding thereto a new section to be known as section 12a.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, “An Act to Regulate the Civil Service of Cities,” approved and in force March 20, 1895, as subsequently amended be, and the same is hereby amended by amending sections nine (9), ten (10), and twelve (12) thereof and by adding thereto a new section to be known as section 12a which said sections when amended and added shall read as inserted at length herein.

Sec. 9. PROMOTIONS.] The commission shall, by its rules, provide for promotions in such classified service, on the basis of seniority in service and examination, and shall provide in all cases where it is practicable, that vacancies shall be filled by promotion. *The commission shall establish charts showing the lines of promotion in the classified service and indicating clearly the employees*



6 *who are eligible to take promotional examinations from one grade in such classi-*  
 7 *fied service to another. All examinations for promotion shall be competitive*  
 8 *among such members of the next lower rank as indicated by such promotional*  
 9 *charts, as desire to submit themselves to such examinations; and it shall be*  
 10 *the duty of the commission to submit to the appointing power the name and ad-*  
 11 *dress of the candidate standing highest upon the register of eligibles created as*  
 12 *a result of such examination at the time of certification. The method of ex-*  
 13 *amination, and the rules governing the same, and the method of certifying*  
 14 *shall be the same as provided for applicants for original appointment."*

Sec. 10. APPOINTMENTS TO CLASSIFIED SERVICE.] The head of the Depart-  
 2 ment of office in which a position classified under this Act is to be filled shall  
 3 notify said commission of that fact, and said commission shall certify to the ap-  
 4 pointing officer the name and address of the candidate standing highest upon the  
 5 register for the class or grade to which said position belongs, except that in  
 6 cases of laborers, where a choice by competition is impracticable, said commis-  
 7 sion may provide by its rules that the selections shall be made by lot from  
 8 among those candidates proved fit by examination. In making such certifica-  
 9 tion sex shall be disregarded, except when some statute, the rules of said com-  
 10 mission or the appointing power specified sex. The appointing officer shall  
 11 notify said commission of each position to be filled separately, and shall fill  
 12 such place by the appointment of the person certified to him by said commis-  
 13 sion therefor. Said commission may strike "off names of candidates from  
 14 the register after they have remained thereon more than two years. To pre-  
 15 vent the stoppage of public business, or to meet extraordinary exigencies, the  
 16 head of any department or office may with the approval of the commission,  
 17 make temporary appointment to remain in force not exceeding sixty (60) days  
 18 and only until regular appointments under the provisions of this Act can be  
 19 made.

Sec. 12. REMOVALS.] No officer or employee in the classified Civil Serv-  
 2 ice of any city who shall have been appointed under said rules and after said

3 examination, shall be removed or discharged except for cause, upon written  
4 charges and after an opportunity to be heard in his own defense. Such charges  
5 shall be investigated by or before said Civil Service Commission, or by or be-  
6 fore some officer or board appointed by said commission, to conduct such in-  
7 vestigation: *Provided, however, that the particular Act or Acts charged*  
8 *against the employee shall not have occurred more than ninety (90) days pre-*  
9 *vious to the date of filing such charges.* The finding and decision of such com-  
10 mission or investigating officer or board, when approved by said commission,  
11 shall be certified to the appointing officer, and shall be forthwith enforced by  
12 such officer. Nothing in this Act shall limit the power of any officer to sus-  
13 pend a subordinate for a reasonable period, not exceeding thirty (30) days, *said*  
14 *officer, however, shall submit in writing to such commission, within five (5)*  
15 *days, the reason for such suspension, and the commission shall approve or*  
16 *disapprove the same. If disapproved, the person so suspended shall be forth-*  
17 *with reinstated without loss of pay.* In the course of an investigation of charges,  
18 each member of the commission, and of any board so appointed by it, and  
19 any officers so appointed, shall have the power to administer oaths, and shall  
20 have power to secure by its subpoena both the attendance and testimony  
21 of witnesses, and the production of books and papers relevant to such investi-  
22 gation.

Sec. 12a. "No employee in such classified service engaged in any recog-  
2 nized trade or profession shall be discharged from the service, or be stricken  
3 from any eligible list, or lose his position of relative standing upon any  
3½ eligible list, if unable to continue in any position to which he has been  
4 certified, or if unable to accept certification to a position to which he is eligible  
5 because of any strike or lock out in the trade to which he belongs."



AMENDMENTS TO

49th G. A.

HOUSE BILL No. 403

1915



1 Adopted May 13, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 403 by striking out of line 8, on page 3, the words

2 “ninety days” and insert in lieu thereof the words “one year”.

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 403 by striking out section 12a.





1 Introduced by Mr. Burns, March 19, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Industrial Affairs.

## A BILL

For an Act to establish a minimum wage commission and to define its powers and duties, to provide for the creation of wage boards, and for the determination of minimum wages for women and minors in the various occupations, trades and industries in which women and minors are employed, and for putting into effect the findings of said commission and for the punishment of any violations of the provisions of the Act.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That there is hereby established a com-  
3 mission to be known as the Minimum Wage Commission, to be composed of three  
4 persons to be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the  
5 Senate. The first appointment of members shall be made within ninety days  
6 after the taking effect of this Act, one member for a term ending October 1,  
7 1916, one for a term ending October 1, 1917, and one for a term ending October  
8 1, 1918. At the expiration of their respective terms, their successors shall be  
9 appointed to serve for a full term of three years. One of said members shall be  
10 a woman, and one shall be designated by the Governor as chairman of the com-  
11 mission. Any vacancies on said commission shall be filled for the unexpired  
12 portion of the term in the same manner as in case of original appointment.

Sec. 2. The members of said commission shall be allowed ten dollars (\$10.00) per day for their services, and in addition thereto all necessary traveling and other expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties. The commission may employ a secretary, and such expert and clerical assistants as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act, and shall fix the compensation of such employees. The total sum of expenses by the commission shall not exceed the amount appropriated for its use.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the commission to ascertain the wages, hours of labor, and conditions of labor, of women and minors employed in the various occupations, trades and industries of the states, and to ascertain whether or not the wages paid to any such employee are inadequate to meet the necessary cost of living and to maintain the worker in health. For the purpose of this Act a minor is defined to be a person under the age of eighteen years.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of every firm, person or corporation employing women or minors to furnish to the commission at its request any reports or information which the commission may desire in the performance of its duties, and to allow any member of the commission, its secretary, or any of its duly authorized agents, to have free access to and inspection of all books, reports, contracts, pay rolls or other documents or papers of such person, firm or corporation relating to the employment and wages of women and minors. Every employer of women and minors shall keep a register of the names, ages and residence addresses of all women and minors employed by him or it, and shall, upon request, permit the commission or any of its members or authorized agents, to inspect such register.

Sec. 5. If, after investigation, the commission shall conclude that in any occupation the wages paid to a substantial number of women or minors are inadequate to supply the necessary cost of living and to maintain the worker in health, or if the commission shall conclude that the situation reasonably warrants further investigation, then the commission shall establish a wage board as

hereinafter provided. In either case the commission shall make a written record summarizing the information and considerations on which such conclusions shall be based. Any such wage board shall consist of not less than two representatives of employers in the occupation in question and of an equal number of persons to represent the women and minors employed in said occupation, and of one disinterested person appointed by the commission to represent the public. The wage commission shall have absolute and final power in determining who shall be members of any wage board and may fill any vacancy in the membership of any wage board at any time occurring. In selecting the members to represent the women and minors employed in any occupation, the wage commission shall, as far as they deem practicable, ascertain what persons are desired by said women and minors as the representatives of said women and minors on said board; and similarly in their selection of members to represent the employers they shall so far as they deem practicable ascertain what persons are desired by said employers as their representatives. The person appointed to represent the public shall be chairman of the board. The commission shall make rules and regulations governing the modes of procedure of the wage boards, and shall exercise exclusive jurisdiction over all questions arising with reference to the validity of the procedure and of the determinations of the wage boards. The members of wage boards shall be paid five dollars (\$5.00) for each day's service; they shall be allowed the necessary traveling and clerical expenses incurred in the performance of their duties, these payments to be made from the appropriations for the expenses of the commission. All hearings of any wage board shall be open to the public.

Sec. 6. The commission shall transmit to each wage board all pertinent information in its possession relative to the wages paid in the occupation in question. Each wage board shall take into consideration the needs of the employees, the financial condition of the occupation and the probable effect thereon of any increase in the minimum wages paid, and shall endeavor to determine the minimum wage, whether by time rate or piece rate, for female employees



7 of ordinary ability in the occupation, trade or industry in question, or for any or  
8 for all branches thereof, and also suitable minimum wages for learners and  
9 apprentices and for minors. Where the rates of wages is effected by methods of  
10 computation, by prices charged for material, by reduction by way of fine or  
11 otherwise, or by other methods or contrivances having a tendency to reduce the  
12 earnings of the employees, the determination of a minimum wage may be ac-  
13 companied by a statement of a standard method of calculating the same, or  
14 different standards may be fixed according to different methods of calculation.  
15 When a majority of the members of a wage board shall agree upon minimum  
16 wage determinations, they shall report their findings to the commission, together  
17 with reasons therefor and the facts relating thereto, and also the names, as far  
18 as they can be ascertained by the board, of employers who pay less than the  
19 minimum wage so determined.

Sec. 7. The commission and wage boards conducting investigations under  
2 the provisions of this Act shall have the power to subpoena witnesses, adminis-  
3 ter oaths and take testimony, and to examine such parts of the books and records  
4 of employers as relate to the wages paid to women and minors. Such witnesses  
5 shall be summoned in the same manner and be paid the same fees as witnesses  
6 in court. Any employer or other person who shall refuse or fail to obey any  
7 such subpoena, or who shall fail to comply with the provisions of this section,  
8 shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be  
9 punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for each offense.  
10 Any circuit court of this State, or any judge thereof, either in term time or  
11 vacation, upon application of any such commissioner, or member of wage board,  
12 may, in his discretion, compel the attendance of witnesses, the production of  
13 books and papers, and giving of testimony before the commission, or before any  
14 such commissioner, or wage board, by an attachment for contempt or otherwise,  
15 in the same manner as production of evidence may be compelled before said  
16 court. Every person, who, having taken an oath or made affirmation before  
17 a commissioner or wage board, shall wilfully swear or affirm falsely, shall be  
18 guilty of perjury and upon conviction shall be punished accordingly.

Sec. 8. Upon receipt of a report from a wage board, the commission shall  
2 review the same, and may approve any or all of the findings, or it may disap-  
3 prove any or all of them, and may recommit the subject to the same, or to a  
4 new wage board. If the commission approves any or all of the findings of the  
5 wage board it shall, after not less than fourteen days' written notice, mailed  
6 to the last known address of such employers paying a wage less than the mini-  
7 mum wage approved, and after publication of said notice in at least one news-  
8 paper of general circulation in each county in which the occupation in question  
9 is known to be carried on, give a public hearing to such employers, and if after  
10 such public hearing the commission finally approves such minimum wage, it  
11 shall enter a final order, effective within sixty days after the issuance of said  
12 order, establishing the minimum wage for women and for minors in such oc-  
13 cupation, trade or industry. The commission shall publish such final order,  
14 in at least one newspaper of general circulation in each county in this State in  
15 which any of said occupation, trade or industry is conducted to which said order  
16 is applicable, and a copy of the order shall be sent by mail, so far as practi-  
17 cable, to each employer engaged in the occupation, trade or industry in ques-  
18 tion, who shall post a copy of said order in each building in which women and  
19 minors effected by said order are employed. Failure to mail a copy of said  
20 notice or order to any employer shall not relieve him from his duty to comply  
21 with said order, provided publication has been made as herein provided.

Sec. 9. Whenever a minimum wage has been established in any occupation,  
2 trade or industry, as herein provided, the commission may, at their discretion,  
3 upon petition of either employers or employees, reconvene the wage board or  
4 establish a new wage board, and any finding or recommendation made by such  
5 board shall be dealt with in the same manner as the original finding or recommen-  
6 dation of a wage board.

Sec. 10. For any occupation, trade or industry in which a minimum wage  
2 has been established, the commission may issue to any person physically de-

3 fective a special license authorizing the employment of the license for a wage  
4 less than such minimum wage, such lesser minimum wage to be fixed in such  
5 license.

Sec. 11. It shall be the duty of the Minimum Wage Commission to keep it-  
2 self informed regarding the economic conditions and prospects of workers re-  
3 ceiving less than a minimum wage, and in co-operation with employers or em-  
4 ployees' organizations to devise methods whereby the work of such employee  
5 can be made more efficient and remunerative. The commission shall also assist  
6 such employees in any legitimate effort to improve their conditions, and it may  
7 take the initiative steps towards that end. Employers as well as employees  
8 may report to the commission any defects or grievances that may exist in the  
9 relations between such employer and employee, or in the working conditions in  
10 any industry, trade or occupation in which women and minors are employed, and  
11 the commission may mediate between employer and employee and endeavor to  
12 remedy such defects and grievances. For all these purposes the commission  
13 may act through authorized representatives or through the wage board ap-  
14 pointed as aforesaid.

Sec. 12. Any employer who discharges, or threatens to discharge, or in  
2 any other manner discriminates against any employee because such employee has  
3 testified or is about to testify, or because such employer believes that said  
4 employee may testify in any investigation or proceedings relative to the enforce-  
5 ment of this Act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 13. For the preservation of the public health and for the promotion  
2 of the general welfare of society, it is hereby declared to be unlawful for any  
3 employer of women or minors within this State to pay such employees less  
4 than such minimum wage, as may be provided for hereunder in any occupation,  
5 trade or industry. Every employer, or other person who, either individually or  
6 acting as an office agent or employee of a corporation, or other person, violates  
7 any provision of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall,



8 upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars  
9 (\$25.00) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) and shall stand committed  
10 until such fine and costs are paid or by imprisonment in the county jail for not  
11 less than ten nor more than sixty days, for each such offense. Each day which  
12 any employer shall employ a person in an occupation, trade or industry for  
13 which a minimum wage has been fixed at less than such minimum wage shall con-  
14 stitute a separate and distinct violation of this Act. In every prosecution for  
15 the violation of any provision of this Act, the minimum wage established by the  
16 Minimum Wage Commission, as herein provided, shall be presumed to be just  
17 and reasonable, and to be the minimum wage required to be paid in the particu-  
18 lar occupation, trade or industry in question.

Sec. 14. After the establishment of a minimum wage, as herein provided,  
2 any employee receiving less than the minimum wage applicable to such em-  
3 ployee, shall be entitled to recover in a civil action the unpaid balance of the full  
4 amount of such minimum wage, together with costs of suits, notwithstanding any  
5 agreement to work for such lesser wage, and the commission is authorized to  
6 bring suit in behalf of such employee for such recovery when appealed to by  
7 such employee: *Provided, however,* that suit to recover such unpaid balance  
8 shall be instituted within one year after such wage shall have been due and  
9 unpaid.

Sec. 15. Any commissioner, member of wage board, agent or employee of  
2 the commission or of any wage board, or any other person who shall wilfully,  
3 or through culpable negligence, violate any of the provisions of this Act, who  
4 shall receive a bribe with respect to any acts to be done under the provisions of  
5 this Act, or who shall conspire with any one to prevent the complete perform-  
6 ance of any duty under this Act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, on  
7 conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars  
8 (\$25.00) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00), and shall stand commit-  
9 ted until such fine and costs are paid, or by imprisonment in the county jail



10 for a term not exceeding six months, or both fine and imprisonment, in the  
11 discretion of the court.

Sec. 16. Prosecutions for violations of this Act may be instituted either  
2 by the Attorney General or by the State's Attorney for the county in which the  
3 offense is alleged to have been committed, or by the commission acting through  
4 special counsel. Such suits shall be conducted and controlled by the prosecut-  
5 ing officers who institute them unless they request the aid of other prosecuting  
6 officers.

Sec. 17. The commission shall, annually, on or before the first Wednesday  
2 in January, make a report to the Governor of its investigations and proceedings  
3 during the preceding year.

AMENDMENT TO

49th G. A.

HOUSE BILL No. 404

1915



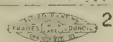
1 Adopted June 11, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend section 5 of House Bill No. 404 by inserting in line 11, page 3, after  
2 the word "person" the following words: "agreed upon between such representa-  
3 tives of the employers and such equal number of persons who represent the  
4 women and minors employed in such occupation if such agreement can be  
5 had, but if there be no such agreement within ten (10) days, then such third  
6 member shall be."





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Burres, March 19, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Banks, Banking and Building and Loan Associations.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to enable associations of persons to become a body corporate to raise funds to be loaned only among the members of such association," in force July 1, 1879, as amended by subsequent Acts by amending section 5c thereof.

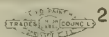
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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to enable associations of persons to become a body corporate to raise funds to be loaned only among the members of such association," in force July 1, 1879, as amended by subsequent Acts, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section 5c thereof, so that the said section when amended shall read as follows:

Sec. 5c. The directors shall have power to borrow money for such temporary uses and purposes of the association as the exigencies of the business may demand and as are not inconsistent with the objects of the association. To secure such loans the directors may cause the obligation or obligations of the asso-



5 ciation to be issued therefor, bearing interest at not to exceed the then legal  
6 contract rate. No such loan or loans shall have a longer duration than one  
7 year, nor shall the aggregate amount of such outstanding indebtedness at any  
8 one time exceed *twenty* per centum of the assets of the association. Before any  
9 money shall be borrowed, the board of directors shall first, by a majority vote  
10 of all members, pass and record a resolution to that effect.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Thomas Curran, March 19, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on License and Miscellaneous.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the licensing of structural engineers, to regulate the practice of structural engineering, and to exempt licensed structural engineers from the provisions of the Act relating to the practice of architecture.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That within thirty days after the taking effect of this Act the Governor of the State shall appoint a State Board of Examiners of Structural Engineers, to be composed of five members, one of whom shall be a professor in the Civil Engineering Department of the University of Illinois, and the others shall be structural engineers of recognized standing, who have had not less than ten years' practical experience, then practicing as structural engineers in the State of Illinois, to hold, regulate, supervise and control examinations of applicants for license to practice structural engineering in this State. Two of the members shall be designated to hold office until January 31, 1919; and thereafter upon the expiration of the term of office of the persons so appointed, the Governor of the State shall appoint a successor to each person whose term of office shall expire, to hold office for four

14 years, and said person so appointed shall have the above specified qualifica-  
15 tions. In case appointment of a successor is not made before the expiration  
16 of the term of any member, such member shall hold office until his successor is  
17 appointed and duly qualified. Any vacancy occurring in the membership of the  
18 Board shall be filled by the Governor of the State for the unexpired term of  
19 such membership.

Sec. 2. The members of the State Board of Examiners of Structural En-  
2 gineers shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, make and file  
3 with the Secretary of State the constitutional oath of office. They shall, as soon  
4 as organized, and biennially thereafter in the month of February elect from  
5 their number a president and a secretary who shall also be the treasurer. The  
6 treasurer, before entering upon his duties, shall file a bond with the Secretary  
7 of State, for such a sum as shall be required of him by the Secretary of State,  
8 and in such form and with such sureties as may be approved by the Governor  
9 of the State. The Board shall adopt rules and regulations not inconsistent  
10 with this Act to govern its proceedings; shall adopt a seal; and shall cause the  
11 prosecution of all persons violating any of the provisions of this Act, and may  
12 incur necessary expense in that behalf. The Secretary shall have the care and  
13 custody of the seal; and shall keep a record of all the proceedings of the Board  
14 which shall be open at all times to the public.

15 The Secretary of the Board shall receive a salary to be fixed by the Board,  
16 and which shall not exceed the sum of fifteen hundred (\$1500.00) dollars per  
17 annum; he shall also receive his traveling and other expenses incurred in the  
18 performance of his official duties, and each of the other members of the Board  
19 shall receive the sum of ten (\$10.00) dollars for each day actually engaged  
20 in the performance of his duties, and all legitimate and necessary expenses  
21 incurred in attending the meetings of the Board and in conducting examina-  
22 tions, which together with all other lawful expenses shall be paid from funds  
23 appropriated therefor, as provided by law.

Sec. 3. Three members of the Board shall constitute a quorum. Meetings

2 of the Board shall be called by the Secretary upon the written request of the  
3 President or any two members, by giving at last seven days' written notice of  
4 such meetings to each member, counting from the day on which the notices are  
5 post-marked, telegraphed or personally delivered.

6 The Board shall adopt rules and regulations for the examination of appli-  
7 cants for license to practice Structural Engineering, in accordance with the  
8 provisions of this Act, and may amend, modify, and repeal such rules and  
9 regulations from time to time. The Board shall immediately upon the election  
10 of each officer thereof, and upon the adoption, repeal or modification of its rules  
11 of government or its rules and regulations of examinations of applicants for  
12 licenses, file with the Secretary of State and publish at least twice in at least  
13 one Engineering Journal of general circulation in the State of Illinois and in  
14 one daily newspaper published in the State of Illinois, the name and address  
15 of each officer, and a copy of such rules and regulations, or the amendments,  
16 repeal or modification thereof.

Sec. 4. Provisions shall be made by the Board hereby constituted

2 for holding examinations at such place or places as shall be appointed by the  
3 Board, and at least two in each year, of applicants for license to practice  
4 structural engineering. Notice of the time and place of the holding of such  
5 examinations shall be published in the same manner as is hereinbefore pro-  
6 vided for the publication of the rules and regulations pertaining to such ex-  
7 aminations adopted by the Board: *Provided* that the last day of such publica-  
8 tion shall be at least twenty (20) days prior to the date of holding such ex-  
9 aminations. Each applicant shall pay to the Secretary of the Board, in ad-  
10 vance, a fee of twenty (\$20) dollars, and shall present his affidavit that he is of  
11 the age of twenty-one years, or above. Such examinations shall be held by the  
12 examiners as a body, a majority of whom shall constitute a quorum, or by a  
13 committee of two or more members selected and appointed by the Board. Ex-  
14 aminations shall be conducted by written or printed interrogatories, in whole  
15 or in part.



Each applicant examined shall sustain a satisfactory examination in the design and construction of buildings and structures according to scientific principles and with special reference to strength and safety; the strength and properties of the various building materials; the principles of theoretical and applied mechanics; the ability of the applicant to apply his knowledge to the ordinary requirements of structural engineering; and in such other matters and subjects as the Board of Examiners may require as suitable to fairly and thoroughly test the competency of the applicant to practice structural engineering in this State.

Every applicant for a license, except those who apply by virtue of the provisions of section five (5) and six (6) of this Act, shall present to the Board of Examiners satisfactory proof, by affidavit, or otherwise, as the Board may direct:

(a) That at the time of the taking effect of this Act, he was actually engaged in the practice of structural engineering in this State, and did not apply for a license under section five (5) of this Act, and in such case the applicant shall be entitled to an examination without regard to the number of years he has practiced. Or,

(b) That within ten years next prior to his application, he has practiced structural engineering in some state or territory of the United States, or in some foreign country, for not less than six years, during at least two full years of which period he shall have been in responsible charge of work, as principal or assistant. Or,

(c) That within ten years next prior to his application, he has pursued a course of study and training in the theory and practice of structural engineering covering at least the subjects above specifically enumerated, for the period of not less than six years, in the employ or under the supervision, direction and tuition of one or more practicing structural engineers, during at least two full years of which period, every such applicant shall show that he has been in charge of work in designing or construction in the employ or under the direction of such engineer or engineers. Such applicants who have graduated from a

47 college or school of engineering considered by the Board to be in good standing  
48 and requiring a course of study of not less than four years, during at least  
49 thirty weeks in each year, shall be credited two years upon the six-year period  
50 required above, the remaining four years to be pursued as hereinabove in this  
51 paragraph provided. The Board in its discretion may adopt rules providing  
52 for credit not exceeding two years on said six-year period to applicants who  
53 have pursued a course of instruction in schools or colleges of engineering ap-  
54 proved by the Board, but who have not graduated.

55 If the result of the examination of any applicant shall be satisfactory to a  
56 majority of the Board, under its rules, the Secretary, upon an order of the  
57 Board, and upon payment by said applicant of the further sum of Thirty (\$30)  
58 dollars, shall issue to said applicant a license to practice structural engineering  
59 in this State, in accordance with the provision of this Act, which license shall  
60 contain the full name, birthplace, and age of the licensee, and shall be signed  
61 by the President and Secretary and sealed with the seal of the Board.

62 All papers received by the Secretary in relation to applications for license,  
63 shall be kept on file in his office, and proper index and record thereof shall be  
64 kept by him.

65 Any fraudulent act or representation by any applicant in connection with  
66 his application for examination, or for a license without examination, under  
67 this Act, or during the conduct of his examination, shall be sufficient cause for  
68 the withholding of the license by the Board of Examiners or for its revocation  
69 after it has been issued.

Sec. 5. Any person who shall by affidavit or other proof as the Board  
2 may direct, show to the satisfaction of the State Board of Examiners of Struc-  
3 tural Engineers that he was a resident of and engaged in the practice of struc-  
4 tural engineering in this State on the date of the taking effect of this Act, shall  
5 be entitled to a license without examination, provided such application shall be  
6 made within six months after the taking effect of this Act. Such license, when  
7 granted, shall set forth the fact that the person to whom the same was issued  
8 was practicing structural engineering in this State at the time of the taking

9 effect of this Act and is therefore entitled to the license to practice the profes-  
10 sion of structural engineering without an examination by the Board of Examin-  
11 ers, and the Secretary of the Board shall upon the payment to him by the ap-  
12 plicant of a fee of fifty (\$50) dollars issue to the person named in said affi-  
13 davit a license to practice structural engineering in this State in accordance  
14 with the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 6. The State Board of Examiners may in its discretion, issue a li-  
2 cense, without examination, upon payment of a fee of fifty (\$50) dollars, to a  
3 structural engineer licensed under the laws of any other state or territory of  
4 the United States, or any foreign country, provided it appear to the Board that  
5 in the state or territory or country in which such license was issued, the re-  
6 quirements for a license to practice structural engineering were equal to those  
7 prescribed in this State, and that such state, territory or country accord a like  
8 privilege to structural engineers who hold licenses issued under the provisions  
9 of this Act.

Sec. 7. Every person holding a license to practice structural engineering  
2 in this State shall have it recorded in the office of the Secretary of State and  
3 the date of recording shall be endorsed thereon, and upon such recording said  
4 license shall be of force and effect throughout the State. The Secretary of  
5 State shall be entitled to receive a fee of \$1.00 for the recording of each license  
6 filed for record. Until such license is recorded as herein provided, the holder  
7 thereof shall not exercise any of the rights or privileges conferred therein and  
8 thereby.

Sec. 8. Every licensed structural engineer shall have a seal, the impres-  
2 sion of which must contain the name of the Structural Engineer, his place of  
3 business, and the words, "Licensed Structural Engineer," "State of Illinois,"  
4 with which he shall stamp all plans, drawings and specifications issued by him  
5 for use in this State.



Sec. 9. Persons licensed to practice structural engineering in this State  
2 under this Act shall be exempt from the provisions of "An Act to provide for  
3 the licensing of architects and regulating the practice of architecture as a pro-  
4 fession," approved June 3, 1897, and in force July 1, 1897 and all amendments  
5 thereto.

Sec. 10. No corporation shall be licensed to practice structural engineer-  
2 ing, but it shall be lawful for corporations to furnish to other engineering plans,  
3 drawings and specifications for or engineering supervision of the construction  
4 of buildings and structures within the meaning of this Act, provided such plans,  
5 drawings and specifications have been prepared by a structural engineer or en-  
6 gineers licensed under this Act and bear the seal of such engineers: *And, pro-*  
7 *vided*, that such supervision shall be rendered by a structural engineer or engi-  
8 neers licensed under this Act: *And, provided further*, that the chief executive  
9 officer or managing agent of such corporation in the State of Illinois shall be a  
10 structural engineer licensed under this Act.

Sec. 11. It shall be lawful for one or more licensed structural engineers to  
2 enter into copartnership with one or more architects licensed under the laws  
3 of this State, for the practice of their professions.

Sec. 12. Any person who shall be engaged in the designing, or supervision  
2 of the construction, enlargement or alteration of buildings and structures, as  
3 hereinafter defined, or any part thereof, for others and to be constructed by  
4 persons other than himself shall be regarded as practicing structural engineer-  
5 ing within the meaning of this Act and shall be held to comply with the same  
6 buildings and structures within the meaning of this Act shall be construed to  
7 mean buildings and structures having as essential structural features, founda-  
8 tions, columns, girders, trusses, arches and beams, or some of them, and in  
9 which safe design and construction require that loads and stresses must be com-  
10 puted and the sizes and strength of parts must be determined by mathematical  
11 calculations based on scientific principles and engineering data: *Provided how-*



12 *ever* this Act shall not be regarded as applying to: (a) Draughtsmen, students  
 13 clerks of work, superintendents and other employees of structural engineers duly  
 14 licensed to practice under this Act, so long as they work and act under the instruc-  
 15 tions, control, direction and supervision of their employers; (b) Superintendents  
 16 of construction of buildings and structures employed and paid by the owners,  
 17 provided such superintendents act under the control, direction and supervision  
 18 of a structural engineer, duly licensed under this Act; (c) Persons licensed to  
 19 practice architecture in this State: *And, provided further,* nothing contained in  
 20 this Act shall be construed to prevent any person, mechanic or builder from  
 21 making plans and specifications for, or supervising the construction, enlarge-  
 22 ment or alteration of any building or structure that is to be constructed by  
 23 himself or his employees.

Sec. 13. After six months from the taking effect of this Act, it shall be  
 2 unlawful for any person to practice structural engineering without a license in  
 3 this State, or to advertise, or to display a sign or card, or other device which  
 4 indicates or represents that he is entitled to practice as a structural engineer  
 5 in this State, and any person guilty of the violation of any of the provisions of  
 6 this Act shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten (\$10) dollars nor more  
 7 than two hundred (\$200) dollars, for each and every offense.

Sec. 14. It shall be lawful and be the duty of the State Building Commis-  
 2 sioner appointed and acting under any State Building Code which is now or  
 3 which may hereafter be in force and effect in this State, or of any Building Com-  
 4 missioner of any city, town or village organized under any general or special  
 5 law of this State, which has adopted a building code or other ordinance or laws  
 6 relative to the construction, alteration, repair, maintenance and safety of build-  
 7 ings and structures, and providing for the issuing of building permits by a  
 8 Building Commissioner or other officer designated for that purpose, to issue  
 9 permits for the construction, enlargement or alteration of such buildings or  
 10 structures to any owner, or his agent, upon the filing with the State Building  
 11 Commissioner or with the Building Commissioner of such city, town or village,  
 12 of a true copy of the plans, drawings and specifications for the construction,

13 enlargement or alteration of such buildings or structures, and a certificate  
14 signed by the structural engineer who executed, them certifying under his seal  
15 that said plans, drawings and specifications are in accordance with the State  
16 Building Code, or the Building Code of such city, town or village, as the case  
17 may be: *Provided*, Such structural engineer shall be licensed under this Act:  
18 *And, Provided*, Such owner or his agent has complied with all other require-  
19 ments of law requisite to obtain such building permit: *And, provided, further*,  
20 That such plans, drawings and specifications are in accordance with the State  
21 Building Code, or the Building Code of such city, town or village, as the case  
22 may be.

Sec. 15. Every licensed structural engineer in this State, who desires  
2 to continue the practice of his profession, shall annually, during the time he  
3 shall continue in such practice, pay to the Secretary of the Board during the  
4 month of July, a fee of ten (\$10) dollars, and the Secretary shall thereupon  
5 issue to such licensed structural engineer a certificate of renewal of his license  
6 for the term of one year. Failure by any licensed structural engineer in ac-  
7 tual practice to cause his license to be renewed during the month of July in  
8 each and every year, shall constitute valid grounds for the revocation of his li-  
9 cense. The failure to renew such license in apt time shall not deprive such struc-  
10 tural engineer of the right of renewal thereafter; but the fee to be paid upon the  
11 renewal of a license after the month of July shall be fifteen (\$15) dollars.

12 It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Board to file with the Secretary  
13 of State on the 15th days of February and August in each year certified lists  
14 of all licenses then in force, upon the filing of each of which said lists, the  
15 Secretary of State shall be entitled to receive a fee of \$1.00.

Sec. 16. Licenses issued in accordance with the provisions of this Act  
2 shall remain in full force unless revoked for cause, as hereinafter provided.  
3 Any license so granted may be revoked by a four-fifths vote of the State Board  
4 of Examiners for gross incompetency; or recklessness in the construction of  
5 buildings or other structures; or for fraudulently affixing his seal to plans,

6 drawings or specifications; or for any dishonest practice or practices on the  
7 part of the holder thereof; or for fraud in obtaining his license; or practicing  
8 without payment of the annual license renewal fee provided in section fifteen  
9 (15) of this Act; but before any license shall be revoked such holder shall be  
10 entitled to at least twenty days' notice of the charge against him, and of the  
11 time and place of the meeting of the Board for the hearing and determining  
12 of such charge.

13 For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act relating to the  
14 revocation of licenses, the Board, and each member thereof, shall have the  
15 power to administer oaths, and said Board shall have the power to secure by its  
16 subpoena both the attendance and the testimony of witnesses, and the produc-  
17 tion of books and papers, relevant to any investigation by the Board for the  
18 purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act, relating to the revocation  
19 of licenses. Witnesses shall be entitled to the same fees and mileage as wit-  
20 nesses in Court of Record, to be paid in like manner. The accused shall be  
21 entitled to the subpoena of the Board for his witnesses, and to be heard in  
22 person or by counsel in open public trial. Any Circuit Court of this State or  
23 any judge thereof, either in term time or vacation, upon application of such  
24 Board, may in its discretion by order duly entered by such court or judge  
25 thereof, require the attendance of witnesses, the production of books and pa-  
26 pers, and giving of testimony before such Board, and upon refusal or neglect  
27 to so appear and testify and produce such books and papers as commanded by  
28 such order of the court or judge thereof, may compel, by attachment or other-  
29 wise, as provided by law, the attendance of such witnesses; the production of  
30 such books, and papers and the giving of testimony before such Board, in the  
31 same manner as production of evidence may be compelled before said court.  
32 Every person who, having taken an oath or made affirmation before said Board,  
33 shall wilfully swear or affirm falsely, shall be guilty of perjury and upon con-  
34 viction shall be punished accordingly. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of  
35 the Board to promptly give notice of all revocations of licenses to the Secre-  
36 tary of State who shall make an entry thereof in his records.



Sec. 17 .The State Board of Examiners shall have power to entertain and  
2 grant for good cause shown, petitions to vacate its orders revoking licenses  
3 and reinstate such petitioner to practice in this State, and to adopt rules and  
4 regulations governing the requirements and hearing of such petitions: *Pro-*  
5 *vided*, That at least one year shall intervene between the date of the entry of  
6 the order revoking a license and the filing of such petition in cases involving  
7 gross incompetency, recklessness, dishonest practices, or fraud. The Board in  
8 its discretion may require petitioners whose licenses have been revoked for  
9 gross incompetency or recklessness to submit to an examination by the Board  
10 touching their professional qualifications and competency to practice, which  
11 shall at least cover the subjects required of applicants for a license by examina-  
12 tion. Such petitions shall briefly state the date and cause of revocation, the  
13 grounds upon which petitioner seeks retirement, and such other facts as the  
14 Board by its rules may prescribe, and shall be verified by the petitioner. The  
15 Board in the hearing of such petitions shall, as near as may be, follow the prac-  
16 tice required by this Act in relation to citations to revoke licenses. Any person  
17 interested may appear and contest such petitions. A majority vote of the Board  
18 shall be sufficient to reinstate such petitioners to practice.

19 Every petitioner shall pay to the Secretary of the Board, in advance, upon  
20 the filing of his petition, a fee of ten (\$10) dollars.

21 It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Board to promptly notify the  
22 Secretary of State of the reinstatement of any such applicant, and the Secre-  
23 tary of State shall note the same on his records accordingly.

Sec. 18. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Examining Board to  
2 file at the close of each fiscal year with the Auditor of Public Accounts of the  
3 State of Illinois, a full annual report of the proceedings of the Board, includ-  
4 ing a statement of all funds received and disbursed, and he shall also pay  
5 over to the State Treasurer of the State of Illinois, quarterly, all license fees



6 and renewal and other fees collected by him during the preceding quarter and  
7 take his receipt therefor. Said report shall be attested by the affidavits of the  
8 President and Secretary.

Sec. 19. All Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent herewith are hereby re-  
2 pealed.



1 Adopted May 27, 1915.

#### AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 406, by amending the title of said Act by striking out  
2 all of said title after the word "engineer" in the second line of said title.

#### AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 406, by striking out all of section 10 and substituting  
2 therefor the following:

Sec. 10. No corporation shall be licensed to practice structural engineer-  
2 ing, but it shall be lawful for it to prepare drawings, plans and specifications  
3 for buildings and structures as defined in this Act which are constructed, erect-  
4 ed, built or their construction supervised by such corporation: *Provided*, that  
5 the chief executive officer or managing agent of such corporation in the State  
6 of Illinois shall be a structural engineer licensed under this Act.

#### AMENDMENT NO. 4.

Amend House Bill No. 406, by striking out all of section 19.

#### AMENDMENT NO. 3.

Amend House Bill No. 406, as printed, by striking out all of section 12, and  
2 substituting the following therefor:

Sec. 12. Any person who shall be engaged in the designing or supervising of the construction, enlargement or alteration of any structures, other than buildings, as hereinafter defined, or any part thereof, for others, and to be constructed by persons other than himself, shall be regarded as practicing structural engineering within the meaning of this Act, and shall be held to comply with the same. Structures within the meaning of this Act shall be construed to mean all structures other than buildings, having as essential features, foundations, columns, girders, trusses, arches and beams, with or without other parts, and in which safe design and construction requires that loads and stresses must be computed and the size and strength of parts must be determined by mathematical calculations based upon scientific principles and engineering data, and any person who shall be engaged as a principal in the designing and supervision of the construction of structures or the structural parts of structures designed solely for the generation of electricity, or for the hoisting, cleaning, sizing, or storing of coal, cement, sand grain gravel or similar materials, elevators, industrial plants, docks, bridges, blast furnaces, rolling mills, gas producers and reservoirs, smelters, dams or roundhouses for locomotives, railroad shops, pumping or power stations for drainage districts, or power houses, shall be considered as structural engineers within the meaning of this Act, and shall be entitled to the benefits of these provisions, even though such structures may come under the definition of "buildings" as defined in "An Act to provide for the licensing of architects and regulating the practice of architecture as a profession," approved June 3, 1897, in force July 1, 1897, and all amendments thereto: *Provided, however,* that nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to limit or abridge the rights, privileges and duties of architects licensed to practice under the provisions of said Act, nor to modify, limit or repeal any of the provisions of said Act: *And, provided, further,* that nothing contained in this Act shall prevent draftsmen, students, clerks of work, superintendents and other employees of those legally practicing as structural engineers under li-

30 censes as herein provided for from acting under the instructions, control or su-  
31 pervision of their employers or shall prevent the employment of superintend-  
32 ents of construction paid by the owner from acting if under the control and di-  
33 rection of a licensed structural engineers who has prepared the drawings and  
34 specifications for the structure: *And, provided, further,* that nothing con-  
35 tained in this Act shall be construed to prevent any person, mechanic or builder  
36 from making plans or specifications, or supervising the construction, enlarge-  
37 ment or alteration of any structure or building which is to be constructed by  
38 himself or his employees, and for his own use.”







We, the undersigned, Committee of Conference, appointed to consider the differences between the two Houses in relation to the Senate amendments to printed House Bill No. 406, in Senate, being a bill for "An Act to provide for the licensing of structural engineers, to regulate the practice of structural engineers, and to exempt licensed structural engineers from the provisions of the Act relating to the practice of architecture," beg leave to report that we recommend the following as the action to be taken by the Senate and House of Representatives, respectively:

First: We recommend that the Senate recede from printed amendment No. 4.

Second: We recommend that the House concur with the Senate in amendments Nos. 1, 2 and 3.

Respectfully submitted,

A. J. OLSON,  
GEORGE W. HARRIS,  
F. A. HURLEY,  
A. F. GORMAN,  
DANIEL HERLIHY,  
Committee on behalf  
of the Senate.

CHAS. L. FIELDSTACK,  
JNO. R. MOORE,  
MICHAEL FAHY,  
PETER F. SMITH,  
E. I. FRANKHAUSER,  
Committee on behalf  
of the House.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Davis, March 19, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to roads and bridges," approved June 27, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, by amending sections 9, 15a and 32 thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That sections 9, 15a and 32 of an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to roads and bridges," approved June 27, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, be and the same are hereby amended so as to read as follows:

6     Sec. 9. STATE AID AUTHORIZED.] Public highways or sections thereof, in-  
7     cluding bridges therein, may be laid out, improved, or constructed at the joint  
8     expense of the State and any county within the State as hereinafter provided.  
9     In such case the State shall contribute one-half of the expense thereof, and the  
10    county or counties through which the said highway or one-half portion thereof  
11    passes shall contribute the remaining one-half.



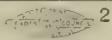
Such highways, hereinafter known as "State Aid Roads," may be laid out, constructed or improved in the manner hereinafter directed: *Provided, however,* that no road or part thereof lying within the corporate limits of any city or village within this State shall be improved or constructed with State aid: *And, provided, further, that in counties where boards of supervisors, or county commissioners do not deem it expedient to improve the public highways as directed by the State Highway Commission, the money allotted to those counties under this Act may be used at the discretion of the supervisors, or county commissioners to defray one-half of the expense of constructing permanent bridges and approaches thereto and of draining public highways, or of oiling or otherwise improving said public highways, the county paying the other one-half; said improvement to be under the supervision of the State Highway Engineer or his aid as in the case of the improvement of "State Aid Roads."*

Sec. 15a. IMPROVEMENT OF THE SYSTEM—HOW CARRIED ON.] The improvement of the system of State highways as herein provided shall be carried on as follows: From such appropriation as the General Assembly may from time to time make for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act, there shall be allotted to the State Highway Commission each year for each county an amount that shall bear the same ratio to the total appropriation for that year that the total amount levied in each county for roads and bridges bears to the total amount levied in the State for roads and bridges, as determined from the published reports of the Auditor of Public Accounts from the last year so reported: *Provided,* that to counties in which more than 40 per cent of the total amount appropriated by the General Assembly for building roads is collected, including any amount collected for automobile and kindred licenses, and devoted to road building by such appropriation, there shall be allotted, under the provisions hereof an amount equal to twenty-five per cent (25 per cent) of the amount so collected in such county. The sum so allotted to each county shall be used to defray the cost of constructing State Aid Roads when such work is carried on in conformity with the provisions of this Act; *or as provided in the*

42 *second proviso of section 9 of this Act, the sum so allotted may be used at the*  
43 *discretion of the board of supervisors, or county commissioners, to defray one-*  
44 *half the expense of constructing permanent bridges and approaches thereto*  
45 *and of draining public highways, or of oiling or otherwise improving said public*  
46 *highways, under the supervision of the State Highway Engineer, or his aids*  
47 *as in the case of State Aid Roads: Provided, that the allotment made by the*  
48 *State shall not be used to defray more than one-half the cost of any improve-*  
49 *ment done under any of the provisions of this Act.*

50       Sec. 32. REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE OF STATE AID ROADS.]   Wherever any  
51 State Aid Road shall be constructed or improved in any county under the pro-  
52 visions of this Act, the State Highway Commission, either directly or through  
53 the State Highway Engineer, the Assistant State Highway Engineer, or the  
54 county superintendent of highways shall thereafter keep all such roads in  
55 proper repair, and the total cost of such maintenance shall be paid out of the State  
56 road and bridge funds upon the warrant of the Auditor, whenever such pay-  
57 ment shall be ordered by the State Highway Commission, *except in cases where*  
58 *boards of supervisors, or county commissioners have elected to use the allot-*  
59 *ment of their counties to construct permanent bridges and approaches thereto*  
60 *and to drain public highways, or of oiling or otherwise improving said public*  
61 *highways, as provided in the second proviso of section 9 of this Act, such im-*  
62 *provements shall not be maintained at the expense of the State.* For the pur-  
63 pose of keeping such roads in proper repair the State Highway Commission  
64 shall have authority to purchase all necessary tools, machinery, supplies and  
65 material, and may employ, or authorize the State Highway Engineer to employ  
66 all labor necessary therefor.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Gregory, March 19, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Efficiency and Economy.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to the Secretary of State," approved March 30, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, by adding a new section thereto to be known as section 6a thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to the Secretary of State," approved March 30, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the same is hereby amended by adding a new section thereto to be known as section 6a; said section when added shall read as follows:*

Sec. 6a. *That at the convening of each General Assembly it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to employ such officers and employees of the House of Representatives as may be necessary for the transaction of business therein, not exceeding the number of officers and employees as are provided for by statute. Said officers and employees shall be paid the same amounts and in the same manner as officers and employees are now paid under the statutes: Provided, that the employment of such officers and employees shall cease immediately upon the election of a Speaker and his qualification, unless otherwise ordered by the House of Representatives.*





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Hennebry, March 19, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Industrial Affairs.

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## A BILL

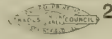
For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to authorize the employment of convicts and prisoners in the penal and reformatory institutions of the State of Illinois in the preparation of road building materials and in working on the public roads."

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the commissioners of the Northern  
3 Illinois penitentiary, commissioners of the Southern Illinois penitentiary and the  
4 board of managers of the Pontiac Reformatory of the State of Illinois are here-  
5 by authorized and empowered to employ convicts and prisoners in the penal and  
6 reformatory institutions of this State who are sentenced for terms of not more  
7 than *ten* years, or who have not more than ten years to serve to complete their  
8 sentences in working on the public roads or in crushing stones or preparing  
9 other road building materials at points outside the walls of the penal or re-  
10 formatory institutions. Upon the written request of the commissioners of high-  
11 ways of any township in counties under township organization or the commis-  
12 sioners of highways or boards of county commissioners in counties not under  
13 township organization, said penitentiary commissioners, and board of man-

14 agers of the Pontiac Reformatory shall detail such convicts or prisoners as in  
15 its judgment shall seem proper not exceeding the number specified in said writ-  
16 ten request, for employment on the public roads or in the preparation of road  
17 building materials, in the township, road district or county requesting the same  
18 on such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the said penitentiary  
19 commissioners or the board of managers of the Pontiac Reformatory.

Sec. 2. The commissioners of highways or boards of county commission-  
2 ers, as the case may be, shall pay all additional expenses for guarding such con-  
3 victs while working on the public roads or in the preparation of road building  
4 materials outside the walls of the penal or reformatory institutions, in their re-  
5 spective townships, road districts or counties.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. McCormick, March 19, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act for an appropriation for the repair and re-arrangement of the interior  
of the Capitol Building.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of fifty thousand (\$50,000)  
3 dollars or so much thereof as shall be necessary be and hereby is appropriated  
4 for the repair and re-arrangement of the interior of the Capitol Building.

Sec. 2. The work contemplated by this Act shall be done under the direc-  
2 tion of a commission consisting of the Speaker of the House, and the President  
3 pro tem of the Senate of the 49th General Assembly, and the Secretary of State,  
4 and shall be done at their discretion.

Sec. 3. Upon presentation of itemized vouchers signed by not less than two  
2 (2) members of the commission hereby appointed, the Auditor of Public Ac-  
3 counts shall draw his warrants upon the State Treasurer for the sum herein  
4 appropriated and the State Treasurer shall pay the same out of any funds in  
5 the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Roderick, March 19, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act in relation to practice and procedure in courts of record," approved June 3, 1907, in force July 1, 1907, and subsequent Acts amendatory thereof, by amending sections seventy-three (73), one hundred thirteen (113) and one hundred twenty (120).

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act in rela-  
3 tion to practice and procedure in courts of record," approved June 3, 1907, in  
4 force July 1, 1907, and subsequent Acts amendatory thereof, by amending sec-  
5 tions seventy-three (73), one hundred thirteen (113) and one hundred twenty  
6 (120), so that the said sections when amended shall read as inserted at length  
7 herein.

Sec. 73. Hereafter no judge shall instruct a petit jury in any case, civil  
2 or criminal, unless such instructions are reduced to writing. *The counsel may*  
3 *request in writing such instructions as shall be thought applicable to the law*  
4 *of the case on trial. Such requests on the part of the plaintiff shall be present-*  
5 *ed to the trial judge at the close of plaintiff's case in chief, and requests on the*

6 part of the defendant at the close of the defendant's case in chief: Provided,  
 7 that if new matter be brought out in rebuttal or further testimony on the part of  
 8 either plaintiff or defendant, new instructions covering such matter may be  
 9 requested of the trial judge.

10 The instructions given by the trial judge shall be read to the jury before any  
 11 of the arguments of counsel to the jury shall begin, and counsel shall have the  
 12 right to discuss and argue the construction of such instructions. Copies of all  
 13 instructions requested shall be given opposing counsel at the same time they are  
 14 presented to the trial judge.

Sec. 113. When any cause or proceeding whatever is remanded by the  
 2 Supreme Court or Appellate Court, as the case may be, for a new trial or hear-  
 3 ing by the court in which such cause or proceeding was originally tried, the  
 4 Supreme Court or Appellate Court, as the case may be, shall issue its mandate  
 5 reversing and remanding such cause or proceeding directly to such trial court.  
 6 The said Supreme or Appellate Court shall set out specifically on what question  
 7 of law said cause was remanded, and upon a transcript of the order of the Su-  
 8 preme Court or Appellate Court, as the case may be, remanding the same being  
 9 filed in the court in which such cause or proceeding was originally tried, and  
 10 not less than ten (10) days' notice thereof being given to the adverse party or  
 11 his attorney, the cause or proceeding shall be reinstated therein and shall be  
 12 set for retrial on a day certain within sixty (60) days from the expiration of  
 13 the ten (10) day notice to adverse party. In case of a non-resident party or of  
 14 non-residents parties who cannot be found, so that personal notice cannot be  
 15 served upon them, the notice may be given as in cases in chancery, or as may  
 16 be directed by the court. In case of reversal and remandment by the Su-  
 17 preme Court of any cause or proceeding removed thereto from the Appellate  
 18 Court upon the filing in such Appellate Court of a certificate of such reversal  
 19 and remandment, the clerk of the Appellate Court shall have the right to issue  
 20 a fee bill for all such costs as accrued in said Appellate Court and did not abide  
 21 the final action in the Supreme Court.

Sec. 120. If any final determination of any cause or proceeding whatever  
2 except in chancery shall be made by the Appellate Court, *on* the result wholly of  
3 the finding of the facts, concerning the matter in controversy, different from  
4 the finding of the court from which such cause or proceeding was brought by  
5 appeal or writ of error, it shall be the duty of such Appellate Court to recite  
6 in its final order, judgment or decree, the facts as found; and the judgment  
7 of the Appellate Court shall be final and conclusive as to all matters of fact in  
8 controversy in such cause or proceeding: *Provided*, in actions at law where the  
9 Appellate Court reverses the judgment of the trial court without awarding a  
10 trial de novo, *on* the result wholly of finding the facts different from the find-  
11 ing of the trial court and in cases where the justices of the Appellate Court are  
12 divided in opinion on the law or facts, and the cause is taken by appeal or writ  
13 of error to the Supreme Court, then the provision that the judgment of the  
14 Appellate Court shall be final as to the facts, shall not apply, and both the facts  
15 and the law shall stand for review in the Supreme Court as in the Appellate  
16 Court.







1 Introduced by Mr. Scanlan, March 19, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend section 46 of an Act entitled, "An Act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved and in force June 12, 1909, as amended.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section 46 of an Act entitled, "An  
3 Act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved and in force  
4 June 12, 1909, as amended be amended so as to read as follows:

5 Sec. 46. When such division into districts has been made, the trustees of  
6 schools may, in their discretion, at the regular meeting in April, change the  
7 boundaries of districts situated wholly within the township so as:

8 *First*—To divide a district into two or more districts, when petitioned by a  
9 majority of the legal voters of the district.

10 *Second*—To consolidate two or more districts into one district, when peti-  
11 tioned by a majority of the legal voters of each district.

12 *Third*—To detach territory from one district and add the same to an ad-  
13 jacent district, when petitioned by a majority of the legal voters of each dis-  
14 trict; or, when petitioned by two-thirds of the legal voters residing within the

15 district from which such territory is proposed to be detached, asking that such  
16 territory be detached from one district and added to an adjacent district.

17 *Fourth*—To create a new district from territory belonging to two or more  
18 districts, when petitioned by a majority of the legal voters of each district; or,  
19 when petitioned by two-thirds of the legal voters residing within the territory  
20 described in the petition, containing not fewer than ten families, asking that such  
21 territory be created into a new district.

22 *Fifth*—To create a new district by dividing the territory of an existing dis-  
23 trict, when petitioned by two-thirds of the legal voters residing within the terri-  
24 tory described in the petition, containing not fewer than ten families, asking that  
25 such territory be created into a new district.



1 Introduced by Mr. Schuberth, March 19, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend sections seven (7) and eighteen (18) of an Act entitled, "An Act concerning land titles," approved and in force May 1, 1897, as amended by an Act to amend sections seven (7) and eighteen (18) of an Act entitled, "An Act concerning land titles," approved May 18, 1903, and in force July 1, 1903.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That sections seven (7) and eighteen (18) of an Act entitled, "An Act concerning land titles," approved and in force May 1, 1897, as amended by an Act to amend sections seven (7) and eighteen (18) of an Act entitled, "An Act concerning land titles," approved May 18, 1903, and in force July 1, 1903, be amended to read as follows:

The owner of any estate or interest in land, whether legal or equitable, may apply, as hereinafter mentioned, to have his title registered. He may apply in person or by an attorney in fact authorized so to do; a corporation may apply by its authorized agent; an infant by his natural or legal guardian; any other person, under disability, by his legal guardian. Except in application by executors and administrators the person in whose behalf the application is made

13 shall be named as applicant. It shall be the duty of all executors and admin-  
 14 istrators appointed after the adoption of this Act and trustees holding title or  
 15 power of sale under wills admitted to probate after that date to apply within  
 16 six months after their appointment, to have registered the titles to all non-  
 17 registered estates and interests in land (situated in any county in which this Act  
 18 at the time is in force), which the several decedents they represent might have  
 19 registered in their lifetime in their own right. Such application shall set forth  
 20 the name and addresses of the persons entitled to the estate or interest sought  
 21 to be registered, and any such person not joining in the application shall be made a  
 22 defendant. The court, in its final decree, in addition to what is provided in the  
 23 subsequent sections of this Act, shall determine the several titles and interests  
 24 of the persons claiming under the decedent, and declare the same, and decree in  
 25 whom registration shall be made. Land so registered shall be subject to be  
 26 sold for the debts of the estate of the decedent, as now provided by law.

27 APPLICATION TO BE REFERRED TO EXAMINER—PROCEEDINGS OF.] Immedi-  
 28 ately upon the filing of the application, an order may be entered referring the  
 29 same to one of the examiners of title appointed by the registrar, who shall pro-  
 30 ceed to examine into the title and into the truth of the matter set forth in the  
 31 application, and particularly whether the land is occupied, the nature of the oc-  
 32 cupation, if occupied, and by what right, and make report in writing to the  
 33 court, the substance of the proof and his conclusions therefrom. He shall have  
 34 power to administer oaths and examine witnesses, and may at any time apply  
 35 to the court for directions in any matter concerning his investigation. The  
 36 examiner may receive in evidence any abstract of title or certified copy there-  
 37 of, made in the ordinary course of business by makers of abstracts; but the  
 38 same shall not be held as more than prima facie evidence of title, and any part  
 39 or parts thereof may be controverted by other competent proofs. He shall not  
 40 be required to report to the court the evidence submitted to him except upon  
 41 the request of some party to the proceeding, or by the direction of the court.  
 42 No report shall be made upon such application until after the expiration of the  
 43 time specified in the notice hereinafter provided for the appearance of the de-



44 fendants, and in case of such appearance, until opportunity is given to such  
45 defendant to contest the rights of the applicant in such manner as shall be al-  
46 lowed by the court.

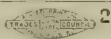
47 SUBMISSION OF QUESTION AS TO ADOPTION OF ACT.] The provisions of this  
48 Act shall not apply to land in any county, where the act of which this Act is  
49 an amendment has been adopted, until this Act shall have been adopted by a  
50 vote of the people of the county at an election to be held on the Tuesday next  
51 after the first Monday in November or any election for election of judges of the  
52 year in which the question is submitted. The question may be submitted in  
53 the following manner: in any county of the first or second class, as the same are  
54 classified in the Act concerning fees and salaries, on the petition of not less than  
55 one-half of the legal voters, to be ascertained by the vote cast at the last pre-  
56 ceding election for county officers, or in any county of the third class upon peti-  
57 tion of not less than twenty-five hundred (2,500) legal voters praying the sub-  
58 mission of the question of the adoption of this Act, the clerk shall give notice that  
59 such question will be submitted at such election and shall cause to be printed at  
60 the top of the ballots to be used for said election:

For extension of the Torrens land title system.
Against extension of the Torrens land title system.

61 The votes cast upon that question shall be counted, canvassed and returned  
62 as in the case of the election of county officers. If the majority of the votes cast  
63 on the subject shall be for extension of the Torrens land title system, this Act  
64 shall thereafter be in force and apply to lands in that county. If the majority  
65 of the first submission is not in favor of such extension, the question shall not be  
66 again submitted before the second year thereafter.







1 Introduced by Mr. Tuttle, March 19, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to amend an Act entitled, 'An Act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages,' approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, and all Acts amendatory thereto by adding thereto Article XIII," approved March 9, 1910, in force July 1, 1910, by amending sections fifty-four (54) and fifty-four and one-half (54½) thereof.

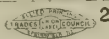
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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to amend an Act entitled, 'An Act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages,' approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, and all Acts amendatory thereto by adding thereto Article XIII," approved March 9, 1910, in force July 1, 1910, be and the same is hereby amended by amending sections fifty-four (54) and fifty-four and one-half (54½) thereof so that the said sections when amended shall read as follows:

9       Sec. 54. All contracts, of whatever character, pertaining to public im-  
10 provement, or the maintenance of public property of any city or village, involv-  
11 ing an outlay of as much as five hundred dollars (\$500.00) shall be based upon

12 specifications to be prepared and submitted to, and approved by the council,  
13 and after approval by the council, advertisement for the proposed work, or mat-  
14 ters embraced in said proposed contract, shall be made, inviting competitive  
15 bids for the work proposed to be done; which said advertisement shall be put  
16 in a daily newspaper not less than ten times, *or in a weekly newspaper not less*  
17 *than three times.* All bids submitted shall be sealed, shall be opened by the  
18 mayor in the presence of a majority of the council and shall remain on file in the  
19 mayor's office and be opened to public inspection for at least forty-eight hours  
20 before any award of said work is made to any competitive bidder. The council  
21 shall determine the most advantageous bids for the city, and shall enter into con-  
22 tract with the party submitting the lowest secure bid, but shall always, in every  
23 advertisement of public work or contract involving as much as five hundred  
24 dollars (\$500.00), reserve the right to reject any and all bids. Pending the  
25 advertisement of the work or contract proposed, specifications therefor shall  
26 be on file in the office of the mayor, subject to the inspection of all parties de-  
27 siring to bid.

28       Sec. 54 $\frac{1}{2}$ . The city council shall select some secular English daily *or weekly*  
29 newspaper published in such city, if there be one, to be the official newspaper  
30 for said city. All notices, advertisements, reports, proceeding and miscellaneous  
31 matters required to be published by the terms of this Act shall be published in  
32 such official newspaper. Such paper shall be selected by competitive bidding in  
33 the same manner as it is herein provided other contracts may be let, and in deter-  
34 mining which bidder is the lowest, the local circulation of each of said news-  
35 papers shall be a determining element.



- 1 Introduced by Committee on Appropriations, March 19, 1915.
- 2 Read at large a first time, ordered printed and to a second reading.

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## A BILL

For an Act to provide for the payment of fifty per cent of losses sustained on account of the slaughter of live stock to suppress the foot-and-mouth disease and to make an appropriation therefor.

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WHEREAS, A contagious and infectious disease known as foot-and-mouth disease, to which cattle, sheep, other ruminants and swine are highly susceptible, has been prevalent in Illinois (as well as many other States) since November 1, 1914, and

WHEREAS, The fact has been determined that the only effective means of eradicating said disease, is by the slaughter of all animals affected with or known to have been exposed to the contagion thereof, and

WHEREAS, In order to protect the live stock interests within the State as well as those of the country at large, many residents of the State have been compelled to subject cattle, sheep, and swine to slaughter in order to facilitate the complete eradication of foot-and-mouth disease within the State, and

12       WHEREAS, The United States Government has paid or provided for the pay-  
13 ment of fifty (50) per cent of the losses sustained on account of the slaughter  
14 of such live stock and it is just and equitable that the State should contribute  
15 a like amount to such loss; therefore,

---

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of nine hundred seventy-  
3 six thousand, three hundred three and 98-100 dollars (\$97,303.98), or so much  
4 thereof as shall be necessary, be, and the same hereby is appropriated out of  
5 any funds in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated to reimburse and  
6 pay one-half of the appraised value of live stock slaughtered for the suppres-  
7 sion of the foot-and-mouth disease, in accordance with the report of the State  
8 Board of Live Stock Commissioners of the State of Illinois and the Bureau of  
9 Animal Industry of the United States, presented herewith to the following named  
10 persons in the several and respective sums as hereinafter stated, to-wit:



## HERDS SLAUGHTERED WITHIN THE STATE OF ILLINOIS

ON ACCOUNT OF FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE AND APPRAISED VALUE.

March 16, 1915.

## ADAMS COUNTY.

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE
1 W. H. Oller.....	Mendon	5	1	...	\$ 98.88
2 C. W. Wright (Farm 1),....	Mendon	10	19	5	\$ 370.00
3		<u>15</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>\$ 468.88</u>

## BOONE COUNTY.

1 Thos. Hanson.....	Capron	38	81	...	\$ 1,554.27
2 Clarence Johnson.....	Capron	55	85	5	\$ 2,704.72
3		<u>93</u>	<u>166</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>\$ 4,258.99</u>

## BUREAU COUNTY.

1 J. W. Andris.....	Princeton	10	30	...	\$ 482.60
2 F. E. Beatty .....	LaMoille	25	37	...	\$ 1,388.31
3 Mrs. A. M. Becker.....	LaMoille	14	28	...	\$ 693.50
4 Geo. Billhorn.....	LaMoille	20	21	6	\$ 761.67
5 W. E. Burns.....	Arlington	17	61	...	\$ 673.70
6 John M. Exner.....	Princeton	5	10	...	\$ 235.00
7 Joe Fahlberg.....	Arlington	1	4	...	\$ 60.74
8 A. L. Field.....	LaMoille	17	78	...	\$ 1,100.30
9 Clifford Hopps.....	LaMoille	14	70	...	\$ 941.40
10 Alfred Johnson.....	Wyanet	28	20	...	\$ 980.00
11 Chas. Matson.....	Princeton	74	140	...	\$ 2,817.82
12 Marion Matson .....	Princeton	28	26	...	\$ 960.87

BUREAU COUNTY—*Continued.*

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE
13 W. H. Neill .....	Arlington	23	80	4	\$ 1,019.35
14 C. E. O'Brien.....	Arlington	10	18	...	\$ 478.90
15 W. O'Brien .....	Arlington	14	29	...	\$ 473.65
16 Horace Prior .....	Wyandot	16	85	...	\$ 803.62
17 Henry Showalter .....	LaMoille	2	...	...	\$ 80.00
18 Wm. A. Stabler.....	Neponset	13	...	...	\$ 376.25
19 W. S. Stratton.....	Princeton	2	...	...	\$ 92.50
20 J. H. Weisenberger.....	Arlington	5	8	...	\$ 207.16
21 E. L. Whitney.....	LaMoille	40	50	...	\$ 1,131.50
22 Chas. Williams .....	Princeton	134	110	...	\$ 4,480.67
23		<hr/> 512	<hr/> 905	<hr/> 10	<hr/> \$20,239.51

## CARROLL COUNTY.

1 Fred Allanson.....	Mt. Carroll	22	58	...	\$ 1,054.00
2 Allanson & Elliott.....	Mt. Carroll	21	...	...	\$ 656.25
3 H. J. Bolinger .....	Lanark	25	...	...	\$ 625.00
4 E. S. Carbaugh.....	Shannon	1	...	...	\$ 25.00
5 E. S. Carbaugh.....	Shannon	10	72	15	\$ 685.86
6 J. L. Chambers & Son...	Milledgville	68	65	...	\$ 2,391.50
7 Chisholm & Rahn.....	Lanark	260	311	...	\$11,106.10
8 Walter Collins .....	Lanark	15	41	...	\$ 567.50
9 Wm. E. Faulkner.....	Milledgville	1	4	...	\$ 51.50
10 Henry Fink .....	Chadwick	45	54	...	\$ 1,377.76
11 Simon Fisher .....	Shannon	43	37	2	\$ 1,490.50
12 Andrew Frey .....	Lanark	23	29	...	\$ 649.25
13 Frey & Bolinger.....	Shannon	33	20	...	\$ 1,652.00
14 Daniel Fryer & Son.....	Milledgville	69	82	...	\$ 2,041.80

CORROLL COUNTY—*Continued.*

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE
15 George W. Fulrath.....	Mt. Carroll	19	58	...	\$ 933.50
16 J. H. Gayman & Son.....	Milledgville	28	152	...	\$ 1,387.40
17 Geo. G. Geary.....	Milledgville	1	3	...	\$ 63.00
18 Joseph Grim .....	Milledgville	15	5	...	\$ 314.46
19 Daniel Hannes .....	Mt. Carroll	28	...	...	\$ 890.00
20 Porter Heth .....	Milledgville	29	...	...	\$ 715.00
21 Wm. J. Hower & Son.....	Lanark	30	108	12	\$ 1,191.62
22 Oltman Janssen, Jr.....	Shannon	43	149	...	\$ 2,293.50
23 E. Kloepping .....	Lanark	35	82	...	\$ 1,192.20
24 James C. Lenhart.....	Milledgville	53	44	...	\$ 1,556.83
25 A. L. Livengood & Son...	Milledgville	13	45	...	\$ 552.00
26 Harry Martin .....	Shannon	10	...	...	\$ 360.00
27 Conrad L. Miller.....	Chadwick	38	54	...	\$ 1,388.75
28 Geo. Miller .....	Chadwick	19	15	...	\$ 562.50
29 D. S. Moll.....	Shannon	127	140	...	\$ 3,298.50
30 Moll & Nichol .....	Shannon	29	65	...	\$ 890.50
31 John & G. R. Morris.....	Lanark	98	120	...	\$ 2,655.50
32 Howard Nailor .....	Lanark	25	99	...	\$ 1,024.00
33 Jas. D. Olin & Son.....	Milledgville	17	37	22	\$ 881.25
34 Casper Orth .....	Lanark	74	56	...	\$ 2,274.25
35 James Patch .....	Milledgville	22	13	...	\$ 615.00
36 Peters Bros. ....	Lanark	63	89	...	\$ 2,225.50
37 Railing & Fletcher .....	Milledgville	23	38	...	\$ 784.70
38 C. F. Sargent.....	Lanark	21	73	...	\$ 583.75
39 J. H. Sauer .....	Chadwick	44	27	...	\$ 2,129.50
40 Schell Bros. ....	Milledgville	155	104	12	\$ 5,752.10
41 Albert A. Schrinier .....	Lanark	26	...	...	\$ 650.00

					ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE	
NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP		
CARROLL COUNTY—Continued.						
42	Chas. F. Schriner . . . . .	Chadwick	30	14	8	\$ 604.50
43	Harve J. Schriner . . . . .	Chadwick	10	45	...	\$ 448.75
44	W. H. Sellers . . . . .	Milledgville	44	70	...	\$ 1,606.25
45	W. S. Stitley . . . . .	Mt. Carroll	27	76	...	\$ 1,199.00
46	Harry Stoner . . . . .	Milledgville	56	41	...	\$ 1,382.50
47	L. R. Stover . . . . .	Milledgville	9	...	...	\$ 159.00
48	Henry Sweitzer . . . . .	Lanark	25	16	...	\$ 766.25
49	Truckenmiller & Warner . . . .	Shannon	11	...	...	\$ 240.00
50	Truckenmiller & Woessner . .	Shannon	13	...	...	\$ 285.00
51	Kendall & Turner . . . . .	Milledgville	26	32	...	\$ 1,002.00
52	Kendall & Turner . . . . .	Milledgville	20	9	...	\$ 629.25
53	Stephen F. VanBrocklin . . . .	Shannon	19	13	...	\$ 473.50
54	John Wagner . . . . .	Savanna	17	63	...	\$ 927.50
55	Jno. L. Weitzel & Sisters . .	Mt. Carroll	17	37	...	\$ 724.50
56	Miss Nancy Wilfong . . . . .	Milledgville	5	14	...	\$ 168.00
57	G. W. Wolfenberger . . . . .	Lanark	14	...	...	\$ 380.00
58	Geo. H. Zier . . . . .	Lanark	26	8	...	\$ 844.50
59	J. G. Zier . . . . .	Shannon	42	67	...	\$ 1,289.50
60	Charles Zuck . . . . .	Lanark	29	14	7	\$ 905.50
61			2161	2868	78	\$75,574.83

## CASS COUNTY.

1	Devlin Bros . . . . .	Ashland	48	96	...	\$ 2,277.50
2	Fred D. Savage & Co. . . . .	Ashland	51	362	...	\$ 3,307.50
3	L. E. Stribling . . . . .	Ashland	19	67	...	\$ 900.00
4	James E. Thornley . . . . .	Ashland	30	316	...	\$ 1,950.30
5	R. Viands . . . . .	Ashland	4	3	...	\$ 142.50
6			152	844	...	\$ 8,577.80

## CHAMPAIGN COUNTY.

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE
1 Wm. Good .....	Urbana	41	13	...	\$ 949.90
2 Fred Menenga.....	Dillsburg	70	70	...	\$ 2,159.44
3 Wm. Ruckman .....	Urbana	52	...	...	\$ 1,026.90
4		<u>163</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>...</u>	<u>\$ 4,136.24</u>

## COLES COUNTY.

1 C. W. Abell.....	Mattoon	18	...	...	\$ 580.45
2 A. D. Stephenson & Son.....	Mattoon	35	58	...	\$ 1,487.77
3 John Tracy & Son.....	Mattoon	7	8	...	\$ 279.00
4		<u>60</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>...</u>	<u>\$ 2,347.22</u>

## COOK COUNTY.

1 Darlington & Co.....	Chicago	616	...	...	\$18,015.12
2 Empire Cream Separator Co.	Chicago	6	...	...	\$ 225.00
3 Great Western Serum Co....	Chicago	....	593	...	\$ 5,573.22
4 Chas. Henning .....	Palatine	19	...	...	\$ 655.00
5 Fred W. Porep .....	Palatine	22	7	...	\$ 819.50
6 August Reuter (Farm 1)....	Palatine	22	...	...	\$ 645.00
7 August Reuter (Farm 2)....	Palatine	21	13	...	\$ 870.00
8 Louis Roper .....	Palatine	23	19	...	\$ 735.00
9 Wm. Roper .....	Palatine	29	20	...	\$ 925.50
10 J. E. Wheeler & Son.....	Chicago	224	...	...	\$ 3,967.02
11		<u>1015</u>	<u>657</u>	<u>...</u>	<u>\$32,430.36</u>



## DE KALB COUNTY.

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE
1 Alfred Anderson .....	Kingston	19	88	10	\$ 956.31
2 Peter Bastian .....	Hinckley	24	...	...	\$ 704.48
3 A. B. Byers .....	Kirkland	49	27	1	\$ 1,546.31
4 H. W. Delano .....	Hinckley	13	56	...	\$ 1,020.00
5 Frank Cronberg .....	Kingston	31	96	...	\$ 1,486.86
6 A. J. Hemenway .....	Hinckley	17	...	...	\$ 587.50
7 G. S. Potter & Thos Hughes.	Hinckley	25	53	...	\$ 1,180.37
8 Lawrence Marcot .....	Somonauk	10	7	...	\$ 336.25
9 Modine & Drake.....	Sycamore	32	76	...	\$ 1,215.00
10 L. M. Olmstead & Son	Shabbona Grove	50	...	...	\$ 2,614.11
11 Leonard Thorpe & John Redding....					
12 .....	Somonauk	22	19	21	\$ 964.06
13 C. J. Reid .....	DeKalb	8	4	...	\$ 232.50
14 Thos. Rich & John Faissler..	Kirkland	6	32	63	\$ 815.19
15 Ed. Roose .....	Sycamore	36	41	...	\$ 1,727.25
16 D. E. Streever .....	Hinckley	17	91	2	\$ 1,087.50
17 W. H. VanArsdale.....	Malta	....	21	...	\$ 183.75
18 Anna L. Wilson & Sons....	Sycamore	54	109	...	\$ 3,217.97
19		413	720	97	\$19,875.41

## DEWITT COUNTY.

1 C. L. Brittin.....	Waynesville	73	35	...	\$ 2,216.50
2 Henry Harpster .....	Midland City	2	4	...	\$ 97.01
3 Otis C. Marvel.....	Waynesville	6	48	...	\$ 393.35
4 Ira Pollock .....	Clinton	8	9	...	\$ 421.63
5 A. C. Swan.....	Waynesville	4	204	...	\$ 1,146.87
6 P. K. Wilson.....	Clinton	34	...	...	\$ 738.55
7		127	300	...	\$ 5,013.91

					ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE	
NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP		
DOUGLAS COUNTY.						
1	A. W. Bragg .....	Tuscola	181	168	...	\$ 6,649.37
2	J. G. Bragg .....	Camargo	94	214	...	\$ 4,907.71
3	Daniel Fetheroff .....	Camargo	....	1	...	\$ 7.50
4	P. J. Gates .....	Tuscola	32	...	...	\$ 724.00
5			307	383	...	\$12,288.58
DU PAGE COUNTY.						
1	B. R. Babel .....	Naperville	15	22	...	\$ 617.78
2	Enos M. Barton .....	Hinsdale	211	...	...	\$24,275.00
3	Nathan Bomberger .....	Naperville	9	11	...	\$ 402.65
4	E. P. Book .....	Naperville	15	3	...	\$ 485.75
5	Matt Brackenberry .....	Naperville	22	15	...	\$ 904.00
6	C. R. Burgess .....	Naperville	19	25	8	\$ 689.27
7	F. O. Butler .....	Chicago	....	62	...	\$ 1,300.00
8	John W. Erb .....	Naperville	61	94	...	\$ 2,873.75
9	C. E. Ferry .....	Naperville	16	...	...	\$ 561.50
10	M. L. Fey .....	Naperville	15	42	...	\$ 757.96
11	Anton Fibiger .....	Naperville	48	12	...	\$ 1,472.22
12	John Foos .....	Naperville	33	37	...	\$ 1,564.60
13	Otto Frahm .....	Bensonville	56	80	...	\$ 2,313.12
14	H. E. Fraley .....	Naperville	24	29	...	\$ 993.36
15	John Garling .....	Naperville	20	48	...	\$ 1,072.16
16	Hahndorf Bros. ....	Downers Grove	20	34	...	\$ 727.56
17	W. B. Kinsella .....	Naperville	4	48	...	\$ 372.30
18	F. E. Krage .....	Elmhurst	36	8	...	\$ 1,406.62
19	Robert Liebrandt .....	Naperville	31	3	...	\$ 1,006.08
20	Louis Luebke .....	Naperville	25	26	...	\$ 861.87

DU PAGE COUNTY—*Continued.*

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE
21 Adolph Luessenhop....	West Chicago	27	16	...	\$ 909.70
22 C. O. McChesney.....	West Chicago	72	77	...	\$ 2,825.37
23 J. Fred McCoy.....	Aurora	20	50	...	\$ 1,008.32
24 Peter Modaff .....	Naperville	24	25	...	\$ 1,014.87
25 Hans Moeller .....	Naperville	22	55	...	\$ 907.43
26 F. Mueller .....	Naperville	22	50	...	\$ 819.88
27 M. A. Myers .....	Hinsdale	2	...	...	\$ 82.50
28 Ernest Overcash .....	Naperville	27	57	1	\$ 1,393.20
29 R. L. Pahlman .....	Naperville	24	7	...	\$ 793.20
30 W. H. Porter .....	Wheaton	10	25	13	\$ 397.47
31 Albert Strubler .....	Naperville	18	8	...	\$ 745.70
32 W. B. Swiney...U. S. Yards, Chicago		11	42	...	\$ 581.18
33 W. B. Rubright.....	Naperville	6	12	...	\$ 337.77
34 Geo. Rott .....	Naperville	37	37	...	\$ 1,671.75
35 Adam E. Wolsfeld.....	Naperville	35	75	...	\$ 1,878.43
36		<u>1037</u>	<u>1135</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>\$58,724.32</u>
					\$ 1,300.00
					<u>\$60,024.32</u>

## EDGAR COUNTY.

1 Dan Arthur .....	Paris	1	...	...	\$ 40.00
2 Caleb Stanfield .....	Paris	....	33	...	\$ 375.00
3 Foster Stanfield .....	Paris	31	...	...	\$ 634.88
4		<u>32</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>...</u>	<u>\$ 1,049.88</u>

## FORD COUNTY.

1 Wm. Kneale .....	Kempton	71	37	4	\$ 2,144.11
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## FULTON COUNTY.

	NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF
						APPRAISED VALUE
1	E. B. Atchison .....	Avon	7	9	...	\$ 242.37
2	James A. Hearn .....	Avon	24	12	...	\$ 670.62
3	K. R. Babbitt .....	Avon	11	42	...	\$ 456.00
4	James S. Babbitt.....	Avon	2	18	...	\$ 225.00
5	S. & J. I. Babbitt.....	Avon	29	87	...	\$ 1,505.30
6	Miss Viola Babbitt.....	Avon	1	...	...	\$ 47.50
7	Fred Barnfield & M. P. Rice....	Avon	2	107	...	\$ 634.50
8	Mrs. Fannie Butler.....	Avon	1	...	...	\$ 32.50
9	W. H. Chenoweth .....	Table Grove	61	7	...	\$ 1,274.00
10	A. Dikeman.....	Farmington	3	216	...	\$ 1,075.62
11	Norman Foster, R. R. 1..	Farmington	34	82	...	\$ 1,164.00
12	W. R. Herrod .....	Avon	4	17	6	\$ 267.50
13	August Johnson.....	Table Grove	9	30	...	\$ 323.50
14	Ida & Frank Johnson.....	Avon	25	295	3	\$ 2,695.50
15	Chas. L. Mings.....	Avon	43	139	...	\$ 3,112.45
16	J. C. Pierce.....	Avon	10	54	...	\$ 351.50
17	Poiset and Jennings.....	Avon	35	14	...	\$ 1,244.54
18	T. J. Sailer .....	St. Augustine	....	5	...	\$ 68.25
19	G. E. Schwartz .....	Hermon	4	...	...	\$ 135.00
20			<u>305</u>	<u>1134</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>\$15,525.65</u>

## GREENE COUNTY.

1	A. J. Barnett .....	White Hall	58	35	...	\$ 1,277.50
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## GRUNDY COUNTY.

	NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF
						APPRAISED VALUE
1	Coveny Bros. ....	Kinsman	57	49	...	\$ 1,251.66
2	Roy Enger .....	Morris	5	...	...	\$ 187.50
3	Isham Bros .....	Mazon	99	101	...	\$ 8,175.35
4	Gustave E. Johnson.....	Morris	10	4	...	\$ 383.80
5	Ole Johnson .....	Morris	5	2	...	\$ 131.70
6	A. D. Landphere (Farm 1)....	Mazon	59	48	...	\$ 2,347.45
7	A. D. Landphere (Farm 2)....	Mazon	18	...	...	\$ 435.00
8	P. J. Larson .....	Morris	6	...	...	\$ 161.25
9	Laurits Lauritsen .....	Morris	7	...	...	\$ 215.00
10	Martin Bros. ....	Mazon	5	18	...	\$ 296.75
11	Harry Peacock .....	Morris	18	...	...	\$ 427.50
12	John Rosendahl .....	Morris	14	16	...	\$ 435.83
13	M. H. Wilcox.....	Morris	182	...	...	\$ 8,165.06
14	C. W. Wildey .....	Morris	10	32	...	\$ 303.10
15			<hr/> 495	<hr/> 241	<hr/> ...	<hr/> \$22,916.95

## HANCOCK COUNTY.

1	F. W. Barnhart .....	Carthage	7	1	...	\$ 172.87
2	John Gahle .....	Adrian	1	...	...	\$ 22.50
3	E. C. Hancock .....	Ferris	1	...	...	\$ 25.50
4	P. E. Ingstrom.....	LaHarpe	37	164	...	\$ 1,987.45
5	Rosetta Jacks .....	Ferris	2	2	...	\$ 79.00
6	D. F. McCollom.....	Ferris	1	...	...	\$ 22.50
7	Harvard Pettit .....	Burnside	1	...	...	\$ 15.00
8	John W. Schenck .....	Ferris	5	2	...	\$ 151.02
9	Amos Seaver .....	McCall	1	...	...	\$ 12.50
10	J. D. Stidum (Farm 1)....	Carthage	6	25	...	\$ 172.50



HANCOCK COUNTY—*Continued.*

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE
11 J. D. Stidum (Farm 2).....	Carthage	19	...	...	\$ 641.00
12 Sarah E. Stidum .....	Carthage	2	...	...	\$ 37.50
13 W. S. Stidum .....	Carthage	12	...	...	\$ 252.50
14 Fred Wettrick .....	Ferris	9	...	...	\$ 207.43
15 J. D. Whitecomb .....	Ferris	7	10	2	\$ 228.50
16 G. F. Wilson.....	Ferris	3	98	...	\$ 483.00
17 A. W. Youngmeyer .....	Ferris	20	70	...	\$ 802.15
18 Edward Youngmayer .....	Ferris	6	...	...	\$ 222.50
19		140	372	2	\$ 5,535.42

## HENDERSON COUNTY.

1 H. N. Vaughn.....	Stronghurst	62	77	...	\$ 4,082.00
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## HENRY COUNTY.

1 Jesse Anderson .....	Cambridge	10	84	...	\$ 613.00
2 Hugh Armstrong .....	Atkinson	4	66	...	\$ 526.68
3 Charles A. Benson .....	Geneseo	7	...	...	\$ 205.00
4 Chas. A. Benson & P. G. Johnson....					
5 .....	Geneseo	24	106	...	\$ 1,574.50
6 J. A. Blomberg .....	Lynn Center	53	33	...	\$ 1,377.58
7 John and J. F. Bode.....	Geneseo	21	22	...	\$ 852.12
8 Olof Bodeen .....	Lynn Center	9	41	...	\$ 443.64
9 S. P. Brownlee .....	Woodhull	44	86	1	\$ 1,481.87
10 Guy M. Cady.....	Geneseo	42	46	41	\$ 1,864.20
11 Isadore DeWitt .....	Coal Valley	61	45	...	\$ 2,450.31
12 Henry Erdman .....	Geneseo	9	8	...	\$ 291.50
13 John E. Ernst .....	Geneseo	86	78	...	\$ 3,986.75
14 John C. Glowe .....	Geneseo	9	13	...	\$ 294.37

HENRY COUNTY—*Continued.*

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE
15 James Goodrich .....	Geneseo	1	...	...	\$ 2.00
16 C. G. Gustafson .....	Cambridge	....	1	...	\$ 10.00
17 John Hamilton .....	Geneseo	71	71	...	\$ 4,065.60
18 Johnson Brothers .....	Lynn Center	65	101	...	\$ 2,086.25
19 Ed. C. Johnson .....	Geneseo	12	27	...	\$ 515.49
20 Alfred Krantz .....	Geneseo	34	7	...	\$ 1,019.00
21 Henry Lewis .....	Geneseo	10	57	...	\$ 416.25
22 Fred McAvoy .....	Geneseo	29	96	...	\$ 1,592.05
23 Park McHenry .....	Geneseo	4	5	31	\$ 247.37
24 Ray Mandle .....	Geneseo	2	24	...	\$ 160.25
25 Magnuson Bros. ....	Lynn Center	65	216	...	\$ 5,247.62
26 A. E. Miller .....	Geneseo	43	33	...	\$ 1,775.25
27 Roy Morse .....	Thomas	32	38	...	\$ 913.00
28 A. J. Nelson .....	Cambridge	4	29	...	\$ 284.37
29 C. W. Nelson.....	Cambridge	4	20	...	\$ 207.50
30 J. E. Ogden .....	Geneseo	2	1	...	\$ 82.50
31 C. A. Olson .....	Geneseo	9	12	...	\$ 413.12
32 Grant D. Olson .....	Geneseo	21	60	...	\$ 971.50
33 W. L. Painter .....	Geneseo	36	23	...	\$ 1,001.37
34 Peter Peterson .....	Lynn Center	10	45	...	\$ 413.00
35 Spencer Polson .....	Geneseo	15	30	...	\$ 606.86
36 S. S. Rapp.....	Geneseo	1	7	...	\$ 89.37
37 M. T. Robertson.....	Cambridge	14	46	...	\$ 555.37
38 Charles Rugh .....	Coal Valley	3	2	...	\$ 70.34
39 Wm. Ruxton .....	Geneseo	46	78	53	\$ 2,487.11
40 Louis Schmoll.....	Cambridge	....	11	...	\$ 37.00
41 L. A. Schroeder .....	Geneseo	39	70	...	\$ 2,078.56

HENRY COUNTY—*Continued.*

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	APPRAISED ONE-HALF VALUE
42 Sherman L. Sedgeley .....	Geneseo	5	15	...	\$ 272.50
43 Thomas Torrence .....	Geneseo	5	73	25	\$ 521.31
44 M. Van Hyfte .....	Annawan	28	33	...	\$ 692.25
45 August Van Vooran .....	Atkinson	13	74	...	\$ 611.25
46 W. H. Wilson.....	Geneseo	22	94	41	\$ 1,031.87
47 Geo. W. Wolf.....	Geneseo	9	34	...	\$ 437.00
48		<hr/> 1033	<hr/> 2061	<hr/> 192	<hr/> \$46,875.80

## IROQUOIS COUNTY.

1 Frank Frame .....	Milford	1	2	...	\$ 47.62
2 W. W. Loveless .....	Milford	34	15	...	\$ 855.13
3 Stanley Reeves .....	Milford	2	11	...	\$ 138.50
4		<hr/> 37	<hr/> 28	<hr/> ...	<hr/> \$ 1,041.25

## JO DAVIESS COUNTY.

1 Albert Althoff .....	Pearl City	28	...	...	\$ 802.00
2 W. E. Daly.....	Warren	26	97	...	\$ 1,827.00
3 Hay Bros. ....	Warren	54	...	...	\$ 2,687.50
4 John Hay .....	Warren	5	48	19	\$ 1,145.75
5 Perry McPeck .....	Stockton	41	6	...	\$ 1,161.00
6 Larry Sullivan .....	Nora	57	84	...	\$ 1,825.94
7 T. J. Sullivan.....	Nora	22	17	...	\$ 1,080.00
8		<hr/> 233	<hr/> 252	<hr/> 19	<hr/> \$10,529.19

## KANE COUNTY.

	NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF
						APPRAISED VALUE
1	E. H. Allen .....	Wasco	33	8	...	\$ 1,217.50
2	P. C. Anderson .....	Elburn	35	31	...	\$ 1,442.62
3	Geo. A. Bartelt .....	West Chicago	62	23	...	\$ 2,107.40
4	H. C. Bartelt .....	Elgin	64	...	...	\$ 2,134.75
5	L. E. Bartlett .....	Elburn	54	37	...	\$ 2,123.74
6	John A. Benson.....					
7	Gus Carlson .....					
8	Ray Bastian .....	Lanesville	29	120	39	\$ 1,803.34
9	C. M. Bower .....	Big Rock	15	44	...	\$ 851.29
10	R. E. Garfield & Mrs. Amanda J. Bow-					
11	gren .....	Geneva	58	13	...	\$ 1,780.00
12	Frank Buelter .....	Batavia	27	...	...	\$ 772.00
13	C. H. Carlson .....	Virgil	30	...	...	\$ 761.25
14	Gust F. Carlson .....	Wasco	43	...	...	\$ 1,551.25
15	Chapman & Bowen.....	Sugar Grove	48	2	...	\$ 1,573.72
16	Sylvester Cloney .....	Elburn	45	20	...	\$ 1,487.50
17	W. J. Close .....	Wasco	56	22	...	\$ 1,666.22
18	George Dauberman .....	Kaneville	59	108	9	\$ 3,715.61
19	Albert Dau .....	St. Charles	34	22	...	\$ 1,258.50
20	Charles Gould, R. D. 2.....	Batavia	44	78	3	\$ 2,003.75
21	Mrs. Emily Hartman.....	Batavia	28	53	...	\$ 1,315.00
22	Mike Havell .....	St. Charles	25	...	...	\$ 970.00
23	Hulda Henningson.....	St. Charles	73	49	...	\$ 2,794.53
24	Johnson Bros. ....	Wasco	1	...	...	\$ 30.00
25	E. W. Johnson .....	St. Charles	48	4	...	\$ 1,707.50
26	H. P. Johnson.....	Sugar Grove	34	81	27	\$ 1,588.75
27	J. A. Johnson.....	Wasco	40	15	...	\$ 1,567.97

KANE COUNTY—*Continued.*

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE
28 Geo. Bartlett .....	Elburn	43	9	...	\$ 1,583.75
29 N. P. Jorgerson .....	Big Rock	15	16	...	\$ 411.50
30 Ray Kahl .....	Kaneville	....	2	...	\$ 9.75
31 H. P. Kenyon .....	Elgin	25	...	...	\$ 816.55
32 B. G. McCannon.....	Sugar Grove	18	17	...	\$ 593.12
33 R. H. Mighell .....	Sugar Grove	50	17	8	\$ 2,422.52
34 Meyer & Mundy.....	Big Rock	31	244	...	\$ 2,416.04
35 H. J. Myers .....	St. Charles	35	11	...	\$ 1,423.49
36 Olson Bros. ....	Virgil	44	50	...	\$ 1,279.00
37 Edward Paulin .....	St. Charles	47	29	...	\$ 1,922.75
38 Henry J. Salow.....	Elgin	43	...	...	\$ 1,715.00
39 Ernest Schingoethe ....	Sugar Grove	32	12	...	\$ 1,141.25
40 C. F. Sharp .....	Elburn	55	49	...	\$ 1,983.66
41 C. F. Shaver.....	St. Charles	31	...	...	\$ 815.50
42 Clarence Tanner .....	Sugar Grove	25	10	33	\$ 1,119.56
43 D. A. Thomas.....	Sugar Grove	39	199	...	\$ 2,342.59
44 Geo. Wall .....	Batavia	57	33	1	\$ 2,009.30
45 Geo. H. Wisbrock.....	Batavia	57	53	...	\$ 2,034.31
46		<hr/> 1632	<hr/> 1481	<hr/> 120	<hr/> \$64,261.73

## KANKAKEE COUNTY.

1 Ray Greenawalt .....	Momence	26	48	...	\$ 791.17
2 Samuel Parliament.....	Momence	58	82	...	\$ 1,388.61
3		<hr/> 84	<hr/> 130	<hr/> ...	<hr/> \$ 2,179.78



## KENDALL COUNTY.

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE
1 Frank Austin .....	Oswego	25	....	....	\$ 806.96
2 Geo. M. Bower .....	Oswego	8	10	....	\$ 275.62
3 G. G. Collins .....	Oswego	2	....	....	\$ 85.00
4 Tom Collins .....	Oswego	49	21	....	\$ 1,624.47
5 C. C. Davis .....	Yorkville	34	31	....	\$ 899.71
6 Wm. Erickson .....	Plano	36	150	....	\$ 1,901.80
7 Arthur Gregory .....	Bristol	41	29	....	\$ 1,109.00
8 Harry Gregory .....	Plano	44	75	....	\$ 1,627.88
9 Harvey Bros. ....	Oswego	65	32	....	\$ 2,438.75
10 Oliver Hem .....	Oswego	26	35	....	\$ 1,338.34
11 G. J. Hettrick .....	Oswego	55	....	....	\$ 2,348.29
12 Harry E. Lakin .....	Plano	14	36	19	\$ 809.75
13 Harry F. Mundsinger .....	Oswego	39	....	....	\$ 1,380.77
14 Sears & Patterson .....	Plano	80	47	....	\$ 2,984.87
15 Peshi & Simons .....	Yorkville	22	54	....	\$ 1,184.40
16		<hr/> 540	<hr/> 520	<hr/> 19	<hr/> \$20,815.61

## KNOX COUNTY.

1 Corey & Broadfield .....	Yates City	10	12	....	\$ 585.00
2 D. Corey & Son .....	Yates City	8	91	....	\$ 811.25
3 J. L. Curvey .....	Yates City	10	37	....	\$ 578.06
4 Arthur Goddard .....	Galesburg	....	150	....	\$ 562.50
5 John S. Matthews .....	Yates City	37	....	....	\$ 1,352.50
6 H. H. Painter .....	Yates City	49	43	....	\$ 1,275.25
7 R. V. Ragsdale .....	Yates City	19	158	....	\$ 1,024.06
8 J. A. Sherman .....	Yates City	9	16	....	\$ 280.50
9 J. A. Thurman .....	Yates City	3	8	....	\$ 143.00
10 Edith A. Ware .....	Yates City	63	65	....	\$ 401.00
11		<hr/> 208	<hr/> 580	<hr/> ....	<hr/> \$ 7,013.12

## LAKE COUNTY.

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE
1 C. M. Brown .....	Gurnee	1	....	....	\$ 22.50
2 C. H. Harr .....	Gurnee	3	....	....	\$ 67.50
3 J. M. Isbester .....	Antioch	21	....	....	\$ 602.50
4 McCullough Bros. ....	Gurnee	43	....	....	\$ 1,141.56
5 Bernard Nabor .....	Antioch	1	....	....	\$ 30.00
6		<hr/> 69	<hr/> ....	<hr/> ....	<hr/> \$ 1,864.06

## LA SALLE COUNTY.

1 Noah Albert .....	Tonica	51	44	....	\$ 2,174.56
2 L. J. Gher .....	Mendota	14	25	6	\$ 619.00
3 Everett & Hyland .....	Streator	6	47	....	\$ 982.50
4 D. E. Miller .....	Mendota	22	31	....	\$ 899.33
5 L. S. Peterson .....	Leland	87	54	....	\$ 2,623.66
6 John C. Schroeder.....	Marseilles	119	20	....	\$ 4,146.87
7 Francis Sebby .....	Sheridan	17	13	1	\$ 447.25
8		<hr/> 316	<hr/> 234	<hr/> 7	<hr/> \$11,893.17

## LEE COUNTY.

1 W. H. Bend .....	Paw Paw	34	72	....	\$ 1,831.50
2 Olga Brown .....	Dixon	25	24	....	\$ 866.05
3 Henry Carlson .....	Dixon	24	5	....	\$ 1,936.65
4 Michael Conroy .....	Dixon	25	....	....	\$ 944.00
5 J. L. Coss .....	Paw Paw	1	....	....	\$ 42.50
6 J. W. Devitt .....	Dixon	25	9	....	\$ 811.25
7 C. C. Faber .....	Paw Paw	25	42	....	\$ 1,165.52
8 R. W. Foltz .....	Dixon	55	26	....	\$ 1,538.32
9 G. A. Harms .....	Dixon	47	25	....	\$ 1,618.00
10 Bert Hoyle .....	Dixon	30	....	14	\$ 692.50

LEE COUNTY—*Continued.*

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	APPRAISED ONE-HALF VALUE
11 Lester Hoyle .....	Dixon	18	8	....	\$ 623.25
12 Fred L. Lord .....	Dixon	46	....	....	\$ 1,579.00
13 Paul McKenna .....	Dixon	81	7	....	\$ 2,088.85
14 Fred Meyer .....	Ashton	25	10	....	\$ 696.50
15 Meppen Brothers .....	Dixon	84	11	....	\$ 2,415.17
16 L. W. Mitchell .....	Dixon	35	21	....	\$ 2,337.32
17 Chas. H. Mossholder.....	Dixon	15	....	2	\$ 377.74
18 Mrs. Anna O'Malley .....	Dixon	19	13	....	\$ 481.52
19 John F. Proetz .....	Dixon	87	85	....	\$ 2,491.20
20 Granville Reigle .....	Dixon	22	21	....	\$ 1,082.00
21 Anson Rosenbrans .....	Paw Paw	41	....	....	\$ 1,121.50
22 W. L. Rushka .....	Dixon	9	6	....	\$ 465.00
23 Ira Rutt .....	Dixon	35	42	....	\$ 1,341.12
24 J. I. Schaeffer .....	Dixon	65	12	....	\$ 1,956.58
25 Fred W. Smith .....	Paw Paw	18	157	....	\$ 1,095.25
26 Strohm & Smith .....	Dixon	59	41	....	\$ 2,705.99
27 N. F. Vaughn .....	Dixon	10	5	....	\$ 307.50
28 Freel Wade .....	Dixon	23	27	....	\$ 867.25
29 A. H. Yenerich .....	Paw Paw	63	83	7	\$ 2,448.55
30		<hr/> 1058	<hr/> 752	<hr/> 23	<hr/> \$37,027.58

## LIVINGSTON COUNTY.

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE
1 A. B. Bruer .....	Pontiac	35	39	....	\$ 1,061.48
2 Walter Gillman .....	Pontiac	94	85	....	\$ 2,579.87
3 Ed. Hagerty .....	Dwight	49	68	1	\$ 2,780.29
4 J. E. Pearson .....	Chatsworth	40	13	....	\$ 930.00
5 R. Pflager .....	Pontiac	8	13	....	\$ 299.13
6 W. S. Tinges .....	Pontiac	3	....	....	\$ 112.50
7 S. B. Ward .....	Chatsworth	5	4	....	\$ 153.50
8		<u>234</u>	<u>222</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>\$ 7,916.77</u>

## LOGAN COUNTY.

1 W. J. Fulcher .....	Elkhart	12	10	10 goats	\$ 472.02
2 Isaac Gupton .....	Middletown	24	58	....	\$ 1,137.51
3 Geo. Johnston .....	Beason	166	73	....	\$ 4,772.43
4 Charles W. Lee .....	Elkhart	54	23	....	\$ 1,541.60
5 Peter D. Lee .....	Elkhart	11	6	....	\$ 320.00
6 Chas. J. Loomis .....	Elkhart	9	36	....	\$ 351.85
7 Ernest Matthews .....	Beason	4	24	6	\$ 283.55
8		<u>280</u>	<u>230</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>\$ 8,978.96</u>

## M'DONOUGH COUNTY.

1 Geo. Alexander .....	Blandinsville	32	182	....	\$ 1,724.42
2 Isaac Argenbright .....	Blandinsville	54	137	....	\$ 3,126.00
3 H. L. Argenbright .....	Blandinsville	72	121	....	\$ 3,338.40
4 G. H. Fox .....	Good Hope	3	42	....	\$ 230.25
5 Thalus Huston .....	Sciota	12	31	....	\$ 557.50
6 L. B. Keys .....	Sciota	28	24	....	\$ 701.00
7 Andrew Olson .....	Blandinsville	30	87	....	\$ 397.50
8 J. A. McGrew .....	Walnut Grove	36	53	....	\$ 1,282.51
9 J. E. Stickle .....	Blandinsville	65	109	....	\$ 2,781.40
10		<u>332</u>	<u>786</u>	<u>....</u>	<u>\$13,938.98</u>

## M'HENRY COUNTY.

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE
1 Charles W. Albright .....	Algonquin	49	12	....	\$ 2,280.00
2 Lester M. Haynes .....	Woodstock	6	....	....	\$ 60.00
3 Walter Hopp .....	Union	27	....	....	\$ 697.50
4 Paul H. Kunde .....	Union	43	....	....	\$ 1,697.50
5 James A. Lowe .....	Algonquin	49	11	....	\$ 2,200.05
6 Charles Perteit .....	Algonquin	46	....	....	\$ 2,300.00
7 Sheldon & Converse .....	Union	....	44	....	\$ 192.85
8 Stone & Sorenson .....	Woodstock	42	55	....	\$ 1,724.74
9 B. B. Stewart .....	Algonquin	52	3	....	\$ 1,902.25
10 Frank Trebes .....	Union	25	....	....	\$ 787.50
11		<hr/> 339	<hr/> 125	<hr/> ....	<hr/> \$13,842.39

## McLEAN COUNTY.

1 D. A. Anderson .....	Normal	22	89	....	\$ 1,609.27
2 C. F. Arnold .....	Normal	33	47	....	\$ 1,579.09
3 J. W. Coale .....	Holder	67	136	19	\$ 4,014.80
4 Donahue Bros. ....	Towanda	42	....	....	\$ 2,148.80
5 E. J. Sweeney .....	Towanda	11	....	....	\$ 309.00
6 Donahue Bros. & Sweeney..	Towanda	....	88	....	\$ 538.20
7 Steven Drew .....	Holder	25	82	....	\$ 1,628.77
8 Ray Eastwood .....	Towanda	5	67	....	\$ 795.90
9 Price N. Jones .....	Towanda	98	34	....	\$ 3,056.63
10 Jacob Mohr .....	Normal	65	108	....	\$ 3,512.34
11 Silas Schad .....	Normal	4	53	21	\$ 470.25
12 B. W. Stover .....	Towanda	87	80	245	\$ 4,430.64
13 C. J. Strimple .....	Bloomington	4	29	....	\$ 335.64
14 Alexander J. Woodard ...	Lexington	43	70	....	\$ 1,676.48
14		<hr/> 506	<hr/> 883	<hr/> 285	<hr/> \$26,105.81



## MACON COUNTY.

1	W. S. Smith .....	Mt. Zion	25	31	....	\$ 1,322.33
2	E. S. Ulery .....	Mt. Zion	89	136	....	\$ 4,323.41
3			<u>114</u>	<u>167</u>	<u>....</u>	<u>\$ 6,245.74</u>

## MARSHALL COUNTY.

1	Benjamin Boon .....	Washburn	14	47	....	\$ 672.10
2	Jay Fairbanks .....	Lacon	51	....	....	\$ 1,440.00
3	W. S. Osborne .....	Sparland	18	34	....	\$ 705.50
4			<u>83</u>	<u>81</u>	<u>....</u>	<u>\$ 2,817.60</u>

## MENARD COUNTY.

1	A. E. Banay .....	Greenview	8	7	....	\$ 214.00
2	E. S. Beard .....	Greenview	4	23	....	\$ 236.50
3	John G. Bell.....	Tallula	2	15	....	\$ 238.12
4	John P. Blane .....	Greenview	32	29	....	\$ 1,672.31
5	H. O. Boeker .....	Tallula	52	167	....	\$ 3,643.89
6	Harry Brown .....	Tallula	23	52	....	\$ 927.28
6½	Oliver A. Carman.....	Petersburg	4	12	....	\$ 98.12
7	Estate of Martin Cedarvale	Greenview	3	....	....	\$ 42.50
8	E. E. Claypool .....	Greenview	40	4	....	\$ 1,067.50
9	C. P. Corson .....	Tallula	28	264	....	\$ 2,266.25
10	Reuben Corson, Sr.....	Tallula	5	51	....	\$ 430.24
11	Harry B. Denton .....	Greenview	2	46	....	\$ 232.00
12	D. W. Evers .....	Greenview	12	....	....	\$ 336.00
13	D. L. Fitzgerald .....	Sweetwater	2	....	....	\$ 65.00
14	Jasper Freeman .....	Greenview	....	3	....	\$ 10.50
15	Harry Granstaff .....	Petersburg	1	....	....	\$ 32.50
16	Elmer Hornback .....	Greenview	....	20	....	\$ 100.00
17	R. C. McAtee .....	Greenview	4	57	....	\$ 406.62
18	H. J. Marbold .....	Greenview	172	190	30	\$ 7,780.05

MENARD COUNTY—*Continued.*

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE
19 J. Marion .....	Tallula	....	2	....	\$ 22.50
20 D. F. Peters .....	Athens	5	20	....	\$ 249.37
21 S. O. Savage.....	Tallula	74	156	1	\$ 3,644.01
22 Schone Bros. ....	Tallula	23	144	....	\$ 1,233.00
23 John J. Simmering .....	Greenview	5	72	....	\$ 456.25
24 Q. N. Spear .....	Tallula	82	77	....	\$ 3,678.37
25 Geo. A. Stahl .....	Tallula	2	18	....	\$ 160.93
26 Clarence Stier .....	Petersburg	8	28	....	\$ 463.08
27 Mrs. Mary Stone .....	Greenview	6	....	....	\$ 147.50
28 Elijah Swiney .....	Greenview	....	....	99	\$ 347.60
29 John Terhune .....	Sweetwater	26	....	....	\$ 677.50
30 Lucian Terhune .....	Petersburg	11	21	....	\$ 459.75
31 Karl J. Tice .....	Greenview	24	101	....	\$ 1,054.31
32 Samuel O. Trenary .....	Tallula	1	4	....	\$ 75.00
33 Frank Wilhelm .....	Greenview	7	14	....	\$ 417.50
34 R. J. Woodrum .....	Tallula	2	19	....	\$ 209.18
35		<hr/> 670	<hr/> 1616	<hr/> 130	<hr/> \$33,095.23

## MERCER COUNTY.

1 Edward Anderson .....	Viola	2	....	....	\$ 65.00
2 John Anderson & Son .....	Viola	84	60	....	\$ 1,582.50
3 Frank Baxter .....	Aledo	32	133	....	\$ 1,958.00
4 Cameron & Co. ....	Alexis	87	118	....	\$ 2,348.75
5 L. B. Canum .....	Aledo	90	284	....	\$ 5,077.26
6 C. G. Carlson .....	Aledo	74	230	....	\$ 2,526.00
7 Katie P. & F. W. Clark .....					
8 .....	Aledo Farm No. 1	20	74	....	\$ 857.50
9 Katie P. & F. W. Clark.....					
10 .....	Aledo Farm No. 2	13	....	....	\$ 316.25

MERCER COUNTY—*Continued.*

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE
11 William G. Fell .....	Aledo	15	94	....	\$ 589.00
12 J. M. Fisher .....	Aledo	3	43	....	\$ 251.75
13 John O. Goddard .....	Aledo	2	32	....	\$ 185.50
14 C. A. Johnson .....	Aledo	10	53	....	\$ 402.25
15 W. B. Main .....	Aledo	61	....	....	\$ 1,265.00
16 Alex Mayhew .....	Aledo	24	75	....	\$ 1,073.09
17 Miller & Willits.....	Aledo	29	31	....	\$ 1,280.50
18 John R. Moore .....	Aledo	9	15	....	\$ 261.75
19 H. Perrin .....	Aledo	3	100	....	\$ 343.25
20 E. C. Robbins .....	Viola	18	14	....	\$ 725.00
21 John Schroll .....	Aledo	13	3	....	\$ 295.00
22 Edward Smith .....	Aledo	1	5	....	\$ 50.00
23		590	1364	....	\$21,453.35

## MORGAN COUNTY.

1 I. E. Liter .....	Jacksonville	5	6	....	\$ 102.75
2 B. C. Madison .....	Jacksonville	17	8	....	\$ 604.00
3 John Oliver .....	Jacksonville	2	....	....	\$ 60.00
4 M. Schneider .....	Jacksonville	1	2	....	\$ 50.00
5 J. M. Starr .....	Jacksonville	61	31	....	\$ 2,632.00
6		86	47	....	\$ 3,538.75

## MOULTRIE COUNTY.

1 J. B. Davis .....	Bruce	6	17	....	\$ 273.56
2 I. N. Marble .....	Bruce	16	14	....	\$ 544.90
3 Elmer Sealoock .....	Bruce	35	54	10 goats	\$ 1,365.08
4 W. P. Stricklan .....	Sullivan	19	3	....	\$ 640.25
5 J. B. Tabor .....	Allenville	126	12	....	\$ 5,120.97
6		202	100	10	\$ 7,944.76

## OGLE COUNTY.

	NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF
						APPRAISED VALUE *
1	F. B. Althouse .....	Oregon	54	100	....	\$ 2,010.50
2	Wm. Arens .....	Polo	14	15	....	\$ 558.75
3	C. C. Barnett .....	Dixon	65	106	....	\$ 2,126.37
4	James Baxter .....	Cresgon	47	38	....	\$ 1,547.19
5	M. C. Bearman.....	Mt. Morris	20	8	....	\$ 562.50
6	John Cox .....	Stillman Valley	30	82	....	\$ 2,285.62
7	August J. Deuth .....	Polo	34	48	24	\$ 1,300.37
8	Ernest C. Diehl .....	Polo	30	12	....	\$ 725.00
9	Davis Bros. ....	Oregon R. R. No. 2	68	102	....	\$ 2,459.70
10	Henry Fravert, Jr. ....	Mt. Morris	22	29	....	\$ 809.69
11	Yost Frey .....	Mt. Morris	25	47	....	\$ 896.25
12	Sam Garkey .....	Adeline	13	6	....	\$ 441.75
13	Zeph Haye .....	Stillman Valley	44	40	....	\$ 1,547.62
14	Hays Bros. ....	Polo	98	93	22	\$ 2,955.37
15	H. W. Hey .....	Polo	67	73	....	\$ 4,400.00
16	John Holzhauer .....	Polo	53	81	....	\$ 2,134.50
17	George Horst .....	Mt. Morris	21	32	....	\$ 716.53
18	Louisa Horst .....	Mt. Morris	12	91	....	\$ 842.50
19	Charles Houpt .....	Polo	48	56	....	\$ 2,005.00
20	Louis Keefer ...	U. S. Yards, Chicago	131	281	30	\$ 5,962.85
21	William Kruse .....	Polo	21	24	....	\$ 729.12
22	Emery McMullen .....	Polo	51	23	....	\$ 1,646.50
23	D. W. Pollock .....	Haldane	47	80	6	\$ 2,305.35
24	T. V. Purcell .....	Polo	52	164	....	\$ 4,840.00
25	Fred Schnulle .....	Polo	50	18	....	\$ 1,420.62
26	Sheaff & Glendenning .....	Holcomb	117	79	....	\$ 5,305.00
27	Wm. Sheely .....	Polo	56	36	....	\$ 1,635.02
28	A. P. Shoemaker .....	Hazelhurst	44	48	....	\$ 1,465.80

OGLE COUNTY—*Continued.*

SULLY COUNTY, IOWA.					ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE
NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	
29	Henry Stahler .....Polo	50	53	....	\$ 1,818.80
30	D. E. Stauffer .....Polo	58	78	53	\$ 2,580.62
31	Wilmarth & Henebry, Stillman Valley	25	6	....	\$ 763.80
32	F. B. Wilson .....Polo	86	81	....	\$ 4,552.76
33	John J. Young .....Oregon	66	29	....	\$ 1,777.87
34	Fred Zundahl .....Mt. Morris	20	....	....	\$ 544.54
35		<hr/> 1639	<hr/> 2059	<hr/> 135	<hr/> \$67,673.86

## PEORIA COUNTY.

1	Paul Graze .....	Alta	34	17	....	\$ 1,334.35
2	Morris & Co. ...	U. S. Yards, Chicago	952	....	....	\$38,032.40
3			<u>986</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>....</u>	<u>\$39,366.75</u>

## PIATT COUNTY.

1	J. W. Bateman .....	Mansfield	72	137	....	\$ 3,319.60
2	C. O. Gillespie .....	Harris	4	70	....	\$ 316.12
3	George Howe .....	Mansfield	44	89	....	\$ 1,851.11
4	R. E. Howe .....	Mansfield	3	....	....	\$ 63.90
5	S. F. Howe .....	Mansfield	5	35	....	\$ 315.06
6	Wm. Roth .....	Mansfield	....	30	....	\$ 183.57
7	John Slevin .....	Bement	36	....	....	\$ 1,106.87
8	Swartz & Co. ....	De Land	25	....	....	\$ 212.93
9			<u>189</u>	<u>361</u>	<u>....</u>	<u>\$ 7,369.16</u>

## PUTNAM COUNTY.

1	H. W. Downey .....	Putnam	64	6	....	\$ 1,459.50
2	S. Longman .....	Putnam	19	6	....	\$ 486.50
3	Mrs. Reed & Sons .....	Putnam	3	....	....	\$ 85.00
4	A. L. Stickel .....	Putnam	33	....	....	\$ 947.00
5			<u>119</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>....</u>	<u>\$ 2,978.00</u>



## ROCK ISLAND COUNTY.

2	NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF
						APPRAISED VALUE
1	Wm. McMahon .....	Reynolds	14	....	....	\$ 398.75

## SANGAMON COUNTY.

1	Benjamin W. Brown .....	New Berlin	88	13	....	\$ 1,662.92
2	Leigh Brust .....	Buffalo Hart	8	3	....	\$ 265.16
3	R. B. Correll .....	Pleasant Plains	100	467	....	\$ 6,216.00
4	E. S. James .....	Pleasant Plains	14	32	....	\$ 812.48
5	Percy Wilcox .....	New Berlin	7	22	....	\$ 259.45
6			<u>217</u>	<u>536</u>	<u>....</u>	<u>\$ 9,216.01</u>

## STEPHENSON COUNTY.

1	Glen Balbach .....	Winslow	37	11	....	\$ 807.00
2	Geo. A. Barnes .....	Waddams Grove	25	50	....	\$ 973.05
3	H. O. Blair .....	Pearl City	44	40	8	\$ 1,226.80
4	Mrs. E. Blue .....	Pearl City	3	19	....	\$ 134.25
5	S. W. Brinkmeier .....	Pearl City	17	32	....	\$ 594.00
6	R. W. Doubler .....	Nora	59	120	....	\$ 2,852.60
7	Theodore Ellis .....	Winslow	34	69	....	\$ 1,367.48
8	Wm. A. Ethridge .....	Pearl City	27	2	....	\$ 589.00
9	Irvin E. Flickinger .....	Pearl City	39	39	....	\$ 1,159.37
10	Nick Fox .....	Winslow	58	36	....	\$ 1,846.12
11	Thos. Gundry .....	Winslow	59	34	....	\$ 4,713.00
12	Fred Kampmier and Rose Aurant....					
13	.....	Pearl City	36	12	....	\$ 869.00
14	August Neusus .....	Winslow	100	....	....	\$ 6,375.00
15	Will H. Uhe .....	Lena	21	28	7	\$ 554.00
16	Henry Wernicke ....	Waddams Grove	54	101	....	\$ 2,692.53
17	Mrs. Frank F. West .....	Winslow	2	....	....	\$ 46.00
18			<u>615</u>	<u>593</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>\$26,799.20</u>

VERMILION COUNTY.

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF
					APPRAISED VALUE
1 H. L. Baum.....	Sidell	66	13	....	\$ 2,121.34
2 George Buchanan .....	Georgetown	62	....	....	\$ 1,085.00
3 Lawrence Gustafson .....	Georgetown	10	19	....	\$ 346.00
4 Grant Jones .....	Sidell	31	39	....	\$ 1,077.37
5		169	71	....	\$ 4,629.71

WARREN COUNTY.

1 H. M. Armstrong.....	Little York	15	17	....	\$ 550.00
2 Marion Blevins .....	Swanecreek	26	3	....	\$ 620.00
3 J. R. Bloomer.....	Swanecreek	4	157	....	\$ 699.75
4 R. J. Brahmstedt.....	Monmouth	15	100	....	\$ 536.25
5 A. J. Brent .....	Smithshire	45	70	....	\$ 1,492.75
6 T. H. Bren .....	Smithshire	58	26	....	\$ 2,926.50
7 T. H. Brent.....	Smithshire	26	18	....	\$ 1,326.00
8 John W. Brownlee.....	Little York	5	181	....	\$ 886.00
9 F. Butler .....	Monmouth	8	....	....	\$ 212.50
10 Wm. Dugan.....	Little York	19	84	....	\$ 714.75
11 W. E. Elliott .....	Monmouth	20	50	....	\$ 1,362.00
12 Samuel Francis .....	Kirkwood	8	57	....	\$ 415.50
13 D. C. Frantz .....	Monmouth	7	....	....	\$ 168.75
14 John Frazee .....	Roseville	5	11	....	\$ 171.50
15 S. L. H. Gibson.....	Kirkwood	14	184	....	\$ 1,242.00
16 W. H. Gillen .....	Monmouth	21	117	....	\$ 709.25
17 Gordon & Watson.....	Farm No. 1,				
17½ .....	Kirkwood	....	90	....	\$ 359.43
18 F. R. Houlton .....	Kirkwood	....	73	....	\$ 346.50
19 A. M. Irving .....	Monmouth	63	....	....	\$ 2,126.25
20 Irwin Bros. ....	Swanecreek	20	....	....	\$ 557.50
21 A. M. Kane .....	Swanecreek	54	64	....	\$ 1,452.50

WARREN COUNTY—*Continued.*

NAME	ADDRESS				ONE-HALF
		CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	APPRAISED VALUE
22 W. R. Karns.....	Roseville	6	83	....	\$ 474.50
23 Geo. O. Killey .....	Monmouth	18	117	....	\$ 1,276.00
24 Leo F. Krause .....	Monmouth	7	....	....	\$ 170.00
25 Langridge & Watson.....	Kirkwood	....	63	....	\$ 204.75
26 Lincoln Lewis .....	Roseville	10	96	....	\$ 751.25
27 T. A. Moore .....	Kirkwood	2	....	....	\$ 45.00
28 T. F. Morris.....	Little York	1	72	....	\$ 244.50
29 Nicol Bros. ....	Little York	....	174	....	\$ 786.00
30 A. S. O'Neal .....	Roseville	1	3	....	\$ 35.00
31 P. H. Parson .....	Monmouth	10	51	....	\$ 410.25
32 G. G. Porter & Son.....	Little York	36	138	....	\$ 1,663.25
33 T. J. Ray.....	Berwick	....	58	....	\$ 164.00
34 F. W. Reem .....	Alexis	3	41	....	\$ 225.50
35 A. D. Rolston .....	Monmouth	1	5	....	\$ 40.00
36 C. E. Ross.....	Roseville	3	33	....	\$ 175.25
37 Roy Ross .....	Roseville	14	52	....	\$ 588.75
38 W. O. Shore .....	Swanecreek	7	19	....	\$ 272.25
39 E. P. Smith.....	Smithshire	3	45	....	\$ 213.00
40 Ora Smith .....	Kirkwood	3	31	....	\$ 229.50
41 S. J. Smith .....	Little York	35	125	....	\$ 2,338.75
42 P. J. Stem .....	Roseville	16	260	....	\$ 1,563.50
43 G. W. Tinkham & Son.....	Kirkwood	3	121	....	\$ 457.50
44 E. O. Tipton.....	Monmouth	1	....	....	\$ 25.00
45 Mrs. J. Twomey.....	Roseville	4	56	....	\$ 334.50
46 H. C. Willard .....	Kirkwood	4	29	....	\$ 212.50
47 C. E. Williamson .....	Monmouth	9	66	....	\$ 351.75
48 W. H. Wood .....	Smithshire	13	115	....	\$ 680.25
49		643	3155	....	\$32,808.18

## WHITESIDE COUNTY.

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	APPRAISED
					ONE-HALF VALUE
1 Swan Anderson .....	Tampico	41	71	....	\$ 1,305.11
2 Clarence Ardapple .....	Morrison	13	62	....	\$ 653.90
3 W. Bates .....	Fulton	25	39	....	\$ 808.25
4 Ren Belema .....	Fulton	35	27	....	\$ 964.25
5 Fred Beswick .....	Morrison	71	71	....	\$ 1,815.25
6 Eppa Boerema .....	Fulton	3	8	....	\$ 126.50
7 Richard Bell .....	Fulton	14	17	....	\$ 411.80
8 J. J. Bristle .....	Union Grove	13	6	....	\$ 358.20
9 S. D. Collins.....					
10 .....	Sterling (Supt. to Farm)	49	67	.....	\$ 1,936.32
11 W. H. Conner .....	Morrison	1	....	....	\$ 40.00
12 Mrs. John Cooney .....	Deer Grove	73	....	....	\$ 1,597.50
13 J. F. Cooney .....	Tampico	43	76	....	\$ 1,779.40
14 Ed. Cunningham .....	Tampico	2	....	....	\$ 37.50
15 Ed Cunningham .....	Tampico	5	9	....	\$ 258.24
16 Frank Cunningham .....	Tampico	8	....	....	\$ 215.00
17 Hiram Damhoff .....	Fulton	88	145	....	\$ 3,830.00
18 John Dawson .....	Deer Grove	39	71	....	\$ 1,310.05
19 Chas. Detra .....	Morrison	20	50	....	\$ 877.30
20 Daniel Donahue .....	Tampico	10	14	....	\$ 127.00
21 Walter Elmendorf .....	Tampico	7	....	....	\$ 239.25
22 A. J. Entwistle .....	Morrison	28	....	....	\$ 639.50
23 J. J. Entwistle & Son .....					
24 .....	Morrison Farm No. 1	103	100	....	\$ 5,529.77
25 J. J. Entwistle	Morrison Farm No. 2	32	1	....	\$ 594.75
26 J. H. Gaffey .....	Rock Falls	18	50	....	\$ 602.75
27 J. P. Glassburn .....	Tampico	21	....	....	\$ 530.50

WHITESIDE COUNTY—*Continued.*

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF APPRAISED VALUE
28 B. E. Goodenough .....	Morrison	74	7	....	\$ 3,745.75
29 Fred Gerken .....	Sterling	29	71	....	\$ 1,229.60
30 J. G. Green .....	Morrison	37	22	....	\$ 1,118.50
31 Henry Haberer .....	Morrison	17	....	....	\$ 427.00
32 Ben L. Hammer .....	Morrison	22	18	....	\$ 772.20
33 Charles Hammer .....	Morrison	39	27	....	\$ 1,192.50
34 Roy Hammer .....	Morrison	22	170	....	\$ 1,346.60
35 J. M. Hanna .....	Coleta	28	39	....	\$ 963.50
36 Mrs. Jake Hein .....	Tampico	2	....	....	\$ 60.00
37 R. M. Hellier .....	Tampico	29	34	....	\$ 886.14
38 Walter Hoff .....	Albany	23	73	....	\$ 1,461.59
39 E. Houseman .....	Morrison	53	168	....	\$ 3,584.30
40 George Houzinga .....	Fenton	13	1	....	\$ 367.25
41 Garrett Huizenga.....	Fenton	6	....	....	\$ 153.75
42 Geo. Humphrey .....	Morrison	22	7	....	\$ 608.25
43 Geo. J. Ingwerson .....	Fulton	50	187	....	\$ 3,921.87
44 Christ M. Jenson.....	Morrison	46	73	....	\$ 1,363.00
45 Ed Knalsen .....	Morrison	16	10	....	\$ 508.66
46 R. C. Knox .....	Morrison	31	6	....	\$ 964.75
47 W. Kuehl .....	Morrison	24	9	....	\$ 630.50
48 F. M. La Due .....	Prophetstown	31	81	....	\$ 2,047.25
49 Arian Landheer .....	Sterling	32	8	....	\$ 710.20
50 W. G. Lawrence .....	Fulton	22	95	....	\$ 919.67
51 James Leahy .....	Tampico	31	59	....	\$ 979.40
52 Arlie Love .....	Tampico	11	99	....	\$ 779.75
53 P. J. McCabe .....	Deer Grove	12	15	....	\$ 378.30
54 J. Y. McCall .....	Erie	5	....	....	\$ 187.50
55 A. S. McCulloh .....	Morrison	8	9	....	\$ 318.00



WHITESIDE COUNTY—*Continued.*

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF
					APPRAISED VALUE
56 E. W. McDearmon .....	Morrison	15	14	....	\$ 562.50
57 Mammen Brothers .....	Morrison	43	24	....	\$ 1,446.95
58 J. Grier Miller .....	Morrison	31	8	....	\$ 733.00
59 Ed Meyerhoff .....	Morrison	1	....	....	\$ 30.00
60 A. C. Olson .....	Morrison	48	77	....	\$ 1,646.25
61 F. R. Overholser .....	Coleta	30	23	....	\$ 858.00
62 Patterson Bros. ....	Union Grove	29	63	....	\$ 1,130.60
63 Gus Peterson .....	Deer Grove	12	21	....	\$ 477.00
64 E. W. Potts .....	Coleta	22	41	....	\$ 886.30
65 Potter & Knox .....	Morrison	45	152	....	\$ 2,296.30
66 Anson Rhine .....	Morrison	19	29	....	\$ 503.25
67 H. J. Russell .....	Tampico	45	....	....	\$ 1,494.61
68 John Schauff .....	Deer Grove	34	36	....	\$ 920.75
69 Fred S. Schrinier .....	Coleta	20	82	....	\$ 897.25
70 C. F. Senior .....	Albany	30	....	....	\$ 658.70
71 N. K. Senior .....	Albany	59	....	....	\$ 1,074.28
72 Lester Sherer .....	Albany	15	....	....	\$ 358.75
73 W. J. & L. B. Shoup .....	Sterling	33	28	....	\$ 1,139.75
74 John P. Smith .....	Fulton	33	62	....	\$ 1,365.32
75 A. F. Stalcup .....	Morrison	49	76	....	\$ 1,881.50
76 D. W. Steiner .....	Union Grove	16	28	.....	\$ 571.29
77 H. Stralow .....	Morrison	44	47	....	\$ 1,362.02
78 Frank Van Zuider .....	Fulton	7	....	....	\$ 180.00
79 Abe Walber .....	Sterling	32	56	....	\$ 2,167.00
80 D. A. Wilson .....	Erie	13	....	....	\$ 293.75
81 F. E. Wilson .....	Fenton	18	53	12	\$ 674.95
82 L. J. Wilson .....	Fenton	31	56	....	\$ 1,527.80
83 Paul F. Wilson .....	Morrison	26	68	....	\$ 1,082.55
84 William Workman .....	Morrison	83	52	....	\$ 2,976.75
84		2380	3269	12	\$89,411.04

## WILL COUNTY.

	NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	ONE-HALF
						APPRAISED VALUE
1	Geo. W. Alderman	Lockport	92	30	....	\$ 2,587.89
2	J. F. Anderson	Plainfield	4	1	....	\$ 110.37
3	Anderson Bros.	Plainfield, Farm No. 1	....	32	....	\$ 82.78
4	Anderson Bros.	Plainfield, Farm No. 2	53	....	....	\$ 1,593.38
5	John C. Baker	Manhattan	127	35	1	\$ 9,597.50
6	Mrs Anna Barnes	Steger	1	....	....	\$ 31.00
7	John B. Clow	Plainfield	68	74	....	\$ 2,849.12
8	Thomas Clow	Plainfield	42	157	....	\$ 2,535.12
9	Arthur F. Craymer	Wilmington	53	43	....	\$ 1,372.75
10	Harry R. Dowell	Wilmington	14	2	....	\$ 430.50
11	Joseph Dranden	Plainfield	14	24	9	\$ 711.43
12	Wallace Ferguson	Plainfield	6	64	3	\$ 524.60
13	Homer B. Grommon	Plainfield	74	78	....	\$ 5,246.28
14	Fred Lauterbach	Plainfield	27	29	....	\$ 1,194.72
15	G. T. Nail	Wilmington	27	13	....	\$ 894.25
16	John W. Paterson	Plainfield	44	61	3	\$ 1,931.75
17	W. D. Patterson	Plainfield	49	30	....	\$ 2,262.58
18	Clayton & Amos Smith	Plainfield	34	67	....	\$ 1,414.00
19	F. W. Stewart	Plainfield	29	65	....	\$ 1,553.25
20	Harry Storm	New Lenox	43	14	....	\$ 2,322.00
21	C. H. Warning	Frankfort	74	50	....	\$ 2,884.18
22	Frank Wilson	Plainfield	8	20	....	\$ 375.00
23			883	889	16	\$42,504.51

## WOODFORD COUNTY.

NAME	ADDRESS	CATTLE	HOGS	SHEEP	APPRAISED ONE-HALF VALUE
1 C. L. Jury .....	Washburn	2	2	....	\$ 85.00
2 John J. Rapraum.....	Benson	39	39	....	\$ 1,079.50
3 Robert McKee .....	Washburn	78	144	....	\$ 2,455.67
4 Robert Peachey .....	Washburn	56	....	....	\$ 1,662.90
5 Mrs Ella Toole .....	Panola	5	14	....	\$ 245.50
6 Henry Waldschmidt .....	Benson	15	26	....	\$ 473.05
7		195	125	....	\$ 6,001.62

Recapitulation: Cattle, 23,912; hogs, 32,942; sheep, 1,232. Number animals, 58,086; one-half approximate valuation, \$976,303.98.

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed upon presentation of proper vouchers approved by the Governor, to issue his warrants upon the State treasury for the aforesaid sums of money, payable to the said respective parties for the several sums as indicated in section one (1) of this Act to each respective claimant or to his or their respective legal representatives and the State Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed to pay the same out of any money in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 3. WHEREAS, An emergency exists; therefore, this Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and approval.

Springfield, Illinois, March 16, 1915.

We, the undersigned, hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and complete list of the number of the animals slaughtered within the State of Illinois on account of foot-and-mouth disease under the direction of the State and Federal authorities, together with a statement of fifty per cent (50%) of the appraised valuation placed thereon, and the names of the several owners.

6        This information is now on file in and forms a part of the records of the  
7        offices of the United States Bureau of Animal Industry and the Illinois State  
8        Board of Live Stock Commissioners.

S. E. BENNETT, per O. E. D.,

Inspector in Charge United States Bureau of Animal Industry.

B. J. SHANLEY, per O. E. D.,

O. E. DYSON,

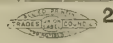
Chairman State Board of Live      State Veterinarian, State of Illinois.

Stock Commisisoners.

C. A. LOWERY,

Secretary State Board of Live

Stock Commissioners.



1 Adopted March 23, 1915.

#### AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 415 as printed in House on line 45, page 6, section 1,  
2 by striking out the words and figures "\$1,199.00" and inserting in lieu thereof  
3 the following "\$1,108.50"; also amend by striking out the following figures on  
4 line 61 "\$75,574.83" and insert in lieu thereof the following "\$75,484.33."

#### AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 415, page 9, as printed in House, on line 7 by striking  
2 out the words and figures "\$1,300.00" and insert in lieu thereof the following  
3 "\$650.00"; also amend by striking out the following words and figures on line  
4 36, page 10, "\$60,024.32" and insert in lieu thereof the following "\$59,374.32."

#### AMENDMENT NO. 3.

Amend House Bill No. 415, as printed in House by striking out in section 1,  
2 on lines 2 and 3 the following words and figures, "\$976,303.98" and insert the  
3 following "\$975,563.48."

#### AMENDMENT. NO. 4.

Amend House Bill No. 415, as printed in House, section 1, page 35, under  
2 heading Woodford County, after the word valuation on line 2, by striking out the  
3 following words and figures "\$976,303.98," and insert in lieu thereof the fol-  
4 lowing "\$975,563.48."







1 Introduced by Mr. Foster (by request), March 19, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Fish and Game.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act for the conservation of game, wild fowl, birds and fish in the State of Illinois, for the appointment of a commission and staff for the enforcement thereof, and to repeal certain Acts relating thereto," approved June 23, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, by amending sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 15, 21, 22, 34, 40, 41, 44, 48 and 51 respectively thereof; by adding section 9a, 21a, 40b, 63a and 63b respectively thereto; by repealing sections 25, 29, 30, 31, and 46 respectively thereof; and by re-numbering section 50 as section 45 thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act for the  
3 conservation of game, wild fowl, birds and fish in the State of Illinois, for the  
4 appointment of a commission and staff for the enforcement thereof, and to re-  
5 peal certain Acts relating thereto," approved June 23, 1913, in force July 1,  
6 1913, be and the same is hereby amended by amending sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 15,  
7 21, 22, 34, 40, 41, 44, 48, and 51 respectively thereof; by adding section 9a,  
8 21a, 40b, 63a and 63b respectively thereto; by repealing sections 25, 29, 30, 31

9 and 46 respectively thereof; and by re-numbering section 50 as section 45 there-  
10 of, so that said sections when amended and added shall read as follows:

11       Sec. 1. That within thirty days after this Act shall take effect the Governor  
12 of the State, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint  
13 three persons to be called and known as the State Game and Fish Commission,  
14 referred to and designated hereafter in this Act as the commission. One member  
15 of the commission shall be designated by the Governor as the president of the  
16 commission, who shall be the executive officer of the commission. It shall be  
17 the duty of the commission to conserve *and propagate* the game, wild fowl,  
18 birds and fish of the State, to secure the enforcement of all the statutes of the  
19 State for the preservation *and propogation* of game, wild fowl, birds and fish  
20 and bring, or cause to be brought, actions and proceedings in the name of the  
21 People of the State of Illinois, to recover any and all fines and penalties pro-  
22 vided for in such laws relating to game, wild fowl, birds and fish, and to prose-  
23 cute all violators of said statutes.

24       Sec. 2. To carry out the provisions of this Act, the commission shall have  
25 the power to appoint *seven* wardens and *one hundred and fifteen* deputy ward-  
26 ens, who shall serve continuously. All wardens and deputy wardens shall be  
27 subject to the control of the commission; and the commission shall also have the  
28 power to employ such other officers, agents and employees as it may deem neces-  
29 sary for the efficient conduct of its business. In addition to the wardens, and  
29½ deputy wardens herein provided for, all constables in this State shall be *ex*  
30 *officio* special deputy wardens who shall receive no salary *per diem* or ex-  
31 penses as such, but who shall receive in addition to the fees and mileage pro-  
32 vided by law, one-half of all the fines recovered for violation of this Act in case  
33 where they have filed the complaint.

34       Sec. 3. The president of the commission shall receive an annual compensa-  
35 tion of \$5,000, the remaining two members of the commission shall each receive  
36 an annual compensation of \$4,000. The *seven* wardens provided for herein shall

each receive an annual compensation of \$2,000. The *one hundred and fifteen* deputy wardens provided for herein shall each receive an annual compensation of \$1,200. Each member of the commission and each warden and deputy warden shall be allowed his actual traveling expenses incurred in official business. The Secretary of State shall provide the commission with suitably furnished offices in the Capitol building at Springfield and with the necessary blank books, blanks, stationery and printed matter.

Sec. 4. It is hereby declared to be unlawful to hunt, kill, net, entrap, ensnare, destroy or attempt to hunt, kill, net, entrap, ensnare or destroy any Bobwhite quail from the 10th day of December to the 10th day of November (both inclusive) of each succeeding year, nor more than twelve by any one person in one day; or any pinnated grouse (prairie chicken) from the 16th day of October of any year to the 30th day of September (both inclusive) of the next succeeding year, nor more than three by one person in one day; or any ruffed grouse (partridge), Mexican blue quail, California mountain quail, California valley quail, Hungarian partridge, Capercalzie, heath grouse (black grouse), or wood cock for the period up to and including July 1, 1920; or any gray, red fox or black squirrel from the 1st day of January to the 14th day of August (both inclusive) of each year; or any of the order of Limicolæ or shore birds, commonly known as jack-snipe, Wilson's snipe, sand snipe, or any kind of snipe, or any golden plover, upland plover, or any kind of plover, from the 1st day of May to the 1st day of September (both inclusive) of any year, or any mourning dove from November 1st of any year to August 14th of the succeeding year, (both inclusive), nor more than fifteen by one person in one day: *Provided, it shall be lawful to kill not more than three cock pheasants in any one day from the 1st day of October to the 5th day of October (both inclusive) of each and every year. And it shall be unlawful to kill, hunt, ensnare, entrap or attempt to kill, hunt, ensnare, entrap or otherwise destroy any rabbit from the 1st day of February to the 30th day of September of each year. The use of ferrets for hunting is hereby prohibited.* And it shall be unlawful to kill, hunt, ensnare, entrap or attempt to kill, hunt, ensnare, entrap or otherwise destroy any wild goose, duck,



25 brant, coot (mud hen), rail or other water fowl at any time from the 15th day of  
 26 April to the 1st day of September (both inclusive) of each year. And it shall  
 27 be unlawful to hunt, kill, entrap, ensnare, or attempt to hunt, kill, entrap, en-  
 28 snare or otherwise destroy any wild goose, duck, brant, coot, rail, or other  
 29 water fowl between the sunset of any day and the sunrise of the next succeed-  
 30 ing day at any period of the year. And it shall further be unlawful at any time  
 31 to hunt, kill, entrap, ensnare, or attempt to hunt, kill, entrap, or ensnare or  
 32 otherwise destroy any wild goose, brant, duck, coot, rail or other water fowl  
 33 from any fixed or artificial ambush beyond the lines of natural covering of  
 34 reeds, canes, willows, flags, crooked brush, wild rice or other vegetation above  
 35 the water of any lake, river, bay or inlet or other water course wholly within the  
 36 State, or with the aid or use of any device commonly called sneak boat, sink box  
 37 or other device for the purpose of concealment in the open waters of this State.  
 38 And it shall be unlawful to shoot, kill or destroy, or attempt to shoot, kill  
 39 or destroy any wild goose, duck, brant, coot, rail, or other water fowl with a  
 40 swivel gun or rifle, or from any sail boat, gasoline or electric launch or steam-  
 41 boat, at any time in any part of the water of any lake, river, bay or inlet or other  
 42 water course, wholly within this State: *Provided*, that it shall be unlawful to  
 43 kill, entrap, ensnare or otherwise destroy any of the ducks, geese, brant, coot,  
 44 rail or other water fowl, or any of the order of Limicolæ or shore birds, com-  
 45 monly known as jack snipe, Wilson's snipe, sand snipe or any kind of snipe,  
 46 or any golden plover, upland plover or any kind of plover mentioned in this  
 47 section, at any time for market or other commercial purposes, nor more than fif-  
 48 teen ducks, ten geese, ten brant, twenty coot, twenty rails, or other water fowl,  
 49 by one person in one day.

50 *It shall be unlawful for any person to catch, take or kill any of the follow-*  
 51 *ing fur-bearing animals, to-wit: raccoon, mink muskrat, skunk, opossum or*  
 52 *otter from April 1st to October 31st (both inclusive), of each year.*

53 Any person or persons so offending shall for each and every offense be  
 54 deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined in any sum  
 55 not less than fifteen nor more than fifty dollars and costs of suit, and shall stand



56 committed to the county jail until such fine and costs are paid: *Provided*, that  
57 such imprisonment shall not exceed ten days; and the killing of each bird or  
58 animal herein specified shall be deemed a separate offense: *Provided*, that  
59 nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the commission or its war-  
60 dens or deputies from hunting ensnaring or entrapping any of the game birds  
61 or animals in this section mentioned and transmitting them to other *parts* of the  
62 State, where a scarcity of these game birds or animals exists, for the purpose  
63 of propagating and restocking said *parts* of the State: *And, provided, further*,  
64 that before hunting, ensnaring or en'rapping, said commission, its wardens or  
65 deputies must first obtain the consent in writing of the tenant or land owner  
66 from whose premises said game birds and animals are taken.

Sec. 6. Any person who shall, within the State, kill or catch, or have in his  
2 or her possession, living or dead, any wild bird, or part of bird, other than a  
3 game bird, English sparrow, crow, *bluejay*, chicken hawk, or other hawks,  
4 *blackbirds, commorant, loon, or grebe*, or who shall purchase, offer or expose  
5 for sale any such wild bird, or part of bird, after it has been killed or caught,  
6 shall, for each offense be subject to a fine of five dollars for each bird killed  
7 or caught or had in his or her possession, living or dead, and shall stand commit-  
8 ted to the county jail until such fine and costs are paid: *Provided*, that such im-  
9 prisonment shall not exceed ten days: *Provided, further*, that nothing in this  
10 section shall be construed to prevent the owner or occupant of lands from de-  
11 stroying any such birds or animals when deemed necessary by him for the pro-  
12 tection of fruits and property. For the purpose of this Act the following only  
13 shall be considered game birds: The *Anatidæ*, commonly known as swan, geese,  
14 brant, river and sea ducks; the *Grindæ*, or cranes, including little brown, sand  
15 hill and whooping cranes, commonly known as rail and the *Limicolæ*, commonly  
16 known as shore birds, plover, surf birds, snipe, wood cock and pipers, tattlers  
17 and curlews; and the *Gallinæ*, commonly known as wild turkey, grouse, prairie  
18 chicken, pheasant, partridges, quail and mourning dove.

Sec. 9a. *The State Game and Fish Commission is hereby authorized and empowered to grant to holders of resident and non-resident hunting licenses permits to ship game. In order to obtain such permit the applicant for the same shall fill out a blank application to be furnished by said commission, stating name, age, occupation, place of residence, number of hunting license; and agreeing that the game to be shipped under such permit shall be consigned by and to the applicant at one destination only, and that such game is not to be shipped for commercial purposes.. Said application shall be subscribed and sworn to by the applicant before any person authorized by law to administer oaths, and shall be accompanied by a fee of two (\$2) dollars.*

*The holder of such permit may offer for shipment and have transported not to exceed two hundred (200) game birds and game animals in not more than ten (10) separate shipments during the period of time covered by his hunting license: Provided, however, that the number of game birds and game animals offered for shipment at any one time shall not exceed the possession of bag limits prescribed by this Act: And, provided further, that such shipments shall not be made oftener than once in four (4) days.*

*Upon offering such game for shipment the shipper shall present to the agent representing the transportation company or common carrier, his hunting license and shipping permit: Whereupon the agent shall endorse, in ink, upon the shipping permit, in spaces provided therefor, the name of the station from which shipment is made, the destination, the date, the number of each variety of game in the shipment, and his signature. If a permit is presented with a consignment of game for shipment, and such endorsement shows that the quantity of such game, or number of shipments, which may lawfully be shipped by the holder of said permit in a single season has already been shipped on said permit, it shall be unlawful for any transportation company or common carrier, or agent or employee thereof, to accept the same for shipment.*

*Game birds and game animals shipped in the manner prescribed by this section shall be open to view and shall have firmly fixed and attached thereto a tag, on which shall be stated the name of the consignor, (who, under the provisions*

32 of this section, is also the consignee), the destination, the number of permits, the  
33 number of hunting license, and the quantity of each variety of game in shipment.

34 Permits issued under the provisions of this section shall expire on the first  
35 day of February of next succeeding date of issue, and shall be returned to the  
36 commission within three (3) months after date of expiration. Persons to whom  
37 permits have been issued and who shall fail to return them to the commission  
38 shall not be entitled to any such permit thereafter. No more than one (1) per-  
39 mit shall be issued to a person during any one (1) year.

Sec. 15. The certificates authorized by this Act shall be in force until the  
2 first day of February next succeeding only from the date of their issue and shall  
3 not be transferable.

Sec. 21. For the purpose of preventing unauthorized persons from killing  
2 game and birds, no person or persons shall at any time hunt, pursue or kill  
3 with gun, rabbits or any of the wild animals, fowl or birds that are protected  
4 during any part of the year without first having procured a license so to do, and  
5 then only during the respective periods of the year when it shall be lawful. Said  
6 license shall be procured from any county, city or village clerk in the following  
7 manner, to-wit: The applicant shall fill out a blank application to be furnished  
8 by the commission to the clerk of each county, city or village stating name, age,  
9 occupation and place of residence of applicant, place of birth, if a naturalized  
10 citizen, the date of the naturalization papers and the court by which issued, if a  
11 minor born beyond the jurisdiction of the United States, the date of the natur-  
12 alization papers of the parent or parents and the court by which issued if any;  
13 the fact of having declared his intention of becoming a citizen of the United  
14 States, with the date of such declaration and the court in which such declara-  
15 tion is filed, said application, shall be subscribed and sworn to by the applicant  
16 before said county, city or village clerk, and any applicant who shall wilfully  
17 and corruptly swear falsely shall be deemed guilty of perjury and punished  
18 accordingly, and it is hereby expressly provided that if said county, city or vil-  
19 lage clerk, fails to administer the oath as herein provided or antedates any li-



20 cense, he shall be subject to a fine herein provided for each and every offense,  
 21 the same to be recovered in any court of competent jurisdiction. And said ap-  
 22 plicant, if a non-resident of the State of Illinois, or if not a citizen of the United  
 23 States or not having declared his intention of becoming a citizen of the United  
 24 States, whether a resident of the State of Illinois or not, shall pay to the county  
 25 clerk the sum of *ten* dollars as a license fee, together with the sum of fifty  
 26 cents as the fee of said county clerk for administering the oath to the applicant  
 27 and issuing said license; and if a resident of the State of Illinois, and a citizen  
 28 of the United States, shall pay to the county, city or village clerk, the sum of  
 29 seventy-five cents as a license fee, together with the sum of twenty-five cents  
 30 as the fee of said county, city or village clerk for administering the oath to  
 31 the applicant and issuing said license. Said license shall bear the signature of the  
 32 commission and the seal of the county, city or village in which the same is is-  
 33 sued and be countersigned by the said clerk. And such licensee, if a non-resi-  
 34 dent, is hereby authorized to take from the State not to exceed in the aggregate  
 35 fifty birds of all kinds killed by himself or herself which shall be carried openly  
 36 for inspection, together with his or her license.

37 Every license issued shall be signed by the licensee in ink, and as aforesaid,  
 38 shall entitle the person to whom issued to hunt, pursue and kill, game within  
 39 the State at any time when it shall be lawful to hunt, pursue and kill such game,  
 40 and no person to whom a license has been issued shall be entitled to hunt, pur-  
 41 sue or kill game or rabbits in this State without at the time of such hunting,  
 42 pursuing and killing of game he or she shall have such license in his or her name  
 43 and upon his or her person ready to exhibit the same for inspection, and such li-  
 44 cense shall be void after the *15th* day of *April* next succeeding its issue: *Pro-*  
 45 *vided*, that the owner or owners of lands, their children, or tenants *in actual resi-*  
 46 *dence upon the land* shall have the right to hunt and kill game on *such* lands of  
 47 which he or they are the *bona fide* owners or tenants during the season when it  
 48 is lawful to kill game without procuring such residence license.

49 Any person found guilty of violating any of the provisions of this section  
 50 shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be

51 fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than fifty dollars  
52 for each and every offense and shall stand committed to the county jail until such  
53 fine and costs are paid, but such imprisonment shall not exceed thirty days for  
54 each offense; or such person may be proceeded against in an action of debt in the  
55 name of the People of the State of Illinois for the recovery of the penalty here-  
56 in prescribed.

Sec. 21a. *The commission shall have the power and authority to establish*  
2 *game and birds reservations, refuges or coverts in any county in the State*  
3 *where it shall be deemed necessary for the protection and propagation of game,*  
4 *and as a refuge or covert for song and insectivorous birds, the land for such res-*  
5 *ervations to be leased at a nominal rental of one dollar per year for the entire*  
6 *tract or parcel. On such reservations the commission may have planted in suit-*  
7 *able grain for bird and game food, not to exceed five acres for each 1,000-acre*  
8 *reservation, and for such parcels as are so planted the commission may, if re-*  
9 *quired so to do, pay a rental not to exceed the usual and customary rent of simi-*  
10 *lar land in the vicinity or locality.*

11 *It shall be unlawful to hunt, trap or ensnare in any way any game or birds*  
12 *within such reservation or to take or needlessly destroy the nests or the eggs of*  
13 *any wild birds or game in such refuges, coverts or reservations; and any person*  
14 *guilty of a violation of this section shall be subject for each offense to a fine*  
15 *of not less than fifty (\$50) dollars nor more than two hundred (\$200) dollars*  
16 *and costs of suit and shall stand committed to the county jail until such fine and*  
17 *costs are paid: Provided, that such imprisonment shall not exceed ten days.*

Sec. 22. *It shall be unlawful for any person to fish in any waters under the*  
2 *jurisdiction of this State with seine, dip net, gill net, pound net, hoop net, fyke*  
3 *net, basket or trap net, reel, running line, or artificial lure, except as hereinafter*  
4 *provided, without first obtaining a license so to do: Provided, that the owner*  
5 *or owners, their children, or the tenants of any land on which there is any lake,*  
6 *pond, slough or other water, wholly within the premises so owned or controlled*  
7 *and not connected with any open stream or extending beyond their jurisdiction,*



8 may take, catch or kill any fish in the manner prescribed by law without procuring  
 9 such a license. Each resident of this State shall pay for each license the follow-  
 10 ing amounts respectively:

11 (a) For each one hundred (100) yards of seine, or less (except minnow  
 12 seines) five (\$5) dollars.

13 (b) For each dip net, one (\$1) dollar.

14 (c) For each hoop net, fifty (50c) cents; fyke net one (\$1) dollar; basket or  
 15 trap net, fifty (50c) cents.

16 (d) For each steam tug used in operating gill nets or pound nets, twenty-  
 17 five (\$25) dollars.

18 (e) For each gasoline launch used in operating gill or pound nets, fifteen  
 19 (\$15) dollars.

20 (f) For each sail boat, or row boat used in operating gill or pound nets, ten  
 21 (\$10) dollars.

22 (g) No person more than eighteen (18) years old shall at any time catch or  
 23 attempt to catch black bass, pike, perch or pickerel in the waters within the jur-  
 24 isdiction of the State of Illinois with rod and reel, running line, or artificial  
 25 bait or lure without first having procured a license so to do. Said license shall be  
 26 procured from any county, city or village clerk. For such license the applicant  
 27 shall pay the sum of one (\$1) dollar, together with the sum of twenty-five (25c)  
 28 cents as the fee for the county, city or village clerk for administering the oath  
 29 to the applicant and issuing said license.

30 The fees for licenses to non-residents shall be double the amount of the  
 31 above except the hook and line which shall be one (\$1) dollars.

Sec. 34. Fish of legal size or weight, as hereafter prescribed, may be  
 2 caught, taken or killed with hook and line, and with rod and reel, running line, or  
 3 artificial bait or lure, at any time. Frogs shall not be caught, taken or killed  
 4 within the jurisdiction of this State by any means whatsoever, during the  
 5 months of May and June of each year.

Sec. 40. Every person who shall at any time catch, take or kill, or attempt  
2 to take, catch or kill, any fish in any of the rivers, lakes, ponds, creeks, streams,  
3 canals, sloughs, bayous or other waters or water courses wholly or in part with-  
4 in the jurisdiction of this State by the use of lime, acid, medical, chemical or me-  
5 chanical compound or dope of any medicated drug or any cocculus indicus or fish  
6 berry, or any dynamite, or giant powder, nitro-glycerine or other explosive,  
7 shall be deemed guilty of a *felony* and upon conviction shall be fined not less  
8 than one *thousand* (\$1,000) dollars, nor more than two *thousand* (\$2,000) dollars  
9 or punished by imprisonment *for one year in the penitentiary*, or by both fine and  
10 imprisonment, at the discretion of the court.

Sec. 40b. *Every person who shall at any time catch, take or kill, or attempt*  
2 *to catch, take or kill any fish in any of the rivers, lakes, ponds, creeks, streams,*  
3 *canals, sloughs, bayous or other waters or water-courses wholly or in part within*  
4 *the jurisdiction of this State, by the use of any kind of fire arms, or by the use*  
5 *of jack or artificial light of any kind, or with snare spear, gig, or graines,*  
6 *shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not*  
7 *less than ten (\$10) dollars, nor more than twenty-five (\$25) dollars, and shall*  
8 *stand committed to the county jail until such fine be paid: Provided, that such*  
9 *imprisonment shall not exceed ten (10) days.*

10 *Nothing in this section shall be construed to forbid the use of an ordinary*  
11 *lamp or lantern strictly for illuminating purposes and not for the purpose of*  
12 *“shining” luring or attracting fish.*

13 *It shall be unlawful for any person to catch, take or kill, in any manner or by*  
14 *any means whatsoever, any fish in, upon or from any water in any quarry, quarry*  
15 *hole, natural or artificial lake, fish pond or reservoir, or other artificial or nat-*  
16 *ural depression upon the premises of any other person within the jurisdiction of*  
17 *this State, without the consent of the owner or person in charge thereof.*

Sec. 41. It shall be unlawful to catch, take or kill by any means or de-  
2 vice whatsoever, or to sell or offer for sale, or have in possession any of the

3 following named fish mentioned below which are less than the length mentioned  
4 for each:

5 Black bass, *ten* inches.

6 Pike or pickerel, eighteen inches.

7 White or striped bass, eight inches.

8 Rock bass, six inches.

9 Crappie, eight inches.

10 Yellow or ringed perch, seven inches.

11 Pike perch or wall-eyed pike, thirteen inches.

12 *Provided*: that if any such under sized fish is taken, the person taking it shall  
13 immediately return it to the waters from which it was taken, without unneces-  
14 sary injury to such fish, *except those caught by hook and line*.

15 *Provided, further*, that it shall be unlawful, at any time, to sell, offer or ex-  
16 pose for sale, or have in possession for the purpose of selling, any black bass,  
17 pike, pickerel or pike perch (commonly known as wall-eyed pike, jack or yellow  
18 salmon) caught, taken or killed in waters within the jurisdiction of this State:  
19 *And, provided, also*, that black bass, pike, pickerel, and pike perch (commonly  
20 known as wall-eyed pike, jack or yellow salmon), may be caught, taken or  
21 killed only with line held in the hand, or attached to a rod, with or without reel  
22 attached held in the hand.

Sec. 44. It shall be unlawful to sell or ship, offer for sale or shipment,  
2 or receive for shipment, from and including the first day of May to and in-  
3 cluding the thirtieth day of June of each year, any fish or frogs more than one  
4 *quarter of a pound in weight* caught in any of the waters under the jurisdiction  
5 of this State: *Provided*, that long jaws, chubs, black fins, and herring of law-  
6 ful size may be sold or shipped, offered for sale or shipment, or received for  
7 shipment, at any time: *Provided, further*, that black bass, pickerel, pike, or pike  
8 perch (commonly known as wall-eyed pike, jack or yellow salmon), lawfully  
9 caught in waters under the jurisdiction of this State, may be lawfully transport-  
10 ed as baggage and as provided for in section 43.



11       The possession of any such fish, or shipment of fish or in transit shall be  
12 *prima facie* evidence of a violation of this section: *Provided*, that the provisions  
13 of this section shall not apply to the transportation of fish into or through this  
14 State or out of it by the commission, or the duly authorized representative of any  
15 other state, or of the United States: *Provided, further*, that there shall be al-  
16 lowed five days after the close of the fishing season to dispose of or to ship all  
17 fish legally caught and taken previous to the close of the fishing season.

      Sec. 48. All fish *and game* caught, taken, killed, shipped or had in posses-  
2 sion or under control contrary to any of the provisions of this Act are hereby  
3 declared to be contraband, and it shall be the duty of the commission to seize  
4 and dispose of any and all fish *and game* shipped or had in possession by any  
5 person in violation of this Act.

      Sec. 51. The word "person" when used in this Act shall include company,  
2 partnership, association, corporation or any agent or employee thereof.

      Sec. 63a. *The commission shall have power and authority to set aside, at*  
2 *its discretion, such waters within the jurisdiction of this State as they may*  
3 *judge best as State Fish Preserves, in which it shall be unlawful to fish with*  
4 *any device except hooks and lines. The commission shall post such waters at*  
5 *the outlet, and at highway crossings of the same, by conspicuous notice, and shall*  
6 *publish such notice once in a newspaper published in each of the counties in*  
7 *which such waters are located. If there be no newspaper published in such coun-*  
8 *ty, then the publication shall be made in like manner and for a like period in a*  
9 *county nearest to such waters wherein a newspaper is being published.*

10       Any person taking, catching or killing, or attempting to take, catch or kill,  
11 any fish with any device or by any method, except hooks and lines in any waters  
12 set apart under the provisions of this section, shall be deemed guilty of a mis-  
13 demeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced, for the first offense, to  
14 pay a fine of not less than fifty (\$50) dollars, nor more than one hundred (\$100)  
15 dollars, and for the second offense shall be fined not less than one hundred (\$100)  
16 dollars nor more than two hundred (\$200) dollars; and in either case shall stand

17 committed to the county jail, there to remain until such fine and costs are fully  
18 paid: Provided, that the commission shall have the power to issue permits as  
19 they see fit, to take from such waters with seine or other device such rough fish  
20 as they may designate.

Sec. 63b. *It shall be the duty of the commission to select suitable locations  
2 for State fish hatching and breeding establishments, take all measures within  
3 their means for the propagation and increase of the native food fishes and also  
4 for the introduction of new varieties of food fishes into the waters of the State  
5 and upon the best terms possible to employ a practical and competent fish cultur-  
6 ist who shall perform all such duties as the commission shall direct.*

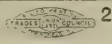
Sec. 2. That the section numbered fifty (50) of an Act entitled "An Act  
2 for the conservation of game, wild fowl, birds and fish in the State of Illinois,  
3 for the appointment of a commission and staff for the enforcement thereof, and  
4 to repeal certain Acts relating thereto," approved June 23, 1913, in force July  
5 1, 1913, be and the same is hereby re-numbered so that said section instead of  
6 reading number fifty (50) shall hereafter be read and taken as number forty-  
7 five (45) of said Act.

Sec. 3. That sections 25, 29, 30, 31 and 46 of an Act entitled, "An Act for  
2 the conservation of game, wild fowl, birds and fish in the State of Illinois, for  
3 the appointment of a commission and staff for the enforcement thereof, and to re-  
4 peal certain Acts relating thereto," approved June 23, 1913, in force July 1,  
5 1913 be and they are hereby repealed.









- 1 Introduced by Mr. W. M. Brown, March 22, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

A BILL

For an Act authorizing townships to acquire and maintain lands for park purposes.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the several townships of this State  
3 are hereby authorized, acting through their representative corporate authorities  
4 (meaning thereby the town supervisor and the town clerk of such township), to  
5 acquire lands (not exceeding for any one park ten acres in extent) to be set  
6 apart and forever held and maintained and improved as public parks for the free  
7 use of the public.

Sec. 2. That any township in this State desiring to procure lands for park  
2 purposes, as in the preceding section provided, may purchase the same from the  
3 owner or owners thereof, or in the discretion of its corporate authorities such  
4 township may acquire such lands by the exercise of the power of eminent domain  
5 in the manner now or hereafter provided by the laws of the State of Illinois for  
6 the taking or damaging of private property for public purposes.

Sec. 3. For the purpose of providing a fund for the maintenance of said  
2 park or parks, the township authorities (meaning thereby the town supervisor

3 and the town clerk of said township) are hereby authorized to levy annual  
4 taxes not exceeding one mill upon each dollar of the valuation of the property  
5 in said township as assessed for taxation in any one year, which shall be levied  
6 and collected at the time and in the manner that other township taxes are re-  
7 quired to be levied and collected. Said maintenance tax, when levied and col-  
8 lected, shall be kept separate and distinct from all other township funds and  
9 shall be applied exclusively to the expenses of maintenance and up-keep, adorn-  
10 ment and development of any park or parks theretofore acquired by such town-  
11 ship, or the acquisition of other lands to be used for public park purposes.

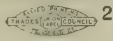
Sec. 4 WHEREAS, An emergency exists for the immediate taking effect of  
2 this Act; therefore, it shall be in force from and after its passage.

AMENDMENTS TO

49th G. A.

HOUSE BILL No. 417

1915



2

1 Adopted March 31, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 417 by adding to the printed bill, at the conclusion of

2 section 3 thereof the following:

3       *“Provided, this Act shall have no application to any municipality in the*  
4 *State of Illinois having a population of less than one hundred thousand (100,-*  
5 *000).”*







1 Introduced by Mr. Bentley, March 22, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to establish the Illinois State Reformatory, and making an appropriation therefor," approved June 18, 1891, in force July 1, 1891, as subsequently amended by amending section three (3) thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to establish the Illinois State Reformatory, and making an appropriation therefor," approved June 18, 1891, in force July 1, 1891, as subsequently amended, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section three (3) thereof.

Sec. 3. The board of managers shall, when appointed as aforesaid, have the charge and management of the said reformatory. They shall appoint a general superintendent, chaplain and physician, and they shall have power to remove them for causes impairing their faithful and intelligent administration of their office, after opportunity shall be given to the officer so charged to be heard upon written charges. All other officers and employees shall be appointed and selected by the general superintendent, and shall be removable at his pleasure, and all

13 such subordinate officers shall be appointed only after rigid examination as to  
14 their education, trade, knowledge, moral character and fitness for the care and  
15 custody of those persons who may be sentenced to imprisonment in said re-  
16 formatory.

17 *Eight hours per day shall constitute the hours of labor of all the employees*  
18 *in the service of the reformatory and six days of eight hours each shall constitute*  
19 *a week's work: Provided, that in cases of extreme necessity, such as escapes,*  
20 *hideouts and riots, necessitating the requirement of extra duty on the part of any*  
21 *employee in the service, it shall be and is hereby made the duty of employees to*  
22 *perform such extra work without further compensation, and is hereby made the*  
23 *duty of the superintendents and other officers in charge, to regulate the hours*  
24 *of employment so that no employee in the State service will be required to work*  
25 *more than eight hours in any one day, or more than forty-eight hours in any*  
26 *one week, except as herein otherwise provided. The annual compensation of the*  
27 *general superintendent, the several officers and other employees shall be fixed*  
28 *by the board of managers in their discretion, and said managers are hereby for-*  
29 *bidden to solicit, or request, or in any way interfere with any appointment of*  
30 *any subordinate.*



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Lyle, March 22, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

## A BILL

For an an Act to amend an Act to provide for the printing and distribution of ballots at public expense, and for the nomination of candidates for public offices, to regulate the manner of holding elections, and to enforce the secrecy of the ballot, approved June 22, 1891, in force July 1, 1891.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That "An Act to provide for the print-  
3 ing and distribution of ballots at public expense, and for the nomination of can-  
4 didates for public offices, to regulate the manner of holding elections, and to en-  
5 force the secrecy of the ballot, approved June 22, 1891, in force July 1, 1891"  
6 as heretofore amended, be further amended by adding thereto one additional sec-  
7 tion, to follow section 14 thereof, said additional section to be known as sec-  
8 tion 14a, and to be in the following language, to-wit:

Sec. 14a. The names of all candidates for judges of all courts of record in  
2 this State, whose nominations have been duly made and not withdrawn, shall  
3 be placed upon a separate and independent ballot entitled "Judicial Ticket."  
4 Said ballot shall in all other respects be like the ballots for other candidates at  
5 said election.





AMENDMENTS TO

49th G. A.

HOUSE BILL No. 419

1915



1 Adopted May 21, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

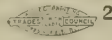
Amend title of House Bill No. 419 so that the same shall read as follows:

2 “A bill for an Act to amend an Act entitled, ‘An Act to provide for the  
3 printing and distribution of ballots at public expense, and for the nomination  
4 of candidates for public offices, to regulate the manner of holding elections, and  
5 to enforce the secrecy of the ballot,’ approved June 22, 1891, in force July 1,  
6 1891, as heretofore amended, by adding one additional section thereto.

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 419 by striking from section 14a, after the word  
2 “record” in line 1, the words, “in this State” and insert in lieu thereof the  
3 words, “of cities in this State having a population of more than 200,000.”





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Madsen, March 22, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to authorize judges of courts of record to appoint jury commissioners and prescribing their powers and duties," approved June 9, 1897, in force July 1, 1897, as amended by subsequent Acts by amending sections two (2), three (3), four (4) and five (5) thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to authorize judges of courts of record to appoint jury commissioners and prescribing their powers and duties," approved June 9, 1897, in force July 1, 1897, as amended by subsequent Acts, be and the same is hereby amended by amending sections two (2), three (3), four (4), and five (5) thereof so that the said sections when amended shall read as inserted at length herein.

Sec. 2. The said commissioners upon entering upon the duties of their office and every four years thereafter, shall prepare a list of electors between the ages of twenty-one (21) and sixty (60) years, possessing the necessary legal qualifications for jury duty to be known as the jury list.

5        *The said commissioners shall prepare said list in the following and in no*  
 6 *other manner: They shall write the names and place of residence of all the per-*  
 7 *sons who are shown by the public records to have voted in the county at the last*  
 8 *general election held therein, on separate pieces of paper, one name on each*  
 9 *piece and each in the same manner as nearly as may be. They shall fold the*  
 10 *same so that the name written thereon shall not be visible, and (then) shall*  
 11 *deposit such pieces of paper in a box to be known as the large jury box, contain-*  
 12 *ing but one compartment. Said box shall then be closed and be thoroughly*  
 13 *shaken, and turned completely over and around not less than ten times, before*  
 14 *being opened again.*

15        *The names of the number ordered for a specified time shall be drawn from*  
 16 *such box, one by one, in the presence of the commissioners and of one of the cir-*  
 17 *cuit court judges of the State by a person theretofore selected for such purpose*  
 18 *by said judge.*

19        *The electors as aforesaid first so drawn up to the number required at the*  
 20 *time shall constitute and be the said jury list at that time required to be*  
 21 *made and furnished by the said commissioners: Provided, that if any name so*  
 22 *drawn shall be that of a person who, to the knowledge of any of the said com-*  
 23 *missioners is disqualified under the statutes of this State, such name may be*  
 24 *summarily rejected and another name drawn in the place of it in the same manner*  
 25 *above specified for the drawing by lot.*

26        *The name of each person on said list shall be entered in a book or books*  
 27 *to be kept for that purpose, and opposite said name shall be entered the age of*  
 28 *said person, his occupation, if any, his place of residence, giving street and num-*  
 29 *ber, if any, whether or not he is a householder, residing with his family and*  
 30 *whether or not he is a free holder.*

Sec. 3. The said commissicners are empowered to provide a suitable room  
 2 or rooms in which to transact their business, and to incur all other necessary  
 3 expenses which shall be paid by warrants drawn as provided in section six (6)  
 4 of this Act, and with the approval of said judges or a majority thereof to ap-

5 point a clerk and the requisite number of assistants. The clerk, if there be one,  
6 shall be on duty at the room or rooms of said commissioners each day during  
7 the session of court; if there be no clerk, then one, at least, of said commis-  
8 sioners shall, in like manner be present, if so ordered by the court. The said  
9 commissioners shall have power, with the approval of the said judges or a ma-  
10 jority thereof, to appoint a competent elector in each or any voting precinct or  
11 district, who shall be known as deputy jury commissioner, and whose duty  
12 it shall be to furnish said jury commissioners, from time to time, as required,  
13 a list of the qualified electors residing in said voting precinct or district, and  
14 such other information as may be required by said jury commissioners. The  
15 said jury commissioners shall also have power to summon electors to appear be-  
16 fore them and to examine them touching their qualifications for jury service;  
17 and each of said commissioners and their clerk and assistants provided for in  
18 this Act, are hereby empowered to administer all oaths or affirmations required  
19 in the discharge of their official duties. Any circuit court of this State, in any  
20 county where this law is in force, or any judge thereof, either in term time or  
21 vacation, upon application of any such jury commissioners may in the discre-  
22 tion of the court compel the attendance of electors and the giving of testimony  
23 before the said jury commissioners, by attachment for contempt or otherwise,  
24 in the same manner as the production of evidence may be compelled before  
25 said court. Every person, who, having taken an oath or made affirmation as  
26 herein provided, shall swear or affirm wilfully, corruptly and falsely, shall be  
27 guilty of perjury, and upon conviction shall be punished accordingly.

28 *The said jury commissioners shall be required to keep a record of all per-*  
29 *sons found to be disqualified for jury service and any person who has been*  
30 *declared to be disqualified may appeal from such decision by the said jury com-*  
31 *missioners to any one of the circuit judges, and such appeal and such proceed-*  
32 *ings shall be had summarily without any pleadings and the judge's decision shall*  
33 *be final.*

Sec. 4. *The names of each and every person upon said list duly qualified*

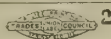
2 *to serve as a juror with the place of residence shall each be written on a separate*



3 *piece of paper, each in the same manner, as near as may be, and said names*  
 4 *shall be put in a box containing but one compartment to be known as the small*  
 5 *jury box. No separate box shall be kept for the grand jury, but the names of*  
 6 *any and all persons required for jury service shall be drawn from the aforesaid*  
 7 *box.*

8 One or more of the judges of said court shall certify to the clerk of the  
 9 court the number of jurors required at each term. The said clerk shall then  
 10 repair to the office of the jury commissioners, and in the presence of at least  
 11 two of said commissioners, and also in the presence of the clerk of said com-  
 12 missioners, if there be one, proceed to draw at random from said jury box, after  
 13 the same shall have been well shaken *and turned completely over not less*  
 14 *than ten times*, the necessary number of names, and shall certify the same to  
 15 the sheriff to be by him summoned according to law. If more jurors are needed  
 16 during said term, the court shall so certify, and they shall be drawn and sum-  
 17 moned as above provided forthwith: *Provided*, that it shall be the duty of said  
 18 jury commissioners to have and maintain at all times in said *small jury box* not  
 19 less than fifteen (15,000) thousand names.

Sec. 5. Whenever a grand jury shall be required by law, or by order of the  
 2 court, it shall be drawn from the *said small jury box* in the same manner as  
 3 petit jurors and summoned in like manner as provided *herein*. At the end of  
 4 each term of court the said jury commissioners shall ascertain the names of all  
 5 persons who have served and all who have been excused as jurors during said  
 6 term, and the names of such as have served shall be then checked off from said  
 7 jury list and shall not again be placed in either jury box until all others on  
 8 said list shall have served or have been found to be disqualified or exempt, and  
 9 the names of all who have been excused and who possess the qualifications for  
 10 jury service, shall be again placed in the jury box.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Harry Wilson, March 22, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act reappropriating funds appropriated for paving in front of the grounds  
of the Southern Illinois State Normal University.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of three thousand five hun-  
3 dred (\$3,500) dollars or so much thereof that may be necessary, be and the same  
4 is hereby reappropriated to the Southern Illinois Normal University to pay for  
5 pavement in front of the grounds of said institution.

Sec. 2. Upon the presentation of proper vouchers as provided by law, the  
2 Auditor of Public Accounts is directed to draw his warrants for the sum above  
3 named or so much thereof as shall be necessary upon the State treasury and the  
4 State Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed to pay the same out of any  
5 funds in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Harry Wilson, March 22, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act to make an appropriation for the purpose of erecting and equipping a gymnasium, auditorium and administrative offices on the campus of the Southern Illinois State Normal University.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of \$150,000.00, or as much  
3 thereof as shall be necessary, be and the same is hereby appropriated to the  
4 Southern Illinois State Normal University, for the purpose of erecting, equip-  
5 ping a gymnasium, auditorium and administrative offices on the grounds of the  
6 Southern Illinois State Normal University.

Sec. 2. Upon presentation of vouchers as required by law, the Auditor of  
2 Public Accounts shall draw his warrants upon the State Treasurer for the above  
3 appropriated sum or so much thereof as shall be necessary, and the State Treas-  
4 urer is hereby authorized and directed to pay the same out of any funds in the  
5 State treasury not otherwise appropriated.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Harry Wilson, March 22, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the Southern Illinois State Normal University.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
*represented in the General Assembly:* That the following sums be and are here-  
by appropriated to the Southern Illinois State Normal University for the pur-  
poses herein stated, for the two years beginning July 1, 1915, the aggregate  
amount of which is \$272,400.00.

BIENNIAL APPROPRIATIONS.  
(For the ensuing Biennium.)

6	Salaries .....	\$ 98,900.00 per annum
7	Trustees' Expenses .....	400.00 per annum
8	Telephone and Telegraph .....	240.00 per annum
9	Furniture .....	500.00 per annum
10	Painting and Repairs .....	1,000.00 per annum
11	Granitoid Walks .....	300.00 per annum
12	Fuel .....	2,400.00 per annum
13	Lights .....	1,800.00 per annum

14	Water .....	275.00 per annum
15	Contingent Fund .....	2,000.00 per annum
16	Geology and Geography .....	150.00 per annum
17	Library .....	2,425.00 per annum
18	Biology .....	675.00 per annum
19	Household Arts .....	500.00 per annum
20	Miscellaneous Supplies .....	800.00 per annum
21	Printing and Advertising .....	3,000.00 per annum
22	Commercial Department .....	250.00 per annum
23	Department of History .....	300.00 per annum
24	Greenhouse and Museum .....	800.00 per annum
25	Department of Agriculture .....	925.00 per annum
26	Department of Physics .....	600.00 per annum
27	Department of Manual Training .....	600.00 per annum
28	Department of Chemistry .....	500.00 per annum
29	Department of Music .....	1,000.00 per annum
30	Model School .....	610.00 per annum

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31      Total .....\$241,900.00

APPROPRIATION FOR SERVICES, EQUIPMENT, REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE. (Single.)

32	Construction of Driveways on grounds .....	\$ 1,200.00
33	Repairs to roof on Science Building .....	200.00
34	Putting electric wires under ground .....	900.00
35	Grading about Anthony Hall .....	400.00
36	Department of Agriculture .....	17,050.00
37	Athletic Department .....	5,000.00
38	Department of Physics .....	400.00
39	Department of Manual Training .....	2,000.00
40	Department of Psychology .....	400.00
41	Commercial Department .....	150.00
42	Department of Chemistry .....	1,000.00

43	Department of Music .....	1,500.00	
44	Model School .....	300.00	30,500.00
		<hr/>	<hr/>
45			\$272,400.00

Sec. 2. Upon presentation of proper vouchers as provided by law the Auditor of Public Accounts is authorized and directed to draw his warrants for the sums herein appropriated upon the State Treasurer, and the State Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed to pay the same out of any funds in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated.





- 1 Introduced by Committee on Judiciary, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Taken up, read at large a first time, ordered printed and to a second reading.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend Division 1 of an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by all subsequent Acts amendatory thereof; by adding a new section to be numbered section 47a, further defining the infamous crime against nature with man or beast.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That Division 1 of an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by all subsequent Acts amendatory thereof, be amended by adding a new section to be numbered section 47a, which shall read as follows:

Sec. 47a. The infamous crime against nature, either with man or beast, may, in addition to the means now recognized by law, be committed by either male, or female, by the use of the mouth upon the female sexual organ.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Campbell, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on License and Miscellaneous.

## A BILL

For an Act to provide for the making of a record of the burial places of soldiers and sailors.

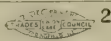
SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That every person, firm or corporation  
3 owning or controlling any cemetery or burial place in this State shall by itself,  
4 his or its superintendent or agent file with the county clerk of the county in  
5 which the body of any person who has served in the military or naval services  
6 of the United States is buried, a certificate stating the name of such person,  
7 the military or naval service in which he was engaged, the number of the regi-  
8 ment and company, if a soldier, and of the command, if a sailor or marine; the  
9 rank and period of service with the name and location of the cemetery and the  
10 location of the grave in such cemetery.

Sec. 2. The county clerk of each county shall furnish, upon application,  
2 blank forms indicating the form and contents of the certificate to be filed by the  
3 cemetery owner as provided in section one (1) hereof, and when said certifi-

4 cates are filed shall make and preserve a permanent record thereof properly in-  
5 dexed and conveniently arranged for ready reference. For filing and recording  
6 such certificate, the county clerk may charge a fee of twenty-five (25) cents to be  
7 paid by the person, firm or corporation owning or controlling the cemetery.

Sec. 3. For the purpose of locating the burial place of persons who have  
2 served in the military or naval services of the United States and who are now  
3 dead, the Women's Relief Corps, through its chapters or branches in the State  
4 of Illinois, under the direction of the central or main branch, in the State of Illi-  
5 nois, is authorized, without expense to the State, to collect the required data  
6 and prepare and file with the county clerk certificates embodying the informa-  
7 tion provided for in section one hereof: *Provided*, that more than one name  
8 may be included in a single certificate and if convenient the names of all the  
9 soldiers and sailors buried in a single cemetery or the entire county may be  
10 included in a single certificate.

11 For filing and recording certificates so prepared the county clerk may  
12 charge a fee of twenty-five (25) cents for a single certificate and not to exceed  
13 fifty (50) cents per folio for certificates containing more than one name and  
14 more than one folio.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Donlan, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend sections 1, 3 and 4 of an Act to provide for the formation and disbursement of a pension fund in cities, villages and incorporated towns having a population exceeding 100,000 inhabitants for municipal employees appointed to their positions under and by virtue of an Act entitled, "An Act to regulate the civil service of cities," approved and in force March 20, 1895, and for those who were appointed prior to the passage of said Act and who are now in the service of such city, village or town. (Approved May 31, 1911, in force July 1, 1911. L. 1911, p. 158.)

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That sections 1, 3 and 4 of an Act to pro-  
3 vide for the formation and disbursement of a pension fund in cities, villages and  
4 incorporated towns having a population exceeding 100,000 inhabitants for muni-  
5 cipal employees appointed to their positions under and by virtue of an Act en-  
6 titled, "An Act to regulate the civil service of cities," approved and in force  
7 March 20, 1895, and for those who were appointed prior to the passage of said  
8 Act, and who are now in the service of such city, village or town (approved May  
9 31, 1911, in force July 1, 1911, L. 1911, p. 158), be and the same are hereby  
10 amended so as to read as follows:

11 • Sec. 1. That hereafter in cities, villages and incorporated towns having a  
 12 population exceeding 100,000 inhabitants, there shall be created, established and  
 13 maintained a pension fund for municipal employees who are employed in such  
 14 cities, villages and towns, under and by virtue of an Act entitled, "An Act to reg-  
 15 ulate the civil service of cities, approved and in force March 20, 1895, and for  
 16 those who were appointed prior to the passage of said Act and who are now in  
 17 the service of such city, village or town: *Provided, however,* that the provisions  
 18 of this Act shall not apply to temporary or probationary employees, *nor to em-*  
 19 *ployees who are less than twenty-one years of age,* nor to those defined as sixty-  
 20 day employees by said Act, nor to any employee who is sixty or more years of  
 21 age at the time this Act is in force and effect and who at said time has not been  
 22 in the service of such city, village or town for at least ten years, nor to any em-  
 23 ployee of such city, village or town now or hereafter participating in any other  
 24 municipal pension fund. Nor to laborers, unless any such laborer shall within  
 25 six months after this Act shall be in force and effect, or in the event that any  
 26 such laborer is not now in the employ of such city, village or town, within  
 27 six months after such laborer shall enter the service of such city, village or  
 28 town, give written notice of his election to the board of trustees of said fund of  
 29 his desire to participate in the benefits hereunder.

30 Said fund shall consist of amounts of two dollars a month retained or de-  
 31 ducted by the comptroller of such city, village or town, from the salaries or  
 32 wages of each employee and such other sums as are hereinafter referred to:  
 33 *Provided, however,* that if the name of any such employee shall not appear upon  
 34 the payroll of the department in which he or she is employed by reason of leave  
 35 of absence, sickness, lack of work, or any other good and sufficient cause, making  
 36 a deduction impossible, such employee may retain his or her rights under this  
 37 Act by paying two dollars each month to the treasurer of such city, village or  
 38 town for the benefit of said fund, during his or her temporary absence from  
 39 the service.

40 *There shall be set apart annually by such cities, villages and towns, from the*  
 41 *revenue collected or received by such cities, villages and towns, from licenses*



42 *issued by such cities, villages and towns authorizing persons and corporations*  
43 *to engage in any business, profession or occupation within the corporate limits*  
44 *of such cities, villages and towns, excepting public utilities, a sum equal to the*  
45 *amounts deducted from the salaries or wages of the aforesaid employees during*  
46 *the preceding fiscal year.*

47 *Such sums so set apart by such cities, villages and towns shall be paid by*  
48 *the official or officials of such cities, villages and towns to the treasurer of the*  
49 *pension fund hereby created, on or before the third Tuesday in August of each*  
50 *year.*

51 *And at the time of the payment of such moneys, said official or officials*  
52 *shall make a sworn statement to the board of trustees of said pension fund and*  
53 *to the mayor of such city or cities, or the president of the board of trustees of*  
54 *such villages and towns of all moneys received and paid out by such official or*  
55 *officials on account of said pension fund during the year and any such official*  
56 *or officials shall at any and all times, upon demand by said pension board, fur-*  
57 *nish to said board a statement or information of any kind relative to said of-*  
58 *ficial's or officials' method of collecting or handling of said pension funds, and*  
59 *all books and records of such official or officials shall be produced at any time*  
60 *by said official or officials for examination and inspection by said board of*  
61 *pension trustees, for the purposes hererin provided.*

Sec. 3. The board herein provided for shall hold quarterly meetings on  
2 the *third* Tuesday of July, October, January and April of each year, and special  
3 meetings upon the call of the president of said board. On the third Tuesday in  
4 October in each year, it shall select one of its members who shall act as presi-  
5 dent of such board for a period of one year, or until such time as his successor  
6 is elected and qualified. Said board shall, on the same day, also select one of its  
7 members who shall act as secretary of said board for a period of one year, or  
8 until such time as his successor is elected and qualified. Said board shall issue  
9 certificates signed by its president and secretary to the employee entitled there-  
10 to, of the amount of money ordered paid to such employee from said fund by

11 said board, which certificate shall state for what purpose said payment is made.  
 12 Said board shall keep a record of the proceedings of all of its meetings, which rec-  
 13 ord shall be a public record, and shall submit semi-annually to the board of  
 14 trustees of such village or town, or the city council of such city, a list of persons  
 15 entitled to payments from the fund herein provided, stating the amount of such  
 16 payments and for what granted as ordered by such board, which list shall be  
 17 signed and certified by the treasurer of such city, village or town, and president  
 18 of such board and attested by such treasurer under oath: *Provided*, that no  
 19 resolution shall be passed or order made for the payment of money unless by  
 20 affirmative vote of a majority of the members of said board.

Sec. 4. Said board shall have the power, and it shall be its duty:

2 *First:* To authorize all payments from said pension fund pursuant to the  
 3 provisions of this Act, which shall include all pensions to beneficiaries of said  
 4 fund, at a rate of fifty dollars per month, and all necessary expenses incurred in  
 5 the administration of said fund: *Provided*, that no compensation or emolument  
 6 shall be paid to any member of said board for any duty required or performed  
 7 under this Act: *And provided, further*, that the chief legal adviser of said city,  
 8 village or town shall be the legal adviser of said board.

9 *Second:* To hear and determine all applications for pensions under this  
 10 Act and to suspend the payment of pensions when disability ceases.

11 *Third:* To audit the accounts pertaining to said fund at least four times  
 12 annually.

13 *Fourth:* To accept, by gift, grant, bequest or otherwise, any money or  
 14 property of any kind and use the same for the benefit of said fund.

15 *Fifth:* To invest such fund, or any part thereof, in the name of said board,  
 16 in interest bearing bonds of the United States, of the State of Illinois, or of any  
 17 county of this State, or of any township or any municipal corporation of the  
 18 State of Illinois, or of any other State, *or any special assessment bonds and*  
 19 *ouchers issued by such cities, villages and towns under and subject to an Act*  
 20 *known as "An Act concerning local improvements," or any similar Act which*  
 21 *may be in force in any such cities, villages and towns, and all such securities shall*

22 be deposited with the treasurer of said board, and shall be subject to the order  
23 of said board; said treasurer shall furnish a good and sufficient bond to said  
24 board in an amount to be fixed by said board, conditioned upon the faithful  
25 performance of the duties of said office, and that he will truly account for all  
26 moneys, including the interest thereon, and property of said fund which may  
27 come into his hands, and that upon the expiration of his term of office or upon  
28 his retirement therefrom he will deliver over to his successor all the moneys,  
29 including the interest thereon, and property which may be in his custody; all  
30 costs and incidentals to the same to be paid out of said pension fund.

31 *Sixth:* To authorize the payment to any employee who may be separated  
32 from the service of such city, village or town by the abolishment of his or her  
33 position before such employee shall have qualified for a pension of an amount  
34 equal to the amount deducted from the salary or wages of such employee *and*  
35 *applied to the fund hereby created, to any employee who may be separated*  
36 *from the service of such city, village or town by resignation or discharge before*  
37 *such employee shall have qualified for a pension, and to the heirs and legal rep-*  
38 *resentatives of any employee who shall die while in the service of such city, vil-*  
39 *lage or town, of an amount equal to one-half of the amount deducted from the sal-*  
40 *ary or wages of such employee and applied to the fund hereby created: Pro-*  
41 *vided, that all such employees and the heirs and legal representatives of any*  
42 *deceased employee shall release said board from all future liability upon receipt*  
43 *of such amounts.*

44 *Seventh:* To compel witnesses to attend and testify before it upon all mat-  
45 ters connected with the operation of this Act, in the same manner as is or may  
46 be provided by law for the taking of testimony before masters in chancery,  
47 and its president or any member of said board may administer oaths to such  
48 witnesses.

49 *Eighth:* To appoint a clerk and define his duties.

50 *Ninth:* To make all necessary rules and regulations for its guidance in con-  
51 formity with the provisions of this Act.



AMENDMENT TO

49th G. A.

HOUSE BILL No. 426

1915



1 Adopted April 23, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend section 1 of House Bill No. 426, as printed, by adding after the word

2 “service” appearing line 39 of said section, as printed the following language:

3 “In computing the duration of service of each employee, the time during

4 which he or she may have been absent from duty during his or her entire term

5 of service, for any cause other than suspension or discharge, shall be included.”





AMENDMENTS TO  
49th G. A. HOUSE BILL No. 426 1915

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1 Adopted May 7, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend section 1 of House Bill No. 426, as printed, by inserting after the  
2 word “annually” and before the word “by” both appearing in line 40 of said  
3 section, as printed, the following words, “for a period of two years beginning  
4 with the year 1916.”





1 Introduced by Mr. Ellis, March 23, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, and all Acts amendatory thereto, by amending sections nine (9), twelve (12), fourteen (14), sixteen (16), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23), twenty-four (24), thirty-two (32), and fifty-one (51) of article thirteen (XIII), thereof.

---

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to provide  
3 for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force  
4 July 1, 1872, and all Acts amendatory thereto, be and the same is hereby  
5 amended by amending sections 9, 12, 14, 16, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24, 32 and 51 of article  
6 XIII thereof so that said sections when amended shall read as follows:

Sec. 9. ELECTION OF OFFICERS.] (a) On the third Tuesday in April A. D.  
2 1911, next after the adoption of such proposition, and quadrennially there-  
3 after, there shall be held a general municipal election, at which there shall be

4 elected a mayor and four commissioners from the city or village, without re-  
 5 gard to wards: *Provided, That in cities or villages having a population of*  
 6 *50,000 or less there shall be elected a mayor and two commissioners.*

7 All divisions into wards of such municipalities as adopt this Act shall be  
 8 discontinued and said officers shall be nominated and elected at large: *Pro-*  
 9 *vided, That in cities which include wholly within their corporate limits a town*  
 10 *or towns, such elections shall be held on the first Tuesday in April: Provided,*  
 11 *however, that the term of office of all regularly elected municipal officers ex-*  
 12 *cept judicial officers and officers of courts holding office at the time this Act is*  
 13 *adopted by such municipaity shall be and the same are hereby made to expire*  
 14 *with the expiration of the term of office of the then mayor or president of the*  
 15 *board of trustees of said municipality: Provided, further, however, that if on*  
 16 *the same day, this Act is adopted by any municipality, there is elected a mayor*  
 17 *or president of the board of trustees of such municipality, the term of office*  
 18 *of all elective officers of such municipality elected on such day, or elected*  
 19 *thereafter except judicial officers and officers of courts shall be, and the same*  
 20 *are hereby made to expire, with the expiration of the term of office of such*  
 21 *mayor or president of the board of trustees elected on said day.*

22 (b) If this Act is adopted by any such municipality, on or after the said  
 23 third Tuesday in April, A. D. 1911, or in cities which include wholly within  
 24 their corporate limits a town or towns on or after the first Tuesday in April,  
 25 A. D. 1911, then the first election for a mayor and four commissioners, *and*  
 26 *in cities or villages having a population of 50,000 or less, of a mayor and two*  
 27 *commissioners,* shall be held on the day of the first biennial general election  
 28 provided for in section 2, article 4, of an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the  
 29 incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1,  
 30 1872, and all Acts amendatory thereof, and the mayor and four commission-  
 31 ers, and in cities or villages having a population of 50,000 or less, of a mayor  
 32 and two commissioners, elected thereat shall hold their respective offices until  
 33 the next succeeding quadrennial general election for such officers, thereafter.  
 34 (Amended by Act approved May 12, 1911, L. 1911, p. 137.)



Sec. 12. PRIMARY ELECTIONS.] All candidates to be voted for at all general  
 2 municipal elections at which a mayor and four commissioners, *and in cities*  
 3 *and villages having a population of 50,000 or less, of a mayor and two commis-*  
 4 *sioners*, are to be elected under the provisions of this Act shall be nominated by  
 5 a primary election from the city or village at large, and no other names shall be  
 6 placed upon the general ballot at the general municipal election except those  
 7 selected in the manner hereinafter prescribed. The primary election for such  
 8 nominations shall be held on the last Tuesday in February immediately pre-  
 9 ceding the general municipal election, in all cities or villages in which the gen-  
 10 eral municipal election under this Act is held on the first Tuesday in April, and  
 11 on the second Tuesday in March immediately preceding the general municipal  
 12 election in all cities or villages in which the general municipal election under  
 13 this Act is held on the third Tuesday in April. (Amended by Act approved  
 14 May 12, 1911, L. 1911, p. 138.)

Sec. 14. STATEMENT OF CANDIDACY—FORM—PETITION—FORM—FILING OF SAME  
 2 —PUBLICATION OF NAMES—BALLOTS—PRINTING—FORM.] Any person desiring to  
 3 become a candidate for mayor or commissioner shall, not less than fifteen  
 4 days nor more than thirty days prior to such primary election, file with the  
 5 city or village clerk, or, in those cities having a board of election commission-  
 6 ers, with the clerk of such board, a statement of such candidacy in substantially  
 7 the following form:

8 STATE OF ILLINOIS  
 9 COUNTY OF.....

ss.

10 I, ..... being first duly sworn, say that I reside at (here give number  
 11 and street).....street, in the city (or village) of (here name of city or  
 12 village).....county of (here name county)....., State of Illinois, that  
 13 I am a qualified voter therein, that I am a candidate for nomination to the office  
 14 of (mayor or commissioner), to be voted upon at the primary election to be held  
 15 on the.....Tuesday of....., A. D. 19.., that I am legally qualified to hold

16 such office, and I hereby request that my name be printed upon the official pri-  
17 mary ballot for nomination by such primary election for such office.

18 (Signed) .....

19 Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me by.....on this.....  
20 day of....., A. D. 19....

21 (Signed) .....

22 (Official Character).

23 (Seal, if officer has one)

24 And shall, at the same time, file therewith the petition of at least twenty-  
25 five qualified voters requesting such candidacy.

26 Such petition shall substantially be in the following form:

27 We, the undersigned, duly qualified electors of the city (or village) of  
28 (city or village).....and residing at the places set opposite our respective  
29 names hereto, do hereby petition that the name of (name of candidate).....  
30 be placed upon the ballot as candidate for nomination for the office of (here  
31 name office)....., at the primary election to be held in such city or village on  
32 the.....Tuesday of....., A. D. 19.... We further state that we know him  
33 to be a qualified elector of said city or village and legally qualified to hold such  
34 office.

Names of Qualified Electors.	Number.	Street.
.....		
.....		

35 I, ..... do hereby certify and make oath (or affirm) that I am upwards of  
36 the age of twenty-one years, that I reside at number (give number and street,  
37 if any).....street, in the city (or village) of....., of the county of  
38 .....and State of Illinois, that the signatures on this sheet were signed in  
39 my presence and are genuine, and that to the best of my knowledge and belief  
40 the persons so signing were, at the time of signing said petitions, qualified  
41 electors, and that their respective residences are correctly stated as above set  
42 forth.

43 (Signed) .....

44 Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me this.....day of.....

45 A. D. 19....

46 .....

47 (Official Character).

48 (Seal, if officer has one).

Such petitions shall consist of sheets of uniform size, and the heading of each sheet shall be the same. Such petitions shall be signed by qualified electors, in their own proper persons only, and opposite the signature of each signer, his residence address shall be written (and if a resident of a city or village having a population of over 10,000 by the last preceding Federal or State census the street and number of such residence shall be given). At the bottom of each sheet shall be added a statement, signed by an adult resident of the city or village, stating his residence address (and if a resident of a city or village having a population of over 10,000 by the then last preceding Federal or State census the street and number of such residence shall be given), certifying on oath or affirmation that the signatures on that sheet of said petition were signed in his presence and are genuine, and that to the best of his knowledge and belief the persons so signing were, at the time of signing said petition, qualified electors of said city or village. Said statement and also the statement of the candidate hereinbefore referred to shall be sworn to or affirmed before some officer of the county in which the person making the statement resides, authorized to administer oaths therein.

Such sheets, before being filed, shall be neatly fastened together in book form, by placing the sheets in a pile, and fastening them together at the upper edge, in a secure and suitable manner, and the sheets shall then be numbered consecutively. The sheets shall not be fastened by pasting them together end to end, so as to form a continuous strip or roll. Said petition, when filed, shall not be withdrawn or added to, and no signature shall be revoked except by revocation, filed in writing with the clerk or other proper officer with whom the petition is required to be filed, and before the filing of such petition.



74 Immediately upon the expiration of the time of filing the statements and  
 75 petitions for candidates, the said city or village clerk or board of election com-  
 76 missioners, as the case may be, shall cause to be published for three suc-  
 76½ cessive days in all the daily papers published in said city, in proper  
 77 form, the names of the persons as they are to appear upon the primary ballots,  
 78 and if there be no daily newspapers, then in two issues of any other newspapers  
 79 published in said city or village, and if there be no newspaper published in said  
 80 city or village, then in the nearest newspaper published in the county in which  
 81 such city or village is located, or if there be no newspaper published in said  
 82 county, then in the nearest newspaper published in the State, and the clerk shall  
 83 thereupon cause the primary ballots to be printed in the same manner and in the  
 84 same number and within the same time as ballots are printed under the elec-  
 85 tion law in force in such city or village for general municipal elections, except  
 86 as herein otherwise provided. Said ballots shall be authenticated with the fac-  
 87 simile of the clerk's signature on the back thereof. Upon said ballots the  
 88 names of the candidates for mayor, arranged alphabetically, shall first be placed,  
 89 with a square at the left of each name, and immediately above the names and  
 90 immediately following the name of office, the words, "Vote for one." Follow-  
 91 lowing these names likewise arranged in alphabetical order, shall appear the  
 92 names of the candidates for commissioners with a square at the left of each  
 93 name and immediately above the names of such candidates, and immediately  
 94 following the name of the office, shall appear the words, "Vote for four," *ex-*  
 95 *cept that in cities or villages having a population of 50,000 or less, shall ap-*  
 96 *pear the words, "Vote for two" instead of the words "Vote for four."* The  
 97 ballots shall be printed upon plain, substantial, white paper, and shall comply  
 98 with the election laws in force in such city or village, except as herein other-  
 99 wise provided, and shall be headed:

100 Candidates for nomination for mayor and commissioners of the city (or  
 101 village) of.....at the primary election.

102 But shall have no party, platform or principle designated, or appellation  
 103 or mark whatever, nor shall any circle be printed at the head of the ballot. The  
 104 ballot shall be in substantially the following form:

## OFFICIAL PRIMARY BALLOT.

105 Candidates for nomination for mayor and commissioners of the city (or vil-  
 106 lage) of.....at the primary election.

## FOR MAYOR.

(Vote for one)

JOHN JONES.

JAMES SMITH.

HENRY WHITE.

RALPH WILSON.

## FOR COMMISSIONERS.

(Vote for four)

WILLIAM BURKE.

GEORGE MILLER.

THOMAS WILLIAMS.

EDWARD STUART.

ROBERT BUCK.

HARRY BROWN.

JOSEPH TROUT.

ARTHUR ROBBINS.

107 *In cities or villages having a population of 50,000 or less, the ballot for com-*  
 108 *missioners shall be in substantially the following form:*

## FOR COMMISSIONERS.

(Vote for two).

IRVING WESTERN.

JAMES J. KIRBY.

T. S. HUNTLEY.

JAMES G. SPILLARD.

109 Such ballot shall be authenticated and attested on the back thereof in the  
 110 same manner and form as provided by the election law in force in said city or  
 111 village.



112 The law governing such primary election shall be the election law in force  
 113 in such city or village, for the general or special municipal elections, except as  
 114 herein otherwise provided.

Sec. 16. WHO SHALL BE CANDIDATES.] The two candidates receiving the  
 2 highest number of votes for mayor shall be the candidates and the only candi-  
 3 dates whose names shall be placed upon the ballot for mayor at the next suc-  
 4 ceeding general or special municipal election, and the eight candidates receiving  
 5 the highest number of votes for commissioners, or all such candidates if less  
 6 than eight, shall be the candidates and the only candidates whose names shall  
 7 be placed upon the ballot for commissioners at such municipal election, *and in*  
 8 *cities or villages having a population of 50,000 or less, the four candidates re-*  
 9 *ceiving the highest number of votes for commissioners, or all of such candi-*  
 10 *dates if less than four, shall be the candidates, and only candidates whose names*  
 11 *shall be placed upon the ballot for commissioners ta such municipal election:*  
 12 *Provided,* That nothing contained in this Act shall be construed as preventing  
 13 an elector, either at the primary election or general or special municipal elec-  
 14 tion, held under this Act, from writing in the names of the candidate or candi-  
 15 dates of his choice in a blank space on said ticket, and making a cross opposite  
 16 thereto in accordance with the election law in force in said city or village.

Sec. 18. CONTEST—MODE OF PROCEDURE.] Any candidate whose name ap-  
 2 pears upon the primary ballot at any primary election held under this Act  
 3 may contest the election of the candidate or candidates nominated upon the  
 4 face of the returns, which contest and the mode of procedure therein shall be  
 5 as follows:

6 (a) Authority and jurisdiction are hereby vested in the county court or  
 7 in the judge thereof in vacation or in the circuit court or in the judge or  
 8 judges thereof in vacation, to hear and determine primary contests. Where  
 9 a petition to contest a primary shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the court,  
 10 said petition shall forthwith be presented to the judge thereof, who shall note

11 thereon the day presented, and shall also note thereon the day when he will  
12 hear the same, which shall not be more than five (5) days thereafter, and shall  
13 order issuance of summons to each defendant named in the petition.

14 (b) Summons shall forthwith issue to each defendant named in the peti-  
15 tion and shall be served in the same manner as is provided in cases in chanc-  
16 ery. The case may be heard and determined by the county or circuit court in  
17 term time, or by the judge or judges thereof in vacation, at any time not  
18 less than three days after service of process, and shall have preference in the  
19 order of hearing to all other cases. The petitioner shall give security for costs.

20 (c) If, in the opinion of the court, or the judge thereof, in which the peti-  
21 tion is filed, the grounds for contest alleged are sufficient in law, the court shall  
22 proceed in a summary manner and may hear evidence, examine the returns, re-  
23 count the ballots, and make such orders and enter such judgments as justice  
24 may require. The court shall ascertain and declare by a decree, as in chanc-  
25 ery, to be entered of record in the proper court, the result of such election in  
26 the city or village for which the contest is made. The judgment or decree of  
27 the trial court shall be final. A certified copy of such decree shall forthwith  
28 be made by the clerk of the court and transmitted to the city or village clerk  
29 or clerk of the board of election commissioners, as the case may be, at least  
30 three days before election, who shall in such case be governed accordingly.

31 (d) If the candidate nominated at such primary should die or withdraw  
32 before the general municipal election, the vacancy caused thereby shall be filled  
33 by the placing of the name of the candidate, if for the office of mayor, receiv-  
34 ing the third highest number of votes, and if for the office of commissioner,  
35 the candidate receiving the ninth highest number of votes, *and in cities or vil-*  
36 *lages having a population of 50,000 or less, the candidate receiving the fifth*  
37 *highest number of votes for commissioner*, at such primary, and so on in case  
38 of the death or withdrawal of more than one candidate.

39 (e) All general and special municipal elections in said city or village shall  
40 be held, conducted and contested under the election law in force in such city or  
41 village, except as herein otherwise provided.

42 All general or special municipal elections in said city or village shall be  
 43 held, conducted and contested under the election law in force in such city or  
 44 village, except as herein otherwise provided.

Sec. 19. BALLOTS—FORM—SAMPLE BALLOTS.] Upon the ballots for the gen-  
 2 eral or special municipal election the names of the candidates for mayor nomi-  
 3 nated at such primary election, arranged alphabetically, shall first be placed  
 4 with a square to the left of each name, and immediately above the names and  
 5 following the name of the office, the words, "Vote for one" shall be placed.

6 Following such names, likewise arranged in alphabetical order, shall ap-  
 7 pear the names of the candidates for commissioners, nominated at such pri-  
 8 mary election, with a square to the left of each name, and above the name of  
 9 such candidates and immediately following the name of the office, shall appear  
 10 the words "Vote for four," *and in cities or villages having a population of*  
 11 *50,000 or less, shall appear the words "Vote for two," instead of the words*  
 12 *"Vote for four."*

13 The said ballots shall be printed upon plain, substantial, white paper,  
 14 and shall comply with the election laws in force in such city or village, except  
 15 as herein otherwise provided, and shall be headed:

16 Candidates for the election for mayor and commissioners of the city (or vil-  
 17 lage) of.....at the general (or special) municipal election, but such ballots  
 18 shall have no party, platform or principle, designation or appellation or marks  
 19 whatever, nor shall any circle be printed thereon at the head of the ballot.  
 20 The ballots shall be in substantially the following form:

#### OFFICIAL BALLOT.

21 Candidates for the election for mayor and commissioners of the city (or  
 22 village) of.....at the general (or special) municipal election.

FOR MAYOR.

(Vote for one).

JOHN JONES.

JAMES SMITH.

## FOR COMMISSIONERS

(Vote for four).

WILLIAM BURKE.

GEORGE MILLER.

THOMAS WILLIAMS.

EDWARD STUART.

ROBERT BUCK.

HARRY BROWN.

JOSEPH TROUT.

ARTHUR ROBBINS.

23 *In cities or villages having a population of 50,000 or less, the ballots for*  
 24 *commissioners shall be in substantially the following forms:*

## FOR COMMISSIONERS.

(Vote for two).

IRVING WESTERN.

JAMES J. KIRBY.

T. S. HUNTLEY.

JAMES G. SPILLARD.

25 Such ballots shall be authenticated and attested on the back thereof in the  
 26 same manner and form as provided by the election law in force in such city or  
 27 village.

28 Sample ballots shall also be printed and supplied in accordance with elec-  
 29 tion law in force in such city or village.

Sec. 22. COUNCIL—QUORUM—VOTING MAYOR TO PRESIDE.] Every such city  
 2 or village shall be governed by a council, consisting of the mayor and four  
 3 commissioners, *and in cities or villages having a population of 50,000 or less,*  
 4 *by a council consisting of the mayor and two commissioners,* as provided in this  
 5 Act, each of whom shall have the right to vote on all questions coming before  
 6 the council. Three members of the council shall constitute a quorum, and the



7 affirmative vote of three members shall be necessary to adopt any motion, reso-  
 8 lution or ordinance, or pass any measure, unless a greater number is provided  
 9 for by this Act, *except that in cities or villages having a population of 50,000 or*  
 10 *less, two members of the council shall constitute a quorum, and the affirmative*  
 11 *vote of two members shall be necessary to adopt any motion, resolution or or-*  
 12 *dinance, or pass any measure, unless a greater number is provided for by this*  
 13 *Act.* Upon every vote the "yeas" and "nays" shall be called and recorded,  
 14 and every motion, resolution or ordinance shall be reduced to writing and read  
 15 before a vote is taken thereon, and all the commissioners, including the mayor,  
 16 present at any meeting shall vote thereon.

17 The mayor shall preside at all meetings of the council. He shall have no  
 18 power to veto any measure, motion, resolution or ordinance, but every resolu-  
 19 tion, ordinance and measure passed by the council must be signed by the mayor,  
 20 or by two commissioners, *and in cities or villages having a population of*  
 21 *50,000 or less, by one commissioner,* and be recorded before the same shall be  
 22 in force.

· Sec. 23. COUNCIL, POWERS AND DUTIES—FIVE DEPARTMENTS.] The council  
 2 shall have and possess, and the council and its members shall exercise all exe-  
 3 cutive and legislative powers and duties now had, possessed and exercised by  
 4 the mayor, city council, president and board of trustees of villages, board of  
 5 library trustees, city clerk, city attorney, city engineer, city treasurer, city  
 6 comptroller and all other executive, legislative and administrative officers in  
 7 cities or villages now or hereafter organized and incorporated under the gen-  
 8 eral incorporation law of the State of Illinois for the incorporation of cities  
 9 and villages, except that in each city or village organized under the adopting  
 10 the provisions of this Act the board of local improvements, provided for, in and  
 11 by an Act entitled, "An Act concerning local improvements," approved June  
 12 14, 1897, in force July 1, 1897, and all Acts amendatory thereto, shall be and  
 13 remain a separate and distinct body, with all the rights, powers, duties  
 14 and authority in said Act contained, and except also, that nothing herein con-



15 tained shall apply or extend or pertain to or in any way affect the park and  
16 driveway officers now or hereafter elected under the particular law pertaining  
17 thereto, and except also that nothing contained in this Act shall in any way  
18 extend or pertain to or affect any public school law in operation in any munici-  
19 pality which may adopt this Act, anything in this present Act contained to the  
20 contrary notwithstanding.

21 The executive and administrative powers, authority and duties in such  
22 cities and villages shall be distributed into and among five departments, as fol-  
23 lows:

- 24 1. Department of public affairs.
- 25 2. Department of accounts and finances.
- 26 3. Department of public health and safety.
- 27 4. Department of streets and public improvements.
- 28 5. Department of public property.

29 *The executive and administrative powers, authority and duties in cities or*  
30 *villages having a population of 50,000 or less shall be distributed into and*  
31 *among three departments, as follows:*

- 32 1. *Department of public affairs.*
- 33 2. *Department of finance and public safety.*
- 34 3. *Department of streets and public property.*

35 The council shall, by ordinance, determine the powers and duties of, and to  
36 be performed by, each department and assign them to the appropriate depart-  
37 ments, shall prescribe the powers and duties of officers and employees and may  
38 assign employees to one or more of the departments, may require an officer or  
39 employee to perform duties in two or more departments, and may make such  
40 other rules and regulations as may be necessary or proper for the efficient and  
41 economical conduct of the business of the city or village.

Sec. 24. HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS AND CITY OFFICERS.] The mayor shall be  
2 commissioner of public affairs and as such be superintendent of that depart-  
3 ment, and the council shall, at the first regular meeting after election of its

4 members designate by a majority vote, one commissioner to be commissioner of  
 5 accounts and finances, who shall be superintendent of that department; one to  
 6 be commissioner of public health and safety, who shall be superintendent of  
 7 that department; one to be commissioner of streets and public improvements,  
 8 who shall be superintendent of that department, and who *ex officio* shall be com-  
 9 missioner of public works; and one to be commissioner of public property and as  
 10 such to be superintendent of that department, *but in cities or villages hav-*  
 11 *ing a population of 50,000 or less, the council shall at the first regular*  
 12 *meeting after election of its members, designate by a majority vote one*  
 12½ *commissioner of finance and safety, who shall be superintendent of that*  
 13 *department, one commissioner of streets and public property, who shall be su-*  
 14 *perintendent of that department and who, ex officio shall be commissioner of*  
 15 *public works, but such designation may be changed by the council whenever it*  
 16 appears that the public service would be benefited thereby. The council by a  
 17 majority vote may, in their discretion, at such first meeting or as soon as prac-  
 18 ticable thereafter, elect, by a majority vote, the following officers: City clerk,  
 19 corporation counsel, city attorney, assistant city attorney, city treasurer, library  
 20 trustees, and the necessary officers to fill the offices provided for by the Local Im-  
 21 provement Act, known as "An Act concerning local improvements," approved  
 22 June 14, 1897, in force July 1, 1897: *Provided*, That the commissioner of streets  
 23 and public improvements, *or in cities or villages having a population of 50,000 or*  
 24 *less the commissioner of streets and public property*, under this Act shall be *ex*  
 25 *officio* the commissioner of public works and a member of the board of local im-  
 26 provements as and when provided for by said Act concerning local improve-  
 27 ments: *Provided, further*, that if by ordinance it is provided that (the) superin-  
 28 tendent of streets shall be appointed by the commissioner of streets and public  
 29 improvements, *and in cities or villages having a population of 50,000 or less, by*  
 30 *the commissioner of streets and public property*, then the council shall have no  
 31 power and authority to appoint the superintendent of streets: *And, provided*,  
 32 *further*, that where by law it is provided that the superintendent of streets shall  
 33 be a member of the board of local improvements, the fact that he is appointed  
 34 by the commissioner of streets and public improvements, *or in cities or villages*

35 *having a population of 50,000 or less, by the commissioner of streets and public*  
36 *property, shall not bar him from membership thereon. (Amended by Act ap-*  
37 *proved May 12, 1911, L. 1911 p. 138.)*

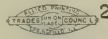
Sec. 32. REGULAR AND SPECIAL MEETINGS—MAYOR TO PRESIDE—COMMISSIONER  
2 OF ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE VICE-PRESIDENT OF COUNCIL.] Regular meetings of the  
3 council shall be held on the first Monday after the mayor and commissioners  
4 shall have entered upon the performance of their respective official duties, and  
5 thereafter at least once each week. The council shall provide by ordinance for  
6 the holding of regular meetings, and special meetings may be called from time  
7 to time by the mayor or two commissioners upon giving not less than twenty-  
8 four hours' notice to all members of the council: *Provided, however, that if all*  
9 *members of the council are present at such special meeting no notice of such*  
10 *meeting shall be necessary. All meetings of the council, whether regular or spe-*  
11 *cial, shall be open to the public.*

12 The mayor shall be president of the council and preside at its meetings,  
13 and shall supervise all departments and report to the council for its action on  
14 all matters requiring attention in any department. The commissioner of ac-  
15 counts and finances, *and in cities or villages having a population of 50,000 or less*  
16 *the commissioner of finance and public safety, shall be vice-president of the*  
17 *council, and in case of vacancy in the office of mayor or the absence or inability*  
18 *of the mayor, shall perform the duties of mayor.*

Sec. 51. DUTIES OF TREASURER.] In addition to the other duties now im-  
2 posed by law upon the treasurer of any city or village, the said treasurer shall  
3 make his daily deposits of such sums of money as shall be received by him from  
4 all sources of revenue whatsoever, to his credit as treasurer of said city or  
5 village, in one or more banks situated in said city or village, to be selected by  
6 the president of said council, the commissioner of accounts and finance and the  
7 treasurer of such city or village, or by any two of them, *and in cities or vil-*  
8 *lages having a population of 50,000 or less, by the president of said council, the*  
9 *commissioner of finance and public safety and the treasurer of said city or*



10 *village, or by any two of them*, and any such bank, before any such deposit is  
11 made therein, shall be required to enter into an obligation with the said council  
12 to pay into the treasury of such city or village interest on the monthly balance  
13 of such deposits at a rate to be fixed by the president of said council, the  
14 commissioner of accounts and finance and the treasurer, or by any two of them,  
15 *and in cities or villages having a population of 50,000 or less, by the president*  
16 *of said council the commissioner of finance and public safety and the treasurer,*  
17 *or by any two of them*, and which rate may be changed in the same manner—  
18 such rate to be not less than three (3) per centum per annum, and shall also  
19 execute a good (and) sufficient bond, with sureties to be approved by the  
20 president of said council, and conditioned that such bank will safely keep and ac-  
21 count for, and pay over said money. Said president of the council, the commis-  
22 sioner of accounts and finance and the treasurer, *and in cities or villages having*  
23 *a population of 50,000 or less, said president of the council, the commissioner of*  
24 *finance and public safety and the treasurer*, in the selection of any such deposi-  
25 tory bank, shall take into consideration the reputation and solvency thereof, and  
26 the sufficiency of the security offered by such bank. All interest paid by any  
27 such bank upon such balances shall be collected by the treasurer of said city  
28 or village, and shall be by him reported in his next statement following such  
29 collection, and shall be considered and treated as a part of the general fund of  
30 such city or village, subject to use for any legitimate municipal purpose.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Ellis, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled “An Act requiring compensation for causing death by wrongful Act, neglect and default.” (Approved February 12, 1858, in force February 12, 1858) as amended by all subsequent Acts, by amending section 2 thereof.

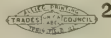
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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an act entitled, “An Act requiring compensation for death by wrongful act, neglect and default.” Approved February 12, 1858. In force February 12, 1858, as amended by all subsequent acts, be, and the same is hereby amended by amending Section 2 thereof, so that said section when amended will read as follows:

Sec. 2. Every such action shall be brought by and in the names of the personal representatives of such deceased person and the amount recovered in every such action shall be for the exclusive benefit of the widow and next of kin of such deceased person, and shall be distributed to such widow and next of kin in the proportion provided by law, in relation to the distribution of personal property left by persons dying intestate; and in every such action the jury may give such damages as they shall deem a fair and just compensation with refer-



8   ence to the pecuniary injuries resulting from such death to the wife and next of  
9   kin of such deceased person not exceeding the sum of ten thousand dollars;  
10 *Provided:* That every such action shall be commenced within one year after the  
11 death of such person. *Provided: further,* that no action shall be brought or pro-  
12 secuted in this State to recover damages for a death occuring outside of this  
13 State, and that the increase from five thousand to ten thousand dollars in the  
14 amount hereby authorized to be recovered shall apply only in cases when death  
15 hereafter occurs. *And provided, further, that a declaration filed in any such ac-*  
16 *tion or action which does not state a cause of action may be amended according*  
17 *to the established rules of practice and procedure at any time after the expiration*  
18 *of one year after the death of such decedent, provided, action be brought within*  
19 *one year of such death as hereinabove provided, and provided that on compari-*  
20 *son of the declaration as filed and such amendment, it is apparent that both are*  
21 *intended to apply to and cover the same cause of death.*



1 Introduced by Mr. Ellis, March 23, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

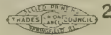
For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act in regard to limitations." (Approved April 4, 1872, in force July 1, 1872) as amended by all subsequent Acts by amending section 14 thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly: That an Act entitled, "An Act in regard*  
3 *to limitations." Approved April 4, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by*  
4 *all subsequent Acts, be, and the same is hereby amended by amending Section*  
5 *14 thereof, so as to read as follows:*

Sec. 14. *Actions for damages for an injury to the person, or for false im-*  
2 *prisonment, or malicious prosecution, or for a statutory penalty, or for abduc-*  
3 *tion, or for seduction, or for criminal conversation, shall be commenced within*  
4 *two years next after the cause of action accrued, provided, however, that a de-*  
5 *claration filed in any such suit within said two years, which does not state a*  
6 *cause of action, may be amended according to established practice and proced-*  
7 *ure at any time after the expiration of said two years, provided, that on com-*  
8 *parison of the declaration as filed and such amendment it is apparent that both*  
9 *are intended to apply to and cover the same injury or occurrence.*





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Fahy, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation for a survey of certain State lands belonging  
or appertaining to the Illinois and Michigan Canal.

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WHEREAS, The State of Illinois is seized and possessed of certain tracts  
2 and parcels of land, constituting the Illinois and Michigan Canal, and certain  
3 strips and parcels of real estate, contiguous, appertaining to and constituting  
4 a part thereof; and

5 WHEREAS, The precise area, limitations and boundaries of such pieces, parts,  
6 strips and parcels of land, appertaining to or constituting part and parcel of  
7 such State property known as the Illinois and Michigan Canal, is not definitely  
8 surveyed and platted, nor the exact extent, area, limitations and boundaries  
9 thereof definitely ascertained or marked, or made patent as a matter of public  
10 record in the State of Illinois; and

11 WHEREAS, It would be for the best interests of the People of the State of  
12 Illinois that a survey be made and definite, well defined and duly authenticated  
13 plats and maps be made and permanent monuments or marks be placed or estab-  
14 lished, fixing and defining the boundaries, limitations, extent and area of all of

15 the real estate or lands constituting or appertaining to said Illinois and Michi-  
16 gan Canal; therefore:

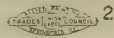
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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That there be and is hereby appropriated  
3 the sum of ten thousand (\$10,000.00) dollars, or so much thereof as may be  
4 necessary, to provide means for making a survey and duly authenticated plats  
5 and maps and to establish definite and permanent monuments or marks, fixing  
6 and defining the extent, area, boundaries and limitations of all of the land and  
7 real estate constituting and appertaining to the Illinois and Michigan Canal.

8 The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to draw  
9 his warrant upon the State treasury for the sum hereby appropriated, upon  
10 proper voucher, duly certified to by the treasurer of the Canal Commissioners  
11 and approved by the Governor, and the State Treasurer shall pay the same out  
12 of any fund in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated.

13 The said, the Canal Commissioners, shall keep an accurate account of the  
14 amount so received by them, together with their disbursements and expendi-  
15 tures thereof, showing for what and in what manner said sums wer expended,  
16 which said account shall accompany their annual report to the Governor, and be  
17 made a part thereof.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Garesche, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the establishment and maintenance of a system of vocational education in the State of Illinois.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly: STATE BOARD OF VOCATIONAL EDUCATION.]*  
3 (1) The general supervision of public vocational education in the State of Illinois  
4 shall be vested in a board of nine members, which shall be styled the “State  
5 Board of Vocational Education.”  
6 (2) On or before the second Monday of July, 1915, the Governor shall  
7 appoint eight persons, men or women, citizens and residents of Illinois, who  
8 with the Superintendent of Public Instruction, ex officio, shall constitute the  
9 board. Two of the eight members appointed shall be employers of labor, two  
10 shall be skilled employees, two shall be farmers, or persons versed in the  
11 theory and practice of agriculture, one shall be a person who has made a spe-  
12 cial study of women’s work in the fine arts, industry, commerce, or the home  
13 arts, and one shall be an educator.  
14 (3) At the time of appointment the Governor shall designate three of  
15 the eight appointive members to hold office for the term of one year from the

16 first day of July, 1915, three for two years from the said date, and two for  
 17 three years from the said date; and annually thereafter, during the month of  
 18 June immediately preceding the expiration of the respective terms of the mem-  
 19 bers first or subsequently appointed, the Governor shall appoint successors to  
 20 those members of the board whose terms expire upon the succeeding first day  
 21 of July, such appointees to hold office for the term of three years, except in the  
 22 case of appointments to fill vacancies, which shall be for the unexpired portion  
 23 of the term.

24 (4) The board shall always be so constituted, and vacancies on the board  
 25 shall always be so filled, that two of the eight appointive members shall be  
 26 employers of labor, two shall be skilled employees, two shall be farmers, or  
 27 persons versed in the theory and practice of agriculture, one shall be a per-  
 28 son who has made a special study of women's work in the fine arts, industry,  
 29 commerce, or the home arts, and one shall be an educator.

30 (5) Not more than three of the eight appointive members at any one time  
 31 shall be residents of the same county.

32 (6) At the time of the first appointment of members of the State board,  
 33 under this Act, the Governor shall designate one of the nine members of the  
 34 board to act as chairman for one year, or until a successor shall be elected  
 35 by the board.

Sec. 2. ORGANIZATION OF STATE BOARD.] (1) Within twenty days after the

2 eight members hereinabove provided for are appointed, the chairman shall call  
 3 the board together for organization and the transaction of other business, at the  
 4 seat of government, where the board shall be furnished by the State with a  
 5 premanent office and with office furniture.

6 (2) At the first meeting of the board after the first day of July of each  
 7 year, except as hereinabove provided, the board shall elect a chairman from its  
 8 own number, to hold office for a year or until his successor is elected. It shall  
 9 be the duty of the chairman to preside at all meetings of the board and to  
 10 sign the proceedings thereof when recorded, and to perform such other duties  
 11 as may be imposed upon him by law, or by the rules of the board. If the

12 chairman shall be absent from any meeting, or be incapacitated, or shall refuse  
13 to perform any of the duties of his office, a chairman pro tempore may be  
14 elected by the board.

15 (3) The board shall appoint a secretary, and fix the duties and compens-  
16 ation of the office.

17 (4) The board may also appoint such other employees as it shall deem  
18 necessary for the proper discharge of the duties of the said board, and pre-  
19 scribe their duties, compensation, and term of employment. Such appoint-  
20 ments, other than those of secretary, of teachers, of experts temporarily em-  
21 ployed, and other positions which may be exempted by the State Civil Service  
22 Commission, shall be included in the classified civil service of the State, and  
23 shall be made, and be, subject to the provisions of an Act entitled, "An Act  
24 to regulate the civil service of the State of Illinois," approved May 11, 1905,  
25 in force July 1, 1905, and Acts amendatory thereto.

26 (5) The board shall adopt rules and regulations, not inconsistent with  
27 this Act, to govern its proceedings; and it shall adopt and use a seal, for the  
28 authentication of its records and proceedings, of which seal the secretary shall  
29 have the care and custody; and he shall keep a record of all matters pertaining  
30 to the business of the board, which record shall be open at all times to pub-  
31 lic inspection.

32 (6) Regular meetings of the board shall be held once in every two months,  
33 at a time to be fixed by the rules of the board, and special meetings may be  
34 called at any time and place by the chairman, or by any five members, upon no-  
35 tice by mail to all members at their addresses as registered with the secretary.

Sec. 3. EXPENSES OF STATE BOARD.] (1) The members of the State board  
2 of vocational education shall serve without salary, but they shall receive their  
3 personal and traveling expenses, and in addition such of them as are not at the  
4 time in the official service of the State shall receive the sum of ten dollars  
5 per day, while actually and necessarily engaged in the performance of official  
6 duties as members of the board, either in attendance at a regular or special

7 meeting of the board, or in performing other duties by authorization of the  
8 board.

9 (2) The sums of money expended under this section, and all other sums  
10 of money expended by the board, shall be paid by the State Treasurer, out of  
11 any funds appropriated by the State for the purposes of the board, upon  
12 requisition of the board, signed by the chairman, authenticated by the seal of  
13 the board, and attested by the secretary.

Sec. 4. SCOPE OF WORK OF STATE BOARD.] The board shall investigate and aid  
2 in the introduction of industrial, commercial, agricultural, household arts, and  
3 other types of vocational education, in the cities, towns, villages, and country  
4 districts of the State; shall have general charge and supervision of all voca-  
5 tional schools which may be organized under the provisions of this Act; and  
6 shall approve such schools or withhold approval according to its discretion.

Sec. 5. POWERS AND DUTIES OF STATE BOARD.] The board shall have power,  
2 and it shall be its duty:

3 (1) To counsel and confer in such manner as it may deem best with the  
4 local boards of vocational education created under the provisions of this Act,  
5 and with teachers, school officers, employers, and employees, as to the best  
6 methods of initiating and conducting vocational schools; and to advise and  
7 assist in carrying into effect the purpose of this Act.

8 (2) To make suggestions as to fixing the boundary lines of proposed vo-  
9 cational school districts, having due regard to business, territory, population,  
10 and transportation facilities, and in case of dispute to settle the boundary lines  
11 upon application by residents of the territory affected. Whenever the board  
12 shall settle the boundary lines of a proposed district, the board shall cause its  
13 decision to be certified forthwith to the county judge whose duty it is, under this  
14 Act, to give notice of election for the organization of the territory as a voca-  
15 tional school district, and the territory as so described shall so appear upon  
16 the notice given and the ballots used at the election.



17       (3) To inspect schools established under the provisions of this Act, of  
18 the various types or classes, and to examine their facilities for vocational work,  
19 their methods of instruction, and the results obtained.

20       (4) To pass upon the courses of study which shall be pursued in these  
21 schools, which courses shall be closely related to the industrial, commercial and  
22 agricultural interests of the respective communities in which such schools are  
23 located; and such courses shall include instruction in the rights and duties  
24 of citizenship.

25       (5) To grant certificates to such teachers as may be found qualified to re-  
26 ceive them, and to suspend or revoke any such certificate for any of the  
27 reasons for which certificates issued under the general school law of the State  
28 may lawfully be suspended or revoked; but it shall not be necessary for any  
29 local board of vocational education to secure the assent of the State board of  
30 vocational education to the appointment or removal of any teacher, but all such  
31 appointments and removals shall be made by the respective local boards in ac-  
32 cordance with their rules: *Provided*, that no teacher shall be employed in any  
33 of the vocational schools of the State who does not hold a valid certificate  
34 from the State board, as hereinabove prescribed; and no person shall be  
35 awarded a certificate unless he or she is of good moral character and over  
36 the age of twenty years.

37       (6) . To employ and fix the salaries of such number, not exceeding one  
38 hundred, of itinerant instructors as it may deem necessary for the improve-  
39 ment and scientific development of the agricultural interests of the State. Such  
40 instructors shall be persons who are proficient in the branches of knowledge  
41 which have a direct application to the efficient management of the farm. They  
42 shall devote their entire time, under the direction and control of the board, to  
43 giving lectures and demonstrations, and to the promotion of such other educa-  
44 tional measures as the board shall adopt for the benefit of the agricultural in-  
45 terests of the State.

46       (7) To prescribe forms for such reports as it may require from local  
47 boards of vocational education.



48 (8) To file all papers, reports, and public documents transmitted to it by  
 49 local boards of vocational education, and to keep and preserve all other docu-  
 50 ments of value, relating to vocational education, that may come into its hands.

51 (9) To request the managing boards of private vocational schools to fur-  
 52 nish such information as the State board of vocational education may desire  
 53 to include in its report to the Governor and the General Assembly.

54 (10) To ascertain and certify annually to the Auditor of Public Accounts,  
 55 on or before the second Monday of August, the amount of State aid to which  
 56 each city, village, incorporated town, and vocational school district is en-  
 57 titled under the provisions of this Act.

58 (11) To report to the Governor, on or before the first day of November  
 59 preceding each regular session of the General Assembly, on the condition of vo-  
 60 cational education in the State, and make such recommendations as it may deem  
 61 proper for increasing the efficiency of the system of vocational education es-  
 62 tablished by this Act, which report shall be submitted by the Governor to the  
 63 General Assembly at its next session.

Sec. 6. ESTABLISHMENT OF VOCATIONAL SCHOOLS IN CITIES.] (1) Any city in  
 2 the State may adopt and become entitled to the benefits of this Act in the fol-  
 3 lowing manner: Whenever five per cent of the qualified electors of the city, as  
 4 hereinafter determined, shall petition the county judge of the county in which  
 5 the city is situated to submit to the qualified electors of the city the proposi-  
 6 tion whether the city shall adopt and become entitled to the benefits of this  
 7 Act, it shall be the duty of the county judge to submit the proposition at the  
 8 next general State, county, or city election, occurring more than forty days  
 9 after the date on which the petition is filed, and an order shall be entered of  
 10 record in the county court submitting the proposition. For the purpose of  
 11 determining whether the required percentage of voters has signed the petition,  
 12 the total number of votes cast in the city for Governor of the State at the  
 13 last preceding election for Governor shall be the number of qualified electors  
 14 in the city.

15 (2) The county judge shall give at least thirty days' notice of the elec-  
16 tion by publishing a notice in one or more newspapers of general circulation  
17 published within the city, at least five times, the first publication to be at  
18 least thirty days before the day of the election; and if no newspaper is pub-  
19 lished in the city then by posting at least five copies of the notice in five  
20 public places in the city at least thirty days before the election.

21 (3) These notices shall specify the time, place, and object of the elec-  
22 tion, and may be in the following form:

23 STATE OF ILLINOIS }  
24 County of..... } NOTICE OF ELECTION.

25 Notice is hereby given that on....., the.....day of.....  
26 19:..., an election will be held in the city of.....  
27 for the purpose of deciding for or against the adoption by the city of an Act  
28 entitled, "An Act to provide for the establishment and maintenance of a sys-  
29 tem of vocational education in the State of Illinois." The polls will be opened  
30 at.....o'clock....m, and closed at.....o'clock....m.

31 Dated this.....day of....., 19....

.....

32 *County Judge.*

33 (4) The election shall be held under the election law in force in the city,  
34 except as herein otherwise provided, and all electors, whether men or women,  
35 who have resided in the city for more than one year next preceding the elec-  
36 tion, and who are qualified to vote for trustees of the State university, shall  
37 be eligible to vote at the election. The ballots to be used at the election shall  
38 be in the following form:

FOR the adoption of an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the es- tablishment and maintenance of a system of vocational education in the State of Illinois."	
AGAINST the adoption of an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the establishment and maintenance of a system of vocational education in the State of Illinois."	

39 The voter shall mark an X or cross-mark in the square following and opposite  
40 the proposition favored, and the ballots shall be so counted.

41 (5) If it shall appear upon a canvass of the returns that a majority of the  
 42 votes cast at the election are in favor of the adoption of this Act, it shall  
 43 thereby and thereupon be adopted by and in force in the city.

Sec. 7. BOARD OF VOCATIONAL EDUCATION IN CITY.] (1) The supervision  
 2 and control of all vocational schools established in the city, under the pro-  
 3 visions of this Act, shall be vested in a board of five members, which shall  
 4 be styled the "Board of Vocational Education" of the city.

5 (2) Within twenty days after the adoption of this Act by the city, the  
 6 board of education of the city shall appoint four citizens, not of their own num-  
 7 ber, who have been residents of the city for more than one year next preced-  
 8 ing their appointment, who with the superintendent of schools of the city, ex  
 9 officio, shall constitute the board of vocational education of the city. Two of  
 10 the four members appointed shall be employers of labor and two shall be  
 11 skilled employees, industrial, commercial, or agricultural.

12 (3) At the time of appointment the board of education shall designate  
 13 one of the employers and one of the employees to hold office each for the  
 14 term of two years, and one of the employers and one of the employees to hold  
 15 office each for the term of four years, from the first day of July next following  
 16 their appointment; and thereafter, during the month of June immediately pre-  
 17 ceding the expiration of the respective terms of the members first or subse-  
 18 quently appointed, the board of education shall appoint successors to those mem-  
 19 bers of the board of vocational education whose terms expire upon the succeed-  
 20 ing first day of July, such appointees to hold office for the term of four years,  
 21 except in the case of appointments to fill vacancies, which shall be for the un-  
 22 expired portion of the term.

23 (4) If there is no superintenddnt of schools of the city, or if the su-  
 24 perintendent of schools refuses or neglects to act as a member of the board of  
 25 vocational education, the board of education shall appoint in his stead, as a  
 26 member of the board of vocational education, the principal of a public high  
 27 school or some other educator, who is a citizen and resident of the city.

28       (5) The board of vocational education shall always be so constituted, and  
29 vacancies on the board shall always be so filled, that two of the members shall  
30 be employers of labor, two shall be skilled employees, industrial, commercial, or  
31 agricultural, and one shall be an educator.

32       (6) The members of the board of vocational education shall serve without  
33 compensation.

Sec. 8. ORGANIZATION OF CITY BOARD OF VOCATIONAL EDUCATION.] (1) With-  
2 in ten days after the members of the board of vocational education herein-  
3 above provided for are appointed the board shall meet for organization and  
4 the transaction of other business.

5       (2) At the first meeting of the board for organization, and at the first  
6 meeting after the first day of July of each year, the board shall elect a chair-  
7 man from its own number, to hold office for a year or until his successor is  
8 elected. It shall be the duty of the chairman to preside at all meetings of the  
9 board and to sign the proceedings thereof when recorded, and to perform such  
10 other duties as may be imposed upon him by law, or by the rules of the board.  
11 If the chairman shall be absent from any meeting, or be incapacitated, or  
12 shall refuse to perform any of the duties of his office, a chairman pro tempore  
13 may be elected by the board.

14       (3) The board shall appoint a secretary, and fix the duties and compensa-  
15 tion of the office.

16       (4) The board may also appoint such other employees as it shall deem  
17 necessary for the proper discharge of the duties of the board, and prescribe  
18 their duties, compensation, and term of employment. In all cities which  
19 have heretofore or may hereafter adopt an Act entitled, "An Act to regulate  
20 the civil service of cities," approved and in force March 20, 1895, all em-  
21 ployees appointed by the board of vocational education of the city, except the  
22 secretary, teachers, experts temporarily employed, and other positions which  
23 may be exempted by the civil service commission of the city, shall be appoint-  
24 ed and discharged only in accordance with and in pursuance of the provisions  
25 of the civil service Act and Acts amendatory thereto.



(5) The board shall adopt rules and regulations, not inconsistent with this act, to govern its proceedings; and it shall adopt and use a seal for the authentication of its records and proceedings, of which seal the secretary shall have the care and custody; and he shall keep a record of all matters pertaining to the business of the board, which record shall be open at all times to public inspection.

(6) Regular meetings of the board shall be held at times to be fixed by the rules of the board, and special meetings may be called at any time by the chairman, or by any three members, upon notice by mail to members at their addresses as registered with the secretary.

(7) At all meetings of the board the yeas and nays shall be taken and recorded upon the adoption of all rules, and on all propositions to create any liability against the board of vocational education, or for the expenditure or appropriation of money, and in all other cases at the request of any two members, which shall be entered on the journal of its proceedings.

(8) None of the powers of the board of vocational education shall be exercised except at a regular or special meeting of the board.

Sec. 9. TYPES OF VOCATIONAL SCHOOLS TO BE ESTABLISHED.] The board shall have power, and it shall be its duty, to establish vocational schools of some or all of the following types or classes, according to the needs of the city:

(1) Vocational continuation day schools for youth of both sexes between the ages of fourteen and eighteen years who are employed, or are not pupils in other schools, at which vocational schools such instruction shall be given as will render more efficient the practical work of the factory, shop, store, office, garden or home.

(2) Vocational evening schools for pupils over the age of eighteen years, at which schools such instruction shall be given as will supplement and rationalize the practical experience of the factory, shop, store, office, garden or home.

(3) Vocational continuation dayschools for the instruction of all persons bound as apprentices, clerks, or servants, under the statute in such case made



15 and provided, with a view to teaching the entire trade or vocation at which  
16 such apprentices, clerks, or servants are employed.

17 (4) Part-time vocational schools for youth between the ages of four-  
18 teen and eighteen years, the pupils of which may spend alternate weeks (1)  
19 in factory, shop, store, office, garden, or other place of employment, and (2) in  
20 schools at which instruction shall be given with a view to supplementing and  
21 rendering more effective the work of the pupils in their respective employ-  
22 ments. The board may require teachers at these schools to supplement their  
23 work by giving practical aid and advice to the pupils and their employers at  
24 the respective places of employment of such pupils.

25 (5) Vocational day schools for instruction in industry, commerce, agricul-  
26 ture, and domestic service, of youth between the ages of fourteen and six-  
27 teen years, with a view to the vocational preparation of the youth of both  
28 sexes who expect to commence industrial, commercial, agricultural, or domestic  
29 service at the age of sixteen years. In these schools instruction shall be given  
30 to girls in women's trades, commerce, and the household arts, and to boys in  
31 industrial, commercial, and agricultural subjects.

32 (6) Vocational schools for the instruction of girls over the age of fourteen  
33 years in the household arts.

34 (7) Agricultural winter-schools for youth between the ages of fourteen  
35 and eighteen years, at which such instruction shall be given as will supple-  
36 ment and render more efficient the practical work of the farm. Boards of vo-  
37 cational education shall not be required to maintain such schools in session  
38 for the entire year, but may close them during the months from April to Oc-  
39 tober, both inclusive, and the technical or special teachers of subjects pertaining  
40 to agriculture, employed during the winter in these schools, may be employed  
41 by the board during the remaining months of the year in service on the farms  
42 in the district of the school, giving lectures and demonstrations, and promoting  
43 such other educational measures as the board may deem of benefit to the agri-  
44 cultural interests of the district.

45 (8) Agricultural day or evening schools for the instruction of persons  
46 over the age of eighteen years.

47 (9) General vocational continuation schools for persons between the ages  
48 of fourteen and twenty-one years who are employed in unskilled occupations,  
49 and for persons between the ages of sixteen and twenty-one years who are  
50 unemployed.

Sec. 10. POWERS AND DUTIES OF CITY BOARD, IN CONCURRENCE WITH CITY COUN-  
2 CIL.] The board of vocational education shall have power, and it shall be its  
3 duty, with the concurrence of the city council:

4 (1) To buy or lease sites for vocational schools, with the necessary  
5 grounds. If the board shall be unable to agree with the owner or owners for  
6 the purchase of a site, then with the concurrence of the city council it may ac-  
7 quire the title to the site by condemnation, in the manner which may be at the  
8 time provided by law for the exercise of the right of eminent domain. Pro-  
9 ceedings to condemn shall be in the name of the city in trust for the use of vo-  
10 cational schools.

11 (2) To erect or purchase buildings, suitable for the use of vocational  
12 schools, and keep them in repair.

Sec. 11. OTHER POWERS AND DUTIES OF BOARD.] The board of vocational edu-  
2 cation shall also have power, and it shall be its duty:

3 (1) To hire buildings or rooms for the use of vocational schools estab-  
4 lished under this Act, and for its own use.

5 (2) To furnish the schools with the necessary fixtures, furniture, tools,  
6 machinery, and apparatus.

7 (3) To employ teachers and fix their compensation, which shall be paid  
8 monthly, and to examine candidates for positions as teachers, by examinations  
9 supplemental to the examinations of the State Board of vocational education, if  
10 such supplemental examinations shall seem to the local board to be necessary.

11 (4) To prescribe the studies to be pursued in the schools established under  
12 this Act, and the textbooks to be used.

(5) To enact such rules as may be necessary or expedient for the proper management and control of the schools.

(6) To apportion and assign pupils to the various schools.

(7) To expel any pupil guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct.

(8) To dismiss or remove any teacher when in the judgment of the board such action is essential to the best interests of the school; but no teacher shall be dismissed or removed except for cause, upon written charges, which shall, upon the teacher's written request, be investigated and determined by the board of vocational education, whose action and decision in the matter shall be final; but the board shall not be required to maintain in employment at any time more principals and teachers than are needed for the service of the schools.

(9) To grant the use of school buildings or any part thereof, when not otherwise needed, including light, heat, and attendants, for public lectures, concerts, students' gatherings, and other educational and social interests, free of cost, but subject at all times to the control and supervision of the board.

(10) To have charge of all land, buildings, fixtures and personal property purchased or hired, and see that they are kept in good condition.

(11) To provide fuel and other necessary supplies for the schools and buildings.

(12) To sell at public or private sale any personal property belonging to the vocational schools, and not needed for school purposes.

(13) To report to the city council and to the State board of vocational education, from time to time, any suggestions it may deem advisable in relation to the schools and their management; and to make from time to time, to the city council and to the State Board of Vocational Education, such reports as they may require.

(14) To prepare and publish an annual report showing the receipts and expenditures of the board, and the workings and results of the schools under its care.

(15) To provide for the holding of institutes for the improvement of the work of teachers and principals in the service of the vocational schools.



44 (16) To establish and maintain industrial and commercial museums in  
45 connection with vocational schools.

46 (17) To appoint advisory committees composed of members representing  
47 local trades, industries, and occupations. It shall be the duty of the advisory  
48 committees to counsel with and advise the local board and the school officials  
49 having the management and supervision of public vocational schools.

50 (18) To certify annually, on or before the last day of December, to the  
51 city council, such amounts of money as shall be necessary for the support of the  
52 schools established under this Act.

Sec. 12. VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE.] The board of vocational education shall  
2 also have power to establish and maintain bureaus of vocational guidance for  
3 advice and assistance to young persons over the age of fourteen years, who  
4 are in employment or about to enter upon employment.

Sec. 13. ADMISSION OF NON-RESIDENT PUPILS.] The board may permit non-  
2 residents of the city to attend any school under the charge of the board, sub-  
3 ject to such regulations as the board shall impose, including payment of tuition  
4 fees by such non-residents, at a reasonable rate, which rate shall not be more  
5 than ten per cent higher than the current per capita cost of the school attended.

Sec. 14. GIFTS FOR VOCATIONAL SCHOOLS.] The board may receive any gift,  
2 grant, donation, or devise made for the use of any vocational school, library,  
3 or museum, or for any other vocational school purpose, within its jurisdiction.

Sec. 15. CONVEYANCES OF REAL ESTATE.] (1) All conveyances of real es-  
2 tate for vocational schools shall be made to, and the title to all property ac-  
3 quired for vocational schools by condemnation shall be vested in, the city in  
4 trust for the use of vocational schools.

5 (2) No sale of real estate belonging to the city, in trust for the use of  
6 vocational schools, shall be made by the city authorities except upon the writ-  
7 ten request of the board of vocational education. When a school site or build-  
8 ing has become unnecessary or unsuitable or inconvenient for the purpose for

9 which it was acquired, it may be sold and conveyed by the board, with the  
10 concurrence of the city council, to the highest and best bidder, after giving  
11 at least thirty days' notice of sale in one or more newspapers of general cir-  
12 culation published within the city, at least five times, the first publication to  
13 be at least thirty days before the day of sale, and if no newspaper is published  
14 in the city then by posting at least five copies of the notice in five public places  
15 in the city at least thirty days before the sale, which notice shall specify the  
16 property to be sold, and the time, place, and terms of sale. The deed of con-  
17 veyance shall be executed by the chairman and secretary, and the proceeds paid  
18 to the city treasurer for the benefit of the vocational school fund.

Sec. 16. BOARD TO KEEP WITHIN INCOME.] (1) The board of vocational  
2 education shall not add to its expenditures anything over and above the amount  
3 that shall be received from the State in aid of the schools established under the  
4 provisions of this Act; and the amount raised annually by local taxation for the  
5 support of such schools, or received from other sources of revenue. If the board  
5½ shall add to such expenditures the city shall not in any case be liable therefor.

6 (2) Nothing herein contained shall be construed so as to authorize the levy  
7 or collection of any tax upon the demand or under the direction of the board  
8 of vocational education.

Sec. 17. TAX LEVY TO SUPPORT VOCATIONAL SCHOOLS.] The city council shall  
2 levy a tax not to exceed one-tenth of one per cent for operating expenses, and  
3 one-tenth of one per cent for building purposes, annually on all taxable prop-  
4 erty in the city for the support of schools organized under the provisions of  
5 this Act, such tax to be levied and collected in like manner with the general  
6 taxes of the city, and the proceeds to be known as the "vocational school  
7 fund," which tax shall be in addition to all other taxes which the city is now  
8 or may hereafter be authorized to levy.

Sec. 18. PAYMENTS FROM VOCATIONAL SCHOOL FUND.] All moneys raised by  
2 taxation for the support of schools established under the provisions of this  
3 Act or received from the State in aid of such schools or from any other source



4 for such purpose shall be held by the city treasurer as a special fund for voca-  
 5 tional schools, subject to the order of the board of vocational education, and  
 6 shall be paid out only upon warrants signed by the chairman and secretary  
 7 of the board and countersigned by the mayor and city comptroller, or, if there  
 8 is no city comptroller, by the city clerk.

Sec. 19. ESTABLISHMENT OF VOCATIONAL SCHOOLS IN VILLAGES AND INCORPOR-  
 2 ATED TOWNS.] Any village or incorporated town in the State may adopt and  
 3 become entitled to the benefits of this Act, and may establish and maintain  
 4 vocational schools, in the manner prescribed for cities in this Act.

Sec. 20. ESTABLISHMENT OF VOCATIONAL SCHOOLS IN COUNTRY DISTRICTS.] (1)  
 2 Any school district or any number of adjacent school districts, or any town-  
 3 ship or any number of adjacent townships, or any other contiguous and com-  
 4 pact territory, provided that such school district or districts, or such township  
 5 or townships, or such other territory, has a population of more than one thou-  
 6 sand persons, as shown by the last preceding federal or State census, or by a  
 7 special census, may be organized as a vocational school district and  
 7½ may establish and maintain a vocational school or vocational schools,  
 8 in the following manner: Whenever fifty qualified electors, residing in the ter-  
 9 ritory, shall petition the county judge of the county in which the territory, or  
 10 the greater part thereof, is situated, to submit to the qualified electors resid-  
 11 ing in the territory the proposition whether the territory shall be organized  
 12 as a vocational school district, and shall establish and maintain a vocational  
 13 school or vocational schools therein, in accordance with the provisions of this  
 14 Act, it shall be the duty of the county judge to submit the proposition at the  
 15 next State, county, or other general election, occurring more than forty days  
 16 after the date on which the petition is filed, and an order shall be entered  
 17 of record in the county court, submitting the proposition. Such territory shall  
 18 not include any part of a city of over ten thousand inhabitants, as shown by  
 19 the last preceding federal or State census, but may include any part or all of  
 20 any city of ten thousand inhabitants or less, or of any village or incorporated  
 21 town, situated within the territory, which has not at that time adopted this Act.

22       (2) The form of petition required by the foregoing section may be sub-  
23 stantially as follows:

24 STATE OF ILLINOIS, }  
25     County of..... }

26 *To the County Judge:*

27       We, the undersigned, being fifty or more qualified electors residing within  
28 the following described territory:

29                               (Here describe territory)  
30 respectfully petition you to give notice of an election to be held according to  
31 the provisions of an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the establishment  
32 and maintenance of a system of vocational education in the State of Illinois,"  
33 approved....., 1915, in effect....., 1915, for the purpose of de-  
34 ciding for or against the proposition of organizing the above described territory  
35 as a vocational school district, and establishing and maintaining therein a vo-  
36 cational school or vocational schools for the benefit of the inhabitants of the dis-  
37 trict.

38	NAMES.	POSTOFFICE ADDRESSES.
	.....	.....
	.....	.....
	.....	.....
	.....	.....

39       I, ....., hereby certify that I am a qualified elector and  
40 reside within the territory described in the foregoing petition, and that the  
41 signatures on this sheet were signed in my presence, and are genuine, and  
42 that to the best of my knowledge and belief the persons so signing were at  
43 the time of signing qualified to sign the petition.

44       Subscribed and sworn to before me, a notary public in and for the county  
45 of.....and State of Illinois, this.....day of....., 19....  
46 [SEAL] .....

(3) In case the petitioners cannot agree upon the boundary lines of the proposed district, any residents of the proposed district may apply to the State Board of Vocational Education, whose decision, after an opportunity to all parties to be heard, shall be final.

(4) The county judge shall give at least thirty days' notice of the election by publishing a notice in one or more newspapers of general circulation published within the territory, at least five times, the first publication to be at least thirty days before the day of the election; and if no newspaper is published within the territory then by posting at least five copies of the notice in five public places within the territory at least thirty days before the election.

57 (5)- These notices shall contain a description of the territory and shall  
58 specify the time, place, and object of the election, and may be in the follow-  
59 ing form:

60 STATE OF ILLINOIS } NOTICE OF ELECTION.  
61 County of ..... }

62 Notice is hereby given that on....., the.....day of.....  
63 19...., an election will be held at.....for the purpose of deciding for or  
64 against the proposition of organizing the following described territory as  
65 a vocational school district, and establishing and maintaining therein a voca-  
66 tional school or vocational schools for the benefit of the inhabitants of the dis-  
67 trict:

68 (Here describe territory)

69 The polls will be opened at.....o'clock ....m, and closed at..... o'clock  
70 .....m.

71      Dated this.....day of....., 19....

72 *County Judge.*

(6) The election shall be held under the election law in force in the territory, except as herein otherwise provided, and all electors, whether men or women, who have resided in the territory for more than one year next preceding the election, and who are qualified to vote for trustees of the State uni-

77 versity, shall be eligible to vote at the election. The ballots to be used at the  
 78 election shall be in the following form:

FOR the organization of the following described territory as a vocational school district and the establishment and maintenance therein of a vocational school or vocational schools: (Here describe territory)	
AGAINST the organization of the following-described territory as a vocational school district and the establishment and maintenance therein of a vocational school or vocational schools: (Here describe territory)	

79 The voter shall mark an X or cross-mark in the square following and opposite  
 80 the proposition favored, and the ballots shall be so counted.

81 (7) If it shall appear upon a canvass of the returns that a majority of the  
 82 votes cast at the election are in favor of the organization of the territory as a  
 83 vocational school district and the establishment and maintenance therein of a  
 84 vocational school or vocational schools, the territory shall thereby and there-  
 85 upon become and be known as a vocational school district, and it shall be the  
 86 duty of the county judge to give further notice of an election to be held within  
 87 twenty days, for the purpose of electing a board of vocational education, which  
 88 shall consist of six elected members, with the county superintendent of schools of  
 89 the county in which the vocational school district, or the greater part thereof, is  
 90 situated, as an ex officio member.

Sec. 21. ELECTION OF BOARD OF VOCATIONAL EDUCATION IN COUNTRY DISTRICT.]

2 (1) The county judge shall give at least fifteen days' notice of the election  
 3 by publishing a notice in one or more newspapers of general circulation pub-  
 4 lished within the vocational school district, at least five times, the first publica-  
 5 tion to be at least fifteen days before the day of the election; and if no news-  
 6 paper is published within the district then by posting at least five copies of the  
 7 notice in five public places within the district at least fifteen days before the  
 8 election.

9 (2) These notices shall specify the time, place, and object of the election,  
 10 and may be in the following form:

11 STATE OF ILLINOIS, }  
 12 COUNTY OF..... } NOTICE OF ELECTION.



13 Notice is hereby given that on....., the .....day  
 14 of....., 19...., an election will be held at.....for  
 15 the purpose of electing a board of vocational education for this vocational school  
 16 district.

17 The polls will be opened at.....o'clock .....m., and closed at.....  
 18 o'clock .....m.

19 Dated this.....day of....., 19....

20 .....

21 ..... County Judge.

22 The election shall be held under the election law in force in the district, ex-  
 23 cept as herein otherwise provided, and all electors, whether men or women, who  
 24 have resided in the district for more than one year next preceding the elec-  
 25 tion, and who are qualified to vote for trustees of the State University, shall  
 26 be eligible to vote at the election.

27 (4) Two of the six elective members shall be elected for one year, two  
 28 for two years, and two for three years, from the second Saturday in April  
 29 next preceding the election. Each year after the first year two members shall  
 30 be elected to serve for three years, and all subsequent elections for members of  
 31 the board shall be held on the second Saturday of April; and public notice of  
 32 such elections shall be given by the treasurer of the district.

33 (5) Any citizen who (1) has attained the age of twenty-one years; and (2)  
 34 is a resident of the vocational school district; and (3) is able to read and  
 35 write the English language; and (4) is not a treasurer of any township lying in  
 36 whole or in part within the vocational school district, shall be eligible to the  
 37 office of member of the board of vocational education.

Sec. 22. NUMBERING OF VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS.] The vocational  
 2 school districts of each county shall be numbered by the county superintendent  
 3 of schools consecutively, beginning with number one. If a vocational school dis-  
 4 trict is situated in two or more counties it shall be designated by a number  
 5 agreed upon by the county superintendents of the counties, which number shall  
 6 not be a duplicate of any number in any of the counties.



Sec. 23. POWERS AND DUTIES OF BOARDS IN DISTRICTS.] (1) The board of

2 vocational education of a vocational school district shall have all the powers  
3 and duties of, and be subject to all the restrictions imposed by this Act upon  
4 boards of vocational education in cities, except that it shall not be necessary  
5 for the board of vocational education of a vocational school district to secure  
6 the concurrence of any other corporate body for the buying or leasing of sites or  
7 the erection or purchase of buildings or the keeping of them in repair, or for  
8 the sale of real estate, or for the levying of a tax; or to report to any corporate  
9 body other than the State Board of Vocational education.

10 (2) The board shall be a body corporate, with power to sue and to be  
11 sued; and proceedings to condemn property for the use of the vocational  
12 schools of the district shall be in the name of and conveyances shall be made  
13 to, and title taken by, the board of vocational education of the district.

Sec. 24. ESTABLISHING VOTING PRECINCTS.] The board of vocational educa-

2 tion of the district shall also have power to establish a suitable number of vot-  
3 ing precincts for conducting all elections under this Act and to fix the boundaries  
4 thereof for the accommodation of the voters of the district, in each of which  
5 voting precincts there shall be one voting place designated by the board. When-  
6 ever the board shall establish more than one voting precinct it shall appoint two  
7 judges and one clerk for each voting place.

Sec. 25. ELECTION TO AUTHORIZE PURCHASE OR LOCATION OF SITE OR ERECTION

2 OF BUILDING.] The board of vocational education of a vocational school district  
3 shall not purchase a schoolhouse site, or purchase, build, or move a school-  
4 house, or sell any real estate belonging to the vocational school district, unless  
5 authorized by a majority of the votes cast at an election called for the purpose  
6 in pursuance of a petition signed by not fewer than two hundred qualified elect-  
7 ors of the district, or by one-fifth of all the qualified electors of the district,  
8 whichever number is the smaller. The qualifications of electors, the petition,  
9 notice, and ballots used, and all other details of the election, shall be the same,  
10 as far as practicable, as those herein prescribed for elections for the establish-

ment of vocational schools in country districts, except as herein otherwise provided.

Sec. 26. TREASURER OF VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT.] (1) In all cases where a vocational school district lies entirely within, or is coextensive with, a school township under the general school law, the township treasurer shall be *ex officio treasurer of the district*.

(2) In all cases where a vocational school district includes the whole of one, and parts of one or more additional, school townships under the general school law, the township treasurer of the township which lies entirely within the vocational school district shall be *ex officio treasurer of the district*.

(3) In all other cases the township treasurer of that township, lying partly or wholly within the vocational school district, which has the greatest assessed valuation for the part lying within the vocational school district, shall be *ex officio treasurer of the district*; but if at the time of the first meeting of the board of vocational education of the district after the election of members of the board in any year there is no township treasurer, elected and qualified, for any township in which the vocational school district, or any part of it, lies, then the board of vocational education shall elect a treasurer, who shall serve for a year.

(4) At the first meeting of the board of vocational education after the election of members each year, the board shall cause the chairman and secretary to certify to the collectors who collect the taxes of any part of the territory included within the district the name of the treasurer of the district.

(5) Before entering upon his duties the treasurer shall execute a bond, with two or more freeholders, who shall not be members of the board of vocational education, as sureties, payable to the board and conditioned upon the faithful discharge of his duties. The penalty of the bond shall be at least twice the amount of all moneys and effects of which he is to have the custody, and shall be increased from time to time as the increase of the amount of moneys and effects may require, and whenever in the judgment of the board the security is insufficient.

30 (6) The treasurer shall receive, in full payment for his services, a com-  
31 pensation to be fixed annually in advance by the board.

32 (7) The treasurer shall arrange and keep his accounts in such manner as  
33 may be directed by the State Board of Vocational Education, and these accounts  
34 shall be subject at all times to the inspection of the State or local board or any  
35 members thereof, or any persons authorized by this Act, or the public gen-  
36 erally.

37 (8) The treasurer shall pay out no funds of the vocational school district  
38 except upon an order of the board of vocational education of the district,  
39 signed by the chairman and secretary.

40 (9) The treasurer shall be the only lawful depository and custodian of all  
41 vocational school district funds, and shall demand, receipt for, and safely keep,  
42 according to law, all moneys, effects, books, and papers of every description  
43 belonging to the vocational school district; but all such moneys, effects, books,  
44 and papers shall be kept separate and distinct from the moneys and property  
45 of the township or general school district, and shall be devoted solely to the use  
46 of the vocational schools of the district.

47 (10) Members of boards of vocational education of vocational school dis-  
48 tricts shall be liable, jointly and severally, for the sufficiency of securities  
49 taken from treasurers; and in case of judgment against any treasurer and his  
50 securities for or on account of any default of the treasurer, on which the money  
51 shall not be made for want of sufficient property whereon to levy execution,  
52 action on the case may be maintained against the members, jointly and sever-  
53 ally, and the amount not collected on the judgment shall be recovered with costs  
54 of suit from the members. If the members can show satisfactorily that the se-  
55 curity taken from the treasurer was, at the time it was taken, good and sufficient,  
56 they shall not be liable.

Sec. 27. PENALTY FOR NEGLECT OF DUTY BY SCHOOL OFFICERS.] For a failure

2 on the part of the treasurer, or the secretary of the board of vocational educa-  
3 tion of any vocational school district, or any member of the board, to comply with



4 any of the requirements of this Act he shall be liable to a penalty of not less  
5 than five dollars or more than fifty dollars, to be recovered before any justice  
6 of the peace of the county in which the offense is committed.

Sec. 28. LEVYING TAXES IN VOCATIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS.] (1) The board of  
2 vocational education of each vocational school district shall be authorized to  
3 levy a tax annually upon all the taxable property of the district not to exceed  
4 one-tenth of one per cent for operating expenses, and one-tenth of one per cent  
5 for building purposes, upon the equalized valuation to be ascertained by the last  
6 assessment for State and county taxes, for the support of schools organized  
7 under the provisions of this Act.

8 (2) The board of vocational education of the district shall ascertain an-  
9 nually as nearly as practicable how much money must be raised by special taxes  
10 for operating expenses and building purposes for the next ensuing year. Such  
11 amounts shall be certified and returned to the treasurer of the vocational school  
12 district on or before the first Tuesday in August. This certificate shall be  
13 signed by the chairman and secretary, and may be in the following form:

14 We hereby certify that we require the sum of.....to be levied  
15 as a special tax for operating expenses, and the sum of:.....to be  
16 levied as a special tax for building purposes, on the equalized assessed value  
17 of the taxable property of our vocational school district for the year 19....

18 Signed this.....day of....., 19....

19 A.....B.....Chairman.

20 C.....D.....Secretary.

21 Vocational school district number....., .....County

22 The treasurer shall return the certificate to the county clerk, on or before  
23 the second Monday of August. A failure on the part of the board of vocational  
24 education to file the certificate, or of the treasurer to return it to the county  
25 clerk in the time required, shall not vitiate the assessment.

26 (3) It shall be the duty of the county clerk to compute each taxable per-  
27 son's tax in each vocational school district, and to levy the tax, and cause it to

28 be collected, in the same manner, and at the same time, and by the same per-  
29 son, as the general school taxes.

30 (4) When a vocational school district lies partly in two or more counties  
31 the board of vocational education shall ascertain as nearly as practicable the  
32 amount to be raised by special taxes for operating expenses and building pur-  
33 poses, and shall prepare a certificate for each county in which the district lies,  
34 and deliver the certificates to the treasurer of the district, who shall return a  
35 certificate to each of the county clerks of the counties in which a part of the  
36 district is situated. On the first Monday of October, annually, or as soon there-  
37 after as may be practicable, the county clerk of each of the counties shall as-  
38 certain the total equalized valuation of all the taxable property in such part of  
39 the district as lies in his county, and certify the amount thereof to the county  
40 clerk of each of the other counties in which the district lies; and from the ag-  
41 gregate of such equalized valuation, and from the certificate of the amount so re-  
42 quired to be levied, the clerks shall ascertain the rate per cent required to pro-  
43 duce in the district the amount of levy, and at that rate shall extend the spe-  
44 cial tax to be levied for operating expenses and building purposes in that part  
45 of the district lying in their respective counties.

46 (5) It shall be the duty of the assessors when making assessments of per-  
47 sonal property to designate the number of the vocational school district, if any,  
48 in which the person assessed resides.

Sec. 29. ANNEXATION OF TERRITORY.] Any territory not a part of any voca-  
2 tional school district may be annexed to a vocational school district to which  
3 the said territory is adjacent, in the following manner:

4 (1) Upon petition of five per cent of the qualified electors of the territory  
5 to be annexed, and five per cent of the qualified electors of the vocational school  
6 district to which annexation is desired, filed with the county judge of the county  
7 in which the vocational school district, or the greater part thereof, is situated,  
8 at least forty days previous to the second Saturday of March of any year, the  
9 county judge shall give notice of an election, to be held on the second Saturday



10 of March, for the purpose of deciding the question whether the said territory  
 11 shall be annexed to the vocational school district, which notice shall specify the  
 12 time, place, and object of the election, and shall be given in the same man-  
 13 ner, and for the same length of time, and in substantially the same form as the  
 14 notice provided for in section 20 of this Act. Only the qualified electors, men  
 15 and women, of the vocational school district and of the territory to be annexed  
 16 shall be eligible to vote.

17 (2) The election shall be held in the manner provided by law for the hold-  
 18 ing of elections for members of boards of vocational education of vocational  
 19 school districts, and the ballots of the election shall be canvassed as in other  
 20 vocational school elections.

21 (3) If it shall appear upon a canvass of the returns that a majority of  
 22 the votes cast at the election in the vocational school district, and a majority of  
 23 the votes cast at the election in the territory to be annexed, are in favor of the  
 24 annexation of the said territory, the territory shall be and become so annexed,  
 25 and shall thereafter be subject to taxation for the support of the vocational  
 26 school or schools of the district, including the payment of any bonded indebted-  
 27 ness of the district, and interest thereon thereafter falling due, as fully and to  
 28 the same extent as is or may be provided by law for the levying of taxes upon  
 29 property for the support of the vocational school or schools of the district. The  
 30 taxes collected from the annexed territory for the support of vocational schools  
 31 shall be paid by the officer collecting them to the treasurer of the vocational  
 32 school district.

Sec. 30. DETACHING OF TERRITORY.] Territory may be detached from one  
 2 vocational school district and added to an adjacent district by a majority vote  
 3 of the qualified electors of each of the districts, upon petition, notice, and  
 4 election, in the manner hereinabove provided for the annexation of territory to  
 5 a vocational school district; and a new district may be created, in whole or in  
 6 part, from adjacent parts, or all, of one or more adjacent vocational school dis-  
 7 tricts, in the same manner.

Sec. 31. DISCONTINUING A DISTRICT.] (1) When any vocational school dis-

trict desires to discontinue entirely the vocational school or vocational schools maintained therein, the county judge of the county in which the district, or the greater part thereof, is situated, upon petition of a majority of the qualified electors of the district, filed in the county court at least forty days previous to the second Saturday of March of any year, shall give notice of an election, to be held on the second Saturday of March, for the purpose of deciding the question whether such vocational school or schools shall be discontinued entirely, which notice shall specify the time, place, and object to the election, and shall be given in the same manner, and for the same length of time, and in substantially the same form as the notice provided for in section 20 of this Act.

(2) If it shall appear upon a canvass of the returns that a majority of the votes cast at the election are in favor of the entire discontinuing of the vocational school or schools maintained in the district, the board of vocational education shall surrender the assets of the vocational school or schools to the general school district fund of the township or townships interested in proportion to the assessed valuation of the townships or parts of the townships comprising the vocational school district.

Sec. 32. ISSUING BONDS.] (1) For the purpose of building and repairing

schoolhouses, or purchasing or improving school sites, the board of vocational education of a city, village, incorporated town, or vocational school district, when authorized by a majority of the votes cast at an election held for that purpose, at the time of holding a general election, may borrow money; and, as evidence of such indebtedness, may issue bonds, in denomination of not less than one hundred dollars, and bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per cent per annum.

(2) The board of vocational education shall give at least thirty days' notice of such election, which notice shall specify the time, place, and object of the election, and shall be given in the same manner, and for the same length of time, and in substantially the same form, as the notice provided for in section 20 of this Act.

Sec. 33. INTEREST ON VOCATIONAL SCHOOL FUND A PART OF FUND.] Neither  
 2 the treasurer nor any other officer having the custody of the vocational school  
 3 funds of any city, village, incorporated town, or vocational school district, shall  
 4 be entitled to retain any interest accruing thereon or any part thereof, but the  
 5 interest shall accrue and inure to the benefit of the fund and become a part  
 6 thereof.

Sec. 34. STATE VOCATIONAL SCHOOL TAX.] There shall be annually assessed  
 2 and collected, at the same time and in the same manner as other State taxes,  
 3 such rate of tax on the equalized valuation of the property of this State, as is or  
 4 may be provided by the laws concerning vocational schools, which tax shall be  
 5 denominated the "State Vocational School Tax," and the moneys arising there-  
 6 from shall be distributed in such manner as is or may be provided by the laws  
 7 of this State concerning vocational schools; and no part of the fund raised by  
 8 this tax shall be diverted to or used for any other purpose than the support and  
 9 maintenance of vocational schools in this State.

Sec. 35. STATE AID FOR VOCATIONAL SCHOOLS.] (1) Whenever any city, vil-  
 2 lage, incorporated town, or vocational school district shall establish one or  
 3 more schools under the provisions of this Act, such city, village, incorporated  
 4 town, or vocational school district shall be entitled to receive annually from  
 5 the State in aid of the school or schools, as long as the school or schools shall  
 6 be approved by the State Board of Vocational Education, an amount equal to  
 7 one-half of the operating expenses of the school or schools, and the amount of  
 8 this State aid is hereby made a charge against the State of Illinois, and shall,  
 9 upon requisition of the State Board of Vocational Education, be paid annually  
 10 on or before the first Tuesday of September to the treasurer of the city, vil-  
 11 lage, incorporated town, or vocational school district, upon the warrant of  
 12 the Auditor of Public Accounts, out of any money in the treasury appro-  
 13 priated for such purpose.

14 (2) All boards of vocational education shall keep a true and accurate ac-  
 15 count of all moneys expended by them for all purposes, stating separately the



16 amount charged to operating expenses, and shall report the account to the State  
17 Board of Vocational Education on or before the second Tuesday of July of  
18 each year, for approval.

19 (3) No State aid shall be given for any vocational school in any year  
20 unless the school is approved for the year by the State Board of Vocational  
21 Education as to organization, equipment, courses of study, qualifications of  
22 teachers, methods of instruction, conditions of admission, and expenditure of  
23 money.

24 (4) The vocational schools of the State, whether in cities, villages, incor-  
25 porated towns, or vocational school districts, shall be supported exclusively (1)  
26 by local taxes levied for vocational school purposes, (2) by State aid for voca-  
27 tional school purposes, and (3) by other revenue for vocational school pur-  
28 poses, as provided by law; and no moneys raised by local taxation for any  
29 other school purposes, or appropriated from the State treasury for any other  
30 school purposes, shall ever be used for the establishment or support of voca-  
31 tional schools.

Sec. 36. LAW GOVERNING ELECTIONS.] The time and manner of opening, con-  
2 ducting and closing the elections, and the several liabilities appertaining to the  
3 judges, clerks, and voters, separately and collectively, and the manner of con-  
4 testing elections, under the provisions of this Act, shall be the same as pre-  
5 scribed by the general election laws of the State, as far as applicable, except  
6 as herein otherwise provided.

Sec. 37. TIME LIMIT FOR ESTABLISHING SCHOOLS.] Within three years after  
2 the adoption of this Act by any city, village, or incorporated town, or the organ-  
3 ization of any vocational school district, and thereafter, it shall be the duty  
4 of the local board of vocational education to provide and maintain facilities for  
5 the vocational education of all persons residing in the city, village, incorporated  
6 town, or vocational school district, who are between the ages of fourteen and  
7 seventeen years, and are not pupils in regular attendance at school.

Sec. 38. COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE.] (1) When the board of vocational edu-

2 cation of any city, village, incorporated town, or vocational school district shall  
3 have established a vocational continuation school, or part-time classes, for  
4 young persons employed in any occupation, or in unskilled labor, or unem-  
5 ployed, the attendance at such schools or in such classes, of all such persons  
6 residing in the city, village, incorporated town, or vocational school district,  
7 and being between the ages of fourteen and seventeen years, shall be compul-  
8 sory, for not less than six hours a week for forty weeks each year, or, in the  
9 case of agricultural employees, for not less than two hundred and forty hours  
10 each year.

11 (2) When these schools or classes shall not have facilities for the care  
12 and instruction of all such young persons, the board of vocational education  
13 may temporarily excuse young persons from attendance, until such facilities  
14 are furnished.

15 (3) When any young person is in regular attendance elsewhere, for not  
16 less than six hours a week, not earlier than seven o'clock a. m., or later than  
17 six o'clock p. m., in classes at which he or she receives instruction which in the  
18 judgment of the State Board of Vocational Education is equivalent to that pro-  
19 vided in schools or classes maintained under this Act, such young person shall  
20 not be required to attend the schools or classes maintained under this Act.

21 (4) Whenever any vocational school or schools shall be established in any  
22 city, village, or incorporated town, or in any vocational school district, for  
23 minors between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years working under certifi-  
24 cates as now provided by law, all such minors residing within the city, village,  
25 or incorporated town, or vocational school district, shall attend such school not  
26 less than six hours a week for forty weeks each year, or, in the case of agricul-  
27 tural employees, for not less than two hundred and forty hours each year, be-  
28 tween the hours of seven o'clock a. m. and six o'clock p. m., and every employer  
29 shall allow all minor employees between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years  
30 a reduction in hours of work not less than the number of hours the minor is  
31 by this section required to attend school. Employers shall allow the reduction



32 in hours of work at the time when the classes which the minor is required by  
33 law to attend are held, whenever the working time and the class time coincide.

34 (5) The total number of hours spent by such minors at work and in the  
35 before-mentioned schools shall not exceed the total number of hours of work  
36 for which minors between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years may by law  
37 be employed, except when the minor shall attend school a greater number of  
38 hours than is required by law, in which case the total number of hours may be  
39 increased by the excess of the hours of school attendance over the minimum pre-  
40 scribed by law.

41 (6) No person shall be required to attend school before the hour of  
42 seven o'clock a. m., or after the hour of six o'clock p. m.

43 (7) It shall be the duty of every person having control of any boy or  
44 girl who is subject to the provisions of this section to cause the boy or girl to  
45 attend a vocational school as herein provided.

46 (8) For every neglect of this duty the person so offending shall forfeit  
47 to the use of the vocational schools of the city, village, incorporated town, or  
48 vocational school district, in which the boy or girl resides, a sum not less than  
49 five dollars or more than twenty dollars, and costs of suit, and shall stand com-  
50 mitted until such fine and costs of suit are paid.

51 (9) It shall be the duty of every employer of any young person who is  
52 subject to the provisions of this section to allow such young person time from  
53 his regular hours of employment for the purpose of attending a vocational  
54 school, as provided in this section; and the employer shall cease forthwith to  
55 employ such young person when notified in writing by the local board of voca-  
56 tional education that the young person is not attending school as provided in  
57 this section.

58 (10) For every neglect of the duty imposed upon employers by this sec-  
59 tion, with reference to any young person employed, the person so offending shall  
60 forfeit to the use of the vocational schools of the city, village, incorporated  
61 town, or vocational school district, in which the young person resides, a sum

not less than five dollars or more than twenty dollars, and costs of suit, and shall stand committed until such fine and costs of suit are paid.

(11) No person under the age of fourteen years shall be admitted to, or be a pupil in, any vocational school established or maintained under this Act.

Sec. 39. DEFINITIONS.] The following terms used in this Act shall, unless the contrary intention appears, have the meanings hereby respectively assigned to them, namely:

(1) The term "teachers" in this Act shall be held to include all teachers, principals, and superintendents who are employed in the public vocational schools of a city, village, incorporated town, or vocational school district, or by the State Board of Vocational Education.

(2) The term "city council" in this Act shall be held to include the mayor and commissioners, in cities under the commission form of municipal government; and also the board, in cities not having a city council and in villages and incorporated towns, to which is given by law the power and duty of levying taxes for general city, town, or village purposes.

(3) The term "board of education" of a city, village, or incorporated town in this Act shall be held to include the board of school directors or other corporate body to which is given by law the management and control of the schools of the city, village, or incorporated town.

(4) The term "a majority of the votes cast at the election" in this Act shall be held to mean a majority of the total number of votes cast at that election on the proposition in question and entitled to be counted under the provisions of this Act.

(5) The term "qualified electors" in this Act shall be held to mean all persons, whether men or women, entitled to vote for trustees of the State University.

(6) The term "operating expenses" in this Act shall be held to mean all of the expenses of supporting vocational schools except for the purchase of real estate, the erection of buildings, and the permanent equipment thereof.

Sec. 40. INTENTION OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY.] The invalidity of any portion  
2 of this Act shall not affect the validity of any other portion thereof which can  
3 be given effect without the invalid parts, the intention being that the courts of  
4 this State shall presume conclusively that it is the intention of the General As-  
5 sembly that all the provisions of this Act, which are not in and of themselves  
6 invalid, shall be given effect, notwithstanding that the courts, but for the pro-  
7 visions of this section, might presume it to be the intention of the General As-  
8 sembly that the valid portions of this Act should not be given effect unless the  
9 portions thereof which are invalid would also be given effect.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Groves, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

A BILL

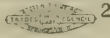
For an Act to amend Section 146 of an Act entitled, “An Act to revise the law in relation to Justices of the Peace and Constables,” approved June 26, 1895, in force July 1, 1895.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That Section 146 of an Act entitled “An Act to revise the law in relation to Justices of the Peace and Constables,” approved June 26, 1895, in force July 1, 1895, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 146. When any Justice of the Peace shall resign his office or remove from the town or precinct in which he is elected it shall be his duty to return his docket and all papers relating to the business transacted before him to the office of the county clerk with all copies of the statutes which he may have received from that officer or from any other Justice of the Peace and in case of the death of any Justice of the Peace it shall be the duty of the person having possession of said docket, papers and statutes to deliver them as aforesaid. Upon the election and qualification of the successor of such Justice of the Peace, the docket papers and statutes of such



10 Justice of the Peace, shall be delivered to his successor in office by the county  
11 clerk and such successor in office shall proceed to the completion of unfinished  
12 business, as though the term of office of such Justice of the Peace who may die,  
13 resign or remove had expired. *Provided, that after said docket has been de-*  
14 *livered to the county clerk and until the appointment or election and qualifica-*  
15 *tion of the successor of such Justice of the Peace, any other Justice of the*  
16 *Peace with the consent and permission of such county clerk, may proceed to the*  
17 *completion of any business left unfinished upon such docket as if such proceed-*  
18 *ings had been originally instituted before him.*



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Hamlin (by request), March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

## A BILL

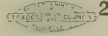
For an Act to revise the law in relation to paupers, approved March 23, 1874, in  
force July 1, 1874, and amendments thereto.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*

2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That every poor person who shall be un-  
3 able to earn a livelihood in consequence of any bodily infirmity, idiocy, lunacy,  
4 or other unavoidable cause, shall be supported by the father, grandfather,  
5 mother, grandmother, children, grandchildren, brothers or sisters of such poor  
6 person, "person declared to be the father by a court of competent jurisdiction,  
7 and the father, mother, and children of such person who is declared as aforesaid  
8 to be the father of such poor person," if they, or either of them, be of sufficient  
9 ability: *Provided*, that when any persons become paupers from intemperance  
10 or other bad conduct they shall not be entitled to support from any relation ex-  
11 cept parent and child or person declared to be the father.

12 Any laws in conflict with this Act are hereby repealed.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Hamlin (by request), March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

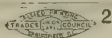
## A BILL

For an Act to revise the law in relation to register births of children

- SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*
- 2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That whenever any woman shall give
- 3 birth to a child, the father, mother, physician, or any person attending said birth
- 4 shall file a certificate in the Clerk's office of the County in which said birth has
- 5 taken place setting forth the fact of said birth, whether said child is a male or
- 6 female, and color, also date and place of such birth, names and addresses of per-
- 7 sons attending said birth and the names of the father and mother of said child
- 8 within six months after the birth of said child. A certificate filed as aforesaid by
- 9 any one charged with the filing thereof shall release the others.
- 10 It is further provided that any person charged as aforesaid, shall fail to file
- 11 the certificate within the time provided by the foregoing section, shall be fined
- 12 not less than \$200 or imprisoned in the County Jail for one year or both in the
- 13 discretion of the Court.
- 14 Any laws in conflict with this Act are hereby repealed.







1 Introduced by Mr. Hoffman, March 23, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the election of boards of education in certain districts," approved May 15, 1903, in force July 1, 1903, as amended by an Act approved and in force March 29, 1911, by amending section one (1) thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the election of boards of education in certain districts," approved May 15, 1903, in force July 1, 1903, as amended by an Act approved and in force March 29, 1911, be and hereby is amended by amending section one (1) thereof so that said section when amended shall read as follows:*

Sec. 1. That in *every* school district in this State, existing by virtue of any special charter, where the board of education is elected or appointed by the common council of the city, of which school district such city may form the whole or a part, there shall be elected, hereafter, in said school district, a board of education, to consist of *nine* members, to be elected *on the first Tuesday of April, in each year. At the first election held after this Act shall take effect, three*

13 members shall be elected to succeed the members whose term of office then ex-  
 14 pires, to serve for the term of three years, and, additional members shall be elect-  
 15 ed so that each existing class shall be increased to three members respectively,  
 16 and thereafter, three members shall be elected annually, to serve for the term of  
 17 three years. Such elections shall be governed by the same laws and regula-  
 18 tions and shall be conducted by the same officers as are other municipal elections  
 19 in such city. Within ten days after each regular election the members of the  
 20 board of education shall meet and organize by electing one of their number  
 21 president, and by electing a secretary.

22 The board of education, when elected and qualified, shall have the powers  
 23 and discharge the duties of trustees of schools in school townships, and, in ad-  
 24 dition thereto, it shall have the powers and discharge the duties of boards of  
 25 education elected pursuant to the general school law of the State.

26 Provided, however, that where any such school district shall lie wholly with-  
 27 in or partly within and partly without any such city, village or incorporated  
 28 town and said city, village or incorporated town, has adopted or may adopt an  
 29 Act entitled, "An Act regulating the holding of elections and declaring the  
 30 result thereof in cities, villages and incorporated towns in this State," approved  
 31 June 19, 1885, and in force July 1, 1885, and Acts amendatory thereof, then the  
 32 board of directors or board of education of such school district shall locate the  
 33 polling place or places, appoint the judges and clerks and otherwise conduct the  
 34 election in that portion or part of the school district that lies without such city,  
 35 village or incorporated town, in the manner now provided by law, except as here-  
 36 inafter provided, but no one residing without such city, village or incorporated  
 37 town shall vote at any polling place within, nor shall any one residing within  
 38 vote at any polling place without, and the votes cast at the polling place or  
 39 places without such city, village or incorporated town, shall be returned, certified  
 40 and canvassed as is now provided by law in such cases, and in addition thereto a  
 41 complete abstract of the vote cast and canvassed shall be made, certified and  
 42 returned to the board of election commissioners of such city, village or incor-  
 43 porated town:

44       *And, provided, further,* that in all that part or portion of such school dis-  
45 trict that lies within such city, village or incorporated town, and in such school-  
46 district, when the same lies wholly within any such city, village or incorporated  
47 town, the election for such board of directors or board of education shall be con-  
48 ducted by the board of election commissioners of such city, village or incor-  
49 porated town and in accordance with the provisions of the said Act of June 19,  
50 1885, and the amendments thereto:

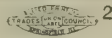
51       *And, provided, further,* when such school district lies partly within and part-  
52 ly without any such city, village or incorporated town, the said board of election  
53 commissioners shall certify the returns received by them from the polling place  
54 or places without such city, village or incorporated town, to the proper officer  
55 or officers; and all the returns so certified and returned by the said board of elec-  
56 tion commissioners shall be canvassed, together with the returns certified from  
57 the polling places within such city, village or incorporated town, by the same can-  
58 vassing board and the results thereof declared, and certificates of election shall  
59 be issued thereon the same as if all such votes had been cast in, certified and re-  
60 turned from such city, village or incorporated town:

61       *And, provided, further,* that the regular election for the members of such  
62 board of education in any such school district lying wholly within or partly with-  
63 in and partly without any such city, village or incorporated town, which city,  
64 village or incorporated town has adopted or may adopt said Act of June 19,  
65 1885, and Acts amendatory thereof, shall be held on the first Tuesday of the  
66 month of April of each and every year after the passage of this Act:

67       *And, provided, further,* that nominations of candidates for the office of mem-  
68 ber of said board of education to be voted for at all elections provided for in this  
69 Act shall be made only by petition in like manner as is provided for nominations  
70 of candidates by petition for town offices in counties under township organiza-  
71 tions by an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the printing and distribution  
72 of ballots at public expense, and for the nominations of candidates for public  
73 offices, to regulate the manner of holding elections, and to enforce the secrecy of  
74 the ballot," approved June 22, 1891, in force July 1, 1891, and Acts amendatory

75 thereof; such petitions to be addressed to and filed in the office of the said board  
76 of education, which board may certify to the said board of election commission-  
77 ers *or other proper officer* the petitions so filed, the said elections in other re-  
78 spects to be held under the provisions of the said Act of June 22, 1891, and Acts  
79 amendatory thereof, so far as the same may apply and may not be inconsistent  
80 with the provisions of this Act.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Hubbard. March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Temperance.

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## A BILL

For an Act to regulate the shipment, transportation and delivery of intoxicating liquor.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the phrases mentioned in this Sec-  
3 tion, as used in this Act and in proceedings pursuant hereto, shall be construed  
4 as follows:

5 “Intoxicating liquor” shall include all distilled, spirituous, vinous, fer-  
6 mented and malt liquors.

7 “Prohibition territory” shall mean any and all territory in this State with-  
8 in which, by, under or through any ordinance of any municipality, or any sta-  
9 tute or statutes of this State, the sale of intoxicating liquor or the licensing of  
10 such sale is prohibited with or without exceptions or limitations. *Provided*, the  
11 phrase “prohibition territory” shall not be construed to include territory with-  
12 in which a municipal ordinance is in force providing for the granting of dram-  
13 shop licenses within such territory.

Sec. 2. Whoever, by himself or another, either as principal, clerk or servant,  
2 shall, within this State, ship or cause to be shipped or offer for shipment, any



intoxicating liquor without so labeling or marking each vessel or package containing such liquor on the outside cover thereof as to plainly show the true name and address of the consignor and the consignee, and the kind and quantity of liquor contained therein, shall, for each offense, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than twenty dollars (\$20) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than ten (10) days nor more than thirty (30) days. If any person shall be convicted of violating any provision of this section and shall subsequently violate any provision of this section, he shall, for each offense, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days, nor more than ninety (90) days. And in like manner, if he shall subsequently violate any provision of this section for such third and each subsequent violation he shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than two hundred dollars (\$200) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than ninety (90) days nor more than one (1) year.

Sec. 3. Any common carrier who shall transport or convey by any means whatsoever from one place to another place within this State any intoxicating liquor unless each vessel or package containing such liquor be so labeled or marked on the outside cover thereof as to plainly show the name and address of the consignor and consignee and the kind and quantity of liquor contained therein, shall, for each offense, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than twenty dollars (\$20) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) or imprisoned in the county jail for not less than ten (10) days nor more than thirty (30) days, or both in the discretion of the court. If any person shall be convicted of violating any provision of this section, and shall subsequently violate any provision of this section, he shall, for each offense, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than ninety (90) days. And in like manner, if he shall subsequently violate any provision of this section for such third and each subsequent violation he shall, upon

conviction thereof, be fined not less than two hundred dollars (\$200) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and imprisoned in the county jail not less than ninety (90) days nor more than one (1) year.

Sec. 4. Any common carrier who shall in any manner convey or transport from one place to another place, or deliver any intoxicating liquor within prohibition territory without first plainly entering in a well bound book which he shall provide for the purpose and for that purpose only, the date of the reception by him of each vessel or package of such liquor received and the true name and address of the consignor, and the date of its delivery by him and the true name of the person to whom and the place where such liquor is delivered, or fail or neglect to procure a receipt for the same in said book from the person to whom it is delivered, or to keep such book open to the full and free inspection of all public officers and their deputies and agents at all times during business hours, shall, for each offense, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than twenty dollars (\$20) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) or imprisoned in the county jail for not less than ten (10) days nor more than thirty (30) days, or both in the discretion of the court. If any person shall be convicted of violating any provision of this section and shall subsequently violate any provision of this section he shall, for each offense, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than ninety (90) days. And, in like manner, if he shall subsequently violate any provision of this section for such third and each subsequent violation he shall, for each offense upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than two hundred dollars (\$200) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than ninety (90) days nor more than one (1) year.

Sec. 5. Whoever, shall, within prohibition territory, by himself or another, either as principal, clerk or servant, turn over to or deliver or attempt to deliver to any person any intoxicating liquor, shall, for each offense, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than twenty dollars (\$20) nor more than five hundred

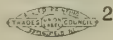
5 dollars (\$500) or imprisoned in the county jail for not less than ten (10) days nor  
 6 more than thirty (30) days, or both in the discretion of the court. If any person  
 7 shall be convicted of violating any provision of this section and shall subsequently  
 8 violate any provision of this section, he shall, for each offense, upon conviction  
 9 thereof, be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thou-  
 10 sand dollars (\$1,000) and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty  
 11 (30) days nor more than ninety (90) days. And in like manner, if he shall sub-  
 12 sequently violate any provision of this section for such third and each subsequent  
 13 violation he shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than two hundred  
 14 dollars (\$200) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and imprisoned in  
 15 the county jail for not less than ninety (90) days nor more than one (1) year:  
 16 *Provided*, the provisions of this section shall not be construed to prohibit the  
 17 delivery of intoxicating liquor to any person within prohibition territory to be  
 18 used by such person for any lawful purpose.

Sec. 6 All books and waybills used by all common carriers in handling, ship-  
 2 ping, transporting or delivering any intoxicating liquor shall be open to the full  
 3 and free inspection of all public officers and their deputies and agents at all times  
 4 during business hours, and they shall be permitted to copy any part of such  
 5 books or waybills relating to the shipment, transportation or delivery of any in-  
 6 toxicating liquor, and all such books and waybills shall be competent evidence to  
 7 prove such handling, shipping, transporting or delivery. Whoever, by himself  
 8 or another, either as principal, clerk or servant, shall fail or neglect or refuse  
 9 to keep all such books and waybills open to the full and free inspection of such  
 10 officers, their deputies and agents, or shall fail or refuse to allow any such offi-  
 11 cer or his deputy or agent to make a copy of any such book or waybill or part  
 12 thereof, shall for each offense, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than  
 13 twenty dollars (\$20) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) and imprisoned  
 14 in the county jail for not less than ten (10) days nor more than thirty (30) days.  
 15 If any person shall be convicted of violating any provision of this section and  
 16 shall subsequently violate any provision of this section he shall, for each offense

17 be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand  
18 dollars (\$1,000) and imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty (30)  
19 days, nor more than ninety (90) days. And in like manner, if he shall subse-  
20 quently violate any provision of this section for such third and each subsequent  
21 violation he shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than two hundred  
22 dollars (\$200) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and imprisoned in  
23 the county jail for not less than ninety (90) days nor more than one (1) year.







1 Introduced by Mr. Igoe, March 23, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend section 31 of an Act entitled "An Act concerning fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of this State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, and Acts amendatory thereto; title as amended by an Act approved March 28, 1874, in force July 1, 1874; as amended by an Act approved May 11, 1907, in force July 1, 1907; as amended by an Act approved June 14, 1909, in force July 1, 1909.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section 31 of an Act entitled "An  
3 Act concerning fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of this  
4 State with reference thereto, approved March 29, 1872, and Acts amendatory  
5 thereto; title as amended by an Act approved March 28, 1874, in force July 1,  
6 1874; as amended by an Act approved May 11, 1907, in force July, 1, 1907; as  
7 amended by an Act approved June 14, 1909, in force July 1, 1909, be and the  
8 same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 31. The clerks of all courts of record of Cook county, the treasurer,  
2 sheriff, coroner, county clerk and recorder of deeds of Cook County, hereafter

3 elected, shall be paid by the said Cook County as their only compensation for  
4 their services the following named salaries, to-wit:

5       The clerk of the Circuit Court the sum of nine thousand dollars per  
6 annum.

7       The clerk of the Superior Court the sum of nine thousand dollars per  
8 annum.

9       The county clerk of Cook County, as the only compensation for services  
10 rendered in the capacity of county clerk, clerk of the County Court, or in any  
11 other capacity, the sum of nine thousand dollars per annum.

12       The clerk of the Criminal Court the sum of nine thousand dollars per  
13 annum.

14       The clerk of the Probate Court of Cook County the sum of nine thousand  
15 dollars per annum.

16       The county treasurer, *as the only compensation for services rendered in*  
17 *the capacity of county treasurer, county collector, collector of the town within*  
18 *the corporate limits of the city of Chicago, or in any other capacity, the sum of*  
19 *nine thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars per annum.*

20       The sheriff the sum of nine thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars per  
21 annum.

22       The coroner the sum of nine thousand dollars per annum.

23       The recorder of deeds of Cook County, as the only compensation for serv-  
24 ices rendered in the capacity of recorder or in any other capacity the sum  
25 of nine thousand dollars per annum.

- 1 Introduced by Mr. Igoe, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

## A BILL

For an Act concerning county treasurers, in counties containing more than 150,000 inhabitants, and concerning public funds within their custody and control and the interest thereon, and to repeal all Acts or parts of Acts in conflict therewith.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* TERMS CONSTRUED.] That the terms  
3 mentioned in this section as used in this Act shall, unless the same be inconsis-  
4 tent with the context, be construed as follows:

5 The term "county treasurer" shall include the county treasurer when act-  
6 ing as such or in any other official capacity incident to his incumbency of the  
7 office of county treasurer.

8 The term "county moneys" shall include all moneys to whomsoever belong-  
9 ing, received by or in possession or control of the incumbent of the office of  
10 county treasurer when acting as such or in any other official capacity incident  
11 to his incumbency of the office of county treasurer.

12 The term "county clerk" shall be construed to mean the county comp-  
13 troller in any county in which provision for a county comptroller shall have  
14 been made by law.

Sec. 2. SELECTION OF DEPOSITARIES.] It shall be the duty of the county

treasurer in every county of this State now containing or which may hereafter contain more than 150,000 inhabitants, at least once in each year and not later than the 1st day of October, in each year, to advertise for bids from all regularly established national and State banks doing business within such county for interest on county moneys to be deposited in said banks.

A "regularly established" national or state bank is hereby defined to mean a bank which has been doing business in such county and has furnished at least two sworn statenients of resources and liabilities to the State Auditor or to the comptroller of currency, prior to the date upon which the bids provided for herein are to be submitted. It shall be the duty of the county treasurer in so advertising for bids to ask for separate bids for interest upon such county moneys as shall be deposited in said banks and permitted to remain without diminution for periods of at least thirty, sixty or ninety days.

Such bids shall be referred to the county treasurer, the county clerk and the president or chairman of the county board of such county for their information and consideration, not later than the 15th day of October of each year. The three above named officers shall, by a majority vote, within ten days after such bids have been so referred to them, by written notice to the county treasurer, a duplicate of which notice shall be filed with the county clerk, reject any or all bids, or designate, in like manner, as many depositaries as they deem necessary for the protection of all county moneys as defined in section 1 of this Act, and make awards accordingly, such awards to be made to the highest and best responsible bidder or bidders. In case no bids are so received or all bids so received and referred are rejected, the county treasurer shall immediately re-advertise in the manner herein provided, and shall continue to readvertise in like manner until such awards shall have been made.

It shall be the duty of the county treasurer to obtain with each bid for interest upon county moneys and to present with such bids the last official statement of resources and liabilities of each bank bidding for deposits as reported to the State Auditor of Public Accounts or to the comptroller of the currency,



32 as the case may be; and the county Treasurer shall obtain, from time to time,  
33 from the banks to which awards are made, copies of all reports of conditions  
34 made in response to the regular calls by the State and federal authorities.

Sec. 3. CONTRACT—STATEMENT.] The county treasurer of such county  
2 shall take from each bank which may have been so designated as  
3 a depository a written contract, in triplicate, setting forth the conditions and  
4 terms upon which county moneys are to be deposited therewith, one copy of  
5 which he shall file with the president or chairman of the county board and  
6 one with the county clerk: *Provided*, that nothing contained in this Act shall be  
7 construed to authorize such county treasurer to enter into any contract for the  
8 deposit of such moneys or to deposit any such moneys upon terms and condi-  
9 tions which will prevent him from performing the duties imposed upon him by  
10 law with respect to the payment of such moneys to public authorities or other  
11 persons entitled to receive the same. One provision of said contract shall be  
12 that each depository shall, at the end of each month, render to the county  
13 clerk a statement, in duplicate, showing separately the daily balances or amounts  
14 of county moneys held by it during the month, and the amount of accrued inter-  
15 est thereon, one copy of which statement the county clerk shall file, as soon  
16 as received, with the president or chairman of the county board. The said state-  
17 ment shall be made under oath, by the proper officer of said depository, and  
18 shall also state that no other fees, perquisites or emoluments have been paid to  
19 or held for the benefit of any public officer, or any other person, on account  
20 of the deposit of such county moneys, and that no contract or agreement of any  
21 kind whatsoever has been entered into for the payment to any public officer, or  
22 any other person, of any fee, perquisite or emolument on account of the deposit  
23 of such county moneys. Said contract shall further provide that the interest  
24 on deposits shall be computed upon the average daily balance of all classes of  
25 funds on deposit during the contract period.

Sec. 4. BONDS OF DEPOSITARIES.] No county moneys shall be deposited in  
2 any bank nor any such award be effective until such depository shall have deliv-



ered to the county clerk of such county a bond running to the People of the State of Illinois in an amount equal to the amount which such bank or depositary shall be designated as being entitled to receive upon its bid and with such sureties as the three officers aforesaid shall approve, conditioned in like manner as official bonds given by public officials charged with the custody of money.

Section 5. CLASSIFICATION OF FUNDS.] For the purpose of establishing a control over the withdrawal, in accordance with the provisions of this Act, of all county moneys deposited in any bank or depositary, as hereinafter required, such moneys are hereby classified as follows:

Class A. All taxes and special assessments received by the county treasurer in his capacity as ex-officio county collector or ex-officio town collector, and held by him pending distribution to the several governments or authorities entitled to receive the same, shall be known as "Class A" funds.

Class B. All other moneys belonging to the State of Illinois or to any political or corporate subdivision thereof, except the county, shall be known as "Class B" funds.

Class C. All moneys belonging to the county in its corporate capacity shall be known as "Class C" funds.

Class D. All other county moneys as defined in section 1 of this Act shall be known as "Class D" funds.

Sec. 6. DEPOSITS BY COUNTY TREASURER.] It shall be the duty of the county treasurer of such county to deposit daily, in separate accounts in accordance with the classification set forth in section 5 of this Act, to the credit of the county treasurer of such county, in such bank or banks as shall have been selected and designated under the terms of this Act and as shall have complied with the requirements thereof, all county moneys as defined in section 1 of this Act, received by him during banking hours, and also all such county moneys as he may have received on the day previous after banking hours.

Sec. 7. MAXIMUM BALANCE]. The maximum balance to be kept in any one  
2 bank shall not exceed an amount equal to one half the capital stock, surplus and  
3 undivided profits of such bank, but the county board shall have the power, if  
4 it sees fit, to limit such maximum balance to a smaller amount. No bank shall  
5 have more than two million dollars on deposit at any one time, except during  
6 the month when any given bank may be the active bank, when this amount may  
7 be increased if occasion demands; the intent of this Act being, however, not to  
8 increase unduly the deposits in said active bank. The county treasurer in ad-  
9 vertising for bids under section 2 of this Act is authorized and directed to give  
10 notice to the foregoing effect.

Sec. 8. WITHDRAWALS.] When county moneys have been deposited in any  
2 such depository they shall be withdrawn therefrom only in the following man-  
3 ner: Funds designated in section 5 of this Act as "Class  
4 A" funds and as "Class B" funds shall be withdrawn only  
5 upon checks or drafts signed by the county treasurer and payable to the or-  
6 der of the State Treasurer or the other proper authorities or persons entitled by  
7 law to receive the same; funds designated in said section 5 as "Class C" funds  
8 shall be withdrawn only upon checks or drafts signed by the county treasurer  
9 and supported by warrants signed by the County Clerk and countersigned by  
10 the president or chairman of the county board; funds designated in said  
11 section 5 as "Class D" funds shall be withdrawn only upon checks or drafts  
12 signed by the county treasurer and payable to the persons entitled to receive  
13 same: *Provided, however,* That subject to the limitations hereinafter set forth  
14 in section 11, the county treasurer shall have the power to withdraw such  
15 county moneys from any depository in the cases provided for and under the cir-  
16 cumstances stated in sections 9 and 10 of this Act.

Sec. 9. PETTY CASH FUND.] For the purpose of enabling the county  
2 treasurer to pay in cash such warrants and other demands as may be presented  
3 to him for payment in cash, he is hereby authorized to withhold from the daily  
4 deposit of funds required of him under section 6 of this Act, or to withdraw from

5 the bank or banks holding such county moneys on deposit, upon check or draft  
 6 payable to his own order as county treasurer, such amounts as will enable him  
 7 to maintain a petty cash fund sufficient to meet the daily demand for the pur-  
 8 pose herein indicated: *Provided, however,* that the amount of said petty cash  
 9 fund shall at no time exceed the sum of \$200,000. The county treasurer shall  
 10 keep proper records of such petty cash fund, showing the amounts so withheld  
 11 or withdrawn by him daily and the amounts paid out by him in cash from day to  
 12 day. Such records shall be open to the inspection of all persons wishing to  
 13 examine the same.

Sec. 10 EQUALIZATION AND TRANSFER OF DEPOSITS.] For the purpose of fa-  
 2 cilitating the equalization or apportionment of the amounts of the balances on  
 3 deposit with the several depositaries and the speedy transfer of money from  
 4 one depositary to another in case of necessity, the county treasurer is hereby  
 5 authorized to draw checks or drafts against any deposit made by him under the  
 6 terms of this Act. Each draft or check so drawn shall be payable to the order  
 7 of the county treasurer, and shall indicate upon its face that it is drawn only  
 8 for deposit in a bank authorized under the provisions of this Act to receive  
 9 county moneys.

Sec. 11. ACTIVE BANK.] Of the banks which may have been so designated  
 2 as depositaries, one shall be designated from time to time by the county treasurer  
 3 as the active bank or depositary for a period of not more than one month at a  
 4 time. The county board shall have power, if it sees fit, to require that no bank  
 5 whose aggregate capital stock and surplus is less than a certain specified amount  
 6 shall be named as the active bank. During such period the county treasurer  
 7 shall draw all of his checks to pay warrants and other demands drawn upon  
 8 him upon such active bank: *Provided, however,* that the county treasurer shall  
 9 have power to withdraw county moneys from any depositary for the purposes  
 10 stated in section 10 of this Act: *And, provided, further,* that during such period  
 11 drafts and checks against deposits of funds designated by section 5 hereof

12 as "Class A" funds and "Class B" funds may be drawn upon other than the  
13 active bank.

Sec. 12. RECORD OF DEPOSITS.] The county treasurer shall keep in his office  
2 a record showing the date and aggregate amount received by him daily on ac-  
3 count of each class of funds designated in section 5 of this Act, and also his ac-  
4 counts with each depositary, which accounts shall show daily the date and  
5 amount of each deposit, the date and amount of each withdrawal, and the  
6 balance on deposit. Each such account shall also show the date and amount of  
7 each interest payment received by or credited to the county treasurer and the  
8 rate of interest at which such payment was computed. Said record and all con-  
9 tracts with depositaries shall be open to the inspection of all persons wishing to  
10 examine the same.

Sec. 13. MONTHLY REPORT OF INTEREST RECEIVED.] The county treasurer  
2 shall make to the county clerk a report, under oath, for each calendar month, of  
3 all interest received by the county treasurer or credited to the county treasurer  
4 by any bank or other depositary, in which is deposited any county moneys, and  
5 at the time of making such report the county treasurer shall pay into the county  
6 treasury for the benefit of the county the aggregate amount of all interest so  
7 received by or credited to him, as shown by said report, without reference to  
8 the fund or funds on which such interest or any part thereof may have been  
9 earned.

Sec. 14. BANK—INTEREST.] Such report shall show the name of each bank  
2 or depositary where any county moneys are deposited; the average sum of  
3 money on deposit in such bank or depositary during the calendar month, the in-  
4 terest paid or credited thereon by each bank or depositary, and the rate of in-  
5 terest so paid or credited.

Sec. 15. REPORT—TIME OF MAKING.] Such report shall be made and verified  
2 to the county clerk on or before the fifth day of the month next succeeding the  
3 month for which the report is rendered.



Sec. 16. [COUNTY TREASURER'S BOND.] When the county treasurer in any county to which this Act shall apply shall have complied with the terms thereof and shall have deposited all county moneys in depositaries designated, and selected in the manner hereinafter provided, he shall be permitted to execute a new bond in a penal sum to be fixed by the county board with sufficient sureties to be approved by said board, and every county treasurer hereafter elected, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall in like manner give a bond, the amount thereof to be fixed and the sureties thereon to be approved by the county board: *Provided, however,* that the amount of such bond may be increased or diminished from time to time by resolution of said county board, and in fixing the amount of such bond due regard shall be had by the county board to the effect of the deposit in bank of county moneys in accordance with provisions of this Act upon the actual amount of money for which the county treasurer may from time to time be held responsible: *And, provided, further,* that in counties having a population of over 300,000, the amount of said bond shall not be less than \$3,000,000. The bond provided for in this section shall be in lieu of all official bonds otherwise required of said county treasurer, including any bond which he might otherwise be required to give as *ex officio* county collector. Said bond shall be filed with the county clerk and shall be in substance in the following form:

Know all men by these presents, that we (A B), principal, and (C D and E F), sureties, all of the county of ..... and State of Illinois, are held and firmly bound to the People of the State of Illinois, in the penal sum of ..... dollars, for the payment of which, well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, each of us, our heirs, executors and administrators, firmly by these presents. Signed with our hands and sealed with our seals.

Dated at ....., the day of ....., 19....

The condition of the above bond is such, that if the above bounden (A B) shall perform all the duties which are or may be required by law to be performed by him, as treasurer of the said county of ....., in the time and manner prescribed or to be prescribed by law, and when he shall be succeeded



in office, shall surrender and deliver over to his successor in office all books, papers, moneys and other things belonging to said county, or appertaining to his said office, then the above bond to be void; otherwise to remain in full force.

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of (G H).

A B [SEAL]

C D [SEAL]

E F [SEAL]

Sec. 17. COST OF BONDS TO BE PAID BY COUNTY.] The premium on all bonds required of the county treasurer in any official capacity by the provisions of this Act, if the surety thereon shall be a surety company or companies authorized to do business in this State under the laws thereof, shall be paid out of the county treasury: *Provided, however,* that the amount of said premium shall not exceed one-half or one per cent per annum of the amount of said bond.

Sec. 18. LIABILITY OF TREASURER.] The county treasurer shall be discharged from responsibility for all moneys deposited by him pursuant to the terms of this Act, with any depositary or depositaries who may be named and shall qualify in accordance with the terms thereof: *Provided,* that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed in any manner to change or affect the liability of treasurers having depositaries under and in accordance with the terms of this Act, except that such treasurers shall be discharged from liability for moneys so deposited by them in such depositaries while such moneys so deposited are in the custody of any such depositary.

Sec. 19. SUITS AGAINST TREASURER.] All reasonable expenses incurred by the county treasurer in prosecuting or defending suits or actions brought by or against him in any official capacity shall be paid out of the county treasury.

Sec. 20. NO COMMISSIONS TO BE RETAINED.] The county treasurer shall retain no fees, commissions or other compensation whatsoever, except his salary or other compensation fixed by law, for his services when acting as such county treasurer or in any other official capacity incident to his incumbency of that

5 office. All fees, perquisites and emoluments (above the amount of such salary  
6 or other compensation fixed by law) shall be paid into the county treasury.

Sec. 21. BANKS NOT TO PAY PROFIT TO TREASURER.] No bank or other deposi-  
2 tary holding county moneys deposited therewith by the county treasurer in ac-  
3 cordance with the provisions in this Act, or otherwise, and no officer of any such  
4 bank or depositary, or other person, shall pay to, withhold for the benefit of, or  
5 contract in any manner for the payment to such county treasurer, or to any other  
6 person for him, of any interest or other fee, perquisite or emolument, on account  
7 of the deposit of such county moneys, except such interest as shall be paid to such  
8 county treasurer for the benefit of the county.

Sec. 22. COUNTY TREASURER NOT TO PROFIT—FALSE STATEMENT FROM DEPOSITARY  
2 —PENALTIES.] The making of a personal profit or emolument by the incumbent  
3 of the office of county treasurer or by any other county officer out of any county  
4 moneys by loaning, depositing or otherwise using or disposing of the same in any  
5 manner whatsoever, shall be deemed a felony and shall be punished by imprison-  
6 ment in the penitentiary for a term of not less than one nor more than ten years.  
7 Any county officer or other person who wilfully violates any provision of this  
8 Act, other than that above specified in this section, or who wilfully neglects or  
9 refuses to perform any duty imposed upon such person by the terms of this  
10 Act, shall be fined not more than ten thousand dollars for the benefit of the coun-  
11 ty or be imprisoned in the penitentiary for not more than two years or both.

Sec. 23. COUNTIES IN WHICH ACT TO APPLY.] This Act and all of the provis-  
2 ions thereof shall apply in every county of this State now containing, or which  
3 may hereafter contain, more than 150,000 inhabitants.

Sec. 24. REPEAL.] All Acts and parts of Acts in any respect in conflict with  
2 this Act, or any part thereof, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 25. The invalidity of any portion of this Act shall not affect the valid-  
2 ity of any other portion thereof, which can be given effect without such invalid  
3 part.

- 1 Introduced by Mr. Kasserman, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Fish and Game.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend sections twenty-two (22) and thirty-five (35) of an Act entitled "An Act for the conservation of game, wild fowl, birds and fish in the State of Illinois, for the appointment of a commission and staff for the enforcement thereof, and to repeal certain Acts relating thereto," approved June 23, 1913, in force July 1, 1913.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That sections twenty-two (22) and thir-  
3 ty-five (35) of an Act entitled "An Act for the conservation of game, wild fowl,  
4 birds and fish in the State of Illinois, for the appointment of a commission  
5 and staff for the enforcement thereof, and to repeal certain Acts relating  
6 thereto," approved June 23, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, be and the same are  
7 hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 22. It shall be unlawful for any person to fish in any waters under  
2 the jurisdiction of this State with seine, dip net, *trammel net*, gill net or pound  
3 net, without first obtaining a license so to do: *Provided*, That the owner or own-  
4 ers, their children (if residents of this State), or the tenants of any land on

5 which there is any lake, pond, slough or other water, wholly within the  
6 premises so owned or controlled and not connected with any open stream or  
7 extending beyond their jurisdiction, may take, catch or kill any fish in the man-  
8 ner prescribed by law without procuring such a license. Each resident of this  
9 State shall pay for each license the following amounts, respectively:

10 (a) For each one hundred yards of seine, or less (except minnow seines),  
11 five (5) dollars.

12 (b) For each dip net, twenty-five (25) cents.

13 *(b1) For each trammel net, one (1) dollar.*

14 (c) For each steam tug used in operating gill nets or pound nets, twen-  
15 ty-five (25) dollars.

16 (d) For each gasoline launch used in operating gill nets or pound nets,  
17 fifteen (15) dollars.

18 (e) For each sail boat or row boat used in operating gill nets or pound  
19 nets, ten (10) dollars.

20 Each non-resident of this State shall pay for each such license the follow-  
21 ing amounts respectively:

22 (a) For each one hundred yards of seine or less (except minnow seines),  
23 ten (10) dollars.

24 (b) For each dip net, one (1) dollar.

25 *(b1) For each trammel net, two (2) dollars.*

26 (c) For each hoop or fyke net, one (1) dollar.

27 (d) For each steam tug used in operating gill nets or pound nets, two  
28 hundred (200) dollars.

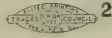
29 (e) For each gasoline launch used in operating gill nets or pound nets,  
30 fifty (50) dollars.

31 (f) For each sail boat or row boat used in operating gill nets or pound  
32 nets, thirty (30) dollars. No license issued under the provisions of this section  
33 shall be transferred.

Sec. 35. It shall be unlawful to catch and take all kinds of fish (except  
2 black bass, pike, pickerel, pike perch (commonly known as jack or yellow sal-  
3 mon), white fish, trout, chubs, long jaws, black fins, lake perch and herring,  
4 with hoop or fyke nets, dip nets, *trammel nets*, baskets, or with seines, the  
5 meshes of which are not less than one and one-half inches square, and which  
6 do not exceed 600 yards in length, between the first day of July of any  
7 year and the first day of May of the next succeeding year.







1 Introduced by Mr. Kessinger, March 23, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act relating to private employment agencies and to repeal parts of a certain Act relating thereto," approved June 15, 1909, in force July 1, 1909, as subsequently amended by amending section seven (7) thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled "An Act relating  
3 to private employment agencies and to repeal parts of a certain Act relating  
4 thereto," approved June 15, 1909, in force July 1, 1909, as subsequently  
5 amended, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section seven (7)  
6 thereof, so that the said section seven shall read when amended as follows:

Sec. 7 Any person, firm or corporation who for hire, or with a view to  
2 *direct or indirect profit, gain or preferment, or who for the purpose of, or with*  
3 *a view toward selling, bartering or otherwise disposing of any goods, wares,*  
4 *merchandise, or commodity,* shall undertake to secure employment or help or  
5 shall undertake to procure employment, *work, engagement, or a situation of any*  
6 *kind, or procure, or provide help, or promise to provide help for any person,*

7 through the medium of card, circular, pamphlet, or any medium whatsoever,  
8 or through the display of a sign or bulletin, offer to secure employment, or help  
9 or give information as to where employment or help may be secured, shall be  
10 deemed a private employment agency, and be subject to the provisions of this  
11 Act: *Provided*, That charitable institutions are not included. The term fee, as  
12 used in this Act, means money or a promise to pay money. The term fee also  
13 means and includes the excess of money received by any such licensed person over  
14 what he has paid for transportation, transfer of baggage, or lodging for any ap-  
15 plicant for employment. The term fee, as used in this Act, also means and in-  
16 cludes the differences between the amount of money received by any person who  
17 furnishes employees or performers for any entertainment, exhibition or per-  
18 formance, and the amount paid by the said person to the employees or per-  
19 formers whom he hires to give such entertainments, exhibition or performance.  
20 The term privilege, as used in this Act means and includes the furnishing of  
21 food, supplies, tools, or shelter to contract laborers, commonly known as com-  
22 missary privileges.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Lynch, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act entitled, "An Act creating a commissioner to have charge of constructing and erecting a building upon the Exposition Grounds of the National Implement & Vehicle Show at Peoria, Illinois, to be used as a demonstration station, and appropriating money to pay the cost and expense thereof."

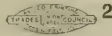
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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the Governor of the State of Illi-  
3 nois be and he is hereby appointed a commissioner to be known as National Im-  
4 plement & Vehicle Show Demonstration Exhibit Commissioner for the purpose  
5 of planning and erecting a building upon the Exposition Grounds of the National  
6 Implement & Vehicle Show at Peoria, Illinois; and as such commissioner shall  
7 have full and exclusive charge and control of the construction and erection of a  
8 building upon the Exposition Grounds of the National Implement & Vehicle  
9 Show at Peoria, Illinois, with power to employ deputy commissioners upon such  
10 terms and salaries as he may deem fair and reasonable. The Governor shall  
11 receive no compensation for his services, but shall receive his actual expenses  
12 incurred in the discharge of his duties as commissioner.

Sec. 2. The sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated to the National Implement & Vehicle Show Demonstration Exhibit Commissioner for the purpose of constructing and erecting a building on the Exposition Grounds of National Implement & Vehicle Show at Peoria, Illinois, during the summer of 1915, to be used for the purpose of a demonstration station for demonstration of the scientific and commercial features of the treatment of swine, cattle, sheep and other live stock, with serum to immunize them from disease; and for demonstration of treatment of soils and development of soil culture, and the scientific and commercial use of materials for fertilizing the soil; and for the payment of the expenses of the commissioner, and for all other expenses connected with and incidental to the duties of the commissioner and the erection of the Demonstration Exhibit building.

Sec. 3. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrants on the State Treasurer from time to time for such amounts of the sum herein appropriated as may be deemed necessary upon presentation of itemized vouchers approved by National Implement & Vehicle Show Demonstration Exhibit Commissioner, and the State Treasurer shall pay the same out of any money herein appropriated.





1 Introduced by Mr. Madsen, March 23, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Industrial Affairs.

## A BILL

For an Act to provide for old age pensions.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* (1) Every person in whose case the  
3 conditions laid down by this Act for the receipt of an old age pension (in this  
4 Act referred to as statutory conditions) are fulfilled, shall be entitled to receive  
5 such a pension under this Act so long as those conditions continue to be ful-  
6 filled, and so long as he is not disqualified under this Act for the receipt of the  
7 pension.

8 (2) An old age pension under this Act shall be at the rate set forth in the  
9 schedule to this Act.

10 (3) The sums required for the payment of old age pensions under this Act  
11 shall be paid out of moneys that may, from time to time, be appropriated by  
12 the General Assembly.

13 (4) The receipt of an old age pension under this Act shall not deprive the  
14 pensioner of any franchise, right or privilege, or subject him to any disability.

Sec. 2. The statutory conditions for the receipt of an old age pension by  
2 any person are:

(1) The person must have attained the age of seventy (70).

(2) The person must satisfy the pension authorities that for at least twenty (20) years up to the time of the date of the receipt of any sum on account of a pension he has been a citizen of the United States and has had his residence for such twenty (20) years in the State of Illinois.

(3) The person must satisfy the pension authorities that his yearly means as calculated under this Act do not exceed one hundred and fifty dollars (\$150.00).

Sec. 3. A person shall be disqualified by receiving or continuing to receive an old age pension under this Act notwithstanding the fulfillment of the statutory conditions:

(a) While he is in the receipt of any poor relief (other than that relief excepted under this provision): *Provided*, that for the purposes of this provision—

(i) any medical or surgical assistance (including food or comforts) supplied by or on the recommendation of any authorized State, county, township or city officer; or

(ii) any relief given to any person by means of the maintenance of any dependent of that person in any charitable institution in this State or in any county poor house, or the payment of any expenses of the burial of a dependent, shall not be considered as poor relief;

(b) If, before he becomes entitled to a pension, he has habitually failed to work according to his ability, opportunity and need for the maintenance or benefit of himself and those legally dependent upon him.

*Provided*, That a person shall not be disqualified under this paragraph if he has continuously for ten (10) years up to attaining the age of sixty (60), by means of payment to fraternal societies, or organizations or trade unions or other approved steps made such provision against old age, sickness, infirmities or want or loss of employment as may be recognized as proper provision for the persons by regulations under this Act, any such provision when made by

23 the husband in the case of a married couple living together, shall as respects any  
24 right of the wife to a pension, be treated as provision made by the wife as well  
25 as the husband.

26 (c) While he is detained in any insane asylum in this State or while he is  
27 being maintained in any place as a pauper or as a criminal.

28 (2) Where a person has been before the passing of this Act or is after the  
29 passing of this Act convicted of any offense and ordered to be imprisoned with-  
30 out the option of a fine or to suffer any greater punishment, he shall be dis-  
31 qualified from receiving or continuing to receive an old age pension under this  
32 Act while he is detained in prison in consequence of this, and for a period of  
33 ten (10) years after the date on which he is released from prison.

Sec. 4. (2) In calculating the means of a person for the purpose of this  
2 Act, account shall be taken of—

3 (a) The income which that person may reasonably expect to receive dur-  
4 ing the succeeding year in cash, excluding any sums receivable on account of an  
5 old age pension under this Act. That income, in the absence of other means for  
6 ascertaining the income, being taken to be the income actually received during  
7 the preceding year;

8 (b) the yearly value of any advantage accruing to that person from the  
9 use or enjoyment of any property belonging to him which is personally used or  
10 enjoyed by him;

11 (c) the yearly income which might be expected to be derived from any  
12 property belonging to that person which, though capable of investment or  
13 profitable use, is not so invested or profitably used by him; and

14 (d) the yearly value of any benefit or privilege enjoyed by that person.

15 (2) In calculating the means of a person being one of a married couple  
16 living together in the same house must not in any case be taken to be a less  
17 amount than half the total means of the couple.

18 (3) If it appears that any person had directly or indirectly deprived him-  
19 self of any income or property in order to qualify himself for the receipt of an

old age pension, or for the receipt of an old age pension at a higher rate than to which he would otherwise be entitled to under this Act, that income on the yearly value of that property is, for the purpose of this section, taken to be a part of the means of that person.

Sec. 5. (1) An old age pension under this Act, subject to any directions of the State Treasurer in special cases, shall be paid weekly in advance in such manner and subject to such conditions as to the identification or otherwise as the State Treasurer shall direct.

(2) A pension shall commence to accrue on the first Friday after the claim for the pension has been allowed, or, in the case of a claim provisionally allowed, on the first Friday after the day on which the claimant becomes entitled to receive a pension.

Sec. 6. Every assignment of or charge on and every agreement to assign or charge an old age pension under this Act shall be void, and, on the bankruptcy of a person entitled to an old age pension, the payments shall not pass to any trustee or to any person acting on behalf of the creditors.

Sec. 7. All claims for old age pensions under this Act and all questions, whether the statutory conditions are fulfilled in the case of any person claiming such pension, or whether those conditions continue to be fulfilled in the case of a person in receipt of such pension, or whether a person is disqualified for receiving or continuing to receive a pension, shall be considered and determined as follows:

(a) Any such claim or question shall stand referred to the local pension board, and the board shall (except in the case of a question which has been originated by the pension officer and on which the board have already received his report) before considering the claim or question, refer it for report and inquiry to the pension officer.

(b) The pension officer shall inquire into and report upon any claim or question so referred to him, and the local pension board shall, on the receipt of the report of the pension officer and after obtaining from him or from any other



15 source if necessary any further information as to the claim or question, con-  
16 sider the case and give their decision upon the claim or question.

17 (c) The pension officer and any person aggrieved may appeal to the cen-  
18 tral pension board from the decision of the local pension board allowing or re-  
19 fusing claim for pension or determining any question referred to them within  
20 the time and in any manner prescribed by regulations under this Act and any  
21 claim or question in respect of which an appeal is so brought shall stand re-  
22 ferred to the central pension board, and shall be considered and determined by  
22½ them.

23 (d) If any person is aggrieved by the refusal or neglect of a local pension  
24 board to consider a claim for a pension, or to determine any question referred  
25 to them, that person may apply in the prescribed manner to the central pension  
26 board and that board may, if they consider that the local pension board, have re-  
27 fused or neglected to consider and determine the claim or question within a rea-  
28 sonable time, themselves consider and determine the claim or question in the  
29 same manner as on appeal from the decision of the local pension board.

30 (2) The decision of the local pension board on any claim or question which  
31 is not referred to the central pension board, and the decision of the central  
32 pension board on any claim or question which is so referred to them, shall be  
33 final and conclusive.

Sec. 8. (1) The local pension board shall be composed of three qualified  
2 voters of good moral character who shall be appointed by the county treasurer  
3 in each county under township organization and in counties not under township  
4 organization such local pension board shall be appointed by the chairman of the  
5 board of county commissioners, all of whom shall hold their offices for a term  
6 co-extensive with that of said county treasurer and whom shall be paid the same  
7 per diem for days actually served by them as is now paid to petit jurymen and  
8 which per diem shall be paid by the respective counties to their respective local  
9 pension boards, together with any actual expense incurred by said board and  
10 the board of supervisors in counties under township organization or county com-



missioners in counties not under township organization, is authorized and directed to audit the account of said local pension board and pay the said per diem and expenses of said board in a similar manner as other accounts against such county are audited and paid.

(2) A local pension board may appoint such and so many sub-boards consisting either in whole or part of the members of the local board as the local board may see fit and a local pension board may delegate either absolutely or under such conditions as they see fit to any such sub-board any powers and duties of the local pension board under this Act.

(3) The central pension authorities shall be a board to be known as the central pension board, consisting of the Governor, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, State Auditor and Superintendent of Public Instruction.

(4) Pension officers shall be appointed by the State Treasurer by and with the approval and consent of the central pension board and said treasurer shall appoint not to exceed one pension officer for each congressional district in this State to act in such district or for such areas as they may direct. Such pension officers shall be appointed for a period of two years and shall be at all times under the direction of said central pension board.

(5) Any reference in this Act to pension authorities shall be construed as a reference to the pension officers, local pension board and central pension board or to any one of them, as the case requires.

Sec. 9. (1) If for the purpose of obtaining or continuing an old age pension under this Act, either for himself or for any other person, or for the purpose of obtaining or continuing an old age pension under this Act for himself or for any other person or for the purpose of obtaining or continuing an old age pension under this Act for himself or for any other person at a higher rate than that appropriate to the case, any person knowingly makes a false statement or false representation, he shall be liable on conviction to imprisonment in the county jail of the county in which he is convicted for a term not exceeding six months.

10       (2) If it is found at any time that a person has been in receipt of an old  
11 age pension under this Act, while the statutory conditions were not fulfilled  
12 in his case or while he was disqualified for receiving the pension, he or, in the  
13 case of his death, his personal representative, shall be liable to pay to the State  
14 Treasurer any sums paid to him in respect of the pension while the statutory  
15 conditions were not fulfilled or while he was disqualified for receiving the pen-  
16 sion and the amounts may be recovered in the name of the People of the State  
17 of Illinois.

Sec. 10. (1) The central pension board may make regulations for carry-  
2 ing this Act into effect, and in particular—

3       (a) For prescribing the evidence to be required as to the fulfillment of  
4 statutory conditions and for defining the meaning of residences for the pur-  
5 poses of this Act, and

6       (b) For prescribing the manner in which claims to pensions may be made,  
7 and the procedure to be followed on the consideration and determination of  
8 claims and questions to be considered by pension officers and local pension  
9 boards or by the central pension board, and the mode in which any question  
10 may be raised as to the continuance in case of a pensioner of the fulfillment of  
11 the statutory conditions and as to the disqualification of a pensioner; and

12       (c) As to proceedings generally of the local pension board and the use by  
13 such board, with or without payment, of any officer of any county and the pro-  
14 vision for the immediate payment of any expenses which are ultimately to be  
15 paid by the State Treasurer.

16       (2) The regulations shall provide for enabling claimants for pensions to  
17 make their claim and obtain information as respect old age pensions under this  
18 Act through the various county treasurers of this State and for provisionally  
19 allowing claims to pensions before the date on which the claimant will become  
20 actually entitled to the pension and for notice being given by the county clerks  
21 of the various counties to the local pension board of the death of every person  
22 over seventy years of age registered by them, in such manner and subject to such

23 conditions as may be laid down by the regulations and for making the proced-  
 24 ure for considering and determining on any claim for a pension or question with  
 25 respect to an old age pension or question under this Act as simple as possib'le.

26 (3) Any expenses incurred by the State Treasurer in carrying this Act  
 27 into effect and the expenses of the central pension board and pension officers  
 28 up to an amount to be approved by the State Treasurer shall be defrayed out  
 29 of moneys to be appropriated according to law.

Sec. 12. A person shall not be entitled to the receipt of an old age pension  
 2 under this Act until the first day of July, A. D. 1916, and no such pension shall  
 3 begin to acerue until that date.

Sec. 13. The following is the schedule referred to in section 1 of this Act:

#### SCHEDULE.

Means of Pensioner.	Rate of Pension per week.
When the yearly means of the pensioner as calculated under this Act—	
Do not exceed \$100.00.....	\$2.50
Exceeds \$100.00 but do not exceed \$115.00 .....	2.00
Exceed \$115.00 but do not exceed \$130.00 .....	1.50
Exceed \$130.00 but do not exceed \$140.00 .....	1.00
Exceed \$140.00 but do not exceed \$150.00 .....	.50
Exceed \$150 .....	No pension



1 Introduced by Mr. Mason, March 23, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to limit inheritance by an Act to amend section 1 and section 2 of an Act in regard to the descent of property, approved April 9, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That sections 1 and 2 of an Act in regard  
3 to the descent of property, approved April 9, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, shall be  
4 and is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

5 Sec. 1. That estates, both real and personal, of residents and non-resi-  
6 dents, proprietors, in this State dying intestate, or whose estates or any part  
7 thereof shall be deemed and taken as intestate estate, after all just debts and  
8 claims against such estates are fully paid, shall descend to and be distributed  
9 in the manner following, to-wit:

10 *First—To the widow or surviving husband, his or her children, and their*  
11 *descendants, in equal parts, not to exceed respectively in value the sum of one*  
12 *hundred thousand dollars. The descendants of the deceased child or grand-*  
13 *child taking the share of their deceased parents in equal parts among them.*



14       *Second*—When there is no child of the intestate, nor descendent of such  
15 child, and no widow or surviving husband, then to the brothers and sisters of  
16 the deceased and their descendants, in equal parts among them, *not to exceed*  
17 *the sum of fifty thousand dollars respectively.*

18       *Third*—If the amount of the estate is sufficient after making a distribution  
19 as provided in paragraph “*First*,” then a distribution shall be made under para-  
20 graph “*Second*” as therein limited.

21       *Fourth*—Where property of any kind shall be received under this Act other  
22 than money the value thereof shall be, the reasonable cash market value, fixed  
23 within sixty days from the date of distribution by three appraisers or a majority  
24 thereof, said appraisers to be appointed by the court having jurisdiction of pro-  
25 bating of estate. The court shall fix the compensation of the appraisers.

26       *Fifth*—The estate or residue thereof which is not disposed of as herein pro-  
27 vided shall escheat to the county of which the deceased was a resident at the  
28 time of his death, and the State of Illinois, in the proportion which the popula-  
29 tion of the county bears to the population of the State based upon the federal  
30 census as certified immediately prior thereto.

Sec. 2. *An illegitimate child shall be an heir of its mother and father and*  
2 *shall take and inherit the same as a legitimate heir.*



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- 1 Introduced by Mr. Mitchell, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to County Treasurer," approved February 25, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, by adding thereto four (4) sections to be known as sections 4a, 4b, 4c, and 4d.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to county treasurer," approved February 25, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto four (4) sections to be known as sections 4a, 4b, 4c, and 4d, which said new sections shall read as follows:*

Sec. 4a. *Annually during the month of December the board of supervisors of counties under township organization and board of county commissioners in counties not under township organization shall cause advertisement to be made for bids for deposits of county funds. National, State and private banks located within the county may bid for such deposits and the county board shall award funds at the highest rate of interest offered by any qualified bank to such banks as shall be qualified as depositories: Provided, that not to exceed \$..... shall be deposited in any single depository.*

Sec. 4b. *Every depository besides being entirely solvent as disclosed by an  
 2 examination made prior to the deposit of any county funds shall be required to  
 3 furnish surety bonds to be approved by the county judge ample to cover all de-  
 4 posits of county funds made therein.*

Sec. 4c. *All of the interest on every deposit shall be credited to such de-  
 2 posit monthly and a statement issued showing the principal, interest and all  
 3 transactions during the month and transmitted to the chairman of the board of  
 4 supervisors or president of the board of commissioners and the county clerk.*

Sec. 4d. *Nothing in this Act contained shall be held to prevent the county  
 2 treasurer from withdrawing any or all of said moneys so deposited, for the pur-  
 3 pose of paying the appropriations and obligations of the county, and nothing  
 4 herein contained shall in any way effect the duty of the county treasurer to  
 5 keep a correct and accurate account of all moneys received for the use of the  
 6 county, and to pay out same only on authority of law; but the county treasurer  
 7 shall be, as heretofore, personally responsible for the faithful performance of  
 8 his duties under the law and for a proper accounting of all moneys paid to him  
 9 as county treasurer.*



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Morris, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act defining motor vehicles and providing for the registration of the same and of motor bicycles, and uniform rules regulating the use and speed thereof; prohibiting the use of motor vehicles without the consent of the owner and the offer or acceptance of any bonus or discount or other consideration for the purchase of supplies or parts for any such motor vehicle or for work or repairs done thereon by others, and defining chauffeurs and providing for the examination and licensing thereof, and to repeal certain Acts therein named, approved June 10, 1911, in force July 1, 1911, by amending section thirteen (13) and by adding thereto two new sections to be numbered fourteen "a" (14a) and fourteen "b" (14b).

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act defining  
3 motor vehicles and providing for the registration of the same and of motor  
4 bicycles, and uniform rules regulating the use and speed thereof; prohibiting  
5 the use of motor vehicles without the consent of the owner and the offer or ac-  
6 ceptance of any bonus or discount or other consideration for the purchase of  
7 supplies or parts for any such motor vehicle or for work or repairs done there-

8 on by others, and defining chauffeurs and providing for the examination and li-  
 9 censing thereof, and to repeal certain Acts therein named," approved June  
 10 10, 1911, in force July 1, 1911, be and the same is hereby amended by amending  
 11 section thirteen (13) and by adding thereto two new sections to be known as sec-  
 12 tions fourteen "a" (14a) and fourteen "b" (14b), which said sections when  
 13 amended and added shall read as inserted at length herein.

Sec. 13. An application for a license to operate motor vehicles as a chauff-  
 2 feur, which is hereby defined to mean any person operating a motor vehicle as a  
 3 mechanic or employee, or for hire, may be made by mail or otherwise to the Sec-  
 4 retary of State, or his duly authorized agent, upon blanks prepared under his  
 5 authority. The Secretary of State shall appoint examiners and cause examin-  
 6 ations to be held at convenient points throughout the State as often as may  
 7 be necessary. Such applications shall be accompanied by the fee provided  
 8 herein and by a photograph of the applicant in such numbers and forms as the  
 9 Secretary of State shall prescribe, and such photographs shall have been taken  
 10 within thirty (30) days prior to the filing of such application. Before such a  
 11 license is granted the applicant shall pass such an examination as to his quali-  
 12 fications as the Secretary of State shall require and no license shall be issued un-  
 13 til the Secretary of State, or his authorized agent, is satisfied that the applicant  
 14 is a proper person to receive it, and no chauffeur's license shall be issued to any  
 15 person under eighteen (18) years of age. A distinguishing number or mark  
 16 shall be assigned to each chauffeur to whom a license shall be issued and the li-  
 17 cense shall be in such form as the Secretary of State may determine; it may con-  
 18 tain special restrictions and limitations concerning the type of motor car, horse  
 19 power, design and other features of the motor vehicle which the licensee may  
 20 operate. It shall contain the distinguishing number or mark assigned to the  
 21 licensee, his name, place of residence and address, a brief description of the li-  
 22 censee for the purpose of identification and a photograph of the licensee. Such  
 23 distinguishing number or mark shall be of a distinctly different color each  
 24 year and in each year shall be of the same color as that of the number plates  
 25 issued for that year. The holder of every such license in a space to be provided



26 for that purpose, immediately upon receipt of said license which shall not be  
27 valid until so endorsed. Every application for a license filed under the pro-  
28 visions of this section shall be sworn to and shall be accompanied by a fee of  
29 three (\$3.00) dollars. And all licenses issued prior to December 31, 1915, shall  
30 expire on that date.

31 Upon receipt of such an application the Secretary shall file the same in his  
32 office and register the applicant in a book or index which shall be kept in the  
33 same manner as the book or index for the registration of motor vehicles and  
34 when the applicant shall have passed the examination herein provided for, the  
35 number or mark assigned to such applicant, together with the fact that such  
36 applicant has passed such examination, shall be noted in said book or index,  
37 and the name of the applicant shall be furnished the county clerk of the county  
38 of which the applicant is a resident.

39 No person shall operate or drive a motor vehicle as a chauffeur upon a  
40 public highway of this State after the first day of January, 1916, unless such  
41 person shall have complied in all respects with the requirements of this sec-  
42 tion: *Provided, however,* that a non-resident chauffeur who has registered un-  
43 der the provisions of the law of the foreign country, State, territory or federal  
44 district of his residence substantially equivalent to the provisions of this sec-  
45 tion shall be exempt from license hereunder. Such license shall be renewed an-  
46 nually upon the payment of a fee of *one (\$1.00) dollar* and shall take effect on  
47 the first day of January of each year: *Provided, however,* that if it shall be made  
48 to appear to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State that any chauffeur shall  
49 have driven or operated a motor vehicle within this State while under the in-  
50 fluence of intoxicating liquor the Secretary of State shall not renew the license  
51 of such chauffeur until after the expiration of the period of one year from and  
52 after the date of the expiration of the license of any such chauffeur.

• Sec. 14a. *That it shall be unlawful for any person, firm, association, or cor-  
2 poration engaged as a common carrier in the operation of taxicabs, automobiles,  
3 automobile trucks, automobile busses, or jitney busses or other motor vehicles*



4 for hire, or its officers or agents, to require or permit any employee engaged in  
5 operating and driving such motor vehicles as a chauffeur to be or remain on  
6 duty as a chauffeur for a longer period than ten (10) hours in any consecu-  
7 tive twenty-four (24) hours.

Sec. 14b. That any such person, firm, association, or corporation engaged  
2 as a common carrier for hire in the operation of motor vehicles or any officer or  
3 agent thereof requiring or permitting any employee to go, be, or remain on duty  
4 in violation of section 14a hereof shall be liable to a penalty of not to exceed  
5 fifty (\$50.00) dollars for each and every violation; and if any person or prop-  
6 erty is damaged or injured by the operation of a motor vehicle in violation of  
7 section 14a, such damage or injury shall be deemed to have occurred and been  
8 brought about and caused by the negligence and wrongful act of the owner of  
9 such motor vehicle, or the party employing the chauffeur operating such  
10 motor vehicle to operate the same: Provided, none of the penalties herein  
11 fixed shall apply to the patron or passenger engaging and using the services of  
12 such motor vehicle and the chauffeur operating the same.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Pace, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act for the protection of persons furnishing materials and labor for the construction of public works.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* (Contractors for public buildings or work to give bond to pay for labor, skill, tools, machinery, equipment and material—suit on bond.) That hereafter any person or persons entering into a formal contract with the State of Illinois, State governmental agency, municipal corporation, or political subdivision of the State or other public board or body thereof for the construction of any public building, or the prosecution and completion of any public work, or for repairs upon any public building or public work, shall be required, before commencing such work, where a bond is required by law or is given to secure the performance of such contract, to execute the usual penal bond, running to the People of the State of Illinois as obligee, with good and sufficient sureties, with the additional obligation that such contractor or contractors shall promptly make payments to all persons supplying him or them with labor, skill, tools, machinery, equipment and materials, or any or either of them in the prosecution of the work provided for in such con-

tract; and any person, company or corporation who has furnished labor, skill, tools, machinery, equipment or materials used in the construction or repair of any public building or public work, and payment for which has not been made, shall have the right to intervene and be made a party to any action instituted on the bond of the contractor to enforce the same and to have their rights and claims adjudicated in such action and judgment rendered thereon, subject, however, to the priority of the claim and judgment of the State of Illinois, State governmental agency, municipal corporation, or political subdivision of the State or other public board or body thereof taking such bond. If the full amount of the liability of the surety on said bond is insufficient to pay the full amount of said claims and demands, then, after paying the full amount due the State of Illinois, State governmental agency, municipal corporation, or political subdivision of the State or other public board or body thereof, the remainder shall be distributed pro rata among said interveners. If no suit shall be brought by the State of Illinois, State governmental agency, municipal corporation, or political subdivision of the State or other public board or body thereof taking such bond within six months from the completion or final settlement of said contract or within thirty days of the abandonment or termination of said contract through default, then the person or persons supplying the contractor with labor, skill, tools, machinery, equipment and materials shall, upon application therefor, and furnishing and filing affidavit with the officer or person having official custody of said bond, that labor, skill, tools, machinery, equipment or materials for the prosecution of such work has been supplied by him or them, and payment for which has not been made, be furnished with a certified copy of said contract and bond, upon which he or they shall have a right of action, and shall be, and are hereby authorized to bring suit in the name of the People of the State of Illinois in any court having jurisdiction of the controversy, for his or their use and benefit against said contractor and his sureties, and to prosecute the same to final judgment and execution: *Provided*, that where suit is instituted by any of such creditors on the bond of the contractor it shall not be commenced until after the complete performance of said contract

47 and final settlement thereof, and shall be commenced within one year after the  
48 performance and final settlement or abandonment or termination by default of  
49 said contract, and not later: *And provided, further,* that where suit is so in-  
50 stituted by a creditor or by creditors, only one action shall be brought, and any  
51 creditor may file his claim in such action and be made party thereto within one  
52 year from the completion of the work under said contract, or from its ter-  
53 mination by abandonment or default, and not later, or within such further time  
54 as may be allowed by the court hereinafter provided for the giving of notice.  
55 If the recovery on the bond should be inadequate to pay the amounts found due  
56 to all of said creditors, judgment shall be given to each creditor pro rata of the  
57 amount of the recovery. The surety on said bond may pay into court, for dis-  
58 tribution among said claimants and creditors, the full amount of the sureties'  
59 liabilities, to-wit, the penalty named in the bond, less any amount which said  
60 surety may have had to pay to the State of Illinois, state governmental agency,  
61 municipal corporation, or political subdivision of the State or other public  
62 board or body thereof by reason of the execution of said bond, and upon so  
63 doing the surety will be relieved from further liability: *Provided, further,*  
64 that in all suits instituted under the provisions of this Act such personal notice  
65 of the pendency of such suits, informing them of their right to intervene as the  
66 court may order, shall be given to all known creditors, and in addition thereto  
67 notice of publication in some newspaper of general circulation, published in  
68 the city, town or village or political subdivision where the contract was or is  
69 being performed, for at least three successive weeks, the last publication to be  
70 at least three months before the time limited therefor.

Sec. 2. INSOLVENT OF INSUFFICIENT SURETY.] Whenever any official or offi-  
2 cials, public agent, board, body or person having a duty or an interest in the  
3 matter of the performance of said contract and the validity and enforceability  
4 of said bond or bond subsequently given, shall have reason to believe that said  
5 bond is insufficient because of the insolvency of surety or sureties or any  
6 cause whatsoever, he shall have the right to petition the county court in which



7 said public work is being or is to be done, or any part thereof is situated, set-  
 8 ting up the insufficiency of said bond, and praying for an inquiry thereon,  
 9 and thereupon such notice shall be given as the court may order to the principal  
 10 and sureties on said bond and shall proceed thereafter to inquire into the suffi-  
 11 ciency of such bond and enter an order finding the same sufficient or insuffi-  
 12 cient, as the court determines, and in the event of the finding of the court that  
 13 said bond is insufficient, the principals on said bond shall be ruled to file a  
 14 new bond with sufficient sureties as in the first instance, and until such bond  
 15 is given, after the entry of the order adjudging the previous bond insuffi-  
 16 cient, all work under said contract shall cease. And the order of the court on  
 17 the sufficiency of said bond shall be final and binding and not subject to review.

Sec. 3. No change in the work covered by the original contract or assign-  
 2 ment or modification of, or supplement to said contract, nor any extension of  
 3 time for the completion of the contract shall release the sureties on said bond.

Sec. 4. If any official or person, board or body charged with the duty of  
 2 taking said bond shall fail to take such bond or shall wilfully take an insuffi-  
 3 cient bond, such officer, person, board or body shall be liable to any person  
 4 aggrieved or injured in an action on the case at the suit of such person ag-  
 5 grieved or injured, or may be recovered in an action of debt on the official  
 6 bond of such official.



1 Introduced by Mr. Pace, March 23, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend sections 3, 4 and 7 of an Act entitled, "An Act to authorize the organization of high school districts," approved June 5, 1911, in force July 1, 1911, and to add a new section thereto to be numbered section 8.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That sections 3, 4 and 7 of an Act en-  
3 titled, "An Act to authorize the organization of high school districts," ap-  
4 proved June 5, 1911, in force July 1, 1911, be and the same hereby are amended  
5 and a new section added thereto to be numbered section 8, so that the same  
6 shall read as follows:

Sec. 3. The elections required by this Act shall be conducted by the judges  
2 and clerks designated by the county superintendent of schools, to whom all re-  
3 turns shall be made within 5 days. The county superintendent shall appoint  
4 two judges and one clerk for each polling place, selecting, as far as practicable  
5 for such duties, school directors and members of boards of education and per-  
6 sons who have had experience in conducting school elections. If the judges or  
7 clerks, or any of them, shall fail to attend, or refuse to act when present, the

8 qualified voters assembled shall choose from among themselves such additional  
 9 persons as shall be necessary to act as judges and clerk of the election. The bal-  
 10 lots shall be in substantially the following form, to-wit:

For the establishment of a township high school.	
Against the establishment of a township high school.	

11 The voter shall make a cross mark in the square following and opposite the  
 12 proposition favored, and the ballot shall be so counted. Any man or woman  
 13 who has attained to the age of 21 years and is a citizen, who has resided with-  
 14 in the State one year, in the county 90 days and in the territory of the proposed  
 15 high school district 30 days, shall be authorized to vote on the proposition to  
 16 establish a township high school.

Sec. 4. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposition shall be in favor  
 2 of establishing a township high school, the county superintendent shall forth-  
 3 with order an election to be held within 30 days, for the purpose of selecting a  
 4 township high school board of education to consist of a president and six mem-  
 5 bers, by posting notices for at least ten days in ten of the most public places  
 6 throughout the township or territory, which notices may be substantially as  
 7 follows:

#### 8 NOTICE OF ELECTION.

9 Notice is hereby given that on.....the.....day of.....,  
 10 an election will be held at..... for the purpose of electing a  
 11 township high school board of education, to consist of a president and six mem-  
 12 bers. The polls will be opened at.....o'clock.....m. and closed at.....  
 13 o'clock.....m.

14 A.....B. ....

15 County Superintendent.

16 Two of the members shall be elected to serve for one year, two for two  
 17 years, and two for three years from the second Saturday in April next preced-  
 18 ing the election and each year thereafter two members shall be elected to serve

19 for three years. The president shall be elected annually. Petitions for the nom-  
20 ination of candidates in the first instance shall run to the county superintendent  
21 of schools. The county superintendent of schools shall give the district a con-  
22 secutive number, make a map of the same, together with a list of the tax payers,  
23 and present them to the county clerk for filing and record.

Sec. 7. A school district or any part thereof, adjoining a high school dis-  
2 trict organized pursuant to this Act, may be annexed to such high school  
3 district and become a part thereof, by the county superintendent of schools,  
4 upon the receipt of a petition signed by a majority of the legal voters who re-  
5 side in the district or territory described in the petition. When a change in  
6 boundaries has been made by the county superintendent of schools according  
7 to this section, he shall make a map of the district as enlarged, together with  
8 a list of the tax payers, and file the same for record with the county clerk.

Sec. 8. When any district desires to discontinue the township high school,  
2 the county superintendent, upon the receipt of a petition signed by a majority  
3 of the legal voters of the district, shall, forthwith, order an election to be held  
4 in the manner provided by this Act, for the purpose of voting "for" or  
5 "against" the proposition to discontinue the township high school. If a ma-  
6 jority of the ballots cast at the election shall be in favor of discontinuing the  
7 township high school, the county superintendent shall direct the high school  
8 board of education to discharge all outstanding obligations and to distribute  
9 the remainder of the assets of the high school district to the underlying dis-  
10 tricts and parts of districts in proportion to the assessed valuation of all the  
11 property of such districts and parts of districts. When a township high school  
12 shall be discontinued by an order of any court of competent jurisdiction, the  
13 assets of the high school district shall be distributed in the manner provided by  
14 this section.





1 Introduced by Mr. Pierson, March 23, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Education.

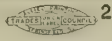
## A BILL

For an Act to restrict the formation of classes in high schools, state normal schools,  
state normal schools and the University of Illinois.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That no class or classes, shall be formed  
3 or instructed, in any public high school, state normal school, or the University of  
4 Illinois, that shall have less than five students, but all classes shall have at least  
5 five students who are regularly enrolled in any such public school or school sup-  
6 ported in whole or in part by public funds. Any person violating the provi-  
7 sions of this Act shall be subject to a fine of not less than five dollars and not  
8 more than one hundred dollars for each offense.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Pierson, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend sections 1, 12, 13, 14a, 14b, 14c and 15 of an Act entitled, "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy in the State of Illinois, to make an appropriation therefor, and to repeal certain Acts therein named, approved May 11, 1901, in force July 1, 1901, as amended by an Act approved May 13, 1903, in force July 1, 1903, as amended by Act approved June 3, 1907, in force July 1, 1907, as amended by Act approved and in force January 17, 1908, as amended by Act approved June 10, 1911, in force July 1, 1911."

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That sections 1, 12, 13, 14a, 14b, 14c, and 15 of an Act entitled, "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy in the State of Illinois, to make an appropriation therefor, and to repeal certain Acts therein named, approved May 11, 1901, in force July 1, 1901, as amended by an Act approved May 13, 1903, in force July 1, 1903, as amended by Act approved June 3, 1907, in force July 1, 1907, as amended by Act approved and in force January 17, 1908, as amended by Act approved June 10, 1911, in force July 1, 1911," be amended to read as follows:

10       Section 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person not a registered phar-  
 11       macist within the meaning of this Act to open or conduct any pharmacy, dis-  
 12       pensary, drug store, apothecary shop or store, for the purpose of retailing, com-  
 13       pounding or dispensing drugs, medicines or poisons, and any person violating  
 14       the provisions of this section shall be liable to a penalty of not less than twenty  
 15       or more than one hundred dollars for the first offense, and *for each succeeding*  
 16       *offense not less than fifty or more than two hundred dollars: Provided, how-*  
 17       *ever,* that nothing in this Act will prevent any person or persons owning a drug  
 18       store or pharmacy, who shall employ and place in active and personal charge  
 19       of the same a registered pharmacist, and that nothing herein contained shall ap-  
 20       ply to *or in any manner interfere with the practice of any physician or prevent*  
 21       *him from supplying to his patients such articles as may seem to him proper, or*  
 22       *with the exclusive wholesale business of any wholesale druggist: Provided, fur-*  
 23       *ther,* that nothing contained in this Act shall apply to the sale of patent or pro-  
 24       prietary preparations *and remedies* which do not contain *opium or coca leaves,*  
 25       *or any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative or preparation thereof,* when sold  
 26       in original and unbroken packages only

      Sec. 12. No person shall sell at retail any drug, medicine or poison without  
 2       affixing to the box, bottle, vessel, or package containing the same a label bearing  
 3       the name of the article distinctly shown, with the name and place of business of  
 4       the registered pharmacist from whom the article was obtained: *Provided, that*  
 5       nothing in this section shall apply to the dispensing of prescriptions of *licensed*  
 6       *physicians, licensed dentists, or licensed veterinarians,* or with the sale of paris  
 7       green or lead arsenate, *or other poisonous substances or mixtures of poisonous*  
 8       *substances, in unbroken packages, for use in the arts or for insecticide pur-*  
 9       *poses; provided, they bear a label with the name, or names, of such poisonous*  
 10       *substances and the word "poison" printed thereon in prominent type and the*  
 11       *names of at least two readily obtainable antidotes with directions for their ad-*  
 12       *ministration.*

13 Every proprietor or manager of a drug store or pharmacy shall keep in his  
14 place of business a suitable book or file, in which shall be preserved for a period  
15 of not less than five years, the original of every prescription compounded or  
16 dispensed at such store or pharmacy, numbering, dating and filing them in the  
17 order in which they were compounded, and shall produce the same in court or  
18 before any grand jury whenever thereto lawfully required. Said book on file of  
19 original prescriptions shall at all times be open for inspection by duly author-  
20 ized officers of the law. Any person failing to comply with the requirements of  
21 this section shall be liable to a penalty of *twenty dollars* for every *such violation*.

Sec. 13. Any person who shall wilfully make any false representation to  
2 procure registration for himself or any other person, *or who shall make false*  
3 *representation as to his registration as an apprentice, assistant pharmacist or*  
4 *registered pharmacist, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor*, and on con-  
5 viction shall be fined not less than fifty dollars *or more than one hundred dol-*  
6 *lars* for every such offense.

Sec. 14a. It shall be unlawful for any person, *firm or corporation* to sell,  
2 *barter, exchange or give away any opium or coca leaves, or any compound, man-*  
3 *ufacture, salt, derivative or preparation thereof*, except in pursuance of the  
4 written prescription of a licensed physician, *licensed dentist or licensed veterinar-*  
5 *arian who is registered with the United States Collector of Internal Revenue in*  
6 *the District in which he resides, in accordance with the provisions of an Act of*  
7 *Congress entitled, "An Act to provide for the registration of, with collectors*  
8 *of internal revenue, and to impose a special tax upon all persons who produce,*  
9 *import, manufacture, compound, deal in, dispense, sell, distribute, or give away*  
10 *opium or coca leaves, their salts, derivatives, or preparations, and for other pur-*  
11 *poses," approved December 17, 1914; said prescription shall contain the name*  
12 *and address of the person for whom prescribed (or if prescribed by a veterinar-*  
13 *ian, shall state the kind of animal for which prescribed and the name of the*  
14 *owner thereof), shall be dated as of the day it is signed, and shall also be dated*  
15 *as of the day it is filled, shall not be altered or changed by any person, and*



16 shall be permanently retained on file by the person, firm or corporation by whom  
17 the same is filled; and it shall be filled but once, and of it no copy shall be made  
18 by any person, and it shall at all times be open to the inspection of the pre-  
19 scriber, the Board of Pharmacy and all officers of the law.

20 *Nothing contained in this section shall apply:*

21 (a) *To the dispensing or distribution of any of the substances mentioned*  
22 *to a patient by a licensed physician, licensed dentist, or licensed veterinarian,*  
23 *who is registered under the Act of Congress herein referred to, in the course of*  
24 *his professional practice only; provided, that a licensed physician, licensed*  
25 *dentist, or licensed veterinarian who shall dispense at one time more than four*  
26 *average adult human doses of any of the substances mentioned in this section,*  
27 *shall keep in a suitable book a record of all such substances so dispensed, the*  
28 *date of such dispensing, and the name and address of the patient to whom such*  
29 *substances were dispensed, or if for an animal, the kind of animal and the name*  
30 *and address of the owner or custodian thereof; and such record shall be kept for*  
31 *a period of two years, subject to inspection as provided in this section. The mak-*  
32 *ing or preserving of any record required by any other law of this State, or of*  
33 *the United States, which record shall set forth the facts above required to be*  
34 *stated, shall be deemed sufficient compliance with the provisions of this section.*

35 (b) *To sales made by a manufacturer of any of the drugs mentioned, or a*  
36 *wholesale dealer in drugs, or a retail druggist, to other such manufacturers,*  
37 *wholesale dealers in drugs, or retail druggists; or to sales made to manufactur-*  
38 *ers of medicinal preparations for use in such preparations only, or to sales made*  
39 *to hospitals, colleges, scientific or public institutions, or to licensed physicians,*  
40 *licensed dentists or licensed veterinarians, in accordance with the provisions of*  
41 *the Act of Congress herein referred to.*

42 (c) *To the sale, distribution, giving away or dispensing by persons regis-*  
43 *tered under the provisions of the Act of Congress referred to, of preparations*  
44 *and remedies which do not contain more than two grains of opium, or more than*  
45 *one-fourth grain of morphine, or more than one-eighth grain of heroin, or more*  
46 *than one grain of codeine, or any salt or derivative of any of them in one fluid*



ounce, or if a solid or semi-solid preparation, in one avoirdupois ounce; or to liniments, ointments or other preparations which are prepared for external use only, except liniments, ointments and other preparations which contain cocaine or any of its salts, or alpha or beta eucaine, or any of their salts; provided, that all such preparations shall contain other active drugs in sufficient proportions to confer upon them other and additional medicinal properties than those possessed by the unmixed drugs, salts or alkaloids specified in this section: And provided, further, that all such drugs, preparations or mixtures are sold, dispensed or distributed for use as medicines, and not for the purpose of evading the intentions of this section.

(d) To the sale of decocainized coca leaves or preparations made therefrom, or to other preparations of coca leaves which do not contain cocaine.

It shall be unlawful for any person to falsely assume or use the title licensed physician, licensed dentist or licensed veterinarian or to falsely assume or use any other professional title or degree or abbreviation thereof, or for any person to falsely represent himself to be a manufacturer of drugs and medicines, wholesale dealer in drugs or retail druggist, for the purpose of obtaining any of the substances specified in this section.

Sec. 14b. It shall be unlawful for any licensed physician or licensed dentist, or other person, to furnish or prescribe for the use of any habitual user any of the substances mentioned in section 14a of this Act, or for any licensed dentist to furnish or prescribe any of the said substances for the use of any person not under his immediate treatment as a dentist, or for any other purpose than as a part of such treatment, or for any veterinarian to prescribe or furnish any of the said substances for the use of any human being.

The provisions of this section shall not be construed to prevent any licensed physician from prescribing for the use of any patient under his care for the treatment of a drug habit, or dispensing to such patient, such substances as he may deem necessary for such treatment: Provided, that such prescriptions and treatment are given in good faith, and not for the purpose of evading the intentions

13 of this Act: And provided, further, that he shall immediately notify the Board  
14 of Pharmacy, in writing, of the beginning of such treatment, with the name and  
15 address of such patient, and shall repeat such notice every thirty days during  
16 the period such treatment is continued.

17 Any person who shall disclose the information contained in the said report  
18 to the Board of Pharmacy, except for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of  
19 this Act, or for the purpose of enforcing any law of the United States, or of any  
20 State or territory, or the District of Columbia, or any ordinance of any organized  
21 municipality therein regulating the sale, prescribing, dispensing, dealing in or  
22 distribution of any of the substances mentioned in section 14a of this Act, shall,  
23 on conviction, be fined or imprisoned as provided by section 14c of this Act.

Sec. 14c. Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the provisions  
2 of the foregoing sections 14a and 14b, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and for  
3 the first offense shall be fined not more than one thousand (\$1,000) dollars, or  
4 imprisoned in the county jail not more than one year, or both, and for each suc-  
5 ceeding offense fined not less than two hundred (\$200) dollars or more than one  
6 thousand (\$1,000) dollars, or imprisoned not less than three months or more  
7 than twelve months in the county jail, or both, and if the person so offending  
8 shall have a license as a physician, dentist, pharmacist, or veterinarian, such li-  
9 cense shall be revoked; and the prosecution for the violation of the foregoing  
10 sections 14a and 14b shall be carried on in the same manner as for violations of  
11 the criminal code, and all fines collected in prosecutions shall inure to the bene-  
12 fit of the Board of Pharmacy: *Provided, that a person, firm, or corporation*  
13 *authorized by law to compound and dispense physicians' prescriptions shall not*  
14 *be held liable for the innocent compounding and dispensing of any of the sub-*  
15 *stances specified in section 14a of this Act, in consequence of a false, fraudu-*  
16 *lent or forged prescription, which he, in good faith, believed to be the prescription*  
17 *of a licensed physician, licensed dentist or licensed veterinarian, issued for a*  
18 *lawful purpose: And provided, further, that suits for the recovery of the pen-*  
19 *alties prescribed in the other sections of this Act, except section 13, shall be*  
20 *prosecuted as provided in section 15.*

Sec. 15. All suits for the recovery of the several penalties prescribed in  
2 this Act, *with the exception of sections 13, 14a and 14b, shall be commenced by*  
3 *summons in an action of debt in the name of the People of the State of Illinois,*  
4 *for the use of the Board of Pharmacy, in any court having jurisdiction; and*  
5 *it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney of the county where any violation of*  
6 *this Act is committed to prosecute said suit upon proper complaint being made.*  
7 All penalties collected under the provisions of this Act shall inure to the Board  
8 of Pharmacy.

9 *Either party may appeal in the same time and manner as appeals may be*  
10 *taken in other cases, except that where an appeal is prayed upon behalf of the*  
11 *People no appeal bond shall be required to be filed, nor shall the People be re-*  
12 *quired to advance any costs, whether the appeal be from a justice of the peace, or*  
13 *from the county or circuit courts, or from the appellate court. But it shall be*  
14 *sufficient, in behalf of the People of the State of Illinois, for the use of the*  
15 *Board of Pharmacy, to pray an appeal and thereupon appeal may be had without*  
16 *bond or security.*





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Pierson, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

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## A BILL

For an Act in relation to the nomination by political parties of candidates for public office.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the nomination of candidates for  
3 all elective State and judicial offices, by all political parties, as defined by sec-  
4 tion 2 of this Act, shall be made in the manner provided in this Act and not  
5 otherwise.

Sec. 2. Any convention of delegates, elected or chosen as provided in this  
2 Act, representing a political party which, at the general State and county elec-  
3 tion then next preceding polled at least two per cent of the entire vote cast in  
4 the State, or in the district or circuit for which the nomination is made, may,  
5 for the State, or for the district or circuit for which the convention is held,  
6 make one nomination for each office to be filled at the election then next pre-  
7 ceding.

Sec. 3. The following words and phrases in this Act shall, unless the  
2 same be inconsistent with the context, be construed as follows:



3       1. The word "precinct" a voting district heretofore or hereafter estab-  
4       lished by law within which all qualified electors vote at one polling place.

5       2. The words "State office" or "State officer," an office to be filled, or an  
6       officer to be voted for, by qualified electors of the entire State.

7       3. The words "judicial office" or "judicial officer," judges of the Supreme  
8       and Circuit courts and judges of the superior court of Cook county.

9       4. The word "primary," the primary election provided for in this Act.

10      5. The word "election," a general election, as distinguished from a special  
11      election or a primary election.

Sec. 4. A primary for the election of delegates to county conventions of the  
2      respective political parties shall be held on the second Tuesday in April in every  
3      year in which State or judicial officers are to be voted for.

Sec. 5. All candidates for elective State or judicial offices, when nominated  
2      by political parties as defined in this Act, shall be nominated by conventions of  
3      delegates chosen as provided for herein, and not otherwise. The State and  
4      judicial conventions of each political party shall nominate candidates of such  
5      party, respectively, for State and judicial offices.

Sec. 6. All State and judicial conventions shall be held not later than three  
2      weeks after the date of the primary. All county conventions shall be held not  
3      later than ten days after the date of the primary.

Sec. 7. The following committees, to be selected and chosen as hereinafter  
2      provided, shall constitute the central or managing committee of each political  
3      party—a State central committee, a judicial district committee for each Su-  
4      preme court judicial district, a judicial circuit committee for each judicial cir-  
5      cuit and a county central committee for each county.

Sec. 8. The State Central Committee of each political party shall be chosen  
2      bi-ennially at the State convention of such political party, in such manner as  
3      the State convention shall determine. The chairman and secretary of the  
4      county central committees of each political party, respectively, of the counties

5 composing a supreme judicial district, shall be *ex officio* the supreme district  
6 committee of such political party. In case any county shall constitute one  
7 judicial circuit, and in case of the superior court of Cook county, the county  
8 central committee of each political party, respectively, of the county shall be  
9 *ex officio* the judicial circuit committee. In case a judicial circuit is composed  
10 of more than one county then the chairman and secretary of the county cen-  
11 tral committees of each political party, respectively, of the counties compos-  
12 ing the judicial circuit shall be *ex officio* the judicial circuit committee. The  
13 county central committee of each political party shall be chosen biennially at  
14 the county convention of such political party in such manner as the county  
15 convention shall determine.

16 Vacancies on the State Central Committee and on the county central com-  
17 mittee of each political party caused by death, resignation, removal from the  
18 territorial area for which chosen, renunciation of the political principles of  
19 the party for which chosen, or otherwise, shall be filled in such manner as the  
20 convention selecting such committee shall, by resolution duly adopted, determine.  
21 The facts constituting the vacancy shall be found by the committee in which  
22 the vacancy occurs, and the finding of the committee in this regard shall be  
23 final and conclusive.

24 Within ten days after the adjournment of the State and county conventions  
25 of each political party, respectively, the chairman and secretary of each such  
26 convention, respectively, shall file in the proper office a certificate, giving the  
27 names and post office addresses with the street and number, if any, of the  
28 persons chosen members of the central committees by the convention of which  
29 they were chairman and secretary, respectively. Such certificate shall further  
30 set forth a true, perfect and correct copy of the resolution, if any, adopted by  
31 the convention of which they were chairman and secretary, respectively, pro-  
32 viding for the filling of vacancies. Such certificates before being filed shall be  
33 verified by the oath of the chairman and of the secretary that the facts therein  
34 stated are true and that they were, respectively, chairman and secretary of the  
35 convention. Such certificates shall be filed as follows:

36 That executed by the chairman and secretary of the State convention in  
 37 the office of the Secretary of State; that executed by the chairman and secre-  
 38 tary of the county convention in the office of the county clerk.

39 In case a vacancy on any committee shall be filled, a certificate to that  
 40 effect, subscribed and sworn to by the chairman and secretary of the committee  
 41 in which vacancy occurred, shall be filed in the office in which the certificate of  
 42 the appointment of such committee is filed.

43 Until committees are chosen in the manner provided by this Act the com-  
 44 mittees of the respective political parties selected and chosen under the laws in  
 45 force at the time of their selection shall act as like committees under this Act.

46 Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent a political party  
 47 from electing or appointing in accordance with its practice other committees.

Sec. 9. The State convention of each political party shall consist of dele-  
 2 gates chosen and selected by the respective county conventions of such political  
 3 party in such manner as the State Central Committee of such party, in its offi-  
 4 cial call for the State convention of such political party, shall prescribe: *Pro-*  
 5 *vided*, That if the State Central Committee shall, in its official call, so prescribe  
 6 delegates to the State conventions may be chosen by wards, precincts, commis-  
 7 sioners districts, or combinations of wards, precincts or commissioners districts.  
 8 The judicial district convention and the judicial circuit convention, respective-  
 9 ly, of each political party, shall be composed of delegates chosen by the county  
 10 conventions of each political party of each county composing the judicial dis-  
 11 trict or the judicial circuit, as the case may be: *Provided*, That in case any  
 12 county shall constitute one judicial district or circuit, and in case of the su-  
 13 perior court of Cook county, the county convention shall constitute the judicial  
 14 district or circuit convention. The county convention of each political party  
 15 shall be composed of delegates elected from the various precincts of the county  
 16 in such manner as may be determined by the county central committee of such  
 17 party for each county in its official call for such convention.



Sec. 10. At least thirty days before the day fixed by law for the holding of a primary for the election of delegates to a county convention, official calls shall be made and filed by the respective committees of the respective political parties for the conventions then next ensuing: *Provided*, That the call for the county convention shall be filed twenty days before the date of the primary. The number of delegates to any convention shall be proportioned equally to the number of voters of such party as shown by the last preceding general election.

The State Central Committee of each political party shall file its official call for a convention in the office of Secretary of State. Such call, among other things, shall set forth:

First: The name of such political party and the name and address of the chairman and secretary of the State Central Committee and the address of the headquarters of such committee.

Second: The day on which the State convention shall be held.

Third: The place (designating the building or hall) in which the State convention shall be held.

Fourth: The total number of delegates which shall compose the State convention.

Fifth: The ratio of representation of each governmental or geographical sub-division in the State convention.

Sixth: The number of delegates to which each county ward, precinct, commissioners district, or combinations of wards, precincts, or commissioners districts, is entitled.

Seventh: The manner of the selection of delegates to the State convention, whether all the delegates thereto shall be selected by the county convention of any county, or by the delegates to the county convention from wards, precincts, or commissioners districts, or combination of wards or precincts or commissioners districts of such county or counties.

The judicial district and the judicial circuit committees of each political party shall file the calls for the respective conventions in the office of the Secre-

32 tary of State. Such calls, among other things, shall set forth:

33 First: The name of such political party and the name and address of the  
34 chairman and secretary of the judicial district or the judicial circuit committee,  
35 and the address of the headquarters of such committee.

36 Second: The day on which the judicial district or the judicial circuit con-  
37 vention, as the case may be, shall be held.

38 Third: The place (designating the building or hall) in which the judicial  
39 district or the judicial circuit convention, as the case may be, shall be held.

40 Fourth: The total number of delegates which shall compose the judicial  
41 district or the judicial circuit convention, as the case may be.

42 Fifth: The ratio of representation in the judicial district or the judicial  
43 circuit convention, as the case may be.

44 Sixth: The number of delegates to which each county is entitled.

45 The county central committee of each political party shall file its official  
46 call for a county convention in the office of the county clerk and in the office of  
47 the board of election commissioners in each city, village and incorporated town  
48 having a board of election commissioners in the county. Such official call, shall  
49 among other things set forth:

50 First: The name of such political party and the name and address of the  
51 chairman and secretary of the county central committee, and the address of  
52 the headquarters of such committee.

53 Second: The day on which the county convention shall be held.

54 Third: The place (designating the building or hall) in which the county  
55 convention shall be held.

56 Fourth: The total number of delegates which shall compose the county  
57 convention.

58 Fifth: The ratio of representation in the county convention.

59 Sixth: The number of delegates from each precinct in the county, pro-  
60 vided, that each precinct shall be entitled to at least one delegate in the county  
61 convention.



62 In default of the filing of an official call by the county central committee of  
63 any party for the holding of a county convention of such party, such party shall  
64 not be entitled to hold a county convention in such county, and shall in such  
65 county be precluded from participating in the primary election.

66 The official call for the respective conventions of the respective political  
67 parties shall be signed by the chairman and attested by the secretary of the  
68 proper central or managing committee of such political party or organization,  
69 verified by oath that the facts therein stated are true and that they are respect-  
70 ively the chairman and secretary of such committee.

Sec. 11. The primaries herein provided for shall be held at the regular  
2 polling places now established or which may hereafter be established for the  
3 purpose of a general election. The polls shall be open from six o'clock A. M.  
4 to five o'clock P. M.

Sec. 12. At least ten days before each primary it shall be the duty of the  
2 county clerk or of the board of election commissioners, or both, as the case  
3 may be, to give notice of such primary election. Such notice shall contain the  
4 names of the political parties entitled to participate therein, the addresses of  
5 respective headquarters of the central or managing committees of such political  
6 parties, the name, place and time of each county convention according to the  
7 official calls filed in the office of the county clerk, or in the office of the board of  
8 election commissioners, as the case may be, the time and place of holding the  
9 primary, the hours during which the polls will open, the number of delegates to  
10 be elected to the county convention from the precinct in which such notice is  
11 posted, and the color of the ballots to be used by each political party. Such  
12 notices shall be posted at least fifteen days prior to the primary by the same  
13 authorities and in the same manner as notices of election under the general  
14 election laws are required to be posted.

Sec. 13. The judges of general election for state and county officers are  
2 hereby constituted respectively the judges of primary elections in their re-  
3 spective precincts under the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 14 It is hereby made the duty of the respective judges of general elections to act as judges of primary elections in their respective precincts until their successors as judges of general elections are duly appointed and qualified.

Sec. 15 If, at the time for opening of a primary, one of the primary judges be absent, or refuse to act, the judges present shall appoint some qualified primary elector of the precinct to act in his place. If two of the primary judges be absent or refuse to act, the judges present shall fill the vacancies in the same manner, as above provided. If all three of the primary judges be absent, or refuse to act, the primary electors present, who reside in the precinct shall elect three of their number to act as primary judges.

Sec. 16 The primary judges in each precinct, except in cities having a board of election commissioners, shall select three qualified primary electors of said precinct, to act as primary clerks, who shall continue to serve during the pleasure of said primary judges; but no more than two persons of the same political party shall be chosen primary clerks in the same precinct.

In cities having a board of election commissioners, the regularly appointed clerks of election shall act as clerks of the primary in their respective precincts.

Sec. 17. Previous to any vote being taken, the primary judges and clerks shall severally subscribe and take an oath or affirmation in the following form, to-wit:

“I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be,) that I will support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Illinois, and will faithfully and honestly discharge the duties of primary judge (or clerk, as the case may be,) according to the best of my ability, and that I have resided in this State for one year, in this county for ninety days, and in this precinct thirty days next preceding this primary, and am entitled to vote at this primary.”

All persons subscribing the oath as aforesaid, and all persons actually serving as primary judges and clerks, whether sworn or not, shall be deemed to be and are hereby declared to be officers of the county court of their respective

14 counties; and such persons shall be liable to punishment by said court in a pro-  
15 ceeding for contempt for any misbehavior as such primary judges or clerks, to  
16 be tried in open court, on oral testimony, in a summary manner, without writ-  
17 ten pleadings, but such trial, or punishment for contempt of court, shall not be  
18 any bar to any criminal proceedings against such primary judges or clerks for  
19 any violation of this Act.

Sec. 18. In case there shall be no justice of the peace or notary public  
2 present at the opening of a primary, or in case such justice of the peace or no-  
3 tary public shall be appointed one of the primary judges or clerks, it shall be  
4 lawful for the primary judges to administer the oath or affirmation to each  
5 other, and to the primary clerks.

Sec. 19. The primary judges and clerks, except as otherwise provided in  
2 this Act, shall perform the same duties, have the same powers, and be subject  
3 to the same penalties as judges and clerks of general elections, under the gen-  
4 eral election laws of this State.

Sec. 20. The judges of primary shall permit each different ticket of dele-  
2 gates to be represented by a challenger, chosen by a majority of those named  
3 for delegates on any particular ticket. Such challengers shall be protected in  
4 the discharge of their duty by the judges of primary and the police. Such chal-  
5 lengers shall be permitted to remain within the polling-place in such a position  
6 as will enable them to see each person as he offers his vote, and may remain  
7 within the polling-place throughout the canvass of the vote and until the returns  
8 are signed. The challengers shall be permitted to remain so near that they can  
9 see that the judges and clerks are faithfully performing their duties.

Sec. 22. The judges of primary shall admit one or more policemen to be  
2 present in the polling-place at the time of such canvass. None but the officers  
3 of such primary election, challengers and peace officers shall occupy such poll-  
4 ing-place except for the purpose of voting.



Sec. 23. All officers upon which is imposed by law the duty of designating  
2 and providing polling places for general elections, shall provide polling-places  
3 for the primary elections, and such polling-places shall be established, furnish-  
4 ed, warmed, lighted and maintained by such authorities.

Sec. 24. Primary ballot boxes shall be furnished by the same authorities  
2 and in the same manner, and shall be of the same style and description as bal-  
3 lot boxes furnished for the general election under the general election laws of  
4 this State.

Sec. 25. All necessary primary poll books, registry books, return sheets,  
2 tally sheets, blanks, return blanks, stationery and other necessary supplies shall  
3 be furnished by the same authorities upon whom is imposed by law the duty of  
4 furnishing such supplies at a general election.

Sec. 26. The expense of conducting such primary, including the per diem  
2 of judges and clerks, furnishing, warming, lighting and maintaining the polling-  
3 places, and all other expenses necessarily incurred in the preparation for or  
4 conducting such primary shall be paid in the same manner, and by the same au-  
5 thorities or officers respectively as in the case of general elections.

Sec. 27. The primary poll books shall substantially be in the following  
2 form:

3 PRIMARY POLL BOOKS.

4 Of the primary held in the.....precinct of the City  
5 of ....., County of....., on the.....  
6 day of....., A. D. ....

Name of Voter.	Residence, Street and Number.	Party Affiliations.			
		Rep- lican.	Democra- tic.	Progres- sive.	Social- ist.
1. John Jones .....		X			
2. Richard Smith .....			X		
3. John Doe .....				X	
4. Richard Doe .....					X

7 This is to certify that the above and foregoing is a correct list of primary  
8 voters at a primary held on the.....day of....., A. D.....,  
9 in the.....precinct in the City of....., in.....  
10 County, and State of Illinois. That at said primary the undersigned judges  
11 and clerks served as required by law and are entitled to pay therefor.

12 Dated ....., 19.....  
13 .....  
14 .....  
15 .....

16                      Clerks of Primary.                      Judges of Primary.

17        Such primary poll books shall otherwise be in form and shall contain the  
18 same certificates as nearly as may be as the poll books used in the general elec-  
19 tion and shall be signed and attested in the same manner, as nearly as may be,  
20 as the poll books used for the purposes of regular elections.

      Sec. 28. At such primary the manner of voting shall be by ballot. The  
2 ballots shall be of uniform size and six inches in length and six inches in width.  
3 The ballots shall be printed or written or partly printed or partly written. Each  
4 political party shall have a ballot of a distinctive color. The ballots of the po-  
5 litical party polling, at the election for governor then next preceding, the high-  
6 est number of votes for governor shall be on plain white paper; the ballots of  
7 the political party polling at such election, the next highest number of votes for  
8 governor shall be on blue tinted paper; the ballots of the political party polling  
9 at such election, the third highest number of votes for governor shall be on  
10 purple tinted paper; those of the political polling at such election, the fourth  
11 highest number of votes for governor on pink tinted paper; and those of the  
12 other political parties, if any, shall, in the order of the votes polled for govern-  
13 or, be on yellow, green, royal purple, vermillion and gray, respectively.

14        Any person or persons may, at private expense, furnish such ballots, and  
15 no primary election ballots shall be furnished at public expense. The name of  
16 each delegate and alternate delegate for whom the voter desires to vote shall ap-



17 pear on one ballot, on one and the same side thereof in plain letters, together  
18 with the name of the county convention to which such delegates are to be elect-  
19 ed. Immediately preceding the list of delegates to the county convention may  
20 appear the name of the candidate or candidates for state or judicial offices for  
21 whom such delegates or alternate delegates stand for, or the word "un-  
22 pledged" may appear, and at the top of the ballot may appear the simple party  
23 name, the precinct and the location of the polling place. Unless ballots sub-  
24 stantially comply with this Act in size and color, the same shall be void for all  
25 purposes and shall not be received, deposited or counted by any person or judge  
26 at any such primary. The judges shall receive from any person and permit to  
27 be freely and equally exposed, in separate and orderly piles, within the polling  
28 place, near the ballot box and within reach of voters, a sufficient supply of each  
29 of the various primary tickets or ballots. Whenever the supply of any of the  
30 various tickets shall become insufficient, the judges shall immediately mention  
31 the fact of such insufficiency to one or more of the candidates, challengers or  
32 persons interested in such ticket. Any judge or clerk, or any other person, who  
33 shall in any manner conceal or remove or destroy any such supply of tickets, or  
34 who shall hinder or prevent or interfere with the free and equal reception, ex-  
35 posure, distribution, use or supply of such various primary tickets or ballots,  
36 or who shall do any electioneering within 100 feet of the polling place, shall,  
37 upon conviction thereof, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 29. Upon the opening of the polls one of the primary judges shall  
2 make proclamation of the same. And at least thirty (30) minutes before the  
3 closing of the polls proclamation shall be made in like manner that the polls  
4 will be closed in half an hour.

Sec. 30. Before voting begins, the ballot box shall be emptied and it shall  
2 be opened and shown to those present to be empty, after which it shall be lock-  
3 ed and the key delivered to one of the primary judges, and such ballot box shall  
4 not be removed from public view from the time it is shown to be empty until  
5 after the close of the polls.

Sec. 31. Any person entitled to vote at such primary shall, on the day of  
2 such primary, be entitled to absent himself from any service or employment in,  
3 which he is then engaged or employed, for a period of two hours between the  
4 time of opening and closing the polls, and such primary elector shall not, be-  
5 cause of absenting himself, be liable to any penalty nor shall any deduction be  
6 made on account of such absence from his usual salary or wages: *Provided,*  
7 *however,* that applications for such leave of absence shall be made prior to the  
8 day of primary. The employer may specify the hours during which such em-  
9 ployee may absent himself.

Sec. 32. Every person having resided in this state one year, in the county  
2 ninety days and in the precinct thirty days next preceding any primary there-  
3 in, who was an elector in this state on the first day of April in the year of our  
4 Lord 1848, or obtained a certificate of naturalization before any court of record  
5 in this state prior to the first day of January in the year of our Lord 1870, or  
6 who shall be a male citizen of the United States, above the age of 21 years, shall  
7 be entitled to vote at such primary.

8 The following regulations shall be applicable to primaries:

9 No person shall be entitled to vote at the primary;

10 (a) Unless he declares his party affiliation as required by this Act;

11 (b) Who shall have signed the nominating papers of an independent can-  
12 didate for any office for which office candidates will be nominated by the state  
13 or judicial conventions next ensuing.

14 (c) If he shall have voted at the primary held under this Act, of another  
15 political party, within a period of two years next preceding such primary.

16 In cities having a board of election commissioners the following additional  
17 provisions shall be applicable:

18 In such cities only voters, registered as herein provided shall be entitled to  
19 vote at such primary. The registration books prepared and used at the elec-  
20 tion then next preceding shall be used for the primary, and any person therein  
21 registered shall be entitled to vote at the primary unless he shall have removed

22 from the election precinct or become otherwise disqualified. Any person whose  
23 name does not appear on the registry book who is, or shall, at or before the  
24 primary, become a primary elector of the precinct in which he desires to vote,  
25 shall be entitled to vote at such primary by filing, or causing to be filed, with  
26 the board of election commissioners, twenty days prior to a primary, an affi-  
27 davit, or affirmation, specifying the facts, showing that on the date of such pri-  
28 mary he will be a legally qualified elector in the precinct in which he desires to  
29 vote.

30 Such affidavit, or affirmation, for registration, shall state the name of the  
31 applicant, the place and date of his nativity, the term of his residence at his then  
32 present address, in the precinct, county, State and United States, the fact of his  
33 naturalization, if the applicant is a naturalized citizen, specifying the court, if  
34 known, or, if not known, the city in which the court was held where such citizen  
35 was naturalized, and the residence when last registered, if the applicant was pre-  
36 viously registered. It shall be the duty of the board of election commissioners  
37 to prepare proper forms of such affidavit, or affirmation.

38 Upon the filing of such affidavit, or affirmation, the board of election com-  
39 missioners shall place the name of such primary elector in the original registra-  
40 tion books for the proper precinct, specifying the precinct from which he is  
41 transferred, if previously registered in another precinct, and shall also make a  
42 minute opposite his name in the original registration book of the precinct from  
43 which he has removed, showing the precinct to which his name is transferred,  
44 or, as the case may be, shall add the name of such primary elector in the origin-  
45 al registration books for the proper precinct and the reason of the registration  
46 thereof.

47 At least five days prior to the date of the primary, the Board of Election Com-  
48 missioners shall cause to be posted at each polling place in each precinct, in a  
49 book substantially in the form now used for "verification lists" under the gen-  
50 eral election laws of this State, the name and address of each primary elector  
51 who has been registered for the primary by having filed an affidavit, or affirm-  
52 ation, as above set forth.



Any primary elector of a precinct may, on the eleventh and twelfth days immediately preceding the primary, file with the Board of Election Commissioners an application, signed and sworn to by him, requesting that the name of a person, registered on the registration books of such precinct by affidavit, as herein provided, shall be erased therefrom, for the reason that such person so registered by affidavit is not, or will not on or before the day of the primary, be a legal primary elector of the precinct. A docket of such applications shall be made by wards and precincts.

Notice of such application, with a demand to appear and show cause why such name should not be erased, shall thereupon be given to such person by the board of election commissioners. Such notice shall be served upon such person personally, or left at the place of residence stated in the affidavit for registration, and a copy thereof shall be sent by mail, postage prepaid, at least two days before the day fixed to show cause, addressed to the person whose right to vote is challenged, at the residence address given in his registration affidavit. In case personal service cannot be had, the return of the Board of Election Commissioners shall so state, and the reason therefor.

On Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday next preceding the primary, the board of election commissioners shall sit to hear such applications by wards and precincts in their numerical order. At the request of either party, subpoenas shall be issued, and witness may be sworn and heard upon such hearing. Each person appearing in response to an application to erase a name shall subscribe and swear to an answer, in the presence of a member of the Board of Election Commissioners, substantially in the following form:

"I, ..... do solemnly swear that I am a citizen of the United States, that I have resided in the State of Illinois since the ..... day of ..... A. D. 19..... and in the county of.....said State since the.... day of ..... A. D. 19....., and in the precinct of the ..... ward, in the City of ....., said county and State, since the ..... day of ....., A. D. 19.... and that I am ..... years of age; and that I am the identical person registered in said precinct for the primary by affidavit under the name I subscribe hereto."

84        Such answer shall be filed with the Board of Election Commissioners.

85        The decision on each application shall be announced at once after hearing,  
86 and where such application is allowed, such name shall be erased forthwith.

87        The county court of the county in which such city is situated shall, on Fri-  
88 day and Saturday of the week prior to the week in which such primary is to  
89 be held, especially sit to hear such applications as may be made to it by persons  
90 whose names have been stricken from the registry list as above provided. Such  
91 application shall be sworn to and shall state that the Board of Election Commis-  
92 sioners has stricken such name from the registry list. Such application shall  
93 be heard summarily and evidence may be introduced for or against such appli-  
94 cation. Each case shall be decided at once on hearing, and the clerk of the court  
95 shall make a minute of the disposition of each application. A copy of such  
96 minute shall at once be given to such Board of Election Commissioners, and,  
97 when such minute indicates that the name of the applicant shall be restored to  
98 to the register, the Board of Election Commissioners shall forthwith cause such  
99 name to be placed upon the appropriate register, and indicate that it was en-  
100 tered by order of court.

101       In case said county court shall refuse such application, an order shall be en-  
102 tered accordingly on the Monday following the session of the court held for  
103 the purpose aforesaid, and any person desiring to appeal from the said order  
104 may appeal to the Supreme Court of the State, if application be made there-  
105 for within five days after the entry of said order, and such appeal shall be al-  
106 lowed on the giving of an appeal bond in the penalty of \$250, conditioned to  
107 pay the expenses of such appeal. The time for filing such appeal bond and  
108 certificate of evidence shall be fixed by the court, and upon presentation to the  
109 court of a certificate containing the evidence heard at such hearing, within the  
110 time fixed by the court, the court shall sign the same, and thereupon the same  
111 shall become part of the record in said cause.

112       The original registration books, together with the registration by affidavit,  
113 or affirmation, as herein provided, shall constitute the primary registration.



114 It is the intent and meaning of this section that all primary electors in any  
115 and all precincts, not already registered, in which they are or will be legally qual-  
116 ified to vote on the day of the primary, may be given an opportunity to have  
117 their names placed upon the registry books of the precinct in which they are, or  
118 will be, qualified to vote on the day of the primary, and this section shall be  
119 liberally construed to effectuate such intent.

Sec. 35. Delegates to the county convention shall be members of and af-  
2 filiated with the political party for which they are elected, and shall be legally  
3 qualified voters residing in the precinct for which they are elected. Dele-  
4 gates to state and judicial conventions shall be members of and affiliated with  
5 the political party for which they are chosen, and shall be qualified voters of  
6 the county for which they are chosen. One alternate delegate, and no more,  
7 shall be elected or chosen to each convention. No person shall act as delegate  
8 to any convention except when elected or chosen a delegate or alternate dele-  
9 gate in accordance with the provisions of this Act, except that if no delegate or  
10 alternate delegate from a given precinct or subdivision is present, the vacant  
11 delegation may, in case of the county convention, be filled by the delegates  
12 present from the ward or township, and, in the case of the state or judicial  
13 convention, by the convention itself. In the absence of a delegate or delegates,  
14 the delegates present from the district or subdivision shall select from the al-  
15 ternate delegates present the one who shall represent the absent delegate.  
16 Judges and clerks acting as such at any primary shall be ineligible as delegates  
17 or alternate delegates to the county convention.

Sec. 34. Any person desiring to vote at a primary shall state his name,  
2 residence and party affiliation to the primary judges, one of whom shall there-  
3 upon announce the same in a distinct tone of voice, sufficiently loud to be heard  
4 by all persons in the polling place. If the person desiring to vote is not chal-  
5 lenged, one of the judges shall receive the ballot from the primary elector.

6 If the person desiring to vote is challenged, he shall not be allowed to vote  
7 until he shall have established his right to vote as hereinafter provided. Such

8 ballot shall be folded by the primary elector in such a manner that the con-  
 9 tents thereof cannot be seen without unfolding such ballot. After receiving  
 10 the ballot the primary judge shall again announce, in a loud and distinctive tone  
 11 of voice the name, residence and party affiliation of the primary elector, and  
 12 such primary judge shall make with pencil or ink the initials of his own name  
 13 on the back of such ballot as it is folded. After holding up and exhibiting the  
 14 ballot to be so marked, the primary judge, in the presence of the primary elect-  
 15 or, other judges and clerks, challengers and primary electors present, shall de-  
 16 posit such ballot in the ballot box. The primary clerks shall thereupon enter in  
 17 the primary poll books the name of the primary elector, his residence and his  
 18 party affiliation. No person who refuses to state his party affiliation shall be  
 19 allowed to vote at a primary.

Sec. 35. Whenever a person offering to vote at a primary is challenged,  
 2 the person so challenged shall make and subscribe, before a primary judge, an  
 3 affidavit in the following form, which shall be presented to and retained by the  
 4 primary judges and clerks and returned by them with the primay poll  
 5 books:

6 STATE OF ILLINOIS, }  
 7 COUNTY OF..... } ss:

8 I, ....., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that  
 9 I am a citizen of the United States, of the age of twenty-one years or over, and  
 10 am entitled to vote under and by virtue of the Constitution and laws of the State  
 11 of Illinois, and am a legally qualified primary elector of this precinct; that I  
 12 now reside at ..... (insert street and number, if any,) in this  
 13 precinct, and am a member of and affiliated with the ..... party; that  
 14 I have not voted at a primary of another political party, held under the provis-  
 15 ions of the Act of 1915, within a period of two years prior to this date; and that  
 16 I have not signed the nominating papers of an independent candidate for any  
 17 office for which office candidates will be nominated by the state or judicial  
 18 conventions next ensuing.

19 .....

Subscribed and sworn to before me this.....day of.....A. D.....

Primary Judge.

In addition to such affidavit the person so challenged shall procure the affidavit of one householder of the precinct, who shall be a qualified voter at such primary, and who shall be personally known or proved to the judges to be a householder in the precinct, which affidavit shall be in the following form:

STATE OF ILLINOIS,                    }  
COUNTY OF.....                    } ss.

I,....., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a householder of this precinct and entitled to vote at this primary; that I am acquainted with .....(name of the party challenged), whose right to vote at this primary has been challenged; that I know him to be an actual bona fide resident of this precinct, and that he has resided herein thirty days, and I verily believe he has resided in this county ninety days, and in this State one year preceding this primary; that I verily believe he is a member of and affiliated with the..... party.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this.....day of.....A. D. 19....

Judge of Primary.

Whereupon, the ballot of such primary elector shall be received as other ballots.

Sec. 36. At the opening of the ballots at a primary, no adjournment shall be had nor recess taken until the canvass of all the votes is completed and the returns carefully enveloped and sealed.

Sec. 37. The votes shall be canvassed in the room or place where the primary is held and the primary judges shall not allow the ballot box or any of the ballots, or the primary poll book, or any of the tally sheets to be removed

4 or carried away from such room or polling place until the canvass of the votes  
5 is completed and the returns enveloped and sealed.

Sec. 38. Immediately on closing the polls the primary judges shall pro-  
2 ceed to canvass the votes in the manner following:

3 (1) They shall separate the ballots of the different political parties.

4 (2) If two or more ballots are folded together and within each other, and  
5 the inner ballot is without the initials of a primary judge, both ballots shall be  
6 rejected, shall be marked "stuffed" and shall not be counted.

7 (3) They shall count the ballots of each political party.

8 (4) They shall then proceed to ascertain the number of names entered  
9 on the primary poll books under each party appellation.

10 (5) If the remaining primary ballots of any political party exceed in  
11 number the names of voters of such political party entered on the poll books,  
12 the primary ballots of such political party shall be folded and replaced in the  
13 ballot box, the box closed, well shaken and again opened and one of the pri-  
14 mary judges, who shall be blindfolded, shall draw out and destroy so many  
15 of the primary ballots of such political party as shall be equal to such excess.

16 (6) The primary judges shall then proceed to count the primary ballots  
17 of each political party separately. They shall reject all ballots on which the  
18 initials of a primary judge, do not appear. If the primary elector has marked  
19 more names upon the ballots than he is entitled to vote for, or if, for any rea-  
20 son, it is impossible to determine the primary elector's choice his primary  
21 ballot shall not be counted. The judges shall open all the ballots and place in  
22 separate piles those which contain the same names throughout. Each judge  
23 shall carefully examine each pile and ascertain that the ballots are identical  
24 in names. When the judges agree upon the identity of names in such pile and  
25 the number of ballots in the pile, they shall give the names and the number of  
26 votes to the primary clerks who shall carefully and correctly mark upon the  
27 tally sheets the names and number of votes. The judges shall then canvass  
28 the remaining ballots, and cause the names and the number of votes received by



29 each to be carefully and correctly marked by the primary clerks upon the tally  
30 sheets.

31 (7) All ballots not in accordance with the provisions of this Act, but  
32 which by any mistake may have been deposited in the ballot box, shall be void,  
33 and shall be marked "defective" on the back thereof. No ballot shall be marked  
34 defective because the primary elector has named upon it a less number of dele-  
35 gates, or alternate delegates, than he is entitled to vote for. If the primary  
36 elector has marked more names upon the ballot than he is entitled to vote for,  
37 or if, for any reason, it is impossible to determine the primary elector's choice,  
38 his primary ballot shall not be counted. Ballots to which objection has been  
39 made by either of the judges or challengers shall be marked "objected to" on  
40 the back thereof, and a memorandum, signed by the judges, stating how it  
41 was counted shall be written on the back of each ballot so marked. Ballots  
42 marked "stuffed" shall be enclosed in a separate envelope marked "Stuffed  
43 ballots of.....political party," the envelope securely sealed and pre-  
44 served and returned, together with the other ballots. Ballots not counted, ex-  
45 cept "stuffed ballots," shall be marked "defective" on the back thereof. Bal-  
46 lots marked "defective," or "objected to," shall be enclosed in an envelope  
47 securely sealed and so marked and endosed as clearly to disclose its contents.

Sec. 39. As soon as the ballots of a political party shall have been can-  
2 vassed, as provided in the last above section, the primary clerks shall foot up  
3 the tally sheets so as to show the total number of votes cast for each candi-  
4 date of such political party for delegate to the county convention, and one of  
5 them shall announce in a loud voice to the judges the number of votes received  
6 by each person. The person receiving the highest number of votes at a primary  
7 as a candidate of any political party for delegate or alternate delegate to the  
8 county convention of such political party shall be declared elected as a dele-  
9 gate to such county convention: *Provided*, That if two or more persons are to  
10 be elected delegates, or alternate delegates to such county convention, the re-  
11 quisite number of persons receiving the highest number of votes shall be de-



12 clared elected as delegates, or alternate delegates, to such county convention.  
13 When two or more persons receive an equal and the highest number of votes  
14 of any political party for delegate, or alternate delegate, to the county conven-  
15 tion of such political party, the primary judges shall determine by lot which of  
16 them is to be declared elected.

Sec. 40. Upon the completion of such canvass, the judges of election shall  
2 declare the result thereof, and such declaration shall be *prima facie* evidence of  
3 the result. Thereupon, the primary judges shall make their statement for  
4 each political party of all the votes cast by such political party at such primary.  
5 Such statement shall be substantially in the following form:

6 .....Political Party.

7 STATE OF ILLINOIS, }  
8 COUNTY OF..... } ss.



9 At a primary election held on the.....day of.....A. D....., in the  
10 .....precinct, in the city of....., County of....., and State of Illi-  
11 nois, the following named persons received the number of votes, annexed to the  
12 respective names as candidates of each political party for delegates, and alter-  
13 nate delegates, of such political party to the county convention of such political  
14 party next ensuing, to-wit:

15 ..... received ..... votes for delegates.  
16 ..... received ..... votes for delegates.  
17 ..... received ..... votes for delegates.  
18 ..... received ..... votes for delegates.  
19 ..... received ..... votes for delegates.  
20 ..... received ..... votes for delegates.  
21 ..... received ..... votes for delegates.  
22 ..... received ..... votes for delegates.  
23 ..... received ..... votes for delegates.  
24 ..... received ..... votes for alternate delegate.

26 ..... received ..... votes for alternate delegate.  
27 ..... received ..... votes for alternate delegate.  
28 ..... received ..... votes for alternate delegate.  
29 ..... received ..... votes for alternate delegate.  
30 ..... received ..... votes for alternate delegate.  
31 ..... received ..... votes for alternate delegate.  
32 ..... received ..... votes for alternate delegate.  
33 ..... received ..... votes for alternate delegate.  
34 ..... received ..... votes for alternate delegate.

35 We further certify that the following named persons were declared elected  
36 delegates, and alternate delegates, of such political party to the county con-  
37 vention of such political party next ensuing, to-wit:

38 .....was declared elected delegate.  
39 .....was declared elected delegate.  
40 .....was declared elected alternate delegate.  
41 .....was declared elected alternate delegate.

42        This is to certify that the foregoing statement, showing the total number  
43   of votes cast for each of the above named persons for delegate, and alternate  
44   delegate, to the county convention of the.....political party, and show-  
45   ing the persons elected delegates and alternate delegates, to such county con-  
46   vention, is true and correct in every respect.

47      Given under our hands this....day of.....A. D.....

48	.....	} Primary Judges.
49	.....	
50	.....	

51     ATTEST :

52	.....	} Primary Clerks.
53	.....	
54	.....	

55 If any primary judge or clerk shall decline to sign such statement, he shall  
 56 state his reason therefor in writing, and such written memorandum shall be at-  
 57 tached to and enclosed with such statement.

58 One of such statements shall be attached to the poll books; another shall be  
 59 enclosed in an envelope separately for each political party properly endorsed  
 60 and marked by such judges, and the same shall, by one of such judges, be  
 61 carried to the respective headquarters of the county central committee of such  
 62 political parties, and the receipt of the chairman or secretary of such county  
 63 central committee shall be taken therefor; another shall be enclosed in an en-  
 64 velope, separately for each political party, which shall then be securely sealed,  
 65 endorsed by each of the judges by writing his name across each and every fold  
 66 at which the envelope, if unfastened, could be opened, addressed to the county  
 67 clerk, or to the board of election commissioners, as the case may be, which en-  
 68 velope shall be endorsed on the outside thereof substantially as follows:

69 "Statement of votes cast for the.....political party for delegates, and  
 70 alternate delegates, in the.....precinct of the city of....., county of  
 71 ....., and State of Illinois at a primary election held on the.....day  
 72 of.....A. D., ....."

73 The envelope last aforesaid shall be carried to the office of the county  
 74 clerk; or the board of election commissioners, as the case may be, by one of the  
 75 judges, and a receipt shall be taken for the same.

Sec. 41. After the votes of a political party have been counted and set  
 2 down, and the tally sheets footed, and the statements of the results executed,  
 3 as above provided, all the primary ballots of such political party, except those  
 4 marked "stuffed," "defective," and "objected to" shall be strung upon strong  
 5 thread or twine, separately for each political party, the ends of the thread or  
 6 twine united in a firm knot, the knot sealed in such manner that cannot be united  
 7 without breaking the seal, and enclosed in a canvass covering securely tied and  
 8 sealed with official wax impressions so that it cannot be opened without break-  
 9 ing the seals. The canvass covering, together with the package containing the

10 envelopes marked "stuffed ballots of the.....political party," defec-  
11 tive ballots and ballots objected to," and "statement of votes" shall be put into  
12 the hands of one of the primary judges who shall, within 48 hours thereafter,  
13 deliver the same to the county clerk, or to the board of election commissioners,  
14 as the case may be. Such ballots shall be preserved for at least three months  
15 when they may be destroyed, in the presence of two reputable electors of the  
16 county, without having been previously opened.

Sec. 42. As soon as the returns are delivered to the county clerk or to the  
2 board of election commissioners, as the case may be, it shall be the duty of the  
3 county clerk, or the board of election commissioners, as the case may be:

4 1. To issue a certificate of election to each person certified by the pri-  
5 mary judges to have been elected delegate, or alternate delegate, to the county  
6 convention of each political party.

7 2. To deliver such certificate of election to the person entitled thereto if  
8 demand is made therefor by such person at any time during office hours preced-  
9 ing the day of the county convention.

10 3. To deliver such certificates of election as are not demanded at the of-  
11 fice of such county clerk, or board of election commissioners, as the case may  
12 be, prior to the day of the county convention, to the headquarters of the county  
13 central committee of such political party, by nine o'clock of the morning of the  
14 day of the county convention of such political party, taking therefor the re-  
15 ceipt of the chairman or secretary of such county central committee.

16 4. To prepare, from the certificates of election as certified by the primary  
17 judges, a roll of the county convention of each political party, showing in such roll  
18 the names of the delegates, and alternate delegates, by precincts, wards, town-  
19 ships and commissioner's districts, and to certify, with the seal of the county,  
20 or of the board of election commissioners, as the case may be, attached thereto,  
21 that such roll is true and correct as the same appears from the certificates  
22 of the primary judges on file in his, or its, office.



23        5. To deliver such certified roll of the county convention to the chairman  
24 or secretary of the county central committee at least 48 hours before the con-  
25 vening of such county convention.

Sec. 43. The certificate of election so issued by the county clerk, or board  
2 of election commissioners, as the case may be, shall be conclusive evidence of  
3 the election of the person therein named as delegate, or alternate delegate, to  
4 the county convention of his political party.

Sec. 44. The county convention shall convene at the time and place  
2 named in the official call therefor. It shall be composed of delegates, or  
3 alternate delegates, elected as aforesaid and holding credentials issued by  
4 the county clerk or board of election commissioners, as the case may be.  
5 The chairman of the county central central committee shall be the temporary  
6 chairman, and the secretary of the county central committee shall be the tem-  
7 porary secretary, of the county convention. The temporary organization shall  
8 select a parmanent chairman and a permanent secretary. The county conven-  
9 tion of each political party shall have power:

10        1. To select delegates to the State and judicial conventions then next en-  
11 suing.

12        2. To select and appoint a county central committee.

13        3. To adopt a party platform.

14        4. To nominate candidates for judges of circuit court where any county  
15 constitutes a judicial circuit, and candidates for judges of the superior court  
16 of Cook county.

17        5. To transact such other business as may lawfully come before it.

18        If, in its official call for the State convention, the State Central Com-  
19 mittee of such political party shall prescribe that delegates and alternate dele-  
20 gates from any county to the State convention shall be selected from wards,  
21 precincts, or commissioners' districts, or combinations of wards, precincts, or  
22 commissioners' districts, then only delegates to the county convention from such

wards, precincts, commissioners' districts, or combinations of wards, precincts, or commissioners' districts shall participate in the selection of delegates and alternate delegates therefrom to the State convention.

Sec. 45. It shall be the duty of the permanent chairman and the permanent secretary of each convention to make, execute and deliver proper credentials to each person chosen by the county convention as delegate, or alternate delegate, to the State or judicial convention of such political party. Such credentials shall be subscribed and sworn to by the permanent chairman and permanent secretary, of the county convention.

Sec. 46. The State convention shall convene at the time and place named in the official call therefor. The chairman of the State Central Committee shall be the temporary chairman, and the secretary of the State Central Committee shall be the temporary secretary, of the State convention. No one except those having credentials subscribed and sworn to by the permanent chairman and permanent secretary of the several county conventions shall participate in the election of permanent officers of the State convention. The temporary organization shall select a permanent chairman and a permanent secretary. The State convention of each political party shall have power:

1. To nominate candidates for all State offices.
2. To direct the manner in which any vacancy on the ticket shall be filled.
3. To select delegates, and alternate delegates to national nominating conventions.
4. To nominate candidates for electors of president and vice-president of the United States.
5. To select and appoint a State Central Committee.
6. To adopt a party platform.
7. To transact such other business as may lawfully come before it.

Sec. 47. The judicial conventions of each political party shall convene at the time and place named in the official calls therefor. The chairman of the

3 judicial district, or judicial circuit, committee, as the case may be, shall be  
 4 temporary chairman, and the secretary of the judicial district or judicial cir-  
 5 cuit, committee, as the case may be, shall be the temporary secretary of the ju-  
 6 dicial district or judicial circuit convention. No one except those having cre-  
 7 dentials subscribed and sworn to by the permanent chairman and permanent  
 8 secretary of the several county conventions shall participate in the election of  
 9 permanent officers of the judicial district, or judicial circuit, conventions. The  
 10 temporary organization shall select a permanent chairman and a permanent  
 11 secretary. The judicial district, or judicial circuit, convention of each political  
 12 party shall have power:

- 13 1. To nominate candidates for judges of the Supreme or Circuit courts, as  
 14 the case may be.
- 15 2. To direct the manner in which any vacancy on the ticket shall be filled.
- 16 3. To adopt a party platform.
- 17 4. To transact such other business as may lawfully come before it.

Sec. 48. Whenever a special election shall be necessary, the provisions of  
 2 this Act shall be applicable to the nomination of candidates to be voted for at  
 3 such special election. The officer or authority whose duty it is, under the gen-  
 4 eral election laws of this State, to call any election shall fix a date for a pri-  
 5 mary to select delegates to conventions, which date shall be at east twenty-five  
 6 days subsequent to the date of the call. At least fifteen days notice shall be  
 7 given of such primary. The official calls for conventions of the respective po-  
 8 litical parties shall be filed at least eighteen days prior to the date of the  
 9 primary.

Sec. 49. It shall be the duty of the permanent chairman and the perma-  
 2 nent secretary of each convention at which candidates are nominated for pub-  
 3 lic offices to cause a certificate of nomination to be duly filed in the proper office.  
 4 Each such certificate of nomination shall specify.

- 5 1. The name of the candidate or candidates, nominated.

6        2. The place of residence, with the street and number thereof, if any, of  
7 each candidate nominated.

8        3. The office to which he is nominated.

9        4. The party or political principle which he represents expressed in not  
10 more than five words.

11       5. In the case of electors of president and vice-president of the United  
12 States, the names of the candidates for president and vice-president may be  
13 added to the party or political appellation.

14       Each such certificate of nomination shall be filed in the office of the Secre-  
15 tary of State at least thirty days previous to the day of election for which the  
16 candidates are nominated. Each such certificate shall be sworn to by the per-  
17 manent chairman and the permanent secretary of the convention at which the  
18 nomination was made to be true to the best of their knowledge and belief, and  
19 a certificate of the oath shall be annexed to the certificate of nomination.

      Sec. 50. Any person who has been nominated under the provisions of this  
2 Act may cause his name to be withdrawn from any such nomination by his re-  
3 quest in writing signed by him and duly acknowledged before any officer duly  
4 authorized to take acknowledgments of deeds and filed with the Secretary of  
5 State not less than twenty-five days previous to the day of election, and no name  
6 so withdrawn shall be printed upon the ballots under the party appellation or  
7 title from which the candidate has withdrawn his name.

      Sec. 51. All certificates of nomination made and filed under the provisions  
2 of this Act shall be open at all reasonable hours to public inspection.

      Sec. 52. In case any candidate who has been nominated under the provi-  
2 sions of this Act die before election day, or decline the nomination, or should  
3 any certificate of nomination be held inoperative or insufficient by the board  
4 created by Section 53 of this Act, then the vacancy or vacancies thus occasioned  
5 may be filled in such manner as the convention making the original nomination  
6 previously provided, or in case of no such previous provision, then by the cen-



7 tral committee chosen by such convention. The certificates of nomination made  
 8 to supply such vacancy shall state, in addition to the other facts required by  
 9 section 49 of this Act, the name of the original nominee, the date of his death  
 10 or declination of nomination or the fact that the former certificate of nomina-  
 11 tion has been held insufficient or inoperative, and it shall be signed and sworn  
 12 to by the chairman and secretary of the body making the nomination to fill such  
 13 vacancy.

Sec. 53. The certificate of nomination having been filed in the office of  
 2 the Secretary of State shall be deemed to be valid, unless objection thereto is  
 3 duly made in writing and filed in the office of the Secretary of State at least  
 4 twenty-five days prior to the date of the election. In case objections are filed  
 5 to such certificate of nomination, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State  
 6 to notify the chief justice of the Supreme court and the Attorney General of  
 7 such objections and to fix a day, which shall be at least twenty days prior to  
 8 the date of election, upon which such objections will be heard. The Secretary  
 9 of State shall also give notice in writing to the candidate affected of the time  
 10 and place where such objections will be heard. Such objections shall be consid-  
 11 ered by the Chief Justice of the Supreme court, who shall preside, the Secre-  
 12 tary of State and the Attorney General, acting as a board, and the decision of  
 13 a majority of such board shall be final. If such board shall find that the certificate  
 14 of nomination is insufficient or inoperative then the vacancy thus occassioned,  
 15 shall be filled as provided by section 52 of this Act.

Sec. 54. Any person who shall willfully or corruptly and falsely swear or  
 2 affirm in taking any oath or affirmation prescribed by or upon examination pro-  
 3 vided for in this Act, and every person who shall willfully and corruptly insti-  
 4 gate; advise, induce or procure any person to swear or affirm falsely as afore-  
 5 said, or attempt or to offer so to do, shall be guilty of perjury, or subornation  
 6 of perjury, as the case may be and shall, upon conviction thereof, suffer the  
 7 pains and penalties of willful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 55. If any primary judge or clerk shall neglect or refuse to canvass  
2 the votes at the time and in the manner provided for in this Act, or refuse  
3 to make the returns required in this Act, he shall, upon conviction thereof, be  
4 adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 56. Every primary judge, clerk or other officer or person authorized  
2 to take part in or perform any duty in relation to any canvass or official state-  
3 ment of the votes cast at such primary, in any precinct, who shall willfully  
4 make any false canvass of such votes or who shall make, enter, write, sign,  
5 publish or deliver any false return of such primary, or any false statement of  
6 the result of such primary, or any material writing incidental to such primary  
7 knowing the same to be false, shall, on conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty  
8 of a felony under this Act.

Sec. 57. If any county clerk or member of the board of election commis-  
2 sioners, as the case may be, shall, willfully, fraudently and without lawful ex-  
3 cuse, refuse to make out, sign and deliver to the person entitled thereto, upon  
4 demand therefor, within the time specified in this Act, any certificate of elec-  
5 tion, as delegate or alternate delegate, or shall, willfully and fraudently make  
6 out, sign, issue and deliver such certificate of election as delegate or alternate  
7 delegate to any person not entitled thereto, or shall issue such certificate of  
8 election as delegate or alternate delegate to any person at any time in advance  
9 of the delivery of the returns of the election to the county clerk, or to the board  
10 of election commissioners, as the case may be, or shall commit any other willful  
11 or fraudulent act, with reference to such certificate of election, as delegate or  
12 alternate delegate, shall, upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a felony.

Sec. 58. If any primary judge shall, without urgent necessity absent him-  
2 self from the polling place during the primary, whereby less than the majority  
3 of all the primary judges shall be present during the holding of such primary  
4 or the canvass of the ballots, or if at any primary, any primary judge or clerk

5 ,shall, knowingly and willfully receive any vote or proceed with the canvass of  
6 the ballots, or shall consent thereto, unless a majority of the primary judges are  
7 present and concur, such primary judge or such clerk, shall be guilty of a mis-  
8 demeanor.

Sec. 59. Any primary judge who shall willfully exclude any vote duly  
2 tendered and not challenged, knowing that the person offering the same is law-  
3 fully entitled to vote at such primary, or who shall willfully receive a vote  
4 from any person who has been duly challenged in relation to his right to vote  
5 at such primary, without exacting from such person, such oath as may be re-  
6 quired by this Act, shall, upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a mis-  
7 demeanor.

Sec. 60. If any primary judge shall knowingly and willfully cause or per-  
2 mit any ballot or ballots or semblance thereof, to be in the ballot box at the  
3 opening of the polls and before voting begins, or shall knowingly, willfully and  
4 fraudently put or permit to be put, any ballot or other paper or semblance  
5 thereof into any such box, at any such primary, or if any person, other than  
6 the primary judge, shall, at any such primary, willfully and fraudulently put or  
7 cause to be put any ballot or ballots or other paper having the semblance there-  
8 of, into any box used at such primary for the reception of votes, or if any per-  
9 son shall at such primary, fraudently change or alter the ballot of any primary  
10 elector or substitute on ballot for another, or if any such primary judge or  
11 other officer or person shall fraudently, during the canvass of the ballots, in  
12 any manner change, substitute or alter any ballot taken from the ballot box,  
13 then being canvassed, or from any ballot box which has not been canvassed;  
14 every such primary judge or person shall upon conviction, be adjudged guilty of  
15 a felony.

Sec. 61. If any primary judge, clerk or other officer of a primary, of whom  
2 any duty is required in this Act, or by the general laws of this State for the  
3 omission of which duty no punishment is provided, shall be guilty of any willful

4 neglect of such duty, or any fraudulent or corrupt conduct or practice in the  
5 execution of the same shall, upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a  
6 misdemeanor.

Sec. 62. Any person or any primary judge or primary clerk or other offi-  
2 cer who is guilty of stealing, willfully and wrongfully breaking, destroying,  
3 mutilating, defacing, falsifying or unlawfully removing or secreting or detain-  
4 ing the whole or any part of any ballot box or receptacle for ballots, or any  
5 record, registry of voters, or copy thereof, oath, return, or statement of votes,  
6 certificate, poll list or of any paper or document provided for in this Act; or  
7 who shall fraudently make any entry, erasure or alteration therein, except as  
8 allowed and directed by the provisions of this Act, or who permits any other  
9 person so to do, shall upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a felony.

10 Every person who advises, procures or abets the commission of any of the  
11 Acts mentioned in this section, shall upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty  
12 of a felony.

Sec. 63. If any person, knowingly or willfully shall obstruct, hinder or as-  
2 sault or by bribery, solicitation or otherwise, interfere with any primary judge,  
3 primary clerk or challenger, in the performance of any duty, required by him,  
4 or which he may be by law authorized or permitted to perform, or if any per-  
5 son by any of the means before mentioned or otherwise, unlawfully shall, on  
6 the day of the primary, hinder or prevent any primary judge, primary clerk  
7 or challenger, in his free attendance and presence at the place of the primary, in  
8 the precinct in and for which he is appointed or designated to serve; or in his  
9 full and free access and egress to and from any such primary election place;  
10 or shall molest, interfere with, remove or eject from any such place of holding  
11 a primary, any such primary judge, primary clerk or challenger, except as oth-  
12 erwise provided, in this Act, or shall unlawfully threaten or attempt or offer  
13 so to do, every such person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, under this Act.



Sec. 64. If any person shall willfully disobey any lawful command of any  
 2 primary judge given in the execution of his duty as such at any such primary  
 3 he shall upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 65. If, on any primary day, or during the canvass of the votes cast  
 2 thereat, any person shall cause any breach of the peace, or be guilty of any dis-  
 3 orderly violence or threats of violence whereby any such primary or canvass  
 4 shall be impeded or hindered or whereby lawful proceedings of any primary  
 5 judge or primary clerk, or other officer of such primary or challenger are in-  
 6 terfered with, or causes intoxicating liquors to be brought or sent to the polling  
 7 place, every such person, shall, upon conviction thereof, be guilty of a misde-  
 8 meanor.

Sec. 66. Any person who votes with a certain party, at such primary,  
 2 when he knows he is not qualified so to vote, under the provisions of this Act,  
 3 shall, upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 67. If any person knowing that he is not qualified to vote at such  
 2 primary, takes a place in any line of voters waiting to vote at any primary,  
 3 or if any person, after having voted at such primary, takes any such waiting  
 4 line, or if any person repeatedly takes a place in such waiting line, without  
 5 voting when the opportunity comes, and who systematically gives up his place  
 6 in such waiting line, shall, upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a mis-  
 7 demeanor.

Sec. 68. It at any such primary, any person shall falsely personate any  
 2 primary elector, legally qualified to vote at such primary, and vote or attempt  
 3 or offer to vote in or upon the name of such primary elector or other person,  
 4 living or dead, or shall knowingly, willfully, or fraudently vote or attempt to of-  
 5 fer to vote more than once, or vote in more than one precinct, or shall by force,  
 6 threat, menace, intimidation, bribery or reward or offer or promise thereof, or

7 otherwise unlawfully, either directly or indirectly, influence or attempt to influ-  
8 ence any elector in giving his vote or shall unlawfully prevent or hinder or un-  
9 lawfully attempt to prevent or hinder any qualified primary elector from freely  
10 exercising the right to vote; or shall by any such unlawful means compel or in-  
11 duce or attempt to compel or induce any primary judge or other officer to re-  
12 ceive the vote of any person not legally qualified or entitled to vote at such  
13 primary, or by any such means, or other unlawful means, willfully knowingly  
14 or fraudently counsel, advise, induce or attempt to induce any primary judge  
15 or other officer, whose duty it is to ascertain, proclaim, announce or declare the  
16 result of any such primary to give or make any false certificate, document, re-  
17 port, return or other false evidence in relation thereto, or to refuse to comply  
18 with his duty, as specifically provided for in this Act, or to refuse to receive the  
19 vote of any person entitled to vote therein, or shall aid, counsel, advise, pro-  
20 cure or assist any legally qualified primary elector, person, primary judge, pri-  
21 mary clerk or other officer to do any act by law forbidden, or in this Act con-  
22 stituted an offense; every such person shall upon conviction thereof be  
23 adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 69. If any person shall at any such primary fraudently furnish any  
2 primary elector with a ballot containing more than the proper number of  
3 names; or shall intentionally practice any fraud upon any primary elector to  
4 induce him to deposit a ballot as his vote and to have the same thrown out and  
5 not counted; or to have the same counted for a person or candidate other than  
6 the person or candidate for whom such primary elector intended to vote; or  
7 otherwise defraud him of his vote or if any person shall order or cause to be  
8 printed a bogus or partly bogus primary ballot, every such person shall upon  
9 conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 70. Any person shall who shall make, seek or obtain for himself or  
2 another a false certificate of election or appointment as delegate or alternate  
3 delegate to any convention, knowing that he, or such other person is not enti-

4 tled thereto and any person who shall use or attempt to use such certificate of  
 5 election or appointment knowing the same to be false or fraudulent or to have  
 6 been issued to another person; and any person who shall fraudulently, know-  
 7 ingly and without right act as a delegate or alternate delegate to any conven-  
 8 tion shall upon conviction thereof be adjudged guilty of a felony.

Sec. 71. If any person shall commit any act prohibited herein or refrain  
 2 from doing any act or duty required to be done herein, and if any person shall  
 3 in any manner be guilty of a violation of this Act, whether the same is denom-  
 4 inated an offense or not and for which no punishment is herein specifically  
 5 provided, such person shall upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a  
 6 misdemeanor.

Sec. 72. Any person adjudged guilty of an offense denominated a misde-  
 2 meanor under this Act shall be fined not less than \$25.00 nor more than \$1,000,  
 3 or shall be imprisoned in the county jail not less than one month nor more than  
 4 one year, or any such person may be punished by both such fine and punish-  
 4½ ment.

5 Any person adjudged guilty of an offense denominated a felony in this Act  
 6 shall be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary for not less than one  
 7 year nor more than five years.

Sec. 73. In all prosecution under this Act, it shall be the duty of the county  
 2 clerk or of the board of election commissioners to produce, open, exhibit and  
 3 offer in evidence, any notice, ballot, book, registry book, bundle of ballots, re-  
 4 turns, statements or other documents or paper relating to the particular prose-  
 5 cution for the purpose of enabling a full investigation.

Sec. 74. Irregularities or defects in the mode of calling, noticing, conven-  
 2 ing, holding or conducting any primary election shall constitute no defense to a  
 3 prosecution for a violation of this Act. When an offense shall be committed  
 4 in relation to any primary election an indictment for such offense shall be suf-  
 5 ficient if it allege that such primary was authorized by law without stating the

6 calling or notice of election aforesaid, the names of the primary judges or pri-  
7 mary clerks holding such primary, or the names of the persons voted for at  
8 such primary.

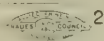
Sec. 75. The following Acts and parts of Acts are hereby repealed:

2 Sections 8, 9, 10 and 29 of an Act entitled:

3 “An Act to provide for the holding of primary elections by political part-  
4 ies,” approved March 9, 1910, in force July 1, 1910, as amended by Act ap-  
5 proved June 30, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, and so much of said Acts as pro-  
6 vides for the nomination of candidates for state and judicial offices at a primary  
7 election provided for therein.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Provine, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

## A BILL

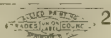
For an Act to amend section 20 of an Act entitled, "An Act concerning fees and salaries and to classify the several counties of this State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, title as amended by Act approved March 28, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by Act approved May 25, 1877, in force July 1, 1877, as amended by Act approved April 22, 1907, in force July 1, 1907.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section 20 of an Act entitled, "An  
3 Act concerning fees and salaries and to classify the several counties of this  
4 State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872,  
5 title as amended by Act approved March 28, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as  
6 amended by Act approved May 25, 1877, in force July 1, 1877, as amended by  
7 Act approved April 22, 1907, in force July 1, 1907, be and the same is hereby  
8 amended to read as follows:

9       Sec. 20. For administering oaths and signing jurat, when not taking evi-  
10 dence or depositions, ten cents. For taking acknowledgments or proof of any

11 deed, or written instrument, twenty-five cents. For taking depositions and cer-  
12 tifying, for every one hundred words, fifteen cents. For taking and reporting  
13 testimony (*other than papers, documents, records and files of court*), under  
14 order of court, *for every one hundred words, fifteen cents. For taking and re-*  
15 *porting papers, documents, records and files of court, under order of court, for*  
16 *every one hundred words, three cents.* For computing the amount due on which  
17 to render a decree, and making a report thereof to the court, where no oral evi-  
18 dence is taken, two dollars. For examining questions of law and fact in issue  
19 by the pleading, and reporting conclusions, whenever specially ordered by the  
20 court, a sum not exceeding ten dollars. For making sales and deeds thereon, the  
21 same fees and allowances as sheriffs; but in no suit or other proceeding shall  
22 such fee and commission exceed two hundred dollars. For making a deed  
23 alone, on other cases, when required by order or decree of court, three dollars.  
24 For report of sale in every suit or proceeding when a sale is had, two dollars.  
25 For hearing and deciding application for writs of ne exeat or injunction, to be  
26 advanced by the complainant and taxed with costs, five dollars. For ordering  
27 or refusing to order, a writ of habeas corpus, or certiorari, one dollar. And  
28 no other fee or allowance whatever shall be made for services, by masters  
29 in chancery.

30 In counties of the third class, masters in chancery may receive for examin-  
31 ing questions in issue referred to them, and reporting conclusions thereon, and  
32 also in cases where the defendants are in default but under the order of refer-  
33 ence the master is required to find and report conclusions, such compensation  
34 as the court may deem just; and for services not enumerated above in this  
35 section and which have been and may be imposed by statute or special order,  
36 they may receive such compensation as the court may allow. The court may also  
37 include as a part of such master's fees a reasonable allowance not to exceed  
38 fifteen cents per hundred words for stenographer's services in cases where the  
39 master shall certify that a stenographer was necessarily employed, and shall at-  
40 tach to his report a certified copy of the testimony taken by such stenog-  
41 rapher.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Quisenberry, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

## A BILL

For an Act to make lawful certain agreements between employees and laborers,  
and to limit the issuing of injunctions in certain cases.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That it shall not be unlawful for working  
3 men and women to organize themselves into, or carry on labor unions for the pur-  
4 pose of lessening the hours of labor or increasing the wages or bettering the  
5 condition of the members of such organizations; or carrying out their legiti-  
6 mate purposes as freely as they could do if acting singly.

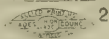
Sec. 2. No restraining order or injunction shall be granted by any court  
2 of this State, or any judge or judges thereof in any case involving or growing  
3 out of a dispute concerning terms or conditions of employment, unless necessary  
4 to prevent irreparable injury to property or to a property right of the party  
5 making the application, for which injury there is no adequate remedy at law,  
6 and such property or property right must be described with particularity in the  
7 application, which must be in writing and sworn to by the applicant or by his  
8 agent or attorney.



Sec. 3. No restraining order or injunction shall prohibit any person or persons, whether singly or in concert, from terminating any relation of employment or from ceasing to perform any work or labor; or from recommending, advising or persuading others so to do; or from attending at any place where any person or persons may lawfully be, for the purpose of obtaining or communicating information, or from persuading any such person to work or to abstain from working; or from ceasing to patronize any party to such dispute; or from recommending, advising, or persuading others so to do; or from paying or giving to, or withholding from, any person engaged in such dispute, any strike benefits or other moneys or things of value; or from assembling in a lawful manner, and for lawful purposes; or from doing any act or thing which might be done in the absence of such dispute by a single individual; nor shall any of the acts specified in this section be considered or held to be illegal or unlawful in any court of this State.

Sec. 4. That the labor of a human being is not a commodity or article of commerce, and the right to enter into the relation of employer and employee, or to change that relation; or to assume and create a new relation for employer and employee; or to perform and carry on business with any person in any place; or to do work and labor as an employee, shall be held and construed to be a personal, and not a property right. In all cases involving the violation of the contract of employment, either by the employee or employer where no irreparable damage is about to be committed upon the property or property right of either, no injunction shall be granted, but the parties shall be left to their remedy at law.

Sec. 5. No persons shall be indicted, prosecuted, or tried in any court of this State for entering or carrying on any arrangement, agreement, or combination between themselves made with a view of lessening the number of hours of labor or increasing wages or bettering the condition of workingmen, or for any act done in pursuance thereof, unless such act is in itself forbidden by law if done by a single individual.



2 Introduced by Mr. F. J. Ryan (by request), March 23, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Public Utilities and  
Transportation.

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## A BILL

For an Act requiring automatic fire doors on all steam locomotive engines and  
providing penalty for violation of same.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That all steam railroad companies, or  
3 the receiver or receivers of any steam railroad company or any person, firm or  
4 corporation operating any steam railroad in or through the State of Illinois;  
5 shall provide, equip, and maintain in good working order on each and every  
6 steam locomotive engine so operated over it said road or roads, in the State  
7 with an automatic door to the fire box of such locomotive engine.

Sec. 2. Such automatic door shall be so constructed that it will open virtical-  
2 ly or laterally and be operated by steam or other mechanical power and so ar-  
8 ranged that the fireman on said engine can operate said door by pressure of  
9 his foot while firing said engine.

Sec. 3. Any steam railroad company, receiver or receivers of any corpora-  
2 tion, the agent of any railroad company violating any of the provisions of this  
3 Act shall upon conviction be fined in a sum of not less than twenty-five dollars  
4 (\$25.00), or more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00), for each and every day  
5 that said locomotive engine shall be operated in violation of this Act.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Seif (by request) March 23, 1915.  
2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

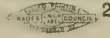
For an Act to amend the law in relation to names, approved February 25, 1874.

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- SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That every child born in this state shall  
3 be named with the surname of the father as the surname of the child.  
4 *Further provided,* the name of said child may be changed as provided in  
5 foregoing sections.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Seif (by request), March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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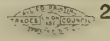
## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act in regard to the descent of property, approved April 9, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, and amendments thereto.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* Any child born in wedlock or otherwise  
3 shall be heir of its father and mother and any maternal or paternal ancestor  
4 and of any person from whom its father or mother might have inherited, if  
5 living; and the issue of such person shall represent such person and take, by de-  
6 scent, any estate which either parent would have taken, if living. Any laws in  
7 conflict with this Act are hereby repealed.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Smejkal (by request), March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation for the Illinois Farmers' Institute and County  
Farmers' Institutes.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That there be and hereby is appropriated  
3 to the Treasurer of the Illinois Farmers' Institute the following sums, to-wit: For  
4 multigraph operator, messenger, janitor, postage, expressage, office library,  
5 furniture, incidental office expenses, etc., four thousand, two hundred dollars  
6 (\$4,200.00) per annum for the fiscal years, beginning July 1, 1915 and 1916.  
7 The board of commissioners of State contracts shall provide all needful books,  
8 papers, stationery and printing on requisition by the Secretary of the Illinois  
9 Farmers' Institute.

Sec. 2. For stenographic and clerical services, two thousand dollars  
2 (\$2,000.00) per annum for the fiscal years beginning July 1, 1915 and 1916.

Sec. 3. For the per diem and necessary expenses of expert judges, in-  
2 structors and speakers furnished by the board of directors for county farmers'



3 institutes, farmers' short courses in agriculture, farmers' study clubs and for  
 4 the necessary expenses in promoting the development of the Farmers' Institute  
 5 work, etc., throughout the state, eight thousand dollars (\$8,000.00) per annum  
 6 for the fiscal years beginning July 1, 1915 and 1916.

Sec. 4. For the actual expenses of the members of the board of directors  
 2 and officers of the Illinois Farmers' Institute, in the performance of their du-  
 3 ties as such members and officers, for the expenses of the district conference and  
 4 the expenses of the State Institute meetings, five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00)  
 5 per annum for the fiscal years beginning July 1, 1915 and 1916.

Sec. 5. For the purpose of holding one or more farmers' institute meetings  
 2 in each of the 102 counties of the State, the sum of seventy-five dollars (\$75.00)  
 3 each per annum, \$7,650.00 per annum for the fiscal years beginning July 1,  
 4 1915 and 1916, and the said farmers' institute meetings shall be held at such  
 5 times and at such places in each county as may be agreed upon by the county far-  
 6 mers' institute officers and the director of the congressional district.

Sec. 6. If the officers of a county farmers' institute fail to arrange for and  
 2 hold farmers' institute meetings as provided for in section 5 of this Act, the  
 3 board of directors of the Illinois Farmers' Institute, through its officers and as-  
 4 sistants, may plan, promote, furnish instructors for, and hold such meetings in  
 5 said county as in the judgment of the board of directors may be beneficial to  
 6 the agricultural interest of said county; the expense of said meetings shall be paid  
 7 out of any funds available for that purpose.

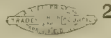
Sec. 7. On the order of the president of a county farmers' institute, appro-  
 2 ved by the director of the congressional district, the secretary of the Illinois  
 3 Farmers' Institute shall draw his warrant on the treasurer of the Illinois Farm-  
 4 ers' Institute for the said seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) and deliver it to the  
 5 treasurer of the county farmers' institute: *Provided*, that the officers of said  
 6 county farmers' institute shall, when issuing said order, file with the secretary  
 7 of the Illinois Farmers' Institute a sworn statement which shall show that said

8 county institutes has held one or more duly advertised public sessions annually  
9 in accordance with such rules as are prescribed by the board of directors of the  
10 Illinois Farmers' Institute: *Provided, further,* that if the necessary expenses  
11 of a county farmers' institute shall not equal the sum of seventy-five dollars  
12 (\$75.00) as shown by receipted vouchers submitted with the aforesaid sworn state-  
13 ment, the said warrant shall be drawn only for the sum expended, and final report  
14 made to the Governor as provided by law.

Sec. 8. No officer or officers of a county farmers' institute shall be en-  
2 titled as such officer or officers, to receive any moneyed compensation for any  
3 service rendered the same.

Sec. 9. In accordance with the provisions of section 4 of an Act entitled, "An  
2 Act creating the Illinois Farmers' Institute," approved July 1, 1895, and subse-  
3 quent amendments thereto, the Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized  
4 and instructed to draw his warrant on the State Treasurer for the sums herein  
5 specified, in favor of the Treasurer of the Illinois Farmers' Institute, and de-  
6 liver the same to him upon requisition for same, signed by the president and the  
7 secretary of said Illinois Farmers' Institute, and the State Treasurer shall pay  
8 the same out of any money in the State treasury appropriated for the purposes  
9 of said Act as amended.





2

1 Introduced by Mr. Tice, March 23, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend article IV of an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to roads and bridges," approved June 27, 1913, in force July 1, 1913.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That article IV of an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to roads and bridges," approved June 27, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, be, and the same is hereby amended by adding to said article IV an additional sub-section to be known as section 15d, in the words and figures following:*

7      *Sec. 15d. If any county desires, more rapidly than its allotments of State*  
8 *aid road moneys will permit, to construct a State aid road along any one or*  
9 *more of its highways that have been selected and designated, under the provis-*  
10 *ions of this Act, as State aid roads, such county is hereby authorized to advance,*  
11 *out of any county funds available from any source, or which may become avail-*  
12 *able from any source, for such purpose, the entire cost of constructing such*  
13 *State aid roads and to make such improvement at any time. Such county shall,*  
14 *in such case, have the right to use any allotment of money made to it, by the*



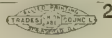
15 *State Highway Commission, to defray one-half the cost of constructing new*  
16 *State aid roads, in the county, under the provisions of this Act, or to apply the*  
17 *money on the payment of any bonds or other obligations which have been or*  
18 *may be issued by such county, under any law of this State, to meet the cost of*  
19 *the construction of any State aid road or roads constructed by such county at*  
20 *its own expense: .Provided, however, that the allotments made by the State*  
21 *shall not be used to cover more than one-half the cost of the construction of*  
22 *such State aid roads; and provided, also, that such State aid roads shall have*  
23 *been constructed under, and in accordance with, plans, specifications, estimates*  
24 *of cost and contracts approved by the State Highway Commission and which*  
25 *roads shall have been found, upon inspection of the State Highway Engineer,*  
26 *to have been completed as provided for in said contracts. All highways con-*  
27 *structed or improved in any county under the provisions of this section shall be*  
28 *known as State aid roads and shall thereafter be repaired and maintained under,*  
29 *and in accordance with, the provisions of section 32 of this Act.*

30 *If any county desires so to advance money for the purpose of the construc-*  
31 *tion or improvement of its State aid roads, its county board is hereby vested*  
32 *with full power and authority to take all necessary steps in such case and such*  
33 *county board may, out of any funds in the county treasury, not required for*  
34 *other purposes, appropriate therefrom sufficient moneys to meet the cost of*  
35 *constructing or improving such State aid roads, and may also, in any manner*  
36 *provided by law for issuing county bonds, issue bonds of the county for the pur-*  
37 *pose of constructing or improving such State aid roads: Provided, that the*  
38 *question of issuing such county bonds shall first be submitted to the legal voters*  
39 *of such county at any general election or at a special election which the county*  
40 *board is hereby authorized to call for such purpose; and provided, also, that*  
41 *such bonds shall be issued to mature in not less than ten nor more than twenty*  
42 *annual series, the last series to mature not more than twenty years from date*  
43 *of issue. If the question of an issue of such bonds is submitted to the people,*  
44 *notice of election shall be given and the election shall be held and returns made,*  
45 *all in the manner now provided by the general election laws of this State,*  
46 *and the ballots shall be in substantially the following form:*

Shall county bonds for roads be issued to the amount	Yes.	
of \$.....?	No.	

47        *If a majority of the voters voting on such question vote in favor of the*  
48 *proposition the county board shall at once issue the bonds and take the neces-*  
49 *sary steps to construct or improve the State aid roads provided for. This sec-*  
50 *tion shall not be construed to repeal any other law on the subject of issuing*  
51 *county bonds, except in so far as such other law is in direct conflict herewith.*





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Tice, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

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## A BILL

For an Act to prevent corrupt practices in primary elections and elections.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That all primary elections for the nom-  
3 ination of candidates and for the election of party committeemen and delegates  
4 to political conventions, and in all elections for public officers, except for offices  
5 the salary or emoluments of which do not exceed one hundred (\$100.00) dollars  
6 per annum, records of receipts and expenditures for political purposes shall be  
7 kept by or on behalf of all candidates; sworn statements of such receipts and  
8 expenditures shall be made and filed as public records by all candidates and by  
9 their political agents and treasurers of all political committees and organizations  
10 and such receipts and expenditures shall be subject to the regulations and pro-  
11 visions of this Act.

### DEFINITION OF TERMS.

Sec. 2. (1) The term "election" shall apply to all primary elections, to  
2 all other elections, general or special, by the legal voters of this State or its sub-  
3 divisions.

4 (2) The term "candidate" shall apply to any person whose name is printed  
5 on an official ballot for public office, and to any person who has been proposed



6 for nomination or election to public office, and who either tacitly or expressly  
7 consents to be considered, except candidates for President and Vice President  
8 of the United States, and presidential electors.

9 (3) The term "political agent" shall apply to any person designated by  
10 any candidate before any election to receive and disburse money in his behalf  
11 or to assist otherwise in his candidacy, and also to any person who does so  
12 receive and disburse money in behalf of any candidate, whether so designated  
13 or not.

14 (4) The term "political committee" shall apply to any two or more nat-  
15 ural persons acting together or co-operating to aid or take part in the nomina-  
16 tion or election of any candidate for public office, or to aid or promote the success  
17 or defeat of any political party or principle at any election, or any proposition  
18 submitted to vote at a public election.

19 (5) The term "public office" shall apply to any elective office provided for  
20 by the Constitution or laws of the United States, or of the State of Illinois to  
21 which a salary or compensation attaches.

#### TREASURER OF POLITICAL COMMITTEE.

Sec. 3. Every political committee shall appoint and maintain a treasurer to  
2 receive, keep and disburse all sums of money which may be collected or received  
3 by such committee or by any of its members, for election expenses; and unless  
4 such treasurer is first appointed and thereafter maintained, it shall be unlawful  
5 for a political committee or any of its members to collect, receive or disburse  
6 money for any such purposes. All money so collected or received by any politi-  
7 cal committee or by any of its members for the election expenses, shall be paid  
8 over to and made to pass through the hands of the treasurer and shall be dis-  
9 bursed by him; and it shall be unlawful for any political committee or any of  
10 its members to disburse any money for election expenses unless such money shall  
11 have been paid to and disbursed by the treasurer. One person may be desig-  
12 nated to act as treasurer and for two or more political committees and candi-  
13 dates, and such designation shall be in writing and the writing so designating

14 such treasurer shall be kept by him for a period of one year after his service as  
15 such treasurer shall have been terminated.

#### NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Sec. 4. No person shall act as treasurer of any political committee or as a  
2 political agent for any candidate for a State office, unless a written statement  
3 designating him as such treasurer or political agent shall be filed before the elec-  
4 tion for which he is to act with the Secretary of State, as to State committees  
5 and designations of treasurers and political agents, acting in congressional dis-  
6 tricts and other districts extending into more than one county, shall be filed with  
7 the county clerk of each county in said district and designations of treasurers  
8 and political agents acting for candidates for county offices and for other offices  
9 not otherwise provided for, shall be filed with the county clerk. In case of treas-  
10 urers and political agents acting for candidates for city offices, such designation  
11 shall be filed with the city clerk, or board of election commissioners in case  
12 there is one.

#### ACCOUNTS AND VOUCHERS.

Sec. 5. Every candidate, political agent and the treasurer of every politi-  
2 cal committee shall keep detailed accounts of all money, or its equivalent, received  
3 by him and of all expenditures, disbursements made and liabilities incurred by  
4 such candidate, agent or political committee for political purposes or by any of  
5 the officers or members of such committee or any person acting under its author-  
6 ity or on its behalf.

#### SWORN STATEMENTS.

Sec. 6. Not less than seven nor more than fifteen days before each primary  
2 election and again within thirty days after each primary and election, every  
3 candidate for public office except those the salary or emolument of which does  
4 not exceed one hundred (\$100.00) dollars per annum and every political agent  
5 and the treasurer of every political candidate or organization shall file with the  
6 officers hereinafter prescribed a detailed, itemized statement subscribed and

7 sworn to before an officer authorized to administer oaths, setting forth all finan-  
 8 cial transactions in connection with such primary or election. Such statement  
 9 shall show each and every sum of money or other thing of value contributed or  
 10 advanced; the name of each person, firm, association or committee by whom it  
 11 was contributed or advanced; the amount and purpose of every expenditure  
 12 made or liability incurred and the name of each person, firm, association or  
 13 committee to whom such expenditure was made or liability incurred, with dates  
 14 of each transaction. Any unexpended balance remaining in the hands of the  
 15 treasurer of any political candidate at the time of making the statement herein  
 16 provided for, shall be properly accounted for in said statement and shall appear  
 17 as a balance in the next following report of such treasurer or his successor in  
 18 office. Such sworn statements shall be filed with the Secretary of State by can-  
 19 didates for State and other offices elected by or for a district covering more  
 20 than one county, with the county clerk by candidates for offices elected by or  
 21 for a county and by candidates for other offices not otherwise provided for, and  
 22 with the clerk of the city, or the election commission in case there is one, for city  
 23 officers. Such statements shall be filed by political agents and the treasurers of  
 24 political committees with the officers to whom their respective designations as  
 25 political agents or treasurers of political committees were filed. Nothing in this  
 26 Act shall be construed so as to make it unlawful for any political party, com-  
 27 mittee or treasurer thereof to raise funds by any method not prohibited herein  
 28 and use the same for the payment of any debts or obligations owing by such politi-  
 29 cal committee or treasurer at the time of the passage of this Act.

#### BLANK FORMS, PRESERVATION OF STATEMENTS.

Sec. 7. Blank forms of all financial statements required under this Act  
 2 shall be prepared by the Secretary of State, and copies thereof shall, together  
 3 with copy of this Act, be furnished through the county clerk or otherwise, as the  
 4 Secretary of State may deem expedient, to all treasurers of political commit-  
 5 tees, to all political agents, to all political committees, and to all candidates for  
 6 nomination or election upon the filing of petitions for nomination and to all  
 7 other persons required by law to file such statements who apply therefor.



8 All statements filed in accordance with this Act shall be received, endorsed  
9 and filed by the Secretary of State, county clerks, city clerks or election com-  
10 missioners, and such officers shall promptly notify in writing any person who  
11 failed to file a statement as required by law, or who shall file a statement which  
12 does not conform to law, and further notify such person, or persons to comply  
13 with this Act. All statements filed in accordance with the provisions of this  
14 Act shall be preserved for one year after the election to which they relate, and  
15 during said period shall be open to public inspection. A summary of such state-  
16 ments shall be made and preserved in the permanent archives of the respective  
17 offices and published with the regular reports of such offices.

PENALTIES FOR FAILURE TO FILE STATEMENTS.

Sec. 8. Any candidate, political agent or treasurer of a political committee  
2 who shall fail to file a sworn itemized statement as above provided, within the  
3 time required, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction, shall be  
4 fined not more than one hundred dollars or imprisoned in the county jail for not  
5 more than six months or both, in the discretion of the court.

6 Forty days after any such primary or election, the Secretary of State,  
7 county clerk or city clerk, or election commissioners, as the case may be, shall  
8 give notice of any failure to file such statement by any candidate, political  
9 agent or treasurer of his political committee, or organization, to the prosecuting  
10 attorney of the county where such delinquent resides and such prosecuting at-  
11 torney shall proceed to prosecute such offenses.

12 No candidate nominated at a primary election who has failed to make a  
13 sworn statement as required by this Act shall have his name placed on the official  
14 ballot for the ensuing election, unless there has been filed by or on behalf of  
15 such candidate and by his political agent, if any, the financial statement relat-  
16 ing to nominations required by this Act, and it shall be unlawful to issue a com-  
17 mission or certificate of election or to administer the oath of office to any person  
18 elected to any public office who has failed to file a sworn statement as required  
19 by this Act, and no person shall enter upon the duties of this office until he



20 has filed such statement, nor shall he receive any salary or emolument for any  
21 period prior to the filing of such statement.

#### RESTRICTIONS ON CONTRIBUTIONS.

Sec. 9. No officer of any corporation, whether incorporated under the laws  
2 of this or any other state or foreign country, except corporations formed for  
3 political purposes, shall give, or lend, or authorize to be paid, given or loaned, any  
4 money or other thing of value belonging to such corporations to any candidate,  
5 political agent or political committee, for the payment of any primary or election  
6 expenses whatever. No person shall solicit or receive such payment or contri-  
7 bution.

#### LAWFUL EXPENDITURES.

Sec. 10. No candidate, political agent or treasurer of a political committee  
2 shall pay, give or lend, or agree to pay, give or lend either directly or indirectly,  
4 any money or other thing of value, for any election expenses, except for the  
5 following purposes:

6 First—For the rent, maintenance and furnishing of offices to be used as polit-  
7 ical headquarters; and for the payment of necessary clerks, stenographers, type-  
8 writers, janitors and messengers actually employed therein.

9 Second—For printing and distributing books, pamphlets, circulars and other  
10 printed matter relating to political issues and candidates and painting, printing  
11 and posting signs, banners and other advertisements.

12 Third—For renting and decorating halls for public meetings and political  
13 conventions, for advertising public meetings, and for the payment and transpor-  
14 tation of speakers and musicians at such meetings.

15 Fourth—For the necessary traveling expenses of candidate, political agents  
16 and committees, and for stationery, postage, telegrams, telephone, express,  
17 freight and public messenger service.

18 Fifth—For preparing, circulating and filing petitions for nomination of can-  
19 didates.

20 Sixth—For examining the lists of registered voters, investigating the right  
21 to vote of the persons listed therein, and conducting proceedings to prevent un-  
22 lawful registration or voting.

23 Seventh—For conveying infirm or disabled voters to and from the polls.

24 Eighth—For the employment of challengers and watchers at elections not  
25 to exceed two at each election precinct. Every liability incurred and payment  
26 made shall be at the rate and for a total amount which is proper and reasonable  
27 and fairly commensurate with the services rendered.

#### LIMITATION OF EXPENDITURES.

Sec. 11. No payment shall be made and no liabilities shall be incurred by  
2 or on behalf of any candidate for office in this State to aid in securing his nom-  
3 ination and election, which shall in the aggregate exceed the amounts herein pro-  
4 vided, namely: for candidates for United States Senator and Governor, three  
5 thousand dollars for the primary and three thousand dollars for the final  
6 election.

7 For candidates for other offices for which salary or other compensation  
8 amounting to more than \$1,000 a year is paid, not more than ten per cent of the  
9 aggregate salary or estimated compensation for the term for which such officer  
10 is to be elected for the primary and a like amount for the final election.

11 Any candidate may delegate to a political agent or a political committee, in  
12 writing duly subscribed by him, the expenditure of any portion of the total ex-  
13 penses authorized to be incurred by him or on his behalf; but the aggregate of  
14 all expenses made and incurred by such candidate, by any political agent on his  
15 behalf and by any political committee on his behalf and shall not exceed the  
16 amounts hereinbefore provided.

17 No payments shall be made and no liability shall be incurred by any political  
18 agent or political committee which shall exceed in the aggregate the sum of the  
19 amounts theretofore delegated to such committee by the candidate in writing as  
20 herein provided.

21 No candidate at a primary election shall be permitted to employ or pay  
 22 more than two canvassers or political agents at each election precinct on the  
 23 day of the primary election or to exceed one canvasser in each precinct on the day  
 24 of the final election. Each party having a party ticket in the field may, however,  
 25 have two canvassers or election agents at each district.

#### CORRUPT PRACTICES.

Sec. 12. The following persons shall be deemed guilty of corrupt practices  
 2 and upon conviction shall be punished in accordance with the provisions of this  
 3 Act:

4 (1) Any person, other than a political agent or a member of a political  
 5 committee, duly appointed and designated as provided in this Act, who shall so-  
 6 licit from any candidate for nomination or election to any public office, any money,  
 7 gift, contribution, emolument, or other valuable thing, for the support, assist-  
 8 ance, benefit or expenses of any political club, company, or organization, or for  
 9 the expenses of any primary or election campaign.

10 (2) Any person who shall demand, solicit, ask or invite any candidate to  
 11 make any contribution or incur any obligation to any religious, charitable or fra-  
 12 ternal cause or organization other than political committees duly designated  
 13 under the provisions of this Act, or to buy tickets to any entertainment or ball,  
 14 or to subscribe or pay for space in any book, program, periodical or other pub-  
 15 lication; or any candidate who shall make or promise any such payment or con-  
 16 tribution with the apparent hope or intent to influence the result of any election:  
 17 *Provided*, that this paragraph shall not apply to the solicitation of any business  
 18 advertisements in a periodical in which such candidate regularly advertised  
 19 prior to his candidacy, nor to ordinary business advertising, nor to the regular  
 20 and normal payments to any religious, charitable or other organization to which  
 21 he may have been a contributor for more than six months before his candidacy.

22 (3) Any person, who shall, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other  
 23 person on his behalf, make use of, or threaten to make use of any force, violence  
 24 or restraint, or inflict, or threaten to inflict any damage, harm or loss, upon or



25 against any person, or by any other means attempt to intimidate or exert any  
26 undue influence, in order to induce such person having voted or refrained from  
27 voting, at any election, or who shall by abduction, duress or any fraudulent de-  
28 vice or contrivance, impede or prevent the free exercise of the suffrage by any  
29 elector, or shall thereby compel, induce or prevail upon any elector either to vote  
30 or refrain from voting for or against any particular candidate or measure.

31 (4) Any person who, being an employer, or acting for or on behalf of any  
32 employer, shall post or otherwise exhibit, or cause to be posted or exhibited in  
33 or about his place or establishment, or shall distribute or cause to be distributed  
34 to any of his employees any written or printed matter of a political nature, or  
35 shall give any other notice or information to his employees containing any threat,  
36 either express or implied, intended or calculated to influence the political view or  
37 actions of his workmen or employees.

38 (5) Any person who shall, knowingly make or publish, or cause to be made  
39 or published, any false statement in regard to any candidate which statement is  
40 intended or tends to affect any voting at any election whatever.

41 (6) Any person who shall pay any owner, publisher, editor or employee,  
42 or any newspaper or other periodical to advocate or oppose editorially, any can-  
43 didate for nomination or election, or any political party, or any measure, to be  
44 submitted to the vote of the people; and any owner, publisher, editor or employee  
45 who shall solicit or accept such payment.

#### PRACTICES FORBIDDEN.

Sec. 13. (1) No person shall publish, issue or circulate, or cause to be  
2 published, issued or circulated any letter, circular, placard, or other publication  
3 tending to influence voting at any election, which fails to bear on its face the name  
4 and address of the author and of the printer or publisher, and of the candidate  
5 in whose behalf the same is published, issued or circulated.

6 (2) No owner, publisher, editor or employee of a newspaper or other peri-  
7 odical shall insert, either in its advertising or reading columns any matter, paid  
8 for or to be paid for, which tends to influence, directly or indirectly, the voting at



9 any election whatever, unless it is distinctly designated as a paid advertisement,  
10 and state the name of the person authorizing its publication and the candidate  
11 in whose behalf it is published.

12 (3) No person shall solicit, orally or by letter, or be in any manner con-  
13 cerned in soliciting any assessment, contribution or payment for any party or  
14 political purpose whatever from any officer or employee of the State or a political  
15 subdivision thereof.

16 (4) No person shall, in any room or building occupied for the discharge of  
17 official duties by an officer or employee of the State or a political subdivision there-  
18 of, solicit orally or by written communication delivered therein, in any other  
19 manner any contribution of money or other thing of value for any party or po-  
20 litical purpose whatever, from any officer or employee of the State or a political  
21 subdivision thereof. No officer, agent, clerk or employee of the State of any po-  
22 litical subdivision thereof, who may have charge or control of any building, office  
23 or room, occupied for any official purpose, shall permit any person to enter the  
24 same for the purpose of therein soliciting or delivering written solicitations for  
25 or receiving from, or giving notice of any political assessments to any officer or  
26 employee of the State or a political subdivision thereof.

#### PENALTIES.

Sec. 14. (1) Any person who shall be guilty of any corrupt practices shall,  
2 on conviction, be fined not more than five thousand dollars or imprisoned in the  
3 penitentiary not less than one year nor more than three years, or both, at the  
4 discretion of the court. Any person convicted of any corrupt practices shall also  
5 be disqualified from voting or from holding any office or employment during a  
6 period of seven years from the date of conviction, and if elected to or occupying  
7 any public office or employment, such office or employment shall be vacated from  
8 the date of conviction.

9 (2) Any person who shall violate any of the other provisions of this Act  
10 for the violation of which no other penalty is provided, shall, on conviction, be  
11 fined for the first offense not more than five hundred dollars or imprisoned in

12 the county jail not more than six months, or both, at the discretion of the court.  
13 Any person convicted of a second or subsequent offense shall be fined not more  
14 than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both, at the  
15 discretion of the court, and shall also be disqualified from voting or holding any  
16 public office or employment during a period of three years from the date of con-  
17 viction, and if elected to or occupying any public office or employment such office  
18 or employment shall be vacated from the date of conviction.

19 Any corporation which shall violate any provision of this Act, or shall reim-  
20 burse or compensate in any manner whatever any person who shall have given,  
21 loaned or promised any money or other thing of value in violation of this Act,  
22 on conviction thereof, for the first offense, shall be fined not less than one thou-  
23 sand (\$1,000) nor more than ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars, and upon conviction  
24 for any second or subsequent offense, if organized under the laws of this State,  
25 shall forfeit its charter and all rights, privileges and immunities thereunder, or  
26 if organized under the laws of another state or country, shall forfeit all rights  
27 to carry on any business in this State. The officers, directors, agents and at-  
28 torneys of such offending corporations under this section upon conviction shall  
29 be punished as other offenders under this Act are punished, and such officers,  
30 agents and attorneys of such offending corporations as shall by their acts in-  
31 volve the corporation in liability or loss by virtue of their misconduct in viola-  
32 tion of this Act, shall be liable to the corporation or to its stockholders, for such  
33 loss as may be entailed and any innocent stockholder may bring suit for the  
34 benefit of said corporation or for the benefit of innocent stockholders in his own  
35 name for his own use and for the use of all others similarly situated.

#### JUDICIAL INQUIRY.

Sec. 15. At any time within sixty days after any primary or election, the  
2 Attorney General, any prosecuting attorney, any candidate voted for at such  
3 primary or election, or any one hundred qualified voters upon giving bond to  
4 indemnify the person whose election is contested, from all costs, attorneys' fees  
5 and expenses incurred by him in defending his title to office in the event that

6 such person's title to his office is upheld, may present to any circuit judge a petition setting forth under oath, upon information or personal knowledge, that  
 7 corrupt and illegal practices contrary to the provisions of this act were committed in connection with such election, naming any candidate as defendant and  
 8 praying for a judicial inquiry into the alleged facts. If such judge shall upon  
 9 such petition find that the facts set forth require such judicial inquiry, he shall  
 10 order reasonable notice of such petition to be given to the defendant, appoint special counsel to conduct the inquiry and notify the Chief Justice of the Supreme  
 11 Court, who shall thereupon designate two circuit judges to hear such petition  
 12 and conduct such inquiry. Such petition shall be tried without a jury, the petitioner or petitioners and all candidates at such election shall be entitled to appear  
 13 and be heard as parties and the court shall have power to compel the attendance of witnesses, the production of books and papers which are relevant and  
 14 material, to the inquiry.

#### CERTIFICATE OF FINDINGS.

Sec. 16. In case of a judicial inquiry into corrupt and illegal practices connected with the election of presidential electors or United States senator or  
 2 member of the United States house of representatives, the opinion and determination of the court shall be certified to the governor. In case of judicial inquiry into corrupt and illegal practices connected with the election of any officer  
 3 of the executive department of the State of Illinois or any member of the General Assembly, the opinion and determination of the court shall be certified to  
 4 the Speaker of the House of Representatives and to the President of the Senate.

5 In case of a judicial inquiry into corrupt and illegal practices in connection  
 6 with the election of any other public officer, the trial judges shall certify to the  
 7 Governor their joint decision and judgment with reference to the existence of corrupt and illegal practices, the effect of such practices on the validity of the election and the guilt or innocence of any candidate or his political agent, if any  
 8 such joint decision shall decide that any successful candidate so petitioned  
 9 against, in person or through his political agent had committed corrupt or illegal



16 practices, the election of such candidate shall be void; and if any such joint de-  
17 cision shall decide that corrupt and illegal practices existed at the election, with  
17½ or without the action, connivance or knowledge of the candidate or his political  
18 agent, to such an extent as seriously to affect the result, such election shall be  
19 held void. In case of any election so held to be void, the vacancy shall be filled  
20 as required by law. If the trial judges at any such inquiry, differ in their opin-  
21 ions as to whether or not a candidate has committed corrupt and illegal prac-  
22 tices, or whether or not the election should be declared void, they shall so certify  
23 to the Governor and shall also file a transcript of the evidence with such cer-  
24 tificate.

#### PRIVILEGES OF WITNESSES.

Sec. 17 At any trial, inquiry or hearing under the provisions of this article,  
2 no person shall be excused from attending and testifying or from producing  
3 books, papers or other documents before the court upon the ground or from the  
4 reason that the testimony or evidence, documentary or otherwise, require of him,  
5 may tend to convict him of a crime, or subject him to a penalty or forfeiture, but  
6 no person shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture except  
7 forfeiture of nomination or election of office for or on account of any transaction,  
8 matter or thing concerning which he may so testify, or produce evidence against  
9 him in any criminal investigation or proceeding, except in an action for perjury  
10 in giving such testimony.

#### PUNITIVE COSTS.

Sec. 18. In the decision of any petition for a judicial inquiry into corrupt  
2 and illegal practices at any election, costs may be awarded against the losing  
3 party; and the trial judge shall have power to award additional punitive costs  
4 against the petitioner or petitioners, if they shall find that the allegations of the  
5 petition are materially untrue, and that the petition was brought from vexa-  
6 tions or malicious motives.



## APPEALS.

Sec. 19. Appeals may be taken from the determinations in such judicial  
2 inquiry direct to the Supreme Court, but no writ of error shall lie thereto.

## DUTIES AND PAYMENT OF SPECIAL COUNSEL.

Sec. 20. The special counsel provided for by this Act shall have charge of  
2 said defense and shall be paid from the appropriation to the Attorney General  
3 for legal services upon bills certified and approved by said Attorney General,  
4 a compensation not to exceed fifty dollars per day.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Tice, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

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## A BILL

For an Act to prevent corrupt practices in primary elections and elections of public officers.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That all primary elections for the nom-  
3 ination of candidates and for the election of party committeemen and delegates  
4 to political conventions, and all elections for public offices, except the election of  
5 officers who are to receive no salary or emoluments for their services in excess  
6 of one hundred dollars per annum, shall be subject to the provisions of this Act,  
7 and records of receipts and expenditures for political purposes shall be kept  
8 by or on behalf of all candidates, and within thirty days after all such primary  
9 elections or elections, all candidates shall prepare and publish in a newspaper of  
10 general circulation in his county, a statement of his receipts and expenses as  
11 such candidate and file a copy thereof in the office of the clerk of the circuit  
12 court of the county of his residence, which shall become thereby a public record  
13 open to inspection of all persons, provided that such accounts may be kept, and  
14 statements sworn to by any person who may have been previously appointed the  
15 agent of such candidate in writing, and such candidate shall be bound by the



16 action of such agent in the receipt and expenditure of funds for campaign pur-  
17 poses. Such accounts shall in like manner be kept published and filed by all  
18 treasurers and other fiscal agents of political parties and organizations.

Sec. 2. Any candidate, political agent or treasurer of a political committee  
2 or organization, who shall fail to file and publish a sworn itemized statement as  
3 provided herein, within the time required by section 1 of this Act, shall be guilty  
4 of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, shall be fined not more than one hun-  
5 dred dollars or imprisoned in the county jail not more than six months, or both,  
6 in the discretion of the court; and any such candidate, political agent or treas-  
7 urer, who shall intentionally omit from such statement any item of receipts or  
8 disbursements, shall be deemed guilty of false swearing, and on conviction,  
9 shall be subject to a fine of not less than five hundred dollars and imprisonment  
10 in the county jail not to exceed one year.

Sec. 3. Lawful election expenditures under the provisions of this Act shall  
2 consist only of the following:

3 First: For the rent, maintenance and furnishing of offices to be used as  
4 political headquarters; and for the payment of necessary clerks, stenographers,  
5 typewriters, janitors and messengers actually employed therein.

6 Second: For printing and distributing books, pamphlets, circulars and  
7 other printed matter relating to political issues and candidates and painting,  
8 printing and posting signs, banners and other advertisements.

9 Third: For renting and decorating halls for public meetings and political  
10 conventions, for advertising public meetings, and for the payment and trans-  
11 portation of speakers and musicians at such meetings.

12 Fourth: For the necessary traveling expenses of candidates, political  
13 agents and committees, and for stationery, postage, telegrams, telephone, ex-  
14 press, freight and public messenger service.

15 Fifth: For preparing, circulating and filing petitions for nomination of  
16 candidates.

17 Sixth: For examining the lists of registered voters, investigating the  
18 right to vote of the persons listed therein, and conducting proceedings to pre-  
19 vent unlawful registration or voting.

20 Seventh: For conveying infirm or disabled voters to and from the polls.

21 Eighth: For the employment of challengers and watchers at elections not  
22 to exceed two at each election precinct. Every liability incurred and payment  
23 made shall be at the rate and for a total amount which is proper and reasonable  
24 and fairly commensurate with the services rendered.

Sec. 4. All expenditures by any candidate, political agent, treasurer, elector  
2 or other person for any other purpose or object than those enumerated in sec-  
3 tion 3 of this Act, shall be deemed unlawful, and any person who shall be guilty  
4 of either directly or indirectly using or paying money or other valuable thing  
5 in any election for any other purpose than those mentioned in section 3 of this  
6 Act, shall be deemed guilty of a corrupt practice, and on conviction thereof,  
7 shall be subject to a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor exceeding five  
8 hundred dollars for each offense, and shall thereafter be rendered incompetent  
9 to hold office, and if holding office when convicted, such office shall, by virtue of  
10 such conviction, be rendered vacant and thereafter be filled as provided by law.

Sec. 5. It shall be unlawful for any candidate for any office to be voted  
2 for in any primary election or election of public officers, or a candidate for  
3 any appointment, prior to his nomination, election or appointment, to either di-  
4 rectly or indirectly support or use his influence for any person or persons for  
5 any office, or to promise, directly or indirectly, to name or appoint any person or  
6 persons to any place, position or office in consideration of the support or in-  
7 fluence of such person or persons to secure his nomination, election or appoint-  
8 ment, and any person violating the provisions of this section shall be subject to  
9 a fine of not to exceed one hundred dollars, and his conviction shall render him  
10 incompetent to hold any office, and any office held by him at the time of such  
11 conviction shall thereby be rendered vacant, and be filled as provided by law.

Sec. 6. It shall be unlawful for any person, corporation or organization to demand, request or receive from any candidate for nomination or election to any office, a particular and specific pledge that he will, if elected, decide any question which may come before him for consideration, in a particular way, or that he will support any specific measure, bill or policy, or that he will administer his office according to the desire of any such person, corporation or organization; or for any such candidate, in order to obtain the support of any person, corporation or organization, to make a specific pledge that he will, if elected, decide any particular matter which may come before him for consideration, in a particular way, or that he will support any particular bill, measure or policy, or administer his office in such way as shall be desired by such person, corporation or organization; and a violation of this section shall subject the offender to a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars, provided that it shall not be deemed a violation of this section for any candidate to publicly declare his views on any public question or question of public policy or administration, either in a public speech or through newspapers, or other printed medium.

Sec. 7. No officer or agent of any corporation, whether incorporated under the laws of this or any other State or foreign country, except corporations for political purposes, shall give or lend, or authorize to be paid, given or loaned, any money or other thing of value belonging to such corporation, but any candidate, political agent or political committee, for the payment of any primary election or election expenses whatsoever, and no person shall solicit or receive any such payment or contribution, and any one violating the provisions of this section shall be subject to a fine of not to exceed ten thousand dollars for each offense.

Sec. 8. When any grand jury is hereafter empanelled in any court in this State to make general inquiry into violations of the law, it shall be the duty of the circuit judge who shall empanel such grand jury, to specially charge the same to make inquiry for violations of the provisions of this Act, and the failure of any circuit judge to so charge such grand jury shall be deemed a non-feasance in office, and he shall be subject to the penalties therefor.

Sec. 9. At any trial, inquiry or hearing before any grand jury in any court,  
2 concerning a violation of any provision of this Act, no person shall be excused  
3 from attending and testifying or from producing papers or other documents  
4 before the court, upon the ground or for the reason that the testimony or evi-  
5 dence, documentary or otherwise, required of him, may tend to convict him of a  
6 crime or subject him to a penalty or forfeiture, or to public disgrace, but no per-  
7 son shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture on account of  
8 any testimony or disclosure which he shall make, except that if he shall testify  
9 falsely in any such hearing, inquiry or investigation, he shall be subject to the  
10 penalties for perjury.







1 Introduced by Mr. Trandel, March 23, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Liberal Committee.

## A BILL

For an Act to make the drinking, or purchasing, by minors over the age of 14 years of intoxicating liquors, either malt or spirituous, in a saloon or other place where such liquors are sold or dispensed under license, a criminal offense and to provide a penalty therefor.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois; represented in the General Assembly:* That it shall be deemed and held unlawful, for any minor, over the age of fourteen years, to drink or purchase any intoxicating liquors, either malt or spirituous, in a saloon or any other place in the State of Illinois where said liquors are sold or dispensed.

Sec. 2. Any minor violating the provisions of this Act shall be held and deemed guilty of a criminal offense, and shall upon conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not less than ten dollars nor more than one hundred dollars: *Provided*, that each drink or purchase of liquor shall be deemed a separate offense under this Act.

Sec. 3. Under this Act prosecutions shall be brought in the same way, by the same process, and in the same Courts as in cases of violation of the provisions of the dram shop Act.

Sec. 4. All Acts or parts of Acts in conflict with the provisions of this Act, shall be, and the same hereby are, in so far repealed.



1 Introduced by Mr. Trandel, March 23, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

## A BILL

For an Act to make an appropriation to compensate Peter H. Schwaba, law clerk  
for the Illinois State Board of Health, for injuries sustained.

Whereas, Peter H. Schwaba, of the city of Chicago, County of Cook,  
2 and State of Illinois, was a law clerk in the office of the attorney for the  
3 Illinois State Board of Health on December 24th, A. D. 1913, and was present  
4 in the office of the attorney for the State Board of Health when Mr. Charles  
5 Alling, the attorney for the Illinois State Board of Health, was discussing the  
6 adjustment of certain suits brought by him in behalf of said Board against  
7 Frank Klimek; and

8 Whereas, said Frank Klimek, without any provocation and without  
9 any warning, then and there attempted to kill said Schwaba by fir-  
10 ing a shot from a revolver, which said shot penetrated the head of  
11 said Schwaba; and

12 Whereas, the shock and injury caused by said shot resulted in the impair-  
13 ment of the health of the said Peter H. Schwaba causing insomnia, loss of weight,  
14 instability, general depression, anemia and general debility; and



15       Whereas, said injury necessitated the employment of two surgeons and ex-  
16       penses for hospital treatment and subsequent medical treatment and seriously  
17       impaired his usefulness; and

18       Whereas, the Court of Claims of the State of Illinois has heard testimony  
19       and arguments in behalf of a claim for \$5,000.00, filed by said Schwaba and has  
20       rejected said claim, now therefore

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of five thousand (\$5,-  
3 000.) dollars be and is hereby appropriated for compensation to Peter H.  
4 Schwaba, law clerk in the office of the attorney for the Illinois State Board of  
5 Health, for injuries he sustained and expenses incurred by him while in the dis-  
6 charge of his duty as said law clerk for the attorney of the Illinois State Board  
7 of Health, without fault or negligence on his part to be paid to him out of any  
8 moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to  
2 draw his warrant on the State Treasurer in favor of Peter H. Schwaba for the  
3 sum hereby appropriated.

AMENDMENT TO

49th G. A.

HOUSE BILL No. 461

1915



2

1 Adopted May 21, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 461, as printed in the House, section 1, lines 2 and 3,  
2 by striking out the words and figures “five thousand (\$5,000) dollars” and  
3 inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures, “one thousand (\$1,000) dollars.”





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Tuttle, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend Article X, section 1, of an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to justices and constables, approved June 26, 1895, in force July 1, 1895.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That Article X, section 1, of an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to justices of the peace and constables," approved June 26, 1895, in force July 1, 1895, be amended to read as follows:

6      Sec. 1. APPEAL—FORM OF BOND.] Appeals from judgments from justices  
7 of the peace and police magistrates to the circuit or county court, and in the  
8 city court in cities in which there is a city court, shall be granted in all cases  
9 except on judgments confessed, and in the county of Cook appeals may also be  
10 granted to the superior court of said county. The party praying for an ap-  
11 peal shall, within twenty days from the rendition of the judgment from which he  
12 desires to take an appeal, enter into bond with security to be approved and  
13 conditioned as hereinafter provided, in substance as follows:



14 Know all men by these presents, That we, AB and CD, are held and firm-  
 15 ly bound unto EF in the penal sum of (here insert double the amount of  
 16 judgment and costs), lawful money of the United States, for the payment of  
 17 which well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs and administrat-  
 18 ors, jointly, severally and firmly by these presents.

19 Witness our hand and seal, this.....day of....., 191.....

20 The condition of the above obligation is such that whereas the said EF  
 21 did, on the.....day of.....A. D. 191...., before .....,  
 22 a justice of the peace (or police magistrate) for .....county  
 23 (city or village), recover a judgment against the above bounden AB for the  
 24 sum of ..... dollars (or for cents as the case may be), from  
 25 which judgment the said AB..... has taken an appeal to the.....  
 26 court in the county of..... Now, if the said AB shall prosecute his  
 27 appeal with effect, and pay whatever judgment shall be rendered against him  
 28 by said court upon the trial of said appeal, or by consent, or in case the  
 29 appeal is dismissed, or in case the matter in controversy is settled between the  
 30 parties to the action without a trial by the court appealed to, will pay the judg-  
 31 ment rendered against him by the said justice (or police magistrate) and all  
 32 costs occasioned by said appeal (or if the judgment appealed from is in favor  
 33 of the appellant, omit the words, judgment rendered against him by said justice  
 34 or police magistrate), then the above obligation to be void; otherwise to re-  
 35 main in full force and effect.

36 . AB. (SEAL)

37 CD. (SEAL)

38 Approved by me, this.....day of....., A. D. 191....

39 Which bond may be filed in the office of the justice of the peace rendering  
 40 said judgment, or with the clerk of the court to which the appeal is taken.

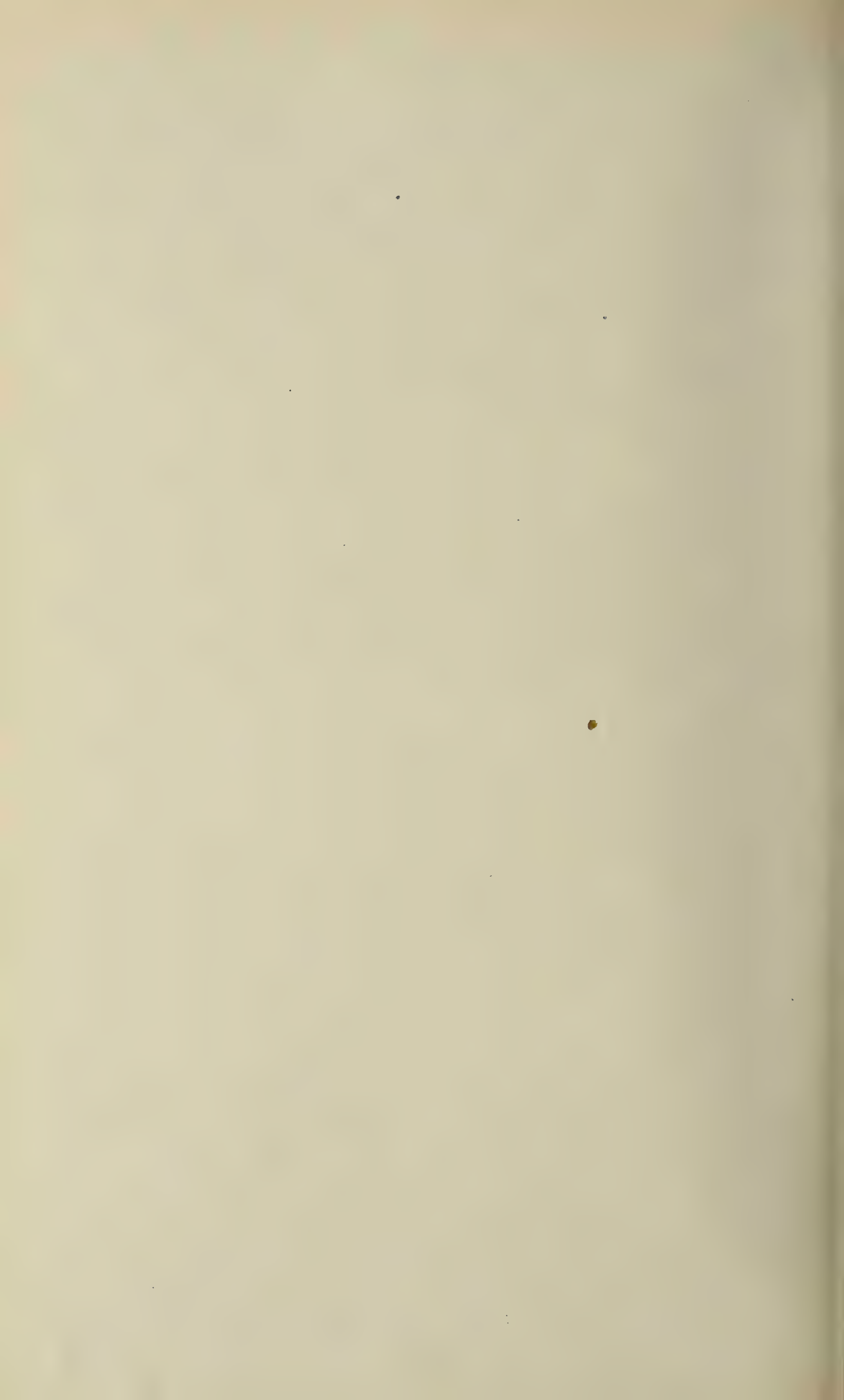
41 APPROVAL BY JUSTICE—STAY.] When such bond is filed with the justice, it  
 42 shall be approved by him and he shall suspend all proceedings in the case, and  
 43 if execution shall have been issued, he shall recall the same and shall, within  
 44 twenty days after receiving and approving of the appeal bond, file the same in

45 the office of the clerk of the court to which the appeal is taken: *Provided, how-*  
46 *ever, that no justice of the peace or police magistrate shall accept or approve*  
47 *any appeal bond until the party praying the appeal shall have paid to the jus-*  
48 *tice or police magistrate the statutory fee for the use of the clerk of the court*  
49 *to which the appeal is prayed.*

50 APPROVAL BY CLERK OF COURT—SUPERSEDEAS—SUMMONS.

51 If the bond is filed with the clerk of the court to which the appeal is taken,  
52 it shall be approved by him: *Provided, the party praying said appeal shall pay*  
53 *the statutory fees of the clerk of said court,* and upon the approval of the bond  
54 the clerk shall issue a supersedeas enjoining the justice and constable from  
55 proceeding any further in said suit, and suspending all proceedings in relation  
56 thereto, and he shall issue a summons to the appellee to appear at the term of  
57 the court to which the appeal is returnable, which summons and supersedeas  
58 shall be served and returned as summons in other cases. As soon as the super-  
59 sedeas, issued as aforesaid, shall be served on the justice who gave the judg-  
60 ment and the constable in whose hands the execution or other process may be  
61 in relation thereto, they shall suspend all further proceedings thereon.

62 TRANSCRIPT.] When the bond is filed before the justice, or the supersedeas  
63 is served upon him as aforesaid, the justice shall return all the papers in the  
64 case and a transcript of his docket in the case to the clerk of the court to which  
65 the appeal is taken, with a certificate under his hand that said transcript and  
66 papers contain a full and perfect statement of all the proceedings before him.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Flagg, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Temperance

## A BILL

For an Act to amend section two (2) of an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors," approved March 30, 1874, and in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That section two (2) of an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors," approved March 30, 1874, and in force July 1, 1874, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:*

Sec. 2. Whoever, not having a license to keep a dramshop, shall, by himself or another, either as principal, clerk or servant, directly or indirectly, sell any intoxicating liquors in any less quantity than one gallon, or in any quantity to be drank upon the premises, or in or upon any adjacent room, building, yard, premises or place of public resort, shall be fined not less than *the annual license fee in such cases provided by this Act.*







1 Adopted April 22, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 463 by adding to the title, after the words and figures,  
2 July 1, 1874, in line three (3) of the printed title, the words, "as amended by  
3 subsequent amendatory Acts."

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 463, in line five (5) of section 1 of the printed bill,  
2 by inserting after the figures 1874, the words, "as amended by subsequent  
3 amendatory Acts."

AMENDMENT NO. 3.

Amend House Bill No. 463 by striking out in lines five (5) and six (6) of  
2 section two (2) of the printed bill, the words, "the annual license fee in such  
3 cases provided by this Act" and by inserting in lieu thereof the words and fig-  
4 ures, "five hundred dollars (\$500) or more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000),  
5 or imprisoned in the county jail not less than thirty days or more than sixty days,  
6 or both, in the discretion of the court."





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Dalton (by request) March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend section eleven (11) of article three (III) of an Act entitled, "An Act to amend an Act entitled 'An Act regulating the holding of elections and declaring the result thereof in cities, villages and incorporated towns in this State.' " approved June 19, 1885, in force July 1, 1885 as amended by an Act approved June 18, 1891, in force July 1, 1891; as amended by an Act approved April 24, 1899, in force July 1, 1899.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section eleven (11) of article three  
3 (III) of an Act entitled "An Act to amend an Act entitled 'An Act regulating  
4 the holding of elections and declaring the result thereof in cities, villages and  
5 incorporated towns in this State,' " approved June 19, 1885, in force July 1,  
6 1885, as amended by an Act approved June 18, 1891, in force July 1, 1891;  
7 as amended by an Act approved April 24, 1899, be and the same is hereby  
8 amended to read as follows:

Sec. 11. Any voter or voters in the ward, village or town containing  
2 such precinct, may between the hours of 9 a. m. and 6 o'clock p. m. of Mon-



3 day and Tuesday of the week immediately preceding the week in which such  
 4 election is to be held, make application in writing before such board of elec-  
 5 tion commissioners to have any name upon such register of any precinct  
 6 in the ward erased, which application shall be in substance in the words and  
 7 figures following:

8        “I (or we).....do hereby solemnly swear (or affirm)  
 9 that.....is not a qualified voter in.....  
 10 precinct of.....ward of the city (village or town) of.....  
 11 .....and hence I (or we) ask that his name be erased from the reg-  
 12 ister of such precinct.”

- 1 Introduced by Mr. Tice, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend section 2 of an Act entitled, "An Act concerning the levy and extension of taxes," approved May 9th, 1901, in force July 1st, 1901, as amended by an Act approved March 29th, 1905, in force July 1st, 1905, as amended by an Act approved June 14th, 1909, in force July 1st, 1909, as amended by an Act approved May 20th, 1913, in force July 1st, 1913.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That section 2 of an Act entitled, "An Act concerning the levy and extension of taxes," approved May 9th, 1901, in force July 1st, 1901, as amended by an Act approved March 29th, 1905, in force July 1st, 1905, as amended by an Act approved June 14th, 1909, in force July 1st, 1909, as amended by an Act approved May 20th, 1913, in force July 1st, 1913, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 2. *The county clerk in each county shall ascertain the rates per cent required to be extended upon the assessed valuation of the taxable property (as equalized by the State Board of Equalization for the current year) in the respective taxing districts whose taxes are extended by him, to produce the sev-*

12 eral amounts determined and certified for extension by the respective taxing  
 13 authorities of such taxing districts, in accordance with the provisions of section  
 14 one of this Act: Provided, however, that if the aggregate of all the taxes (ex-  
 15 clusive of State taxes, village taxes, levee taxes, all school taxes for building pur-  
 16 poses, and also all school taxes for educational purposes in every school district  
 17 having not more than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, road and bridge  
 18 taxes, including hard road taxes, all taxes levied for the payment of the prin-  
 19 cipal of, and the interest on, bonded indebtedness and all taxes levied pursuant  
 20 to the mandate or judgment of any court of record), certified to be extended  
 21 against any taxable property in any part of any taxing district, shall exceed  
 22 three per cent of the assessed valuation of the taxable property upon which the  
 23 taxes are required by law to be extended, the rate per cent of the tax levy of such  
 24 taxing district shall be reduced as follows: The county clerk shall reduce the  
 25 rate per cent of the tax levy of such taxing district in the same proportion in which  
 26 it would be necessary to reduce the highest aggregate per cent of all the tax  
 27 levies (except those hereinabove excluded from reduction) certified for extension  
 28 upon any of the taxable property in said taxing district, in order to bring such  
 29 per cent down to three per cent of the assessed valuation of said taxable prop-  
 30 erty: Provided, further, that, in reducing tax levies hereunder, the rate per  
 31 cent of the tax levy for county purposes, in counties having a population of  
 32 more than three hundred thousand, shall not be reduced below a rate of forty  
 33 cents on each one hundred dollars of assessed value, and the rate per cent of the  
 34 tax levy for county purposes, in counties having a population of less than three  
 35 hundred thousand, shall not be reduced below a rate of forty-five cents on each  
 36 one hundred dollars of assessed value, and the rate per cent of the tax levy for  
 37 city or village purposes (exclusive of library, school and park purposes and of  
 38 all taxes levied for the payment of the principal of, and the interest on, bonded  
 39 indebtedness, and all taxes levied pursuant to the mandate or judgment of any  
 40 court of record), in cities and villages having a population of more than one  
 41 hundred fifty thousand, shall not be reduced below a rate of one dollar and ten  
 42 cents on each one hundred dollars of assessed value, and the rate per cent of the

43 school tax for educational purposes, in cities or villages of the latter size, shall  
44 not be reduced below a rate of one dollar and five cents on each one hundred dol-  
45 lars of assessed value, and the rate per cent of the tax levy for city or village  
46 purposes (exclusive of library, school and park purposes and of all taxes levied  
47 for the payment of the principal of, and interest on, bonded indebtedness, and all  
48 taxes levied pursuant to the mandate or judgment of any court of record), in  
49 cities and villages having a population of less than one hundred fifty thousand,  
50 shall not be reduced below a rate of one dollar and twenty cents on each one  
51 hundred dollars of assessed value; but the other taxes which are subject to  
52 reduction under this section shall be subject only to such reduction, respec-  
53 tively, as would be made therein under this section if this proviso were not  
54 inserted herein.

55 The rate per cent of the tax levy of every such taxing district (except the  
56 State), shall be ascertained and determined (and reduced when necessary as  
57 above specified), in the manner provided in this Act, and shall then be extended  
58 by the county clerk upon the assessed valuation of the property subject thereto  
59 (being one-third of the full value thereof) as equalized according to law. In  
60 reducing the rate per cent of any tax levy, as hereinbefore provided, the rates  
61 per cent of all tax levies certified to a county clerk for extension, as originally  
62 ascertained and determined under section one of this Act, shall be used in ascer-  
63 taining the aggregate of all taxes certified to be extended, without regard to any  
64 reductions made therein under this section: Provided, however, that every tax-  
65 ing body shall certify to the county clerk with its tax levy the additional amounts  
66 required by it for the payment of the principal of, and the interest on, its bonded  
67 indebtedness, and the payment of judgments of any court of record, which ad-  
68 ditional amounts and the tax levies therefor shall, in no case, be diminished by  
69 any reduction of any tax levy made hereunder.

70 In case of a reduction hereunder, any taxing body whose levy is affected  
71 thereby and whose appropriations are required by law to be itemized may, after

72 the same have been ascertained, distribute the amount of such reduction among  
73 the items of its appropriations (except those hereinabove excluded from reduc-  
74 tion), as it may elect. If no such election be made within three months after the  
75 extension of such tax, all such items, except as above specified, shall be deemed  
76 to have been reduced pro rata.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Scanlan, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Insurance.

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## A BILL

For an Act requiring all companies transacting life insurance business in the State of Illinois, to invest a percentage of their gross premium income from policies of insurance on the lives of persons residing in the State of Illinois, in Illinois securities, and providing penalties for failing to comply with the provisions of this Act.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That each and every company now en-  
3 gaged or that may hereafter engage in transacting the business of life insur-  
4 ance in the State of Illinois, shall as a condition to its right to transact such  
5 business in this State, invest and keep invested in Illinois securities, as here-  
6 inafter defined, and in Illinois real estate as hereinafter provided, a sum of  
7 money equal to at least seventy per cent of the gross amount of the premium  
8 income received by any such company on policies issued on the lives or per-  
9 sons residing in this State during each year.

Sec. 2. The phrase "Illinois Securities," as used in this Act shall be held  
2 to include bonds of the State of Illinois, or of any county, city, town, school

3 district, drainage or levee district or other municipality or subdivision which  
4 is now or may hereafter be constituted or organized and authorized to issue  
5 bonds under the constitution and laws of this State, promissory notes and  
6 other obligations, the payment of which is secured by a mortgage, deed of  
7 trust or other valid lien upon unincumbered real estate situated in this State,  
8 the title to which real estate is valid and the market value of which is double  
9 the amount loaned thereon, exclusive of buildings, unless such buildings are  
10 insured and kept insured in some company authorized to transact business in  
11 this State, and the policy or policies transferred to the company taking such  
12 mortgage or lien; the first mortgage bonds of any solvent corporation, in-  
13 corporated under the laws of this State and doing business in this State,  
14 which has not in five years next preceding the date of the investment by such  
15 company in such mortgage bonds, defaulted for more than three months in  
16 the payment of interest upon its bonds or indebtedness, the market value of  
17 which bonds is equal to the amount invested therein; and loans made to policy  
18 holders on the sole security of the reserve values of their policies. The invest-  
19 ments required by this Act, or any part thereof, may be made by the purchase  
20 of not more than one building site, and in the erection thereon of not more  
21 than one office building or in the purchase at its reasonable market value of  
22 such office building already constructed and the ground upon which the same  
23 is located in any city of this State, having a population of more than five thou-  
24 sand inhabitants. All real estate owned by life insurance companies in this  
25 State, on December 31st, 1915, and all real estate thereafter acquired under  
26 the provisions of this Act, or by foreclosure of a mortgage or lien thereon,  
27 shall be treated, to the extent of its reasonable market value, as a part of the  
28 investments required by this Act.

Sec. 3. That every company engaged in transacting the business of life  
2 insurance in the State of Illinois, shall not later than January 31st, 1915, and  
3 not later than January 31st of each succeeding year, file with the Insurance  
4 Superintendent of the State of Illinois, on a blank prepared and furnished by

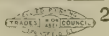
5 him for that purpose, a report showing the gross amount of its premium in-  
6 come from policies issued on the lives of residents of this State for the year  
7 ending December 31st, 1915, and for each succeeding year, and shall also on  
8 a blank prepared and furnished by the Insurance Superintendent for that pur-  
9 pose, file a report showing an itemized schedule of its investments in Illi-  
10 nois securities, which report shall be sworn to by either the president or a  
11 vice president and the secretary of such company. Such reports shall contain  
12 such other information as may be required by the Insurance Superintendent to  
13 determine whether or not such company has continuously and in good faith  
14 complied with this Act, and for that purpose the Insurance Superintendent may,  
15 whenever he shall deem it proper, require such special or supplemental reports  
16 as he may deem necessary.

Sec. 4. If any company engaged in transacting the business of life insur-  
2 ance in the State of Illinois, fails, neglects or refuses to make the reports re-  
3 quired by this Act, to the Insurance Superintendent, within the time specified,  
4 or within thirty days after a written notice of such default is mailed by the  
5 Insurance Superintendent to any such company addressed to its office in the  
6 State of Illinois, if such company maintains an office in this State, or to its  
7 principal business office outside the State of Illinois, if any such company does  
8 not maintain an office in this State, and if any such company fails, neglects  
9 or refuses to make the investments in Illinois securities as provided by this  
10 Act, then in either of such cases it shall be the duty of the Insurance Super-  
11 intendent to issue an order prohibiting such company or companies from writ-  
12 ing new insurance within the State of Illinois, until such time as any such  
13 company shall have fully and completely complied with the requirements of  
14 this Act, and in addition if any such company fails, neglects or refuses to com-  
15 ply with the terms of this Act it shall pay into the treasury of the State of  
16 Illinois the sum of twenty-five dollars for each and every day that any such  
17 company shall be and continue in default, and said penalty shall be fully paid  
18 into the said treasury before the Insurance Superintendent shall permit any

19 such company to write new business in this State. The above named pen-  
20 alties may also be recovered by suit to be brought by the Attorney General  
21 in behalf of the People of the State of Illinois, in the circuit court of any  
22 county in this State. In any suit that may be brought to recover such penalty  
23 or penalties there shall be a prima facie presumption subject to rebuttal that  
24 any default that may have been made on the part of any such company was  
25 intentional, and that the notice required by this Act to be given was given,  
26 and the burden of proof shall be on the defendant company to prove that the  
27 reports required by this Act were properly filed, or that the investments re-  
28 quired by this Act were made as required by this Act.

Sec. 5. The provisions of this Act shall not be held to apply to fraternal  
2 beneficiary societies.





1 Introduced by Mr. Lipshulch, March 23, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on License and Miscellaneous.

## A BILL

For an Act to license and regulate aeronautics.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That it shall be unlawful for any person to ascend in any aeroplane, hydro-aeroplane, gas or air, or dirigible balloon or any conveyance, vehicle, or instrument to move in the air without first procuring a license from the Secretary of State, authorizing such person to so ascend in such conveyance, and it shall be unlawful for any person to take, carry, transport or convey another or others, or goods, merchandise or movable property of any kind including papers, books, and documents, unless such person shall procure a license so to do: *Provided*, that it shall not be necessary that passengers riding in any such air craft with a person holding a license as herein provided, to have a license to ride therein: *And, provided, further*, that any county, city, or village may also require the operators or propellers of all such air crafts to procure a license under such terms and conditions as shall be prescribed not inconsistent with this Act, before they



15 may be permitted to ascend in any such air craft from, within the limits of  
16 any such county- city or village.

Sec. 2. Applications for all such licenses shall be made to the Secretary  
2 of State, and must show to the satisfaction of that officer that the applicant  
3 is sufficiently skilled in the science of aeronautics to afford reasonable protec-  
4 tion from danger to himself and others, and shall be accompanied by fee of ten  
5 (\$10) dollars.

Sec. 3. It shall be unlawful for any aviator, conductor, or propeller of  
2 any air craft to knowingly drive any such air craft into any aerial storm or  
3 disturbance that would endanger the safety of such person or craft or to so drive,  
4 conduct or propell such craft as to increase the hazard beyond what is incident  
5 to the natural and proper navigation of the air.

Sec. 4. Any person violating any of the provisions of this Act and any  
2 person performing in or with such air craft flights, jumps, curves, or turns in-  
3 cident and necessary to any trip or voyage in any air craft shall be deemed  
4 guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof fined in any sum not less  
5 than twenty-five (\$25) nor more than five hundred (\$500) dollars, or one (1)  
6 year in the county jail or both at the discretion of the court.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Lipshuleh, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Civil Service.

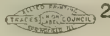
## A BILL

For an Act to exempt from the provisions and regulations of all civil service laws  
regularly licensed medical doctors and attorneys at law.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That regularly licensed medical doctors  
3 and attorneys at law shall not be required in order to secure employment or  
4 render services to the State, any county, city or other political division of  
5 the State or to any board, commission, bureau or arm or agency of the State,  
6 county, city or other political division, to take or undergo any civil service  
7 examination, nor shall the employment or services of any regularly licensed  
8 medical doctor or attorney at law be conditioned upon the taking or passing  
9 of any civil service examination.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. McGloon, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Banks, Banking and  
Building and Loan Associations.

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## A BILL

For an Act to regulate and supervise the business of banking by individuals, part-  
nerships, or unincorporated persons.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That every partnership, firm or individ-  
3 ual transacting a banking business, within this State, or using the word bank,  
4 banker, or banking, in connection with his or its business, shall be subject to the  
5 provisions of this Act.

Sec. 2. It shall be unlawful for any partnership, firm, or individual to  
2 transact a banking business, in this State, or to advertise as a banker, unless  
3 said partnership, firm or individual, has at least ten thousand dollars (\$10,000)  
4 of cash capital invested in secured notes, in state or municipal bonds, or in bank  
5 buildings, furniture and fixtures, and shall be set apart for the security of the  
6 creditors, of said banks, provided, that not more than one-third of the capital  
7 of such firm, partnership, or individual, shown in the detailed statement of  
8 such partnership, firm, or individual, shall be invested in real estate: *And pro-*  
9 *vided, further,* that if such firm, partnership, or individual shall have any part



10 of the capital invested in real estate, such real estate shall be conveyed to the  
11 bank, in the name thereof, by a legally executed deed, duly signed and ac-  
12 knowledged by the members of such partnership, firm, or individual, and their  
13 respective husbands, or wives, giving a particular description of the real es-  
14 tate, and its true value, and conveying a good and sufficient title in fee simple,  
15 and which deed shall be duly recorded in the recorder's office of the county  
16 where the real estate is situated, and a copy thereof filed with the Auditor of  
17 State: *Provided, also,* that no part of the capital, surplus, or undivided profits  
18 of said bank, except as aforesaid, may be invested in real estate, except it be  
19 taken in settlement of a doubtful claim, or purchased at judicial sale, on a  
20 judgment, or a decree of foreclosure in favor of said bank, and when so taken,  
21 it must be by deed made to such bank, and the president and cashier of such  
22 bank are hereby empowered, and authorized to execute good and sufficient  
23 deed, or deeds, therefor, in the name of such bank, upon proper order made  
24 therefor, by the board of directors of such bank. All mortgages held by said  
25 bank or to secure money loaned by such bank must be satisfied of record upon  
26 the payment thereof, by a release, or satisfaction of mortgage, executed in  
27 the name of the bank, by its president, vice-president, or cashier. The cap-  
28 ital stock of any such banking association may be increased by an agreement,  
29 in writing, signed by partners, or shareholders holding two-thirds of its cap-  
30 ital stock, and paying into the bank, in cash, the amount of such increase,  
31 and a certificate, by the cashier, or manager of said bank, of such payment,  
32 shall within five (5) days thereafter be filed with the Auditor of State. Its cap-  
33 ital stock may be decreased, but at no time below ten thousand dollars  
34 (\$10,000), upon written petition of its partners or stockholders holding two-  
35 thirds of its capital stock, filed with the Auditor of State, who, after examina-  
36 tion of the affairs of said bank partnership, or individual, shall consent, or re-  
37 fuse, said petition, as to him shall seem best; and such consent shall be indorsed  
38 upon said petition, and notice of such reduction of capital stock shall imme-  
39 diately be given, for thirty (30) days, in some newspaper published in the town

40 where said bank is located, or if none such is published in the town, then in one  
41 published in the county seat.

Sec. 3. Every partnership, firm, or individual, desiring to transact a bank-  
2 ing business in this State shall, under oath, file with the Auditor of State a  
3 complete and detailed statement of:

4 (1) The name of the bank.

5 (2) A copy of the articles of co-partnership, under which the business of  
6 the bank is being, or is to be conducted, which shall be executed and acknowl-  
7 edged by all the parties interested therein, and at least one of whom shall, at all  
8 times be a resident of the State of Illinois. If a banking business is being, or is  
9 to be transacted or carried on by an individual, such individual shall at all  
10 times, while in such banking business, be a resident of the State of Illinois. And  
11 the statement herein required, shall so show.

12 (3) The county and city, or town, in which the bank is to be located, and  
13 the business carried on.

14 (4) The amount of the capital paid into the business, and to be kept and  
15 maintained at all times in the business.

16 (5) That the aggregate responsibility of the individual members of such  
17 firm, partnership, is equal to an amount at least double the amount of the cap-  
18 ital paid into such bank, as herein provided.

19 (6) The names of the officers who are to manage the business for said  
20 bank.

21 (7) Every partnership, firm, or individual, engaged in the banking busi-  
22 ness, at the time of the passage of this Act, must comply with the provisions  
23 of the same in every particular, on or before October 1st, 1915.

Sec. 4. Each individual, partnership, or firm, now transacting a bank-  
2 ing business in this State, or who shall desire to transact a banking business,  
3 from and after the taking effect of this Act, shall issue certificates of stock to  
4 the respective individual, or individuals, forming said partnership, for an  
5 amount equal to the capital of said bank, which certificates of stock shall be

6 deemed and considered the capital stock of such bank; and such bank, in mak-  
7 ing any statement of the liabilities and assets of said bank, shall give the amount  
8 of its capital stock, its surplus and undivided profits as items thereof.

Sec. 5. Whenever any individual, partnership, or firm, now doing a banking  
2 business, or who shall in the future conduct a banking business under this Act,  
3 shall have paid to the Auditor of State a fee, equal to one-fifth of one per cent  
4 of its capital stock, and whenever said individual, partnership, or firm, shall  
5 have filed with the Auditor of State the oath of some member of the partner-  
6 ship, firm, or individual, that the capital has been paid in, as provided for in  
7 section three of this Act, then the State Auditor shall issue to such partnership,  
8 firm, or individual a certificate authorizing such partnership, firm, or individ-  
9 ual, to transact a banking business.

Sec. 6. There shall be posted in the room of every bank doing business  
2 under the provisions of this Act, in plain view of its customers a printed list  
3 of all the owners of, and parties interested in such bank, and the statement that  
4 "This is a private bank." Should the interest of any member of such partner-  
5 ship, firm, or of an individual, doing a banking business under the provision of  
6 this Act, change in any respect, the Auditor of State shall be notified of such  
7 change, and the printed notice in the room of any such bank shall be changed  
8 accordingly.

Sec. 7. Every partnership, firm, or individual transacting a banking busi-  
2 ness under the provisions of this Act, shall make to the Auditor of State at least  
3 four (4) reports during each year, according to the form which may be pre-  
4 scribed by him, under the oath of the president, cashier, or other managing of-  
5 ficer of such bank, which report shall exhibit in detail the resources and lia-  
6 bilities of the bank, at the close of business on any past day, to be specified by  
7 the State Auditor and shall transmit such report to the State Auditor within five  
8 (5) days after the receipt of a request therefor, from him, and at the same  
9 time that such reports are made to the Auditor of State, verified reports, ac-



10 cording to a form prescribed by said Auditor, which form shall be as nearly as  
11 possible like that now, or hereafter to be required of banks incorporated under  
12 the laws of the State of Illinois, shall be published at the expense of the bank,  
13 in a newspaper published in the place where said bank is located, or if there  
14 be no newspaper in the place where said bank is located, then one published near-  
15 est thereto, in the same or an adjoining county. The Auditor of State shall  
16 have power to call for special reports from any bank now doing business, or  
17 which shall hereafter be conducted under this Act, whenever in his judgment the  
18 same shall be necessary in order to arrive at a full and complete knowledge of  
19 its condition. In said reports, filed under this section, the real or personal prop-  
20 erty of an didividual, or individuals, owning said bank, except the title is in the  
21 bank, shall not be considered as an asset. Any bank, failing to make and trans-  
22 mit, and publish, any report required by this section, within five (5) days after  
23 the request is made therefor, shall be subject to a penalty of not less than one  
24 hundred dollars (\$100), or more than five hundred dollars (\$500), for each  
25 day of their failure to so comply, to be recovered in any court having jurisdic-  
26 tion, in an action to be instituted by the Auditor of State, and when so recovered  
27 shall be placed in the common school fund in the county where such bank is lo-  
28 cated

Sec. 8. The Auditor of State shall appoint a suitable person, or persons,  
2 to make examination of every bank once in twelve (12) months, or as often as  
3 he may deem it necessary under this Act, which person, or persons, shall not  
4 be an officer in any bank which he shall be appointed to examine or an officer in  
5 any bank coming within the provisions of this Act, and who shall have power to  
6 make a thorough examination of all the affairs of the bank, and in doing so, to  
7 examine any of the officers and agents thereof, under oath; and if such bank, or  
8 its owners, be insolvent, or in a failing condition, or if the assets thereof are  
9 being wasted, or improperly used or converted, then, in any of these events, said  
10 examiner shall at once notify said Auditor of State, and if the owners are unable  
11 to satisfy said Auditor that they can make good the assets of said bank, said Au-  
12 ditor of State shall, thereupon, direct said examiner, or such persons appointed



13 by him, at once to take charge and control of said bank, and all of the books,  
14 notes, cash on hand, and other assets, and said Auditor of State shall, upon five  
15 (5) days' notice being given to the cashier of said bank, thereafter make appli-  
16 cation to a judge of the circuit court of the county where such bank is situated,  
17 for the appointment of a receiver to take charge of said bank, and such applica-  
18 tion may be made in term time or in vacation. And notice of such application  
19 shall be given to the individual owner or partners of such bank, or any of  
20 them, by service of notice thereon, for ten (10) days; if any person upon whom  
21 notice should be served cannot be found within this State, then by publication  
22 for a length of time not to exceed ten (10) days, as may be directed by the court  
23 or judge in vacation. Should any such bank fail or suspend between the periods  
24 of examination herein authorized, it shall be the duty of the president or the  
25 cashier of such bank, immediately to notify the Auditor of State of such failure  
26 or suspension, and said Auditor of State shall thereupon appoint some proper  
27 person to take charge of the assets of said bank, pending application for the  
28 appointment of a receiver, as herein provided. The examiner shall make a full  
29 and detailed report of the condition of the bank to the Auditor of State and shall  
30 receive as his compensation for such examination the same fees as are now al-  
31 lowed to bank examiners for examining state and savings banks, under the  
32 laws of the State of Illinois, which fees shall be assessed by the Auditor of  
33 State against and paid by the respective banks so examined. When so assessed  
34 by the State Auditor, a failure to pay said examination fee when notified to  
35 do so, shall be cause for the appointment of a receiver of the bank in default.  
36 The Auditor shall also assess all expense incident to taking and holding pos-  
37 session of a bank, as herein provided, including ten dollars (\$10) per day for  
38 the services of the examiner in charge thereof, to be paid before any distribu-  
39 tion of the assets of the bank, and paid by the receiver as assessed by the Audi-  
40 tor of State, on the order of court.

Sec. 9. Any person, firm, or partnership violating any of the provisions of  
2 this Act shall be fined in any sum not to exceed the sum of one thousand dol-

3 lars (\$1,000), to which may be added for the second offense imprisonment for a  
4 term not exceeding two (2) years.

Sec. 10. Should any bank, organized under the provisions of this Act, or  
2 any owner or owners thereof, hold any property in trust for another, the fact of  
3 such trust, the general nature and character thereof, the acceptance of the same,  
4 and the amount so held, shall be set forth in an instrument, to be executed by  
5 the trustees, and acknowledged by him before a notary public. Within fifteen  
6 (15) days after the execution of such an instrument, it shall be recorded in  
7 the office of the county recorder of the county in which such bank is located;  
8 within thirty (30) days thereafter, the original instrument, together with the  
9 certificate of the county recorder showing it has been duly recorded, shall be  
10 filed with the Auditor of State, with a filing fee of one dollar (\$1) for the State.  
11 Should such instrument not be so recorded and filed, and such bank should be  
12 wound up, either voluntarily or involuntarily, then the property so held in trust  
13 shall be considered a part of the assets of such bank, provided the remaining  
14 assets are not sufficient to pay in full the claims of all depositors. Until such  
15 claims are paid, all persons shall be estopped from asserting as against such de-  
16 positors, any right, title, or interest, in and to the property so held in trust:  
17 *Provided, however,* that no forfeiture of property herein provided for shall be  
18 taken to excuse any such bank, or any owners or owner thereof, from any pen-  
19 alty herein before fixed.

Sec. 11. No bank, now doing business or which shall hereafter do business  
2 under this Act, shall at any time receive deposits to the extent of an amount ex-  
3 ceeding twenty (20) times its capital paid in, as provided in this Act, and the de-  
4 positors of any such bank shall have a first lien on the assets of such bank, to  
5 the amount of their several deposits, and for any balance remaining unpaid, such  
6 depositors shall share in the general assets of the owner or owners, alike with  
7 general creditors.

Sec. 12. Any bank, organized and doing business under the provisions of  
2 this Act shall have the right to sue and be sued, under the name under which

3 such bank is authorized to transact its business. Services of summons, or any  
4 process of court, upon the officers or agents in charge of the business of such  
5 bank shall be a sufficient service to give the court jurisdiction, and any judg-  
6 ment obtained against such bank shall be valid and binding against all the per-  
7 sons interested therein.

Sec. 13. No bank, now doing business or hereafter organized under the pro-  
2 visions of this Act, nor any of its officers acting for it, shall loan the funds of  
3 said bank, in an amount exceeding twenty-five (25) per cent of the capital stock  
4 of said bank to any officer or officers or any individual therein.

Sec. 14. Should the Auditor of State make application for the appoint-  
2 ment of a receiver for such bank, as in this Act provided, the owner or owners  
3 thereof may, before the granting of such application and the appointment of a  
4 receiver, stay the appointment thereof, or within five (5) days after the ap-  
5 pointment of a receiver, abate such appointment by filing with the court or judge  
6 before whom such application is pending, or that appointed such receiver, a  
7 bond with sufficient surety to be approved by the court conditioned that such  
8 owner or owners would, within twelve (12) months thereafter, pay each de-  
9 positor of said bank in full.

Sec. 15. Any bank, organized under the provisions of this Act, may, upon  
2 petition of its owners holding eighty per cent (80%) of its capital stock, go into  
3 voluntary liquidation. Said petition shall be presented to the court or judge,  
4 and if said court or judge where said bank is situated shall find that said bank and  
5 its owners have set apart sufficient assets to pay its depositors in full, the court  
6 or judge shall appoint a trustee to whom said assets shall be transferred. Said  
7 trustee shall give a bond for the faithful performance of his duties, and shall  
8 proceed, at once, under the direction of the court or judge, to convert the assets  
9 into money and pay the debts. He shall as often as he has sufficient money to  
10 pay ten per cent (10%) or more dividends, distribute the same, and for his ser-  
11 vices the court or judge shall allow such compensation as he shall deem just.

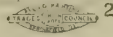
Sec. 16. This Act shall be submitted to a vote of the people at the general  
 2 election next succeeding the passage of the same. The ballot to be used at said  
 3 election in voting upon this Act shall be in substantially the following form:

For consenting to the Act entitled, "An Act to regulate and supervise the business of banking by individuals, partnerships or unincorporated persons."	
Against consenting to the Act entitled, "An Act to regulate and supervise the business of banking by individuals, partnerships or unincorporated persons."	

4 And if approved by a majority of all the votes cast at such election for or  
 5 against such law, the same shall immediately thereupon take effect and become  
 6 operative.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Flagg, March 23, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend sections 5 and 6 of an Act entitled, "An Act in relation to the acquisition, control, maintenance, improvement and protection of State parks, and making an appropriation to carry into effect the provisions of this Act," approved June 10, 1911, in force July 1, 1911, and to add thereto two new sections to be known as sections 4a and 10a, empowering the Illinois Park Commission to negotiate for the purchase for State park purposes, of the world-renowned Monks' Mound property, and making an appropriation to carry into effect the provisions of this Act.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That sections 5 and 6 of an Act entitled,  
3 "An Act in relation to the acquisition, control, maintenance, improvement and  
4 protection of State parks, and making an appropriation to carry into effect the  
5 provisions of this Act," approved June 10, 1911, in force July 1, 1911, be amend-  
6 ed and that said Act be further amended by adding thereto two new sections, to be  
7 known as sections 4a and 10a, which said sections as amended and said additional  
8 sections shall read as follows:

9       Sec. 4a. That a tract of land situated in the county of Madison, and State  
10 of Illinois, known and described as follows:

11       “Commencing at the center of Section Thirty-five (35), township Three  
12 (3) North, Range Nine (9) West of the Third Principal Meridian; thence south  
13 along the half section line forty (40) chains to be the southwest corner of the  
14 southeast quarter of said section; thence east along the section line thirty-three  
15 and 50-100 (33.50) chains; thence north eight (8) degrees twenty-five (25) min-  
16 utes; east six chains; thence east thirteen and 17-100 (13.17) chains; thence  
17 north eight (8) degrees twenty-five (25) minutes east, thirty-four (34) chains to  
18 a point due east from the place of beginning; thence west fifty-four (54) chains  
19 to the place of beginning, containing two hundred (200) acres, more or less,

20       Shall be secured by the Illinois Park Commission, as hereinafter set forth,  
21 and when secured shall be perpetually set apart as and for a State park, and shall  
22 be known as the “Cahokia Mound-builders’ Park.”

23       Sec. 5. The Illinois Park Commission is hereby authorized and empowered  
24 to obtain title by donation, purchase or otherwise, from the several owners or  
25 owner of the *tracts* of land described in *sections* 4 and *4a* of this Act. The con-  
26 veyance of such title, after such title has been passed upon and approved by the  
27 Attorney General, shall be taken in the name of the People of the State of Illi-  
28 nois, and the title, deeds and other evidence of title shall be deposited in the office  
29 of the Secretary of State.

30       Sec. 6. In case the Illinois Park Commission can not acquire title to the land  
31 described in *sections* 4 and *4a* of this Act or any part or parcel thereof, at a rea-  
32 sonable price in the opinion of said commission, then said commission is hereby  
33 vested with power, in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, to obtain  
34 title to such land, or to any part or parcel thereof, by condemnation under the  
35 eminent domain laws of this State: *Provided*, that all negotiations and legal  
36 proceedings provided for by this Act shall be under the direct supervision of  
37 the Attorney General of this State.

38       Sec. 10a. To carry into effect the provisions of section 4a, and of sections  
39 5 and 6 as amended, of this Act, until the end of the first fiscal quarter after  
40 the adjournment of the next regular session of the General Assembly, the follow-  
41 ing sums, or so much thereof as may be required, are hereby appropriated to the  
42 Illinois Park Commission, out of any money in the State treasury not otherwise  
43 appropriated, for the following purposes, to-wit:

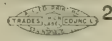
44       1. For the acquisition of the land described in section 4a of this Act, or so  
45 much thereof as may be acquired by purchase, condemnation or otherwise, includ-  
46 ing all expenses incident to condemnation proceedings, the sum of two hundred  
47 and fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000): *Provided*, that the land so acquired shall  
48 make one contiguous and compact tract and shall include within its area the  
49 Cahokia Mound, otherwise known as Monks' Mound.

50       2 For the traveling and other necessary expenses and disbursements of the  
51 members of the Illinois Park Commission, the sum of one thousand dollars  
52 (\$1,000).

53       The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to draw  
54 his warrants for the sums hereby appropriated upon the presentation of proper  
55 vouchers, certified to by the Illinois Park Commission, and the Treasurer shall  
56 pay the same out of any money in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated.







1 Introduced by Committee on Appropriations, March 24, 1915.

2 Taken up, read at large a first time, ordered printed and to a second reading.

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## A BILL

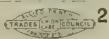
For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act in regard to limitations," approved April 14, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by subsequent Acts, by adding an additional section thereto to be known as section 11½.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act in regard to limitations," approved April 4, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by subsequent Acts, be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to be known as section 11½, to read as follows:

6 Sec. 11½. That every mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage  
7 of record at the time this Act takes effect where more than twenty (20)  
8 years have elapsed from and after the time the indebtedness secured thereby  
9 is due upon its face and according to its written terms as shown by said mort-  
10 gage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage, the lien of said mortgage or trust  
11 deed in the nature of a mortgage shall and hereby is declared to have ceased by  
12 limitation unless the owner and holder of the indebtedness secured thereby and

13 the maker of such indebtedness shall within one (1) year from and after the time  
14 this Act goes into effect file in the office of the recorder where said mortgage or  
15 trust deed in the nature of a mortgage is recorded, an extension agreement  
16 showing in said extension agreement the time for which the payment of said  
17 indebtedness is extended, the time when the said indebtedness will become due by  
18 the terms of said extension agreement and the amount remaining unpaid on said  
19 indebtedness, then said mortgage or trust deed in the nature of a mortgage shall  
20 continue a lien upon the real estate described therein for a period of ten (10)  
21 years from and after the time said indebtedness will be due as shown by said  
22 extension agreement and no longer. Said extension agreement shall be ac-  
23 knowledged and recorded in the same manner as mortgages and trust deeds in  
24 the nature of a mortgage are required by law to be acknowledged and re-  
25 corded.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Dahlberg, March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

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For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to provide for the annexation of cities, incorporated towns and villages, or parts of same, to cities, incorporated towns and villages," approved and in force April 25, 1889, as heretofore amended.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to pro-  
3 vide for the annexation of cities, incorporated towns and villages, or parts  
4 of same, to cities, incorporated towns and villages," approved and in force  
5 April 25, 1889, as heretofore amended, be further amended by adding thereto,  
6 after section 3 of said Act, a section to be known as section 3a, to read as  
7 follows:

8     Sec. 3a. Whenever, as the result of the annexation of the whole of a city,  
9 village or incorporated town to another city, village or incorporated town, un-  
10 incorporated territory not a part of either of said municipalities has been here-  
11 tofore or shall be hereafter wholly surrounded by the enlarged municipality,

12 the jurisdiction of the city, village or incorporated town to which such annex-  
13 ation was made shall extend over said territory so surrounded to the same ex-  
14 tent as if such unincorporated territory had been annexed at the same time as  
15 the city, village or incorporated town whose annexation caused such unin-  
16 corporated territory to be so surrounded.



2

1 Adopted April 23, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Strike out words "villages or incorporated towns," after the word "city"  
2 appearing in line 9 of the printed bill, and insert in lieu thereof the following:  
3 "having a population of more than two hundred thousand (200,000) inhabit-  
4 ants."

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

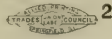
Strike out the words "villages or incorporated towns," in line 12 of the  
2 printed bill.

AMENDMENT NO. 3.

Amend House Bill No. 472, as printed, by striking out the word "hereto-  
2 fore" in the third line of the title, and by adding after the word "amended" in  
3 the fourth line of said title the words "by subsequent Acts by adding thereto an  
4 additional section to be known as section 3a.







1 Introduced by Mr. Maucker, March 24, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to establish appellate courts," approved June 2, 1877, in force July 1, 1877, by amending sections 1, 2 and 5 thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to establish appellate courts," approved June 2, 1877, in force July 1, 1877, be and the same is hereby amended by amending sections 1, 2 and 5 thereof, so that the said sections when amended shall read as inserted at length herein.

6 Sec. 1. There are hereby created *five (5)* appellate courts in this State, to be called the appellate courts in and for the districts hereby created, the first district to consist of the County of Cook; the second district *to consist of the counties of Boone, Bureau, DeKalb, DuPage, Ford, Grundy, Iroquois, Kane, Kankakee, Kendall, Lake, LaSalle, Lee, Livingston, Marshall, McHenry, Ogle, Putnam, Will, Winnebago, and Woodford.*

12        *The third district to consist of the counties of Adams, Carroll, Fulton, Han-*  
 13 *cock, Henderson, Henry, JoDavies, Knox, McDonough, Mercer, Peoria, Rock*  
 14 *Island, Schuyler, Stark, Stevenson, Warren and Whiteside.*

15        *The fourth district to consist of the counties of Brown, Calhoun, Cass,*  
 16 *Champaign, Christian, Clark, Coles, Cumberland, DeWitt, Douglas, Edgar,*  
 17 *Green, Jersey, Logan, Macon, Macoupin, Mason, McLean, Menard, Montgom-*  
 18 *ery, Morgan, Moultrie, Piatt, Pike, Sangamon, Scott, Shelby, Tazewell, and Ver-*  
 19 *million.*

20        *The fifth district to consist of the counties of Alexander, Bond, Clay, Clin-*  
 21 *ton, Crawford, Edwards, Effingham, Fayette, Franklin, Gallatin, Hamilton,*  
 22 *Hardin, Jackson, Jasper, Jefferson, Johnson, Lawrence, Madison, Marion, Mas-*  
 23 *sac, Monroe, Perry, Pope, Pulaski, Randolph, Richland, Saline, St. Clair, Union,*  
 24 *Wabash, Washington, Wayne, White, and Williamson. Said appellate courts*  
 25 *shall be courts of record, with seals and clerks for each respectively; and*  
 26 *each shall be held by three of the judges of the circuit court, to be assigned in*  
 27 *the manner hereinafter provided.*

Sec. 2. The terms of said appellate court shall be held in the several dis-  
 2 tricts on the first Tuesdays of September, November, January, March and May  
 3 in each year. Court for the first district shall be held at the City of Chicago;  
 4 for the second district, at the City of Ottawa; for the third district, at the City  
 5 of Rock Island; for the fourth district, at the City of Springfield; and for the  
 6 fifth district, at the City of Mount Vernon.

7 All cases now or hereafter taken to said appellate courts, and all processes  
 8 of every nature and kind that would stand for hearing or be returnable to any  
 9 of said terms as now fixed by law, shall stand for hearing and be returnable to  
 10 the first term of said court in each district, respectively, as fixed by this Act.

Sec. 2a. *The clerk of the appellate court now provided by law, to be held*  
 2 *at Chicago, shall continue as such clerk to the end of his term. The clerk of*  
 3 *the appellate court, now provided by law, to be held at Ottawa, shall continue as*

4 *such clerk to the end of his term. The clerk of the appellate court now pro-*  
5 *vided by law to be held at Springfield shall continue as such clerk to the end of*  
6 *his term. The clerk of the appellate court now provided by law to be held at*  
7 *Mount Vernon shall continue as such clerk to the end of his term. The judges of*  
8 *said appellate court for the third district shall appoint a suitable person to*  
9 *serve as clerk of said appellate court for said third district until the elec-*  
10 *tion for representatives to the General Assembly shall be held in the year 1920,*  
11 *at which time a clerk shall be elected for said district, as now provided by law*  
12 *for the election of the clerk of the respective appellate courts.*

Sec. 2b. *The judges assigned to hold court in the third district of said ap-*  
2 *pellate court may rent suitable rooms in the City of Rock Island for the hold-*  
3 *ing of said court, and for the uses of the officers thereof, at a rental of not ex-*  
4 *ceeding three thousand (\$3,000.00) dollars per annum, and to provide all neces-*  
5 *sary furniture therefor, and for the safe keeping of the records of said court;*  
6 *the accounts thereof shall be certified by that court to the Auditor of Public*  
7 *Accounts, who shall draw his warrant on the State Treasurer for the amount of*  
8 *the same, to be paid out of the appropriation that shall be made therefor.*

Sec. 2c. *All appropriations which have been made, or may hereafter be*  
2 *made by law, for the expense of appellate courts shall be available for the ap-*  
3 *pellate court in the third district.*

Sec. 2d. *All cases pending in the respective appellate courts, and unde-*  
2 *termined when this Act takes effect, shall be disposed of by said respective*  
3 *court, and all cases appealed to the respective appellate courts when the record*  
4 *is not filed with the clerk of said court prior to the taking effect of this Act,*  
5 *the record shall be filed with the clerk of that appellate court, in that district*  
6 *of which the county in which the appeal is taken comprises a part.*

Sec. 5. *The Supreme Court of this State shall assign fifteen (15) of the*  
2 *judges of the circuit court of this State, to do duty in said appellate courts, as*

3 follows: Three of them to the first district, three of them to the second dis-  
4 trict, three of them to the third district; three of them to the fourth district,  
5 *and three of them to the fifth district*; which said assignment shall be for a  
6 term of three years, and upon the expiration of said term, the Supreme Court  
7 shall assign their successors for the term aforesaid.

8 *And provided, further,* the Supreme Court may, for a good cause shown,  
9 remove any of said judges from duty in any of said appellate courts, and in  
10 all cases of vacancies in any of said appellate courts, the Supreme Court shall  
11 fill such vacancies by assigning another judge of the circuit court to duty  
12 therein.





1 Introduced by Mr. Maucker, March 24, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to divide the State of Illinois, exclusive of the County of Cook, into judicial circuits," approved April 23, 1897, in force July 1, 1897, by amending section two (2) thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to divide the State of Illinois, exclusive of the County of Cook, into judicial circuits," approved April 23, 1897, in force July 1, 1897, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section two (2) thereof, so that said section two (2) when amended shall read as follows:

7       Sec. 2. On the first Monday of June, A. D. 1915, there shall be elected in  
8 each of said circuits, by the electors thereof, by the general ticket, as provided  
9 by law for general elections, *four* judges of the circuit court, whose terms of  
10 office shall be six years, and every six years thereafter there shall, in like

11 manner, be elected in each of the said circuits, *four* judges of the circuit court  
12 whose term of office shall be as aforesaid.

13       Sec. 3. WHEREAS, an emergency exists, this Act shall take effect and be in  
14 force from and after its passage and approval by the Governor.



1 Introduced by Mr. Maucker, March 24, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act in relation to practice and procedure in courts of record," approved June 3, 1907, in force July 1, 1907, and subsequent Acts amendatory thereof by amending section one hundred (100) thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act in relation to practice and procedure in courts of record," approved June 3, 1907, in force July 1, 1907, and subsequent Acts amendatory thereof, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section one hundred (100) thereof, so that the said section when amended shall read as follows:

7       Sec. 100. All appeals to the Supreme Court *and Appellate Courts* shall be  
8 prayed and allowed at the term at which the judgment, order or decree ap-  
9 pealed from is rendered and not more than twenty (20) days after the date  
10 of the entry of such judgment, order or decree. Authenticated copies of rec-  
11 ords of judgments, orders and decrees appealed from shall be filed in the office

12 of the clerk of the Supreme Court *or Appellate Court, as the case may be*, on  
 13 or before twenty (20) days before the first day of the succeeding term of said  
 14 court: *Provided*, fifty (50) days shall have intervened between the day on  
 15 which the order allowing such appeal shall have been entered and the first day  
 16 of such succeeding term of said court. But if less than fifty (50) days shall have  
 17 intervened as aforesaid, then such copies of record shall be filed on or before  
 18 twenty (20) days before the first day of the second term succeeding the allow-  
 19 ance of said appeal; otherwise the said appeal shall be dismissed. Further time  
 20 to file such copies of record may be granted by said court in term time or by  
 21 any justice thereof in vacation upon good cause shown, provided application  
 22 therefor shall be made before the expiration of the time herein fixed for filing  
 23 such copies of record.

24       Authenticated copies of records of judgments, orders and decrees ap-  
 25 pealed from shall not be filed within the time above allowed and appellees shall  
 26 thereafter file in said Supreme or Appellate Court, as the case may be, the cer-  
 27 tificate of the clerk of the court, by which such appeal was granted, stating  
 28 therein the title of the court, the date, character and amount of the judgment,  
 29 order or decree appealed from, against whom the same was rendered, the time  
 30 when and the condition, if any, upon which the appeal was granted, the name of  
 31 the party taking the appeal, and that the appeal was perfected as required by  
 32 the order allowing the same, such certificate shall be *prima facie* evidence of the  
 33 matters therein stated, and shall be sufficient basis for a motion in the Supreme  
 34 or Appellate Court, as the case may be, to affirm the judgment, order or decree  
 35 appealed from, or to dismiss the appeal and the court shall affirm the judgment  
 36 or dismiss the appeal as for want of prosecution.

- 1 Introduced by Mr. Jackson, March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend sections 22 and 27 and adding a section to be known as section 27a of said Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to habeas corpus," approved March 2, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That sections 22 and 27 of an Act en-  
3 titled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to habeas corpus," approved March  
4 2, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the said section 22 is hereby amended so  
5 as to read as follows, and said section 27 is hereby amended by adding a section  
6 known as 27a, as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 22. CAUSES FOR DISCHARGE WHEN IN CUSTODY ON PROCESS OF COURT.] If it  
2 appear that the prisoner is in custody by virtue of process from any court  
3 legally constituted, he can be discharged only for some of the following causes:  
4 (1) Where the court has exceeded the limit of its jurisdiction either as to  
5 the matter, place, sum or person.



6 (2) Where, though the original imprisonment was lawful, yet, by some  
7 act, omission or event which has subsequently taken place the party has be-  
8 come entitled to his discharge.

9 (3) Where the process is defective in some substantial form required by  
10 law.

11 (4) Where the process, though in proper form, has been issued in a case  
12 or under circumstances where the law does not allow process or orders for the  
13 imprisonment or arrest to issue.

14 (5) Where, although in proper form, the process has been issued or exe-  
15 cuted by a person either unauthorized to issue or execute the same, or where  
16 the person having the custody of the prisoner under such process is not the  
17 person empowered by law to detain him.

18 (6) Where the process appears to have been obtained by false pretense  
19 or bribery.

20 (7) Where there is no general law, nor any judgment, order or decree of  
21 a court, to authorize the process if in a civil suit, nor any conviction if in a  
22 criminal proceeding. No court or judge, on the return of a habeas corpus, shall, in  
23 any other matter, inquire into the legality or justice of a judgment or decree  
24 of a court legally constituted except as herein provided; but any judge or court  
25 of co-ordinate jurisdiction shall not be barred from jurisdiction of or from issu-  
26 ing subsequent writs of habeas corpus because of said co-ordinate jurisdiction.

27 (8) Where no crime is charged in the indictment, information or complaint.

28 (9) Where the verdict of the jury or the judgment of the court does not  
29 find or adjudge the accused guilty of a crime under the law.

30 (10) Where the accused is not brought to trial within the four terms of  
31 court as now provided by law.

32 (11) Where the finding or judgment of the court in a civil or criminal  
33 contempt is based upon subject matter of which the court did not have juris-  
34 diction or where the court acted beyond its jurisdiction either as to matter, sum,  
35 place or person.

36 (12) Where the indictment, information or affidavit in cases of extradi-  
37 tion fail to charge a crime against the defendant under the laws of the demand-  
38 ing state or territory of the United States.

39 (13) Where the statute or ordinance under which a conviction has been  
40 procured has been declared unlawful or unconstitutional by a court of compe-  
41 tent jurisdiction or where such statute or ordinance is unlawful or unconstitu-  
42 tional.

43 (14) Where the judgment rendered by the court was without the author-  
44 ity of the law.

45 (15) Where a prisoner under sentence having served the judgment of the  
46 court as to the sentence and is being held for the non-payment of the fine and  
47 has served at least sixty days under said fine, if it can be shown to the satisfac-  
48 tion of the court that such prisoner is wholly unable to pay the balance or re-  
49 mainder of said fine in money, then due, and that said prisoner has been re-  
50 formed.

51 (16) Where prisoner has been arrested for a crime committed or alleged  
52 to have been committed in a foreign state and is being held by any officer within  
53 this State pending extradition for said crime or alleged crime committed or al-  
54 leged to have been committed in said foreign state, said prisoner shall have  
55 the right to have the writ of habeas corpus issued; and where such prisoner is  
56 taken into custody after the adjournment of court or during the night time,  
57 such prisoner shall have the right to remain and shall be kept in such custody  
58 upon notice served upon the officer or person holding said prisoner, that a writ  
59 of habeas corpus on behalf of said prisoner will be applied for on the follow-  
60 ing day, and no person or officer shall turn over or deliver over such prisoner  
61 to the representative of the Governor of such foreign state or territory when  
62 such notice shall have been served as aforesaid.

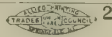
Sec. 27. PENALTY FOR REARRESTING PERSON DISCHARGED.] Any person who,  
2 knowing that another has been discharged by order of a competent judge or  
3 tribunal on a habeas corpus, shall, contrary to the provisions of this Act, arrest

4 or detain him again for the same cause which was shown upon the return of  
5 such writ shall forfeit \$500 for the first offense and \$1,000 for every subsequent  
6 offense. (R. S. 1845, p. 273, section 16.)

Sec. 27a. Any person or officer who delivers or turns over a prisoner to  
2 the agent or representative of the Governor of a foreign state or territory in  
3 violation of any of the provisions of this Act, after the service upon said officer  
4 having the custody of said prisoner, of a notice, verbal or written, that an appli-  
5 cation for a writ of habeas corpus will be applied for in behalf of said prisoner,  
6 without an order from a court of competent jurisdiction, shall be deemed in con-  
7 tempt of court and punished within the discretion of the court.

8 On application for a writ of habeas corpus made either by the person in  
9 custody, his attorney or agent, setting forth either of the grounds specified  
10 in this section, it shall be the duty of the judge to whom said petition shall be  
11 presented to issue such writ forthwith and to make the same returnable forth-  
12 with or at an early date thereafter; and it shall be unlawful for any judge to  
13 whom such petition is presented to refuse to issue said writ or to appoint  
14 or designate any other judge of said court or any other court to hear said writ  
15 without the consent of the petitioner or his attorney. No court or judge shall  
16 have the power to make any rule or rules limiting the hearing of such writs of  
17 habeas corpus to one particular judge of said court, or to assign the hearing  
18 thereof to some other judge or court.

19 Any court or judge to whom a petition for writ of habeas corpus shall be  
20 presented setting forth either of the grounds specified in this Act, who shall  
21 refuse to issue said writ of habeas corpus immediately upon its presentation  
22 shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be  
23 fined in a sum not less than one hundred (\$100) dollars and not more than five  
24 hundred (\$500) dollars; or he shall forfeit and pay to the aggrieved party not  
25 less than one hundred (\$100) dollars and not more than five hundred (\$500)  
26 dollars to be recovered in an action of debt in any court of competent jurisdic-  
27 tion.



1 Introduced by Mr. Burres, March 24, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to regulate the practice of medicine in the State of Illinois, and to repeal an Act therein named," approved April 24, 1899, in force July 1, 1899, as amended by subsequent Acts by adding an additional section thereto to be known as section 6a.

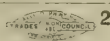
SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That an Act entitled, "An Act to regulate the practice of medicine in the State of Illinois, and to repeal an Act therein named," approved April 24, 1899, in force July 1, 1899, as amended by subsequent Acts, be and the same is hereby amended by adding an additional section thereto to be known as section 6a, which said section shall read as follows:*

7     *Sec. 6a. The State Board of Health shall have power to revoke, for the*  
8 *cause set forth in section six (6) of this Act, not only the certificates provided*  
9 *for in this Act, but also the certificates to practice medicine issued in pursu-*  
10 *ance of and under the provisions of "An Act to regulate the practice of medi-*  
11 *cine in the State of Illinois," approved May 29, 1877, in force July 1, 1877, and*



12 *“An Act to regulate the practice of medicine in the State of Illinois,” approved*  
13 *June 16, 1887, in force July 1, 1887: Provided, that no certificates shall be re-*  
14 *voked until the holder thereof shall be given a hearing before the board.*





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Benson (by request), March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

## A BILL

For an Act relating to fire-escapes in hotels, inns and public lodging houses, furnishing such buildings with appliances for the safety of guests in case of fire and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof, and creating the office of State Hotel Inspector.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* Every building or structure kept, used  
3 or maintained as an inn, hotel or public lodging house, or place where sleeping  
4 accommodations are furnished for hire to transient guests, whether with or  
5 without meals, in which ten (10) or more rooms are used for the accommodation  
6 of such guests, shall, for the purpose of this Act, be defined to be a hotel, and  
7 licensed as such, and whenever the word hotel shall occur in this Act it shall  
8 be construed to mean every such structure as is described in this section.

Sec. 2. Every hotel, excepting hotels which are of approved fire-proof construction, that is three stories high or more shall be provided with an iron stair-  
2 way fire-escape, well fastened and secured on the outside of the building, connected on each floor above the first with at least one opening, with landings not

5 less than six feet in length and three feet in width, guarded by an iron railing not  
6 less than three feet in height. Such landings shall be connected by iron stairs  
7 not less than two feet wide and with steps of not less than six inches tread, placed  
8 at an angle of not more than forty-five degrees and protected by a well secured  
9 hand rail on both sides and reaching to within eight feet of the ground. Such  
10 fire escapes shall be sufficient if a perpendicular iron ladder shall be used in-  
11 stead of the stairs, provided such iron ladder is placed at the extreme outside  
12 of the platform and at least three feet away from the wall of the building, and  
13 provided said ladder is equipped with round iron rounds not more than fifteen  
14 inches apart. The way of egress to such fire escapes shall at all times be kept  
15 free and clear of all obstructions of any and every nature.

Sec. 3. Any person or persons keeping, maintaining, controlling or manag-  
2 ing any building or structure kept, used or maintained as an inn, hotel, public  
3 lodging house, or place where sleeping accommodations are furnished to the  
4 public, whether with or without meals, shall supply and shall keep at all times,  
5 and in plain sight, and securely attached therein and thereto, in every bedroom  
6 or sleeping apartment, on second floor, and above the second floor, a manilla rope,  
7 with knots not more than fifteen inches apart, at least five-eighths of an inch in  
8 diameter and of sufficient strength to sustain a weight and strain of at least five  
9 hundred pounds, and on failing to supply such ropes such person or persons shall  
10 be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined not  
11 less than five dollars, nor more than twenty-five dollars, and in default of pay-  
12 ment thereof, may be imprisoned not less than ten days: *Provided, however,*  
13 that nothing in this section will be construed to prevent the use of any automatic  
14 rope fire-escape in place of the knotted rope: *Provided, however,* that the pro-  
15 visions of this Act relating to outside fire-escapes and ropes or automatic appli-  
16 ances shall not apply to fire-proof construction or having interior fire-proof  
17 stairways approved as such by the hotel inspector: *Provided, however,* that  
18 nothing in sections 2 and 3 of this bill shall be construed to prevent the inspec-  
19 tor and deputy inspectors from issuing a certificate that the law has been fully

20 complied with to any hotel which has been inspected and the inspector or the  
21 deputies are satisfied that the hotel is properly safeguarded with outside iron  
22 fire-escapes.

Sec. 4. In every such hotel there shall be posted and maintained notices,  
2 printed in black ink on white paper or cardboard, with type not less than one  
3 inch in height, at entrance to each hall, stairway, elevator shaft and in each bed-  
4 room or sleeping apartment above ground floor, directions how to reach the fire-  
5 escapes, and there shall be posted and maintained in each bedroom or sleeping  
6 apartment above the ground floor, except in hotels which are of approved fire-  
7 proof construction, notices printed in large bold-face type, calling attention to the  
8 rope therein, and giving directions how to use it.

Sec. 5. Any owner, lessee or occupant who shall fail to place or cause to  
2 be placed upon such buildings, such fire-escape or escapes as required by this  
3 Act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined  
4 in any sum not less than twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars, and shall  
5 stand committed to the county jail until such fine is paid, and shall be subject  
6 to the further fine of fifty dollars for each additional week of neglect to comply  
7 with this Act.

Sec. 6. For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this Act,  
2 the Governor, with the approval of the Senate, shall appoint an inspector of  
3 hotels who shall hold office for four years and until his successor is appointed  
4 and qualified; but the Governor may remove such inspector and appoint another  
5 in his place if for the best interests of the public good, and upon sufficient cause.  
6 Said inspector shall receive an annual salary of twenty-four hundred dollars,  
7 together with his necessary expenses, payable monthly. He shall give bond to the  
8 State in the penal sum of five thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful per-  
9 formance of his official duties to be approved by the Secretary of State, said in-  
10 spector's office not political.

Sec. 7. The inspector shall appoint the necessary deputy inspectors, not  
2 to exceed three in number, and it shall be the duty of such deputy inspectors to  
3 assist under the direction of the State inspector in carrying out the provisions  
4 of this Act. The inspector may remove, for cause, such deputy inspectors.  
5 They shall each give bond to the State three thousand dollars with like con-  
6 ditions as that of the inspector, to be approved by the Secretary of State. They  
7 shall receive such compensation, not exceeding one hundred and twenty-five dol-  
8 lars per month, together with their necessary traveling expenses, payable month-  
9 ly, and as the inspector may prescribe.

Sec. 8. It shall be the duty of the inspector and his deputies to see that all  
2 of the provisions of this Act, as well as all other hotel provisions, are complied  
3 with, and said inspector or his deputies shall inspect once in each year every  
4 hotel as defined by this Act. Said inspector and his deputies are hereby granted  
5 police power to enter any hotel at reasonable hours to determine whether the  
6 provisions of all hotel Acts are being complied with. The inspector shall keep a  
7 complete set of books for public use and inspection, showing the conditions of  
8 each hotel so inspected, together with the name or names of the owners, pro-  
9 prietors, and managers thereof, and showing the number and condition of its  
10 fire-escapes.

Sec. 9. If the inspector shall find, after examination of any hotel, that this  
2 law has been fully complied with, he shall, upon the payment of the inspection  
3 fee provided for in this Act, issue a certificate to that effect to the person op-  
4 erating the same, and said certificate shall be kept posted up in a conspicuous  
5 place in said inspected building.

Sec. 10. Any inspector who shall wilfully certify falsely regarding any  
2 building inspected by him, and who shall issue a certificate to any person operat-  
3 ing any hotel when such person has not complied with the provisions of this Act,  
4 shall, on conviction thereof, be fined not less than fifty dollars, nor to exceed five  
5 hundred dollars and may be imprisoned not to exceed one year in the county



6 jail, or both, at the discretion of the court, and upon conviction shall be forever  
7 disqualified to hold said office.

Sec. 11. Every hotel containing twenty (20) rooms or less, for the accom-  
2 modation of the public, shall pay an annual inspection fee of five dollars (\$5.00)  
3 when inspected under the provisions of this Act, and every hotel containing more  
4 than (20) twenty rooms and less than (100) one hundred rooms for the accom-  
5 modation of the public shall pay an annual inspection fee of eight dollars  
6 (\$8.00), and every hotel containing more than one hundred (100) rooms and less  
7 than two hundred (200) rooms, shall pay an annual inspection fee of fifteen dol-  
8 lars (\$15.00), and every hotel containing two hundred rooms (200), and less  
9 than four hundred (400) rooms, shall pay an annual inspection fee of twenty  
10 dollars (\$20.00), and every hotel containing more than four hundred (400)  
11 rooms, shall pay an annual inspection fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), when in-  
12 spected under the terms of this Act. Such fees shall be collected by the in-  
13 spector at the time of inspection, and if not paid on demand, the inspector or  
14 deputy may sue therefor in his own name for the use of the State, and in such  
15 case the court shall allow and enter as a part of the judgment against the defend-  
16 ant all the costs of such action, including a reasonable fee for any attorney nec-  
17 essarily employed in such action by the inspector. All moneys collected under  
18 the provisions of this Act shall be paid into the State treasury in the manner  
19 provided by law.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Vursell, March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

## A BILL

For an Act entitled, an Act to amend section 5 of an Act entitled, "An Act to amend 'An Act concerning circuit courts, and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties in the judicial circuits of the State of Illinois, exclusive of the county of Cook,' approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879," approved June 11, 1897, in force July 1, 1897, as amended by an Act of the General Assembly approved April 7, 1905, in force July 1, 1905, as amended by an Act of the General Assembly approved June 10, 1909, in force July 1, 1909.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted, by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section 5 of an Act entitled, "An  
3 Act to amend 'An Act concerning circuit courts and to fix the time for holding  
4 the same in the several counties in the judicial circuits of the State of Illinois,  
5 exclusive of the County of Cook,' approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879,"  
6 approved June 11, 1897, in force July 1, 1897, as amended by an Act of the  
7 General Assembly approved April 7, 1905, in force July 1, 1905, as amended by  
8 an Act of the General Assembly approved June 10, 1909, in force July 1, 1909,  
9 be, and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

10       Sec. 5. FOURTH DISTRICT.] In the County of Marion, on the second Mon-  
 11 day of January, the fourth Mondays of April and September, and the first  
 12 Monday of December: *Provided*, that no grand or petit juries shall be sum-  
 13 moned for the December term of the circuit court of Marion County; in the  
 14 County of Clinton, on the second Mondays of May and November; in the Coun-  
 15 ty of Clay, on the second Mondays of February and May and the fourth Mon-  
 16 day of August; in the County of Effingham, on the third Mondays of March and  
 17 October; in the County of Jasper, on the second Mondays of April and Octo-  
 18 ber; in the County of Montgomery, on the third Monday of January and the  
 19 first Mondays of April and November; in the County of Shelby, on the fourth  
 20 Monday of March and the first Monday of June and the second Monday of  
 21 November: *Provided*, that there shall be no juries summoned for the June term  
 22 in Shelby County unless the same is done on the written order of the judge  
 23 made thirty days prior to the first day of the term; in the County of Christian,  
 24 on the second Monday of March and the fourth Mondays of August and Novem-  
 25 ber: *Provided*, that all suits, writs and processes of every kind and nature,  
 26 either civil or criminal, heretofore commenced or pending in the circuit court  
 27 of Clinton County, or that may be pending therein at the time this Act takes  
 28 effect, shall be cognizant and triable at the first term after this Act goes into  
 29 force and effect.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Farrell, March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations

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## A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation to meet a deficiency in appropriations for the Illinois State Public Utilities Commission and to provide the necessary funds to carry on the business of said commission, including the amount necessary to carry on the business of the State Grain Inspection Department, until the first day of July, 1915, and declaring an emergency.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of thirty-five thousand  
3 (\$35,000) dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same  
4 is hereby appropriated to meet a deficit in the expenses of the Illinois State  
5 Public Utilities Commission, five thousand one hundred eighty nine and 77-100  
6 (\$5,189.77) dollars of which sum is for expenses of the State Grain Inspection  
7 Department.

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed  
2 upon the presentation of proper vouchers ordered to be paid by the chairman

3 of the Illinois State Public Utilities Commission and approved by the Governor,  
4 to draw his warrants upon the State Treasurer for the sum herein appropriated  
5 and the State Treasurer is authorized and directed to pay the same out of  
6 moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 3. Whereas, the moneys above appropriated are immediately required,  
2 therefore an emergency exists, and this Act shall be in force from and after  
3 its passage and approval.



1 Adopted March 30, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 480, as printed in the House, by striking out all of  
2 section 1, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

3 "Sec. 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in*  
4 *the General Assembly:* That the sum of thirty-five thousand (\$35,000.00) dol-  
5 lars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby appro-  
6 priated to meet a deficit in the expenses of the Illinois State Public Utilities  
7 Commission, as follows:

8	Salaries .....	\$23,000.00
9	Traveling expenses .....	3,400.00
10	Furniture .....	600.00
11	Rent, Odd Fellows Bldg., Springfield, and Insurance Exchange Build-	
12	ing, Chicago .....	900.00
13	Miscellaneous expenses .....	1,910.23
14	Outside reporting and transcripts, books and publications, engin-	
15	eering, equipment, light, telephone and telegrams, water and ice,	
16	express charges, postage, stationery and printing and office sup-	
17	plies.	
18	For transportation of employees in Grain Inspection Department....	5,189.77
19	Total .....	\$35,000.00





1 Introduced by Mr. Thomason, March 24, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Agriculture.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend section 5 of an Act entitled, "An Act to indemnify the owners of sheep in cases of damage committed by dogs," approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, as amended by an Act approved April 21, 1899, in force July 1, 1899.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section 5 of an Act entitled, "An  
3 Act to indemnify the owners of sheep in cases of damage committed by dogs,"  
4 approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, as amended by an Act approved  
5 April 21, 1899, in force July 1, 1899, be and the same is hereby amended to read  
6 as follows:

7       Sec. 5. No person having sheep killed as aforesaid shall be entitled to re-  
8 ceive any portion of the fund herein provided for unless he appear before  
9 the supervisor of the town in which the sheep are killed or injured or before a  
10 magistrate in counties not under township organization, within not less than  
11 ten nor more than forty days after the sheep are killed or injured, and make af-

12 fidavit stating the number of sheep killed or injured, the amount of damages  
13 and owner or owners of dog or dogs, if known.

14 All damages shall be proven by not less than two (2) witnesses, who shall  
15 be free holders of the county, and such supervisors or magistrates are hereby  
16 authorized to administer oaths in such cases, and shall keep a record in each  
17 case of the names of the owners and the amount of damage proven, and the num-  
18 ber of sheep killed or injured. And in case the owner of the dog or dogs is sol-  
19 vent, the county or town, as the case may be, shall not pay such damages  
20 out of such fund: *Provided*, the damages allowed in no event exceed *eight*  
21 dollars per head for such sheep killed or injured.



1 Adopted April 23, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 481, by adding at the end of the bill the following  
2 words, "except provided further that the damages allowed for registered full  
3 blood sheep so killed or injured, shall, in no event, exceed twelve dollars  
4 (\$12.00) per head, and that the registration certificates shall accompany the  
5 claim.

And the amendment was adopted.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Thomason, March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on License and Mis-  
cellany.

A BILL

For an Act to amend section 1 of an Act entitled, “An Act to regulate the manu-  
facture, use and sale of cigarettes in the State of Illinois,” approved June  
3, 1907, in force July 1, 1907.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section 1 of an Act entitled, “An  
3 Act to regulate the manufacture, use and sale of cigarettes in the State of Illi-  
4 nois,” approved June 3, 1907, in force July 1, 1907, be and the same is here-  
5 by amended to read as follows:

5½ Sec. 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented*  
6 *in the General Assembly:* That every person who shall manufacture, sell or  
7 give away any cigarette containing *tobacco, or any substance deleterious to*  
8 *health,* shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars (\$100),  
9 or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period not to exceed thirty (30)  
10 days.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Elliott, March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act in relation to cemeteries and to provide for the management and control thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That any owner or owners of any ceme-  
3 tery, or any party or parties interested therein, may by petition presented to  
4 the county court of the county where the cemetery is situated, have appointed  
5 a trustee with authority to receive any and all moneys that may be donated  
6 for and on account of said cemetery or any part thereof, and to invest, manage and  
7 control same under the direction of the court; but he shall not be authorized to  
8 receive any gift, except with the understanding that the principal sum is to  
9 remain and be a permanent fund, and only the net proceeds therefrom to be  
10 used in carrying out the purpose of the trust created, and all such funds shall  
11 be exempt from taxation so far as consistent with the regulations governing  
12 the association owning or controlling the ground where the lot is located.

Sec. 2. Every such trustee shall execute and deliver to the donor a re-  
2 ceipt showing the amount of money received, and the use to be made of the

3 net proceeds from same. Such receipt shall be duly attested by the clerk of  
4 the court granting letters of trusteeship and a copy thereof signed by the trustee  
5 and so attested shall be filed with and recorded by the clerk in a book to be  
6 known as the "Cemetery Record," and in which shall be recorded all reports  
7 and other papers, including orders made by the court or judge relative to ceme-  
8 tery matters.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of such trustee to loan all moneys received by  
2 him, under the direction and with the approval of the court, but only as same  
3 may be secured by first mortgage upon Illinois real estate, and no loan shall be  
4 made or approved, unless it be made to appear upon oath of three disinter-  
5 ested citizens that such real estate is worth at least double the amount of the  
6 loan applied for, and that the title to same is good of record and in fact in  
7 the party making application therefor.

Sec. 4. Every such trustee, before entering on the discharge of his duties  
2 or at any time thereafter when required by the court or judge must give bond  
3 in such penalty as may be required by the court, to be approved by the clerk,  
4 conditioned for the faithful discharge of the duties imposed on him by law  
5 and take and subscribe an oath the same in substance as the condition of the  
6 bond, which oath and bond must be filed with the clerk.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the clerk at the time of filing each and  
2 every receipt mentioned in section two of this Act, to at once advise the court  
3 or judge as to the amount of the principal fund in the hands of such trustee,  
4 the amount of bond filed, and whether or not it is good and sufficient for the  
5 amount given, to the end that the court or judge may, if to him it seems best,  
6 require a new or additional bond.

Sec. 6. Trustees appointed under this Act shall not be entitled to receive  
2 any compensation for services rendered, but may out of the income received pay



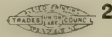
3 all proper items of expense incurred in the performance of their duties, in-  
4 cluding cost of bond, if any.

Sec. 7. It shall be the duty of every such trustee to make full report of his  
2 doings in the matter of his trusteeship in the month of January following his  
3 appointment and in January of each successive year. In each of said reports he  
4 shall apportion the net proceeds received from the sum total of the permanent  
5 fund and make proper credit to each of the separate funds assigned to him in  
6 trust.

Sec. 8. Any such trustee may be removed by the court or judge thereof at  
2 any time for cause and in the event of removal or death the court or judge  
3 must appoint a new trustee and require his predecessor or his personal rep-  
4 resentative to make full accounting with him for all the property belonging to  
5 such trusteeship.

Sec. 9. In case no trustee is appointed by said court, or if so appointed  
2 by said court does not qualify as provided in this chapter then such funds as  
3 are therein mentioned or any funds donated by any person or estate to im-  
4 provement of cemeteries, shall be placed in the hands of the county treasurer  
5 \*who shall receipt for, loan, and make annual reports of such funds in man-  
6 ner as may be provided by law. The said treasurer shall annually turn over  
7 the accrued interest in his hands to the cemetery association or other person  
8 having control of the cemetery entitled thereto who shall use the same in  
9 carrying out the provisions of said trust, and who shall file a written report an-  
10 nually with the county treasurer.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Richardson, March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by subsequent Acts, by amending section fifty (50), of division one (I) thereof, known as the Criminal Code.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to revise  
3 the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in  
4 force July 1, 1874, as amended by subsequent Acts, be and the same is hereby  
5 amended by amending section fifty (50), of division one (I) thereof, known as  
6 the Criminal Code; so that said section when amended shall read as follows:

Sec. 50. Whoever shall be guilty of cruelty to any animal in any of the ways  
2 mentioned in this section, shall be fined not less than \$3 nor more than \$200,  
3 viz.:

9 *First*—By overloading, overdriving, overworking, cruelly beating, tortur-  
10 ing, tormenting, mutilating, or cruelly killing any animal, or causing or  
11 knowingly allowing the same to be done.

12       *Second*—By cruelly working any old, maimed, infirm, sick or disabled  
13 animal, or causing, or knowingly allowing the same to be done.

14       *Third*—By unnecessarily failing to provide any animal in his charge or  
15 custody, as owner or otherwise, with proper food, drink and shelter.

16       *Fourth*—By abandoning any old, maimed, infirm, sick or disabled animal.

17       *Fifth*—By carrying or driving, or causing to be carried or driven or kept,  
18 any animal in an unnecessarily cruel manner.

19       *Sixth*—By selling, or permitting the sale of veal calves for the purpose of  
20 slaughtering when such veal calf shall not have attained the age of one (1)  
21 year.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Sonnemann, March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act for the appointment of commissioners for the construction and erection of a monument to the memory of former Governor John M. Palmer at Carlinville, Illinois, and to appropriate twenty-five thousand (\$25,000) dollars therefor.

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WHEREAS, The remains of John M. Palmer, former Governor, General and United States Senator lie buried at Carlinville, Illinois, and

WHEREAS, the burial place is marked by no suitable monument, and

WHEREAS, John M. Palmer is an illustrious example of American citizenship and of the influence of the character and quality of liberty enjoyed under our free institutions. From humble circumstances he arose to high honors in the State and nation by sheer force of merit.

WHEREAS, the great services rendered by the said John M. Palmer to the State and nation as General in the United States Army, as United States Senator and as Governor of the State of Illinois, deserve such recognition as will express the appreciation of his countrymen and fellow citizens, *Therefore*



SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the Governor is hereby authorized  
3 and empowered to appoint five commissioners who shall Act without compens-  
4 ation and whose duty it shall be to purchase, erect and dedicate a suitable  
5 monument with an appropriate inscription thereon, to the memory of John M.  
6 Palmer, at Carlinville, Illinois.

Sec. 2. Said commissioners are hereby empowered to make all necessary  
2 contracts and spend such sums of money in connection with the purchase, erec-  
3 tion and dedication of said monument as shall be necessary or shall be ap-  
4 propriated by the legislature for that purpose from the State treasury, not to  
5 exceed twenty-five thousand (\$25,000) dollars. Upon the completion of the  
6 work, the said commissioners shall make a full report to the Governor of all  
7 their acts and doings under this Act.

Sec. 3. The sum of twenty-five thousand (\$25,000) dollars or so much  
2 thereof as shall be necessary, is hereby appropriated for the purpose of pro-  
3 curing, erecting and dedicating a suitable monument in accordance with this  
4 Act to the memory of former Governor John M. Palmer, at Carlinville, Illi-  
5 nois, and the Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized, empowered  
6 and directed to draw his warrants on the State Treasurer for the payment  
7 of the expenditures necessary therefor upon the presentation to him of proper  
8 vouchers therefor, certified to by the commissioners charged with the pur-  
9 chase and erection of said monument and by and with the approval of the  
10 Governor.

- 1 Introduced by Mr. Smith, March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on License and Miscellaneous.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend Section 2, of an Act entitled, "An Act defining motor vehicles and providing for the registration of the same and of motor bicycles, and uniform rules regulating the use and speed thereof; prohibiting the use of motor vehicles without the consent of the owner and the offer or acceptance of any bonus or discount or other consideration for the purchase of supplies or parts for any such motor vehicle or for work or repairs done thereon by others, and defining chauffeurs and providing for the examination and licensing thereof, and to repeal certain Acts therein named," approved June 10, 1911, in force July 1, 1911.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section 2, of an Act entitled, "An  
3 Act defining motor vehicles and providing for the registration of the same and  
4 of motor bicycles, and uniform rules regulating the use and speed thereof; pro-  
5 hibiting the use of motor vehicles without the consent of the owner, and the  
6 offer or acceptance of any bonus or discount or other consideration for the pur-

7 chase of supplies or parts for any such motor vehicle or for work or repairs  
 8 done thereon by others, and defining chauffeurs and providing for the exam-  
 9 ination and licensing thereof, and to repeal certain Acts therein named," ap-  
 10 proved June 10, 1911, in force July 1, 1911, to be amended so as to read  
 11 as follows:

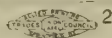
Sec. 2. Every owner of a motor vehicle or motor bicycle which shall be  
 2 driven in this State shall, except as otherwise provided in this Act, within ten  
 3 days after he becomes the owner of such motor vehicle or motor bicycle, file  
 4 in the office of the Secretary of State an application for a certificate of regis-  
 5 tration properly sworn to, setting forth his name and address, with a brief de-  
 6 scription of the vehicle, or bicycle, to be registered, including the name of the  
 7 maker, factory number, style of vehicle or bicycle and the motor power, and  
 8 (except in case of electrically propelled vehicles) the amount of such motor  
 9 power stated in figures of horse power on a blank to be prepared and furnished  
 10 by such Secretary of State for that purpose, and shall pay to said Secretary of  
 11 State a registration fee for each calendar year for each motor bicycle so reg-  
 12 istered the sum of two dollars, and a registration fee for each calendar year  
 13 for each motor vehicle so registered, *the sum of 15 cents per horse power of such*  
 14 *motor vehicle and in addition thereto the sum of 25 cents for each one hundred*  
 15 *pounds weight of such motor vehicle*, and for each and every electrically pro-  
 16 pelled motor vehicle so registered tsuing, and that no certificate for re-regis-  
 17 tration fee for each motor vehicle or motor bicycle shall be pro rated in propor-  
 18 tion to the number of months included between the first day of the month in  
 19 which any such motor vehicle or motor bicycle is first registered and the thirty-  
 20 first day of December then next ensuing, and that no certificate for re-regis-  
 21 tration shall issue for less sum than the fee required for a calendar year: *And*  
 22 *provided, further*, that the owner of any motor vehicle registered in the office  
 23 of the Secretary of State in compliance with law shall be entitled to register  
 24 his said motor vehicle in compliance with the provisions of this Act upon the  
 25 payment of the registration fees herein specified, less the unearned portion of

the registration fee previously paid by him, figuring such unearned portion from the month in which such motor vehicle is registered as herein provided to the month in which such registration shall expire. Said registration shall be made on the date the application is received and filed by the Secretary of State and shall expire with the last day of the calendar year in which such registration is made. Upon the filing in the office of the Secretary of State of said application and the payment of the registration fee, as hereinbefore provided, the Secretary of State, or his duly authorized agent, shall, without further fee, assign to such motor vehicle, or motor bicycle, as described in such application, a distinctive number, and shall issue to the owner of such motor vehicle or motor bicycle, as it is described in the application filed, a certificate of registration, which certificate shall be in the form of a card, which may be carried in the pocket, and which certificate shall contain the descriptive number so assigned to such motor vehicle or motor bicycle, the name and address of the owner, a brief description of such motor vehicle or motor bicycle, stating the name of the manufacturer, the motor power, and the amount of such motor power stated in figures of horse power, or that such motor vehicle or motor bicycle is electrically propelled. The Secretary of State shall also issue and deliver to the owner of such motor vehicle or motor bicycle a seal of aluminum or other suitable material which shall be circular in form and not to exceed two inches in diameter, having stamped thereon the words, "Registered motor vehicle or motor bicycle No..... Ill. Motor Vehicle and Bicycle Law," with the registration number and the year of issue inserted therein, which seal shall be affixed to the motor vehicle or motor bicycle to which such number has been assigned. Duplicate certificates of registration will be issued upon a payment of fifty cents and the filing in the office of the Secretary of State of an affidavit to the effect that the original certificate of registration was lost, stolen or destroyed. The Secretary of State shall cause the name of such owner, with his address, registration number and date of the filing of the application and the description of the motor vehicle or motor bicycle, to be entered in alpha-



56 betical order of the owner's name in a book to be kept for such purpose in the  
57 office of said Secretary of State, and shall not thereafter assign a number  
58 once assigned to a motor vehicle or motor bicycle owned by any other person,  
59 if the owner of the motor vehicle or motor bicycle to whom such number was  
60 first assigned shall, not less than twenty (20) days prior to the day of expira-  
61 tion of said registration, file an application accompanied by the fees herein  
62 specified for the registration or re-registration of a motor vehicle or motor  
63 bicycle and request the assignment of said number to a motor vehicle or motor  
64 bicycle owned by him: *Provided*, that this section shall not apply to manu-  
65 facturers of, or dealers in, motor vehicles in this State, except as to motor ve-  
66 hicles kept by such manufacturers or dealers for private use or for public  
67 hire. The Secretary of State shall, at the end of each calendar month, except  
68 the month of December in each year, print and mail to the clerks of all the coun-  
69 ties in this State lists of registrations made in accordance herewith, showing  
70 the numbers of the motor vehicles and motor bicycles and the names and ad-  
71 dresses of the owners thereof.





1 Introduced by Mr. O'Rourke, March 24, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

## A BILL

For an Act to revise the law in relation to the selection and tenure of officers.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That at the expiration of the terms of  
3 office of the present incumbents and every four years thereafter, the Governor  
4 shall appoint as successors to such officers, trustees of the State University of  
5 Illinois, the boards of education or of trustees of all State educational institu-  
6 tions and trustees of all drainage and sanitary districts, persons who shall have  
7 the qualified and shall perform the duties of such officers as provided by law for  
8 such officers, also five qualified electors as a State Tax Commission, who shall  
9 perform such duties as are or may hereafter be provided by law for the State  
10 Board of Equalization.

11 No election for members of the State Board of Equalization or for any of the  
12 officers herein made appointive shall hereafter be held.

Sec. 2. At the expiration of the terms of office of the present incumbents  
2 and every four years thereafter, the president of the county board of Cook coun-  
3 ty, with the advice and consent of the majority of said board, shall appoint a

4 board of review, a board of assessors and a town collector, a town supervisor,  
 5 a town clerk, an assessor and a town treasurer for each of the towns of Cook  
 6 county which now elect such officers.

7 All such officers shall have the qualifications and perform the duties pro-  
 8 vided by law for such officers and no election for such officers shall hereafter be  
 9 held.

Sec. 3. At the expiration of the terms of office of the present incumbents,  
 2 and every four years thereafter, the chairman of the county board of supervisors  
 3 in counties under township organization, with the advice and consent of a ma-  
 4 jority of the board of supervisors and the chairman of the county board of com-  
 5 missioners in counties not under township organization with the advice and con-  
 6 sent of a majority of such board, being all counties of the first and second class,  
 7 shall appoint a county surveyor, a county auditor and all other county officers  
 8 provided for by law in such counties, except sheriff, State's attorney, county  
 9 judge, probate judge, county clerk, county coroner and county treasurer and no  
 10 election for the officers herein provided to be appointed shall hereafter be held.

11 Such appointive officers shall have the qualifications and perform the duties  
 12 of such offices as provided by law.

Sec. 4. At the expiration of the terms of office of the present incumbents,  
 2 the town board, consisting of the town supervisor, the town clerk and the senior  
 3 justice of the peace, shall appoint a town assessor, a town treasurer, highway  
 4 commissioners, school trustees and such constables and other officers as may be  
 5 required by law in any town or township in which such officers are now elected  
 6 and there shall be no election for such officers or any officer in any such town-  
 7 ships hereafter except for supervisor and assistant supervisors town clerk, town  
 8 treasurer and justices of the peace, the duties of town collector to devolve upon  
 9 and be performed by the county collector and the office of town collector to be  
 10 abolished.

Sec. 5. At the expiration of the terms of office of the present incumbents,  
2 and every four years thereafter, the judge or judges of every court of record  
3 in this State shall appoint a clerk or clerks of such courts, who shall have the  
4 qualifications and perform the duties of clerks of said courts as provided by law  
5 and in all cases where the law provides for a bailiff or bailiffs of courts other than  
6 the sheriff of the county, the judges of such courts shall appoint such bailiff or  
7 bailiffs and no election for officers to fill the offices herein made appointive shall  
8 hereafter be held.

Sec. 6. At the expiration of the terms of office of the present incumbents,  
2 and every four years thereafter, the mayor of any city or the president of any  
3 village or incorporated town, with the advice and consent of a majority of the  
4 aldermen, city council, common council or board of trustees, as the case may be,  
5 shall appoint a city or village clerk, a city or village treasurer, a city or village  
6 auditor or comptroller in any city or village where such officers are now pro-  
7 vided for by ordinance or law, and all other city and village officers provided  
8 for by law except aldermen or members of city or common councils or boards of  
9 trustees, and no election shall hereafter be held for such officers.

Sec. 7. At the expiration of the terms of office of the present incumbents,  
2 and every four years thereafter, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction  
3 shall appoint the members of all boards of education, school boards and other edu-  
4 cational boards for any educational or school district embracing territory lying  
5 in more than one county but not for any State educational institution, and the  
6 county superintendent of public instruction shall appoint all boards of education,  
7 boards of inspectors and school boards for all school districts (except directors  
8 for rural schools) within his county and no election shall hereafter be held for  
9 any of such officers: *Provided, however,* that nothing in this Act contained shall  
10 be construed to affect the appointment of school boards of cities by the mayor  
11 and city council.

Sec. 8. In the event of the occurrence of a vacancy in any of the offices  
2 hereby made appointive prior to the expiration of the term of office of the present  
3 incumbents, the officer, board or commission hereby empowered to appoint, shall  
4 appoint a qualified elector or electors to fill such vacancy to hold office until  
5 the end of the term or until the regular time of the selection of a successor.

Sec. 9. It is the intent of this Act to reduce the number of elective offices  
2 and besides the officers that are now by law appointive to provide that the officers  
3 herein named shall be appointive. It is intended also to make a uniform term of  
4 office of four (4) years for officers herein named except as otherwise provided  
5 herein.

Sec. 10. All laws or parts of laws in conflict herewith are hereby repealed  
2 insofar as they so conflict.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. O'Rourke, March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

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## A BILL

For an Act to consolidate elections, fix the time thereof and the term of officers elected thereat.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That on the first Monday in June, 1915,  
3 and every four years thereafter there shall be held an election in the manner  
4 provided by law for the selection of judges and clerks to fill the vacancies and  
5 take the places of all judges whose terms of office expire within six months  
6 thereafter, for judges of the Supreme Court, circuit court, Superior court of  
7 Cook county, probate court of Cook county, the municipal court of Chicago, and  
8 all city courts. The judges of the Supreme Court, the circuit court and of the  
9 superior court of Cook county to serve for the term provided by law. The judges  
10 of the municipal court of Chicago hereafter elected to serve for eight years and  
11 all other judges provided for in section one (1) hereof to serve for a term of  
12 four (4) years, and said clerks to serve for a term of four years or until their  
13 successors are elected and qualified: *Provided,* that if in any case, the term of  
14 any judge shall expire before the next quadrennial election, such judge shall



15 retain and hold his office until such next election: *And, provided, further,* that  
16 no officer or officers other than judges and clerks shall be elected at the same  
17 time.

Sec. 2. A primary for the selection of nominees for judges and clerks of the  
2 courts named in section one (1) hereof, shall be held on the first Tuesday in  
3 April preceding such election in the manner provided by law.

Sec. 3. On Tuesday after the first Monday in November of the year 1916,  
2 and every four years thereafter, there shall be held an election for the selection  
3 of presidential electors, United States Senator, when the term of United States  
4 Senator shall expire within six months thereafter, members of the House of  
5 Representatives of the United States, State officers and members of the General  
6 Assembly, one-half of the members of each House to be elected every two years,  
7 but all members of both Houses to hold for a term of four years, and on the  
8 Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1918, and every four years there-  
9 after, there shall be held an election to select a United States Senator when the  
10 term of office of United States Senator shall expire within six months thereafter,  
11 members of the House of Representatives of the United States, members of the  
12 General Assembly and any State officers whose term of office expire within six  
13 months thereafter.

Sec. 4. A primary for the selection of nominees for the offices named in  
2 section three (3) hereof shall be held in the manner provided by law on the first  
3 Tuesday in September, prior to said elections: *Provided,* that in any year in  
4 which President, Vice President and United States Senators are to be elected,  
5 a primary for the expression of preference and the selection of delegates and the  
6 transaction of such other business as shall be provided by law, shall be held on  
7 the first Monday in June.

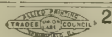
Sec. 5. On the first Tuesday in April, 1917, and every four years there-  
2 after, there shall be held an election in the manner provided by law, for all elec-

3 tive town, township, city, village and incorporated town officers whose terms of  
4 office have expired or shall expire within one year thereafter: *Provided*,  
5 that in any case where the term of office of the present incumbent shall not ex-  
6 pire within one year after such election, such officer shall hold and retain his  
7 office until the next regular election for such officer: *Provided, also*, that where  
8 the term of office of the present incumbent of any of said offices shall extend be-  
9 yond the election of 1917, the person newly elected to such office shall not take  
10 office until the expiration of the term of the former incumbent and until the end  
11 of the term of such former incumbent and he shall serve only until his successor  
12 shall be elected at the next regular election.

Sec. 6. A primary for the selection of nominees for such election shall be  
2 held in the manner provided by law on the first Tuesday in February, preceding  
3 such election.

Sec. 7. It is the intent and purpose of this Act to provide for the holding  
2 of one election and only one election in each year and all laws or parts of laws  
3 in conflict herewith are hereby repealed, insofar as the same are in conflict here-  
4 with.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Basel, March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act in relation to pandering; to define and prohibit the same; to provide for the punishment thereof, for the competency of certain evidence at the trial therefor and providing what shall be a defense," approved June 1, 1908, in force July 1, 1908, as amended by an Act approved June 12, 1909, in force July 1, 1909, by amending sections one (1) and two (2) thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act in relation to pandering; to define and prohibit the same; to provide for the punishment thereof, for the competency of certain evidence at the trial therefor and providing what shall be a defense," approved June 1, 1908, in force July 1, 1908, as amended by an Act approved June 12, 1909, in force July 1, 1909, be and the same is hereby amended by amending sections one (1) and two (2) thereof so as to read as follows:

9       Sec. 1. Any person who shall procure a female inmate for a house of  
10 prostitution or who, by promises, threats, violence or by any device or scheme,

11 shall cause, induce, persuade or encourage a female person to become an in-  
12 mate of a house of prostitution, or shall procure a place as inmate in a house  
13 of prostitution for a female person, or any person who shall, by promises,  
14 threats, violence or by any device or scheme, cause, induce, persuade or en-  
15 courage an inmate of a house of prostitution to remain therein as such inmate,  
16 or any person who shall, by fraud or artifice, or by duress of person or goods,  
17 or by abuse of any position of confidence or authority, procure any female  
18 person to become an inmate of a house of ill fame, or to enter any place in  
19 which prostitution is encouraged or allowed within this State, or to come into  
20 this State or leave this State for the purpose of prostitution, or who shall pro-  
21 cure any female person who has not previously practiced prostitution to be-  
22 come an inmate of a house of ill fame within this State, or to come into this  
23 State or leave this State for the purpose of prostitution, or who shall receive  
24 or give, or agree to receive or give, any money or thing of value for procur-  
25 ing, or attempting to procure, any female person to become an inmate of a  
26 house of ill fame within this State, or to come into this State or leave this  
27 State for the purpose of prostitution, *or who shall induce the legal wife or hus-*  
28 *band of another to violate the marriage vow or shall contract or inspire either*  
29 *legal wife or husband to clandestine engagements for immoral purposes,* shall be  
30 guilty of pandering, and upon a first conviction for an offense under this Act  
31 shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail or house of correction  
32 for a period of not less than six months nor more than one year and by a fine  
33 of not less than three hundred dollars and not to exceed one thousand dol-  
34 lars, and upon conviction for any subsequent offense under this Act shall be  
35 punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary for a period of not less than one  
36 year nor more than ten years.

37       Sec. 2. *A defendant shall be deemed prima facie guilty of the offense of*  
38 *pandering under this Act when it shall appear that he voluntarily met or con-*  
39 *joined the legal wife or husband of another in a place secluded from public*  
40 *view, pose and pass, or has registered as man and wife by using an assumed*



41 *name for the purpose of moral deception.* It shall not be a defense to a prosecu-  
42 tion for any of the acts prohibited in the foregoing section that any part of such  
43 act or acts shall have been committed outside this State, and the offense shall  
44 in such case be deemed and alleged to have been committed and the offender  
45 tried and punished in any county in which the prostitution was intended to be  
46 practiced, or in which the offense was consummated, or any covert acts in  
47 furtherance of the offense shall have been committed.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Rentchler, March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to official bonds," approved March 13, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as subsequently amended by amending section four (4) thereof.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to official bonds," approved March 13, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as subsequently amended be and the same is hereby amended by amending section four (4) thereof so that the said section, when amended, shall read as follows:

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the judge of the county court of each county on a day to be fixed by order of the court in January and July of each year in open court to examine and inquire into the sufficiency of all official bonds required by law to be filed in the office of the county clerk or of the clerk of the

11 county court, including bonds of executors, administrators, guardians and con-  
12 servators: *Provided, that in all counties where a probate court has been or may*  
13 *be hereafter established the bonds filed in said probate court shall be reviewed*  
14 *by the judge of the probate court in January and July of each year on a day to*  
15 *be fixed by order of such probate court.*



1 Introduced by Mr. Turner, March 24, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," commonly known as the "Criminal Code," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as subsequently amended by amending section 360 of said code (sec. 14 of division VII of Act).

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to revise  
3 the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," commonly known as the "Crim-  
4 inal Code," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as subsequently  
5 amended, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section 360 of said  
6 code (sec. 14 of division VII of Act) so that the said section shall read, when  
7 amended, as follows:

8       Sec. 360. (14) The judge or justice before whom any person charged  
9 with a criminal offense is brought, with or without a warrant, shall, as soon as  
10 may be, examine the witnesses in support of the prosecution, as well as those  
11 who may be produced on behalf of the accused, on oath, in the presence of the  
12 party charged, in relation to any matter connected with such charge which he



13 may deem pertinent; but no confession or statement made by any defendant  
14 shall be used as evidence in the trial of any accused person unless such confession  
15 or statement be made in open court, before the judge or justice after such ac-  
16 cused has been advised by such judge or justice that he is not obliged or re-  
17 quired to make any admission or statement which would tend to incriminate  
18 himself.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Turner, March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

## A BILL

For an Act entitled, "An Act to prohibit the taking of pictures for 'Rogues Galleries' before conviction of crime, and providing for a penalty for the violation thereof."

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That it shall be unlawful for any public  
3 officer, sheriff, coroner, constable or other officer, person or persons having the  
4 custody of any person committed or imprisoned or restrained of his liberty  
5 for any alleged cause whatever, except in cases of commitment after con-  
6 viction, to photograph or draw or knowingly allow to be photographed or  
7 drawn the picture of such person so imprisoned, restrained or committed.  
8 If any public officer or other person as aforesaid shall violate the provisions of  
9 this Act he shall for every such offense, forfeit and pay to the person ag-  
10 grieved one thousand (\$1,000) dollars, to be recovered by action of debt, in any  
11 court of competent jurisdiction, or shall be imprisoned in the county jail, house  
12 of correction or workhouse, for a term of not less than six months and not  
13 exceeding one year.





1 Introduced by Mr. Turner, March 24, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

## A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation of the sum of \$2,500.00 to reimburse Louis B. Anderson for money expended for the care and treatment of himself and damages as a result of injuries sustained while in line of duty with the 8th Regiment Illinois National Guard, August 1, 1914.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of twenty-five hundred  
3 (\$2500.00) dollars be and the same hereby is appropriated and directed to be  
4 paid to Louis B. Anderson from any funds not otherwise appropriated in the  
5 treasury for the reimbursement of said Louis B. Anderson as damages for in-  
6 juries received while in discharge of his duties as a member of the Illinois  
7 National Guard, at Camp Lincoln on to-wit: August 1, 1914.

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed  
2 to draw his warrant on the Treasurer for the sum hereby appropriated, in  
3 favor of Louis B. Anderson, and the State Treasurer is directed to pay the  
4 same out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.







1 Adopted May 21, 1915.

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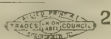
AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill No. 493, as printed in the House, in the title thereof by  
2 striking out the figures, "\$2,500.00" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures,  
3 "\$1,000.00".

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 493, as printed in the House, in section 1, lines 2  
2 and 3, by striking out the words and figures, "twenty-five hundred (\$2,500.00)  
3 dollars," and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures, "one thousand  
4 dollars (\$1,000.00)."





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Burns, March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Elections.

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## A BILL

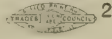
For an Act authorizing the centralization in the State Historical Library of returns  
from elections held prior to the year 1870.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the State Historical Library be and  
3 is hereby authorized to secure from the various counties in this State and to  
4 remove to the State Historical Library at Springfield all poll books, tally sheets  
5 and duplicate election returns in the offices or custody of counties in this State  
6 for elections held prior to the year 1870, and to have and retain the custody  
7 thereof, and it shall be the duty of the State Historical Library to carefully  
8 preserve the same.

Sec. 2. The said librarian shall have power to make, certify, or authenti-  
2 cate copies of such records in the same manner and for any purpose that any  
3 county or other officer is now or shall be authorized by law.





1 Introduced by Mr. Lipshulch, March 24, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Health to be used for the enforcement of an Act entitled, "An Act to regulate the sale, barter, exchange, distribution, dealing in, giving away, dispensing, or the disposition in any manner of opium or coca leaves, their salts, derivatives or preparations, to regulate the treatment and to provide for the committal of the habitual users of such drugs, and for other purposes; and to repeal certain sections of an Act therein named."

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of five thousand (\$5,000)  
3 dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby ap-  
4 propriated out of any money in the treasury of this State, not otherwise appro-  
5 priated for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of an Act entitled,  
6 "An Act to regulate the sale, barter, exchange, distribution, dealing in, giving  
7 away, dispensing, or the disposition in any manner of opium or coca leaves,  
8 their salts, derivatives or preparations, to regulate the treatment and to provide  
9 for the committal of the habitual users of such drugs, and for other purposes;



10 and to repeal certain sections of an Act therein named." Said sum shall be used  
11 only with the consent and concurrence of the Governor and on the recommenda-  
12 tion and advice of the State Board of Health.

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed  
2 to draw his warrants for the sum hereinbefore appropriated or so much thereof  
3 as may be necessary, upon vouchers certified to by the State Board of Health  
4 and approved by the Governor, and the Treasurer is authorized to pay the same  
5 out of any money not otherwise appropriated.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Wood, March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

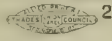
## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to protect cemeteries and to provide for their regulation and management," approved June 29, 1885, in force July 1, 1885, and subsequent Acts amendatory thereof, by adding two new sections thereto to be known as sections 7a and 7b.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to protect cemeteries and to provide for their regulation and management," approved June 29, 1885, in force July 1, 1885, and subsequent Acts amendatory thereof, be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto two new sections to be known as sections 7a and 7b.

Sec. 7a. *It is hereby made the duty of every corporation organization, association or individual owning or having the control and management of any public cemetery located in any township in this State to keep the same in a respectable condition by fencing where there is no sufficient fence and by keeping the fences in good repair and by keeping the weeds mowed.*

Sec. 7b. *Any such corporation, organization, association or individual fail-*  
2 *ing, neglecting or refusing to keep any such cemetery in a respectable condition*  
3 *as herein provided, shall upon complaint of any person interested and convic-*  
4 *tion thereof be fined in any sum not exceeding one hundred (\$100) dollars for*  
5 *each year such cemetery is so neglected after the taking effect of this Act, and*  
6 *it shall be the duty of the board of supervisors in counties under township or-*  
7 *ganization and boards of county commissioners in counties not under township*  
8 *organization to enforce the provisions of this law.*



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Morrasy, March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Agriculture.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to the suppression and prevention of the spread of contagious and infectious diseases among domestic animals," approved June 14, 1909, in force July 1, 1909, by amending section two (2) thereof, and adding four (4) new sections thereto, to be known as sections 13, 14, 15 and 16.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to the suppression and prevention of the spread of contagious and infectious diseases among domestic animals," approved June 14, 1909, in force July 1, 1909, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section two (2) thereof, and by adding four (4) new sections to be known as sections 13, 14, 15 and 16 respectively, said amended section two (2) and said new sections to read as follows:

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of said Board of Live Stock Commissioners to cause to be investigated any and all cases, or alleged cases, coming to their knowledge, of communicable diseases among domestic animals, within this State,

4 and to use all proper means to prevent the spread of such diseases, and to pro-  
5 vide for the extirpation thereof; and in the event of reasonable ground for  
6 the belief that any such communicable disease exists in this State, it shall be the  
7 duty of the person owning or having in charge any animal or animals infected  
8 with such disease, or any other person having knowledge or reason to suspect  
9 the existence of such disease, to immediately notify said Board of Live Stock  
10 Commissioners, or some member thereof, by communication to said board or  
11 member, of the existence of such disease, and thereupon it shall be the duty of  
12 said board, or some member thereof, or authorized agent of the board, immedi-  
13 ately to cause proper examination thereof to be made, and if such disease shall  
14 be found to be a dangerously contagious or dangerously infectious malady, said  
15 board, or any member thereof, or the State Veterinarian, or any assistant State  
16 veterinarian, shall order such diseased animals, and such as have been exposed  
17 to contagion, and the premises in or on which they are, or which may have  
18 been recently occupied by them, to be strictly quarantined; and they shall have  
19 power to order any premises and farms where the disease exists, or has recent-  
20 ly existed, as well as exposed premises and farms, to be put in quarantine so  
21 that no domestic animal which has been or is so diseased, or has been exposed to  
22 such communicable disease, be removed from the premises so quarantined, nor  
23 allow any animal susceptible to such disease to be brought therein or thereon,  
24 except under such rules and regulations as said Board of Live Stock Commis-  
25 sioners may prescribe, which quarantine, and every quarantine established un-  
26 der the provisions of this Act, shall remain in force and effect until removed by  
27 order of said board; and said board shall prescribe such regulations as they may  
28 deem necessary to prevent any such disease from being communicated from any  
29 such diseased animal or exposed animal or from the infected premises or  
30 through any other means of communication. In all such cases the said Board of  
31 Live Stock Commissioners, or in case the number of animals shall not exceed  
32 five (5) any member thereof shall have power to order the slaughter of any or  
33 all of such diseased or exposed animals. The said board shall also have power



34 to cause to be destroyed all barns, stables, premises, fixtures, furniture and  
35 personal property infected with any such communicable disease, so far as in  
36 their judgment may be necessary to prevent the spread of such disease and where  
37 the same cannot be properly disinfected; and to order the disinfection of all cars,  
38 boats or other vehicles used in transporting animals affected with any such  
39 communicable disease, or that have been exposed to the contagion thereof, and  
40 the disinfection of all yards, pens and chutes that may have been used in hand-  
41 ling such diseased or exposed animals. *It shall be the duty of all railway or*  
42 *railroad corporations doing business in this State to cleanse and disinfect the*  
43 *cars used by them in transporting stock in this State at such times and places*  
44 *as the Board of Live Stock Commissioners or any member thereof may designate*  
45 *whenever in the opinion of the board, or any member thereof, any such order*  
46 *or rule may be necessary to prevent the spread of infectious or contagious dis-*  
47 *eases.*

48 When the said board, upon the written report of the State Veterinarian,  
49 or any of his assistants, determines that any animal is affected with, or has been  
50 exposed to, any dangerously contagious or infectious disease, the board, or any  
51 member thereof, or any of its duly authorized agents, may agree with the owner  
52 upon the value of such animal or of any property that it may be found necessary  
53 to destroy, and in case such agreement cannot be made, said board, or the mem-  
54 ber acting in behalf of the board, may appoint three disinterested citizens of  
55 the State to appraise such animals or property. Such appraisers shall subscribe  
56 to an oath in writing to fairly value such animals or property in accordance  
57 with the requirements of this Act, which oath, together with the valuation fixed  
58 by such appraisers, shall be filed with the board and be preserved by them. Upon  
59 such appraisal being made, it shall become the duty of the owner to imme-  
60 diately destroy such animals, and to dispose of the carcasses thereof, and to dis-  
61 infect the premises occupied by such animals, in accordance with the rules pre-  
62 scribed by said board governing such destruction and disinfection. And upon  
63 his failure so to do, said board, or any member thereof, shall cause such animal

64 or animals or property to be destroyed and disposed of, and thereupon such  
 65 owner shall forfeit all right to receive any compensation for the destruction of  
 66 such animal or animals or property.

67 When the board, upon the written opinion of the State Veterinarian, or of  
 68 any assistant State Veterinarian, determines that any barns, stables, outbuild-  
 69 ings or premises are so infected that the same cannot be disinfected, they may  
 70 quarantine such barns, stables, outbuildings or premises from use for the animals  
 71 that might be infected by such use, and such quarantine shall continue in force  
 72 and effect until removed by the board, and a violation of such quarantine  
 73 shall be punished in the same manner as is provided for violation of other quar-  
 74 antine by this Act.

75 Any person feeling himself aggrieved by any quarantine established under  
 76 the provisions of this Act may appeal to the full Board of Live Stock Commis-  
 77 sioners, who shall thereupon sustain, modify or annul such quarantine, as they  
 78 may deem proper.

79 Whenever quarantine is established in accordance with the provisions of this  
 80 Act, valid notice of the same may be given by leaving with the owner or occu-  
 81 pant of any premises so quarantined, in person, or by delivering to any member  
 82 of his family, or any employee, over the age of ten years found upon the prem-  
 83 ises so quarantined, notice thereof, written or printed, or partly written and  
 84 partly printed, and at the same time explaining the contents thereof. Such quar-  
 85 antine shall be sufficiently proven in any court by the production of a true copy  
 86 of such notice of quarantine with a return thereon of the service of the same in  
 87 the manner above required, attested by the seal of the Board of Live Stock Com-  
 88 missioners, with the signature of the proper officer thereof.

Sec. 13. *It shall be unlawful for any railroad company, railway company,*  
 2 *steamboat company, corporation, person or persons to ship, convey, transport,*  
 3 *lead, drive or bring into the State of Illinois from any other state or country any*  
 4 *dairy or breeding animal of the cattle kind except such dairy or breeding animal*

5 be accompanied by a certificate issued and granted under and by virtue of the  
6 authority of the State or foreign country from which said animal is shipped,  
7 brought or procured, certifying under the authority and seal of said State that  
8 said dairy or breeding animal is free from all contagious and infectious diseases,  
9 including tuberculosis: Provided, however, that animals of the cattle kind, cows,  
10 heifers and bulls, may be shipped from states and countries outside of the State  
11 of Illinois to the Union Stock Yards at Chicago, the stock yards at Peoria and  
12 the stock yards at East St. Louis or any public stock yards in the State of Illi-  
13 nois, for the purpose of selling for slaughter and beef, and to points in Illinois  
14 for feeding purposes only, in which case the railroad bill of lading of such ship-  
15 ment shall state, "For feeding purposes only," or to any International Live  
16 Stock Show, or State Live Stock show or State Fair in the State of Illinois for  
17 exhibition purposes, without said certificate, but for no other purpose.

Sec. 14. It shall be unlawful for any company, corporation, person or per-  
2 sons, wilfully and knowingly, to buy, sell or trade any dairy or breeding animal,  
3 cow, heifer or bull, shipped, conveyed or brought from outside of the State of  
4 Illinois into the State of Illinois for dairy or breeding purposes except and un-  
5 less said animal is accompanied by a certificate granted by the authority and  
6 under the seal of the state or country from which said animal is shipped, trans-  
7 ported or brought, that said animal, cow, heifer or bull is free from all contagious  
8 and infectious diseases, including the disease of tuberculosis.

Sec. 15. It shall be unlawful for any company, corporation, commission,  
2 firm, person or persons, at the Union Stock Yards at Chicago, at the stock yards  
3 in Peoria or at the stock yards at East St. Louis, or any public stock yards in  
4 the State of Illinois, to sell, bargain, trade, ship, transfer, lead, drive or take  
5 any animal of the cattle kind, cow, heifer or bull for dairy or breeding pur-  
6 poses, at either or any of said stock yards, or from said stock yards, to any  
7 point within the State of Illinois, except and unless said animal or animals  
8 shall be inspected by and under the authority of the Board of Live Stock Com-



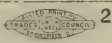
9 missioners of the State of Illinois, found and certified by the said board, its  
10 agent or deputy, to be free from all contagious and infectious diseases, includ-  
11 ing the disease of tuberculosis: *Provided, that heifers and cows may be re-*  
12 *shipped to points in Illinois for feeding purposes only, in which case the railroad*  
13 *bill of lading shall state, "For feeding purposes only." And any person or*  
14 *persons, corporation or company buying, selling, or wilfully and knowingly*  
15 *transporting, carrying, driving or handling any such animal in violation of this*  
16 *Act and contrary to the provisions herein, shall be deemed to have violated the*  
17 *provisions of this section.*

Sec. 16. *Any railroad company, stock yards company, corporation, person*  
2 *or persons violating any provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a mis-*  
3 *demeanor and punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand (\$1,000) dollars,*  
4 *or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding six months, or by both, in*  
5 *the discretion of the court.*









- 1 Introduced by Mr. Smejkal, March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the State charitable institutions herein  
named.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
*represented in the General Assembly:* That there be and is hereby appropriated  
to the Board of Administration for the purpose herein stated, for the two years  
beginning July 1, 1915, and until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after  
the adjournment of the next General Assembly, the sum of two million eighty-  
seven thousand nine hundred thirty-two dollars and eight cents (\$2,087,932.08),  
to be apportioned between the institutions as follows:

ELGIN STATE HOSPITAL.

1	For enlarging dining rooms in main building .....	\$ 10,000.00
2	For kitchen and dining rooms for south group .....	\$ 15,000.00
3	For new plumbing for annex building .....	\$ 7,000.00
4	For septic tank and building.....	\$ 8,500.00

## KANKAKEE STATE HOSPITAL.

1	For plumbing to be let by contract for first year .....	\$ 20,000.00
2	For plumbing to be let by contract for second year.....	\$ 15,000.00
3	for replacing farm barn destroyed by fire .....	\$ 5,000.00
4	For fencing institution grounds .....	\$ 10,350.00

## JACKSONVILLE STATE HOSPITAL.

1	For new kitchen and enlarging amusement hall .....	\$ 35,000.00
2	For railroad switch to institution.....	\$ 3,000.00

## ANNA STATE HOSPITAL.

1	For hardwood flooring .....	\$ 27,000.00
2	For remodeling and additional equipment for cold storage and ice	
3	plant .....	\$ 20,000.00
4	For additional equipment and repairs for laundry building.....	\$ 14,300.00
5	For X-ray outfit.....	\$ 1,200.00
6	For additional sewer, sewer pipe line and septic tank .....	\$ 8,000.00

## WATERTOWN STATE HOSPITAL.

1	for remodeling plumbing and for tile floors .....	\$ 10,000.00
2	Fr morgue and laboratory .....	\$ 8,000.00
3	For extension to kitchen .....	\$ 3,000.00
4	For addition to laundry and equipment .....	\$ 10,000.00
5	For new telephone system .....	\$ 2,500.00
6	For new dormitory on farm and furnishing .....	\$ 25,000.00
7	For fire escapes .....	\$ 1,000.00
8	For addition to operating room .....	\$ 1,500.00
9	For improving and extension of power plant .....	\$ 15,000.00

## PEORIA STATE HOSPITAL.

1	For one new cottage and furnishing.....	\$ 50,000.00
2	For two cottages for tubercular patients and furnishing .....	\$ 40,000.00
3	For plumbing .....	\$ 18,000.00
4	For weather stripping windows .....	\$ 4,000.00

5	For one 200 K. W. generator and Corliss engine .....	\$ 8,000.00
6	For electric wiring .....	\$ 5,000.00
7	For coal conveying apparatus and hopper .....	\$ 10,000.00
8	For draft horses .....	\$ 2,000.00
9	For dairy cows .....	\$ 4,000.00
10	For auto truck .....	\$ 2,500.00
11	For laundry machinery .....	\$ 4,500.00
12	For furniture and fixtures for buildings now under construction..	\$ 5,000.00
13	For track scale .....	\$ 1,500.00
14	For switch track .....	\$ 10,000.00
15	For fire escapes for store building.....	\$ 1,000.00

#### CHESTER STATE HOSPITAL.

1	For light and water.....	\$ 14,000.00
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#### CHICAGO STATE HOSPITAL.

1	For remodeling kitchen, bakery and dining room .....	\$ 65,000.00
2	For amusement hall and furnishing.....	\$ 45,000.00
3	For furniture .....	\$ 15,000.00
4	For addition to root cellar.....	\$ 2,000.00
5	For improvement of water system for fire protection and domestic	
6	purposes .....	\$ 25,000.00
7	For entrance to grounds.....	\$ 2,000.00
8	For paving Irving Park Boulevard.....	\$ 12,000.00

#### ALTON STATE HOSPITAL.

1	For the erection of buildings, other improvements, supervision, and	
2	care of property .....	\$500,000.00
3	For subway and railroad crossing assessment .....	\$ 22,000.00

#### LINCOLN STATE SCHOOL AND COLONY.

1	For dairy herd .....	\$ 2,000.00
2	For plumbing and new tile floors.....	\$ 8,000.00

3	For new cottage for girls and furnishing .....	\$ 50,000.00
4	For addition to bakery .....	\$ 3,000.00
5	For hydrotherapy equipment .....	\$ 3,000.00
6	For addition to school building and furnishing .....	\$ 40,000.00
7	For building to replace structure destroyed by fire .....	\$ 50,000.00

#### STATE COLONY FOR EPILEPTICS.

1	For the erection of buildings, other improvements, supervision	
2	and care of property.....	\$500,000.00

#### THE ILLINOIS SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.

1	For printing press .....	\$ 2,500.00
2	For silos .....	\$ 1,300.00

#### THE ILLINOIS SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

1	For free circulating library .....	\$ 1,600.00
2	For text books and apparatus .....	\$ 2,000.00

#### THE ILLINOIS INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR THE BLIND.

1	For working capital fund for the first year .....	\$ 50,542.00
2	For working capital fund for the second year .....	\$ 50,542.00
3	For painting main building.....	\$ 2,000.00
4	For painting factory building.....	\$ 2,000.00
5	For water storage tank and pump.....	\$ 4,000.00

#### THE ILLINOIS SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' HOME.

1	For standpipe with hose connection at hospital .....	\$ 1,800.00
2	For improvement of cemetery .....	\$ 4,000.00
3	For laundry machinery .....	\$ 1,250.00
4	For spiral fire escape for hospital.....	\$ 4,000.00
5	For extension of switch track.....	\$ 2,170.08

#### THE SOLDIERS' WIDOWS' HOME OF ILLINOIS.

1	For remodeling brick barn into laundry and additional machinery.	\$ 3,650.00
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### THE ILLINOIS SOLDIERS' ORPHANS' HOME.

1	For addition to school house and furnishing .....	\$ 3,500.00
2	For gymnasium building and equipment .....	\$ 25,000.00
3	For exterior painting of buildings.....	\$ 4,200.00
4	For electric wiring .....	\$ 800.00
5	For new electrical equipment on account of change in current.....	\$ 5,000.00

### THE STATE TRAINING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

1	For hospital and infirmary treatment, surgical operations, medical	
2	work and supplies for first year .....	\$ 5,864.00
3	For hospital and infirmary treatment, surgical operations, medical	
4	work and supplies for second year .....	\$ 5,864.00
5	For replacing steam and water pipes .....	\$ 7,000.00
6	For gymnasium building and equipment .....	\$ 25,000.00
7	For concrete tunnels .....	\$ 7,000.00
8	For remodeling cottage for hospital hydrotherapy .....	\$ 8,000.00
9	For septic tank and building.....	\$ 2,200.00

### THE ST. CHARLES SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

1	For drains and sewers .....	\$ 10,000.00
2	For walks and roads.....	\$ 3,000.00
3	For barns and sheds .....	\$ 15,000.00
4	For additional printing equipment.....	\$ 800.00
5	For auto truck .....	\$ 2,500.00
6	For employees' building .....	\$ 25,000.00

Sec. 2. All moneys above appropriated shall be due and payable to the  
 2 Board of Administration, or to its order, only on the terms and in the manner  
 3 provided in "An Act to revise the laws relating to charities," approved June  
 4 11, 1912.

Sec. 3. There is hereby reappropriated to the Board of Administration so  
 2 much of the sums hereinafter named, appropriated in and by "An Act making  
 3 appropriations for the State charitable institutions herein named," approved  
 4 June 25, 1913, as shall not be expended on or before the thirtieth day of Sep-  
 5 tember, A. D. 1915, payable from the State treasury in accordance with the pro-  
 6 visions of said Act, as follows:

#### ELGIN STATE HOSPITAL.

1 For new boiler plant, power house, and equipment .....\$ 90,500.00

#### ANNA STATE HOSPITAL.

1 For sewer, sewer pipe line, and septic tank .....\$ 4,500.00

#### WATERTOWN STATE HOSPITAL.

1 For water supply from the river.....\$ 15,500.00

#### CHICAGO STATE HOSPITAL.

1 For heat, light, power, ventilating and cold storage plant.....\$164,000.00

2 For laundry machinery .....\$ 15,000.00

#### ALTON STATE HOSPITAL.

1 For the erection of buildings, other improvements, supervision and

2 care of property .....\$205,000.00

3 For the purchase of ground and the erection of buildings for the new

4 insane hospital .....\$500,000.00

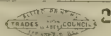
#### STATE COLONY FOR EPILEPTICS.

1 For the purchase of site, drawing plans and the preliminary con-

2 struction of new buildings.....\$500,000.00







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Smejkal, March 24, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the ordinary and other expenses of the State  
charitable institutions herein named.

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WHEREAS, Section 14 of "An Act to revise the laws relating to charities,"  
2 approved June 11, 1912, in force July 1, 1912, provides that it is the duty of  
3 the Board of Administration, with the approval of the Governor, to present  
4 the needs of the several institutions under the care of said board to the Legis-  
5 lature, and it is, under said Act, the further duty of the fiscal supervisor and  
6 all other members of the Board of Administration, to present to the Legislature  
7 and to the Governor all such information regarding appropriations asked for as  
8 may be required; and

9 WHEREAS, All the ordinary or maintenance appropriations for such institu-  
10 tions shall be made to the Board of Administration to be used for the several  
11 institutions according to their varying needs; and

12 WHEREAS, The Board of Administration has presented the needs of the sev-  
13 eral institutions hereinafter named for the ordinary or maintenance appro-  
14 priations for the two years beginning July 1, 1915, as follows:



ELGIN STATE HOSPITAL.                      For                      For

1	For ordinary operating expenses .....	\$308,300.00	\$321,500.00
2	For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 35,000.00	\$ 35,000.00
3	For ordinary care and improvement of grounds .....	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 2,000.00

KANKAKEE STATE HOSPITAL.

1	For ordinary operating expenses .....	\$534,450.00	\$567,600.00
2	For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 64,000.00	\$ 64,000.00
3	For ordinary care and improvement of grounds .....	\$ 2,500.00	\$ 2,500.00

PSYCHOPATHIC INSTITUTE, KANKAKEE.

1	For ordinary operating expenses.....	\$ 19,944.0	\$ 20,360.00
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JACKSONVILLE STATE HOSPITAL.

1	For ordinary operating expenses.....	\$356,220.00	\$335,220.00
2	For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 25,000.00
3	For ordinary care and improvement of grounds.....	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 2,000.00

ANNA STATE HOSPITAL.

1	For ordinary operating expenses.....	\$311,800.00	\$316,800.00
2	For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 25,000.00
3	For ordinary care and improvement of grounds .....	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 2,000.00

WATERTOWN STATE HOSPITAL.

1	For ordinary operating expenses .....	\$302,752.00	\$274,752.00
2	For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 24,000.00	\$ 24,000.00
3	For ordinary care and improvement of grounds .....	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 2,000.00

PEORIA STATE HOSPITAL.

1	For ordinary operating expenses.....	\$372,250.00	\$407,250.00
2	For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 35,000.00	\$ 35,000.00
3	For ordinary care and improvement of grounds .....	\$ 7,500.00	\$ 7,500.00

## CHESTER STATE HOSPITAL.

1 For ordinary operating expenses.....	\$ 51,000.00	\$ 52,344.00
2 For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 3,200.00	\$ 3,200.00
3 For ordinary care and improvement of grounds .....	\$ 500.00	\$ 500.00

## CHICAGO STATE HOSPITAL.

1 For ordinary operating expenses.....	\$424,059.00	\$507,009.00
2 For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 55,000.00	\$ 55,000.00
3 For ordinary care and improvement of grounds .....	\$ 3,500.00	\$ 3,500.00

## ALTON STATE HOSPITAL.

1 For ordinary operating expenses.....	\$ 31,500.00	\$127,200.00
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## LINCOLN STATE SCHOOL AND COLONY.

1 For ordinary operating expenses.....	\$254,150.00	\$312,700.00
2 For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 30,000.00
3 For ordinary care and improvement of grounds .....	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 2,000.00

## STATE COLONY FOR EPILEPTICS.

1 For ordinary operating expenses.....	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 60,000.00
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## THE ILLINOIS SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.

1 For ordinary operating expenses.....	\$122,400.00	\$144,180.00
2 For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 8,000.00	\$ 8,000.00
3 For ordinary care and improvement of grounds .....	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 1,000.00

## THE ILLINOIS SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

1 For ordinary operating expenses.....	\$ 79,778.87	\$ 81,573.87
2 For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 3,250.00	\$ 3,250.00
3 For ordinary care and improvement of grounds .....	\$ 500.00	\$ 500.00

## THE ILLINOIS INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR THE BLIND.

1 For ordinary operating expenses.....	\$ 35,605.00	\$ 35,605.00
2 For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 1,000.00

3	For ordinary care and improvement of grounds .....	\$ 100.00	\$ 100.00
4	For ordinary repairs and improvement of factory.....	\$ 1,500.00	\$ 1,500.00

#### THE ILLINOIS SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' HOME.

1	For ordinary operating expenses.....	\$233,900.00	\$245,900.00
2	For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 22,000.00	\$ 22,000.00
3	For ordinary care and improvement of grounds .....	\$ 1,750.00	\$ 1,750.00

#### THE SOLDIERS' WIDOWS' HOME OF ILLINOIS.

1	For ordinary operating expenses.....	\$ 26,300.00	\$ 31,300.00
2	For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 1,500.00	\$ 1,500.00
3	For ordinary care and improvement of grounds .....	\$ 1,000.00	\$ 1,000.00

#### THE ILLINOIS SOLDIERS' ORPHANS' HOME.

1	For ordinary operating expenses.....	\$ 68,444.00	\$ 86,684.00
2	For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 4,000.00	\$ 4,000.00
3	For ordinary care and improvement of grounds .....	\$ 400.00	\$ 400.00

#### THE ILLINOIS CHARITABLE EYE AND EAR INFIRMARY.

1	For ordinary operating expenses.....	\$ 69,221.00	\$ 69,221.00
2	For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 4,500.00	\$ 4,500.00

#### THE STATE TRAINING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

1	For ordinary operating expenses.....	\$ 74,515.00	\$ 94,515.00
2	For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 11,000.00	\$ 11,000.00
3	For ordinary care and improvement of grounds .....	\$ 1,744.00	\$ 744.00

#### THE ST. CHARLES SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

1	For ordinary operating expenses.....	\$157,100.00	\$195,000.00
2	For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 7,000.00	\$ 7,000.00
3	For ordinary care and improvement of grounds .....	\$ 1,500.00	\$ 1,500.00

SECTION 1. *Now, therefore, be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That there be and is hereby*

3 appropriated to the Board of Administration for the purpose of defraying the  
4 ordinary and other expenses of the State charitable institutions under the con-  
5 trol of said board, for the two years beginning July 1, 1915, and until the expira-  
6 tion of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General As-  
7 sembly, the sum of \$8,918,290.74, as follows:

	First Year.	Second Year.
8 For ordinary operating expenses .....	\$3,848,688.87	\$4,286,713.87
9 For ordinary repairs and improvements .....	\$ 359,950.00	\$ 359,950.00
10 For ordinary care and improvement of grounds...	\$ 31,994.00	\$ 30,994.00
<hr/>		
11 Total: .....	\$4,240,632.87	\$4,677,657.87

12 All of said moneys so appropriated shall be for the use of the several in-  
13 stitutions to be used by the Board of Administration according to the varying  
14 needs of such institutions.

Sec. 2. All moneys appropriated shall be due and payable to the Board of  
2 Administration, or to its order, only on the terms and in the manner provided in  
3 "An Act to revise the laws relating to Charities," approved June 11, 1912.











- 1 Introduced by Mr. Thon, (by request), March 25, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend sections 40, 42 and 48 of an Act entitled, "An Act in relation to a municipal court in the City of Chicago," approved May 18, 1905 and in force July 1, 1905 as subsequently amended.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That sections 40, 42 and 48 of an Act  
3 entitled, "An Act in relation to a municipal court in the City of Chicago," ap-  
4 proved May 18, 1905, and in force July 1, 1905, as subsequently amended, be  
5 and the same are hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 40. That every case of the fourth class mentioned in section two (2)  
2 of this Act, excepting attachment suits, garnishment suits, replevin suits, cases  
3 of distress for rent, forcible entry and detainer suits, and trials of the right of  
4 property, brought in the municipal court, shall be commenced by the filing by  
5 the plaintiff with the clerk of a præcipe for a summons, specifying the names  
6 of the parties to the suit, the amount of the plaintiff's claim and the day at which  
7 the summons shall be made returnable which day shall not be less than five

8 (5) nor more than fifteen (15) days from the filing of the præcipe and a  
 9 statement of the plaintiff's claim, which statement if the suit be upon a con-  
 10 tract, express or implied, shall consist of a statement of the account or of the  
 11 nature of the demand, or, if the suit be for a tort, it shall consist of a brief  
 12 statement of the nature of the tort and such further information as will reason-  
 13 ably inform the defendant of the nature of the case he is called upon to defend,  
 14 but nothing herein contained shall be construed to require the statement of  
 15 claim in any action for a tort to set forth the cause of action with the particu-  
 16 larity required in a declaration at common law: *Provided, it shall not be neces-*  
 17 *sary to file a præcipe or to issue any summons in case the defendant is to be*  
 18 *notified by publication or posting of notices.* In cases of the fourth class men-  
 19 tioned in said section two (2) of this Act, the municipal court may adopt  
 20 such rules and regulations as it may deem necessary to enable the parties, in  
 21 advance of the trial to ascertain the nature of the plaintiff's claim or claims  
 22 or of the defendant's defense or defenses. No summons, however, need be is-  
 23 sued or served in the case of the confession of a judgment in a case of the fourth  
 24 class, but, such judgment may be confessed in the same manner, as near as may  
 25 be, as in a similar case in the circuit court.

Sec. 42. *That every such summons issued out of the municipal court, shall*  
 2 *be served upon the defendant by the same method and in the same manner as*  
 3 *if the summons had issued out of the circuit court and shall be served by the*  
 4 *bailiff of said court unless other provisions of law be made therefor.* There  
 5 shall be attached to the copy of the summons thus served a copy of the plain-  
 6 tiff's præcipe and statement of claim. In case said summons shall not be  
 7 served upon the defendant three days or more prior to the return day there-  
 8 of an alias summons may be issued, and a subsequent pluries summons may be  
 9 issued in any case when a previous alias or pluries summons shall not have been  
 10 served upon the defendant three days or more prior to the return day fixed  
 11 in the previous summons. Service of such alias or pluries summons shall be  
 12 made in the same manner as that above provided for the service of the orig-

13 inal summons. It shall be the duty of the bailiff to return every summons im-  
14 mediately upon the expiration of the time within which the same is required  
15 to be served upon the defendant.

Sec. 48. That the practice and proceedings in the municipal court, other  
2 than the mode of trial and the proceedings subsequent to trial, in cases of at-  
3 tachment, garnishment, replevin, distress for rent, and forcible detainer, in-  
4 cluded within the cases of the fourth class mentioned in section two (2) of this  
5 Act, shall be the same, as near as may be, as that which is now prescribed by  
6 law for similar cases in other courts of record with the following excep-  
7 tions:

8 First: (a) *In attachment, garnishment, replevin, distress for rent and*  
9 *forcible detainer cases, no statement shall be necessary. An affidavit for at-*  
10 *tachment, garnishment, replevin copy of the distress warrant and complaint in*  
11 *forcible detainer shall be the only written pleadings required, except such writ-*  
12 *ten pleadings or statements as may be required from time to time by the rules*  
13 *of the municipal court. In garnishment cases the party for whose use the pro-*  
14 *ceedings are instituted shall be designated plaintiff, the judgment debtor shall*  
15 *be designated defendant and the party upon whom garinshment process is*  
16 *served shall be designated garnishee.*

17 (b) *If the plaintiff, his agent or attorney shall file in any attachment,*  
18 *replevin, distress for rent or forcible detainer suit an affidavit stating that the*  
19 *defendant is not a resident of this State, or has departed from this State, or*  
20 *on due inquiry cannot be found, or is concealed within this State so that process*  
21 *cannot be served upon him, and also stating the place of residence of the de-*  
22 *fendant, if known, and if not known, that upon diligent inquiry the affiant has*  
23 *not been able to ascertain the same, then if the case be attachment or distress*  
24 *for rent case and the amount claimed by the plaintiff, exclusive of costs, does*  
25 *not exceed two hundred dollars, or if the case be a forcible detainer case and no*  
26 *claim for rent is joined with the complaint for possession the defendant may*  
27 *be notified by posting or posting and mailing of notices as hereinafter provided in*



28 this section; but if the case be an attachment or distress for rent case and the  
 29 amount claimed by the plaintiff, exclusive of costs, exceeds two hundred dol-  
 30 lars, or if the case be replevin, the defendant may be notified by publication or  
 31 publication and mailing of notices as hereinafter provided in this section; if the  
 32 case be one of the trial of the right of property or any other case where others  
 33 interested in the litigation should be notified such notice to the defendant and  
 34 others interested shall be given as shall be ordered by the court.

35 (c) Whenever notice by publication is required or proper to be given to  
 36 any defendant, it shall be the duty of the clerk of said court to give notice by  
 37 publication at least once in each week for three weeks successively in some  
 38 newspaper of general circulation published in said City of Chicago, which no-  
 39 tice shall be directed to the defendant, shall state the nature of the process  
 40 against the defendant, at whose instance issued, the amount claimed to be due, if  
 41 for a money demand, the time and place of trial, and shall also state that unless  
 42 said defendant shall appear at the time and place fixed for trial judgment will  
 43 be entered by default, and shall also state the character of the judgment that  
 44 will be rendered in said cause and of the execution that will be issued thereon,  
 45 and the clerk of the court shall mail to each of the defendants at their last  
 46 known places of residence as stated in the affidavit filed as a foundation for  
 47 said publication, a copy of said notice within ten days after the first day of  
 48 the publication of the same. Whenever notice by posting is required or proper  
 49 to be given to any defendant, said notice shall be in the name of the clerk of  
 50 the court, be directed to the defendant, shall state the nature of the process  
 51 against the defendant and at whose instance issued, the amount claimed to be due  
 52 if for a money demand, the time and place for trial, and shall also state that un-  
 53 less said defendant shall appear at the time and place fixed for trial, judgment  
 54 will be entered by default, and shall also state the character of the judgment that  
 55 will be rendered in said cause and of the execution that will be issued thereon,  
 56 three copies of which notice the bailiff shall post in three public places  
 56½ in the neighborhood of the court where said cause is to be tried,  
 57 at least ten days prior to the day set for the trial, and if the place of residence

58 of the defendant is stated in any affidavit on file, the bailiff shall at the same  
 59 time mail one copy of the notice addressed to such defendant at such place of  
 60 residence and on or before the day set for trial said bailiff shall file said notice  
 61 with an endorsement thereon stating the time when and places where he posted  
 62 and to whom and at what address he mailed copies as herein required. For want  
 63 of sufficient notice any cause may be continued from time to time until the court  
 64 has jurisdiction of any defendant.

65 Second: In attachment cases the defendant, at the time of his appearing  
 66 in person, or of his entering his appearance in writing, if he shall desire to  
 67 be permitted to present any set-off or counter claim, shall file a statement  
 68 thereof.

69 Third: In forcible detainer cases the plaintiff may unite with his claim  
 70 for possession of the property any claim for rent or damages for withholding  
 71 possession thereof, and in such cases the service of summons, practice and  
 72 proceedings shall be as provided by this Act for fourth class cases regardless  
 73 of the amount of such claim for rent or damages, except that where such  
 74 amount exceeds \$1,000 the costs shall be as in first class cases.

Sec. 2. That this Act shall be submitted to a vote of the legal voters of the  
 2 City of Chicago at the first regular municipal, judicial, general or special elec-  
 3 tion which shall occur in said City of Chicago, after the first day of July, A.  
 4 D., 1915. The ballots to be used at said election in voting upon this Act shall  
 5 be in substantially the following form:

FOR consent to the Act entitled, "An Act to amend sections 40, 42 and 48 of an Act entitled, 'An Act in relation to a municipal court in the City of Chicago,' approved May 18, 1905 and in force July 1, 1905 as subsequently amended."	
AGAINST consenting to the Act entitled, "An Act to amend sections 40, 42 and 48 of an Act entitled, 'An Act in relation to a municipal court in the City of Chicago,' approved May 18, 1905, and in force July 1, 1905 as subsequently amended."	

6 If a majority of the legal voters of said city voting on the question at such  
 7 election shall vote in favor of consenting to this Act, the same shall thereupon  
 8 take effect and become operative.





1 Adopted May 7, 1915.

AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend the title of House Bill No. 500, by inserting between the word  
2 "sections" and the figures "40" the following figures: "16."

AMENDMENT NO. 2.

Amend House Bill No. 500, section 1, by inserting in line 2, between the word  
2 "sections" and the figures "40," the following figures: "16."

AMENDMENT NO. 3.

Amend House Bill No. 500, by inserting a new section before section 40 of  
2 the bill, the new section to be entitled section 16, said section to be in words and  
3 figures as follows: to-wit:

Sec. 16. That there shall be a bailiff of said municipal court whose term of  
2 office shall be six (6) years and until his successor shall be elected and qualified  
3 and who shall be elected on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of No-  
4 vember, A. D., 1906, and every six years thereafter. He shall perform with re-  
5 spect to said municipal court the duties usually performed by sheriffs in respect  
6 to attendance upon, and service and execution of the process, and obedience of  
7 the lawful orders and directions of a circuit court. He shall give his personal  
8 attention to the performance of the duties of his office. He shall maintain an  
9 office in each district and each office shall be kept open for the transaction of  
10 business from half-past eight o'clock A. M. to half-past five o'clock P. M. of each  
11 working day during the year, excepting that on Saturdays, after the hour of one

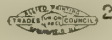


12 o'clock P. M., the bailiff may close such of his offices as he may deem proper at  
13 one o'clock P. M. Until otherwise provided by the rules which may be adopted  
14 under the provisions of this Act, the powers, duties and liabilities, the oath  
15 of office, and the bonds and conditions thereof, of such bailiff shall be the same,  
16 as near as may be, as those prescribed by law for sheriffs with respect to at-  
17 tendance upon and service and execution of the process, and obedience of the  
18 lawful orders and directions, of a circuit court. He shall be commissioned by  
19 the Governor. When a vacancy occurs in the office of bailiff and the unex-  
20 pired term exceeds one year, the judges shall appoint a bailiff pro tempore, who  
21 shall qualify by giving bond and taking the oath as required by law of the  
22 bailiff, and thereupon such appointee shall perform all the duties required of a  
23 duly elected bailiff of said court, and shall receive a like salary, and shall hold  
24 such office until some person is elected and qualified according to law to fill such  
25 vacancy. Whenever any such vacancy occurs, the chief justice shall forth-  
26 with notify the Governor thereof, who, upon receiving such notice, shall, as  
27 soon thereafter as may be practicable, issue a writ of election as in other cases.  
28 When a vacancy occurs in the office of bailiff and the unexpired term is less than  
29 one year the judges shall appoint a bailiff pro tempore, who shall  
30 qualify by giving bond and taking the oath required by law on  
31 the bailiff. and thereupon such appointee shall perform all the duties  
32 required of a duly elected bailiff of said court and shall receive  
33 a like salary, and shall hold such office until some person is elected  
34 and qualified according to law to fill such vacancy. It shall be  
35 unnecessary to serve any process of summons upon the bailiff in any suit against  
36 him commenced in the municipal court. In lieu of the service of such process  
37 the clerk shall notify the bailiff of the commencement of such suit and the bailiff  
38 shall thereupon forthwith enter his appearance therein, such entry of appear-  
39 ance to be made without any advance payment of costs. The salary of the  
40 bailiff shall be fixed by the city council: *Provided, however,* that such salary



41 shall not be less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per annum and that it shall  
42 not exceed the salary which may be fixed for an associate judge of the muni-  
43 cipal court and that it shall neither be increased nor diminished during the term  
44 for which the bailiff shall have been elected: *And, provided, further, that until*  
45 *the fixing of the salary by the city council the salary of the bailiff shall be five*  
46 *thousand dollars (\$5,000) per annum. Such salary shall be payable in monthly*  
47 *installments out of the city treasury. The bailiff may employ an attorney at a*  
48 *salary of not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per annum, to be fixed*  
49 *annually by a majority of the judges of the municipal court, which salary, to-*  
50 *gether with all expenses incurred by the bailiff in prosecuting or defending*  
51 *suits brought by or against him in his official capacity, shall be paid out of the*  
52 *city treasury. All suits commenced by the bailiff or against him in his official*  
53 *capacity, and pending in any court at the time of the expiration of his term of*  
54 *office or at the time of his death, resignation or removal from office, and suits*  
55 *that may be commenced by or against him in his official capacity, shall be prose-*  
56 *cuted or defended, as the case may be, by such bailiff or his legal representa-*  
57 *tives at the expense of the city of Chicago, and said necessary expense, together*  
58 *with such reasonable attorney's fees as shall be fixed by a majority of the*  
59 *judges of the municipal court, shall be paid out of the city treasury: Provided,*  
60 *however, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to require the city of*  
61 *Chicago to pay any judgment or costs recovered against the bailiff.*





1 Introduced by Mr. Devine, March 25, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act concerning proof of handwriting and to permit proof of handwriting  
to be made by comparison.

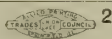
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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That in all courts of this State it shall  
3 be lawful to prove handwriting by comparison made by the witness or jury  
4 with writings properly in the files or records of the case, admitted in evidence  
5 or treated as genuine or admitted to be genuine, by the party against whom the  
6 evidence is offered, or proved to be genuine to the satisfaction of the court.

Sec. 2. Before a standard of writing shall be admitted in evidence by the  
2 court for comparison such notice thereof as under all the circumstances of the  
3 case is reasonable shall first be given to the opposite party or his attorney.

Sec. 3. A reasonable opportunity to examine such proposed standards  
2 shall on motion duly made be accorded the opposite party, his attorney and wit-  
3 nesses, prior to the introduction in evidence of such standards and the court  
4 may, in its discretion, impound the same with the clerk of the court for that  
5 purpose.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. F. J. Ryan (by request), March 25, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

## A BILL

For an Act to amend section 35 of an Act entitled, "An Act for the assessment of property and providing the means therefor, and to repeal a certain Act therein named," approved February 25, 1898, in force July 1, 1898, as amended by an Act approved May 18, 1905, in force July 1, 1905, by adding a proviso at the end of the second sub-section of said section 35.

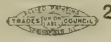
SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the second sub-section of section 35  
3 of an Act entitled, "An Act for the assessment of property and providing the  
4 means therefor, and to repeal a certain Act therein named," approved Febru-  
5 ary 25, 1898, in force July 1, 1898, as amended by an Act approved May 18,  
6 1905, in force July 1, 1905, be amended by adding at the end of said second sub-  
7 section the following proviso:

8 *Provided, that the Board of Review, shall in no case reduce any assess-*  
9 *ment of real or personal property, unless there is filed with the application ask-*  
10 *ing for such reduction a written or printed statement subscribed and sworn to*  
11 *by the property owner or his duly authorized agent, setting forth in detail the*



12 reasons upon which the application is made; which statement shall in all cases  
13 include a description and value of the property involved, and shall be preserved  
14 by said Board of Review for at least two years after it is filed. Any member  
15 of the Board of Review violating this section or conniving at its violation shall  
16 be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined in  
17 any sum not exceeding \$5,000 or imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding  
18 one year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

19 Any member of the Board of Review, or any duly authorized deputy clerk  
20 of said Board of Review, is hereby authorized to administer the oath required  
21 in this section. And any person making such statement, under oath, who shall  
22 swear falsely, shall be deemed guilty of perjury and punished accordingly.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. F. J. Ryan (by request), March 25, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Revenue.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend section 24 of an Act entitled, "An Act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by an Act approved May 1, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, and to repeal a certain Act therein named.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: That section 24 of an Act entitled, "An Act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by Act approved May 1, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:*

*Persons listing personal property shall make out, under oath, and deliver to the assessor, at the time required in the notice of the assessor, where such notice is served upon such persons as provided by section 79 of an Act entitled, "An Act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, or sections 16 and 17 of an Act entitled, "An Act for the assessment of property and providing the*

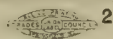
means therefor and to repeal a certain Act therein named," approved February 25, 1898, in force July 1, 1898, and if no such notice is served then at some time between the first day of April and the first day of June in each year, a schedule of the numbers, amounts, quantity and quality of all personal property in their possession or under their control required to be listed for taxation by them. It shall be the duty of the assessor to determine and fix the fair cash value of all items of personal property, including all grain on hand on the 1st day of April and in assessing notes, accounts, bonds and moneys; the assessor shall be governed by the same rules of uniformity that he adopts as to value in assessing other personal property. And the assessor or deputy assessors are hereby authorized to administer the oath required in this section. And if any person shall refuse, neglect or fail to make such schedule then the assessor shall value the property of such person according to his best judgment and information and shall add to such valuation an amount equal to fifty per cent thereof, to cover property withheld from the assessor by a failure to disclose, and enter the assessment accordingly. And if any person making such schedule shall swear falsely, he shall be guilty of perjury and punished accordingly. Any person required to list personal property, who has been requested or notified by the assessor, as above provided, who shall refuse, neglect or fail so to do within the time required in such notice, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding one (1) year, or both, in the discretion of the court. Any such person upon whom no request or notice to list personal property has been served by the assessor, as above provided, who shall refuse, fail or neglect to make and deliver to the assessor such list or schedule, between the first day of April and the first day of June of any year, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and the several assessors shall report to the State's Attorney all persons who refuse, neglect or fail to make such schedule, as herein required, as

43 *soon as possible after such refusals, neglects or failures occur, and it is hereby*  
44 *made the duty of the State's Attorney to prosecute the same.*

Sec. 2. Section 19 of an Act entitled, "An Act for the assessment of  
2 property and providing the means therefor and to repeal a certain Act therein  
3 named," approved February 25, 1898, in force July 1, 1898, is hereby repealed.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. Hubbard, March 25, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to roads and bridges," approved June 27, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, by amending section one hundred fifty-three (153) thereof.

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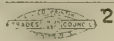
SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:* That an Act entitled, "An Act to revise the law in relation to roads and bridges," approved June 27, 1913, in force July 1, 1913, be and the same is hereby amended by amending section 153 thereof so that the said section when amended shall read as follows:

6 Sec. 153. It shall be unlawful for any itinerant person or persons on any  
7 public highway in this State to either hitch or turn loose any stock, cows,  
8 horses or other animals for purpose of feeding same or for purpose of tempo-  
9 rary camping on such public highways of this State for a period to exceed  
10 twelve hours in any one township or district.

11 Any legal voter or resident in this State may enter complaint before any  
12 court having jurisdiction against any person or persons found violating this  
13 section and it shall be the duty of such court to issue a warrant for the arrest

14 of such violators and have them brought forthwith before said court for exam-  
15 ination, and if found guilty of such violation as charged, shall be fined in a sum  
16 not less than ten dollars (\$10.00) or exceeding fifty dollars (\$50.00) for each  
17 such offense, or committed to the county jail not exceeding thirty days, at the  
18 discretion of such court.

19 *It shall be the duty of the commissioner of highways to enforce the provis-*  
20 *ions of this section and to that end procure warrants for the arrest of all vio-*  
21 *lators hereof.*



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Santry, March 25, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Military Affairs.

## A BILL

For an Act to establish and maintain a home for disabled and dependent members of the Illinois National Guard and Illinois Naval Reserve, who have been honorably discharged.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That there shall be established as here-  
3 inafter provided a State Home for Disabled and Dependent Members of the Illi-  
4 nois National Guard and Illinois Naval Reserve, who have been honorably dis-  
5 charged.

6 As soon as may be after the taking effect of this Act, the Governor shall  
7 appoint three commissioners to select a site for the location of said home.

Sec. 2. On the appointment of said commissioners, they shall by adver-  
2 tisement in not less than two daily newspapers published in the city of Chicago,  
3 one in the city of Peoria and one in the city of Springfield, and one in the city  
4 of Rockford, solicit a donation for a site for said home, describing the re-  
5 quirements therefor, and if in the opinion of said commissioners the proposed

6 donated site shall be suitable for the said home and the title thereof, good, free  
7 and clear, said commissioners may accept such offer and cause proper con-  
8 veyances thereof to be made to such home by the corporate name of "Illinois  
9 State Home for Disabled and Dependent Members of the Illinois National Guard  
10 and Illinois Naval Reserve."

Sec. 3. The affairs of said home shall be managed by the above mentioned  
2 board of commissioners, who shall establish rules and regulations for the gov-  
3 ernment thereof. For the first board of commissioners two of said commission-  
4 ers shall be appointed for a period of two years, and one for the period of  
5 three years, and they shall hold their office until their successors are appoint-  
6 ed or until they are removed for cause by order of the Governor.

Sec. 4. A majority of said board of commissioners shall constitute a  
2 quorum for the transaction of business.

Sec. 5. The commissioners shall, before entering upon the duties of their  
2 office, take and subscribe the oath prescribed by the Constitution, which oath  
3 shall be recorded in the minutes of the board and filed in the office of the Sec-  
4 retary of State.

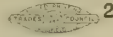
Sec. 6. The said board shall elect from their number a president and vice  
2 president and shall appoint some person, not a member of the board, to be  
3 treasurer of the institution.

Sec. 7. The board of commissioners shall appoint a superintendent for  
2 said home and they shall have power to remove him at pleasure and said super-  
3 intendent shall be ex officio secretary of said home. All other officers and em-  
4 ployees of said home shall be appointed by said board of commissioners, who  
5 shall have authority to remove them at will. They shall have authority to fix  
6 all salaries of employees, to have sole charge and general supervision of said  
7 home and to do and perform all and every act necessary for the proper conduct  
8 of same.

Sec. 8. The board of commissioners shall make all needful rules and regulations for the management of said home and its inmates. Said board shall cause to be prepared suitable plans and specifications for the construction of suitable buildings upon any land donated to the State and if none be donated they shall have power to purchase a suitable site, subject to the approval of the Governor, and said board of commissioners shall have all authority pertaining to the erection and maintenance of said home necessary for the erection and continuance thereof.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. T. E. Graham, March 25, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on License and Mis-  
cellany.

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## A BILL

For an Act to legalize the organization of sanitary districts.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That in all cases where a majority of  
3 the voters voting upon the question shall have voted in favor of the formation  
4 of a sanitary district under the authority of "An Act to create sanitary dis-  
5 tricts, and to provide for sewage disposal," approved June 5, 1911, said sani-  
6 tary district is hereby in all respects legalized, notwithstanding any infor-  
7 mality or irregularity in the proceedings had in calling the election or in the  
8 holding or conduct thereof. And the commission which acted in determining  
9 the boundaries of such district shall meet and by order, to be entered upon the  
10 records of the county court of the county wherein said district is situated, fix  
11 and determine the boundaries of the several wards of said district and ap-  
12 point or reappoint such trustees as may be necessary in the event that any trus-  
13 tee shall not be a resident of the ward from which he was appointed.

Sec. 2. This Act shall not affect proceedings in court pending when this  
2 Act takes effect.





1 Adopted April 23, 1915.

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AMENDMENT NO. 1.

Amend House Bill 506 by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting the following:

That in all cases where the officers who shall have canvassed the election returns shall have found that a majority of the voters voting upon the question shall have voted in favor of the formation of a sanitary district under the authority of "An Act to create sanitary districts, and to provide for sewage disposal," approved June 5, 1911, *as amended*, said sanitary district is hereby in all respects legalized, notwithstanding any informality or irregularity in the proceedings had in calling the election or in the holding or conduct thereof. And the commission which acted in determining the boundaries of such district shall meet and by order, to be entered upon the records of the county court of the county wherein said district is situated, fix and determine the boundaries of the several wards of said district and appoint or reappoint such trustees as may be necessary in the event that any trustee shall not be a resident of the ward from which he was appointed.

Sec. 2. This Act shall not affect proceedings in court pending when this Act takes effect.







- 1 Introduced by Mr. T. E. Graham, March 25, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on License and Miscel-  
lany.

## A BILL

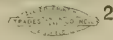
For an Act to amend section 9 of "An Act to create sanitary districts and to provide  
for sewage disposal", approved June 5, 1911. ,

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section 9 of "An Act to create sani-  
3 tary districts, and to provide for sewage disposal," approved June 5, 1911, be  
4 and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Sec. 9. The corporation may borrow money for corporate purposes and  
2 may issue bonds therefor, but shall not become indebted, in any manner, or for  
3 any purpose, to an amount in the aggregate to exceed five per centum on the valu-  
4 ation of taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for  
5 State and county taxes previous to the incurring of such indebtedness. When-  
6 ever the board of trustees of such district desires to issue bonds hereunder they  
7 shall order an election to be held in such district upon the question. The no-  
8 tice of election shall state the amount of bonds to be issued and the polling places  
9 at which such election shall be held, and shall be posted in at least five public

10 places at least twenty days prior to the election. Such election notice shall also  
 11 be published in a newspaper published in said district at least twenty days  
 12 prior to the election. The board of trustees shall appoint judges and clerks  
 13 for such election, and the returns of such election shall be filed with the Clerk  
 14 of the Board and be canvassed and the result ascertained by said Board and en-  
 15 tered upon the records of the district. If it shall appear that a majority of the  
 16 voters voting at said election on said question shall have voted in favor of the is-  
 17 sue of said bonds, the board of trustees shall order and direct the execution of the  
 18 bonds for and on behalf of said district. All bonds issued hereunder shall ma-  
 19 ture in not exceeding twenty annual installments. The ballots at elections held  
 20 under this section shall be in substantially the following form:

Proposition to issue bonds of .....	YES	
district to the amount of.....		
dollars.	NO	



1 Introduced by Mr. Desmond, March 25, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judicial Department and Practice.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act in relation to courts of record in cities," approved May 10, 1901, as now in force.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That section one of an Act entitled, "An  
3 Act in relation to courts of record in cities" approved May 10, 1901, be so  
4 amended as to read as follows: .

SECTION 1. The several courts of record now existing in and for cities, and  
2 any court hereafter established in and for any city in this State, shall severally  
3 be styled "The City Court of (name of city,)" and shall have concurrent juris-  
4 diction with the circuit courts in such city in all causes, matters and proceed-  
5 ings in law and equity, in appeals from Justices of the Peace, and in criminal  
6 cases arising in said city, and the course of procedure and practice in said courts  
7 shall be the same as in the circuit courts so far as may be.

Sec. 2. That section six of said Act be so amended as to read as follows:

Sec. 6. Judges of city courts may interchange and hold court for each other, and may interchange with the judges of the circuit courts and the Superior court of Cook county and hold court for any of the judges of such courts, and the judges of circuit courts, and the Superior court of Cook county may hold any of the city courts, when necessary or convenient.

Sec. 3. That section fourteen of said Act be so amended as to read as follows:

Sec. 14. Changes of venue may be taken to and from city courts and circuit courts for the same causes and in the same manner as taken in the circuit courts; and when a change of venue is sought on the ground that the judge of a city court is prejudiced or disqualified, any judge of a city or circuit court may be substituted by consent of the parties, or at the request of the judge objected to or disqualified.

Sec. 4. That section twenty-one of said Act as amended and now in force to be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 21. A city court may be hereafter established consisting of one judge and a clerk, in any city containing at least ten thousand inhabitants, and with an additional judge for each fifty thousand of the city's inhabitants or a less number in cities having more than ten thousand inhabitants, whenever the city council shall adopt an ordinance or resolution to submit the question to the voters of the city whether a city court shall be established and two-thirds of the voters cast at the election shall be in favor of the establishment of a city court, such election to be held and conducted as other city elections. An additional judge for a city court may be elected whenever there shall not be a judge for each fifty thousand of the city's inhabitants, at an election to be called by the city council for that purpose and held the same as other city elections, but at the time fixed for the election of the clerk and first judge, and when the office of an additional judge has already been created the next election for each judge shall be held for the unexpired term of the clerk and first judge and he shall there-



15 after hold office for four years. The number of inhabitants shall be determin-  
16 ed by reference to the Federal census, or a census taken by the city authorities.

17 When a city court shall have more than one judge, each judge may hold a  
18 separate branch thereof at the same time and exercise all the power vested in  
19 such court for that purpose; but as to other Acts and proceedings a majority of  
20 the judges must concur, and if there are only two judges, both must concur.

21 A city court may be disestablished by a majority vote of the electors of the  
22 city cast at an election called by the city council, and held in the same manner as  
23 other city elections. When a city court shall cease to do business for two  
24 years or more, the city council may pass an ordinance abolishing such court.

25 In case a city court shall be disestablished or abolished, the clerk of such  
26 court shall transfer and deliver to the clerk of the circuit court of the county in  
27 which such city court is situated all books, papers, files and records in his cus-  
28 tody, and thereupon the circuit court shall become invested with jurisdiction  
29 over the same and all orders, decrees and judgment of such city court and may  
30 proceed in reference thereto the same as the city court could have done.

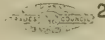
Sec. 5. That section twenty-three of said Act as amended and now in force  
2 be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 23. The judges of city courts shall be paid an annual salary out of the  
2 State treasury, in cities having a population of less than twenty-five thousand  
3 inhabitants, the sum of two thousand dollars; in cities having more than twen-  
4 ty-five thousand and not exceeding fifty thousand inhabitants, the sum of three  
5 thousand dollars; in cities having more than fifty thousand inhabitants, the sum  
6 of four thousand dollars; the population to be determined by reference to the  
7 last Federal census, or by a census taken by the city authorities.

Sec. 6. All Acts and parts of Acts in conflict with this Act are hereby re-  
2 pealed.







1 Introduced by Mr. Groves, March 25, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

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## A BILL

For an Act for an appropriation for the erection of a monument to the memory of  
Abraham Lincoln at Petersburg, Illinois.

WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln is the most striking example in history of the  
2 self-made man who through his own efforts has reached the apex of distinction  
3 in the leading nation of the world and the first place in the admiration and ap-  
3 preciation of mankind and,

4 WHEREAS, In his life time the said Abraham Lincoln was a familiar figure  
5 in the city life of Petersburg, Illinois, that being the first place in Illinois with  
6 which the great emancipator became identified as a citizen and public man:  
7 Therefore,

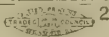
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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the Governor be and is hereby au-

3 thorized and empowered to appoint three (3) commissioners who shall act with-  
4 out compensation and who shall arronge for the designing, construction, and erec-  
5 tion at Petersburg, Illinois, of a suitable monument to the memory of Abraham  
6 Lincoln and the said commissioners shall proceed to procure a site, construct  
7 and erect said monument.

Sec. 2. For the purpose of carrying out the duties of said commission  
2 there is hereby appropriated the sum of twenty-five thousand (\$25,000) dollars  
3 or so much thereof as shall be necessary.

Sec. 3. The auditor of public accounts is hereby authorized and directed  
2 upon presentation of proper vouchers signed by the chairman and secretary of  
3 said commission and approved by the Governor, to draw his warrants upon the  
4 State Treasurer for the sum herein appropriated and the State Treasurer is  
5 authorized and directed to pay the same out of any funds in the State treasury  
6 not otherwise appropriated.



- 1 Introduced by Mr. Dalton, March 25, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

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## A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled, "An Act concerning local improvements," approved June 14, 1897, in force July 1, 1897, as amended by subsequent Acts, by amending sections 57, 58 and 84 thereof.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly: That an Act entitled, "An Act concern-*  
3 *ing local improvements," approved June 14, 1897, in force July 1, 1897, as*  
4 *amended by subsequent Acts, be and the same is hereby amended by amending*  
5 *sections 57, 58 and 84 thereof, so that said sections when amended shall read as*  
6 *follows:*

Sec. 57. *If any assessment shall be annulled by the city council or board*  
2 *of trustees, or set aside by any court, a new assessment may be made and re-*  
3 *turned, and like notice given and proceedings had as herein required in rela-*  
4 *tion to the first; and all parties in interest shall have like rights, and the city*  
5 *council or board of trustees, and the court, shall perform like duties and have*  
6 *like power in relation to any subsequent assessment as are hereby given in*  
7 *relation to the first assessment.*

Sec. 58. *No special assessment shall be held void because levied for work already done under a prior ordinance, if it shall appear that such work was done in good faith, by the contract duly let and executed, pursuant to an ordinance providing that such improvement should be paid for by special assessment or special tax. This provision shall only apply when the prior ordinance shall be held insufficient for the purpose of such assessment, or otherwise defective, so that the collection of the assessment therein provided for becomes impossible. A new or special ordinance shall in such case be passed, providing for such assessment, and such ordinance need not be presented by the board of local improvements.*

Sec. 84. *Within thirty (30) days after the final completion and acceptance of the work, as hereinbefore provided, the board of local improvements shall cause the cost thereof to be certified in writing to the court in which said assessment was confirmed, together with an amount estimated by the board to be required to pay the accruing interests on bonds or vouchers issued to anticipate collection, and thereupon, if the total amount assessed for said improvement upon the public and private property exceeds the cost of the same, all of said excess, excepting the amount required to pay such interest as herein provided for, shall be abated and the judgment reduced proportionately to the public and private property owners, and shall be credited pro rata upon the respective assessments for said improvements under direction of the court, and, in case the assessment is collectable in installments, such reduction shall be made so that all installments shall be equal in amount, except that all fractional amounts shall be added to the first installment so as to leave the remaining installments in the aggregate equal in amount and each a multiple of one hundred dollars (\$100). If, prior to the entry of the order abating and reducing said assessment, the same shall have been certified for collection pursuant to the provisions of section 61 of this Act as herein amended, and any of the installments of such assessment so certified for collection have become due and payable, the reduction and abatement above referred to shall be made pro rata upon the*



21 other installments; the intent and meaning hereof being that no property  
22 owner shall be required to pay to the collector or a greater amount than his pro-  
23 portionate share of the cost of said work and of the interest that may accrue  
24 thereon. In every assessment proceeding in which the assessment shall be di-  
25 vided into installments, it shall also be the duty of the board of local improve-  
26 ments to state in said certificate whether or not the said improvement conforms  
27 substantially to the requirements of the original ordinance for the construction  
28 of the improvement, and to make an application to said court to consider and  
29 determine whether or not the facts stated in said certificate are true; and there-  
30 upon the court shall, upon such application, fix a time and place for a hearing  
31 upon the said petition, and shall enter the same of record, such time to be not  
32 less than fifteen (15) days after the filing of such certificate and application.  
33 Public notice shall be given of the time and place fixed for such hearing by  
34 posting and publishing in a newspaper, in the same manner and for the same  
35 period as provided in this Act for publishing notice of application for the con-  
36 firmation of the original assessment, the posting and publication of such notice  
37 to be not less than fifteen (15) days before the day fixed by such order for such  
38 hearing. At the time and place fixed by such notice, or at any time thereafter,  
39 the court shall proceed to hear said application and any objections which may  
40 be filed thereto within the time fixed in such order, and upon such hearing the  
41 said certificate of the board of local improvements shall be prima facie evidence  
42 that the matters and things therein stated are true, but if any part thereof are  
43 controverted by objections duly filed upon such petition, the court shall hear  
44 and determine the same in a summary manner, and shall enter an order ac-  
45 cording to the fact. Such order of the court shall be conclusive upon all the  
46 parties and no appeal therefrom or writ of error thereto shall be allowed to  
47 review or reverse the same. If, upon such hearing, the court shall find  
48 against the allegations of the said certificate, it shall enter an order accordingly,  
49 but it shall be the duty of the said board of local improvements to procure the  
50 completion of the said improvement in substantial accordance with the said or-  
51 dinance, and said board may, from time to time, file additional or supplemental

52 applications or petitions in respect thereto, until the court shall be eventually  
53 satisfied that the allegations of such certificates or petitions are true, and that  
54 said improvement is constructed in substantial accordance with the said ordi-  
55 nance. If, before the entry of such order upon such certificate, there shall have  
56 been issued to the contractor in the progress of any such work, any bonds to  
57 apply upon the contract price thereof, said contractor or the then owner or  
58 holder of such bonds, shall be entitled to receive in lieu thereof new bonds of  
59 equivalent amount, dated and issued after the entry of such order.

- 1 Introduced by Mr. Buxton, March 25, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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## A BILL

For an Act to prohibit persons lawfully detained in any county jail or other place of imprisonment, or in the custody of any officer upon any criminal charge for the violation of any penal statute, from breaking or leaving such jail or place of imprisonment or custody without lawful authority, and to prohibit the giving, furnishing or supplying to any person, lawfully detained in any county jail or other place of imprisonment, with any instruments, tools, implements or chemicals, which might be used by such person so detained in escaping or attempting to escape from such jail or place of imprisonment, and to prohibit the aiding, encouraging, abetting or assisting any such person so detained from escaping from such jail or place of imprisonment, and to provide penalties therefor.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That it is hereby made unlawful for any  
3 person lawfully detained in any county jail or other place of imprisonment,  
4 or in the custody of any officer upon any criminal charge, for the violation of any  
5 penal statute, whether before or after conviction, to break such jail or other

6 place of imprisonment or to leave such custody, without lawful authority, or at-  
 7 tempt to break such jail or other place of imprisonment, or to attempt to leave  
 8 such custody without lawful authority.

Sec. 2. It is hereby made unlawful for any person by any means what-  
 2 ever to give, furnish or supply to any person lawfully detained in any county  
 3 jail or other place of imprisonment any instrument, tools, implements, or chem-  
 4 icals, which might be used by such person so detained in such jail or other place  
 5 of imprisonment in escaping therefrom, or by any means whatever to aid, en-  
 6 courage, abet or assist any prisoner lawfully confined in any jail or place of  
 7 confinement, whether before or after conviction, to escape therefrom.

Sec. 3. It is hereby made unlawful for any person to aid, encourage, abet  
 2 or assist any prisoner in escaping or attempting to escape from the custody of  
 3 any sheriff, coroner, constable, or other ministerial officer or other person who  
 4 shall have the lawful charge and custody of such prisoner, whether before or  
 5 after the conviction of such prisoner.

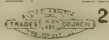
Sec. 4. PENALTIES.] Any person violating any of the provisions of sec-  
 2 tion one (1) of this Act shall be guilty of a felony, and upon conviction therefor  
 3 shall be sentenced to the penitentiary for a term of not less than two (2) nor  
 4 more than ten (10) years.

5 Any person violating any of the provisions of section two (2) of this Act,  
 6 upon conviction therefor, shall be sentenced to the penitentiary for a term of  
 7 not less than one (1) nor more than five (5) years.

8 Any person violating any of the provisions of section three (3) of this Act  
 9 shall be guilty of a felony, and upon conviction therefor shall be sentenced to the  
 10 penitentiary for a term not less than one (1) nor more than three (3) years.

Sec. 5. All Acts and parts of Acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Hicks (by request), March 25, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on License and Mis-  
cellany.

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## A BILL

For an Act to provide greater safety to life and property from loss by fire and ex-  
plosions.

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SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That it shall be the duty of every person,  
3 firm or corporation operating a gas plant in any city, town or village, supplying  
4 gas for illuminating, heating or other purposes, to equip the service pipe in  
5 the street, supplying gas from the main in the street to any building, with a  
6 gas cock, valve or appliance, by means of which, in case of fire, accident or  
7 other necessity, the supply of gas may be shut off from said building or build-  
8 ings, without requiring firemen or other persons to enter within said building  
9 or buildings for such purpose.

Sec. 2. That all of such cocks, valves or appliances, as herein provided for,  
2 shall be approved and installed under the supervision and control of the fire  
3 marshal or other officer or officers duly authorized by such city, town or village  
4 charged with the duties of fire protection in said city, town or village in which



5 said gas cocks, valves or appliances are required to be installed; and when thus  
6 installed, shall continue to be and remain under their supervision and control.

Sec. 3. Such valve shall be protected by an iron cut-off box in the street  
2 with a cover, on which shall appear the word "Gas" in letters not less than  
3 one inch in length.

Sec. 4. That from and after the time of the taking effect of this Act, any  
2 person, firm or corporation in control of any gas plant, furnishing gas used  
3 for illuminating, heating or other purposes, in any city, town or village in this  
4 State who shall fail, neglect or refuse to equip such service with such cock,  
5 valve or other appliance, as provided for in this Act, or to comply with the re-  
6 quirements set forth herein, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and,  
7 upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five  
8 nor more than two hundred dollars, for each offense; and the neglect to so sup-  
9 ply each service shall be a separate and distinct offense, and every day such  
10 person, firm or corporation shall neglect or refuse to equip such service, as  
11 provided in this Act, after having been once convicted, shall be a separate and  
12 distinct offense.

Sec. 5. That when any such device is installed and approved, it shall be  
2 unlawful for any unauthorized person to wilfully disturb, destroy, meddle or  
3 tamper with such device in any way, and upon conviction thereof, shall be  
4 punished by a fine of not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars for each  
5 offense.

Sec. 6. Any city, town or village, in which there is a gas plant, supply-  
2 ing gas for illuminating, heating or other purposes, is hereby authorized and  
3 empowered to pass the necessary ordinance or ordinances to compel the en-  
4 forcement of the provisions of this Act in such city, town or village, and to pro-  
5 vide a penalty for the violation of such ordinance or ordinances, which shall  
6 be separate and distinct from the penalties herein provided, but not in excess  
7 of the penalties provided for in this Act.

Sec. 7. It is hereby made the duty of the State's Attorney of the county  
2 in which any city, town or village is located to enforce the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 8. This Act shall be in full force and effect from and after January 1st,  
2 1916.



1 Introduced by Mr. Rentchler, March 25, 1915.

2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

## A BILL

For an Act to relieve lands from the inchoate right of dower.

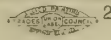
SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That where a person seized of an estate  
3 of inheritance in lands shall desire to sell and convey the same, and the living  
4 husband or wife, as the case may be, shall refuse to join in the conveyance,  
5 the person so seized may file a bill in chancery in any court of competent jurisdiction  
6 praying the court to authorize the person so seized to sell the lands in  
7 question free from the inchoate right of dower, and ascertain the value of  
8 such inchoate dower right in said lands at the time of filing said bill.

Sec. 2. In case the court, upon a hearing thereof, shall be satisfied that  
2 without reason or good cause the owner of such inchoate right refuses to join  
3 in such conveyance, and thereby obstructs the transfer of property, it shall  
4 so find, and shall thereupon ascertain the probable value of the inchoate right  
5 of dower in the lands in question according to the Carlisle life tables, which  
6 probable value so found shall be secured to the owner of such inchoate right  
7 by a good and sufficient bond in double the amount so found, with security to

8 be approved by the judge and filed with the clerk of the court; or by cash de-  
9 posit with the treasurer of the county in which the proceedings are had, of  
10 double such amount. Upon the filing of such bond or deposit of cash, by the  
11 owner of the lands, as aforesaid, he shall have the right to sell and convey  
12 such lands free of the inchoate dower right aforesaid.

13 The bond so given, or deposit made, shall stand in place of dower in such  
14 lands for the person protected thereby and in case the right of dower so se-  
15 cured shall become consummate, the owner of such right may have dower as-  
16 signed as provided by law and resort to such bond or cash deposit to collect  
17 the amount so assigned, the overplus, if any, of such deposit, to be returned  
18 to the heirs of the person who made the same. Should the dower right such  
19 bond or cash is intended to secure not become consummate, the obligation of  
20 such bond shall cease, or the cash deposit shall be returned to the person who  
21 made the same, as the case may be.





- 1 Introduced by Mr. Foster, March 25, 1915.
- 2 Read by title, ordered printed and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

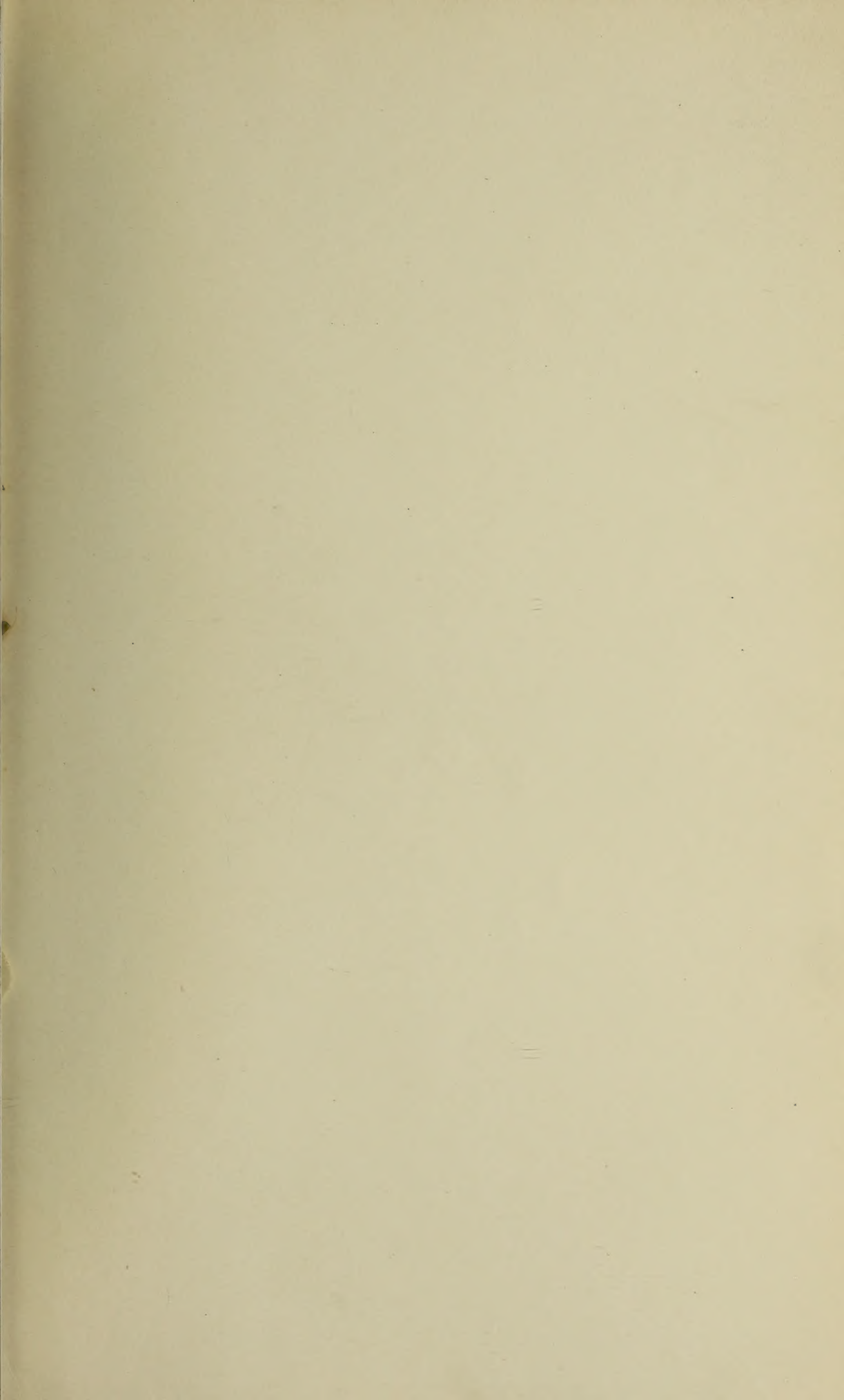
## A BILL

For an Act for an appropriation to pay and reimburse Henry C. Allen for the use and value of a motor boat used and destroyed by fire in the service of the State Fish and Game Commission.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,*  
2 *represented in the General Assembly:* That the sum of two hundred fifty (\$250)  
3 dollars be and the same hereby is appropriated to reimburse Henry C. Allen  
4 for the loss of a motor boat while in the service of the State Fish and Game  
5 Commission.

Sec. 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed,  
2 upon the presentation of a bill presented by the said Henry C. Allen and certi-  
3 fied by the president of the State Fish and Game Commission, to draw his  
4 warrant upon the State Treasurer for the sum of two hundred fifty (\$250)  
5 dollars payable to the said Henry C. Allen in full of all claim or demand against  
6 the State on account of the use and loss of his motor boat, and the State Treas-  
7 urer is hereby authorized and directed to pay the same out of any funds in  
8 the State treasury not otherwise appropriated.













UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS-URBANA  
Q. 328.773 BIH C002 v.49:225-514(19  
House bills [introduced in the] General



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